UNIVERSAL SHORTER SCHOOL DICTIONARY

OF THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE

SELF-PRONOUNCING

Based upon the foundation laid by NOAH WEBSTER and other Lexicographers, modernized by CHARLES MORRIS,

Editor of the Handy Biographical Dictionary, Winston's Cumulative Encyclopedia, Etc., Etc.

WITH AN APPENDIX INCLUDING FOREIGN WORDS AND PHRASES, ABBREVIATIONS, FORMS OF ADDRESS, ETC.

Printed 1916
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PREFACE

In these days of practically universal education, the Dictionary has become as necessary for the needs of the mind as bread is for those of the body. Such works vary in kind and character, from the voluminous and costly Unabridged Dictionary, adapted to the needs of the advanced scholar, down through varied grades to those suited for ready reference and of size convenient alike for the desk and the pocket. The present work belongs in the latter category, but may justly be claimed as ranking among the fullest and most complete of its kind. Its special features are the following:

First. It contains the words of the English language in ordinary use, together with many new words which have recently come into use.

Second. The words are conveniently divided into syllables, in the manner employed by the best writers.

Third. The proper use of capitals and small letters in writing is indicated by the capitalization of the initial letter of all proper nouns.

Fourth. The pronunciation of each word is shown by a clear and properly accented system of phonetic spelling.

Fifth. The definitions are accurate, embracing the recent distinctions and shades of meaning.

Sixth. Each word and its derivatives are specially indexed, the derivatives not being crowded in with the definitions, as is often done to save space, but with a loss of clearness and utility.

Seventh. The synonyms and antonyms are given in connection with the words themselves, instead of the less convenient method of placing them in a separate list in the appendix.

Eighth. A clear-faced type, alike for words and definitions, is employed, an expedient being used which permits the words to be unusually clear and full in size.

Ninth. An appendix is given containing lists of foreign words and phrases, abbreviations, and grammatical information of much utility to the student.

This list of the leading features of the work will suffice to show the care with which it has been prepared and its great usefulness. Its convenience of size, fullness of contents, and logical arrangement especially adapt it for everyday use in office, by the fireside, or for travelers, who so frequently feel the need of a compact and useful verbal compendium of this kind.

CHARLES MORRIS.

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KEY TO PRONUNCIATION.

ā	as in	*la*te, *fa*de, *sa*le, *ma*de.
ä	"	*ma*r, *fa*ther, *ca*lm, *fa*rm.
å	"	*ma*sk, *da*nce, *la*st, *gra*nt.
a	"	*ca*t, *ha*d, *ra*n, *pa*rrot.
aw	"	*aw*l, *fa*ll, *wa*r, *au*ght.
ē	"	*he*, *we*, *se*e, *ne*ar, *fe*et.
ē	"	*he*r, *au*thor, *bi*rd, *ve*rge.
e	"	*le*t, *me*t, *me*n, *me*rry, *kit*chen, *be*rry.
ī	"	*li*ne, *mi*te, *li*ght, *ti*me.
i	"	*ti*n, *fi*t, *di*vision, *bi*shop, *li*ttle.
ō	"	*vo*te, *ho*me, *lo*ad, *sno*w.
ô	"	*o*rb, *fo*rm, *co*rd, *abho*r.
o	"	*lo*t, *to*rrid, *slo*t, *o*dd.
oi	"	*oi*l, *joi*n, *oy*ster.
ōō	"	*moo*n, *stoo*l, *scho*ol.
oo	"	*coo*k, *wo*lf *woo*l, *foo*t.
ou	"	*ou*t, *hou*se, *hou*nd.
ū	"	*mu*te, *u*nion, *u*nit, *pu*ny, *fu*tile.
u	"	*nu*t, *dru*m, *du*ll, *cu*rrent.
ch	"	*ch*urch, *mu*ch, *ma*tch.
g	"	*g*ood, *gi*ve, *di*g, *da*gger.
kh	"	astra*kh*an, *kh*an, *kh*edive.
ng	"	ri*ng*, to*ng*ue, spri*ng*, ba*ng*.
th	"	*th*en, *th*ose.
th	"	*th*in, wor*th*, sympa*th*y.
sh	"	*sh*all, pu*sh*, *sh*oot, fa*sh*ion.

ABBREVIATIONS USED IN TEXT.

adj.—adjective.
adv.—adverb.
ant.—antonym.
comp.—comparative.
conj.—conjunction.
interj.—interjection.
n.—noun.
p. adj.—participial adjective.
pl.—plural.
poss. pron.—possessive pronoun.
pron.—pronoun.
p. p.—past participle.
p. pr.—present participle.
pt.—preterit.
prep.—preposition
superl.—superlative.
syn.—synonym.
v. aux.—auxiliary verb.
v. i.—intransitive verb.
v. t.—transitive verb.

A

A a (ā or a), *indef. art.* (contraction of *an*), one; any: used before words beginning with a consonant or the sound of *h*.

ab-a-ca (ab'ä-kä), *n.* manila hemp.

ab-a-cist (ab'ä-sist), *n.* a calculator; accountant.

a-back (ä-bak'), *adv.* backward; by surprise.

ab-a-cus (ab'ä-kus), *n.* a frame used for counting.

a-baft (ä-bäft'), *adv. & prep.* towards the stern of a ship.

a-bai-ser (ä-bā'sēr), *n.* bone black.

ab-a-lo-ne (ab-ä-lō'ne), *n.* an ear-shaped shell-fish.

a-ban-don (ä-ban'dun), *v.t.* to give up, desert, forsake: *n.* freedom of manner. *Syn.* leave, quit, forego.

a-ban-doned (ä-ban'dund), *adj.* given up; very wicked.

a-ban-don-ment (ä-ban'dun-ment), *n.* the act of abandoning.

a-base (ä-bās'), *v.t.* to humble or degrade.

a-base-ment (ä-bās'ment), *n.* the act of humiliating. *Syn.* degradation, servility.

a-bash (ä-bash'), *v.t.* to confuse; make ashamed. *Syn.* discompose, confound.

a-bas-ing (a-bās'ing), *adj.* very humbling.

a-ba-ta-ble (ä-bā'tä-bl), *adj.* that may be abated.

a-bate (ä-bāt'), *v.t.* to lessen; suppress. *Syn.* decrease, diminish.

a-bate-ment (ä-bāt'ment), *n.* decrease; diminution.

a-ba-tis or A-BAT-TIS (English ab'ä-tis; French ä-bä-tē'), *n.* a barricade of felled trees.

a-bat-toir (ä-bät-twär') *n.* a public slaughter-house.

abb (ab), *n.* the yarn of the warp in weaving.

ab-ba (ab'ä & äb'ä), *n.* father; a title of an Eastern bishop.

ab-ba-cy (ab'ä-si), *n.* the office of an abbot.

ab-bé (ä-bā'), *n.* an ecclesiastic devoted to literature.

ab-bess (ab'es), *n.* the governess of a nunnery.

ab-bey (ab'i), *n.* a community of monks.

ab-bot (ab'ut), *n.* the superior of an abbey.

ab-bre-vi-ate (ab-brē'vi-āt), *v.t.* to shorten; reduce in quantity.

ab-bre-vi-a-tion (ab-brē'vi-ā'shun), *n.* the act of shortening.

ab-bre-vi-a-tor (ab-brē'vi-ā-tēr), *n.* one who abbreviates.

ab-bre-vi-a-to-ry (ab-brē'vi-ä-to-ri), *adj.* contracting.

ab-bre-vi-a-ture (ab-brē'vi-ä-tūr), *n.* the character used for contraction; a compendium.

ab-di-cant (ab'di-känt), *adj.* renouncing; *n.* one who abdicates.

ab-di-cate (ab'di-kāt), *v.t.* to give up; relinquish.

ab-di-ca-tion (ab-di-kā'shun), *n.* the act of resigning.

ab-di-ca-tor (ab'di-kā-tēr), *n.* one who abdicates.

ab-do-men (ab-dō'men), *n.* the belly; the cavity containing the intestines.

ab-dom-i-nal (ab-dom'i-näl), *adj.* pertaining to the abdomen.

ab-dom-i-nous (ab-dom'i-nus), *adj.* relating to the abdomen.

ab-duce (ab-dūs'), *v.t.* to draw away by persuasion.

ab-du-cent (ab-dū'sent), *adj.* drawing away.

ab-duct (ab-dukt'), *v.t.* to carry off; kidnap.

ab-duc-tion (ab-duk'shun), *n.* act of abducting.

ab-duc-tor (ab-duk'tēr), *n.* one who abducts.

a-beam (ä-bēm'), *adv.* at right angles to the keel of a ship.

a-be-ce-da-ri-an (ā-bē-sē-dā'ri-än), *adj.* belonging to the alphabet: *n.* a teacher.

a-bed (ä-bed'), *adv.* in bed; to bed.

ab-er-rant (ab-er'ånt), *adj.* wandering from.

ab-er-ra-tion (ab-er-rā'shun), *n.* a wandering; a mental derangement.

ab-e-run-ca-tor (ab-ē-rung'-kā-tēr), *n.* an instrument for weeding and pruning.

a-bet (å-bet'), *v.t.* to encourage; aid; assist. *Syn.* sanction, support, uphold.

a-bet-ment (å-bet'ment), *n.* the act of abetting.

a-bet-ter or ABETTOR (å-bet'ēr), *n.* one who aids or protects a criminal.

a-bey-ance (å-bā'åns), *n.* a state of suspension.

ab-hor (ab-hôr'), *v.t.* to hate; loathe; execrate. *Syn.* despise, detest, dislike.

ab-hor-rence (ab-hor'rens), *n.* detestation; extreme hatred.

ab-hor-rent (ab-hor'rent), *adj.* hateful, repulsive.

ab-hor-rer (ab-hôr'rēr), *n.* one who detests.

ab-hor-ring (ab-hôr'ring), *n.* the feeling of abhorrence.

a-bide (å-bīd'), *v.t.* to tolerate; *v.i.* to dwell, stand firm. *Syn.* lodge, remain, reside, live.

a-bid-er (å-bīd'ēr), *n.* one who remains.

a-bi-ding (å-bī'ding), *p.adj.* staying; steadfast.

ab-i-gail (ab'i-gāl), *n.* a waiting-maid.

a-bil-i-ty (å-bil'i-ti), *n.* power; skill; physical or moral strength; means.

ab-in-tes-tate (ab-in-tes'tāt), *adj.* heir of a person dying without a will.

ab-i-o-gen-e-sis (ab-i-ō-jen'e-sis), *n.* spontaneous generation.

ab-ject (ab'jekt), *adj.* worthless; mean; despicable.

ab-jec-tion (ab-jek'shun), *n.* meanness of spirit; debasement.

ab-ju-ra-tion (ab-jū-rā'shun), *n.* the act of renouncing.

ab-jure (ab-jūr'), *v.t.* to renounce upon oath.

ab-lac-ta-tion (ab-lak-tā'-shun), *n.* the act of weaning.

ab-la-tion (ab-lā'shun), *n.* removal or carrying away.

ab-la-ti-tious (ab-lå-tish'us), *adj.* pertaining to removal.

ab-la-tive (ab'lå-tiv), *n.* a case of Latin nouns.

a-blaze (å-blāz'), *adv.* or *adj.* on fire; well alight; eager;

a-ble (ā'bl), *adj.* having power, means, or ability.

a-ble-bod-ied (bod'id), *adj.* possessed of physical strength.

a-bloom (å-blōōm'), *adv.* & *adj.* in bloom.

ab-lu-ent (ab'lū-ent), *adj.* cleansing: *n.* that which cleanses.

ab-lu-tion (ab-lū'shun), *n.* a washing or cleansing.

ab-lu-tion-a-ry (ab-lū'shun-ā-ri), *adj.* pertaining to cleansing.

ab-ne-gate (ab'nē-gāt), *v.t.* to renounce; repudiate.

ab-nor-mal (ab-nôr'mal), *adj.* departing from rule; out of the common.

ab-nor-mal-i-ty (ab-nôr-mål'-i-ti), *n.* departure from type or rule.

ab-nor-mal-ly (-li), *adv.* in an abnormal manner.

ab-nor-mi-ty (ab-nôr'mi-ti), *n.* deformity.

a-board (å-bōrd'), *adv.* or *prep.* on or into a ship.

a-bode (å-bōd'), *n.* a place of residence; a dwelling.

a-bol-ish (å-bol'ish), *v.t.* to efface; put an end to. *Syn.* annul, destroy, end.

ab-o-li-tion (ab-ō-lish'un), *n.* the act of abolishing, as slavery.

ab-o-li-tion-ism (ab-ō-lish'-un-izm), *n.* advocating the abolition of traffic in drink, slaves, etc.

ab-o-li-tion-ist (ab-ō-lish'un-ist), *n.* one who seeks to abolish any custom, as slavery or intemperance, the slave trade or drink traffic.

a-bo-ma (å-bō'må), *n.* a large American serpent.

a-bom-i-na-ble (å-bom' i-nå-bl), *adj.* hateful; odious; unclean.

a-bom-i-nate (å-bom'i-nāt), *v.t.* to abhor; regard with disgust.

a-bom-i-na-tion (å-bom-i-nā'-shun), *n.* excessive hatred; pollution. *Syn.* nuisance, abuse, aversion.

ab-o-rig-i-nal (ab-ō-rij'i-nål), *adj.* first; primitive.

ab-o-rig-i-nes (ab-ō-rij'i-nēz), *n.pl.* the first inhabitants of a country.

a-bort (å-bôrt'), *v.t.* to miscarry in birth.

a-bor-ted (å-bôr'ted), *p.adj.* checked or arrested in development.

a-bor-tion (å-bôr'shun), *n.* untimely birth; arrest of development.

a-bor-tion-ist (å-bôr'shun-ist), *n.* one who aids in a criminal abortion.

a-bor-tive (å-bôr'tiv), *adj.* born imperfect; premature. *Syn.* fruitless, ineffectual, idle.

a-bound (å-bound'), *v.i.* to have or be in plenty.

a-bout (å-bout'), *adv.* around: near to: *prep.* relating to; concerning.

a-bove (å-buv'), *adv.* in a higher place; overhead: *prep.* superior; beyond.

a-bove-board (å-buv'bōrd), *adj. & adv.* open; without trickery.

ab-ra-dant (ab-rā'dânt), *adj.* that rubs away: *n.* a scouring substance.

ab-rade (ab-rād'), *v.t.* to wear or rub away.

ab-ra-sion (ab-rā'zhun), *n.* a rubbing away.

a-breast (å-brest'), *adv.* side by side; in line with.

a-bridge (å-brij'), *v.t.* to shorten, condense, deprive of.

a-bridg-ment (å-brij'ment), *n.* an epitome.

a-broach (å-brōch'), *adv. & adj.* letting out.

a-broad (å-brawd'), *adv.* away from house or country; wide of the mark.

ab-ro-gate (ab'rō-gāt), *v.t.* to abolish; annul; repeal.

ab-ro-ga-tion (ab-rō-gā'shun), *n.* act of repealing.

ab-ro-ga-tor (ab'rō-gā-tēr), *n.* one who repeals.

ab-rupt (ab-rupt'), *adj.* broken; sudden; steep.

ab-rupt-ness (ab-rupt'nes), *n.* abrupt manner.

ab-rup-tion (ab-rup'shun), *n.* a sudden termination.

ab-scess (ab'ses), *n.* a tumor containing morbid matter.

ab-scind (ab-sind'), *v.t.* to cut off; pare off.

ab-scis-sion (ab-sizh'un), *n.* the act of severance.

ab-scond (ab-skond), *v.i.* to flee in haste; decamp. *Syn.* run off, steal away.

ab-sence (ab'sens), *n.* the state of being absent.

ab-sent (ab'sent), *adj.* not present; away; abstracted. *Syn.* inattentive, listless.

ab-sent (ab-sent'), *v.t.* to retire or keep away from.

ab-sen-tee (ab-sen-tē'), *n.* one who is absent.

ab-sen-tee-ism (ab-sen-tē'-izm), *n.* the custom of living away from home or country.

ab-sent-ly (ab'sent-li), *adv.* in an abstracted manner.

ab-sinthe (English ab'sinth; French âb-sangt'), *n.* a compound of brandy and wormwood, largely drunk in France.

ab-so-lute (ab'sō-lūt), *adj.* perfect in itself; unlimited in power; irrevocable: despotic. *Syn.* arrogant, lordly, supreme.

ab-so-lu-tion (ab-sō-lū'shun), *n.* forgiveness; remission of sin.

ab-so-lu-tism (ab'sō-lū-tizm), *n.* the principle of absolute government.

ab-so-lu-tist (ab'sō-lū-tist), *n.* a supporter of despotic government.

ab-sol-u-to-ry (ab-sol'ū-to-ri), *adj.* absolving.

ab-sol-va-to-ry (ab-sol'vå-to-ri), *adj.* having power to absolve.

ab-solve (ab-solv'), *v.t.* to release; clear of crime or guilt. *Syn.* pardon, release, acquit.

ab-sorb (ab-sôrb'), *v.t.* to drink in; swallow up. *Syn.* consume, engross, imbibe.

ab-sorb-a-bil-i-ty (ab-sôrb-å-bil'i-ti), *n.* the state of being absorbable.

ab-sorb-a-ble (ab-sôrb'å-bl), *adj.* capable of being absorbed.

ab-sorb-en-cy (ab-sôrb'en-si), *n.* capacity for absorbing.

ab-sorb-ent (ab-sôrb'ent), *adj.* absorbing: *n.* the capacity for absorbing; a vessel in the body.

ab-sorp-tion (ab-sôrp'shun), *n.* the act of absorbing; mental occupation.

ab-sorp-tion-lines (-līns), *n. pl.* dark lines in the spectrum of light.

ab-sorp-tive (ab-sôrp'tiv), *adj.* having power for absorption.

ab-sorp-tiv-i-ty (ab-sôrp-tiv'-i-ti), *n.* the power of absorption.

ab-squat-u-late (ab-skwot'ū-lāt), *v.i.* to abscond.

ab-stain (ab-stān'), *v.t.* to forbear; keep away from.

ab-stain-er (ab-stān'ĕr), *n.* one who abstains.

ab-ste-mi-ous (ab-stē'mi-us), *adj.* moderate in the use of food and drink.

ab-sten-tion (ab-sten'shun), *n.* act of abstaining.

ab-sten-tious (ab-sten'shus), *adj.* characterized by abstention.

ab-sterge (ab-sterj'), *v.t.* to purify; cleanse by wiping.

ab-ster-gent (ab-stĕr'jent), *adj.* possessing cleansing properties: *n.* that which cleanses.

ab-ster-sion (ab-stĕr'shun), *n.* act of wiping clean.

ab-ster-sive (ab-stĕr'siv), *adj.* cleansing.

ab-sti-nence (ab'sti-nens), *n.* the act of abstaining; self-denial; forbearance from food or drink. *Syn.* fasting, temperance.

ab-sti-nent (ab'sti-nent), *adj.* refraining from over-indulgence.

ab-stract (ab-strakt'), *v.t.* to take away; purloin; epitomize. *Syn.* detach, remove, separate.

ab-stract (ab'strakt), *n.* an epitome; a summary: *adj.* considered apart or separate from.

ab-stract-ed (ab-strakt'ed), *p. adj.* disjoined; mentally absent.

ab-strac-tion (ab-strak'shun), *n.* a drawing from; absence of mind; concentration of mind.

ab-strac-tion-al (ab-strak'-shun-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to abstraction.

ab-strac-tion-ist (ab-strak'-shun-ist), *n.* an idealist; a dreamer.

ab-strac-tive (ab-strak'tiv), *adj.* having the quality of abstraction.

ab-stract-ly (ab'strakt-li), *adv.* by itself.

ab-stra-hent (ab'strā-hent), *adj.* abstract.

ab-struse (ab-strōōs'), *adj.* obscure; profound.

ab-surd (ab-sĕrd'), *adj.* contrary to reason or sense. *Syn.* foolish, senseless, wild.

ab-surd-i-ty (ab-sĕrd'i-ti), *n.* a foolish act or thing.

a-bun-dance (ă-bun'dăns), *n.* great plenty.

a-bun-dant (ă-bun'dănt), *adj.* plentiful; abounding.

a-buse (ă-būz'), *v.t.* to use ill; treat rudely or violently; vituperate. *Syn.* asperse, revile, vilify.

a-buse (ă-būs'), *n.* ill-treatment; insult; violation.

a-bu-sive (ă-bū'siv), *adj.* containing abuse.

a-but (ă-but'), *v.i.* to border upon; touch at one end.

a-but-ment (ă-but'ment), *n.* that which borders upon; the support of a bridge's end.

a-buzz (ă-buz'), *adv.* filled with buzzing sounds.

a-bysm (ă-bizm'), *n.* an abyss; a gulf.

a-bys-mal (ă-biz'măl), *adj.* pertaining to an abyss.

a-byss (ă-bis'), *n.* a very deep or bottomless gulf.

a-ca-ci-a (ă-kā'shi-ă), *n.* a kind of leguminous plant.

ac-a-dem-ic (ak-ă-dem'ik), *n.* a student: *adj.* belonging to a college.

ac-a-dem-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in an academical manner.

ac-a-de-mi-cian (ak-ă-dē-mish'an), *n.* a member of an academy.

a-cad-e-my (ă-kad'e-mi), *n.* a school for teaching the higher branches of education; a society of men eminent in literature, science, and art.

a-can-thus (ă-kan'thus), *n.* a plant of which the leaf forms are used in Grecian architecture.

ac-cede (ak-sēd'), *v.i.* to comply with; to agree *Syn.* assent to, consent.

ac-cel-er-ate (ak-sel'ĕr-āt), *v.t.* to hasten; quicken. *Syn.* hasten, hurry, expedite.

ac-cel-er-a-tion (ak-sel-er-ā'-shun), *n.* the act of accelerating.

ac-cel-er-a-tive (ak-sel'ĕr-ă-tiv), *adj.* hastening.

ac-cel-er-a-tor (ak-sel'ĕr-ā-tĕr), *n.* that which quickens.

ac-cel-er-a-to-ry (ak-sel'ĕr-a-tō-ri), *adj.* tending to accelerate.

ac-cent (ak'sent), *n.* the stress or modulation of the voice; a mark used in words to indicate this stress; a peculiarity of utterance in sections of a country or by foreigners.

ac-cent (ak-sent'), *v.t.* to make or indicate the stress in speaking or writing.

ac-cen-tu-al (ak-sen'tū-ăl), *adj.* rhythmical.

ac-cen-tu-ate (ak-sen'tū-āt), *v.t.* to pronounce with an accent; lay stress upon.

ac-cen-tu-a-tion (ak-sen-tū-ā' shun), *n.* the use of stress or accent.

ac-cept (ak-sept'), *v.t.* to receive; agree to; promise to pay. *Syn.* receive, take, admit.

ac-cep-ta-ble (ak-sep'tâ-bl), *adj.* giving pleasure. *Syn.* agreeable, pleasing.

ac-cep-ta-bil-i-ty (ak-sep-tâ-bil'i-ti), *n.* the quality of being acceptable.

ac-cep-tance (ak-sep'tâns), *n.* act of accepting.

ac-cep-ta-tion (ak-sep-tā'-shun), *n.* acceptance; the accepted meaning of a word.

ac-cep-ter or ACCEPTOR (ak-sep'tēr), *n.* one who accepts.

ac-cess (ak'ses), *n.* admittance to; addition or increase.

ac-cess-a-ry. See accessory.

ac-cess-i-bil-i-ty (ak-ses-i-bil'-i-ti), *n.* the condition of being accessible.

ac-cess-i-ble (ak-ses'i-bl), *adj.* easy of access; attainable.

ac-cess-ion (ak-sesh'un), *n.* a coming to; increase or augmentation.

ac-cess-ion-al (ak-sesh'un-âl), *adj.* additional.

ac-cess-o-ri-al (ak-ses-ō'ri-âl), *adj.* pertaining to an accessory.

ac-cess-o-ry (ak-ses'ō-ri), *adj.* aiding: *n.* one who aids in crime; an accomplice. *Syn.* ally, assistant, abetter.

ac-ci-dence (ak'si-dens), *n.* a book containing the rudiments of grammar.

ac-ci-dent (ak'si-dent), *n.* an unforeseen event; a contingency, casualty, or mishap. *Syn.* casualty, incident, chance.

ac-ci-den-tal (ak-si-den'tâl), *adj.* happening by chance; fortuitous; non-essential; *n.* a mark modifying a note in music.

ac-ci-den-tal-ly (-li), *adv.* by accident.

ac-claim (ak-klām'), *v. t.* to shout applause: *n.* a joyful cry.

ac-cla-ma-tion (ak-klâ-mā'-shun), *n.* a shout of applause.

ac-clam-a-to-ry (ak-klam'â-tō-ri), *adj.* expressing joy by applauding.

ac-cli-mate (ak-klī'māt), *v.t.* to accustom to a foreign climate.

ac-cli-ma-tion (ak-klī-mā'-shun), *n.* the process of acclimatizing.

ac-cli-ma-tize (ak-klī'mâ-tīz), *v.t. & v.i.* to inure to a foreign climate.

ac-cliv-i-ty (ak-kliv'i-ti), *n.* an upward slope; an ascent.

ac-cli-vous (ak-klī'vus), *adj.* rising; uphill.

ac-com-mo-date (ak-kom'-mō-dāt), *v.t.* to adapt; adjust; supply or furnish; do a favor to. *Syn.* serve, oblige, fit, suit.

ac-com-mo-da-ting (ak-kom'-mō-dā-ting), *p.adj.* obliging; of a yielding disposition.

ac-com-mo-da-tion (ak-kom-mō-dā'-shun), *n.* the act of accommodating.

ac-com-mo-da-tion-lad-der (-lad'ēr), *n.* a ladder or stairway suspended at the gangway of a ship.

ac-com-mo-da-tive (ak-kom'-mō-dā-tiv), *adj.* disposed to accommodate.

ac-com-pa-ni-ment (ak-kum'-pâ-ni-ment), *n.* that which is added to, or used as ornament.

ac-com-pa-nist (ak-kum'-pâ-nist), *n.* a musician who plays an accompaniment.

ac-com-pa-ny (ak-kum'pâ-ni), *v.t.* to go or be with.

ac-com-plice (ak-kom'plis), *n.* an associate in crime. *Syn.* confederate, abettor.

ac-com-plish (ak-kom'plish), *v.t.* to bring to pass; complete; fulfill. *Syn.* finish, execute, achieve.

ac-com-plished (ak-kom'-plisht), *p.adj.* finished.

ac-com-plish-ment (ak-kom'-plish-ment), *n.* fulfillment; an attractive acquirement.

ac-compt-ant. See accountant.

ac-cord (ak-kôrd'), *v.t. & v.i.* to agree; reconcile; concede; bring to agreement: *n.* agreement; unison. *Syn.* grant, allow, admit.

ac-cord-ance (ak-kôrd'âns), *n.* harmony; conformity.

ac-cord-ant (ak-kôrd'ânt), *adj.* corresponding.

ac-cord-ing-ly (ak-kôrd'ing-li), *adv.* agreeably; consequently.

ac-cord-i-on (ak-kôrd'i-un), *n.* a musical instrument, worked by a bellows.

ac-cost (ak-kost'), *v.t.* to speak to; salute. *Syn.* salute, address, stop.

ac-couche-ment (ak-koosh'-mong), *n.* delivery in child-bed; parturition.

ac-count (ak-kount'), *v.t.* to reckon; compute; count: *n.* a reckoning; a narrative; a statement. *Syn.* description.

ac-count-curr-ent (-kur'ent), *n.* statement of account.

ac-count-a-bil-i-ty (ak-kount-â-bil'i-ti), *n.* the state of being accountable.

ac-count-a-ble (ak-kount'â-bl), *adj.* answerable. *Syn.* punishable, responsible.

ac-count-a-bly (-bli), *adv.* in an accountable manner.

ac-coun-tan-cy (ak-koun'tân-si), *n.* the art of an accountant.

ac-coun-tant (ak-koun'tânt), *n.* one skilled in keeping accounts.

ac-cou-tre (ak-kōō'tẽr), *v.t.* to dress; equip; furnish.

ac-cou-tre-ments (ak-kōō'-tẽr-ments), *n.pl.* equipage; dress; military equipments.

ac-cred-it (ak-kred'it), *v.t.* to give credit to; to accept as true.

ac-cres-cent (ak-kres'sent), *adj.* increasing; growing.

ac-crete (ak-krēt'), *v.i.* to adhere; be added.

ac-cre-tion (ak-krē'shun), *n.* increase by natural growth; addition to.

ac-cre-tive (ak-krē'tiv), *adj.* increasing by growth.

ac-croach-ment (ak-krōch'-ment), *n.* usurpation.

ac-crue (ak-krōō'), *v.i.* to come or grow to; arise from.

ac-crue-ment (ak-krōō'ment), *n.* an addition.

ac-cru-er (ak-krōō'ẽr), *n.* the act of accretion.

ac-cum-bent (ak-kum'bent), *adj.* reclining.

ac-cu-mu-late (a-k-kū'mū-lāt), *v.t.* to collect; amass; heap up. *Syn.* add to, gather.

ac-cu-mu-la-tion (ak-kū-mū-lā'shun), *n.* the act of accumulating; a heap. *Syn.* collection, store, mass.

ac-cu-mu-la-tive (ak-kū'mū-lā-tiv), *adj.* tending to accumulate.

ac-cu-mu-la-tor (ak-kū'mu-lā-tẽr), *n.* that which accumulates; an electric storage battery.

ac-cu-ra-cy (ak'kū-râ-si), *n.* exactness; correctness.

ac-cu-rate (ak'kū-rāt), *adj.* in conformity with truth; precise. *Syn.* correct, exact, truthful.

ac-cur-sed (â-kẽr'sed), *p. adj.* subject to a curse; detestable; execrable.

ac-cus-a-ble (ak-kūz'â-bl), *adj.* liable to be accused.

ac-cu-sa-tion (ak-kū-zā'shun), *n.* a charge of wrong-doing; act of accusing.

ac-cu-sa-tive (ak-kū'zâ-tiv), *adj.* accusing: *n.* a case of nouns.

ac-cu-sa-to-ry (a-k-kū'zâ-tō-ri), *adj.* containing an accusation.

ac-cu-sa-to-ri-al (-al), *adv.* pertaining to an accuser.

ac-cuse (ak-kūz'), *v.t.* to charge with guilt; to censure.

ac-cus-er (ak-kūz'ẽr), *n.* one who blames or accuses.

ac-cus-tom (ak-kus'tum), *v.t.* to familiarize by custom or use.

ac-cus-tomed (a-kus'tumd), *p.adj.* frequent, usual; often practiced.

ace (ās), *n.* a unit; a card or die marked with a single pip.

a-ce-di-a (â-sē'di-â), *n.* condition of lassitude and general indifference.

a-cen-tric (â-sen'trik), *adj.* away from the center.

A-ceph-a-la (â-sef'â-lâ), *n. pl.* bivalve shellfish which have no heads.

a-ceph-a-lous (â-sef'â-lus), *adj.* headless.

a-cer-bi-ty (â-sẽr'bi-ti), *n.* sourness; severity of temper.

a-ces-ence (a-ses'ens), *n.* state of being sour.

ac-et-an-i-lide (as-et-an'i-lid), *n.* a pungent powder used in medicine.

ac-e-tate (as'ē-tāt), *n.* a salt of acetic acid.

ac-e-ta-ted (as'ē-tā-ted), *p.adj.* containing acetic acid.

ac-e-ta-tion. See acetification.

a-ce-tic ac-id (ā-sē'tik & ā-set'ik as'id), *n.* the acid of vinegar.

a-cet-i-fi-ca-tion (ā-set-i-fi-kā'shun), *n.* the preparation of vinegar.

a-cet-i-fy (ā-set'i-fī), *v.t.* to turn into vinegar.

ac-e-tim-e-ter (as-ē-tim'ē-tĕr), *n.* an instrument for testing vinegar.

ac-e-tone (as'ē-tōn), *n.* a highly inflammable liquid.

ac-e-tose (as'ē-tōs), *adj.* of the nature of vinegar; sour.

a-cet-y-lene (ā-set'i-lēn), *n.* a brilliant illuminating gas.

ache (āk), *n.* continued pain: *v.i.* to be in pain.

a-chiev-a-ble (ā-chē'vā-bl), *adj.* that which may be done.

a-chieve (ā-chēv'), *v.t.* to perform, accomplish; to gain by effort. *Syn.* do, fulfill.

a-chieve-ment (ā-chēv'ment), *n.* something done; act of achieving. *Syn.* feat, exploit, gain.

a-ching (ā'king), *p.adj.* enduring pain.

ach-ro-mat-ic (ak-rō-mat'ik), *adj.* free from color.

ach-ro-mat-ic-al-ly (-al-li), *adv.* in an achromatic manner.

ach-ro-ma-tize (ak-rō'mā-tīz), *v.t.* to render achromatic.

ach-ro-ma-tous (ak-rō'mā-tus), *adj.* without color.

a-cic-u-lar (a-sik'ū-lar), *adj.* needle-shaped.

ac-id (as'id), *adj.* sour, as vinegar: *n.* anything sour.

a-cid-ic (ā-sid'ik), *adj.* strongly acid.

ac-i-dif-er-ous (as-i-dif'er-us), *adj.* producing or containing acids.

ac-i-dif-ic (as-i-dif'ik), *adj.* acidifying.

a-cid-i-fi-ca-tion (ā-sid-i-fi-kā'shun), *n.* the process of acidifying.

a-cid-i-fi-er (ā-sid'i-fī-ĕr), *n.* a substance giving an acid quality.

a-cid-i-fy (ā-sid'i-fī), *v.t.* to make acid; to sour.

a-cid-i-ty (ā-sid'i-ti), *n.* the quality of being acid.

a-cid-u-late (ā-sid'ū-lāt), *v.t.* to render slightly acid.

a-cid-u-lent (ā-sid'ū-lent), *adj.* tart; peevish.

a-cid-u-lous (ā-sid'ū-lus), *adj.* slightly sour.

ac-i-er-age (as'i-er-ej), *n.* the process of depositing iron on copper.

ac-i-form (as'i-fôrm), *adj.* needle-shaped.

ac-i-na-ceous (as-i-nā'shus), *adj.* full of kernels.

ac-knowl-edge (ak-nol'ej), *v.t.* to admit; confess. *Syn.* own, avow, grant, concede.

ac-knowl-edg-ment (ak-nol'-ej-ment), *n.* act of acknowledging; confession.

a-clin-ic (ā-klin'-k), *adj.* without inclination.

ac-me (ak'mē), *n.* the highest point; the utmost reach.

ac-ne (ak'nē), *n.* a pustular eruption of the body.

a-cock (ā-kok'), *adv.* in a cocked or turned up manner.

a-col-o-gy (ā-kol'ō-ji), *n.* the science of remedies.

ac-o-lyte (ak'ō-līt), *n.* a minor order in the Roman Catholic Church.

ac-o-nite (ak'ō-nit), *n.* the wolf's-bane plant and the drug it yields.

a-con-i-tine (ā-kon'i-tin & -tīn), *n.* poisonous substance obtained from wolf's-bane or aconite.

a-corn (ā'kôrn), *n.* the fruit of the oak.

a-cot-y-le-don (ā-kot-i-lē'dun), *n.* a plant whose seeds have no seed-lobes.

a-cot-y-led-on-ous (ā-kot-i-led'un-us), *adj.* having no cotyledons or seed-lobes.

a-cou-me-ter (ā-kou'- & ā-kōō'me-tĕr), *n.* an instrument to test the hearing.

a-cous-tic (ā-kous'- & ā-kōōs'-tik), *adj.* belonging to the science of sound.

a-cous-tics (ā-kous'- & ā-kōōs'-tiks), the science of sound.

ac-quaint (ak-kwānt'), *v.t.* to inform; make familiar with. *Syn.* apprise.

ac-quaint-ance (ak-kwānt'-ans), *n.* personal knowledge; a person well known. *Syn.* association.

ac-quaint-ed (ak-kwānt'ed), *p.adj.* having knowledge of.

ac-qui-esce (ak-kwi-es'), *v.i.* to agree; assent in. *Syn.* comply, consent, coincide with.

ac-qui-es-cence (ak-kwi-es'-ens), *n.* consent, compliance.

ac-qui-es-cent (ak-kwi-es'-ent), *adj.* disposed to submit.

ac-quir-a-ble (ak-kwīr'å-bl), *adj.* capable of being acquired.

ac-quire (ak-kwīr'), *v.t.* to gain or obtain.

ac-quire-ment (ak-kwīr'-ment), *n.* that which is acquired.

ac-qui-si-tion (ak-kwi-zish'un), *n.* the act of acquiring, or object gained.

ac-quis-i-tive (ak-kwiz'i-tiv), *adj.* having a propensity to acquire; greedily disposed.

ac-quis-i-tive-ness (-nes), *n.* desire of possession.

ac-quit (ak-kwit'), *v.t.* to release; discharge; to pronounce not guilty. *Syn.* pardon, forgive, absolve.

ac-quit-tal (ak-kwit'ål), *n.* the act of acquitting.

ac-quit-tance (ak-kwit'åns), *n.* a release from debt or other liability.

a-cre (ā'kĕr), *n.* a tract of land containing 4,840 sq. yds.

a-cre-age (ā'kĕr-ej), *n.* the number of acres in a tract of land.

a-cred (ā'kĕrd), *adj.* possessing landed property.

ac-rid (ak'rid), *adj.* biting to the taste; pungent.

ac-rid-i-ty (ak-rid'i-ti), *n.* sharpness of taste.

ac-ri-mo-ni-ous (ak-ri-mō'ni-us), *adj.* bitter; caustic; stinging.

ac-ri-mo-ny (ak'ri-mō-ni), *n.* sharpness of temper. *Syn.* asperity, harshness.

ac-ro-bat (ak'rō-bat), *n.* one who practices tumbling, vaulting, trapezing, etc.

ac-ro-bat-ism (ak'rō-bat-izm), *n.* the art of an acrobat.

ac-ro-lith (ak'rō-lith), *n.* a statue of wood with stone extremities.

a-crop-o-lis (å-krop'ō-lis), *n.* the highest part of a Grecian city; a citadel.

a-cross (å-krôs'), *adv.* & *prep.* from side to side; over; athwart.

a-cros-tic (å-kros'tik), *n.* a poem whose initial letters form a word or phrase.

ac-ro-tism (ak'rō-tizm), *n.* weakness of pulse.

act (akt), *n.* an action; a formal writing; the division of a drama; *v.t.* to do; perform; play; *v.i.* to exert force. *Syn.* deed, achievement, exploit.

act-ing (akt'ing), *p.adj.* doing some duty; taking part in a play.

ac-tin-ic (ak-tin'ik), *adj.* having actinism.

ac-tin-ism (ak'tin-izm), *n.* the chemical power of sunlight.

ac-tin-i-um (ak-tin'i-um), *n.* a recently discovered radio-active element.

ac-tin-o-graph (ak-tin'ō-graf), *n.* an instrument for measuring actinic power.

ac-tin-oid (ak-tin'oid), *adj.* rayed like a starfish.

ac-ti-nol-o-gy (ak-ti-nol'ō-ji), *n.* the chemical action of light.

ac-tin-om-et-er (ak-tin-om'-et-ĕr), *n.* an instrument for measuring the sun's heat rays.

ac-tion (ak'shun), *n.* the state of being active; thing done; a suit in a court of law; the manner of an orator or actor; a battle. *Syn.* deed, achievement.

ac-tion-a-ble (ak'shun-å-bl), *adj.* liable to an action at law.

ac-tive (ak'tiv), *adj.* having power of action; lively; agile. *Syn.* alert, brisk, quick.

ac-tiv-i-ty (ak-tiv'i-ti), *n.* the state of action.

ac-tor (ak'tĕr), *n.* one who acts; a stage-player.

ac-tress (ak'tres), *n.* a woman who acts.

ac-tu-al (ak'tū-ål), *adj.* real; existing; present. *Syn.* positive, genuine, certain.

ac-tu-al-i-ty (ak-tū-al'i-ti), *n.* the state of being actual.

ac-tu-al-i-za-tion (ak-tū-ål-i-zā'shun), *n.* making actual.

ac-tu-al-ize (ak'tu-ål-īz), *v.t.* to make actual.

ac-tu-al-ly (ak'tū-ål-i), *adv.* as an existing fact.

ac-tu-a-ry (ak'tū-ā-ri), *n.* a registrar or clerk of a court.

ac-tu-ate (ak'tu-at), *v.t.* to incite to action.

ac-tu-a-tion (ak-tū-ā'shun), *n.* the state of being impelled.

a-cu-le-ate (å-kū'lē-āt), *adj.* having a point or sting; prickly.

a-cu-men (å-kū'men), *n.* quickness of perception; insight. *Syn.* keenness, sagacity.

a-cu-min-ate (å-kū'min-āt), *adj.* having a sharp point.

ac-u-press (ak'ū-pres), *v.t.* to use acupressure.

ac-u-pres-sure (ak'ū-presh'-ēr), *n.* checking hemorrhage during amputations by needles or wire.

a-cute (å-kūt'), *adj.* sharp-pointed; quick of perception; severe, as in pain; high in pitch; shrill. *Syn.* shrewd, piercing, keen.

a-cute-ness (a-kūt'ness), *n.* mental alertness.

ad-age (ad'āj), *n.* a pithy saying.

ad-am's ale (ad'åmz āl), *n.* water.

ad-am's ap-ple (ap-l), *n.* the prominence in front of the throat.

ad-a-mant (ad'å-mant), *n.* a substance of extreme hardness; the diamond.

ad-a-man-tine (ad-å-man'tin), *adj.* made of adamant; impenetrable.

a-dapt (å-dapt'), *v.t.* to suit; make fit; cause to conform. *Syn.* accommodate, conform.

a-dap-ta-bil-i-ty (å-dap-tå-bil'i-ti), *n.* the quality of being adaptable.

ad-ap-ta-tion (ad-ap-tā'shun), *n.* the act or state of being adapted.

add (ad), *v.t.* to join, unite, sum up; increase; affix. *Syn.* attach, increase, extend.

ad-den-dum (ad-den'dum), *n.* an appendix.

add-er (ad'ēr), *n.* the popular name for the viper.

ad-dict (ad-dikt'), *v.t.* to devote one's self to; to gain a bad habit.

ad-di-tion (ad-dish'un), *n.* the act of adding; increase. *Syn.* accession, augmentation.

ad-di-tion-al (ad-dish'un-ål), *adj.* supplementary.

ad-di-tion-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in addition to.

ad-di-tive (ad'di-tiv), *adj.* that may be added.

ad-dle (ad'l), *n. & adj.* rotten, as putrid eggs: *v.t.* to make putrid, as eggs.

ad-dle-pa-ted (ad-l-pā'ted), *adj.* weak-minded.

ad-dress (ad-dres'), *v.t.* to straighten; arrange; direct; speak or write to: *n.* a speech delivered or written; manners and bearing; tact; adroitness. *Syn.* accost, approach, greet.

ad-dress-ee (ad-dres-ē'), *n.* one who is addressed.

ad-duce (ad-dūs'), *v.t.* to bring forward; cite in proof.

ad-du-cent (ad-dū'sent), *adj.* bringing forward.

ad-du-ci-ble (ad-dū'si-bl), *adj.* capable of being adduced.

ad-duc-tive (ad-duk'tiv), *adj.* bringing forward.

ad-duc-tor (ad-duk'tēr), *n.* one who draws to.

ad-e-noid (ad'e-noid), *adj.* glandular.

a-dept (å-dept'), *adj.* well skilled: *n.* one skilled in an art.

ad-e-quacy (ad'e-kwå-si), *n.* sufficiency.

ad-e-quate (ad'e-kwāt), *adj.* equal to; fully sufficient. *Syn.* able, capable, competent.

ad-fec-ted (ad-fek'ted), *adj.* compounded.

ad-here (ad-hēr'), *v.i.* to stick fast; remain fixed.

ad-her-ence (ad-hēr'ens), *n.* the state of adhering; attachment.

ad-her-ent (ad-hēr'ent), *adj.* adhering; sticking: *n.* a follower; a partisan.

ad-he-sion (ad-hē'zhun), *n.* the act of adhering. *Syn.* adherence, attachment.

ad-he-sive (ad-hē'siv), *adj.* holding fast; sticky.

a-dieu (å-dū'), *n.* a farewell; good wishes at parting.

ad-i-po-cere (ad'i-pō-sēr), *n.* a substance like spermaceti.

ad-i-pose (ad'i-pōs), *adj.* having or consisting of fat.

ad-it (ad'it), *n.* an entrance to a mine.

ad-ja-cen-cy (åd-jā'sen-si), *n.* lying close.

ad-ja-cent (ad-jā'sent), *adj.* near; close to. *Syn.* adjoining, contiguous.

ad-jec-ti-val (ad-jek-tī'vål), *adj.* like an adjective.

ad-jec-tive (ad'jek-tiv), *n.* a word used with a noun to limit and define.

ad-join (ad-join'), *v.t.* to unite or join.

ad-journ (ad-jērn'), *v.t.* to put off to another time. *Syn.* defer, prorogue, postpone.

ad-journ-ment (a d - j ē r n'-ment), *n.* the postponement of a meeting.

ad-judge (ad-juj'), *v.t.* to decide; sentence judicially.

ad-judged (ad-jujd'), *adj.* determined.

ad-judg-ment (ad - juj'ment), *n.* act of judging.

ad-ju-di-cate (ad-jū'di-kāt), *v.t.* to try in a court.

ad - ju - di - ca - tion (ad-jū'di-kā'shun), *n.* a judicial sentence.

ad-ju-di-ca-tor (ad-jū'di-kā-tēr), *n.* one who adjudicates.

ad-junct (ad'jungkt), *n.* something added to. *Syn.* appendage, appurtenance.

ad-junc-tive (ad-jungk'tiv), *adj.* tending to join.

ad-junct-ly (ad-jungkt'li), *adv.* in connection with.

ad-ju-ra-tion (ad-jū-rā'shun), *n.* the solemn charging on oath.

ad-jure (ad-jūr'), *v.t.* to command on oath; to charge solemnly.

ad-just (ad-just'), *v.t.* to fit, or make exact or accurate. *Syn.* set right, accommodate.

ad-jus-ter (ad-jus'tēr), *n.* one who adjusts.

ad-just-ment (ad-just'ment), *n.* act of adjusting.

ad-ju-tan-cy (ad'jū-tân-si), *n.* the office of an adjutant.

ad-ju-tant (ad'jū-tânt), *n.* an aid to a regimental commander.

ad-ju-tant-gen-er-al (-jen'-ēr'âl), the chief staff-officer of an army.

ad-meas-ure (ad-mezh'ur), *v.t.* to measure

ad-meas-ure-ment (ad-mezh'-ur-ment), *n.* a measurement by a rule.

ad-min-is-ter (ad-min'is-tēr), *v.t.* to manage as agent; direct the application of the laws; dispense; to give, as an oath.

ad-min-is-ter-i-al (ad-min-is-tē'r'i-âl) *adj.* pertaining to administration.

ad-min-is-tra-ble (ad-min'is-trâ-bl), *adj.* capable of being administered.

ad-min-is-tra-tion (ad-min-is-trā'-shun), *n.* the act of administering; the ministry.

ad-min-is-tra-tive (ad-min'-is-trā-tiv), *adj.* pertaining to administration.

ad-min-is-tra-tor (ad-min-is-trā'tēr), *n.* one who administers.

ad-min-is-tra-trix (-trā'-triks), *n.* a female administrator.

ad-mi-ra-ble (ad'mi-râ-bl), *adj.* worthy of admiration; excellent. *Syn.* striking, surprising.

ad-mi-ral (ad'mi-râl), *n.* the commander of a fleet.

Ad-mi-ral-ty (ad'mi-râl-ti), *n.* a court for administering naval affairs.

ad-mi-ra-tion (ad-mi-rā'shun), *n.* wonder excited by excellence; esteem.

ad-mire (ad-mīr'), *v.t.* to regard approvingly.

ad-mis-si-ble (ad-mis'i-bl), *adj.* worthy of being admitted.

ad-mis-sion (ad-mish'un), *n.* permission to enter; concession in argument.

ad-mit (ad-mit'), *v.t.* to permit to enter; allow in argument. *Syn.* allow, suffer, tolerate.

ad-mit-ta-ble (ad-mit'â-bl), *adj.* admissible.

ad-mit-tance (ad-mit'âns), *n.* permission to enter.

ad-mix (ad-miks'), *v.t.* to mix; to mingle.

ad-mix-ture (ad-miks'tur), *n.* a compound made by mixing.

ad-mon-ish (ad-mon'ish), *v.t.* to reprove gently.

ad-mo-ni-tion (ad-mo-nish'-un), *n.* friendly reproof.

ad-mon-i-to-ry (ad-mon'i-tō-ri), *adj.* conveying reproof or warning.

ad-nas-cent (ad-nas'ent), *adj.* growing upon.

ad-nate (ad'nāt), *adj.* with cohesion of unlike parts.

a-do (â-dōō'), *n.* bustle; trouble, difficulty.

a-do-be (â-dō'bā), *n.* sun-dried brick used for building.

ad-o-les-cence (ad-ō-les'ens), *n.* the period of youth.

ad-o-les-cent (ad-ō-les'ent), *adj.* growing to maturity.

a-dopt (ȧ-dopt′), *v.t.* to choose or select; to take as one's own an opinion, child, etc.

a-dop-tion (ȧ-dop′shun), *n.* the act of adopting.

a-dop-tive (ȧ-dop′tiv), *adj.* constituted by adoption.

a-dor-a-ble (ȧ-dōr′ȧ-bl), *adj.* worthy of worship.

ad-o-ra-tion (adō-rā′shun), *n.* the act of worship.

a-dore (ȧ-dōr′), *v.t.* to pay divine honors to; love intensely.

a-dorn (ȧ-dôrn′), *v.t.* to beautify; embellish; ornament.

a-dorn-ment (ȧ-dôrn′ment), *n.* an ornament.

a-down (ȧ-doun′), *adj.* & *prep.* downward; down.

a-drift (ȧ-drift′), *adj.* & *adv.* floating at random.

a-droit (ȧ-droit′), *adj.* exhibiting skill; dexterous.

a-droit-ly (-li), *adv.* readily; skillfully.

a-droit-ness (-nes), *n.* dexterity; skill.

ad-u-la-tion (ad-ū-lā′shun), *n.* interested praise.

ad-u-la-tor (ad′ū-lā-tĕr), *n.* a flatterer.

ad-u-la-to-ry (ad′ū-lā-tō-ri), *adj.* flattering.

a-dult (ȧ-dult′), *adj.* full grown: *n.* a man or a woman.

a-dul-ter-ant (ȧ-dul′tĕr-ȧnt), *adj.* adulterating: *n.* that which adulterates.

a-dul-ter-ate (ȧ-dul′tĕr-āt), *v.t.* to corrupt by baser admixture.

a-dul-ter-a-tion (ȧ-dul′tĕr-ā′shun), *n.* the debasing by admixture.

a-dul-ter-a-tor (ȧ-dul′tĕr-ā-tĕr), *n.* one who adulterates.

a-dul-ter-er (ȧ-dul′tĕr-ĕr), *n.* a man who commits adultery.

a-dul-ter-ess (-es), *n.* a woman who commits adultery.

a-dul-ter-ous (ȧ-dul′tĕr-us), *adj.* guilty of adultery.

a-dul-ter-y (ȧ-dul′tĕr-i), *n.* violation of the marriage-bed.

ad-um-brant (ad-um′brȧnt), *adj.* shadowing forth.

ad-um-brate (ad-um′brāt), *v.t.* to shadow forth.

ad-um-bra-tion (ad-um-brā′shun), *n.* something that shadows forth.

ad-um-bra-tive (ad-um′brā-tiv), *adj.* typical.

ad-un-cous (ad-ung′kus), *adj.* hooked, as a parrot's bill.

ad-vance (ad-vȧns′), *v.i.* to go forward: *v.t.* to further: *n.* improvement; rise; a loan; payment beforehand.

ad-vance-ment (ad-vȧns′ment), *n.* progress.

ad-van-tage (ad-vȧn′tej), *n.* a state of advance; a benefit.

ad-van-ta-geous (ad-vȧn-tā′jus), *adj.* beneficial. *Syn.* profitable.

ad-vent (ad′vent), *n.* a coming or arrival.

Ad-vent (ad′vent), *n.* the four weeks before Christmas.

ad-ven-ti-tious (ad-ven-tish′us), *adj.* by chance; casual; accidental.

ad-ven-ture (ad-ven′tūr), *n.* an unusual event; an enterprise: *v.t.* to hazard or risk.

ad-ven-tur-er (ad-ven′tūr-ĕr), *n.* one who takes risks; a speculator; one who seeks distinction on specious pretenses.

ad-ven-tur-ess (′tūr-es), *n.* a female adventurer.

ad-ven-ture-some (ad-ven′tūr-sum), or ADVENTUROUS (ad-ven′tūr-us), *adj.* inclined to incur risk.

ad-verb (ad′vĕrb), *n.* a word that modifies a verb.

ad-ver-bi-al (ad-vĕr′bi-ȧl), *adj.* like an adverb.

ad-ver-bi-al-ly (-li), *adv.* with the force of an adverb.

ad-ver-sar-y (ad′vĕr-sār-i), *n.* an opponent.

ad-ver-sa-tive (ad-vĕr′sȧ-tiv), *adj.* expressing opposition.

ad-verse (ad′vĕrs), *adj.* opposed to; contrary.

ad-ver-si-ty (ad-vĕr′si-ti), *n.* the reverse of prosperity; misery.

ad-vert (ad-vĕrt′), *v.i.* to turn or attend to; refer.

ad-ver-tence (ad-vĕr′tens), *n.* attention.

ad-ver-ten-cy (ad-vĕr′ten-si), *n.* being attentive.

ad-ver-tent (ad-vĕr′tent), *adj.* attentive.

ad-ver-tent-ly (-li), *adv.* in an intentional manner.

ad-ver-tise (adver′tiz), *v.t.* to announce; publish.

ad-ver-tise-ment (ad-vĕr′tiz-ment), *n.* a notice in a public print.

ad-vice (ad-vīs′), *n.* a practical opinion; information; counsel.

ad-vi-sa-ble (ad-vī′zȧ-bl), *adj.* prudent; expedient.

ad-vis-a-bil-i-ty (ad-vīz-ȧ-bil′-i-ti), *n.* desirability.

ad-vise (ad-vīz′), *v.t.* to counsel; inform.

ad-vised (ad-vīzd′), *p.adj.* acting with caution.

ad-vi-sed-ly (ad-vī′zed-li), *adv.* with intention; deliberately.

ad-vi-so-ry (ad-vī′zo-ri), *adj.* containing advice.

ad-vo-ca-cy (ad′vō-kȧ-si), *n.* act of pleading for.

ad-vo-cate (ad′vō-kāt), *n.* one who pleads for another; *v.t.* to plead for.

ad-vo-ca-tor (ad′vō-kā-tĕr), *n.* a supporter.

ad-vow-ee (ad-vou-ē′), *n.* the patron of a living.

ad-vow-son (ad-vou′zn), *n.* the right of presentation to a benefice.

a-dyn-a-mi-a (ȧ-din-ā′mi-ȧ), *n.* great debility.

adze or ADZ (adz), *n.* a cutting tool for dressing timber.

æ-dile or ADILE (ē′dīl), *n.* a Roman official.

æ-o-li-an harp (ē-ō′li-ȧn harp), *n.* a stringed instrument, the wires of which are moved by the air.

æ-on or EON (ē′on), *n.* a period of immense duration.

a-ër-ate (ā′ĕr-āt), *v.t.* to combine or charge with air or gas.

a-ër-a-tion (ā-ĕr-ā′shun), *n.* the act of aërating

a-ë-ri-al (ā-ē′ri-ȧl), *adj.* belonging to the air.

a-ë-ri-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in aërial manner.

a-ër-if-i-ca-tion (ā-ĕr-if-i-ka′-shun), *n.* the state of being aëriform.

a-ër-i-form (ā′ĕr-i-fôrm), *adj.* like the air.

a-ër-i-fy (ā′ĕr-i-fī), *v.t.* to combine with air.

a-ër-o-drome (ā′ĕr-ō-drōm), *n.* an enclosed space for aëroplanes.

a-ër-o-dy-nam-ics (ā-ĕr-ō-dī-nam′iks), *n.* the science of air in motion.

a-ër-o-gram (ā′ĕr-ō-gram), *n.* a wireless message.

a-ër-o-lite (ā′ĕr-ō-līt), *n.* a meteorite.

a-ër-ol-o-gy (ā-ĕr-ol′o-ji), *n.* science of the air.

a-ër-om-e-ter (ā-ĕr-om′e-tĕr), *n.* an instrument for weighing the air.

a-ër-o-naut (ā′ĕr-ō-nawt), *n.* an aërial navigator.

a-ër-o-nau-tic (ā-ĕr-ō-naw′-tik), *adj.* pertaining to aëronautics.

a-ër-o-nau-tics (ā-ĕr-ō-naw′-tiks), *n.* aërial navigation.

a-ër-o-phone (ā′ĕr-ō-fōn), *n.* an instrument for increasing the intensity of sound.

a-ër-o-phyte (ā′ĕr-ō-fīt), *n.* an air-plant.

a-ër-o-plane (ā′ĕr-ō-plān), *n.* a flying machine heavier than air.

a-ër-o-plan-ist (ā-ĕr-ōplān′-ist), *n.* the manager of an aëroplane.

a-ër-o-stat (ā′ĕr-ō-stat), *n.* a balloon; a flying machine.

a-ër-o-stat-ic (ā-ĕr-ō-stat′ik), *adj.* pertaining to aerostatics.

a-ër-o-stat-ics (ā-ĕr-ō-stat′-iks), *n.* the science of equilibrium in air.

aer-y, aer-ie (ēr′i), *n.* an eagle's nest.

æs-the-si-om-e-ter (es-thē-si-om′e-tĕr), *n.* an instrument indicating sensibility of touch.

æs-thet-ic or ESTHETIC (es-thet′ik), *adj.* pertaining to æsthetics.

æs-thet-i-cism (es-thet′i-sizm), *n.* devotion to the beautiful.

æs-thet-ics or ESTHETICS (es-thet′iks), *n.* the science of the beautiful.

æ-ther. See ether.

æth-ri-o-scope (eth′ri-ō-skōp), *n.* an instrument for measuring air temperature.

æ-ti-ol-o-gy. See etiology.

a-far (ȧ-fär′, *adv.* at, to, or from, a distance.

af-fa-bil-i-ty (af-ȧ-bil′iti), *n.* being affable.

af-fa-ble (af′ȧ-bl), *adj.* easy to be addressed; courteous.

af-fair (af-ār′), *n.* a matter of business; something done or to be done.

af-fect (af-fekt′), *v.t.* to act upon; influence; pretend.

af-fec-ta-tion (af-ek-tā′shun), *n.* false show; artificial pretense.

af-fec-ting (af-fek'ting,) *adj.* exciting to the feelings; pathetic.

af-fec-tion (af-fek'shun), *n.* attachment; fondness; disease. *Syn.* love, attachment.

af-fec-tion-al (af-fek'shun-ăl), *adj.* relating to the affections.

af-fec-tion-ate (af-fek'shun-āt), *adj.* having affection; kind. *Syn.* fond, kind.

af-fer-ent (af'fĕr-ent), *adj.* conveying inwards.

af-fi-ance (af-fī'ăns), *n.* trust; a marriage-contract; *v.t.* to betroth.

af-fi-da-vit (af-i-dā'vit), *n.* a sworn statement in writing.

af-fil-i-a-ble (af-fil'i-ă-bl), *adj.* capable of being affiliated.

af-fil-i-ate (af-fil'i-āt), *v.t.* to connect with in origin; associate with.

af-fil-i-a-tion (af-fil-i-ā'shun), *n.* assignment of a child to its father; adoption.

af-fin-i-ty (af-fin'i-ti), *n.* nearness of kin.

af-firm (af-fĕrm'), *v.t.* to assert strongly: *v.i.* to ratify.

af-fir-mance (af-fĕr'măns). *n.* confirmation.

af-fir-mant (af-fĕr'mănt). *n.* one who affirms.

af-fir-ma-tion (af-ĕr-mā'shun), *n.* an averment.

af-fir-ma-tive (af-fĕr'-mă-tiv), *n.* that which affirms: *adj.* relating to an affirmation; positive.

af-fix (af-fix'), *v.t.* to fix to; attach; *n.* (af'fix), a letter or syllable added to the end of a word; a suffix.

af-fla-tus (af-flā'tus), *n.* a breathing out.

af-flict (af-flikt'). *v.t.* to cause pain; distress.

af-flic-tion (af-flik'shun). *n.* physical or mental pain.

af-flic-tive (af-flik'tiv), *adj.* causing pain.

af-flu-ence (af'lu-ens), *n.* an abundant supply; wealth.

af-flu-ent (af'lū-ent), *n.* a tributary stream: *adj.* abundant.

af-flux (af'luks). *n.* an increase: an influx.

af-ford (af-fōrd'). *v.t.* to supply; be able to bear expense.

af-fran-chise (a-fran'chīs), *v.t.* to make free.

af-fray (af-frā'). *n.* a violent quarrel; a tumult.

af-fright (af-frīt'), *v.t.* to terrify; alarm; confuse.

af-front (af-frunt'), *v.t.* to oppose; insult designedly: *n.* an open insult. *Syn.* annoy, displease, offend.

af-fu-sion (af-fū'zhun). *n.* the act of pouring upon.

af-ghan (af'găn), *n.* a knitted soft wool blanket.

a-field (ă-fēld'), *adv.* to the field; astray.

a-flame (ă-flām'). *adj.* & *adv.* in flames; ablaze.

a-float (ă-flōt'), *adj.* & *adv.* floating; adrift.

a-foot (ă-foot'), *adv.* on foot; astir.

a-fraid (ă-frād'), *adj.* frightened.

a-fresh (ă-fresh'), *adv.* again; anew.

aft (ăft), *adj.* & *adv.* towards the stern of a ship

af-ter (ăf'tĕr), *adj.* next; later; *prep.* behind in place; later in time; in pursuit of; *adv.* behind.

af-ter-clap (-klap), *n.* an event following an affair supposed at an end.

af-ter-damp (-damp), *n.* suffocating gas in coal mines after an explosion of fire-damp.

af-ter-hold (-hōld), *n.* the hold of a ship abaft the mainmast.

af-ter-math (-măth), *n.* a second mowing in a season.

af-ter-noon (ăf-tĕr-nōōn') *n.* time between noon and evening.

af-ter-thought (-thawt), *n.* reflection after an act.

af-ter-ward (ăf'ter-wărd), or AFTERWARDS (-wărdz), *adv.* at a later time.

a-gain (ă-gen'), *adv.* a second time; once more.

a-gainst (ă-genst'), *prep.* opposite to; in opposition to.

ag-a-mo-gen-e-sis (ag-ă-mō-jen'e-sis), non-sexual reproduction.

a-gape (ă-gāp'), *adj.* & *adv.* gaping from surprise.

ag-ate (ag'ăt), *n.* a small size of type; a kind of quartz.

a-ga-ve (a-gā'vē), *n.* the American aloe.

age (āj), *n.* a period of time in life or history; decline of life.

a-gen-cy (ā'jen-si), *n.* operation; business done by an agent.

a-gent (ā'jent), *n.* a deputy; an active power or cause. *Syn.* actor, doer, factor.

ag-glom-er-ate (ag-glom'ĕr-āt), *v.t.* to gather into a heap.

ag-glom-er-a-tion (ag-glom-ĕr-ā'shun), *n.* a heap.

ag-glom-er-a-tive (ag-glom'-ĕr-ā-tiv), *adj.* tending to gather in a mass.

ag-glu-ti-nant (ag-glū-ti-nant), *adj.* uniting: *n.* any sticky substance.

ag-glu-ti-nate (ag-glū'ti-nāt), *v.t.* to glue together.

ag-glu-ti-na-tion (ag-glū-ti-nā'shun), *n.* the act of uniting or joining.

ag-gran-dize (ag'gran-dīz), *v.t.* to make great; augment.

ag-gran-dize-ment (ag'grân-dīz-ment), *n.* exaltation; advancement.

ag-gra-vate (ag'grâ-vāt), *v.t.* to add to a load; be troublesome; intensify.

ag-gra-va-ting (ag'grâ-vā-ting), *p.adj.* making worse.

ag-gra-va-tion (ag-grâ-vā'-shun), *n.* the act of making worse.

ag-gre-gate (ag'-grē-gāt), *v.t.* to collect; accumulate: *n.* total; mass.

ag-gre-ga-tion (ag'grē-gā'-shun), *n.* a collection.

ag-gre-ga-tive (ag'grē-gā-tiv), *adj.* collective.

ag-gress (ag-gres'), *v.i.* to attack; begin a quarrel.

ag-gres-sion (ag-gresh'un), *n.* unprovoked attack.

ag-gres-sive (ag-gres'iv), *adj.* unjustly attacking.

ag-gres-sor (ag-gres'ĕr), *n.* one who attacks.

ag-grieve (ag-grēv'), *v.t.* to afflict; oppress.

a-ghast (â-gâst'), *adj.* amazed; terrified.

ag-ile (aj'il), *adj.* active in body; nimble.

a-gil-i-ty (â-jil'i-ti), *n.* nimbleness; quickness.

ag-i-o-tage (aj'i-ō-tej), *n.* exchange business.

ag-i-ta-ble (aj'i-tâ-bl), *adj.* capable of being moved.

ag-i-tate (aj'i-tāt), *v. t.* to discuss; excite; disturb.

ag-i-ta-tion (aj-i-tā'shun), *n.* excitement; discussion.

ag-i-ta-tive (aj'i-tā-tiv), *adj.* tending to agitate.

ag-i-ta-tor (aj'i-tā-tĕr), *n.* one who starts or keeps up an agitation.

a-glow (â-glō'), *adj.* & *adv.* in a glow; glowing.

ag-lu-ti-tion (ag-lū-tish'un), *n.* inability to swallow.

ag-nail (ag'nāl), *n.* a sore under or near the nail.

ag-nate (ag'nāt), *n.* a relation on the father's side: *adj.* of common origin.

ag-no-men (ag-nō'men), *n.* an additional name.

ag-nos-tic (ag-nos'tik), *n.* one who denies that man can comprehend the ultimate nature of things.

ag-nos-ti-cism (ag-nos'ti-sizm), *n.* the doctrines of the agnostics.

a-go (â-gō'), *adj.* gone; past: *adv.* in past time.

a-gog (â-gog'), *adj.* & *adv.* in expectation; eager.

ag-o-nis-tics (ag-ō-nis'tiks), *n.* art of athletic combats.

ag-o-nize (ag'ō-nīz), *v.i.* to suffer anguish.

ag-o-ni-zing-ly (ag'ō-nī-zing-li), *adv.* with extreme anguish.

ag-o-ny (ag'ō-ni), *n.* extreme pain; anguish.

a-gou-ti (â-gōō'ti), *n.* a South American rodent.

a-gra-ri-an (â-grā'ri-ân), *adj.* relating to land, or to land-tenure.

a-gra-ri-an-ism (a-grā'ri-ân-ism), *n.* a uniform division of land.

a-gree (â-grē'), *v.i.* to harmonize; come to terms; reconcile.

a-gree-a-bil-i-ty (â-grē-â-bil'i-ti), *n.* agreeableness.

a-gree-a-ble (â-grē'â-bl), *adj.* pleasing to the mind or senses. *Syn.* pleasant, charming.

a-gree-ment (â-grē'ment), *n.* harmony of opinions; a compact; mutual understanding.

ag-ri-cul-tur-al (ag-ri-kul'tūr-âl), *adj.* pertaining to tillage.

ag-ri-cul-ture (ag'ri-kul-tūr), *n.* art of cultivating the ground; tillage; farming.

ag-ri-cul-tur-ist (ag-ri-kul'-tūr-ist), *n.* a farmer.

a-ground (å-ground′), *adj.* & *adv.* on the ground, as a ship in shallow water; stranded.

a-gue (ā′gū), *n.* the cold fit of intermittent fever.

a-gue-cake (-kāk), *n.* an enlargement of the spleen.

a-gu-ish (ā′gū-ish), *adj.* producing ague; intermittent.

ah (ä), *interj.* an exclamation expressive of sudden emotion.

a-ha (ä-hä′), *interj.* an exclamation expressive of satisfaction, joy, irony, etc.

a-head (å-hed′), *adv.* in the front; forward.

a-heap (å-hēp′), *adv.* in a heap.

a-hem (å-hem′), *interj.* an exclamation to call attention.

a-hoy (å-hoi′), *interj.* a term used in hailing a vessel.

a-hull (å-hul′), *adv.* with sails furled and helm lashed.

ai (ä′i), *n.* the three-toed sloth of America.

aid (ād), *v.t.* to assist; support: *n.* help; assistance.

aide-de-camp (ād′de-kong), *n.* an officer who assists a general.

ai-gret (ā′gret), or AIGRETTE (ā-gret′), *n.* the small white heron; a plume worn on helmets or on women's hats.

ail (āl), *v.t.* to cause pain: *v.i.* to feel pain.

ail-ment (āl′ment), *n.* a slight sickness.

aim (ām), *v.i.* to endeavor; direct at; seek: *n.* a purpose; an endeavor. *Syn.* mark, object, design.

aim-less (ām′les), *adj.* without aim or purpose; purposeless.

air (ār), *n.* the atmosphere; external manner; a melody: *v.t.* to expose for drying.

air-gun (-gun), *n.* a gun discharged by compressed air.

air-i-ly (ār′i-li), *adv.* in an airy manner; gaily.

air-i-ness (ār′i-nes), *n.* the state of being airy; gaiety.

air-ing (ār′ing), *n.* an out-door excursion.

air-line (-līn), *n.* a straight line. Also called a bee-line.

air-plant (-plant), *n.* a plant nourished by the air.

air-pump (-pump), *n.* a machine for exhausting the air from a receiver.

air-ship (ār′ship), *n.* a balloon with motor and steering apparatus.

air-y (ār′i), *adj.* composed of air; unsubstantial; gay.

aisle (īl), *n.* the wing of a church; side passage.

a-jar (å-jär′), *adj.* & *adv.* a door partly open; inharmonious.

a-jog (å-jog′), *adv.* on the jog; jogging.

a-kim-bo (å-kim′bō), *adv.* with hands on hips and elbows turned outwards.

a-kin (å-kin′), *adj.* & *adv.* of kin; related by blood; allied.

al-a-bas-ter (al′å-bas-tẽr), *n.* a white marble-like mineral.

a-lack (å-lak′), *interj.* an exclamation of sorrow.

a-lac-ri-ty (å-lak′ri-ti), *n.* joyous activity; briskness.

a-la-li-a (ā-lā′li-å), *n.* loss of speech by paralysis.

al-a-lus (al′å-lus), *n.* the hypothetical ape-man.

a-la-mode (å-lå-mōd′), *adv.* in the fashion.

a-lar (ā′lär), *adj.* pertaining to wings; wing-shaped.

a-larm (å-lärm′), *v.t.* to arouse to danger; strike with fear; *n.* a call to arms; a warning.

a-larm-ing (å-lärm′ing), *adj.* exciting fear; ominous.

a-la-ry (ā′lå-ri), *adj.* pertaining to wings; wing-shaped.

a-las (å-lås′), *interj.* an exclamation expressive of sorrow.

a-late (ā′lāt), *adj.* having wings or wing-like appendages.

alb (alb), *n.* a white priestly vestment worn at the celebration of the Eucharist.

al-ba-ta (al-bā′tå), *n.* an alloy imitating silver.

al-ba-tross (al′bå-tros), *n.* a seabird of the Pacific Ocean.

al-be-it (awl-bē′it), *conj.* although; even though.

al-bi-no (al-bī′nō), *n.* a person with white skin and hair and pinkish eyes.

al-bite (al′bīt), *n.* white felspar; soda felspar.

al-bu-gin-e-ous (al-bū-jin′ē-us), *adj.* albuminous.

al-bum (al′bum), *n.* a blank book for autographs, etc.

al-bu-men (al-bū′men), *n.* the white of an egg.

al-bu-men-ize (al-bū′men-īz), *v.t.* to coat paper with an albuminous solution.

al-bu-min (al-bū′min), *n.* a variant of albumen.

al-bu-mi-noid (al-bū′mi-noid), *adj.* like albumen.

al-bu-mi-nous (al-bū′mi-nus), *adj.* containing albumen.

al-bu-mi-nu-ri-a (al-bū′mi-nū′ri-ȧ), *n.* albumen in the kidneys and the urine.

al-bur-num (al-bĕr′num), *n.* the white soft part of wood; sap-wood.

al-cal-de (ȧl-kȧl′dā), *n.* a Spanish magistrate.

al-che-mist (al′ke-mist), *n.* one who practices alchemy.

al-che-my (al′ke-mi), *n.* the professed art of transmuting the baser metals into gold.

al-co-hol (al′kō-hol), *n.* spirits of wine; the spirituous element in fermented liquors.

al-co-hol-ic (al-kō-hol′ik), *adj.* containing alcohol.

al-co-hol-ism (al′kō-hol-izm), *n.* a diseased condition produced by alcohol.

al-co-hol-i-za-tion (al-kō-hol-i-zā′shun), *n.* subjection to the influence of alcohol.

al-co-hol-ize (al′kō-hol-īz), *v.t.* to subject to the influence of alcohol.

Al-co-ran (al′kō-ran & al-kō-ran′), *n.* the Koran.

al-cove (al-kōv′), *n.* a recess in a room or a garden.

al-der (awl′dĕr), *n.* a plant related to the birch.

al-der-man (awl′dĕr-mȧn), *n.* a city magistrate.

ale (āl), *n.* a fermented malt liquor.

a-lee (ā-lē′), *adv.* & *adj.* on the sheltered side of a ship.

a-lert (ȧ-lĕrt′), *adj.* watchful; lively; brisk; active. *Syn.* nimble, prompt, vigilant.

a-lert-ness ('nes), *n.* watchful activity or readiness.

al-ex-an-drine (al-eks-an′drin), *n.* a kind of heroic verse.

al-gæ (al′jē), *n.pl.* seaweeds and kindred fresh-water plants.

al-ge-bra (al′jē-brȧ), *n.* the science of calculation by general symbols.

al-ge-bra-ic (al′jē-brā-ik), *adj.* occurring in algebra.

al-ge-bra-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* by means of algebraic processes.

al-gine (al′jin), *n.* a substance obtained from seaweed.

a-li-as (ā′li-as), *n.* another name; an assumed name: *adv.* otherwise.

al-i-bi (al′i-bī), *n.* the plea of having been elsewhere when some act was committed.

a-li-en (ā′li-en), *adj.* belonging to another: *n.* a stranger; foreigner.

a-li-en-a-bil-i-ty (ā-li-en-ȧ-bil′i-ti), *n.* the quality of being alienable.

a-li-en-age (ā′li-en-āj), *n.* the status of an alien.

a-li-en-ate (ā′li-en-āt), *v.t.* to estrange; transfer.

a-li-en-a-tion (ā-li-en-ā′shun), *n.* transference.

a-li-en-ism (ā′li-en-izm), *n.* the position of an alien; the study of mental diseases.

al-i-form (al′i-fôrm), *adj.* wing-shaped.

a-light (a-līt′), *v.i.* to dismount; to descend and settle: *adj.* in a flame.

a-lign-ment (ȧ-līn′ment), same as alinement.

a-like (ȧ-līk′), *adj.* like one another: *adv.* similar.

al-i-ment (al′i-ment), *n.* food; nourishment.

al-i-men-tal (al-i-men′tal), *adj.* nourishing.

al-i-men-ta-ry (al-i-men′tȧ-ri), *adj.* pertaining to food; nutritious.

al-i-men-ta-ry ca-nal (kȧ-nal′), *n.* the intestinal duct of the body.

al-i-men-ta-tion (al-i-men-tā′shun), *n.* the act of giving nourishment.

al-i-men-tive-ness (al-i-men′tiv-nes), *n.* the instinct for food.

al-i-mon-y (al′i-mōn-i), *n.* an allowance made to a wife out of her husband's estate on separation.

a-line (ȧ-līn′), *v.t.* to lay out or adjust by a line: also align.

a-line-ment (ȧ-līn′ment), *n.* the laying out the line of a railway or road.

al-i-ped (al′i-ped), *adj.* wing-footed, like the bat.

al-i-quant (al′i-kwȧnt), *adj.* that does not divide without a remainder.

al-i-quot (al′i-kwot), *adj.* that divides without a remainder.

a-live (ȧ-līv′), *adj.* having life; sprightly; sensitive.

al-ka-hest (al′kȧ-hest), *n.* the pretended universal solvent of the alchemists.

al-ka-les-cent (al-kā-les'sent), *adj.* tending to become alkaline.

al-ka-li (al'ka-li & -lī), *n.* a substance that neutralizes and forms salts with acids.

al-ka-line (al'kå-lin & -līn), *adj.* having the properties of an alkali.

al-ka-loid (al'kå-loid), *n.* a body containing alkaline properties.

al-ka-net (al'kå-net), *n.* a plant which yields the rich red dye of commerce.

all (awl), *adj.* the whole quantity: *n.* a whole; an entirety; *adv.* wholly; entirely; completely.

all-hail (hāl), *interj.* all health! a phrase of salutation.

All Hallows (hal'oz), *n.pl.* All Saints' Day, November 1st.

all-round (round), *adj.* versatile; many-sided.

All Souls Day (sōlz dā), *n.pl.* November 2d; a church celebration in honor of the departed.

al-lay (al-lā'), *v.t.* to quiet or calm; assuage; abate.

al-le-ga-tion (al-ē-gā'shun), *n.* assertion; declaration; plea; excuse.

al-lege (al-lej'), *v.t.* to affirm; declare; assert.

al-leg-a-ble (al-lej'å-bl), *adj.* that may be alleged or asserted.

al-le-giance (al-lē'jåns), *n.* the obligation of a subject to his government; fealty.

al-le-gor-ic (al-ē-gor'ik), *adj.* in the nature of allegory; figurative.

al-le-go-rize (al'ē-go-rīz), *v.t.* to turn into allegory.

al-le-go-ry (al'ē-go-ri), *n.* a figurative manner of treating a subject; a parable.

al-le-vi-ate (al-lē'vi-āt), *v.t.* to lighten; make easier.

al-le-vi-a-tion (al-lē-vi-a'shun), *n.* that which lessens or lightens.

al-le-vi-a-tive (-a-tiv), *adj.* tending to alleviate.

al-ley (al'i), *n.* a passage; a narrow way; a lane.

al-li-ance (al-li'åns), *n.* relation by birth or marriage; union between nations. *Syn.* confederacy, fusion, league.

al-li-ga-tion (al-i-gā'shun), *n.* a rule of arithmetical calculation.

al-li-ga-tor (al'i-gā-tēr), *n.* the American crocodile.

al-lit-er-a-tion (al-lit-er-ā'shun), *n.* the beginning of two or more words in succession with the same letter.

al-lit-er-a-tive (al-lit'er-a-tiv), *adj.* characterized by alliteration.

al-lo-cate (al'ō-kāt), *v.t.* to assign or allot; distribute shares.

al-lo-ca-tion (al'ō-kā'shun), *n.* the act of allotting.

al-lo-cu-tion (al-ō-kū'shun), *n.* a formal address.

al-lo-di-al (å-lō'di-ål), *adj.* freehold; not feudal.

al-lo-path (al'ō-path), *n.* one who favors allopathy.

al-lo-path-ic (al-ō-path'ik), *adj.* pertaining to allopathy.

al-lop-a-thy (al-op'å-thi), *n.* the method of treating disease in common use.

al-lot (ål-lot'), *v.t.* to distribute; apportion, as shares; give by lot.

al-lot-ment (ål-lot'ment), *n.* the act of allotting; share allotted.

al-lot-ro-py (å-lot'rō-pi), *n.* the property of existing under two or more physical or chemical conditions.

al-low (ål-lou'), *v.t.* to grant; admit; permit; approve.

al-low-a-ble (ål-lou'å-bl), *adj.* permissible; lawful; acceptable.

al-low-ance (ål-lou'åns), *n.* the act of allowing; concession; a definite sum granted; approval; abatement or deduction.

al-loy (ål-loi'), *v. t.* to form a compound, by fusion, of two or more metals; debase: *n.* a compound of two or more metals.

all-spice (awl'spīs), *n.* the fruit or berry of the pimento.

al-lude (å-lūd'), *v.t.* to compare; refer to; insinuate.

al-lure (å-lūr'), *v.t.* to tempt; entice; attract.

al-lure-ment (å-lūr'ment), *n.* the act of alluring.

al-lu-sion (å-lū'zhun), *n.* a casual reference.

al-lu-sive (å-lū'siv), *adj.* hinting at; referring to.

al-lu-so-ry (å-lū'sō-ri), *adj.* allusive.

al-lu-vi-al (å-lū'vi-ål), *adj.* pertaining to water-deposited soil.

al-lu-vi-um (å-lū'vi-um), *n.* a deposit of earth or river origin.

al-ly (ȧ'lī), *v.t.* to unite by marriage or other compact: *n.* a friend; a confederate.

al-ma-nac (awl'mȧ-nak), *n.* a year-book or calendar of months, weeks and days, with other information relating to the passing year.

al-migh-ty (awl-mī'ti), *adj.* possessing all power; omnipotent.

Al-migh-ty (awl-mī'ti), *n.* the omnipotent God.

alm-ond (ä'mund & al'mund), *n.* the kernel of the fruit of the almond-tree.

al-mon-er (al'mun-ẽr), *n.* one who distributes alms.

al-most (awl'mōst), *adv.* nearly; very nearly; well-nigh.

alms (ämz), *n.* gifts to the poor.

alms-house (-hous), *n.* a house endowed by charity for the use of the poor.

al-oes (al'ōz), *n.* a purgative drug obtained from the leaves of the aloe tree. ¶

a-loft (ȧ-lôft'), *adv.* on high; at the mast head; above the earth.

a-lone (ȧ-lōn'), *adj.* & *adv.* single; only; separately; by itself or himself.

a-long (ȧ-lông'), *prep.* & *adv.* by the length; onward.

a-loof (ȧ-lōōf'), *adv.* at a distance; apart

a-loud (ȧ-loud'), *adv.* with raised voice; loudly; audibly.

al-pac-a (al-pak'ȧ), *n.* an animal of the Andes; cloth made from its wool.

al-pen-horn (-hôrn), *n.* a horn used by the mountaineers of the Alps.

al-pen-stock (-stok), *n.* a stout staff used by mountain-climbers.

al-pha-bet (al'fȧ-bet), *n.* the letters of a language; the first rudiments of knowledge.

al-pha-bet-ic (al-fȧ-bet'ik), *adj.* pertaining to an alphabet.

al-pha-bet-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in an alphabetical order.

al-read-y (awl-red'i), *adj.* quite ready: *adv.* before this time.

al-so (awl'sō), *adv.* & *conj.* wholly so; in like manner; in addition to.

al-tar (awl'tȧr), *n.* a raised place for the offering of sacrifices or burning of incense; the Communion table.

al-ter (awl'tẽr), *v.t.* to make a change in; modify or vary.

al-ter-ant (awl'tẽr-ȧnt), *adj.* producing change: *n.* a substance used in dyeing to modify a color.

al-ter-a-tion (awl-tẽr-ā'shun), *n.* the act of altering; change; modification.

al-ter-a-tive (awl'tẽr-ȧ-tiv), *adj.* producing change; *n.* a health-restoring medicine.

al-ter-cate (awl'tẽr-kāt), *v.i.* to contend in words; wrangle; dispute.

al-ter-ca-tion (awl-tẽr-kā'shun), *n.* warm contention in words; a dispute.

al-ter-nate (al'tẽr-nāt), *v.t.* to perform by turns; exchange reciprocally: *adj.* by turns.

al-ter-na-tion (al-ter-nā'shun), *n.* the act of alternating; reciprocal succession.

al-ter-na-tive (al-tẽr'nȧ-tiv), *adj.* the choice of two things: *n.* the option or choice of two possibilities. *Syn.* choice, election, preference.

al-though (awl-*th*ō'), *conj.* granting that; though; notwithstanding.

al-tis-o-nant (al-tis'o-nȧnt), *adj.* high-sounding; pompous in language.

al-ti-tude (al'ti-tūd), *n.* space extended upward; height; elevation.

al-ti-tu-di-nal (al-ti-tū'di-nȧl), *adj.* of or pertaining to height.

al-to (al'to), *adj.* high: *n.* between the tenor and soprano in singing.

al-to-geth-er (awl-too-ge*th*'ẽr), *adv.* wholly; completely; without exception.

al-to-re-lie-vo (al-to rẽ-lē'vō), *v.t.* high relief.

al-tru-ism (al'troo-izm), *n.* the sacrifice of self in the interests of others; opposed to egoism.

al-tru-ist (al'troo-ist), *n.* an advocate of altruism.

al-tru-is-tic (al-troo-is'tik), *adj.* mindful of the interests of others.

al-um (al'um), *n.* a sulphate of aluminum and some other metal.

a-lu-mi-na (ȧ-lū'mi-nȧ), *n.* the most abundant of the earths; the chief ingredient of clay.

a-lu-mi-nous (ȧ-lū'mi-nus), *adj.* containing alum.

a-lu-mi-num (ȧ-lū'mi-num), or ALUMINIUM

(al-ū-min'i-um), *n.* a light metal derived from alumina.

a-lum-nus (å-lum'nus), *n.* a pupil; one educated at a college, or university: *pl.* alumni.

al-ways (awl'wāz), *adv.* constantly; forever.

am (am), *1st pers. sing. indic. mood* of the verb to be. See be.

a-main (å-mān'), *adv.* with force or violence.

a-mal-gam (å-mal'gåm), *n.* a compound of mercury and some other metal.

a-mal-ga-mate (å-mal'gå-māt), *v.t.* to alloy mercury with another metal; *v.i.* to blend; combine.

a-mal-ga-ma-tion (å-mal-gå-mā'shun), *n.* the separation of precious metals by means of quicksilver; blending different things; combining two or more business concerns.

a-man-u-en-sis (a-man-ū-en'-sis), *n.* a writer of dictated letters, etc.

am-a-ranth (am'å-ranth), *n.* an imaginary flower said by poets to be unfading.

am-a-ran-thine (am-å-ran'-thin), *adj.* never-fading, like amaranth; purplish in color.

a-mass (å-måss'), *v.t.* to collect into a heap; accumulate. *Syn.* gather, hoard, aggregate.

a-mass-ment (å-måss'ment), *n.* a heap; accumulation.

am-a-teur (am'å-tūr & am-å-tēr'), *n.* a non-professional student: *adv.* the work of one not professional.

am-a-tive (am'å-tiv), *adj.* amorous; full of love.

am-a-tive-ness (am'å-tiv-nes), *n.* the tendency to love.

am-a-tor-i-al (am-å-tōr'i-ål), *adj.* pertaining to love.

am-a-to-ry (am'å-tō-ri), *adj.* relating to love.

am-au-ro-sis (am-aw-rō'sis), *n.* loss or decay of sight from paralysis of the optic nerve.

a-maze (å-māz'), *v.t.* to confound; astonish.

a-maze-ment (å-māz'ment), *n.* astonishment; confusion. *Syn.* awe, wonder, surprise.

Am-a-zon (am'a-zon), *n.* a warlike woman; a virago.

am-bass-a-dor (am-bas'å-dēr), *n.* representative of a sovereign or state at the court of another.

am-bass-a-dor-i-al (am-bas-å-dōr'i-ål), *adj.* belonging to an ambassador, or to his office.

am-bass-a-dress (am-bas'å-dres), *n.* the wife of an ambassador.

am-ber (am'bēr), *n.* a yellowish fossil resin.

am-ber-gris (am'bēr-grēs), *n.* a fragrant substance obtained from the sperm whale.

am-bi-dex-ter (am-bi-deks'-tēr), *adj.* using both hands equally.

am-bi-dex-trous (am-bi-deks'-trus), *adj.* able to use both hands alike.

am-bi-ent (am'bi-ent), *adj.* surrounding, as the atmosphere; investing.

am-bi-gu-i-ty (am-bi-gū'i-ti), *n.* doubtfulness of meaning

am-big-u-ous (am-big'ū-us), *adj.* doubtful; equivocal.

am-bi-tion (am-bish'un), *n.* a desire for fame, honor, or power.

am-bi-tious (am-bish'us), *adj.* aspiring.

am-ble (am'bl), *v.i.* a peculiar pace of a horse, by lifting the two feet on one side together.

am-bro-sia (am-brō'zia), *n.* the fabled food of the gods; a kind of plant.

am-bro-sial (am-brō'zial), *adj.* divinely delicious; fragrant.

am-bro-type (am'brō-tīp), *n.* a process of photography.

am-bu-lance (am'bū-låns), *n.* a field hospital; a wagon for the sick and wounded.

am-bu-lant (am'bū-lånt), *adj.* moving about.

amb-u-la-ter (am'bū-lā-tēr), *n.* a walker; a pedometer.

am-bu-la-to-ry (am'bū-lā-tō-ri), *adj.* walking; movable.

am-bus-cade (am-bus-kād'), *n.* troops in ambush.

am-bush (am'boosh), *n.* a lying in wait to attack by surprise.

a-me-li-or-a-ble (a-mē'li-ōr-å-bl), *adj.* capable of improvement.

a-me-li-or-ate (å-mē'li-ōr-āt), *v.t.* to make better; improve.

a-me-li-or-a-tion (å-mē-li-ōr-ā'shun), *n.* the growing better; improvement.

a-me-li-or-a-tive (å-mē'li-ōr-ā-tiv), *adj.* producing amendment; improving.

a-me-li-or-a-tor (å-mē'li-ōr-ā-tēr), *n.* one who amends.

a-men (ā-men' & ä'men'), *adv.* verily: *interj.* so be it.

a-me-na-ble (å-mē'nå-bl), *adj.* easy to lead; liable.

a-mend (å-mend'), *v.t.* to free from fault; improve; correct. *Syn.* correct, mend.

a-men-da-tor-y (å-men'då-tōr-i), *adj.* tending to amend.

a-mend-ment (å-mend'ment), *n.* improvement; the alteration of a legislative bill; an addition to a constitution.

a-mends (å-mendz'), *n.pl.* compensation; reparation.

a-men-i-ty (å-men'i-ti), *n.* pleasantness; geniality.

a-merce (å-mērs'), *v.t.* to punish by fine.

a-merce-ment (å-mērs'ment), *n.* an arbitrary fine.

A-mer-i-can (å-mer'i-kån), *adj.* belonging to America.

A-mer-i-can-ism (å-mer'i-kån-izm), *n.* an American idiom or custom.

A-mer-i-can-ize (å-mer'i-kån-iz), *v.t.* to render American.

am-e-thyst (am'e-thist), *n.* a violet-purple precious stone.

am-e-thys-tine (am-e-this'-tin), *adj.* similiar to or composed of amethyst.

a-mi-a-bil-i-ty (ā-mi-å-bil'i-ti), *n.* amiableness; lovableness.

a-mi-a-ble (ā'mi-å-bl), *adj.* worthy of love.

am-i-ca-ble (am'i-kå-bl), *adj.* friendly; peaceable.

a-mid (å-mid'), or AMIDST ('st), *prep.* in the middle of; among.

a-mid-ships (å-mid'ships), *adv.* in the middle of a ship.

a-miss (å-mis'), *adj.* wrong; faulty: *adv.* wrongly.

am-i-ty (am'i-ti), *n.* friendly relations; friendship.

am-mo-ni-a (å-mō'ni-å), *n.* a volatile alkaline gas.

am-mon-ite (am'on-īt), *n.* a fossil shell, twisted like a ram's horn.

am-mu-ni-tion (am-ū-nish'-un), *n.* military stores.

am-ne-si-a (am-nē'si-å), *n.* loss of memory.

am-nes-ty (am'nes-ti), *n.* a general pardon.

a-mœ-ba (å-mē'bå), *n.* a genus of microscopic organisms.

a-mong (å-mung'), *prep.* & *adv.* mixed with; amidst, also amongst.

am-or-ous (am'ōr-us), *adj.* inclined to love; passionate.

a-mor-phism (å-mōr'fizm), *n.* want of regular form.

a-mor-phous (å-mōr'fus), *adj.* formless; uncrystallized.

a-mor-tize (a-mōr'tiz), *v.t.* to extinguish a debt by a sinking fund; to kill; destroy.

a-mount (å-mount'), *v.i.* to mount up to: *n.* the totality; sum.

a-mour (å-mōōr'), *n.* a love-intrigue [French].

am-pere (am-pār'), *n.* the unit of electric strength.

Am-phib-i-a (am-fib'i-å), *n.pl.* a division of the vertebrates.

am-phib-i-ous (am-fib'i-us), *adj.* able to live both on land and in water.

am-phi-ox-us (am-fi-ox'us), *n.* the lowest order of fishes; the lancelet.

am-phi-the-a-ter, re (am-fi-thē'å-tēr), *n.* a round or oval theatre; a circus.

am-ple (am'pl), *adj.* full; large; abundant.

am-pli-fi-ca-tion (am-pli-fi-kā'shun), *n.* enlargement.

am-pli-fy (am'pli-fī), *v.t.* to make large: *v.i.* to dilute; exaggerate. *Syn.* augment, develop, expand.

am-pli-tude (am'pli-tūd), *n.* largeness; extent; capacity.

am-ply (am'pli), *adv.* in an ample manner; liberally.

am-pu-tate (am'pū-tāt), *v.t.* to cut off a limb.

am-pu-ta-tion (am-pū-tā'-shun), *n.* the cutting off a limb.

ā, ē, ī, ō, ū, ȳ, long; à, è, ì, ò, ù, ỳ, short; câre, ärm, ăsk, ăll, ŏrb, ŏn; ūse, ūnite, ūrge, ŭp, ŭrge; ăt, ĕnd, ĭt, ŏf, ŭp; ōld, ōbey, ōrb, ŏdd; ōōze, ŏŏk; ou, oil; ch, chin; sh, she; th, thin; ŧh, then; zh, azure; ng, ink; ăfter, ŏbey, ŭrge, ĭll, ŏrder; ĕvil, ŏbey, ŭnite; ĕxist, ŏbey, ŭnite; ĕxamine, ŏbey, ŭnite; ĕxamine, ŏbey, ŭnite; ĕxamine

a-muck (ȧ-muk′), *adj.* running in a state of frenzy and attacking all persons met.

am-u-let (am′ū-let), *n.* a charm worn to protect against evil; a talisman.

a-muse (ȧ-mūz′), *v.t.* to beguile; entertain; divert; give enjoyment.

a-muse-ment (ȧ-mūz′ment), *n.* that which amuses.

a-mu-sive-ly (ȧ-mū′siv-li), *adv.* in an amusive manner.

am-yl (am′il), *n.* an alcoholic radical of many chemical compounds.

am-y-la-ceous (am-i-lā′shus), *adj.* starchy.

an (an), *indef. art.* any; each; one; denoting an individual.

an-ab-o-lism (an-ab′ō-lizm), *n.* the changes by which food material is built up into living matter.

an-ach-ron-ism (an-ak′ron-izm), *n.* an error in chronology.

an-ach-ron-is-tic (an-ak-ron-is′tik), *adj.* out of date.

an-a-con-da (an-ȧ-kon′dȧ), *n.* a large South American boa; any large snake which kills by crushing.

a-næ-mi-a, anemia (ȧ-nē′-mi-ȧ), *n.* deficiency or low condition of the blood.

an-æs-the-si-a or ANESTHESIA (an-es-thē′si-a), *n.* insensibility to pain produced by anæsthetics.

an-æs-thet-ic. See anesthetic.

an-a-glyph (an′ȧ-glif), *n.* a work of art carved in relief.

an-a-glyp-tog-ra-phy (an-ȧ-glip-tog′rȧ-fi), *n.* the art of reproducing relief-work on paper.

an-a-gram (an′ȧ-gram), *n.* the transposition of the letters in a word or sentence.

an-a-gram-ma-tic (an-ȧ-gram-mat′ik), *adj.* forming an anagram.

a-nal (ā′nȧl), *adj.* relating to the anus.

an-a-lect (an′ȧ-lekt), *n.* a passage from a published work.

an-a-lec-tic (an-ȧ-lek′tik), *adj.* composed of selections from other works.

an-a-log-i-cal (an-ȧ-loj′i-kȧl), *adj.* bearing reference.

an-a-log-i-cal-ly (-li), *adv.* by way of analogy.

a-nal-o-gism (ȧ-nal′ō-jism), *n.* a reasoning from the cause to the effect.

a-nal-o-gist (ȧ-nal′ō-jist), *n.* one who reasons from analogy

a-nal-o-gize (ȧ-nal′ō-jīz), *v.t.* to expound by reference to analogy.

a-nal-o-gous (ȧ-nal′o-gus), *adj.* having resemblance.

an-a-logue (an′ȧ-log), *n.* an object which bears analogy to something else.

a-nal-o-gy (ȧ-nal′ō-ji), *n.* agreement, resemblance, or correspondence in relations between different objects. *Syn.* affinity, likeness, resemblance, similarity, relation.

a-nal-y-sis (ȧ-nal′i-sis), *n.* [*pl.* analyses (-sēz)], the study of a compound by separating it into its constituent parts.

an-a-lyt-ic (an-ȧ-lit′ik), *adj.* relating to analysis.

an-a-ly-za-ble (an′ȧ-li-zȧ-bl), *adj.* capable of being resolved by analysis.

an-a-lyze (an′ȧ-līz), *v.t.* to separate or resolve; study the parts of.

an-a-pest (an′ȧ-pest), *n.* a poetic foot of three syllables, two shorts and one long.

an-ar-chic (an-är′kik), or ANARCHICAL (-ȧl), *adj.* of or pertaining to anarchy.

an-ar-chism (an′är-kizm), *n.* lawlessness; the doctrines of the anarchists.

an-ar-chist (an′är-kist), *n.* one who upholds anarchy as a social theory.

an-ar-chy (an′är-ki), *n.* a lawless condition of society; the theory of individual liberty.

a-nath-e-ma (ȧ-nath′e-mȧ), *n.* an ecclesiastical curse; the thing or person held to be accursed.

a-nath-e-ma-tize (ȧ-nath′e-mȧ-tīz), *v.t.* to excommunicate; to curse.

an-a-tom-ic-al (an-ȧ-tom′ik-ȧl), *adj.* relating to anatomy.

an-a-tom-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in an anatomical manner.

a-nat-o-mist (ȧ-nat′o-mist), *n.* one possessing a knowledge of anatomy.

a-nat-o-mize (a-nat'o-mīz), *v.t.* to separate by dissection of the parts of an animal or plant.

a-nat-o-my (å-nat'o-mi), *n.* the art or science of dissection; a descriptive account of the parts of an organic body.

an-ces-tor (an'ses-tẽr), *n.* a forefather or progenitor from whom one descends.

an-ces-tral (an-ses'trål), *adj.* connected with one's ancestors; lineal.

an-ces-tress (an'ses-tres), *n.* a female ancestor.

an-ces-try (an'ses-tri), *n.* the line of descent; lineage.

an-chor (ang'kẽr), *n.* an iron implement for holding a ship at rest in the water: *v.t.* to affix by an anchor; hold fast.

an-chor-ice (ang'kẽr-īs), *n.* ground-ice.

an-chor-age (ang'kẽr-ej), *n.* a suitable place for the anchoring of vessels.

an-chor-et (ang'kōr-et), or ANCHORITE (-it), *n.* a recluse; a hermit.

an-cho-vy (an-chō'vi), *n.* a small fish with peculiar flavor, used for pickling and as a sauce.

an-cient (ān'shent), *adj.* of past times or remote ages: *n.* one who lived in ancient times.

an-cil-lar-y (an'sil-ār-i), *adj.* accessory; subservient.

an-cip-i-tal (an-sip'ī-tål), *adj.* two-edged and sharp.

and (and), *conj.* a word that joins words and sentences.

and-i-rons (and'ī-ẽrnz), *n.pl.* metal standards to support wood in open fires; fire-dogs.

an-dro-ceph-a-lus (an-drō-sef'å-lus), *adj.* having a human head, as a sphinx, etc.

an-drog-y-nous (an-drōj'-i-nous), *adj.* combining both sexes.

an-ec-do-tal (an'ek-dō-tål), *adj.* relating to anecdotes.

an-ec-dote (an'ek-dōt), *n.* a brief narrative; an entertaining incident.

an-ec-dot-i-cal (an-ek-dōt'-ik-al), *adj.* relating to anecdotes.

an-e-lec-tric (an-ē-lek'trik), *adj.* non-electric. *n.* an electric conductor.

a-ne-mi-a. See anæmia.

an-e-mom-e-ter (an-e-mom'-e-tẽr), *n.* a wind-gauge.

a-nem-o-ne (å-nem'ō-nē), *n.* the wind-flower; a sea-anemone; a marine zoöphyte.

an-e-roid (an'ē-roid), *n.* a barometer shaped like a watch, and dependent on atmospheric pressure.

an-es-the-si-a. See anæsthesia.

an-es-thet-ic or ANÆSTHETIC (an-es-thet'ik), *adj.* depriving of feeling: *n.* a drug which produces insensibility.

an-æs-the-tize (an-es'thē-tīz), *v.t.* to render insensible to pain.

an-eu-rism (an'ū-rizm), *n.* swelling or rupture of an artery.

a-new (å-nū'), *adv.* afresh; over again; newly.

an-gel (ān'jel), *n.* a messenger of God.

an-gel-ic (an-jel'ik) *adj.* resembling an angel.

an-ge-lus (an'je-lus), *n.* a devotional exercise, repeated morning, noon, and night; the bell which is rung to announce the time of such devotions.

an-ger (an'gẽr), *n.* passion aroused by injury; wrath; *v.t.* to excite to wrath; enrage. *Syn.* fury, choler, ire, passion.

an-gi-na (an-jī'nå & an'ji-nå), *n.* an inflamed condition of the throat.

an-gi-ol-o-gy (an-ji-ol'ō-ji), *n.* a treatise on the blood-vessels.

an-gle (an'gl), *n.* the inclosed space made by two meeting lines; a corner: *v.i.* to fish with a hook and line.

an-gler (an'glẽr), *n.* one who fishes with rod and line.

an-gli-can (an'gli-kån), *adj.* pertaining to England or to the Church of England.

an-gli-cise (an'gli-sīz), *v.t.* to make conformable to English idiom.

an-gli-cism (an'gli-sizm), *n.* an English idiom or phrase.

an-gling (an'gling), *n.* fishing with rod and line.

An-glo-A-mer-i-can (an'glō-å-mer'i-kån), *adj.* pertaining to England and the United States.

An-glo-ma-nia (an-glo-mā'-ni-å), *n.* a predilection for everything English.

An-glo-pho-bi-a (-fō'bi-ȧ), *n.* an aversion to everything English

An-glo-Saxon (saks'un), *adj.* pertaining to the Saxon settlers of England.

an-go-ra-cat (-kat), *n.* a domestic cat with long hair.

an-gry (an'gri), *adj.* inflamed with anger; wrathful; indignant.

an-gri-ly ('gri-li), *adv.* in an angry manner.

an-gri-ness (-ness), *n.* the state of being angry.

an-guish (an'gwish), *n.* intense pain or grief.

an-gu-lar (an'gū-lär), *adj.* possessing an angle; having corners; pointed.

an-gu-lar-i-ty (an-gū-lar'i-ti), *n.* the quality of having angles.

an-gu-late (an'gū-lāt), *adj.* constructed or composed of angles.

an-hy-drous (an-hī'drus), *adj.* without water.

an-ile (an'il), & (ī'il), *adj.* aged; old-womanish.

an-i-line (an'i-lin), *n.* a substance used in dyeing.

a-nil-i-ty (ȧ-nil'i-ti), *n.* the old age of women; dotage.

an-i-mad-ver-sion (an-i-mad-vĕr'shun), *n.* censure; criticism; stricture.

an-i-mad-vert (an-i-mad-vĕrt'), *v.i.* to pass comment or stricture upon.

an-i-mal (an'i-mȧl), *n.* an organized body with sensation and voluntary motion; *adj.* of or belonging to animals. *Syn.* beast, brute, living being.

an-i-mal-cule (an-i-mal'kūl), one of a class of minute organisms.

an-i-ma-li-a (an'i-mā-li-ȧ), *n.pl.* the animal kingdom.

an-i-mal-ism (an'i-mȧl-izm), *n.* the state of being animal; sensuality.

an-i-mal-is-tic (an-i-mȧl-is'tik), *adj.* characterized by sensual instincts.

an-i-mal-i-ty (an-i-mȧl'i-ti), *n.* the state of possessing animal characteristics.

an-i-mal-i-za-tion (an-i-mȧl-i-zā'shun), *n.* the process of becoming bestial.

an-i-mal-ize (an'i-mȧl-īz), *v.t* to give animal life to; sensualize.

an-i-mate (an'i-māt), *v.t.* to impart life to; enliven: *adj.* endowed with animal life.

an-i-ma-tion (an-i-mā'shun), *n.* life; spirit; vigor; vivacity.

an-i-ma-tive (an'i-mā-tiv, 'adj. that has power to impart life.

an-i-mism (an'i-mizm), *n.* the theory that life and mind are inherent in matter; opposed to spiritism.

an-i-mos-i-ty (an-i-mos'i-ti), *n.* hostility; active enmity.

an-i-mus (an'i-mus), *n.* a hostile purpose; hostility.

an-ise (an'is), *n.* a plant bearing aromatic seeds.

an-kle (ang'kl), *n.* the joint connecting the foot with the leg.

an-klet (ang'klet), *n.* an ornament for the ankle.

an-ky-lose (ang'ki-lōs), *v.t.* to join by bony growth; stiffen, as a joint.

an-ky-lo-sis (an'ki-lō-sis), *n.* the consolidation of movable parts of bony growth.

an-nal-ist (an'ȧl-ist), *n.* a compiler of annals.

an-nals (an'ȧlz), *n.pl.* a description of annual events; chronicles.

an-neal (an'nēl), *v.t.* to temper glass or metals by the action of heat.

an-nea-ling (an-nē'ling), *n.* the process of tempering, fusing, or fixing.

an-nex (an-neks'), *v.t.* to add or affix at the end: *n.* (an-neks' & an'neks), that which is added; an addition.

an-nex-a-tion (an-eks-ā'shun), *n.* the act of annexing.

an-nex-a-tion-ist (an-eks-ā'shun-ist), *n.* an advocate of annexation.

an-ni-hi-la-ble (an-nī'hi-lȧ-bl), *adj.* capable of annihilation.

an-ni-hi-late (an-nī'hi-lāt), *v.t.* to reduce to nothing; destroy.

an-ni-hi-la-tion (an-nī-hi-lā'shun), *n.* nonexistence.

an-ni-ver-sa-ry (an-i-vĕr'sȧ-ri), *n.* the annual recurrence of an event; a periodical commemoration.

an-no-tate (an'ō-tāt), *v.t.* to make explanatory notes, as in a book.

an-no-ta-tion (an-ō-tā'shun), *n.* the act of noting a remark or criticism made in a book.

an-no-ta-tor (an'ō-tā-tẽr), *n.* one who annotates.

an-nounce (an-nouns'), *v.t.* to proclaim or make known.

an-nounce-ment (an-nouns'-ment), *n.* the act of announcing; a proclamation.

an-noy (an-noi'), *v.t.* to vex, trouble; tease; molest.

an-noy-ance (an-noi'åns), *n.* the state of being annoyed; the thing which annoys.

an-noy-ing-ly (an-noi'ing-li), *adv.* in a vexatious manner.

an-nu-al (an'ū-ål), *adj.* once in twelve months; yearly; living only for a year, as an annual plant.

an-nu-al-ly (-li), *adv.* yearly.

an-nu-i-tant (an-nū'i-tånt), *n.* one who is in receipt of an annuity.

an-nu-i-ty (an-nū'i-ti), *n.* a yearly allowance.

an-nul (an-nul'), *v.t.* to make void, abolish, or obliterate.

an-nu-lar (an'ū-lär), *adj.* in the form of a ring.

an-nu-la-tion (an-ū-lā'shun), *n.* a ring-like formation.

an-nu-let (an'ū-let), *n.* a little ring.

an-nul-ment (an-nul'ment), *n.* the act of annulling.

an-nu-lo-sa (an-ū-lō'så), *n.* the annulose animals, as crustaceans, insects, worms.

an-nu-lose (an'ū-lōs), *adj.* composed of rings.

an-nun-ci-ate (an-nun'shi-āt), *v.t.* to make known; announce.

an-nun-ci-a-tion (an-nun-shi-ā'shun), *n.* the act of annunciating.

An-nun-ci-a-tion (an-nun-shi-ā'shun), *n.* a Church festival (Lady-day, March 25th).

an-nun-ci-a-tor (an-nun'shi-ā-tẽr), *n.* a signaling apparatus.

an-ode (an'ōd), *n.* the positive electric pole.

an-o-dyne (an'ō-dīn), *adj.* assuaging pain: *n.* a drug which relieves pain.

a-noint (å-noint'), *v.t.* to pour oil upon, in a religious ceremony; consecrate.

a-nom-a-lous (å-nom'å-lus), *adj.* deviating from rule; abnormal.

a-nom-a-ly (å-nom'å-li), *n.* deviation from the natural order.

a-non (å-non'), *adv.* soon; straightway; again.

an-o-nym (an'ō-nim), *n.* a pseudonym.

an-o-nym-i-ty (an-ō-nim'i-ty), *n.* the state of being anonymous.

a-non-y-mous (å-non'i-mus), *adj.* bearing no author's name; nameless.

a-noth-er (å-nuth'ẽr), *adj.* & *pron.* not the same; one more; some one else.

an-ser-ine (an'sẽr-īn), *adj.* relating to a goose.

an-swer (an'sẽr), *v.t.* to reply; to respond: *n.* a response to a question: a solution, as of a problem.

an-swer-a-ble (an'sẽr-å-bl), *adj.* responsible; accountable.

ant (ånt), *n.* a small social insect.

ant-ea-ter ('ē-tẽr), *n.* an animal which feeds upon ants.

ant-ac-id (ant-as'id), *n.* a medicine which counteracts acidity of the stomach.

an-tag-o-nism (an-tag'ō-nizm), *n.* opposition; hostility.

an-tag-o-nist (an-tag'ō-nist), *n.* a competitor; an opponent.

an-tag-o-nis-tic (an-tag-ō-nis'tik), *adj.* in opposition.

an-tag-o-nize (an-tag'ō-niz), *v.t.* to oppose; hinder; counteract.

ant-arc-tic (ant-ärk'tik), *adj.* opposite to arctic; southern.

an-te-cede (an-tē-sēd'), *v.t.* to go before.

an-te-ce-dence (an-tē-se'-dens), *n.* precedence: priority.

an-te-ce-dent (an-tē-sē'dent), *adj.* preceding; *n.* that which goes before.

an-te-ce-dent-ly (-li), *adv.* at a time preceding.

an-te-cham-ber (an'tē-chām-bẽr), *n.* an outer room; one in which persons wait for audience.

an-te-date (an'te-dāt), *v.t.* to date too early; to anticipate.

an-te-di-lu-vi-an (an-tē-di-lū'vi-ån),

adj. pertaining to the world before the Flood; antiquated: *n.* one who lived before the Flood.

an-te-lope (an'tē-lōp), *n.* a genus of animals between the deer and the goat.

an-te-me-rid-i-an (an-tē-mē-rid'i-ăn), *adj.* preceding noon.

an-te-mun-dane (an-tē-mun'dān), *adj.* before the creation of the world.

an-te-na-tal (an-tē-nā'tăl), *adj.* before birth.

an-ten-na (an-ten'ă), *n.* the feelers of insects.

an-te-nup-tial (an-tē-nup'shăl), *adj.* before marriage.

an-te-pe-nul-ti-mate (an-tē-pē-nul'ti-māt), *n.* the last syllable but two.

an-te-pran-di-al (an-tē-pran'di-ăl), *adj.* before dinner.

an-ter-i-or (an-tēr'i-ēr), *adj.* more to the front; former.

an-ter-i-or-i-ty (an-tēr-i-or'i-ti), *n.* being before in time; priority.

an-te-room (an'tē-rōōm), *n.* a room preceding another; an antechamber.

an-them (an'them), *n.* a composition from the Scriptures or liturgy set to sacred music.

an-ther (an'thēr), *n.* the tip of a flower stamen containing the pollen.

an-tho-log-i-cal (an-tho-loj'i-kăl), *adj.* pertaining to an anthology.

an-thol-o-gist (an-thol'ō-jist), *n.* one who compiles an anthology.

an-thol-o-gy (an-thol'ō-ji), *n.* a collection of choice poems.

an-thra-cite (an'thrā-sīt), *n.* a non-bituminous coal which burns without smoke; hard coal.

an-thrax (an'thraks), *n.* a carbuncle, or malignant boil; splenic fever in sheep and cattle.

an-thro-poid (an'thrō-poid), *adj.* resembling man: *n.* one of the higher apes.

an-thro-po-log-i-cal (an-thrō-po-loj'i-kăl), *adj.* relating to anthropology.

an-thro-pol-o-gist (an-thrō-pol'ō-jist), *n.* a student of anthropology.

an-thro-pol-o-gy (an'thrō-pol'o-ji), *n.* the natural history of man.

an-thro-po-met-ric (an-thrō-po-met'rik), *adj.* relating to the measurement of the human body.

an-thro-pom-e-try (an-thrō-pom'e-tri), *n.* the measurement of the human body.

an-thro-po-mor-phic (an-thrō-po-môr'fik), *adj.* resembling man.

an-thro-po-mor-phism (an-thrō-po-môr'fizm), *n.* the ascription of a human form and attributes to the Deity.

an-thro-poph-a-gi (an-thrō-pof'ă-ji), *n.pl.* maneaters; cannibals.

an-tic (an'tik), *adj.* grotesque: *n.* a clown; an odd gesture.

An-ti-christ (an'ti-krīst), *n.* an opponent of Christ.

an-tic-i-pant (an-tis'i-pănt), *adj.* operating in advance.

an-tic-i-pate (an-tis'i-pāt), *v.t.* to take beforehand; look for as certain. *Syn.* apprehend, expect, hope.

an-tic-i-pa-tion (an-tis-i-pā'shun), *n.* expectation; hope; preconception.

an-tic-i-pa-tive (an-tis'i-pā-tiv), *adj.* taking beforehand; anticipating.

an-ti-cli-max (an'ti-klī-maks), *n.* a ludicrous descent in a statement; bathos.

an-ti-cy-clone (an'ti-sī-klōn), *n.* a wind moving in the opposite direction to a cyclone.

an-ti-do-tal (an'ti-dō-tăl), *adj.* of the nature of an antidote.

an-ti-do-tal-ly (-li), *adv.* in the manner of an antidote.

an-ti-dote (an'ti-dōt), *n.* a remedy against poison.

an-ti-feb-rile (an-ti-feb'ril), *adj.* capable of allaying fever.

an-ti-ma-son-ic (an-ti-mā-son'ik), *adj.* opposed to the principles of freemasonry.

an-ti-mo-ni-al (an-ti-mō'ni-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to antimony.

an-ti-mo-ni-ate (an-ti-mō'ni-āt), *n.* a salt of antimonic acid.

an-ti-mo-nite (an'ti-mō-nīt), *n.* native sulphide of antimony.

an-ti-mo-ny (an'ti-mō-ni), *n.* a white lustrous metal.

an-tin-o-my (an-tin'ō-mi), *n.* the opposition of one law to another.

an-ti-pa-thet-ic (an-ti-pȧ-thet'ik), *adj.* possessing antipathy to.

an-ti-path-ic (an-ti-path'ik), *adj.* pertaining to antipathy; adverse; opposite.

an-tip-a-thy (an-tip'ȧ-thi), *n.* natural aversion; an instinctive dislike. *Syn.* distaste, hatred, repulsion.

an-ti-phlo-gis-tic (an-ti-flō-jis'tik), *adj.* efficacious in counteracting fever.

an-tiph-o-nal (an-tif'ō-nȧl), *adj.* characterized by antiphony or responsive singing.

an-ti-pho-net-ic (an-ti-fō-net'ik), *adj.* similar in sound.

an-tiph-o-ny (an-tif'ō-ni), *n.* the alternate or responsive rendering of psalms or chants by a dual choir.

an-tip-o-dal (an-tip'ō-dȧl), *adj.* pertaining to the antipodes; belonging to the opposite side.

an-ti-pode (an'ti-pōd), *n.* one who resides on the opposite side of the earth.

an-tip-o-des (an-tip'ō-dēz), *n.pl.* those who reside on opposite sides of the globe; the opposite portions of the earth's surface.

an-ti-py-ret-ic (an-ti-pī-ret'ik), *adj.* remedial to fever.

an-ti-py-rin (an-ti-pī'rin), *n.* a drug used for relief of neuralgia, headache, or fever.

an-ti-quar-i-an (an-tī-kwār'i-ȧn), *adj.* pertaining to antiquity.

an-ti-quar-y (an'ti-kwār-i), *n.* one versed in antiquities.

an-ti-qua-ted (an'ti-kwā-ted), *p.adj.* old-fashioned; obsolete; ancient.

an-tique (an-tēk'), *adj.* ancient; old: *n.* a relic of antiquity. *Syn.* ancient, old-fashioned.

an-tique-ness (-nes), *n.* the quality of being ancient.

an-tiq-ui-ty (an-tik'wi-ti), *n.* ancientness; early ages; a relic from the past.

an-ti-scor-bu-tic (an-ti-skōr-bu'tik), *adj.* & *n.* remedial to scurvy.

an-ti-Sem-it-ism (an-ti-sem'-it-izm), *n.* antagonism to the Jewish race.

an-ti-sep-sis (an-ti-sep'sis), *n.* the exclusion of bacteria from wounds.

an-ti-sep-tic (an-ti-sep'tik), *adj.* counteractive to putrefaction: *n.* a substance with this quality.

an-ti-sla-ver-y (an-ti-slā'ver-i), *n.* opposition to slavery.

an-ti-spas-mod-ic (an-ti-spaz-mod'-ik), *adj.* counteractive to spasms: *n.* a medicine with this effect.

an-ti-sple-net-ic (an-ti-sple-net'ik), *adj.* of use in diseases of the spleen.

an-tith-e-sis (an-tith'ē-sis), *n.* opposition.

an-ti-thet-ic (an-ti-thet'ik), *adj.* pertaining to antithesis.

an-ti-thet-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in the manner of antithesis.

an-ti-tox-in (an-ti-toks'in), *n.* a serum used in microbic diseases.

an-ti-trade (an'ti-trād), *n.* a wind opposite to the trade wind.

an-ti-type (an'ti-tīp), n. that preceding the type.

an-ti-typ-i-cal (an-ti-tip'i-kȧl), *adj.* pertaining to an antitype.

an-ti-typ-i-cal-ly (-li), *adv.* by way of antitype.

ant-ler (ant'lēr), *n.* a branch of a stag's horn.

an-to-nym (an'to-nim), *n.* a word opposite to another in meaning.

a-nus (ā'nus), *n.* the orifice of the rectum.

an-vil (an'vil), *n.* an iron block used for shaping metals.

anx-i-e-ty (ang-zī'ē-ti), *n.* mental uneasiness. *Syn.* concern, care, dread, fear.

anx-ious (ang'shus), *adj.* solicitous; apprehensive.

an-y (en'i), *adj.* & *pron.* one indefinitely; every; whoever.

an-y-bod-y (-bod-i), *n.* any person.

an-y-how (-hou), *adv.* in any way.

an-y-thing (-thing), *n.* any object.
an-y-where (-hwär), *adv.* in any place.
an-y-wise (-wīz), *adv.* in any way.
a-or-ta (ā-ôr'tȧ), *n.* the chief artery.
a-or-tic (ā-ôr'tik), *adj.* pertaining to the aorta.
a-ou-dad (ä'ū-dȧd), a sheep-like animal.
a-pace (ȧ-pās'), *adv.* quickly; speedily.
a-part (ȧ-pärt'), *adv.* separately; aside.
a-part-ment (ȧ-pärt'ment), *n.* a room: *pl.* a set or two or more rooms.
ap-a-thet-ic (ap-ȧ-thet'ik), *adj.* devoid of feeling.
ap-a-thet-ic-al-ly (-il), *adv.* in an apathetical manner.
ap-a-thy (ap'ȧ-thi), *n.* lack of feeling; indifference. *Syn.* lethargy, unconcern.
ape (āp), *n.* one of the higher monkeys; a silly mimic.
a-peak (ȧ-pēk'), *adv.* nearly vertical.
a-per-i-ent (ȧ-pēr'i-ent), *n.* a mild laxative medicine.
ap-er-ture (ap'ĕr-tūr), *n.* an opening; an orifice.
a-pet-a-lous (ȧ-pet'ȧ-lus), *adj.* without petals.
a-pex (ā'peks), *n.* the point, or summit of anything.
a-pha-si-a (ȧ-fā'zi-ȧ), *n.* loss of the power of speech.
a-phe-li-on (ȧ-fē'li-on), *n.* that point in the orbit of a planet farthest from the sun.
aph-id (af'id), *n.* a plant-louse.
A-phis (ā'fis), *n.* [*pl.* Aphides (af'i-dēz)], the plant louse genus.
aph-o-rism (af'ō-rizm), *n.* a concise precept; a maxim.
a-pi-a-ry (ā'pi-ā-ri), *n.* a place for bees.
a-piece (ȧ-pēs'), *adv.* for each; severally.
ap-ish (āp'ish), *adj.* resembling an ape; foolish.
a-plomb (ȧ-plông'), *n.* self-possession; assurance.
A-poc-a-lypse (ȧ-pok'ȧ-lips), *n.* the book of Revelation.
A-poc-a-lyp-tic (ȧ-pok'ȧ-lip-tik), *adj.* pertaining to the Apocalypse.

a-poc-ry-pha (ȧ-pok'ri-fȧ), *n. pl.* a writing of doubtful inspiration.
a-poc-ry-phal (ȧ-pok'ri-fȧl), *adj.* of doubtful authority.
ap-od (ap'od), *n.* an animal without feet.
ap-o-gee (ap'ō-jē), *n.* that point in a planet's orbit most distant from the earth.
a-pol-o-get-ic (ȧ-pol-ō-jet'ik), *adj.* in the way of apology.
a-pol-o-get-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in an apologetic manner.
a-pol-o-get-ics (ȧ-pol-ō-jet'iks), *n.* the defense of the Christian belief.
a-pol-o-gist (ȧ-pol'o-jist), *n.* one who apologizes.
a-pol-o-gize (ȧ-pol'o-jīz), *v.i.* to make an excuse.
ap-o-logue (ap'o-log), *n.* a fable with a moral.
a-pol-o-gy (ȧ-pol'o-ji), *n.* a vindication or excuse. *Syn.* defense, justification.
ap-o-plec-tic (ap-o-plek'tik), *adj.* pertaining to apoplexy.
ap-o-plex-y (ap'o-plek-si), *n.* the sudden loss of feeling and motion, due to brain rupture.
a-port (ȧ-pōrt'), *adv.* on the left side of a ship.
a-pos-ta-sy (ȧ-pos'tȧ-si), *n.* departure from professed principles.
a-pos-tate (ȧ-pos'tāt), *n.* one who has forsaken his faith or party.
ap-os-tat-i-cal (ap-os-tat'i-cal), *adj.* rebellious; false.
a-pos-ta-tize (ȧ-pos'tȧ-tīz), *v.i.* to abandon one's faith; change one's religion.
a-pos-te-ri-o-ri (ā-pos-tē-ri-ō'ri), reasoning founded on observation.
a-pos-tle (ȧ-pos'l), *n.* a messenger sent to preach the gospel.
ap-os-tol-ic (ap-os-tol'ik), *adj.* & *n.* of or pertaining to an apostle; papal.
ap-os-tol-ic-al suc-ces-sion (suk-sesh'-un), *n.* the transmission of ministerial authority from the Apostles.
a-pos-tro-phe (ȧ-pos'trō-fē), *n.* the omission from a word of one or more letters, indicated by the sign (').

ap-o-stroph-ic (ap-o-strof'ik), *adj.* pertaining to an apostrophe.

a-pos-tro-phize (å-pos'tro-fīz), *v.t.* to address by apostrophe.

a-poth-e-ca-ry (å-poth'e-ka-ri), *n.* one who prepares medicines for sale.

a-poth-e-ca-ries' weight (wāt), *n.* the weight used for dispensing drugs.

ap-o-thegm (ap'o-them), *n.* a pithy saying; a maxim. Also spelled apophthegm.

ap-o-the-o-sis (ap-o-thē'o-sis), *n.* placing among the gods; deification.

ap-o-the-o-size (ap-ō-thē'o-sīz), *v.t.* to deify.

ap-pal (ap-pawl'), *v.t.* to frighten; terrify.

ap-pal-ing (ap-paw'ling), *p.adj.* filling with dismay.

ap-pa-ra-tus (ap-å-rā'tus), *n.* tools, utensils, or instruments.

ap-par-el (å-par'el), *n.* clothing; vesture: *v.t.* to clothe or adorn.

ap-par-ent (ap-pār'ent), *adj.* open to view; evident. *Syn.* likely, seeming.

ap-pa-ri-tion (ap-å-rish'un), *n.* an appearance; a ghost.

ap-peal (ap-pēl'), *v.t.* to refer to a superior court or judge; to invoke aid or mercy: *n.* a call for aid or sympathy.

ap-pear (ap-pēr'), *v.i.* to be visible; come before; seem.

ap-pear-ance (ap-pēr'åns), *n.* becoming visible; the object seen; bearing or aspect.

ap-peas-a-ble (ap-pē'zå-bl), *adj.* capable of being appeased.

ap-pease (ap-pēz'), *v.t.* to allay; assuage; pacify.

ap-pease-ment (ap-pēz'-ment), *n.* the state of being appeased.

ap-pel-lant (ap-pel'ånt), *n.* one who appeals.

ap-pel-late (ap-pel'åt), *adj.* pertaining to appeals.

ap-pel-la-tion (ap-e-lā'shun), *n.* name; title

ap-pel-la-tive (ap-pel'å-tiv), *adj.* common; general; common, as a noun: *n.* a common name; nickname.

ap-pel-la-to-ry (ap-pel'å-tō-ri), *adj.* containing an appeal.

ap-pel-lee (ap-e-lē'), *n.* the defendant in an appeal.

ap-pend (ap-pend'), *v.t.* to attach; suspend; annex.

ap-pen-dage (ap-pen'dej), *n.* something appended or added. *Syn.* accessory.

ap-pen-dant (ap-pen'dånt), or APPENDENT ('dent), *adj.* attached: *n.* that which is appended.

ap-pen-di-ci-tis (ap-pen-di-sī'-tis), *n.* inflammation of the vermiform appendix of the cæcum.

ap-pen-dix (ap-pen'diks), *n.* something added.

ap-per-tain (ap-ēr-tān'), *v.t.* to pertain to.

ap-pe-tite (ap'ē-tīt), *n.* the desire for food.

ap-pe-ti-zer (ap'ē-tī-zēr), *n.* a help to appetite.

ap-plaud (ap-plawd'), *v.t.* to praise; to commend.

ap-plause (ap-plawz'), *n.* expression of approval.

ap-plau-sive (ap-plaw'siv), *adj.* manifesting approval.

ap-ple (ap'l), *n.* the fruit of the apple-tree.

ap-pli-ance (ap-plī'åns), *n.* act of applying; thing applied.

ap-pli-ca-bil-i-ty (ap-li-kå-bil'i-ti), *n.* suitability.

ap-pli-ca-ble (ap'li-kå-bl), *adj.* fit to be applied.

ap-pli-cant (ap'li-kant), *n.* one who applies for something; a petitioner.

ap-pli-ca-tion (ap-li-kā'shun), *n.* the act of applying; request; mental assiduousness.

ap-pli-ca-tive (ap'li-kā-tiv), *adj.* capable of being applied.

ap-pli-ca-to-ry (ap'li-kā-tō-ri), *adj.* fitness to be applied.

ap-plied (ap-plīd'), *p.adj.* practical.

ap-pli-que (ap-li-kā'), *n.* ornamentation in dress, etc., by adding new patterns.

ap-ply (ap-plī'), *v.t.* to lay on; put into practice; address; use or employ.

ap-point (ap-point'), *v.t.* to fix; assign; furnish; ordain; place in office.

ap-poin-tee (ap-poin-tē'), *n.* one appointed to office.

ap-point-ment (ap-point'-ment), *n.* the assigning to an office; a stipula-

tion; an engagement; furniture or equipment.

ap-por-tion (ap-pōr′ shun), *v. t.* to divide out. *Syn.* allot, assign, appoint.

ap-por-tion-ment (ap-pōr′-shun-ment), *n.* dividing into shares.

ap-po-site (ap′ō-zit), *adj.* proper; fit; pertinent.

ap-po-si-tion (ap-ō-zish′un), *n.* addition by placing together, as placing two nouns in one case.

ap-po-si-tion-al (ap-ō-zish′un-āl), *adj.* belonging to apposition.

ap-prai-sal (ap-prā′zāl), *n.* the act of valuing.

ap-praise (ap-prāz′), *v.t.* to set a price upon.

ap-praise-ment (ap-prāz′-ment), *n.* valuation.

ap-prai-ser (ap-prā′zẽr), *n.* one who appraises.

ap-pre-ci-a-ble (ap-prē′shi-ā-bl), *adj.* capable of being estimated.

ap-pre-ci-ate (ap-prē′shi-āt), *v.t.* to value; esteem highly; prize; raise in value.

ap-pre-ci-a-tion (ap-prē-shi-ā′shun), *n.* a just estimate; a rise in value.

ap-pre-ci-a-tive (ap-prē′shi-a-tiv), *adj.* with appreciation.

ap-pre-ci-a-to-ry (ap-prē′shi-ā-tō-ri), *adj.* expressive of admiration.

ap-pre-hend (ap-rē-hend′), *v.t.* to seize; arrest; understand; anticipate.

ap-pre-hen-si-ble (ap-rē-hen′-si-bl), *adj.* that may be apprehended.

ap-pre-hen-sion (ap-rē-hen′-shun), *n.* readiness of conceiving; perception; seizure; fear.

ap-pre-hen-sive (ap-rē-hen′-siv), *adj.* quick to learn; fearful.

ap-pren-tice (ā-pren′tis), *n.* one bound to a trade; to bind out under a master.

ap-prize (ā-priz′), *v.t.* to give notice to; inform.

ap-proach (ap-prōch′), *v.i.* to draw near; approximate: *n.* access; passage

ap-pro-bate (ap′rō-bāt), *v.t.* to approve; license; sanction.

ap-pro-ba-tion (ap-rō-bā′shun), *n.* commendation.

ap-pro-ba-tive (ap′rō-bā-tiv), *adj.* approving, praise; ambition.

ap-pro-ba-tive-ness (-nes), *n.* love of

ap-pro-ba-to-ry (ap′rō-bā-to-ri), *adj.* expressing approbation.

ap-pro-pri-a-ble (ap-prō′pri-ā-bl), *adj.* capable of appropriation.

ap-pro-pri-ate (ap-prō′pri-āt), *v.t.* to take to one's self; assign to a particular use: *adj.* peculiar; fit; apt. *Syn.* assume, ascribe, arrogate.

ap-pro-pri-a-tion (ap-prō-pri-ā′shun), *n.* application to a special use.

ap-pro-pri-a-tive (ap-prō′pri-ā-tiv), *adj.* tending to appropriation.

ap-pro-pri-a-tor (ap-prō′pri-ā-tẽr), *n.* one who appropriates.

ap-prov-a-ble (ap-prōōv′a-bl), *adj.* deserving approval.

ap-prov-al (ap-prōōv′āl), *n.* approbation; consent.

ap-prove (ap-prōōv′), *v.t.* to ratify; commend; justify.

ap-prov-er (ap-prōōv′ẽr), *n.* one who approves.

ap-prov-ing-ly (ap-prōōv′ing-ly), *adv.* commendingly.

ap-prox-i-mate (ap-proks′i-māt), *v.t.* to bring near; approach: *adj.* nearly correct.

ap-prox-i-mate-ly (ap-proks′-i-māt′li), *adv.* very nearly.

ap-prox-i-ma-tion (ap-proks′i-mā′shun), *n.* approach. *Syn.* likeness, nearness.

ap-prox-i-ma-tive (ap-proks′-i-ma-tiv), *adj.* approaching.

ap-prox-i-ma-tive-ly (ap-proks′-i-ma-tiv-li), *adv.* in an approximative manner.

ap-pulse (ap-puls′), *n.* a coming towards.

ap-pur-te-nance (ap-pẽr′te-nâns), *n.* that which belongs to something else.

ap-pur-te-nant (ap-pẽr′te-nânt), *adj.* pertaining to; accessory.

a-pri-cot (ā′pri-kot & ap′ri-kot), *n.* a fruit allied to the plum.

A-pril (ā′pril), *n.* the fourth month of the year.

A-pril fool (fōōl), *n.* one deceived on April 1st.

a-pri-o-ri (ā-pri-ō′ri), from something preceding.

a-pron (ā'prun), *n.* a part of dress worn in front, for protection or ornament.

a-pro-pos (å-prō-pō'), *adv.* to the purpose.

ap-sis (ap'sis), *n.* the two points in a planet's orbit nearest to and farthest from the sun.

apt (apt), *adj.* suitable; appropriate; liable; expert.

apt-ness (apt'nes), *n.* fitness.

ap-te-rous (ap'te-rus), *adj.* destitute of wings.

ap-te-ryx (ap'te-riks), *n.* a wingless bird.

ap-ti-tude (ap'ti-tūd), *n.* fitness; tendency; capability.

a-qua (ā'kwā), *n.* a term denoting water.

a-qua am-mo-ni-æ (am-mō'ni-ē), water containing ammonia.

a-qua for-tis (fôr'tis), *n.* impure nitric acid.

a-qua vi-tæ (ā'kwå vī'tē), *n.* (water of life) strong spirits.

a-qua-ma-rine (ā'kwå-må-rēn'), *n.* a variety of beryl; a color.

a-qua-ri-um (å-kwā'ri-um), *n.* a tank for aquatic plants and animals.

a-quat-ic (a-kwat'ik), *adj.* living in water.

a-qua-tint (ā'kwå-tint), *n.* etching on copper by aqua-fortis.

aq-ue-duct (ak'wē-dukt), *n.* an artificial channel for conducting water.

a-que-ous (ā'kwē-us), *adj.* watery.

a-qui-form (ā'kwi-fôrm), *adj.* liquid.

aq-ui-line (ak'wi-līn & -lin), *adj.* like an eagle or its beak.

ar-a-besque (ar-å-besk'), *n.* the style of Arabic decorative art.

ar-a-ble (ar'å-bl), *adj.* fit for the plow.

ar-bi-ter (är'bi-tẽr), *n.* an umpire or judge.

ar-bit-ra-ment (är-bit'rå-ment), *n.* an award.

ar-bi-tra-ri-ly (är-bi-trā'ri-ly), *adv.* imperiously.

ar-bi-tra-ry (är'bi-trā-ri), *adj.* discretionary; capricious.

ar-bi-trate (är'bi-trāt), *v.i.* to settle a dispute.

ar-bi-tra-tion (är-bi-trā'shun), *n.* the settlement of a dispute by an umpire.

ar-bi-tra-tor (är'bi-trā-tẽr), *n.* one chosen to settle a dispute; an umpire.

ar-bor (är'bẽr), *n.* a shaded bower.

ar-bo-ra-ceous (är-bō-rā'shus), *adj.* pertaining to trees.

ar-bo-re-ous (är-bō'rē-us), or ARBOREAL (-ål), *adj.* wooded.

ar-bo-res-cence (är-bō-res'ens), growth like that of a tree.

ar-bores-cent (är-bō-res'ent). *adj.* tree-like.

ar-bo-re-tum (är-bō-re'tum), *n.* a place in which trees are cultivated.

ar-bor-i-cul-ture (är-bẽr-i-kul'tūr), *n.* the cultivation of trees.

ar-bor-ous (är'bẽr-us), *adj.* like an arbor.

ar-bor-vi-tæ (är-bẽr-vī'tē), *n.* an evergreen tree.

arc (ärk), *n.* part of a circle.

arc-light (līt), a light produced by a strong electric current.

ar-cade (är-kād'), *n.* a covered walk; a gallery lined with shops.

ar-ca-di-an (är-kā'di-ån), *adj.* rurally simple.

ar-ca-num (är-kā'num), *n.* a secret; a mystery.

arch (ärch), *n.* part of a circle; a curve over doors or windows; *v. t.* to form an arch; *adj.* chief; waggish; sportive; coy.

ar-chæ-o-log-ic (är-kē-ō-loj'ik), *adj.* pertaining to the study of antiquities.

ar-chæ-o-log-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in accordance with antiquarianism.

ar-chæ-ol-o-gist or ARCHEOLOGIST (är-kē-ol'ō-jist), *n.* one who studies or is skilled in archæology.

ar-chæ-ol-o-gy or ARCHEOLOGY (är-kē-ol'ō-ji), *n.* the science of antiquities.

ar-cha-ic (är-kā'ik), *adj.* ancient; obsolete.

ar-cha-ism (är'kā-izm), *n.* an obsolete word.

arch-an-gel (ärk-ān'jel), *n.* a chief angel.

arch-an-gel-ic (ark-an-jel'ik), *n.* pertaining to archangels.

arch-bish-op (ärch-bish'up), *n.* a chief bishop.

arch-bish-op-ric (ärch-bish'up-rik), *n.* the jurisdiction of an archbishop.

arch-dea-con (ärch-dē'kn), *n.* a bishop's deputy.

arch-dea-con-ry (-ri), *n.* the office or residence of an archdeacon.

arch-du-cal (ärch-dū'kăl), *adj.* pertaining to an archduke.

arch-duch-ess (ärch-duch'es), *n.* the wife of an archduke.

arch-duch-y (ärch-duch'i), *n.* the territory or rank of an archduke.

arch-duke (ärch-dūk'), *n.* a prince of Austria.

arch-en-e-my (ärch-en'e-mi), *n.* a principal enemy; Satan.

ar-cher (är'chĕr), *n.* one who uses the bow and arrow.

arch-er-y (ärch'ĕr-i), *n.* the art of using the bow and arrow.

ar-che-type (är'kē-tīp), *n.* original type; a model.

ar-che-typ-ic (är-kē-tip'ik), *adj.* pertaining to an archetype.

ar-che-typ-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* after the manner of an archetype.

ar-chi-e-pis-co-pa-cy (är-ki-ē-pis'kō-pă-si), *n.* the rule of an archbishop.

ar-chi-e-pis-co-pal (är-ki-ē-pis'kō-păl), *adj.* pertaining to an archbishop.

ar-ching (är'ching), *adj.* curving like an arch.

ar-chi-pe-lag-ic (är-ki-pē-laj'ik), *adj.* pertaining to a collection of islands.

ar-chi-pel-a-go (är-ki-pel'ă-gō), *n.* a body of salt water containing many islands.

ar-chi-tect (är'ki-tekt), *n.* one versed in the art of building.

ar-chi-tec-tive (är'ki-tek-tiv), *adj.* proper for building.

ar-chi-tec-tu-ral (är-ki-tek'tū-răl), *adj.* pertaining to the art of building.

ar-chi-tec-tu-ral-ly (-li), *adv.* with regard to the building art.

ar-chi-tec-ture (är'ki-tek-tūr), *n.* the science or art of building; construction; workmanship.

ar-chi-trave (är'ki-trāv), *n.* the part in building which rests on a column.

ar-chi-val (är-kī'văl & är'ki-văl), *adj.* pertaining to state records.

ar-chive (är'kīv), *n.* a record or place for keeping records.

arch-ly (-li), *adv.* roguishly; waggishly; coyly.

arch-ness (-ness), *n.* shyness; coyness.

arch-priest (ärch'prēst), *n.* a chief priest

arch-way (ärch'wā), *n.* a passage beneath an arch.

arc-tic (ärk'tik), *adj.* lying far north; frigid.

arc-tic cir-cle (sĕr'kl), *n.* the circle dividing the north temperate and arctic zones.

ar-dent (är'dent), *adj.* hot; zealous; eager.

ar-dent spirits (spir'itz), *n.pl.* alcoholic beverages, as brandy, whisky. etc.

ar-dor (är'dĕr), *n.* warmth; affection; zeal.

ar-du-ous (är'dū-us), *adj.* steep; hard to climb.

are (är), *pres. tense pl.* of the verb to be. See be.

ar-e-a (ăr'e-ă), *n.* an open surface; any defined extent of surface.

a-re-na (ă-rē'nă), *n.* a field for combat or test of skill.

ar-e-na-ceous (a-rē-nā'shus), *adj.* sandy; consisting of sand.

ar-gent (är'jent), *adj.* silvery; bright like silver.

ar-gen-tite (är'jen-tīt), *n.* sulphide of silver.

ar-gil (är'jil), *n.* potters' clay or earth.

ar-gil-la-ceous (är-ji-lā'shus), *adj.* of the nature of clay; clayey.

ar-gil-lite (är'ji-līt), *n.* clay-slate.

ar-gol (är'gol), *n.* crude tartar.

ar-gon (är'gon), *n.* a rare element in the air.

ar-go-naut (är'gō-nawt), *n.* a gold seeker; the paper-nautilus.

ar-go-sy (är'gō-si), *n.* a richly freighted vessel.

ar-gu-a-ble (är'gū-ă-bl), *adj.* capable of discussion.

ar-gue (är'gū), *v.i.* to reason; dispute; discuss; contend in debate. *Syn.* debate, reason upon.

ar-gu-ment (är'gū-ment), *n.* a reason in support of a belief; debate; subject of a discourse; abstract of a book.

ar-gu-men-tal (är-gū-men'-tăl), *adj.* pertaining to reasoning.

ar-gu-men-ta-tion (är-gū-men-tā'-shun), *n.* the act of arguing.

ar-gu-men-ta-tive (är-gū-men'tă-tiv), *adj.* addicted to argument; disputatious.

ar-gus-eyed (är'gus-īd), *adj.* watchful; vigilant.

a-ria (är'ē-a), *n.* an air for single voice; a solo part.

ar-id (ar'id), *adj.* dry; barren.

a-rid-i-ty (ă-rid'i-ti), *n.* the state of being dry.

a-right (ă-rīt'), *adv.* rightly; in a right way.

a-rise (ă-rīz'), *v. i.* to rise; spring up; ascend; originate. *Syn.* emanate, spring, proceed.

ar-is-toc-ra-cy (ar-is-tok'ră-si), *n.* government by the nobility of a state.

ar-is-to-crat (ar'is-tō-krat & ă-ris'tō-krat), *n.* a personage of rank; one who upholds aristocracy.

ar-is-to-crat-ic (ar-is-tō-krat'-ik). *adj.* pertaining to the higher class or government by nobles.

ar-is-to-crat-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in an aristocratic manner.

a-rith-me-tic (ă-rith'me-tik). *n.* the science of numbers.

ar-ith-met-ic-al (ar-ith-met'-ik-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to arithmetic.

ar-ith-met-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* according to the rules of arithmetic.

a-rith-me-ti-cian (ă-rith-me-tish'ăn), *n.* one skilled in arithmetic.

ar-ith-mom-e-ter (ar-ith-mom'e-tĕr), *n.* a calculating machine.

ark (ärk), *n.* a large vessel, as that of Noah; a chest.

arm (ärm), *n.* the upper limb of man;, an inlet of water; a weapon: *v.t.* to equip with weapons; fit for defense.

arm-chair (ärm'-chār), *n.* a chair with arm supports.

arm-pit (ärm-'pit), *n.* the cavity beneath the arm.

ar-ma-da (är-mā'dă), *n.* a fleet of armed vessels.

ar-ma-dil-lo (är-mă-dil'ō), *n.* a small South American quadruped with a covering of bony plates.

ar-ma-ment (är'mă-ment), *n.* a force equipped for war; the guns of a war-vessel.

ar-ma-ture (är'ma-tūr), *n.* armor; defense; piece of iron connecting the poles of a magnet.

arm-ful (ärm'fool), *n.* what the arms can hold.

ar-mis-tice (är'mis-tis), *n.* a temporary cessation of hostilities; a truce.

arm-let (ärm'let), *n.* a bracelet or ornament for the arm.

ar-moire (är-mwär'), *n.* a movable cupboard.

ar-mor (är'mĕr), *n.* protective covering in battle; the plating of a warship.

ar-mor-clad (-klad), *adj.* iron-clad: *n.* a war vessel protected by steel plating.

ar-mor-plate (-plāt), *n.* a plate of iron or steel used in protecting a warship.

ar-mor-er (är'mor-ĕr), *n.* a maker or caretaker of arms.

ar-mo-ri-al (är-mō'ri-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to the arms or escutcheon of a family.

ar-mor-y (är'mĕr-i), *n.* a place for arms.

arms (ärmz), *n.pl.* weapons; the military service; armorial bearings. *Syn.* armor, mail, weapons.

ar-my (är'mi), *n.* [*pl.* armies (miz)], a body of men trained and equipped for war.

ar-my-worm (-wĕrm), *n.* a destructive insect larva.

ar-ni-ca (är'ni-kă), *n.* a genus of herbs; a remedy from the same for bruises.

a-ro-ma (ă-rō'mă), *n.* the odor of plants or other substances; perfume; fragrance.

ar-o-mat-ic (ar-ō-mat'ik), *adj.* fragrant; spicy.

ar-o-mat-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* with an aromatic smell.

a-rose (ă-rōz'), *p.t.* of arise.

a-round (ă-round'), *adv.* in a circle; on every side: *prep.* about; on all sides.

a-rouse (ă-rouz'), *v.t.* to excite or stir to action; awaken from sleep; stimulate.

ar-raign (ă-rān'), *v.t.* to call to answer in court; impeach; indict.

ar-raign-ment (ă-rān'ment), *n.* an accusation.

ar-range (ȧ-rānj'), *v.t.* to put in order.

ar-range-ment (ȧ-rānj'-ment), *n.* act of putting in order; settlement; classification; adjustment.

ar-rant (ar'ȧnt), *adj.* notorious; shameless.

ar-ras (ar'ȧs), *n.* tapestry; hangings.

ar-ray (ar-rā'), *n.* order; a body of men for battle; an orderly display: *v.t.* to place in order. *Syn.* collection, order, show.

ar-ray-al (ar-rā'ȧl), *n.* the process of arraying.

ar-rear (ar-rēr'), *n.* that which is unpaid.

ar-rear-age (ar-rēr'āj), *n.* the state of being in arrears.

ar-rest (ar-rest'), *v.t.* to stop; seize by legal authority; fix, as the attention: *n.* the act of seizing. *Syn.* capture, hold, detain, seize.

ar-ris (ar'is), *n.* the line in which two surfaces of a body, forming an exterior angle, meet each other.

ar-ri-val (ar-rī'vȧl), *n.* the act of coming.

ar-rive (ar-rīv'), *v.i.* to come to a place; reach; gain an object.

ar-ro-gance (ar'rō-gȧns), *n.* insolence of manner; haughtiness.

ar-ro-gant (ar'rō-gȧnt), *adj.* proud; haughty; insolent.

ar-ro-gate (ar'rō-gāt), *v.t.* to claim unduly.

ar-ro-ga-tion (ar-rō-gā'shun), *n.* undue assumption.

ar-row (ar'rō), *n.* the pointed weapon for a bow.

ar-row-head (-hed), *n.* the head of an arrow.

ar-row-root (ar'rō-rōōt), *n.* starch obtained from several species of plants.

ar-row-wood (-wood), *n.* a wood of which Indian arrows are made.

ar-se-nal (är'se-nȧl), *n.* a magazine of military stores.

ar-se-nic (är'se-nik), *n.* a poisonous element.

ar-sen-ic-al ('ik-ȧl), *adj.* pertaining to or containing arsenic.

ar-se-ni-ous (är-sē'ni-us), *adj.* pertaining to arsenic.

ar-son (är'sn), *n.* the malicious firing of any building or other property.

art (ärt), *n.* practical skill; cunning; artifice; dexterity; ability to produce effects of high value; the opposite to science.

ar-te-ri-al (är-tē'ri-ȧl), *adj.* pertaining to an artery.

ar-te-ri-al-i-za-tion (är-tē-ri-ȧl-i-zā'shun), *n.* the conversion of venous into arterial blood.

ar-te-ri-al-ize (är-tē'ri-ȧl-iz), *v.t.* to convert venous into arterial blood.

ar-te-ri-ol-o-gy (är-tē'ri-ol'ō-ji), *n.* anatomy of the arteries.

ar-te-ri-ot-o-my (är-tē-ri-ot'-o-mi), *n.* the opening of an artery.

ar-ter-y (är'tēr-i), *n.* a vessel conveying the blood from the heart to all parts of the body.

ar-te-sian well (är-tē'zhȧn wel), *n.* a well formed by boring, often to great depth.

art-ful (ärt'fool), *adj.* cunning; crafty. *Syn.* sly, tricky, insincere.

art-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in a cunning manner.

ar-thri-tis (är-thrī'tis), *n.* inflammation of the joints.

ar-ti-choke (är'ti-chōk), *n.* a garden vegetable, used for food.

ar-ti-cle (är'ti-kl), *n.* a distinct portion; a single item; a prose composition in a newspaper, etc.; a point of doctrine; a defining word in grammar: *v.t.* to bind by stipulation; specify.

ar-tic-u-lar (är-tik'ū-lär), *adj.* pertaining to the joints.

ar-tic-u-late (är-tik'ū-lāt), *v.t.* to unite by a joint; to form words; to speak distinctly: *adj.* jointed; segmented.

ar-tic-u-la-tion (är-tik-ū-lā'-shun), *n.* a joint or juncture between bones; a distinct utterance; a node of a plant stem.

ar-tic-u-la-tor (är-tik'ū-lā-tēr), *n.* one who pronounces distinctly; one who mounts skeletons.

ar-ti-fice (är'ti-fis), *n.* an artful contrivance; fraud; device. *Syn.* trick, stratagem, craft.

ar-tif-i-cer (är-tif'i-sēr), *n.* a skilled worker; mechanic; inventor.

ar-ti-fi-cial (är-ti-fish'ȧl), *adj.* produced by human labor; feigned; not genuine or natural.

ar-ti-fi-ci-al-i-ty (-fish-i-ăl'i-ti), *n.* that which is artificial.

ar-ti-fi-cial-ly (-li), *adv.* by human contrivance.

ar-til-ler-y (är-til'lĕr-i), *n.* cannon; ordnance; troops in charge of cannon.

ar-ti-san (är'ti-zăn), *n.* one skilled in any trade.

ar-tist (är'tist), *n.* a professor of an art; painter, sculptor, etc. *Syn.* artisan, workman.

ar-tiste (är-tēst'), *n.* an expert in the common arts.

ar-tis-tic (är-tis'tik), *adj.* pertaining to art.

ar-tis-tic-al-ly (-ăl-li), *adv.* conformable to the rules of art.

art-less (ärt'les), *adj.* lacking art; simple; unaffected.

Ar-yan (är'yăn), *adj.* pertaining to the Aryans.

Ar-yans *n.* the white race of mankind.

as (as), *adj.* and *conj.* even; in like manner.

as-a-fet-i-da (as-ă-fet'i-dă), *n.* a fetid sap or gum.

as-bes-tine (as-bes'tin), *adj.* pertaining to asbestos.

as-bes-tos (as-bes'tos), or ASBESTUS ('tus), *n.* a fibrous and incombustible material.

as-cend (as-send'), *v.i.* to mount; go up; rise.

as-cend-an-cy (as-sen'dăn-si), or ASCENDENCY ('den-si), *n.* a governing power.

as-cend-ant (as-sen'dănt), or ASCENDENT ('dent), *adj.* rising; superior; *n.* superior influence.

as-cen-sion (as-sen'shun), *n.* the act of moving upward.

as-cent (as-sent'), *n.* the act of rising; an acclivity.

as-cer-tain (as-sĕr-tān'), *v.t.* to make certain; establish.

as-cer-tain-ment (as-sĕr-tān'ment), *n.* the act of ascertaining.

as-cet-ic (as-set'ik), *n.* a hermit; a recluse: *adj.* austere; severe.

as-cet-ic-al-ly (-ăl-li), *adv.* in an ascetical manner.

as-cet-i-cism (as-set'i-sizm), *n.* the ascetic mode of life; austerity.

as-cri-ba-ble (ăs-krī'bă-bl), *adj.* capable of being attributed.

as-cribe (ăs-krīb'), *v.t.* to attribute, impute.

as-crip-tion (ăs-krip'shun), *n.* act of ascribing.

a-sep-tic (ă-sep'tik), *adv.* free from disease germs.

a-sex-u-al (a-seks'ū-ăl), *adj.* not sexual.

a-sex-u-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in a nonsexual manner.

ash (ash), *n.* a well-known timber tree and its wood.

ash (ash), *n.* the residue of fuel: *pl.* (ashes), the waste of burned coal.

a-shamed (ă-shāmd'), *p.adj.* affected by shame.

ash-en (ash'n), *adj.* made of ash wood; of the color of ashes.

a-shore (ă-shōr'), *adv.* on shore; on land.

a-side (ă-sīd'), *adv.* on one side; away from.

as-i-nine (as'i-nīn), *adj.* pertaining to the ass; stupid.

as-i-nin-i-ty (as'i-nin'i-ti), *n.* obstinate stupidity.

ask (ăsk), *v.t* to request; question; invite: *Syn.* crave, beseech, petition.

a-skance (ă-skans'), *adv.* sideways; obliquely.

a-skew (ă-skū'), *adv.* obliquely; awry.

a-slant (ă-slant'), *adv.* sloping; slanting; athwart.

a-sleep (ă-slēp'), *adj.* & *adv.* sleeping; dormant.

a-slope (ă-slōp'), *adv.* in a sloping direction.

a-soak (ă-sōk'), *adv.* soaked with moisture.

asp (ăsp), *n.* a small venomous snake.

as-par-a-gus (as-par'ă-gus), *n.* a tender edible plant.

as-pect (as'peckt), *n.* appearance; look; mien.

as-pen (as'pen), *n.* a species of poplar whose leaves tremble in the wind.

as-per (as'pĕr), *adj.* rugged; hard; warlike.

as-per-i-ty (as-per'i-ti), *n.* roughness; sourness; bitterness of temper.

a-sper-mous (ă-spĕr'mus), *adj.* without seed.

as-perse (as-pĕrs'), *v.t.* to injure by slander.

as-per-sion (as-pĕr'shun), *n.* a sprinkling; calumny.

as-phalt (as'falt), *n.* a bituminous substance used for paving, etc.

as-phal-tic (as-fal′tik), *adj.* of the nature of asphalt.

as-phal-tum. Same as asphalt.

as-pho-del (as′fo-del), *n.* the name of several plants; in mythology, the fadeless plant of Hades.

as-phyx-i-ate (as-fik′si-āt), *v.t.* to suffocate.

as-phyx-i-a (as-fik′si-å), *n.* a fainting; suspended animation.

as-pi-rant (as-pī′rånt), *adj.* aspiring; *n.* one who aspires.

as-pi-rate (as′pi-rāt), *v.t.* to pronounce with a full breathing: *n.* an aspirated letter.

as-pi-ra-tion (as-pi-rā′shun), *n.* an aspirated sound; a breath; an ardent desire.

as-pi-ra-to-ry (as-pī′rā-to-ri), *adj.* suited to the inhaling of air.

as-pire (as-pīr′), *v.i.* to desire eagerly.

a-squint (å-skwint′), *adv.* with a squint; obliquely.

ass (ås), *n.* an animal allied to the horse; a stupid fellow.

as-sa-fœt-i-da. See asafetida.

as-sail (as-sāl′), *v.t.* to attack with vehemence.

as-sail-ant (as-sāl′ånt), *n.* one who assails.

as-sas-sin (as-sas′sin), *n.* one who slays treacherously.

as-sas-si-nate (as-sas′si-nāt), *v.t.* to kill by secret means; to murder.

as-sas-si-na-tion (as-sas-si-nā′shun), *n.* the act of slaying.

as-sault (as-sawlt′), *n.* a violent attack; a military onslaught: *v.t.* to attack violently; storm, as by armed force.

as-say (as-sā′), *n.* a trial to determine the purity of metals: *v.t.* to try; to prove.

as-say-er (as-sā′ĕr), *n.* one who tests the purity of metals.

as-sem-blage (as-sem′blej), *n.* a group of persons.

as-sem-ble (as-sem′bl), *v.t.* to gather in one place; congregate.

as-sem-bly (as-sem′bli), *n.* a company of persons; a meeting.

as-sent (as-sent′), *v.i.* to admit as true: *n.* the act of agreeing to.

as-sen-ti-ent (as-sen′shi-ent), *adj.* assenting; *n.* one who assents.

as-sert (as-sĕrt′), *v.t.* to maintain; declare positively.

as-ser-tion (as-sĕr′shun), *n.* the act of asserting; a positive declaration.

as-ser-tive (as-sĕr′tiv), *adj.* positive; dogmatical.

as-ser-tor (as-sĕr′tĕr), *n.* one who asserts

as-sess (as-ses′), *v.t.* determine, as damages; set a rate or charge upon, as a tax.

as-sess-ment (as-ses′ment), *n.* the act of assessing; the sum levied as tax or damages.

as-sess-or (as-ses′ĕr), *n.* one appointed to assess.

as-ses-so-ri-al (as-ses-sō′ri-ål), *adj.* pertaining to an assessor.

as-sets (as′sets), *n.pl.* the property of a deceased or insolvent person; the property of a trader or corporation.

as-sev-er-ate (as-sev′ĕr-āt), *v.t.* to affirm positively or solemnly.

as-sev-er-a-tion (as-sev-ĕr-ā′shun), *n.* a solemn affirmation.

as-sib-i-late (as-sib′i-lāt), *v.t.* to pronounce with a hissing sound.

as-si-du-i-ty (as-si-dū′i-ti), *n.* close application.

as-sid-u-ous (as-sid′ū-us), *adj.* constant in application; diligent.

as-sign (as-sīn′), *v.t.* to appoint; mark out; make over.

as-sig-na-tion (as-ig-nā′shun), *n.* an appointment to meet.

as-sign-ee (as-sin-ē′), *n.* one to whom an assignment is made.

as-sign-ment (as-sīn′ment), *n.* a transfer of title or interest.

as-sig-nor (as-si-nôr′), *n.* one who assigns.

as-sim-i-la-ble (as-sim′i-lå-bl), *adj.* capable of being assimilated.

as-sim-i-late (as-sim′i-lāt), *v.t.* to absorb, as nourishment.

as-sim-i-la-tion (as-sim-i-lā′shun), *n.* the act of assimilating.

as-sim-i-la-tive (as-sim′i-lā-tiv), *adj.* having the power of assimilating.

as-sist (as-sist′), *v.t.* to help; aid; give support to.

as-sis-tance (as-sis'tåns), *n.* help; succor; support.

as-sis-tant (as-sis'tånt), *adj.* helping; lending aid: *n.* one who assists.

as-sist-ful (as-sist'fool), *adj.* helpful.

as-size (as-sīz'), *n.* a court or session of justice for trial of cases.

as-size-ment (as-sīz'ment), *n.* an inspection of weights and measures.

as-si-zer (as-sī'zēr), *n.* a juror.

as-so-ci-ate (as-sō'shi-āt), *v.t.* to unite; join with; keep company: *adj.* joined in interest: *n.* a companion; a confederate.

as-so-ci-a-tion (as-sō-shi-ā'shun), *n.* the act of associating; union; a body of persons with a common object; a society. *Syn.* combination, company.

as-so-ci-a-tive (as-sō-shi-ā'tiv), *adj.* tending to association.

as-so-nance (as'sō-nåns), *n.* resemblance of sound.

as-so-nant (as'sō-nånt), *adj.* possessing assonance.

as-sort (as-sôrt'), *v.t.* to classify; arrange.

as-sort-ment (as-sôrt'ment), *n.* a classified collection of articles.

as-suade (as-swād'), *v.t.* to present, as advice.

as-suage (as-swāj'), *v.t.* to soften; mitigate; allay.

as-suage-ment (as-swāj'ment), *n.* mitigation.

as-sume (as-sūm'), *v.t.* to take for granted; pretend to possess: *v.i.* to be arrogant; presume; claim unduly; pretend. *Syn.* claim, take, usurp.

as-sump-sit (as-sump'sit), *n.* a verbal contract based on a consideration.

as-sump-tion (as-sump'shun), *n.* the act of assuming; taking for granted; a verbal or unsealed contract.

as-sump-tive (as-sump'tiv), *adj.* assumed.

as-sur-a-ble (å-shūr'å-bl), *adj.* that may be assured.

as-sur-ance (å-shūr'åns), *n.* certain expectation; confidence; impudence; a contract to make good a loss.

as-sure (å-shūr'), *v.t.* to make sure; to inspire confidence; secure to another in event of loss or death.

as-sured (å-shūrd'), *p.adj.* made certain; guaranteed.

as-sur-ed-ly (-li), *adv.* certainly; with assurance.

as-sur-ed-ness (-nes), *n.* certainty; full confidence.

as-sur-er (å-shūr'ēr), *n.* one who assures.

a-stat-ic (å-stat'ik), *adj.* without polarity.

a-stat-ic-al-ly (-ål-li), *adv.* in an astatic manner.

as-ter (as'tēr), *n.* a genus of flowering-plants.

as-te-ri-al (as-tē'ri-âl), *adj.* related to the stars.

as-ter-isk (as'tēr-isk), *n.* the mark (*) used in printing to indicate a footnote, etc.

as-ter-ism (as'tēr-izm), *n.* a cluster of stars.

a-stern (a-stērn), *adj.* & *adv.* at the hinder part of a ship.

as-ter-oid (as'tēr-oid), *adj.* star-like: *n.* one of the small planets between Mars and Jupiter.

as-the-ni-a (as-thē'nī-å), *n.* debility.

as-then-ic (as-then'ik), *adj.* feeble.

asth-ma (ast'må & as'må), *n.* shortness of breath; difficult breathing.

asth-mat-ic (as-mat'ik), *adj.* affected by asthma.

asth-mat-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in an asthmatic manner.

as-tig-mat-ic (as-tig-mat'ik), *adj.* pertaining to astigmatism.

a-stig-ma-tism (a-stig'må-tizm), *n.* a variation of the focus of the crystalline lens of the eye.

a-stir (å-stēr), *adv.* or *adj.* on the move; stirring.

as-ton-ish (as-ton'ish), *v.t.* to surprise; amaze.

as-ton-ish-ment (as-ton'ish-ment), *n.* amazement.

as-tound (as-tound'), *v.t.* to strike with wonder or fear.

a-strad-dle (å-strad'l), *adv.* with the legs across; astride.

as-trag-al-us (as-trag'ål-us), *n.* the ball of the ankle-joint.

as-tral (as'trål), *adj.* pertaining to the stars.

as-tral lamp (lamp), *n.* a lamp similar to an Argand lamp.

a-stray (ȧ-strā′), *adv.* out of the right way; wandering; straggling.

a-stride (ȧ-strīd′), *adv.* with the legs wide apart; astraddle.

as-trin-gen-cy (as-trin′jen-si), *n.* the quality of being astringent.

as-trin-gent (as-trin′jent), *adj.* contracting, opposed to laxative: *n.* a substance that produces contraction of the tissues.

as-tro-labe (as′trō-lāb), *n.* an instrument for taking the altitude of the sun or stars.

as-trol-o-ger (as-trol′ō-jẽr), *n.* one who professes to forecast events by means of the stars.

as-tro-log-ic-al (as-trō-loj′-ik-ȧl), *adj.* pertaining to astrology.

as-tro-log-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in an astrological manner.

as-trol-o-gy (as-trol′ō-ji), *n.* predestination by the stars.

as-tron-o-mer (as-tron′o-mer), *n.* one who is versed in astronomy.

as-tro-nom-ic (as-trō-nom′-ik), or ASTRONOMICAL (′ik-ȧl), *adj.* pertaining to astronomy.

as-tro-nom-ic-al signs (sīnz), *n. pl.* the signs of the zodiac.

as-tro-nom-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in an astronomical manner.

as-tron-o-my (as-tron′ō-mi), *n.* the science of the heavenly bodies.

as-tro-pho-tog-ra-phy (as-trō-fō-tog′rȧ-fi), *n.* photography applied to the heavenly bodies.

as-tro-phys-i-cal (as-trō-fiz′-i-kȧl), *adj.* pertaining to the star structure.

as-tute (as-tūt′), *adj.* shrewd; sagacious; crafty. *Syn.* acute, cunning, keen.

a-sun-der (ȧ-sun′dẽr), *adv.* apart; into parts.

a-sy-lum (ȧ-sī′lum), *n.* an institution for the care of the aged or afflicted.

a-sym-met-ric-al (a-sim-et′-rik-ȧl), *adj.* not symmetrical.

a-sym-met-ric-al-ly (-li), *adv.* not symmetrically.

a-sym-me-try (ȧ-sim′e-tri), *n.* lack of symmetry between the parts of a thing.

at-a-vism (at′ȧ-vizm), *n.* the tendency to revert to the ancestral type of a species.

at-a-vis-tic (at-ȧ-vis′tik), *adj.* pertaining to atavism.

a-tax-i-a (ȧ-tak′si-ȧ), *n.* irregularities in the functions of the body.

ate (āt), *p.t.* of eat.

at-e-lier (ȧt-el-yā′), *n.* a workshop; an artist's studio.

a-the-ism (ā′thē-izm), *n.* disbelief in the existence of a God.

a-the-ist (ā′thē-ist), *n.* one who denies the existence of a God.

a-the-is-tic (ā-thē-is′tik), *adj.* pertaining to atheism.

a-the-is-tic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in an atheistic manner.

ath-e-ne-um, ath-e-næ-um (ath-e-nē′um), *n.* an institution for the study of literature, science, and art.

a-ther-man-cy (ȧ-thẽr′mȧn-si), *n.* impermeability to radiant heat.

a-thirst (ȧ-thẽrst′), *adj.* in want of drink.

ath-lete (ath′lēt), *n.* one trained to contend in feats of physical prowess.

ath-let-ic (ath-let′ik), *adj.* pertaining to athletes; strong; vigorous; muscular.

ath-let-ic-al-ly (ath-let′ik-ȧl-li), *adv.* in an athletic manner.

ath-let-i-cism (ath-let′i-sizm), *n.* the practice of athletic exercises.

ath-let-ics (ath-let′iks), *n.* a system of athletic training; athletic exercises.

a-thwart (ȧ-thwart′), *prep.* across: *adv.* crosswise; obliquely.

a-tilt (a-tilt′), *adv.* & *adj.* in the position of a person making a thrust.

at-las (at′lȧs), *n.* a collection of maps.

at-mol-o-gy (at-mol′ō-ji), *n.* the phenomena of aqueous vapor.

at-mom-e-ter (at-mom′e-tẽr), *n.* an instrument for measuring the rate of evaporation.

at-mos-phere (at′mos-fēr), *n.* air that surrounds the earth; the influence exerted on a person by his environment.

at-mos-pher-ic (at-mos-fēr′-ik), *adj.* pertaining to the atmosphere.

at-oll (ȧ-tol′ & at′ol), *n.* a ring-shaped coral island.

at-om (at′um), *n.* the ultimate particle of matter.

a-tom-ic (a-tom′ik), *adj.* pertaining to atoms; very small.

a-tom-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in an atomic manner.

at-om-ic-i-ty (at-om-is′i-ti), *n.* equivalence of an element.

at-om-ize (at′um-īz), *v.t.* to reduce to atoms or exceedingly fine particles.

at-om-i-zer (at′um-ī-zẽr), *n.* a spraying instrument.

a-ton-a-ble (ȧ-tōn′ȧ-bl), *adj.* that may be atoned.

a-tone (ȧ-tōn′), *v.i.* to expiate; make satisfaction for; reconcile.

a-tone-ment (ȧ-tōn′ment), *n.* satisfaction for injury; expiation of sin.

a-ton-ic (ȧ-ton′ik), *adj.* wanting tone; unaccented.

at-o-ny (at′ō-ni), *n.* want of tone; debility.

a-tri-um (ā′tri-um), *n.* [*pl.* atria (-ȧ)], the entrance-hall in an ancient Roman house; a portico; a cavity.

a-tro-cious (ȧ-trō′shus), *adj.* very wicked; outrageous; flagrant.

a-troc-i-ty (ȧ-tros′i-ti), *n.* enormous wickedness; an atrocious deed.

at-ro-phy (at′rō-fi), *n.* a wasting away in the body: *v.i.* to waste; to dwindle.

at-tach (at-tach′), *v.t.* to fasten, or fix; to connect with; to take by legal authority.

at-ta-ché (at-tȧ-shā), *n.* one attached to the suite of an embassy.

at-tach-ment (at-tach′ment), *n.* fidelity; affection or regard; a taking into custody by legal process.

at-tack (at-tak′), *v.t.* to assault; *v.i.* to make attack: *n.* an onset; assault. *Syn.* assail, assault, encounter.

at-tain (at-tān′), *v.t.* to achieve; gain; *v.i.* to reach; arrive at.

at-tain-a-bil-i-ty (at-tān-ȧ-bil′-i-ti), *n.* attainableness.

at-tain-a-ble (at-tān′ȧ-bl), *adj.* that may be attained.

at-tain-a-ble-ness (-nes), *n.* the being attainable.

at-tain-der (at-tān′dẽr), *n.* the act of attainting in law; an act depriving of civil rights.

at-tain-ment (at-tān′ment), *n.* the act of attaining; an acquisition.

at-taint (at-tānt′), *v.t.* to taint; corrupt; sully by disgrace.

at-tem-per (at-tem′pẽr), *v.t.* to modify by mixture; regulate; temper.

at-tempt (at-tempt′), *v.t.* to try; endeavor: *n.* a trial; effort; essay.

at-tend (at-tend′), *v.t.* to wait upon; accompany; be present at; listen.

at-ten-dance (at-ten′dȧns), *n.* the act of attending.

at-ten-dant (at-ten′dȧnt), *n.* one who attends: *adj.* accompanying.

at-ten-tion (at-ten′shun), *n.* the act of heeding; civility; care for the comfort of others.

at-ten-tive (at-ten′tiv), *adj.* heedful; intent

at-ten-u-ant (at-ten′ū-ȧnt), *adj.* making thin; diluting.

at-ten-u-ate (at-ten′ū-āt) *v.t.* to make thin *adj.* made thin; dilute; rarefied.

at-ten-u-a-tion (at-ten-ū-ā′-shun), *n.* making slender, or thinning by dilution.

at-test (at-test′), *v.t.* to bear witness to.

at-tes-ta-tion (at-tes-tā′shun), *n.* testimony given on oath or declaration.

at-tes-tor (at-tes′tẽr), *n.* one who attests.

at-tic (at′tik), *n.* a garret.

At-tic (at′tik), *adj.* pertaining to Attica, classical.

at-tire (at-tīr′), *v.t.* to dress; clothe; adorn: *n.* dress; clothes; garb.

at-ti-tude ((at′ti-tūd), *n.* posture; position.

at-ti-tu-di-nal (at-ti-tū′di-nȧl), *adj.* pertaining to attitude.

at-ti-tu-di-na-ri-an (at-ti-tū-di-nā'ri-ăn), *n.* one who affects attitudes.

at-ti-tu-di-nize (at-ti-tū'di-nīz), *v.i.* to pose for effect.

at-tor-ney (at-tĕr'ni), *n.* one qualified to act for another in legal or business matters.

at-tor-ney-ship (at-tĕr'ni-ship), *n.* agency for another.

at-tract (at-trakt'), *v.t.* to draw to; allure; entice.

at-tract-a-bil-i-ty (at-trakt-ă-bil'-i-ti), *n.* the power of attraction.

at-tract-ile (at-trakt'il), *adj.* having the power to attract.

at-trac-tion (at-trak'shun), *n.* the power of drawing together.

at-tract-ive (at-trakt'ive), *adj.* alluring; inviting.

at-trib-u-ta-ble (at-trib'ū-tă-bl), *adj.* that may be attributed.

at-trib-ute (at-trib'ut), *v.t.* to ascribe, impute, assign: *n.* (at'tri-būt), quality; trait; a characteristic of any subject. *Syn.* ascribe, assign.

at-tri-bu-tion (at-tri-bū'shun), *n.* the act of attributing.

at-trib-u-tive (at-trib'ū-tiv), *adj.* pertaining to an attribute: *n.* a word denoting an attribute.

at-trite (at-trīt'), *adj.* worn by friction.

at-tri-tion (at-trish'un), *n.* wearing by rubbing; abrasion.

at-tune (at-tūn'), *v.t.* to put in tune.

a-typ-ic (ă-tip'ik), *adj.* not conformable to the type.

au-burn (aw'bĕrn), *adj.* reddish-brown.

auc-tion (awk'shun), *n.* a public sale to the highest bidder.

auc-tion-eer (awk-shun-ēr'), *n.* one who sells by auction.

au-da-cious (aw-dā'shus), *adj.* bold; insolent.

au-dac-i-ty (aw-das'i-ti), *n.* boldness; impudence; effrontery. *Syn.* effrontery, hardihood.

au-di-ble (aw'di-bl), *adj.* that may be heard.

au-di-bly (-bli), *adv.* so as to be heard.

au-di-ence (aw'di-ens), *n.* the act of hearing; an assembly of hearers.

au-di-ent (aw'di-ent), *adj.* hearing; listening.

au-di-phone (aw'di-fōn), *n.* an instrument to assist the deaf in hearing.

au-dit (aw'dit), *n.* official examination of accounts: *v.t.* to adjust accounts or claims.

au-di-tor (aw'di-tĕr), *n.* a hearer; an adjuster of accounts.

au-di-to-ri-um (aw-di-tō'ri-um), *n.* the space in a theater for the audience.

au-di-to-ry (aw'di-to-ri), *adj.* pertaining to hearing: *n.* an audience.

au-ger (aw'gĕr), *n.* a tool for boring holes.

aught (awt), *n.* anything.

aug-ment (awg-ment'), *v.t.* to increase; enlarge.

aug-men-ta-tion (awg-men-tā'-shun), *n.* increase; a thing added.

aug-men-ta-tive (awg-men'-tā-tiv), *adj.* having the quality of augmenting: *n.* a word which adds force.

au-gur (aw'gĕr), *n.* one who formerly predicted by the flight of birds, and other tokens the occurrence of events.

au-gu-ry (aw'gū-ri), *n.* the art of foretelling; an omen; presage.

au-gust (aw-gust'), *adj.* grand; inspiring reverence.

Au-gust (aw'gust), *n.* the eighth month of the year.

au-lic (aw'lik), *adj.* pertaining to a royal court.

aunt (ănt), *n.* the sister of one's father or mother.

au-ra (aw'rȧ), *n.* a subtle exhalation, supposed to emanate from a living body.

au-ral (aw'rȧl), *adj.* pertaining to the air or to the sense of hearing.

au-re-ate (aw'rē-āt), *adj.* golden; golden-yellow.

au-re-lian (aw-rē'lyăn), *n.* one who makes a study of butterflies and moths.

au-re-o-la (aw-rē'ō-lȧ), *n.* a circle of rays.

au-ric (aw'rik), *adj.* pertaining to gold.

au-ri-cle (aw'ri-kl), *n.* the external ear.

au-ric-u-lar (aw-rik'ū-lăr), *adj.* pertaining to the ear; privately addressed, as to the priest in the confessional; obtained by the ear.

au-rif-er-ous (aw-rif'ĕr-us), *adj.* gold-bearing.

au-ri-form (aw'ri-fōrm), *adj.* ear-shaped.

au-rist (aw'rist), *n.* one skilled in the treatment of ear disorders.

au-rochs (aw'roks), *n.* the European bison.

au-ro-ra (aw-rō'rȧ), *n.* the rising light of the morning; the dawn.

au-ro-ra au-stra-lis (aw-strā'-lis), *n.* the southern auroral lights.

au-ro-ra bo-re-al-is (bō-re-āl'is), *n.* the northern lights.

au-rous (aw'rus), *adj.* pertaining to gold.

aus-cul-tate (aws'kul-tāt), *v.t.* to examine by auscultation.

aus-cul-ta-tion (aws-kul-tā'-shun), *n.* a method of detecting chest disease by aid of hearing.

aus-cul-ta-ter (aws'kul-tā-tĕr), *n.* a stethoscope.

aus-pice (aws'pis), *n.* an omen; a predication.

aus-pi-cious (aws-pish'us), *adj.* promising success.

aus-tere (aws-tēr'), *adj.* harsh; severe; rigid; *Syn.* rigid, rigorous, stern.

aus-ter-i-ty (aws-tĕr'i-ti), *n.* severity of life; harsh discipline.

aus-tral (aws'trȧl), *adj.* southern.

au-then-tic (aw-then'tik), *adj.* genuine; duly authorized; trustworthy.

au-then-tic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in an authentic manner.

au-then-ti-ca-tion (aw-then-ti-kā'-shun), *n.* the act of authenticating

au-then-tic-i-ty (aw-then-tis'i-ti), *n.* the quality of being authentic.

au-thor (aw'thĕr), *n.* the producer of anything; a writer of books, etc; an originator.

au-thor-ess (aw'thĕr-es), *n.* a woman author.

au-thor-i-ta-tive (aw-thor'i-tā-tiv), *adj.* having authority; positive.

au-thor-i-ty (aw-thor'i-ti), *n.* legal power; dominion; jurisdiction; one deserving of credit.

au-thor-iza-tion (aw-thĕr-i-zā'-shun), *n.* the act of authorizing.

au-thor-ize (aw'thĕr-īz), *v.t.* to give authority.

au-thor-ship (-ship), *n.* the state of being an author.

au-to, *prefix* meaning *self; of one's self; of itself.*

au-to-bi-o-graph-ic (aw-tō-bī-ō-graf'ik), *adj.* pertaining to autobiography.

au-to-bi-o-graph-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in an autobiographic manner.

au-to-bi-og-ra-phy (aw-tō-bī-og'-rȧ-fi), *n.* a biography of a person written by himself.

au-to-car (aw'tō-kär), *n.* a self-moved road-vehicle; an automobile.

au-toc-ra-cy (aw-tok'rȧ-si), *n.* absolute authority: supremacy.

au-to-crat (aw'to-krat), *n.* an absolute sovereign.

au-to-crat-ic (aw-to-krat'ik), *adj.* pertaining to autocracy; absolute.

au-to-crat-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in an autocratic manner.

au-to-cy-cle (aw'tō-sī-kl), *n.* a motor bicycle.

au-to-dy-nam-ic (aw-tō-dī-nam'-ik), *adj.* operating by its own force.

au-to-graph (aw'tō-graf), *n.* an original manuscript or signature: *adj.* in one's own handwriting.

au-to-graphic (aw-tō-graf'ik), *adj.* pertaining to an autograph; self-recording.

au-tog-ra-phy (aw-tog'rȧ-fi), *n.* the study of autographs.

au-to-grav-ure (aw-tō-grāv-ūr'), *n.* a process of photo-engraving.

au-to-mat-ic (aw-tō-mat'ik), *adj.* self-acting.

au-to-mat-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in an automatic manner.

au-tom-a-tism (aw-tom'ȧ-tizm), *n.* automatic action.

au-tom-a-ton (aw-tom'ȧ-ton), *n.* a self-acting machine.

au-tom-a-tous (aw-tom'ȧ-tus), *adj.* spontaneous.

au-tom-e-try (aw-tom'e-tri), *n.* self-estimation.

au-to-mo-bile (aw-to-mō'bil), *adj.* self-propelling: *n.* a motor-carriage.

au-to-mo-bil-ist (aw-to-mō′-bil-ist), *n.* one who uses an automobile; a chauffeur.

au-to-morph-ism (aw-to-môrf′-ism), *n.* judging others from self-knowledge.

au-to-mo-tor (aw′to-mō-tĕr), *n.* a self-acting machine.

au-ton-o-mous (-ton′ō-mus), *adj.* pertaining to autonomy.

au-ton-o-mist (aw-ton′o-mist), *n.* a supporter of autonomy.

au-ton-o-my (aw-ton′o-mi), *n.* the right of self-government.

au-to-nym (aw′to-nim), *n.* one's own name; opposed to pseudonym.

au-to-plas-ty (aw′to-plas-ti), *n.* repairing lesions by tissue from another part of the body. Called also rhinoplasty.

au-top-sy (aw′top-si), *n.* personal observation; a post-mortem examination.

au-to-tox-ic (aw-to-toks′ik), *adj.* self-poisoning.

au-to-truck (aw′to-truk), *n.* a self-moving truck.

au-to-type (aw′to-tīp), *n.* a fac-simile; a process of producing pictures.

au-to-ty-pog-ra-phy (aw-to-tī-pog′-rā-fi), *n.* a kind of nature printing.

au-tumn (aw′tum), *n.* the season between summer and winter.

au-tum-nal ('nal), *adj.* belonging to autumn.

aux-il-i-a-ry (awg-zil′i-ā-ri), *adj.* helping; aiding; subsidiary: *n.* a helper; a confederate or ally: *pl.* subsidiary troops.

a-vail (ā-vāl′), *v.i.* to be of use; give profit: *n.* use; advantage: *pl.* proceeds or profits.

a-vai-la-bil-i-ty (ā-vā-lā-bil′i-ti), *n.* the state of being available.

av-a-lanche (av′ā-lanch), *n.* a fall of snow, ice or earth from the heights of a mountain.

av-a-rice (av′ā-ris), *n.* inordinate desire of gain; cupidity; greediness.

av-a-ri-cious (av-ā-rish′us), *adj.* impelled by avarice. *Syn.* niggardly, miserly.

a-vast (ā-vast′), *interj.* stop! cease! hold!

av-a-tar (av-ā-tär′), *n.* the descent of a deity to earth in bodily form.

a-vaunt (ā-vawnt′ & ā-vänt′), *interj.* begone! depart!

a-ve (ā′vē & ä′vē), *interj.* hail! farewell! *n.* an Ave Maria; a salutation.

av-e-na-ceous (av-ē-nā′shus), *adj.* resembling oats.

a-venge (ā-venj′), *v.t.* to exact satisfaction for injury; to punish.

av-e-nue (av′e-nū), *n.* an entrance; passageway; a broad street.

a-ver (ā-vĕr′), *v.t.* to affirm positively.

av-er-age (av′ĕr-ej), *n.* a medium amount: *v.t.* to find the mean, as of unequal quantities.

a-ver-ment (ā-vĕr′ment), *n.* a positive assertion; a fixed declaration.

a-verse (ā-vĕrs′), *adj.* unwilling; unfavorable.

a-ver-sion (ā-vĕr′shun), *n.* antipathy; dislike; hatred. *Syn.* displeasure, repugnance.

a-vert (ā-vĕrt′), *v.t.* to turn away, prevent.

a-vert-i-ble (ā-vĕrt′i-bl), *adj.* capable of being warded off.

a-vi-an (ā′vi-ăn), *adj.* pertaining to birds.

a-vi-a-ry (ā′vi-ā-ri), *n.* a place or inclosure for keeping birds.

a-vi-a-tion (ā′vi-ā-shun), *n.* flying; mechanical flight.

a-vi-a-tor (ā′vi-ā-tĕr), *n.* the operator of a flying machine.

a-vi-cul-ture (ā′vi-kul-tūr), *n.* the rearing of birds.

a-vid-i-ty (ā-vid′i-ti), *n.* greediness; eagerness.

av-o-ca-tion (av-ō-kā′shun), *n.* an occasional occupation.

a-void (ā-void′), *v.t.* to keep away; to shun.

a-voi-dance (ā-voi′dăns), *n.* the act of shunning.

av-oir-du-pois (av-ĕr-dū-poiz′), *n.* a system of weights of 16 ounces to the pound.

a-vouch (ā-vouch′), *v.t.* to affirm openly; maintain.

a-vow (ā-vou′), *v.t.* to declare; acknowledge; admit. *Syn.* aver, confess, declare.

a-vow-al (å-vou'âl), *n.* an open declaration.

a-wait (å-wāt'), *v.t.* to wait for; expect; be ready for.

a-wake (å-wāk'), *v.t.* to arouse from sleep: *v.i.* to cease to sleep: *adj.* not sleeping.

a-wak-en-ing (å-wāk'en-ing), *n.* the act of rousing from sleep.

a-ward (å-wawrd'), *v.t.* to adjudge: *n.* a judgment; a decision; a sentence.

a-ware (å-wār'), *adj.* on guard; watchful; vigilant.

a-way (å-wā'), *adv.* absent; at a distance; out of.

awe (aw), *n.* reverential fear: *v.t.* to inspire with respect or fear. *Syn.* dread, fear, reverence.

a-weath-er (å-weth'ĕr), *adv.* on the weather or windy side.

aw-ful (aw'ful), *adj.* inspiring fear or reverence.

aw-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in an awful manner.

a-while (å-hwīl') *adv.* for a period of time.

awk-ward (awk'wĕrd), *adj.* unskilful; ungraceful; clumsy. *Syn.* uncouth, boorish.

awl (awl), *n.* a tool for piercing holes.

awn (awn), *n.* the bristle-like appendage of grain and grass.

awn-ing (awn'ing), *n.* a covering from wind or sun.

a-woke, *p.t.* of awake.

a-wry (å-rī'), *adj.* or *adv.* turned sidewise; crooked; perverse.

axe or AX (aks), *n.* a wood-cutting instrument.

ax-i-al (aks'i-âl), *adj.* pertaining to an axis.

ax-i-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in the direction of an axis.

ax-i-form (ak'si-fôrm), *adj.* in line with an axis.

ax-ile (ak'sil), *adj.* pertaining to the axis.

ax-ill-a (ak-sil'å), *n.* the armpit, or cavity under the arm.

ax-il-lar (ak'si-lâr), *adj.* pertaining to the armpit.

ax-i-om (ak'si-um), *n.* self-evident truth. *Syn.* adage, aphorism, maxim, proverb, saying.

ax-i-o-mat-ic (ak-si-ō-mat'-ik), *adj.* of the nature of an axiom.

ax-i-o-mat-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* by use of accepted truth.

ax-is (ak'sis), *n.* [*pl.* axes ('sēz)], the straight line around which a body revolves; the stem of a plant.

ax-le (ak'sl), *n.* the spindle or shaft on which wheels turn.

ax-le-tree (-trē), *n.* a bar connecting the opposite wheels of a carriage.

ay or AYE, (ā) *adv.* always; for ever.

aye or AY (ā or ī), *adv.* or *interj.* yes; yea; expressing assent: *n.* [*pl.* ayes (īz)], the affirmative votes for any resolution or measure.

A-za-le-a (å-zā'lē-å), *n.* a genus of plants allied to the rhododendron.

az-i-muth (az'i-muth), *n.* an arc of the horizon between the meridian of a place and the circle passing through a celestial body.

az-ure (azh'ūr & ā'zhūr), *adj.* faint blue; sky-colored: *n.* the clear blue of the sky.

az-ure-stone (azh'ūr-stōn), *n.* the lapis lazuli.

az-ur-ine (azh'ūr-in), *n.* a greyish-blue color.

B

baa (bä), *v.i.* to cry, as a sheep; *n.* the bleating of a sheep.

Bab-bitt-met-al (bab'it-met-âl), *n.* an anti-friction alloy.

bab-ble (bab'bl), *v.i.* to talk childishly: *n.* foolish prattle. *Syn.* chatter, prate.

bab-bler (bab'lĕr), *n.* one who babbles.

babe (bāb), *n.* an infant or young child.

ba-bel (bā'bel), *n.* confusion of sounds; tumult.

ba-boon (bå-bōōn'), *n.* the name of a species of large monkeys; an epithet of contempt.

ba-by (bā'bi), *n.* an infant; a small child: *adj.* pertaining to an infant.

ba-by-ish (bā'bi-ish), *adj.* childish.

ba-by-ism (bā'bi-izm), *n.* a childish manner.

bac-ca-lau-re-ate (bak-å-law'-rē-āt), *n.* the degree of Bachelor of Arts.

bac-ca-rat (bak-å-rä′), *n.* a French card game.

bac-cate (bak′āt), *adj.* having many berries.

bac-cha-nal (bak′å-nål), or BAC-CHA-NA-LI-AN (bak-å-nā′li-ån), *adj.* indulging in drunken revelry.

bac-chic (bak′ik), *adj.* pertaining to riotous feasts.

bach-e-lor (bach′e-lēr), *n.* an unmarried man; an undergraduate.

ba-cil-la-ri-a (ba-si-lā′ri-å), *n.* a genus of microscopic diatoms.

bac-il-la-ry (bas′i-lā-ri), *adj.* consisting of bacilli.

ba-cil-li-an (bå-sil′i-ån), *adj.* pertaining to, or of the nature of, a bacillus.

ba-cil-li-cul-ture (bå-sil′i-kul-tūr), *n.* the culture of bacilli.

ba-cil-lus (bå-sil′us), *n.* a microscopic vegetable organism some species of which give rise to malignant zymotic disease. (Commonly known as bacteria).

back (bak), *n.* the hinder part of the body in man; the upper part in beasts; the part of a tool opposed to the edge: *adj.* lying in the rear; in a backward direction: *adv.* into or toward the rear; away; again: *v.t.* to furnish with a backing; second or support; cause to recede: *v.i.* to move backward.

back-bite (bak′bīt), *v.t.* to speak evil of in absence.

back-bone (bak′bōn), *n.* the vertebral column of animals; hence, firmness or decision of character.

back-er (bak′ēr), *n.* one who sustains or abets another.

back-gam-mon (bak-gam′un), *n.* a game played with dice.

back-ground (bak′ground), *n.* ground in the rear; the distant portion of a landscape; a place of reserve.

back-han-ded (bak′han-ded), *adj.* unfair; indirect; sloping backward.

back-ing (bak′ing), *n.* something placed behind to support; aid given to a person or cause.

back-side (bak′sīd), *n.* the hind part of an animal or thing.

back-slide (bak′slīd), *v.i.* to slide back; apostatize.

back-stairs ('stārz), *n.* stairs in the rear part of a house.

back-stays (bak′stāz), *n.pl.* ropes extending from the masthead to the side of the ship.

back-sword (bak′sōrd), *n.* a sword with one sharp edge.

back-ward (bak′wērd), *adv.* toward the back; in a contrary direction: *adj.* directed to the rear; unwilling; hesitating; behind in progress or time.

back-wa-ter (bak′waw-tēr), *n.* water caused to flow backwards.

back-woods (bak′woodz), *n.pl.* forests far from the centers of population.

ba-con (bā′kn), *n.* hog's flesh salted and dried.

bac-te-ri-a (bak-tē′ri-å), *n.pl.* of bacterium.

bac-te-ri-o-log-ic-al (bak-tē-ri-ō-loj′-ik-ål), *adj.* pertaining to bacteriology.

bac-te-ri-ol-o-gist (bak-tē-ri-ol′o-jist), *n.* a student of bacteriology.

bac-te-ri-ol-o-gy (bak-tē-ri-ol′o-ji), *n.* the scientific investigation of bacteria.

bac-te-ri-um (bak-tē′ri-um), *n.* a microscopic vegetable organism; a disease germ.

bad (bad), *adj.* the opposite of good; evil; wicked; hurtful. *Syn.* wicked, evil.

bad-form (bad′fôrm), *n.* somewhat vulgar.

badge (baj), *n.* a mark of distinction; the token of anything.

badg-er (baj′ēr), *n.* a mammal of nocturnal habits: *v.t.* to worry or annoy, as a badger when baited.

bad-i-nage (bad′i-naj & bå-dē-näzh′), *n.* playful raillery or banter.

bad-ly (bad′li), *adv.* grievously; unskilfully.

bad-ness (bad′nes), *n.* wickedness; depravity.

baf-fle (baf′l), *v.t.* to elude by artifice; foil or check; frustrate. *Syn.* confound, defeat.

bag (bag), *n.* a sack; pouch; receptacle for holding anything: *v.t.* to enclose in a bag: *v.i.* to bulge.

bag-a-telle (bag-å-tel′), *n.* a trifle; game played with cue and balls.

bag-gage (bag′ej), *n.* clothing; the utensils of an army; trunks used in travel.

bag-ging (bag′ing), *n.* cloth used for bags.

bag-gy (bag'i), *adj.* having a loose appearance; puffed out.

bagn-io (ban'yō), *n.* a bath-house; a brothel.

bag-pipe (bag'pīp), *n.* a musical wind instrument.

bah (bä), *interj.* an exclamation of contempt or disgust.

bail (bāl), *v.t.* to give security for one under arrest: *n.* the persons who provide security; the security tendered.

bail (bāl), *v.t.* to free from water by dipping.

bai-lee (bā-lē'), *n.* the person to whom goods are committed in trust.

bai-liff (bā'lif), *n.* a sheriff's officer who serves processes, etc.

bai-li-wick (bā'li-wik), *n.* the district of a bailiff's jurisdiction.

bail-ment (bāl'ment), *n.* a delivery of goods in trust.

bail-or (bā'lĕr), *n.* one who delivers goods in bailment.

bairn (bārn), *n.* a child [Scotch].

bait (bāt), *v.t.* to harass; worry; annoy; prepare a hook for fishing: *n.* a substance used to entice fish or other animals; an allurement; temptation.

baize (bāz), *n.* a coarse woolen stuff.

bake (bāk), *v.t.* to cook food by subjection to dry heat; to dry by heat.

ba-ker (bā'kĕr), *n.* a bread-maker.

ba-ker-y (bā'kĕr-i), *n.* a place used for bread-making.

bak-ing (bāk'ing), *n.* the quantity baked; a batch.

bak-shish, BAKH-SHISH, or BAK-SHEESH (bak'shēsh), *n.* an Eastern term for a present or gratuity.

bal-ance (bal'ăns), *n.* a pair of scales; a steel-yard; equilibrium; the difference of accounts: *v.t.* to weigh; compare; poise; make equal.

bal-ance of trade *n.* the difference between the imports and exports of a country.

bal-ance-sheet (bal'ăns-shēt), *n.* a statement of assets and liabilities.

bal-an-cer (bal'ăn-sĕr), *n.* one who, or that which, balances.

ba-la-ta (bä-lä'tä), *n.* the dried gum of the bully-tree used for insulating electric wires.

bal-co-net (bal-kō-net'), *n.* a slightly projecting railing to a door or window.

bal-co-nied (bal'kō-nid), *adj.* having a balcony.

bal-co-ny (bal'kō-ni), *n.* a gallery projecting from the wall of a building.

bald (bawld), *adj.* without hair; bare; undisguised.

bal-der-dash (bawl'dĕr-dash), *n.* a jumble of words; senseless talk.

bal-dric or BAL-DRICK (bawl'drik), *n.* a shoulder or waist belt.

bale (bāl), *n.* package of goods: *v.t.* to make up into a bale; to ladle out, as water.

bale (bāl), *n.* woe; calamity; mischief.

ba-leen (bä-lēn'), *n.* whalebone in its natural condition.

bale-fire (bāl'fīr), *n.* a beacon or signal-fire.

bale-ful (bāl'fool), *adj.* full of woe; direful.

bale-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* calamitously; miserably.

balk or BAULK (bawk), *n.* an unplowed strip; a rafter or beam; failure: *v.t.* to disappoint: *v.i.* to stop short.

ball (bawl), *n.* a round body; a bullet; a game played with a ball; a social assembly for dancing; *v.t.* to make into a ball.

ballad (bal'ăd), *n.* a short narrative poem.

bal-last (bal'ăst), *n.* weights to steady a ship or balloon; filling between railroad sleepers.

bal-let (bal'ā), *n.* a stage dance in character.

bal-lis-tic (bal-lis'tik), *adj.* pertaining to the use of projectiles.

bal-lis-tics (bal-is'tiks), *n.* the art of projection.

bal-loon (bal-lōōn'), *n.* a large bag filled with gas for flight in the air.

bal-loon-ing (bal-lōōn'ing), *n.* the art of travel in balloons.

bal-loon-ist (bal-lōōn'ist), *n.* one who ascends in a balloon.

bal-lot (bal'ot), *n.* a ball, ticket, etc., used in voting: *v.i.* to vote by ballot.

balm (bäm), *n.* a fragrant plant; an ointment; balsam.

balm of gil-e-ad (of gil'e-ad), *n.* various kinds of fragrant resins.

balm-i-ly (bäm'i-li), *adv.* in a soothing manner.

balm-i-ness (-nes), *n.* softness; soothingness.

bal-mor-al (bal-mōr'ăl), *adj.* & *n.* various strong articles of dress.

balm-y (bäm'i), *adj.* fragrant; refreshing.

bal-sam (bawl'sam), *n.* an aromatic substance from trees; the name of several plants.

bal-sam-ic (bawl-sam'ik), *adj.* soothing; healing.

bal-us-ter (bal'us-tẽr), *n.* a small column.

bal-us-trade (bal'us-trād), *n.* a row of balusters, as railing to a staircase, etc.

bal-za-rine (bal'zȧ-rin), *n.* a dress fabric of wool and cotton.

bam-bi-no (bam-bē'nō), *n.* a figure of the infant Christ.

bam-boo (bam-bōō'), *n.* a tall tropical plant with jointed stems of great hardness.

bam-boo-zle (bam-bōō'zl), *v.t.* to hoax; deceive.

ban (ban), *n.* a public proclamation; interdict; curse; anathema: *v.t.* to curse; prohibit.

ban-al (ban'al), *adj.* commonplace: trite; stale.

ba-na-na (bȧ-nȧ'nȧ), *n.* a tropical plant and its edible fruit.

band (band), *n.* that which binds; a company; body of soldiers: *v.t.* to unite.

ban-dage (ban'dej), *n.* a band or ligature for a wound: *v.t.* to dress with a bandage.

ban-da-la (ban-dä'lȧ), *n.* manila white rope.

ban-dan-a or BAN-DAN-NA (ban-dan'ȧ), *n.* a large silk handkerchief.

band-box (band'boks), *n.* a light box for ribbons, bonnets, etc.

ban-deau (ban-dō'), *n.* a ribbon worn over the forehead.

ban-ded (ban'ded), *p.adj.* allied; confederated.

ban-de-role (ban'de-rōl), *n.* a little flag or streamer.

ban-dit (ban'dit), *n.* a. brigand; robber or outlaw.

band-let (band'let), *n.* a small band.

ban-dog (ban'dog), *n.* a large fierce kind of dog.

ban-do-line (ban'dō-lin), *n.* a toilet article to keep the hair smooth.

band-saw (band'saw), *n.* an endless steel saw.

ban-dy (ban'di), *v.t.* to throw or beat a ball; give and take: *v.i.* to contend: *n.* a club for striking.

ban-dy-leg (leg), *n.* a crooked leg.

bane (bān), *n.* poison, vice, or sin; that which causes ruin or destruction.

bane-ful (bān'fool), *adj.* poisonous; pernicious.

bane-ful-ly (-ll), *adv.* in a hurtful manner.

bang (bang), *v.t.* to beat; thump; *n.* a blow; a sudden noise.

bang (bang), *n.* hair cut in a fringe across the forehead.

bang-le (bang'gl), *n.* an ornamental ring for wrist or ankles.

ban-ian (ban'yan), *n.* a Hindu trader; a loose gown for men.

ban-ian-tree (-trē), *n.* the Indian fig-tree, the shoots of which form new trunks.

ban-ish (ban'ish), *v.t.* to exile; drive away; dispel from the mind. *Syn.* eject, dismiss.

ban-ish-ment (ban'ish-ment), *n.* expulsion from one's country.

ban-is-ter or BANNISTER (ban'-is-tẽr), *n.* corrupt forms of baluster.

ban-jo (ban'jō), *n.* a stringed musical instrument.

bank (bangk), *n.* a ridge of earth; the side of a stream; a tier of oars: *v.t.* to heap up.

bank (bangk), *n.* a place where money is deposited: *v.t.* to deposit money in a bank.

bank-bill (bangk'bil), *n.* a note issued by a banking company.

bank-book (bangk-book), *n.* the pass-book kept by a bank depositor.

bank-note (bangk'nōt), *n.* a promissory note issued by a bank.

bank-a-ble (bangk'ȧ-bl), *adj.* receivable by a bank.

bank-er (bangk'ẽr), *n.* one who keeps a bank or traffics in money.

bank-ing (bangk'ing), *n.* the business of a banker; the act of raising a mound or bank.

bank-rupt (bangk'rupt), *n.* an insolvent debtor: *v.t.* to become unable to pay debts.

bank-rupt-cy (bangk'rupt-si), *n.* the state of being insolvent; failure in trade.

ban-ner (ban'ẽr), *n.* a military standard; the flag of a country.

ban-nock (ban'uk), *n.* a cake made of oatmeal.

banns (banz), *n. pl.* proclamation in church of marriage.

ban-quet (bang'kwet), *n.* a great feast; a side-walk: *v.t.* to treat with a feast.

ban-shee (ban'shē), a fairy supposed in Ireland to foretell death by its appearance.

ban-tam (ban'tăm), *n.* a small breed of fowl.

ban-ter (ban'tĕr), *v.t.* to rail at good-humoredly: *n.* humorous raillery. *Syn.* chaff, mockery, ridicule.

Bant-ing-ism (bant'ing-ism), *n.* a method of reducing fat by dieting.

bant-ling (bant'ling), *n.* a young child.

ban-zai (ban'zī), *n.* the Japanese hurrah.

bap-tism (bap'tizm), *n.* the application of water, constituting the sacrament of initiation into the church of Christ.

bap-tis-mal (bap-tiz'măl), *adj.* pertaining to baptism.

Bap-tist (bap'tist), *n.* one who holds to baptism by immersion.

bap-tis-ter-y (bap'tis-tĕr-i), *n.* a building or place for baptizing.

bap-tize (bap-tīz'), *v.t.* to administer the rite of baptism; christen.

bar (bär), *n.* a long and slender piece of wood or metal; anything which obstructs; a bank of sand, gravel, etc., obstructing navigation; the place in court where prisoners are stationed; the members of the legal profession; any tribunal; the portion of a hotel, etc., where liquors are served out: *v.t.* to fasten with a bar; to hinder; obstruct; exclude.

barb (bärb), *n.* anything like a beard; the sharp projecting point of an arrow, fish-hook, etc.; a horse of the Barbary breed.

bar-ba-ri-an (bär-bā'ri-ăn), *n.* a man in a savage state; an uncivilized person: *adj.* rude; uncivilized; inhuman.

bar-bar-ic (bär-bar'ik), *adj.* uncivilized; savage.

bar-ba-rism (bär'bă-rizm), *n.* savageness; incorrect form of speech; an outrage.

bar-bar-i-ty (bär-bar'i-ti), *n.* inhumanity.

bar-ba-rize (bär'bă-rīz), *v.t.* to make barbarous.

bar-ba-rous (bär'bă-rus), *adj.* uncivilized; rude; cruel. *Syn.* brutal, inhuman.

bar-be-cue (bär'bē-kū), *n.* a frame for roasting or drying meat; the carcass of an ox, hog, etc., roasted whole; an entertainment for eating the same. *v.t.* to dress and roast whole.

bar-bel (bär'bel), *n.* a slender process on the lips of certain fishes.

bar-ber (bär'bĕr), *n.* one whose occupation is to shave beards and cut hair.

bar-bette (bär-bet'), *n.* the platform of a fortification, from which cannon may be fired over a parapet.

bar-bule (bär'būl), *n.* a very minute barb.

bar-ca-role or BAR-CA-ROLLE (bär'kă-rōl), *n.* the song of Venetian gondoliers.

bard (bärd), *n.* a poet; a Celtic minstrel.

bard-ic (bärd'ik), *adj.* pertaining to bards.

bard-ism (bärd'izm), *n.* the methods of bards.

bare (bār), *adj.* naked; unfurnished; threadbare; poor: *v.t.* to divest of covering.

bare-faced (bār'fāst), *adj.* shameless.

ba-rége (bā-rāzh'), *n.* thin gauze-like fabric.

bar-gain (bär'găn), *n.* an agreement; a thing bought or sold at low price; a compact or pledge: *v.i.* to make a contract.

bar-gain-er (bär'găn-ĕr), *n.* one who contracts to sell for a consideration.

barge (bärj), *n.* a row-boat; a vessel of state.

bar-i-tone. See barytone.

ba-ri-um (bā'ri-um), *n.* one of the elementary metals.

bark (bärk), *n.* the sound or cry emitted by dogs; the rind of a tree: *v.t.* to make a sharp sound, as the cry of a dog; to strip trees.

bark or BARQUE (bärk), *n.* a three-masted vessel with the mizzen mast rigged like a schooner.

bark-ing (bärk'ing), *n.* a sharp sound like that of a dog; coughing; stripping bark from trees.

bar-ley (bär'li), *n.* the grain used for malting.

bar-ley-corn (bär'li-kōrn), *n.* a grain of barley.

barm (bärm), *n.* the foam rising upon beer; yeast.

barn (bärn), *n.* a building for grain or other farm produce.

barn-owl (bärn'oul), *n.* the white or screech owl.

bar-na-cle (bär'nă-kl), *n.* a crustacean that adheres to rocks or ship bottoms; a variety of wild goose; a holder on.

bar-o-graph (bar'ō-graf), *n.* an instrument recording variations in atmospheric pressure.

ba-rol-o-gy (bå-rol'ō-gi), *n.* the science of weight.

ba-rom-e-ter (bå-rom'e-tēr), *n.* an instrument for measuring the weight or pressure of the atmosphere.

bar-o-met-ric (bar-ō-met'rik), *adj.* pertaining to a barometer.

bar-o-met-ric-al-ly (-li), *adv.* by means of a barometer.

bar-on (bar'un), *n.* the title of an English peer of the lowest rank.

bar-on-age (bar'un-ej), *n.* body of barons; dignity of a baron.

bar-on-ess (bar'un-es), *n.* a baron's wife.

bar-on-et (bar'un-et), *n.* a title of hereditary rank below a baron and above a knight.

bar-on-et-cy (bar'un-et-si), *n.* the title of a baronet.

bar-o-ni-al (bar-ō'ni-ål), *adj.* pertaining to a baron.

bar-on-y (bar'un-i), *n.* the rank or dignity of a baron.

ba-roque (bå-rōk'), *adj.* grotesque; in bad taste.

ba-rouche (ba-rōōsh'), *n.* a four-wheeled open carriage.

barque. See bark.

bar-ra-can (bar'å-kån), *n.* a fabric made of camel's hair.

bar-rack (bar'åk), *n.* a building for soldiers.

bar-ra-try (bar'å-tri), *n.* the practice of inciting to litigation; fraud committed by a ship officer to the injury of the owner.

barred (bärd), *p.adj.* furnished with bars; obstructed; secured; striped.

bar-rel (bar'el), *n.* a cylindrical vessel or cask: *v.t.* to put in a barrel.

bar-ren (bar'en), *adj.* unproductive; sterile: *n.* an unproductive tract of land.

bar-ri-cade (bar-ri-kād'), *n.* a fortification constructed in haste; any obstruction: *v.t.* to obstruct or fortify.

bar-ri-er (bar'i-ēr), *n.* a limit; obstruction; boundary. *Syn.* bar, hindrance, obstacle.

bar-ri-er-reef (-rēf), *n.* a reef of coral encircling an island, or skirting the mainland.

bar-ring (bär'ing), *prep.* excepting; leaving out of account.

bar-ris-ter (bar'is-tēr), *n.* an English lawyer; a Scotch advocate.

bar-row (bar'ō), *n.* a wheeled carriage moved by hand; a hand-barrow; a wheel-barrow; a mound forming an ancient grave.

bar-shot (bär'shot), *n.* double-headed shot.

bar-ter (bär'tēr), *v.i.* to traffic by exchange: *n.* trafficking by exchange of commodities.

bar-ti-zan (bär'ti-zån), *n.* a small overhanging turret.

bar-wise (bär'wīz), *adv.* horizontally.

bar-wood (bär'wood), *n.* a red dye-wood.

ba-ry-ta (bå-rī'tå), *n.* the oxide of barium.

ba-ry-tes (bå-rī'tēz), *n.* the native sulphate of barium.

bar-y-tone or BAR-I-TONE (bar'-i-tōn), *adj.* between bass and tenor: *n.* a person with a voice having this range.

bas-al (bās'ål), *adj.* forming the base; fundamental.

ba-salt (bå-sawlt' & bas'awlt), *n.* an igneous rock.

ba-sal-tic (bå-sawl'tik), *adj.* formed of basalt.

bas-bleu (bä-blu' or blōō'), *n.* a blue stocking; a literary woman [Fr.].

bas-cule (bas'kūl), *n.* a mechanical arrangement in which the lowering of one end raises the other.

base (bās), *adj.* worthless; spurious; of mean spirit; deep or grave in sound (commonly bass). *Syn.* vile, mean.

base (bās), *n.* foundation or groundwork; that which combines with an acid to form a salt; a starting place.

base-ball (bās'bawl), *n.* the national game of the United States, played with bat and ball.

base-born (bās'bōrn), *adj.* born out of wedlock; mean.

base-man (bās'mån), *n.* a player occupying a base at baseball.

base-ment (bās'ment), *n.* the lowest story of a building.

bash (bash), *v.t.* to knock out of shape.

ba-shaw (bȧ-shaw'), *n.* a pasha; a magnate.

bash-ful (bash'fool), *adj.* easily disconcerted; diffident; shy.

bash-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in a bashful manner.

ba-sic (bā'sik), *adj.* pertaining to a base.

bas-il (baz'il), *n.* a tanned sheepskin; aromatic herbs used in cookery; the angle of the cutting edge of a tool.

bas-i-lar (bas'i-lȧr), or BASILARY (-lā-ri), *adj.* pertaining to the base.

ba-sil-ic (bȧ-zil'ik), *adj.* kingly; royal: *n.* the middle vein of the arm.

ba-sil-i-ca (bȧ-zil'i-kȧ), *n.* an ancient Roman hall of rectangular shape; a church of same form.

ba-sil-i-con (bȧ-zil'i-kon), *n.* an ointment.

bas-i-lisk (bas'i-lisk), *n.* a fabulous serpent, lizard, or dragon with fatal glance: *adj.* penetrating or malignant.

ba-sin (bā'sn), *n.* a circular water vessel; a pond, or dock; the area drained by a river.

ba-sis (bā'sis), *n.* a foundation; groundwork.

bask (bȧsk), *v.i.* to lie in warmth; be under benign influences.

bas-ket (bȧs'ket), *n.* a vessel made of rushes, or other flexible material.

bas-ket-ful (bȧs'ket-fool), *n.* the capacity of a basket.

basque (bȧsk), *n.* a kind of a woman's jacket.

bas-re-lief (bä-re-lēf'), *n.* low relief for carved figures. Also spelled bass-relief, basso-relievo, & basso-rilievo.

bass (bȧs), *n.* the name of various edible fishes allied to the perch; the American lime-tree; matting made from its bark.

bass (bās), *adj.* low; deep; grave: *n.* the lowest male voice.

bass clef (bās' klef), *n.* the character placed at the beginning of the bass staff.

bass horn (bās'hôrn), *n.* a modified form of a clarionet.

bass staff (bās'stȧf), *n.* the staff on which the notes of the bass are written.

bass vi-ol (bās' vī-ul), *n.* a large stringed bass instrument.

bas-set (bas'et), *v.i.* to crop out at the surface.

bas-si-net (bas'i-net), *n.* a wicker basket with a hood at one end.

bas-so (bȧs'ō), *adj.* Italian for bass: *n.* one who sings bass.

bas-soon (bas-ōōn'), *n.* an instrument of the reed kind.

bas-so-re-lie-vo. See bas-relief.

bast (bast), *n.* the tough inner bark of various trees; rope or matting made from this bark.

bas-tard (bas'tērd), *n.* a child born out of wedlock.

bas-tar-dize (bas'tēr-dīz), *v.t.* to declare illegitimate.

bas-tar-dy (bas'tēr-di), *n.* the state of being illegitimate.

baste (bāst), *v.t.* to beat with a stick; to drip melted fat on meat while roasting; to sew slightly.

bas-tile or BAS-TILLE (bas-tēl'), *n.* a tower or fortification; a state prison formerly at Paris.

bas-ti-na-do (bas-ti-nā'dō), *n.* an Oriental mode of punishment, consisting in beating an offender upon the soles of his feet with a stick.

bas-tion (bast'yun), *n.* an earthwork projecting from the angles of a rampart.

bat (bat), *n.* a flat club used in baseball or cricket; a fragment of brick: *v.t.* to hit or strike.

bat (bat), *n.* a flying mammal with membranous wings.

batch (bach), *n.* the quantity of bread baked at one time; a group or collection of similar things.

bate (bāt), *v.t.* to lessen or reduce; deduct; abate.

ba-teau or BAT-TEAU (bȧ-tō), *n.* a light boat used on American rivers.

bath (bȧth), *n.* the act of washing the body; a vessel holding water for bathing,

bathe (bā*th*), *v.t.* to wash in a bath; to moisten with a liquid.

ba-thos (bā'thos), *n.* a ludicrous descent in style or expression in writing or speech.

bath-y-met-ric (bath-i-met'rik), *adj.* pertaining to the measurement of depths.

ba-thym-e-try (bȧ-thim'e-tri), *n.* the art of sounding sea depths.

ba-tiste (bȧ-tēst'), *n.* a kind of cambric.

bat-on (bat'un, French bä-tōng'), *n.* a staff used as a weapon, or as a mark of office.

Ba-tra-chi-a (ba-trā'ki-ȧ), *n.pl.* the order of Amphibia which includes the frogs and toads.

ba-tra-chi-an (ba-trā'ki-ȧn), *adj.* pertaining to the Batrachia.

bat-tal-ion (bȧ-tal'yun), *n.* a minor division of an army.

bat-ten (bat'n), *v.t.* to make fat: to fasten with battens: *n.* a narrow strip of wood.

bat-ter (bat'ĕr), *v.t.* to beat down; injure or impair: *n.* a mixture of flour, eggs, etc., used in cookery.

bat-ter-ing-ram (bat'ĕr-ing-ram), *n.* an engine anciently used to break down walls.

bat-ter-y (bat'ĕr-i), *n.* a body of cannon on wheels, used in an army; a raised work or parapet where guns are mounted; an apparatus for generating electricity.

bat-tle (bat'l), *n.* a combat; a fight between two armies. *Syn.* action, engagement.

bat-tle-dore OR BAT-TLE-DOOR (bat'l-dōr), *n.* a racket to strike shuttlecocks.

bat-tle-ment (bat'l-ment), *n.* a wall with embrasures.

bat-tue (bat-tū'), *n.* driving game by beats and cries towards the sportsmen.

bau-ble (baw'bl), *n.* anything showy; a child's trinket.

bav-in (bav'in), *n.* wood easily kindled.

baw-ble. Same as bauble.

bawd (bawd), *n.* one who keeps a house of prostitution.

bawd-i-ness ('-nes), *n.* obscenity; lewdness.

bawd-ry (bawd'ri), *n.* the business of a procuress; obscenity.

bawd-y (bawd'i), *adj.* obscene; unchaste.

bawl (bawl), *v.i.* to cry out loudly: *n.* a loud prolonged cry.

bay (bā), *v.i.* to bark as a dog: *n.* the deep-toned bark of a dog in the chase.

bay (bā), *adj.* red or reddish, applied to horses.

bay (bā), *n.* a recess in the shore of a sea or lake; the laurel-tree; an honorary garland composed of laurel leaves.

bay-win-dow (bā-win'dō), *n.* a window forming a bay or recess in a room.

bay-o-net (bā'ō-net), *n.* a dagger-like weapon fixed to the barrel of a rifle.

bay-ou (bī'ōō), *n.* the outlet of a lake; a sluggish water-course.

ba-zaar or BA-ZAR (bȧ-zär'), *n.* in the East, a market-place or hall for the sale of goods; a sale of fancy articles in aid of some charity.

be (bē), *v.i.* [*pt.* was, *p.p.* been, *p.pr.* being], to exist.

beach (bēch), *n.* a sandy shore; strand; shingle: *v.t.* to haul a boat upon the beach.

beach-comb-er (bēch'kōm-ĕr), *n.* a long wave rolling in from the ocean.

beach-y (bēch'i), *adj.* having a beach; covered with a shingle.

bea-con (bē'kn), *n.* a signal of warning; a lighthouse: *v.t.* to light up, as a beacon.

bead (bēd), *n.* a little perforated ball strung with others on a thread and worn around the neck.

bea-dle (bē'dl), *n.* a messenger or crier of a court.

bea-gle (bē'gl), *n.* a small hunting dog.

beak (bēk), *n.* the bill of a bird.

beak-er (bēk'ĕr), *n.* a large drinking cup or glass.

beam (bēm), *n.* a timber or iron support in a building; a horizontal ship timber; the extreme breadth of a ship; the oscillating lever which transmits motion in a steam-engine; the bar of a balance: ray of light: *v.t.* to send forth rays: *v.i.* to shine.

bea-my (bē'mi), *adj.* emitting rays of light.

bean (bēn), *n.* the seed of many leguminous plants; the plant itself.

bear (bār), *v.t.* to support; carry; endure; contain; cherish; bring forth or produce. *Syn.* convey, suffer, sustain.

bear (bār), *n.* a plantigrade carnivorous animal; a stock-jobber who seeks to lower the value of stock; a rude, uncouth person: *v.t.* to endeavor to lower the price of.

bear-bait-ing (bār'bāt-ing), *n.* setting dogs to fight with captive bears.

bear-gar-den (bār'gär-dn), *n.* a place where bears are kept for sport; hence any place of disorder.

beard (bērd), *n.* the hair on the face; the awn of grains; the barb of an arrow, fish-hook, etc.: *v.t.* to oppose to the face; set at defiance.

bear-ing (bār'ing), *n.* enduring with patience; carriage; behavior; meaning or application; the act of producing; the position of one object with respect to another.

bear-ing-rein (-rān), *n.* a short rein for holding up the head of a horse.

bear-ish (bār'ish). *adj.* like a bear; rude; surly.

beast (bēst), *n.* any four-footed animal; a person rude or brutal.

beat (bēt), *v.t.* to strike repeatedly; vanquish; excel; baffle; flutter, as wings: *n.* a recurring stroke; a pulsation; a throb; a course frequently gone over; a movement to mark time. *Syn.* defeat, overthrow, rout.

beat (bēt), *p.p.* of beat, exhausted by mental or bodily fatigue.

beat-en (bēt'n), *p.adj.* worn by use; conquered; exhausted; baffled.

be-a-tif-ic (bē-å-tif'ik), *adj.* having power to make happy.

be-a-tif-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in a blissful manner.

be-at-i-fi-ca-tion (bē-at-i-fi-kā'shun), *n.* the act of blessing; the state of being blessed.

be-at-i-fy (bē-at'i-fī), *v.t.* to make happy.

beat-ing (bēt'ing), *n.* the act of striking; pulsation or throbbing; a defeat.

be-at-i-tude (bē-at'i-tūd), *n.* complete felicity.

beau (bō), *n.* a ladies' man or suitor; a fop; *pl.* beaux or beaus.

beau-i-de-al (bō-ī-dē'ål), *n.* ideal excellence.

beau monde (bō mond), *n.* [Fr.] the fashionable world.

beau-te-ous (bū'tē-us), *adj.* possessing beauty.

beau-ti-ful (bū'tē-ful), *adj.* attractive in form and face; lovely. *Syn.* fine, handsome, pretty.

beau-ti-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in a charming manner.

beau-ti-fy (bū'ti-fī), *v.t.* to make beautiful; embellish.

beau-ty (bū'ti), *n.* grace or charm of face or form.

beau-ty-sleep (-slēp), *n.* sleep taken before midnight.

beau-ty-wash (-wosh), *n.* a cosmetic.

bea-ver (bē'vēr), *n.* a rodent quadruped and its fur; a kind of cloth; the piece of armor formerly used to protect the face.

bea-ver-tree (bē'vēr-trē), *n.* the sweet-bay, common in the United States.

bea-ver-teen (bē'vēr-tēn), *n.* a species of fustian.

be-calm (bē-käm'), *v.t.* to make calm or still.

bech-a-mel (besh'å-mel), *n.* a fine white sauce thickened with cream.

beche-de-mer (bāsh'de-mār), *n.* the trepang, a sea-slug dried and eaten by the Chinese.

beck (bek), *n.* a nod, or other significant gesture.

beck-et (bek'et), *n.* a contrivance in ships to confine small spars or loose ropes, etc.

beck-on (bek'n), *v.i.* to make a signal to another by head or hand.

be-cloud. See cloud.

be-come (bē-kum'), *v.i.* to pass to another state; grow to be: *v.t.* to befit; accord with; grace or adorn.

be-com-ing (bē-kum'ing), *p.adj.* suitable; seemly; appropriate; befitting. *Syn.* decent, fit, suitable.

bed (bed), *n.* an article of furniture to sleep on; anything in which something lies; a portion of a garden used for bedding plants; the bottom of a stream; a layer or stratum of rock: *v.t.* to furnish with a bed; plant, as flowers; lay flat, or in order.

bed-bug (bed'bug), *n.* an insect infesting beds, etc.

bed-straw (bed'straw), *n.* straw for stuffing beds.

bed-tick (bed'tik), *n.* a bag for containing the materials of a bed.

be-dab-ble. See dabble.

be-daub. See daub.

be-daz-zle. See dazzle.

bed-ding (bed'ing), *n.* the materials of a bed; stratification.

be-deck. See deck.

be-dev-il (bē-dev'l), *v.t.* to throw into disorder; spoil or corrupt.

be-dev-il-ment (bē-dev'l-ment), *n.* the state of being bewilderingly confused.

be-dew (bē-dū'), *v.t.* to moisten with dew.

be-dim. See dim.

be-diz-en (bē-diz'n & -dī'zn), *v.t.* to dress gaudily.

bed-lam (bed'lăm), *n.* a madhouse; an asylum for lunatics.

bed-lam-ite (bed'lăm-īt), *n.* a madman.

Bed-ou-in (bed'oo-in), *n.* a nomadic Arab.

be-drab-ble. See drabble.

be-drag-gle. See draggle.

be-drench. See drench.

bed-rid (bed'rid) or BEDRIDDEN ('rid-n), *adj.* confined to bed by age or infirmity.

be-drop (bē-drop'), *v.t.* to bespatter.

bee (bē), *n.* an insect that lays up honey and wax; an industrious person.

bee-bread (bē'bred), *n.* a substance collected by bees for their young.

bee-eat-er (bē'ēt-ĕr), *n.* a bee-eating bird.

bee-hive (bē'hīv), *n.* a box for a swarm of bees and the storage of honey.

bee-line (bē'līn), *n.* the most direct way from one point to another.

beech (bēch), *n.* a tree which yields a hard timber and edible triangular nuts.

beech-en (bēch'en), *adj.* pertaining to the beech.

beef (bēf), *n.* the flesh of an ox, bull, or cow.

bee-fy (bē'fi), *adj.* resembling beef; fleshy.

been (bin), *p.p.* of be.

beer (bēr), *n.* a fermented liquor made of malt and hops; a fermented extract of ginger, spruce and other plants.

beer-y (bēr'i), *adj.* affected by beer; maudlin.

beest-ings (bēst'ingz), *n.* the first milk given by a cow after calving.

bees-wing (bēz'wing), *n.* a gauzy film occurring in port and some other wines, indicative of age.

beet (bēt), *n.* a plant with an edible root, from which sugar is made.

bee-tle (bē'tl), *n.* a heavy wooden mallet; a common insect, with horny wings: *v.t.* to beat with a mallet.

bee-tle (bē'tl), *v.i.* to jut out; overhang, as a cliff.

bee-tling (bē'tling), *adj.* standing out; overhanging.

be-fall or BE-FAL (be-fawl'), *v.t.* to occur to: *v.i.* come to pass.

be-fit (be-fit'), *v.t.* suitable to; to become.

be-fog. See fog.

be-fool. See fool.

be-fore (be-fōr'), *prep.* in front of; preceding; in presence of; earlier than: *adv.* in front; previously; already.

be-fore-hand (be-fōr'hand), *adv.* in advance.

be-foul. See foul.

be-friend (be-frend'), *v.t.* to aid or shield; assist.

beg (beg), *v.t.* & *v.i.* to ask in charity; ask for earnestly; beseech. *Syn.* crave, implore.

be-gan, *p.t.* of begin.

be-get (be-get'), *v.t.* to generate; produce; cause to exist.

be-get-ter (bē-get'tĕr), *n.* one who begets.

beg-gar (beg'ĕr), *n.* one who supplicates with humility; one who asks for alms: *v.t.* to exhaust the resources of; outdo.

beg-gar-li-ness (-nes), *n.* extreme poverty.

beg-gar-ly (beg'ĕr-li), *adj.* mean; contemptible.

beg-gar-y (beg'ĕr-i), *n.* the state of a beggar.

be-gin (bē-gin'), *v.t.* to originate; make a start.

be-gin-ner (be-gin'ĕr), *n.* one who starts anything; a novice.

be-gin-ning (be-gin'ing), *n.* the initial stage.

be-gird. See gird.

be-gone (be-gôn), *interj.* go away! depart!

be-go-ni-a (be-gō'ni-ȧ), *n.* a genus of fine flowering plants.

be-got (be-got'), *p.t.* & *p.p.* of beget.

be-got-ten (be-got'n), *p.p.* of beget.

be-grime. See grime.

be-guile (be-gīl'), *v.t.* to impose upon; deceive; cause to pass pleasantly.

be-guile-ment (be-gīl'ment), *n.* the act of beguiling; state of beguilement.

be-gun, *p.p.* of begin.

be-half (be-häf'), *n.* favor; support; defense.

be-have (be-hāv'), *v.t.* to conduct, comport, demean: *v.i.* to act in a proper manner.

be-hav-ior (bē-hāv'yĕr), *n.* conduct; deportment; manners. *Syn.* carriage, demeanor.

be-head (be-hed'), *v.t.* to cut off the head of.

be-held (bē-held'), *p.t.* & *p.p.* of behold.

be-hest (be-hest'), *n.* a command; precept.

be-hind (be-hīnd'), *prep.* at the back of; in the rear of; inferior to: *adv.* at the back; in the rear.

be-hind-hand (be-hīnd'hand), *adv.* or *adj.* late; in arrear.

be-hold (be-hōld'), *v.t.* to have in sight; look at; observe with care.

be-hold-en (be-hōld'n), *p.adj.* indebted; obliged.

be-hoof (be-hōōf'), *n.* advantage; interest; profit.

be-hoove OR BE-HOVE (be-hōov') *v.t.* to be meet, necessary, or fit for.

beige (bāzh), *adj.* having its natural color, as a fabric of undyed wool.

be-ing, *p.pr.* of be.

be-ing (bē'ing), *n.* existence; that which exists.

be-jew-el (be-jū'el), *v.t.* to ornament with jewels.

be-la-bor (bē-lā'bĕr), *v.t.* to beat soundly.

be-late (bē-lāt'), *v.t.* to make late, or retard.

be-la-ted (bē-lā'ted), *p.adj.* delayed; too late; benighted.

be-lay (be-lā'), *v.t.* make fast, as a rope; to waylay; lie in wait for.

belch (belch), *v.t.* to eject wind from the stomach: *n.* the act of belching.

bel-dam (bel'dăm) OR BEL-DAME ('dăm), *n.* a grandmother; an ugly old woman.

be-lea-guer (bē-lē'gĕr), *v.t.* to besiege; blockade.

bel-fry (bel'fri), *n.* a tower in which a bell is hung.

be-lie (bē-lī'), *v.t.* to calumniate; slander by lies.

be-lief (be-lēf'), *n.* acceptance of any statement as fact; the thing believed; the tenets held by the professors of any faith; creed. *Syn.* credit, faith, trust.

be-liev-a-ble (be-lēv'ä-bl), *adj.* acceptable as truth; credible.

be-liev-a-bil-i-ty ('-ti), *n.* credibility.

be-lieve (be-lēv'), *v.t.* to give credit to; trust in; place confidence in: to have faith.

be-liev-er (be-lēv'ĕr), *n.* one who adheres to a religious faith; an acceptor of a statement not actually demonstrated.

be-like (be-līk'), *adv.* probably.

be-lit-tle (be-lit'l), *v.t.* to lower or depreciate.

bell (bel), *n.* a hollow metallic vessel which gives forth a clear sound when struck; anything in the form of a bell: *v.t.* to put a bell on.

bell bird (bel'bĕrd), *n.* a bird whose note resembles a bell.

bell-buoy (boi), *n.* a buoy bearing a bell rung by the movement of the water.

bell-flow-er (flow'ĕr), *n.* a plant whose flowers resemble little bells.

bell-man (bel'mǎn), one who uses a bell for public announcement.

bell-met-al (bel-met'ăl), *n.* an alloy of copper and tin, used for the manufacture of bells.

bell-weth-er (bel'weth'ĕr), *n.* a sheep which leads the flock with a bell on his neck.

bell-a-donn-a (bel-ä-don'ä), *n.* the deadly night-shade, a poisonous plant.

belle (bel), *n.* a handsome young lady; a reigning beauty.

belles-let-tres (bel-let'r), *n.pl.* polite or elegant literature.

bel-li-cose (bel'i-kōs), *adj.* pugnacious; warlike.

bel-lied (bel'id), *adj.* swelled out in the middle.

bel-lig-er-ence (bel-ij'ĕr-ens), *n.* the act of warfare.

bel-lig-er-ent (bel-ij'ĕr-ent), *adj.* pertaining to wars; warlike: *n.* a power or person engaged in fighting.

bel-lite (bel'īt), *n.* an explosive compound.

bel-low (bel'ō), *v.i.* to bawl or vociferate; roar: *n.* the roar of a bull; a loud outcry.

bel-lows (bel'ōz), *n. sing.* & *pl.* an instrument for producing a current of air.

bel-ly (bel'li), *n.* that part of the body which contains the bowels; the abdomen; the part of anything that swells out: *v.i.* to swell and become protuberant; bulge out.

bel-ly-band (bel'i-band), *n.* a band that encircles the belly of a horse.

be-long (be-lông'), *v.i.* to be the property of; be a part of; appertain to; be native to.

be-long-ing (be-lông'ing), *n.* that which belongs to one [generally used in the *pl.*]; qualities; endowments; property.

be-loved (bē-luvd' & luv'ed), *p.adj.* greatly loved: *n.* one who is greatly loved.

be-low (be-lō'), *prep.* beneath; not so high; inferior to: *adv.* in a lower place; under; in the regions of the dead.

belt (belt), *n.* a girdle or sash; a strip; a band; a band connecting two rotating wheels: *v.t.* to encircle, as with a belt.

belt-ed ('ed), *adv.* wearing a belt; having a mark like a belt.

belt-ing (belt'ing), *n.* the material of which belts are made.

bel-ve-dere (bel-vē-dēr'), *n.* an open structure or the top of a house; a summerhouse on an eminence.

be-mire (be-mīr'), *v.t.* to fix in the mire; soil by mire.

be-moan (be-mōn'), *v.t.* to lament; bewail; pity.

bench (bench), *n.* a long seat; a mechanic's work table; the seat where judges sit in court; the body of judges.

bench-war-rant (bench-wor'ânt), *n.* a warrant issued by a court or judge.

bend (bend), *v.t.* to make crooked; move out of a straight line; incline; cause to yield; bow or be submissive: *n.* a curve; a crook. *Syn.* deviate, incline, twist.

ben-der (ben'dēr), *n.* one who bends.

bends, *n.* a disease of caisson workers, caused by great changes of atmospheric pressure.

be-neath (be-nēth'), *prep.* lower in place or rank; unworthy of: *adv.* below.

ben-e-dict (ben'e-dikt), *n.* a newly married man.

ben-e-dic-tion (ben-e-dik'shun), *n.* the act of blessing.

ben-e-dic-tive (ben-e-dik'tiv), *adj.* tending to bless; expressing good wishes.

ben-e-fac-tion (ben-e-fak'shun), *n.* a benefit; a donation.

ben-e-fac-tor (ben-e-fak'tẽr), *n.* one who confers a benefit.

ben-e-fice (ben'e-fis), *n.* an estate in lands; an endowed church.

be-nef-i-cence (be-nef'i-sens), *n.* active goodness; a benefaction.

be-nef-i-cent (be-nef'i-sent), *adj.* characterized by benevolence. *Syn.* bountiful, generous, liberal.

ben-e-fi-cial (ben-e-fish'âl), *adj.* profitable; useful.

ben-e-fi-cial-ly (-li), *adv.* in an advantageous manner.

ben-e-fi-ci-a-ry (ben-e-fish'i-a-ri), *n.* one who holds a benefice; one who receives anything as a gift.

ben-e-fit (ben'e-fit), *n.* an act of kindness; a favor conferred: *v.t.* to do good to; be of service to: *v.i.* to gain advantage; make improvement. *Syn.* favor, advantage, kindness.

be-nev-o-lence (be-nev'ō-lens), *n.* philanthropy; good-will; an act of kindness. *Syn.* beneficence, benignity.

be-nev-o-lent (be-nev'ō-lent), *adj.* kind; charitable.

ben-gal (ben-gawl'), *n.* a thin stuff made of silk and hair.

ben-gal ti-ger (tī'gẽr), *n.* the royal tiger.

be-night (be-nīt'), *v.t.* to involve in darkness.

be-night-ed (be-nīt'ed), *adj.* involved in darkness or superstition.

be-nign (be-nīn'), *adj.* of a kind or gentle disposition.

be-nig-nant (be-nig'nânt), *adj.* kind; gracious; favorable.

be-nig-ni-ty (be-nig'ni-ti), *n.* kindness of nature.

be-ni-son (ben'i-zn), *n.* a blessing.

be-ni-tier (bā-nē'tiā), *n.* a font for holy water.

bent (bent), *adj.* curved; crooked; determined: *n.* a turn; an inclination; disposition.

be-numb. See numb.

ben-zene (ben'zēn), *n.* a volatile, inflammable liquid obtained from coal-tar. Also called benzole and benzoline.

ben-zine (ben'zēn), *n.* a liquid obtained from petroleum by distillation.

ben-zo-ic (ben-zō'ik), *adj.* pertaining to benzoin.

ben-zo-in (ben-zō'in), or BENZOINE ('zoin), *n.* a fragrant resin, used for perfume and incense.

be-queath (be-kwēth'), *v.t.* to leave by will; hand down; transmit.

be-queath-ment (be-kwēth'ment), *n.* the act of leaving by will.

be-quest (be-kwest'), *n.* something left by will; a legacy.

be-rate. See rate.

Ber-ber (bĕr'bĕr), *n.* a native of Barbary.

be-reave (be-rēv'), *v.t.* to deprive; make destitute; rob of.

be-reave-ment (be-rēv'ment), *n.* the act of bereaving; the death of a friend.

be-reft (be-reft'), *p.t.* & *p.p.* of bereave.

berg (bĕrg), *n.* a large floating mass of ice.

ber-ga-mot (bĕr'gȧ-mot), *n.* a volatile oil much used in perfumery.

ber-ry (ber'i), *n.* any small pulpy or succulent fruit.

berth (bĕrth), *n.* ample sea room; a station for a ship at anchor; a room in a vessel set apart for officers or seamen; a sleeping place in a railway carriage; a situation or appointment.

ber-tha (bĕr'thȧ), *n.* a kind of lady's cape.

ber-yl (ber'il), *n.* a mineral of green or other color.

ber-yl-line (bĕr'i-lin), *adj.* like a beryl in color.

be-seech (be-sēch'), *v.t.* to entreat; supplicate; implore.

be-seem (be-sēm'), *v.* to be suitable or seemly.

be-set (be-set'), *v.t.* surround; besiege; press hard on.

be-set-ment (be-set'ment), *n.* the condition of being surrounded.

be-set-ting (be-set'ing), *adj.* habitually attacking.

be-shrew (be-shrōō'), *v.t.* to invoke a curse; execrate.

be-side (be-sīd'), *prep.* at the side of; near.

be-sides (be-sīdz'), *adv.* more than that; in addition; *prep.* over and above; distinct from.

be-siege (be-sēj'), *v.t.* to encompass with armed forces; lay siege to; harass.

be-siege-ment (be-sēj'ment), *n.* the state of being encompassed.

be-slav-er (be-slav'ĕr), *v.t.* to besmear with spittle; cover with fulsome praise.

be-slob-ber (be-slob'ĕr), *v.t.* to smear with spittle; to flatter fulsomely.

be-smirch (be-smĕrch'), *v.t.* to soil; discolor; dishonor.

be-som (bē'zum), *n.* a brush of twigs.

be-sot (be-sot'), *v.t.* to bestialize; stupefy; infatuate.

be-sot-ment (be-sot'ment), *n.* the act of being besotted.

be-sot-ted-ly (-li), *adv.* in a foolish manner.

be-sought, *p.t.* & *p.p.* of beseech.

be-span-gle (be-spang'gl), *v.t.* to adorn with spangles.

be-spat-ter (be-spat'ĕr), *v.t.* to soil by spattering; asperse by calumny.

be-speak (be-spēk'), *v.t.* to speak for beforehand.

be-spread. See spread.

be-sprin-kle. See sprinkle.

bes-sem-er steel (bes'em-ĕr stēl), *n.* steel made by forcing atmospheric air into melted cast iron.

best (best), *adj.* highest excellence; of the first standing; most desirable: *n.* the highest state of excellence; the utmost endeavor: *adv.* (*superl.* of well) in the highest degree: *v.t.* to get the better of; surpass; outwit.

be-sted or BESTEAD (be-sted'), *p.adj.* situated; placed.

bes-tial (bes'tiȧl), *adj.* belonging to a beast; brutal; sensual.

bes-tial-ize (bes'tial-īz), *v.t.* to degrade to the level of a brute.

bes-tial-i-ty (bes-tial'i-ti), *n.* the qualities or nature of a beast.

bes-tial-ly (bes'tial-li), *adv.* in a beast-like manner.

be-stir (be-stĕr), *v.t.* to put into brisk action.

be-stow (be-stō'), *v.t.* deposit in safe keeping; use or apply; give or confer upon.

be-stow-ment (be-stō'ment) or BE-STOW-AL ('ȧl), *n.* the act of giving or conferring.

be-strad-dle (be-strad'l), *v.t.* to bestride.

be-strew (be-strōō′) or BESTROW (-strō′), *v.t.* to scatter over.

be-stride (be-strīd′), *v.t.* to stand or sit with the legs astride.

bet (bet), *v.t* to stake or pledge: *v.i.* to lay a wager: *n.* the act of wagering; that which is wagered.

be-take (be-tāk′), *v.t.* to resort; take one's self to.

beth-el (beth′el), *n.* a hallowed spot; a seaman's chapel.

be-think (be-think′), *v.t.* & *v.i.* to call to mind; consider; to reflect.

be-tide (be-tīd′), *v.t.* to happen to: *v.i.* to come to pass.

be-times (be-tīmz′), *adv.* in good season or time; soon.

be-to-ken (be-tō′kn), *v.t.* to indicate by signs.

bet-on (bet′un, French batōng′), *n.* a concrete used for submarine structures.

bet-o-ny (bet′ō-ni), *n.* a plant formerly used in medicine and as a dye.

be-took, *p.t.* of betake.

be-tray (bē-trā′), *v.t.* to deceive; intrap; violate by fraud.

be-tray-al (bē-trā′ăl), *n.* the act of betraying.

be-troth (bē-troth′), *v.t.* to contract in marriage; pledge one's troth to.

be-troth-al (bē-troth′ăl), *n.* the act of engaging to marry.

bet-ter (bet′ĕr), *adj.* more good; preferable; improved in health; more perfect: *adv.* in a superior manner; in a higher degree; *v.t.* to improve; excel; outdo: *v.i.* to become better: *n.* a superior.

bet-ter or BET-TOR (bet′ĕr), *n.* one who wagers or lays bets.

bet-ter-ment (bet′ĕr-ment), *n.* an improvement

bet-ting (bet′ing), *n.* the act of making bets.

be-tween (be-twēn′), *prep.* in the separating space; shared in common.

be-tween-whiles (′whīlz), *adv.* at intervals.

be-twixt (be-twikst′), *prep.* between; in the space which separates.

bev-el (bev′el), *v.t.* to cut to a bevel-angle: *n.* an angle otherwise than a right angle; an instrument used for drawing angles; *adj.* slanting.

bevel-wheel (hwēl), *n.* a cog-wheel with its working face oblique to the axis.

bev-el-ment (bev′el-ment), *n.* the act or process of beveling.

bev-er-age (bev′ĕr-ej), *n.* drink of any kind.

bev-y (bev′i), *n.* a company or assembly of persons; a flock of quails or larks.

be-wail (be-wāl′), *v.t.* to mourn; lament: *v.i.* to express grief.

be-wail-ment (be-wāl′ment), *n.* the act of lamenting.

be-ware (be-wār′), *v.i.* to be on one's guard.

be-wil-der (be-wil′dĕr), *v.t.* to lead into perplexity.

be-wil-der-ment (be-wil′dĕr-ment), *n.* the state of being greatly perplexed.

be-witch (be-wich′), *v.t.* to cast a spell over; charm; fascinate.

be-witch-er-y (be-wich′ĕr-i), *n.* witchery; fascination; charm.

be-witch-ing (be-wich′ing), *adj.* captivating; alluring.

be-witch-ment (be-wich′-ment), *n.* fascination.

be-wray (be-rā′), *v.t.* to expose, reveal.

be-yond (be-yond′), *prep.* on the further side; out of reach; above; *adv.* farther away.

bez-el (bez′el), *n.* the slope of a cutting tool; the rim holding a gem; the groove of a watch glass.

be-zique (be-zēk′), *n.* a game of cards.

be-zoar (bē′zōr), *n.* a concretion found in certain animals.

bhang or BANG (bang), *n.* a narcotic drug; hashish.

bi-an-nu-al (bī-an′ū-ăl), *adj.* occurring twice a year.

bi-an-nu-al-ly (il), *adv.* twice a year.

bi-ar-tic-u-late (bi-ăr-tik′ū-lāt), *adj.* having two joints.

bi-as (bī′ăs), *n.* a seam formed by two pieces of cloth cut obliquely; undue propensity for; prejudice: *v.t.* to incline to one side; influence; prejudice; *adv.* in a slanting direction; obliquely.

bi-ax-i-al (bī-ăks′i-ăl), *adj.* having two axes.

bi-ax-i-al-ly (-li), *adv.* with two axes.

bib (bib), *n.* a piece of cloth placed under an infant's chin.

bib-ber (bib'er), *n.* a tippler.

Bi-ble (bī'bl), *n.* the writings of the Old and New Testament.

Bib-li-cal (bib'li-kăl), *adj.* pertaining to the Bible; scriptural.

Bib-li-cal-ly (-li), *adv.* according to the Bible.

Bib-li-cist (bib'li-sist), *n.* one who adheres to the strict letter of the Bible.

bib-li-og-ra-pher (bib-li-og'-ra-fēr), *n.* one versed in the making of books.

bib-li-o-graph-ic (bib-li-ō-graf'-ik) or BIBLIOGRAPHICAL (-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to the history of books.

bib-li-o-graph-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in a bibliographical manner.

bib-li-og-ra-phy (bib-li-og'ra-fi), *n.* the science or description of books; a list of authorities.

bib-li-ol-a-ter (bib-li-ol'ă-tēr), *n.* a book worshiper.

bib-li-ol-a-try (bib-li-ol'ă-tri), *n.* book worship.

bib-li-o-log-ic-al (bib-li-ō-loj'-ik-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to bibliology.

bib-li-ol-o-gy (bib-li-ol'ō-ji), *n.* an account of books; Biblical literature.

bib-li-o-ma-ni-a (bib-li-ō-mā'-ni-ă), *n.* a mania for acquiring rare books.

bib-li-o-ma-ni-ac (bib-li-ō-mā'ni-ak), *n.* one with a mania for books.

bib-li-o-phile (bib'li-ō-fīl), *n.* a lover of books.

bib-li-oph-i-lism (bib-li-of'i-lizm), *n.* love of books.

bib-li-o-pole (bib'li-ō-pōl), *n.* a seller of rare works.

bib-li-o-the-ca (bib-li-ō-thē'-ka), *n.* a library.

bib-u-lous (bib'ū-lus), *adj.* absorbent; spongy; addicted to drink.

bi-cam-e-ral (bī-kam'ē-răl), *adj.* consisting of two legislative chambers.

bi-car-bon-ate (bī-kär'bon-āt), *n.* a salt with two equivalents of carbonic acid.

bi-car-i-nate (bī-kar'i-nāt), *adj.* having two keel-like projections.

bi-cau-date (bī-kaw'dāt), *adj.* furnished with two tails.

bice or BISE (bīs), *n.* two pigments used in painting, one blue, the other green.

bi-cen-te-na-ry (bī-sen'te-nā-ri), *n.* the two hundredth anniversary of any event.

bi-cen-ten-ni-al (bī-sen-ten'i-ăl), *adj.* comprising two hundred years.

bi-ceph-a-lous (bī-sef'ă'lus), *adj.* having two heads.

bi-ceps (bī'seps), *n.* the outer muscle of the upper arm.

bi-chlo-ride (bī-klō'rid or 'rīd), *n.* two atoms of chlorine combined with a base.

bi-chord (bī'kôrd), *adj.* having two chords.

bi-cip-it-al (bī-sip'it-ăl), *adj.* having two heads.

bick-er (bik'ēr), *v.i.* to engage in petty altercation; quiver; flicker.

bi-con-cave (bī-kon'kāv), *adj.* hollow on both sides.

bi-con-ju-gate (bī-kon'jū-gāt), *adj.* twice paired.

bi-con-vex (bī-kon'veks), *adj.* rounded on both sides.

bi-corn (bī'kôrn), *adj.* having two horns.

bi-cus-pid (bī-kus'pid), *n.* one of the double-pointed teeth.

bi-cy-cle (bī'si-kl), *n.* a two-wheeled velocipede propelled by the feet; MOTOR-CYCLE, the same propelled by mechanical power.

bi-cy-clist (bī'si-klist), *n.* one who rides a bicycle; a cyclist.

bid (bid), *v.t.* to offer; propose as a price; invite; request; command; order; *n.* a price offered.

bid-da-ble (bid'ă-bl), *adj.* docile; obedient.

bid-der (bid'ēr), *n.* one who bids or offers a price.

bid-ding (bid'ing), *n.* an order; proclamation.

bide (bīd), *v.i.* to inhabit; reside: *v.t.* to endure; wait for.

bi-dent (bī'dent), *n.* a two-pronged instrument.

bi-den-tal (bi-den'tăl) or BIDENTATE ('tāt), *adj.* having two teeth.

bi-en-ni-al (bī-en'ni-ăl), *adj.* happening once in two years; *n.* a plant which exists for two years; something which takes place once in two years.

bi-en-ni-al-ly (-li), *adv.* once in two years.

bier (bĕr), *n.* a frame on which a corpse is placed.

bi-fa-ci-al (bī-fā′shi-ăl), *adj.* having two similar faces.

bi-fa-ri-ous (bī-fā′ri-us), *adj.* two-fold; pointing in two ways.

bif-er-ous (bif′ĕr-us), *adj.* bearing flowers or fruit twice a year.

bi-fid (bī′fĭd), *adj.* partially divided into two.

bi-fil-ar (bī-fil′ăr), *adj.* two-threaded.

bi-fo-cal (bī-fō′kăl), *adj.* having two foci.

bi-fold (bī′fold), *adj.* two-fold; double.

bi-fo-li-ate (bī-fō′li-āt), *adj.* having two leaves.

bi-fur-cate (bī-fĕr′kāt), *v.i.* having two branches. *adj.* divided into two branches.

bi-fur-ca-tion (bī-fĕr-kā′shun), *n.* a division into two branches.

big (big), *adj.* of great bulk; pregnant; full; inflated.

big game (big′ gām), *n.* large game animals.

big-horn (big′hôrn), *n.* the wild sheep of the Rocky Mountains.

big-wig (big′wig), *n.* an important official.

big-a-mist (big′ă-mist), *n.* one guilty of bigamy.

big-a-mous (big′ă-mus), *adj.* pertaining to bigamy.

big-a-my (big′ă-mi), *n.* the offense of having two wives at once.

bight (bīt), *n.* a coil of rope; a small bay.

Big-no-ni-a (big-nō′ni-ă), *n.* a genus of climbing plants.

big-ot (big′ot), *n.* one blindly attached to a creed, church, or party; one who is intolerant of the opinions of others.

big-ot-ed (big′ot-ed), *adj.* characterized by bigotry.

big-ot-ry (big′ot-ri), *n.* great prejudice; intolerance; fanaticism.

bi-jou (bē-zhōō′), *n.* a jewel; any small and elegantly finished article.

bi-jou-te-rie (bē-zhōō′trē), *n.* small articles of vertu.

bi-la-bi-ate (bī-lā′bi-āt), *adj.* having two lips.

bi-lat-er-al (bī-lat′ĕr-ăl), *adj.* having two sides.

bi-lat-er-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in a two-sided manner.

bil-ber-ry (bil′bĕr-ri), *n.* the whortleberry.

bil-boes (bil′boz), *n.* stocks for the feet.

bile (bīl), *n.* a yellow bitter fluid secreted by the liver from venous blood; ill-humor.

bile-stone (-stōn), *n.* a gallstone.

bilge (bilj), *n.* the bulging part of a cask; the broadest part of a ship's bottom: *v.t.* to break in the bottom or bilge of a ship.

bilge-wa-ter (′waw-tĕr), *n.* water which accumulates in the bilge of a ship.

bilge-ways (′wāz), *n.pl.* the timber supporting the cradle of a vessel while being built.

bil-i-a-ry (bil′i-ă-ri), *adj.* pertaining to the bile; conveying the bile.

bi-lin (bī′lin), *n.* a yellow gummy substance precipitated from bile.

bi-lin-gual (bī-ling′gwăl), *adj.* expressed in two languages.

bi-lin-gual-ly (-li), *adv.* in two languages.

bil-ious (bil′yus), *adj.* pertaining to the bile; choleric.

bil-ious-ness (-nes), *n.* the state of being bilious.

bi-lit-er-al (bī-lit′ĕr-ăl), *adj.* consisting of two letters: *n.* a word of two letters.

bilk (bilk), *v.t.* to defraud; to escape from; dodge: *n.* a trick; a hoax.

bill (bil), *n.* the beak of a bird: a kind of hatchet used in pruning; an account for goods sold, or work done; a document binding to pay a specified sum; a draft of a proposed legislative statute: *v.i.* to caress; fondle, as doves.

bill-bro-ker (bil′brō-kĕr), *n.* one who negotiates the discount of bills of exchange.

bill of en-try (en′tri), *n.* a written account of goods entered at the custom house.

bill of ex-change (eks-chānj′), *n.* a written order to pay a certain sum at a fixed time, in consideration of value received.

bill of health (helth), *n.* a certificate given to the master of a vessel specifying the state of the health of a ship's company.

bill of la-ding (lā'ding), *n.* a document specifying the goods shipped on board a vessel.

bill of mor-tal-i-ty (môr-tal'i-ti), *n.* the official return of deaths.

bill of sale (sāl), *n.* a written statement of goods sold.

bil-let (bil'et), *n.* a small paper in writing; a short letter; a soldier's lodging; a small stick or log of wood, as for fuel: *v.t.* to lodge soldiers: *v.i.* to be quartered or lodged.

bil-let-doux (bil-le-dōō'), *n.* a love-letter.

bill-hook (bil'hook), *n.* a small hatchet with hooked point.

bil-liards (bil'yĕrdz), *n.* a game played with balls and a cue.

bil-lings-gate (bil'ingz-gāt), *n.* coarse or profane language; virulent abuse.

bil-lion (bil'yun), *n.* in the United States and France a thousand millions (1,000,000,000); in England a million millions (1,000,000,000,000).

bil-lot (bil'ot), *n.* bullion in the mass or bar.

bil-low (bil'ō), *n.* a great wave of the sea: *v.i.* to roll in large waves.

bil-ly goat (bil'i-gōt), *n.* a male goat.

bi-lo-bate (bī-lō'bāt), *adj.* divided into two lobes.

bi-ma-nous (bī-mā'nus), *adj.* having two hands.

bi-met-al-lic (bī-met-al'ik), *adj.* pertaining to two metals.

bi-met-al-lism (bī-met'ăl-izm), *n.* the adoption as coins of two metals (as gold and silver) at a fixed ratio.

bi-met-al-list (bī-met'ăl-ist), *n.* an advocate of bimetallism.

bi-month-ly (bī-munth'li), *adj.* occurring once in two months.

bin (bin), *n.* a receptacle for corn, coal, etc.; a cellar partition for wine bottles.

bi-na-ry (bī'na-ri), *adj.* consisting of two parts.

bi-na-ry star (stär), *n.* a double star or sun.

bi-nate (bī'nāt), *adj.* growing in couples.

bind (bīnd), *v.t.* to tie; confine; unite; hold by any moral tie; restrain; fasten together; place under legal obligation *Syn.* fasten, fetter, fix.

bind-weed (-wēd), *n.* a common name for the plant genus Convolvulus.

bind-ing (bīnd'ing), *n.* a bandage; the cover of a book: *p.pr.* confining.

bine (bīn), *n.* the slender stem of a twining plant.

bing (bing), *n.* a heap or pile of anything.

bin-na-cle (bin'ă-kl), *n.* a ship's compass box.

bin-o-cle (bin'ō-kl or bī'no-kl), *n.* a field or opera glass with two eye-tubes.

bi-noc-u-lar (bī-nok- or bin-ok'ū-lĕr), *adj.* having two eyes; adapted for both eyes. Also binoculate.

bi-no-mi-al (bī-nō'mi-ăl), *n.* a quantity consisting of two terms connected by the sign plus (+) or minus (−): *adj.* consisting of two terms; having two names.

bi-o-dy-nam-ics (bī-ō-dī-nam'iks), *n.* the doctrine of vital force.

bi-o-gen-e-sis (bī-ō-jen'e-sis), *n.* the doctrine of life development.

bi-o-graph (bī'ō-graf), *n.* a device for projecting seemingly animated pictures upon a screen.

bi-og-ra-pher (bī-og'ra-fĕr), *n.* a writer of biography.

bi-o-graph-ic-al-ly (bī-ō-graf'ik-ăl-li), *adv.* in the manner of a biography.

bi-og-ra-phy (bī-og'ra-fi), *n.* the history of a person's life; biographical writings in general.

bi-o-log-ic (bī-o-loj'ik), or BIOLOGICAL (-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to the science of life.

bi-o-log-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in accordance with biology.

bi-ol-o-gist (bī-ol'ō-jist), *n.* one who studies living forms.

bi-ol-o-gy (bī-ol'ō-ji), *n.* the science of life.

bi-o-plasm (bī-ō-plazm), *n.* living germinal matter.

bi-o-plast (bī'ō-plast), *n.* a minute mass of protoplasm possessing formative powers.

bi-o-tax-y (bī'ō-tak-si), *n.* the classification of living organisms from their structure.

bi-par-tite (bī-pär'tīt), *adj.* divided into two similar parts.

bi-par-ti-tion (bī-pär-tish'un), *n.* division into two parts.

bi-ped (bī'ped), *adj.* having two feet: *n.* a two-footed animal.

bi-ped-al (bī'ped-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to a biped.

bi-pen-nate (bī-pen'nāt), *adj.* having two wings.

bi-pin-nate (bī-pin'nāt), *adj.* doubly pinnate.

bi-plane (bī'plān), *n.* an aëroplane with two planes.

bi-pli-cate (bī'pli-kāt), *adj.* doubly folded.

bi-quad-rate (bī-kwod'rāt), or BI-QUAD-RAT-IC (-rat'ik), *adj.* pertaining to the fourth power.

birch (bĕrch), *n.* a tree or shrub belonging to the genus Betula; a rod formed of birch twigs used for punishment: *adj.* birchen: *v.t.* to chastise; flog.

bir-chen (bĕr'chen), *adj.* pertaining to birch.

bird (bĕrd), *n.* an animal of the feathered, flying race.

bird-lime (bĕrd'līm), *n.* a viscous substance used for snaring birds.

bird's-eye (bĕrdz'ī), *adj.* seen from above, or at a glance, as by a flying bird.

bi-ros-trate (bī-ros'trāt), *adj.* having a double beak, or beak-like process.

birth (bĕrth), *n.* the act of coming into life; lineage; descent; origin.

birth-rate ('rāt), *n.* the percentage of increase of population.

birth-right ('rīt), *n.* any right to which a person is entitled by birth.

bis-cuit (bis'kit), *n.* bread baked hard and dry, and shaped in flat cakes; unglazed pottery.

bi-sect (bī-sekt'), *v.t.* to cut into two equal parts.

bi-sec-tion (bī-sek'shun), *n.* division into two equal parts.

bi-sec-tor (bī-sek'tĕr), *n.* one who bisects; a straight line bisecting an angle.

bi-sex-u-al (bī-seks'ū-ăl), *adj.* combining the organs of both sexes in one individual; hermaphrodite.

bish-op (bish'up), the spiritual head or ruler of a diocese.

bish-op's sleeve (bish'ups slēv), *n.* a wide sleeve worn by women.

bish-op's staff (bish'ups stăf), *n.* a crosier.

bish-op-ric (bish'up-rik), *n.* the office or jurisdiction of a bishop; a diocese.

bisk or BISQUE (bisk), *n.* soup composed of several kinds of meat or fish boiled together.

bis-muth (bis'- or biz'muth), *n.* one of the chemical elements.

bi-son (bī'son), *n.* the largest American animal, now almost extinct, often inaccurately called buffalo.

bisque (bisk), *n.* an unglazed white porcelain.

bis-sex-tile (bis-seks'til), *n.* leap-year; *adj.* pertaining to leap-year.

bis-ter (bis'tĕr), *n.* a dark brown pigment.

bi-sul-phate (bī-sul'fāt), *n.* a salt of sulphuric acid.

bi-sul-phite (bī-sul'fīt), *n.* a salt of sulphurous acid.

bi-sym-me-try (bī-sim'e-tri), *n.* correspondence of the two sides of anything.

bit (bit) *p.t.* & *p.p.* of bite.

bit (bit), *n.* a tool for boring; the metal mouthpiece of a bridle; the cutting blade of a plane; a small piece of anything.

bitch (bich), *n.* a female dog.

bite (bīt), *v.t.* to seize or crush with the teeth; cause smarting pain to; pinch, as with intense cold; blight or blast: *n.* the act of seizing with the teeth; a mouthful.

bi-ting-ly (-li), *adv.* in a sarcastic manner.

bitt (bit), *n.* a post of wood or iron to which cables are made fast.

bit-ter (bit'ĕr), *adj.* having a sharp or harsh taste; acrid; grievous; severe; reproachful; *n.* any substance that is bitter. *Syn.* acid, biting.

bit-ter-cup (-kup), *n.* a cup made of quassia wood.

bit-ter-sweet (bit'ĕr-swēt), *n.* the woody nightshade.

bit-ter-ish (-ish), *adj.* somewhat bitter.

bit-tern (bit'ĕrn), *n.* a wading bird of the heron family.

bit-ters (bit'ĕrs), *n.pl.* liquor in which herbs or roots are steeped.

bi-tu-men (bi-tū'men), *n.* mineral pitch.

bi-tu-mi-nous (bi-tu'mi-nus), *adj.* having the qualities of, or containing, bitumen.

bi-valve (bī'valv), *adj.* having two valves or shells united by a ligament; *n.* a mollusk with shells of this kind.

biv-ou-ac (biv'ōō-ak), *n.* an encampment of soldiers in the open air, without tents: *v.i.* to encamp without tents.

bi-week-ly (bī-wēk'li), *adj.* occurring every two weeks; fortnightly.

bi-zarre (bi-zär'), *adj.* odd; fanciful; grotesque.

blab (blab), *v.t.* to tell thoughtlessly: *n.* one who lets out secrets.

black (blak), *adj.* destitute of light; dismal; gloomy: *n.* the darkest color; the opposite of white; a negro; mourning: *v.t.* to blacken; apply blacking to.

black-a-moor (blak'a-mōōr), *n.* a negro.

black art, *n.* necromancy; magic.

black-ball (blak'bawl), *v.t.* to reject a candidate by placing black balls in the ballot box.

black-ber-ry (blak'ber-ri), *n.* the fruit of several species of prickly shrubs.

black-bird (blak'bērd), *n.* several birds so called from their sombre plumage.

black-board (blak'bōrd), *n.* a board for writing on with chalk.

black-cap (blak'-kap), *n.* the popular name of several black-crested birds; the black raspberry.

black-cock (blak'-kok), *n.* the male of the European black grouse.

black-cur-rant (blak'-kur-ent), *n.* a variety of the garden currant.

black-en (blak'n), *v.i.* to grow black or dark: *v.t.* defame; asperse.

black-fish (blak'fish), *n.* a name for several species of American and European fish.

black-flag (blak'flag), *n.* the flag of a pirate.

black-fly (blak' flī), *n.* a black plant louse; a minute beetle.

black-fri-ar (blak'frī-ăr), *n.* a friar of the Dominican order.

black-guard (blag'ärd), *n.* a man of low character who uses foul language; a scoundrel: *adj.* vicious; low; scurrilous; abusive: *v.t.* to revile.

black-guard-ism (blag'ärd-izm), *n.* the language of a blackguard.

black-hole (blak hōl), *n.* a dungeon or dark cell in a prison.

black-ing (blak'ing), *n.* a preparation for imparting polish to boots.

black-ish (blak'ish), *adj.* somewhat black.

black-lead (blak'led), *v.t.* to cover with blacklead or plumbago: *n.* plumbago.

black-leg (blak' leg), *n.* a notorious gambler and cheater.

black-let-ter (blak' let ĕr), *n.* the old English letter used in early manuscripts and books.

black-list (blak'list), *n.* a list of insolvents, bankrupts, etc.: *v.t.* to put in a blacklist.

black-mail (blak'māl), *n.* a tribute paid for protection from injury; hence extortion by means of intimidation.

black-smith (blak'smith), *n.* a smith who works in iron.

black-thorn (blak'thôrn), *n.* the sloe; a stick of sloe wood.

blad-der (blad'ĕr), *n.* a vessel in the animal body holding liquid exudations; a membranous bag.

blad-der-y (blad'ĕr-i), *adj.* resembling bladders.

blade (blād), *n.* the leaf of a grass; the cutting part of an instrument; the broad part of an oar.

blade-bone (blād'bōn), *n.* the shoulder-blade.

blain (blān), *n.* a pustule or blister.

bla-ma-ble (blā'mă-bl), *adj.* worthy of being blamed; deserving censure.

bla-ma-bly (-bli), *adv.* in a culpable manner.

blame (blām) *v.t.* to censure; reproach: *n.* disapprobation; censure. *Syn.* condemn, reprove, upbraid.

blame-ful (blām'fool), *adj.* meriting blame.

blame-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in a censurable manner

blame-less (les), *adj.* without blame; free from guilt.

blanch (blânch), *v.t.* to take out the color; *v.i.* become white; turn pale.

blanc-mange (blâ-monzh'), *n.* a white jelly, composed of isinglass, etc.

bland (bland), *adj.* mild; gentle; soothing.

blan-dish-ment (blan'dish-ment), *n.* a soothing speech; artful caresses.

blank (blangk), *adj.* dejected; empty; unwritten; without result; absolute: *n.* any void space; disc of unstamped metal.

blank verse (vẽrs), *n.* unrhymed verse.

blan-ket (blang'ket), *n.* a woolen cloth for a bed or covering.

blan-ket-ing (blang'ket-ing), *n.* coarse cloth for blankets.

blare (blär), *v.i.* to bellow; to roar: *v.t.* to sound loudly; trumpet forth: *n.* a loud sound.

blar-ney (blär'ni), *n.* wheedling speech; flattery: *v.t.* to influence by flattery.

blar-ney-stone, *n.* a stone in the wall of Blarney Castle, Cork, to kiss which is said to give skill in flattery.

blas-pheme (blas-fēm'), *v.t.* to speak irreverently; revile: *v.i.* to use profane language.

blas-phe-mous (blas'fe-mus), *adj.* uttering blasphemy; profane.

blas-phe-my (blas'fe-mi), *n.* impious or mocking speech concerning God or sacred things.

blast (blást), *n.* a gust of wind; the sound of a wind instrument; the explosion of gunpowder, dynamite, etc.: *v.t.* to cause to wither; blight; to rend by an explosive.

blas-to-derm (blas'tō-dẽrm), *n.* the germinal spot in an ovum.

bla-tant (blā'tánt), *adj.* bawling; noisy.

blath-er (bla*th*'ẽr), *n.* foolish chatter.

blaze (blāz), *n.* a body of flame; a stream of bright light: *v.t.* to mark a path by cuts in trees: *v.i.* to flame; be conspicuous.

blaz-er (blāz'ẽr), *n.* a bright colored jacket.

bla-zon (blā'zn), *v.t.* embellish; display; proclaim boastingly.

bla-zon-ment (blā'zn-ment), *n.* the act of blazoning.

bla-zon-ry (blā'zn-ri), *n.* a heraldic device.

bleach (blēch), *v.t.* to make white.

bleach-er-y (blēch'ẽr-ri), *n.* a place where bleaching is carried on.

bleach-ing-pow-der (pou'dẽr), *n.* chloride of lime.

bleak (blēk), *adj.* cold; unsheltered; cheerless.

bleak (blēk), *n.* a small river fish with silvery scales.

blear (blēr), *adj.* dimness of sight from a watery discharge: *v.t.* to make sore or watery, as the eyes.

bleat (blēt), *v.i.* to cry like a sheep: *n.* cry of a sheep.

bleb (bleb), *n.* a blister; a pustule; a bubble.

bleed (blēd), *v.i.* to lose blood; shed blood: *v.t.* to take blood from.

blem-ish (blem'ish), *v.t.* to stain; mar; tarnish; defame: *n.* deformity, a taint. *Syn.* flaw, speck, spot, stain.

blench (blench), *v.i.* to start back; flinch; quail.

blend (blend), *v.t.* to mix together: *v.i.* to mingle: *n.* a mixture of varied things; shading of colors.

blende (blend), *n.* native sulphide of zinc.

bless (bles), *v.t.* to invoke a blessing upon; praise or extol.

bless-ed (ẽd), *adj.* in a state of felicity.

bless-ed-ness (bles'ed-nes), *n.* the state of being blessed.

bless-ing (bles'ing), *n.* a benediction; a divine benefit; grateful adoration.

blest, contracted form of blessed.

blet (blet), *n.* a decayed spot in fruit.

blew, *p.t.* of blow.

blight (blīt), *n.* a disease in plants; smut; mildew; something destructive; *v.t.* to check, nip, or destroy.

blind (blīnd), *adj.* destitute of sight; dark; obscure: *n.* anything which hinders vision; a window-screen; a blinker: *v.t.* to deprive of sight. *Syn.* sightless.

blind-fish (blīnd'fish), *n.* a fish with rudimentary eyes, found in cave waters.

blind-spot (blīnd'spot), *n.* a point in the retina which is not sensitive to light.

blind-ness (-nes), *n.* want of sight; lack of discernment.

blind-fold (blīnd'fōld), *adj.* having the eyes covered: *v.t.* to hinder from seeing.

blind-worm (blīnd'wẽrm), *n.* a small lizard formerly supposed to be blind.

blink (blink), *v.i.* to wink; twinkle; glimmer: *v.t.* to evade; shirk: *n.* a glimpse or glance; a glimmer.

blin-ker (bling'kĕr), *n.* side covering for horse's eyes: *pl.* colored spectacles.

bliss (blis), *n.* the highest happiness; blessedness.

bliss-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in a blissful manner.

blis-ter (blis'tĕr), *n.* a vesicle or pustule on the skin; a blister-producing plaster: *v.t.* to raise a blister: *v.i.* to rise in blisters.

blithe (blīth), *adj.* gay; mirthful; sprightly.

blithe-some (blīth'sum), *adj.* merry; joyous.

bliz-zard (bliz'ärd), *n.* a furious hurricane with blinding snow and intense cold.

bloat (blōt), *v.t.* to dry in smoke; to cause to swell; inflate; make vain: *v.i.* to puff up.

bloat-er (blōt'ĕr), *n.* a herring smoked but not opened.

blob (blob), *n.* a blister; a bubble.

block (blok), *n.* an unshaped piece of wood, stone, etc.; the piece of wood in which pulleys run; a row of buildings; a portion of a city enclosed by streets; an obstruction; *v.i.* to obstruct

block-head (blok'hed), *n.* a stupid fellow.

block-house (blok'hous), *n.* a stronghold made of heavy timbers.

block sys-tem (blok' sys-tem), *n.* a system of working railway traffic by dividing the line into short sections on each of which only one train is allowed to enter.

block-ade (blok-ād'), *n.* the shutting up of a place by hostile ships or troops: *v.t.* to surround and shut up; obstruct.

block-age (blok'ej), *n.* an obstruction.

blond or BLONDE (blond), *adj.* light colored: *n.* a person of fair complexion and light hair.

blood (blud), *n.* the fluid which circulates in animals; kinship; lineage; temper.

blood-heat (blud'hēt), *n.* the normal heat of the human blood (98° F.).

blood-horse (blud'hôrs), *n.* a horse of pure breed or pedigree.

blood-hound (blud'hound), *n.* a breed of large dogs noted for acute scent and power of trailing.

blood-mon-ey (blud'mun-i), *n.* the reward paid for discovery or capture of a blood-stone (blud'stōn), *n.* a dark green variety of quartz.

blood-ed, ('ed), *adj.* of the best stock or breed.

blood-i-ly (blud'i-li), *adv.* in a bloody manner.

blood-shed (shed), *n.* slaughter.

blood-y (blud'i), *adj.* bloodstained; murderous.

blood-y-flux (blud'i-fluks'), *n.* dysentery.

bloom (blōōm), *n.* a blossom; the blue color upon certain fruits; a flush; a glow; a rough mass of puddled iron: *v.i.* to produce blossoms; flower; glow.

bloom-er (blōōm'ĕr), *n.* a costume for women somewhat like that worn by men.

blos-som (blos'um), *n.* the flower of a plant; bloom: *v.i.* to flower; flourish.

blot (blot), *n.* a spot or stain; a blemish; disgrace: *v.t.* to spot or stain; mar; stain with infamy. *Syn.* cancel, efface, expunge.

blotch (bloch), *n.* a large irregular spot; an eruption, or pustule: *v.t.* to mark with blots.

blotch-y (bloch'i), *adj.* having blotches.

blouse (blouz), *n.* a light, loose overgarment.

blow (blō), *n.* a mass of blossoms; a stroke; a knock; a sudden shock or calamity: *v.i.* to blossom; flower; make a current of air; pant; breathe quickly: *v.t.* to impel by a current of air; sound a wind instrument; clear by forcing air through; shatter by explosives: *n.* a gale of wind; the spouting of a whale. *Syn.* buffet, cuff, knock.

blow-fly (blō-fli), *n.* a species of fly which deposits its eggs upon flesh.

blow-pipe (blō'pīp), *n.* a long tube of cane or reed through which arrows are driven by the breath; a tube through which air is driven upon a flame.

blow-y (blō'i), *adj.* windy; breezy.

blowzed (blouzd) or BLOWZY (blou'-zi), *adj.* ruddy-faced; high-colored; coarse-complexioned.

blub-ber (blub'ĕr), *v.i.* to weep in a disfiguring way: *n.* the fat of whales from which oil is procured.

bluch-er (blōōch'ĕr), *n.* a strong half-boot.

bludg-eon (bluj'un), *n.* a short heavy stick used as a weapon.

blue (blū), *adj.* azure; low-spirited; dismal: *n.* color of the clear sky; one of the primary colors.

blue-bell ('bel), *n.* the wild hyacinth.

blue-book ('book), *n.* an official report.

blue-blood ('blud), *n.* aristocratic lineage.

blue-bot-tle ('bot-l), *n.* a common field flower; a species of fly.

blue-bon-net ('bon-et), *n.* a Scotch cap of blue cloth.

blue-dev-ils ('dev-ilz), *n.pl.* low spirits; mental depression.

blue-grass ('grȧs), *n.* a rich pasture grass.

blue-gum ('gum), *n.* a lofty tree of Australia.

blue-jack-et (blū'jak-et), *n.* a sailor.

blue-light (blū'līt), *n.* a light used as a signal.

blue-mold (blū'mōld), *n.* a fungus which attacks bread, etc.

blue-pe-ter (blū'pē-tĕr), *n.* a small blue flag used as a signal for sailing, etc.

blue-rib-bon (blū'ribun), *n.* mark of distinction.

blue-stock-ing (blū'stok-ing), *n.* a woman of literary tastes.

blue-stone (blu'stōn), *n.* sulphate of copper.

blu-ing (blū'ing), *n.* the process of imparting a blue tint.

bluff (bluf), *adj.* blustering; steep; hearty: *n.* a high steep bank or headland: *v.t.* to deceive by boldness in a card game; frighten by an assumed possession of strength. *Syn.* abrupt, impolite, uncivil.

bluff-ly ('li), *adv.* in a blunt manner.

bluff-y (bluf'i), *adj.* having bold steep banks.

blu-ish (blū'ish), *adj.* somewhat blue.

blun-der (blun'dĕr), *v.i.* to mistake grossly: *n.* a stupid mistake.

blun-der-buss (blun'dĕr-bus), *n.* a short gun with large bore.

blun-der-ing-ly (blun'dĕr-ing-li), *adv.* in a blundering manner.

blunt (blunt), *adv.* with a dull edge; not sharp; abrupt in address: *v.t.* to dull; impair the force of.

blunt-ish (blunt'ish), *adj.* somewhat blunt.

blur (blĕr), *v.t. p.pr.* blurring; to dim; blemish: *n.* a smudge; a stain.

blurt (blĕrt), *v.t.* to speak inadvertently; divulge a secret.

blush (blush), *v.i.* to redden in the face; bloom; feel shame: *n.* the suffusion of the cheeks through shame or modesty.

blush-ful (blush'fool), *adj.* full of blushes.

blush-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in a modest, blushing manner.

blus-ter (blus'tĕr), *v.i.* to be boisterous; talk in a swaggering style; bully; use empty threats: *n.* the noise of a storm.

blus-ter-y ('tĕr-i), *adj.* noisy; tumultuous; rough.

bo-a (bō'ȧ), *n.* a huge serpent of South America; a long fur tippet.

boa-con-stric-tor (bō'ȧ-kon-strik-tĕr), *n.* a powerful snake which kills by constriction.

boar (bōr), *n.* the male of swine, the wild hog.

board (bōrd), *n.* a piece of timber sawed thin; a table for food; entertainment; a council; the managers of some office or trust: *pl.* the stage of a theatre: *v.t.* to cover with boards; furnish with food and lodging; go on board of; enter a ship by force.

board-ing (bōrd'ing), *n.* covering of boards; the act of supplying with food and lodging; the act of entering a ship.

boar-ish (bōr'ish), *adj.* swinish; brutal; cruel.

boast (bōst), *v.i.* to brag; speak in an ostentatious manner.

boast-ful (bōst'fool), *adj.* given to boasting.

boast-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in a boastful manner.

boat (bōt), *n.* a small open vessel; a ship; *v.i.* to go in a boat; row; sail.

boat-swain (bōt'swān, usually bō'sn), *n.* a petty officer of a ship who has charge of the rigging and boats.

bob (bob), *v.t.* to move with a jerk; to cut short; *v.i.* to have a short jerking motion; *n.* something that plays loosely; a pendant; an ear-drop; the weight at the end of a pendulum.

bob-bin (bob'in), *n.* a small wooden pin on which thread is wound in lace-making; a spool or reel used to hold yarn or thread for weaving or sewing.

bob-o-link (bob'ō-lingk), *n.* an American song-bird.

bob-stay (bob'stā), *n.* one of the ropes which hold down a ship's bowsprit.

bob-tail (bob'tāl), *n.* a short tail; the rabble (ragtag and bobtail).

bob-tailed (bob'tāld), *adj.* having the tail cut short.

bock-beer (bok'bēr), *n.* a strong variety of lager beer.

bode (bōd), *v.t.* to portend; be an omen of: *v.i.* to presage.

bod-ice (bod'is), *n.* the waist of a woman's dress.

bod-i-ly (bod'i-li), *adj.* relating to the body: *adv.* corporeally; entirely.

bod-ing (bōd-ing), *n.* an omen; presentiment.

bod-kin (bod'kin), *n.* an instrument for piercing holes; a blunt needle used in hand weaving; a pin to fasten up the hair.

bod-y (bod'i), *n.* the trunk, or main portion, of an animal; the principal part of anything; a corporation; a united mass; substance; strength, as wine, etc.: *v.t.* to embody; produce in definite shape. *Syn.* carcass, form, frame.

bod-y-col-or (bod'i-kul'ēr), *n.* a pigment possessing consistence.

bod-y pol-i-tic (bod'i-pol'i-tik), *n.* the collective body of people living in a nation.

bog (bog), *v.t.* to sink in a quagmire: *n.* a tract of wet, spongy ground; quagmire; marsh.

bo-gey or BO-GY (bō'gi), *n.* a hobgoblin; a spectre.

bog-gle (bog'gl), *v.i.* to hesitate; act clumsily; bungle: *n.* the act of hesitating.

bog-gy (bog'i), *adj.* full of bogs; marshy.

bo-gie or BO-GEY (bō'gi), *n.* a four-wheeled truck under a locomotive or carriage, and turning on a central pivot.

bo-gus (bō'gus), *adj.* counterfeit; spurious.

bo-hea (bō-hē'), *n.* a kind of black tea.

Bo-he-mi-an (bō-hē'mi-ăn), *n.* a person who disregards social conventionalities, or evinces a wild or roving disposition; a gipsy.

boil (boil), *v.i.* to bubble from heat; be agitated by passion; be subjected to the action of boiling water.

boil (boil), *n.* an inflamed and painful tumor.

boil-er (boil'ēr), *n.* a vessel in which anything is boiled; a strong metal vessel in which steam is produced for driving engines.

bois-ter-ous (bois'tĕr-us), *adj.* violent; stormy.

bo-las (bō'lăs), *n. sing.* or *pl.* a hunting implement of balls attached to a leather strap, used in South America.

bold (bōld), *adj.* courageous; venturesome; forward; impudent; steep; prominent. *Syn.* brave, daring, fearless.

bold-ness ('ness), *adj.* courage; confidence.

bole (bōl), *n.* the stem of a tree.

bo-lide (bō'līd), *n.* a large exploding meteor.

boll (bōl), *n.* the pod or capsule of a plant, as of flax.

bo-lom-e-ter (bō-lom'e-tĕr), *n.* an instrument for measuring minute quantities of radiant heat.

bol-ster (bōl'stĕr), *n.* a long pillow; a padded part of a saddle: *v.t.* to support; prop.

bolt (bōlt), *n.* an arrow; a thunderbolt; lightning; a metallic pin for securing a door, gate, etc.; a roll of certain fabrics; *v.t.* to shoot; discharge; fasten with a bolt; blurt out; swallow hurriedly; to sift coarse from fine particles; separate.

bolt-rope (bōlt'rōp), *n.* a rope to which the edges of sails are sewed.

bo-lus (bō'lus), *n.* a large pill.

bomb (bom or bum), *n.* an iron shell filled with an explosive material and fired from a mortar; a missile similarly constructed and thrown by the hand.

bomb-ketch (bom'ketch), *n.* a vessel on which mortars are mounted.

bom-bard (bom-bärd'), *v.t.* to attack with cannon; assail hotly.

bom-bard-ier (bom-bärd-ēr'), *n.* one who serves a mortar.

bom-bard-ment (bom-bärd'ment), *n.* an attack with shot and shell.

bom-bast (bom'băst), *n.* high-sounding words; inflated language.

bom-bas-tic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in an inflated manner or style.

bom-ba-zet or BOM-BA-ZETTE (bom-bă-zet'), *n.* a sort of thin woolen cloth.

bom-ba-zine (bom- or bum-bâ-zēn′), *n.* a twilled fabric of silk and worsted.

bomb-shell. Same as bomb.

bo-na fi-de (bō′nâ fī′dē), *adj.* [L.] genuine.

bo-nan-za (bō-nan′zâ), *n.* a rich vein of ore; anything very profitable.

bon-bon (bŏng′bŏng), *n.* a sugar-plum; confection.

bond (bond), *n.* anything that binds; a ligament; an obligation; a binding legal paper; an interest-bearing certificate; *pl.* fetters; captivity; *v.t.* to put in bond or into a bonded warehouse; *adj.* in a state of servitude or slavery.

bonds-man (bondz′man), *n.* one bound as surety for another.

bone (bōn), *n.* the ossified tissue forming the skeleton of an animal; part of such a skeleton: *v.t.* to remove the bones from.

bone-black (bōn′blak), *n.* animal charcoal.

bon-fire (bon′fīr), *n.* any large fire to celebrate an event.

bon-ho-mie (bon-o-mē′), *n.* good-heartedness.

bon-i-face (bon′i-fās), *n.* an innkeeper.

bonne (bon), *n.* a French nurse.

bon-net (bon′et), *n.* a woman's head-covering.

bon-ny (bon′ni), *adj.* handsome; gay; blithe.

bon-ny-clab-ber (bon′i-clab-ẽr), *n.* milk curdled in the process of souring.

bon-ton (bŏng-tŏng′), *n.* the style of persons in high life.

bo-nus (bō′nus), *n.* a premium paid on a loan; an additional dividend; a sum in addition to regular pay or wages.

boo (bōō), *interj.* an expression of aversion or contempt.

boo-by (bōō′bi), *n.* a dunce; a stupid fellow.

boo-by-ish (-ish), *adj.* stupid; silly.

boo-dle (bōō′dl), *n.* money paid secretly for votes; bribe money.

boo-dler (boo′dlẽr), *n.* one who gives or accepts a bribe.

book (book), *n.* a volume of blank or printed pages; a register or record: *v.t.* to record in a book.

book-keep-ing (book′kēp-ing), *n.* the art of recording business transactions.

book-mak-er (book′māk-ẽr), *n.* one who writes and publishes books; one who bets on horse races.

book-man (book′mân), *n.* a studious man.

book-mus-lin (book′muz-lin), *n.* a fine kind of muslin.

book-name (book′nām), *n.* the name of a plant or animal in use only in text-books.

book-worm (book′wẽrm), *n.* an insect, larva or grub which infects and injures books; a person closely addicted to study.

book-ish (book′ish), *adj.* given to reading; fond of study; pedantic.

book-let (book′let), *n.* a little book.

boom (bōōm), *n.* a spar to extend the foot of a sail; a bar across a river; a deep, hollow sound; a rapid rise in price: *v.i.* to make a deep sound; *v.t.* to push with energy.

boom-er (bōōm′ẽr), *n.* one who promotes a boom.

boom-e-rang (bōōm′e-rang), *n.* a missile weapon used in Australia which moves in a curve and returns to the thrower; hence any action which may recoil on its projector.

boon (bōōn), *n.* a benefit; a gift; a favor: *adj.* gay; jovial; convivial.

boor (bōōr), *n.* a rustic; a peasant; a rude clownish person.

boor-ish (bōōr′ish), *adj.* like a boor; clownish.

boose. See booze.

boost (bōōst), *v.t.* to lift by pushing from behind: *n.* a lift from behind.

boot (bōōt), *n.* profit; a sum offered to make a trade; a leather covering for the feet and lower leg; a receptacle for luggage on a coach; *v.t.* to put boots on; kick with the boot; profit; benefit; advantage by.

boot-jack (′jak), *n.* an instrument for drawing off boots.

boot-tree (′trē), *n.* a block to stretch boots.

booth (bōōth), *n.* a temporary structure made of boards, canvas, etc.

boot-less (′les), *adv.* without advantage.

boots (bōōts), *n.* a servant in a hotel.

boo-ty (bōō'ti), *n.* spoil taken in war; plunder; pillage.

booze or BOOSE (bōōz), *v.i.* to drink immoderately; *n.* liquor; a carouse.

bo-rac-ic (bō-ras'ik), *adj.* pertaining to borax.

bo-rac-ic ac-id (as'id), *n.* a compound of boron with oxygen and hydrogen.

bo-rax (bō'raks), *n.* a mineral used in the manufacture of glass, enamel, etc.

bord-age (bôrd'ej), *n.* planking of a ship's side.

bor-der (bôr'dĕr), *n.* a margin; brink; boundary; frontier; a narrow flower bed: *v.t.* to make a border. *Syn.* brim, edge.

bor-der-land (bôr'dĕr-land), *n.* land forming a frontier; debatable district.

bore (bôr), *v.t.* to pierce a hole in; weary; annoy: *n.* a hole made by boring; the diameter of a hole; a tiresome person or thing; a tidal wave in the estuaries of some rivers which moves with great force.

bore, *p.t.* of bear.

bo-re-an (bō'rē-ăn), or BOREAL (-al), *adj.* northern; pertaining to the North wind.

bore-dom (bôr'dum), *n.* ennui; the realm of bores.

born (bôrn), *p.adj.* innate; inherited.

born, *p.p.* of bear, to bring forth.

borne, *p.p.* of bear, to carry.

bor-nite (bôr'nīt), *n.* a valuable ore of copper.

bo-ro-glyc-er-ide (bō-rō-glis'er-īd), *n.* an antiseptic containing boric acid, glycerine, etc.

bo-ron (bō'ron), *n.* an element found in borax.

bor-ough (bur'ō), *n.* a corporate town.

bor-row (bor'ō), *v.t.* to obtain on loan; appropriate.

bort (bôrt), *n.* imperfect or inferior diamonds.

bos-cage or BOS-KAGE (bos'kāj), *n.* ground covered with trees and shrubs; a wooded landscape.

bosh (bosh), *n.* absurd or empty talk; utter nonsense.

bos-ket (bos'ket), *n.* a grove; a thicket.

bos-ky (bos'ki), *adj.* woody; bushy.

bos-om (boo'zum), *n.* the breast; the affections; inmost recess, etc.: *adj.* intimate; cherished; beloved: *v.t.* to cherish; conceal.

boss (bos), *n.* a protuberant part; a stud or knob; an ornamental projection.

boss (bôs), *n.* a master; foreman; political controller: *v.t.* to direct; manage.

bo-tan-ic (bō-tan'ik), *adj.* pertaining to botany.

bo-tan-ic-al (-al), belonging to botany.

bot-a-nist (bot'ă-nist), *n.* one skilled in a knowledge of plants.

bot-a-nize (bot'ă-nīz), *v.t.* to explore botanically.

bot-a-ny (bot'ă-ni), *n.* the science of plants.

botch (boch), *v.t.* to mend in a clumsy manner: *n.* a clumsy patch; bad work; a swelling on the skin.

botch-y (boch'i), *adj.* marked with botches.

both (bōth), *adj.* & *pron.* two taken together; the pair: *adv.* & *conj.* as. *Syn.* twain, two.

both-er (both'ĕr), *v.t.* to annoy; give trouble: *n.* worry; vexation.

both-er-a-tion (both-ĕr-ā'shun), *n.* the state of being bothered.

both-er-some (both'ĕr-sum), *adj.* troublesome.

bots (bots), *n.pl.* insect larvæ which infest horses, etc.

bot-tle (bot'l), *n.* a hollow vessel for holding liquids: *v.t.* to put into bottles.

bot-tle-hold-er (bot'l-hōld'ĕr), *n.* attendant of a pugilist in a prize-fight.

bot-tom (bot'um), *n.* the deepest part; the base; the ground under water; stamina.

bot-tom-lands (bot'um-landz), *n.pl.* rich flat alluvial soil on river banks.

bot-tom-less (bot'um-les), *adj.* without a bottom.

bou-doir (bōō'dwär), *n.* a small private apartment.

bouffe (bōōf), *n.* opera-bouffe; comic opera.

bough (bou), *n.* an arm or branch of a tree.

bought, *p.t.* & *p.p.* of buy.

bou-gie (bōō-zhē'), *n.* a wax candle; a surgical implement.

bouil-lon (bōō'lyon, French bōō-yông'), *n.* a clear soup produced from boiled meat.

boul-der (bōl'dẽr), *n.* a rock mass of roundish shape.

bou-le (bōō'lē), *n.* a Greek legislative assembly.

bou-le-vard (bōō'lē-värd), *n.* a broad street or promenade.

bounce (bouns), *v.t.* to cause to bound: *v.i.* leap or spring; boast: *n.* a leap; a boast.

bound (bound), *n.* a boundary: *v.t.* to limit; circumscribe. *Syn.* confine, restrict.

bound (bound), *v.i.* to jump or spring; *n.* a leap; spring; jump: *adj.* ready to go; destined.

bound, *p.t. & p.p.* of bind.

bound-a-ry (bound'ȧ-rĭ), *n.* the limit of anything.

bound-less (-les), *adj.* without limit or boundary.

boun-te-ous (boun'te-us), *adj.* liberal in gifts.

boun-ti-ful (boun'ti-fool), *adj.* liberal; generous.

boun-ti-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in a liberal manner.

boun-ty (boun'ti), *n.* liberality in giving; munificence; a premium.

bou-quet (bōō-kā'), *n.* a nosegay; the aroma of some wines.

bou-que-tier (bōō-ke-tēr'), *n.* a bouquet-holder.

bour-geois (bōōr-zhwä'), *n.* a French shopkeeper; a size of type: *adj.* pertaining to the middle class.

bour-geoi-sie (bōōr-zhwä-zē'), *n.* the French middle classes.

bourn (bōōrn), *n.* a stream; a rivulet; destination.

bourse (bōōrs), *n.* a stock exchange.

bout (bout), *n.* a turn; trial; round; contest.

bou-ton-niere (bōō-ton-nyär'), *n.* a bouquet worn in the button-hole.

bo-vine (bō'vīn), *adj.* pertaining to oxen; stolid, dull.

bow (bou), *n.* the forepart or prow of a ship: *v.t.* to bend; make curved or crooked; subdue: *v.i.* to make a bow: *n.* an inclination of the head or body in token of respect or reverence.

bow (bō), *n.* a weapon for discharging arrows; knot of ribbon; the fiddlestick.

bow-net (bō'net), *n.* a conical basket for trapping lobsters and cray-fish.

Bowd-ler-ize (bōd'lẽr-īz), *v.t.* to expurgate offensive matter from a paper or book.

bow-el (bou'el), *n.* one of the intestines of an animal.

bow-er (bou'ẽr), *n.* a shelter of boughs or twining plants; an arbor; an anchor; a high card in the game of euchre.

bow-er-y (bou'ẽr-i), *adj.* like a bower; shady: *n.* a country retreat; farm.

bow-ie-knife (bō'ē-nīf), *n.* a sheath-knife formerly used as a weapon.

bowl (bōl), *n.* a vessel for holding liquids; a ball of wood used in the game of bowls: *v.i.* to play with bowls.

bow-ler (bōl'ẽe), *n.* one who plays at bowls; a pitcher in cricket.

bow-line (bō'lĭn), *n.* a rope to hold a sail to the wind.

bow-sprit (bō'sprit), *n.* a large spar projecting from the head of a ship.

bow-string (bō'string), *n.* string of a bow; a Turkish punishment.

bow-window (win'dō), *n.* a projecting window.

box (boks), *n.* an ornamental plant; a case for holding anything; a theater compartment; a blow on the ear; *v.t.* to put in a box; strike: *v.i.* to fight with the fists.

box-er (boks'er), *n.* one who fights with the fists.

box-haul (boks'hawl), *v.t.* to veer a ship round.

box-ing ('ing), the art of fighting with the fists.

box-ing-glove (boks'ing-gluv), *n.* a padded glove.

box-met-al (boks'met-ȧl), *n.* an antifriction alloy.

box-wood ('wood), *n.* the wood of the boxtree.

boy (boi), *n.* a male child; a young lad.

boy-cott (boi'kot), *v.t.* to combine against a person as a means of punishment or intimidation.

boy-hood (boi'hood), *n.* the state of being a boy.

boy-ish (boi'ish), *adj.* pertaining to boyhood.

brace (brās), *n.* that which holds; a prop; a bandage: *v.t.* to bind; tie; strengthen.

brace-drill (brās'dril), *n.* a drill for boring metals.

brace-let (brās'let), *n.* an ornament for the wrist.

bra-chi-al (brā'ki or brak'i-ȧl), *adj.* relating to the arm.

bra-chi-ate (brā'ki- or brak'i-āt), *adj.* having branches in pairs.

brack-en (brak'en), *n.* the brake fern.

brack-et (brak'et), *n.* a support from a wall; a gas burner; marks for enclosing words; a brace: *v.t.* to connect by brackets; couple together.

brack-ish (brak'ish), *adj.* saltish; salt.

bract (brackt), *n.* a modified leaf on the flower stem.

brac-te-ate (brak'tē-āt), *adj.* furnished with bracts; made of thin metal.

brac-te-o-late (brak'tē-ō-lāt), *adj.* furnished with bracteoles.

brac-te-ole (brak'tē-ōl), *n.* a small bract.

brad (brad), *n.* a slender flat nail: *v.t.* to secure with brads.

brae (brā), *n.* a hillside; sloping ground.

brag (brag), *v.t.* to boast: *n.* a boast; ostentatious pretense.

brag-ga-do-ci-o (brag-ä-dō'shi-o), *n.* a boaster.

brag-gart (brag'ärt), *n.* a vain fellow.

brag-ger (brag'ēr), *n.* one who brags.

brah-ma (brä'mä), *n.* a variety of fowl.

Brah-man (brä'man), BRAHMIN (brä'min), *n.* a Hindu priest.

Brah-man-i-cal (brä-man'ik-al), *adj.* pertaining to the Brahmans.

Brah-man-ism (brä'man-izm), *n.* the religion or doctrines of the Brahmans.

Brah-man-ist (brä'man-ist), *n.* an adherent of Brahmanism.

braid (brād), *v.t.* to weave; plait: *n.* a plaited band.

braid-ism (brād'izm), *n.* hypnotism.

brail (brāl), *n.pl.* ropes used to haul up a sail: *v.t.* to haul up, as a sail.

brain (brān), *n.* the soft whitish mass within the skull; the understanding; intellectual power: *v.t.* dash out the brains of.

brain-storm (stôrm), *n.* a state of cerebral excitement.

brain-wave (brān'wāv), *n.* a telepathic vibration supposed to convey thought from mind to mind.

brain-y (brān'i), *adj.* acute; sharp witted.

brain-less ('les), *adj.* destitute of thought.

braise (brāz), *v.t.* to stew in a covered vessel.

brait (brāt), *n.* a rough or uncut diamond.

brake (brāk), *n.* an instrument or machine to break flax; a device for checking the motion of a vehicle; a fern; a thicket.

brake-shoe (brāk'shōō), *n.* that part of a brake which presses against the wheel.

brak-y (brāk'i), *adj.* full of bracken; rough; thorny.

bram-ble (bram'bl), *n.* prickly bush or shrub.

bram-bly (bram'bli), *adj.* full of brambles.

bran (bran), *n.* the husks of grain separated from the flour by bolting.

branch (brânch), *n.* a limb; a bough; a department: *v.i.* to ramify; diverge.

bran-chi-æ (brang'ki-ē), *n.pl.* the gills of fishes.

bran-chi-al (brang'ki-äl), *adj.* pertaining to the gills.

bran-chi-ate (brang'ki-āt), *adj.* having gills.

branch-let (brânch'let) *n.* a little branch.

brand (brand), *n.* a burning piece of wood; a trademark; a stigma: *v.t.* to mark with a hot iron; stigmatize.

bran-dish (bran'dish), *v.t.* to wave or flourish.

bran-dy (bran'di), *n.* a spirit distilled from wine.

brand-new (brand'nū), *adj.* quite new.

brann-y (bran'i), *adj.* having the appearance of bran.

brash (brash), *adj.* brittle; quick tempered; hasty: *n.* a rash or eruption; broken and angular fragments of rock; small broken pieces of ice.

brass (brâs), *n.* an alloy of copper and zinc; impudence.

brass-y (brâs'i), *adj.* resembling brass; impudent.

brat (brat), *n.* a child [used contemptuously].

bratt-ice (brat'is), *n.* a partition aiding to ventilate a mine.

bratt-ic-ing (brat'is-ing), *n* open work in metal.

bra-va-do (brä-vä'dō), *n.* arrogant menace; defiance.

brave (brāv), *adj.* bold; courageous: *n.* an Indian warrior: *v.t.* to encounter with firmness; defy. *Syn.* dare, defy, bold.

bra-ver-y (brā'vēr-i), *n.* fearlessness; heroism. *Syn.* courage, valor.

bra-vo (brä'vō), *interj.* well done! good! *n.* a cheer.

bra-vo (brä'vō), *n.* a daring villain; a bandit.

bra-vu-ra (brä-vōō'rä), *n.* a musical air of florid style: *adj.* brilliant; florid.

brawl (brawl), *v.i.* to quarrel noisily; make a great noise: *n.* an uproar; a row.

brawn (brawn), *n.* boar's flesh; muscular strength.

brawn-i-ness (-nes), *n.* hardness; strength.

braw-ny (braw'ni), *adj.* muscular; tough.

bray (brä), *v.t.* to pound: *v.i.* to utter a harsh cry: *n.* the cry of an ass.

braze (brāz), *v.t.* to solder or cover with brass.

bra-zen (brā'zn), *adj.* made of brass; impudent; shameless.

bra-zier (brā'zhēr), *n.* a pan for burning charcoal.

bra-zil-wood (brä-zil'wood), *n.* a heavy, red wood from Brazil.

braz-i-lin (braz'i-lin), *n.* the color from brazil-wood.

bra-zil-nut (brä-zil'nut), *n.* the seed of a palm of tropical America.

breach (brēch), *n.* a gap; quarrel; injury; breaking.

bread (bred), *n.* food made from the flour of wheat, etc.

bread-fruit (-frōōt), *n.* the fruit of a Pacific island tree, eaten as bread.

bread-stuff (-stuf), *n.* grain; flour; meal.

breadth (bredth), *n.* width; artistic effect.

break (brāk), *v.t.* to fracture; destroy; disrupt; make bankrupt; subdue: *n.* a breach; a pause; an opening; a failure. *Syn.* bruise, crush, pound.

break-age (brāk'ej), *n.* the act of breaking.

break-down (brāk'doun), *n.* a collapse; failure.

brea-ker (brā'kēr), *n.* one that breaks: a wave broken against the shore or a rock.

break-fast (brek'fäst), *n.* the first meal in the day.

break-water (brāk'waw-tēr), *n.* any structure to break the force of the waves.

bream (brēm), *n.* a fish of the carp family: *v.t.* to burn rubbish from a ship's bottom.

breast (brest), *n.* the fore part of the body; an organ for the secretion of milk: *v.t.* to meet in front.

breast-plate ('plāt), *n.* armor for the breast.

breast-work ('wērk), *n.* a parapet for defense.

breath (breth), *n.* air respired; air in gentle motion.

breathe (brēth), *v.i.* to respire; to live; *v.t.* to inhale and exhale.

brea-thing (brē'thing), *n.* respiration.

breath-less (breth'less), *adj.* out of breath; dead.

brec-cia (brech'iä), *n.* united rock fragments.

breech (brēch), *n.* the buttocks: the thick end of a cannon: *v.t.* to put into breeches.

breech-es (brich'ez), *n.pl.* a garment worn by men.

breech-loader (-lō'der), *n.* a firearm loaded at the breech.

breed (brēd), *v.t.* to procreate; hatch; rear: *n.* progeny; offspring.

breeze (brēz), *n.* a gentle wind; a gadfly; house sweepings; cinders. *Syn.* blast, gale, gust.

breth-ren (bre*th*'ren), *n.* plural of brother.

breve (brēv), *n.* a note equal to two semibreves.

bre-vet (brev'et, or bre-vet'), *n.* a commission in the army raising in rank but not in pay.

bre-vi-a-ry (brē'vi-ā-ri, or brev'-i-ā-ri), *n.* a Catholic prayer-book.

bre-vier (brē-vēr'), *n.* a small size of type.

brev-i-ty (brev'i-ti), *n.* shortness; conciseness.

brew (brōō), *v.t.* to make malt liquors; plot.

brew-er-y (brōō'ēr-i), *n.* a brew-house.

bri-ar-root (brī'ēr-rōōt), *n.* a root used for tobacco-pipes.

bribe (brīb), *n.* a gift for corrupt purposes: *v.t.* to seek wrong ends by gifts.

bri-ber-y (brī'bēr-i), *n.* the act of bribing.

bric-à-brac (brik'ä-brak), *n.* antique articles of vertu; fancy ware.

brick (brik), *n.* an oblong block of burnt clay: *adj.* built with bricks.

brick-bat (bat), *n.* a fragment of brick.

brick-kiln (-kil), *n.* a kiln for burning bricks.

bri-cole (bri-kol′), *n.* harness for men that drag loads.

brid-al (brīd′ăl), *n.* a marriage; *adj.* pertaining to marriage.

bride (brīd), *n.* a woman newly married, or about to be married.

bride-groom (′grōōm), *n.* a man newly married, or about to be married.

brides-maid (-z′mād), *n.* a woman who attends on a bride.

bride-well (brīd′wel), *n.* a house for the confinement of disorderly persons.

bridge (brij), *n.* a structure on which to pass over water or low places; a game of cards: *v.t.* to build a bridge.

bridge-deck (′dek), *n.* a deck across a vessel amidships.

bridge-train (′trān), *n.* a pontoon train.

bridg-ing (brij′ing), *n.* a piece of wood parting two beams.

bri-dle (brī′dl), *n.* the harness by which a horse is controlled: *v.t.* to put on a bridle; control.

brief (brēf), *adj.* short; concise; *n.* an epitome; a short statement; a writ.

bri-er (brī′ĕr), *n.* a thorny plant or shrub.

brig (brig), *n.* a two-masted, square-rigged vessel.

bri-gade (bri-gād′), *n.* a division of an army under a brigadier-general.

brig-a-dier (brig-ă-dēr′), *n.* an officer commanding a brigade. Also brigadier-general.

brig-and (brig′ănd), *n.* a highwayman; bandit.

brig-and-age (brig′ănd-ej), *n.* the practices of a brigand.

brig-an-tine (brig′ăn-tin or -tīn), *n.* a small two-masted, square-rigged vessel.

bright (brīt), *adj.* luminous; shining; sparkling; clever; lively. *Syn.* clear, radiant, shining.

bright-en (brīt′n), *v.t.* to grow bright; clear up.

bril-lian-cy (bril′yăn-si), *n.* splendor.

bril-liant (bril′yănt), *adj.* sparkling; glittering: *n.* a diamond cut into angles.

bril-lian-tine (bril′yăn-tin), *n.* a cosmetic preparation for the hair.

bril-liant-ly (-li), *adv.* in a brilliant manner.

brim (brim), *n.* the edge; side: *v.t.* to fill to the edge.

brim-ful (brim′fool), *adj.* overflowing.

brim-stone (brim′stōn), *n.* sulphur: *adj.* like sulphur.

brine (brīn), *n.* salt water; pickle; tears: *v.t.* to steep in brine.

bring (bring), *v.t.* convey to; fetch; procure; conduct.

brink (brink), *n.* the edge; verge.

brin-y (brīn′i), *adj.* consisting of brine; very salt.

bri-quette (bri-ket′, French brē-kā′), *n.* coal-dust molded into the shape of bricks.

brisk (brisk), *adj.* active; quick; full of vivacity.

bris-ket (bris′ket), *n.* part of an animal's breast.

bris-tle (bris′l), *n.* stiff, coarse hair of swine: *v.t.* to erect like bristles.

bris-tly (bris′li), *adj.* covered with bristles.

bris-tol board (bris′tol bōrd), *n.* a thick, smooth, white pasteboard.

brit (brit), *n.* the young of the herring and sprat.

bri-tan-ni-a met-al (bri-tan′-i-ă-met′-ăl), *n.* an alloy of tin with other metals.

Brit-ish (brit′ish), *adj.* pertaining to Britain. Also Britannic.

Brit-on (brit′un), *n.* a native of Great Britain.

brit-tle (brit′l), *adj.* apt to break; not tough. *Syn.* fragile, breakable.

broach (brōch), *n.* an awl; spike; skewer: *v.t.* to tap or pierce; speak of.

broad (brawd), *adj.* wide; ample; extended sidewise.

broad-cast (′kast), *n.* a scattering of seed with the hand: *adj.* widely.

broad-cloth (′klawth), *n.* a fine woolen cloth.

broad-side (′sīd), *n.* discharge of all the guns on one side of a warship.

broad-sword (′sōrd), *n.* a cutting sword with a broad blade.

broad-en (brawd′n), *v.i.* to grow or make broad.

bro-cade (brō-kād′), *n.* a silk stuff variegated with gold and silver flowers, etc.

broc-a-telle (brok′ȧ-tel), *n.* a variegated marble; a figured fabric.

broc-co-li (brok′ō-li), *n.* a variety of cabbage.

bro-chure (brō-shōōr′), *n.* a pamphlet on a passing subject.

brogue (brōg), *n.* a coarse, rough shoe; a peculiar dialect.

broi-der (broi′der), *v.t.* to adorn with figured needlework.

broil (broil), *v.t.* to cook upon a gridiron: *n.* a noisy quarrel.

bro-kage (brō′kāj), *n.* the commission of a broker.

broke, *p.t. & p.p.* of break.

bro-ken (brō′kn), *p.adj.* not entire; rough; hilly.

bro-ker (brō′kĕr), *n.* one who acts for another.

bro-ker-age (brō′kĕr-ej), *n.* the business of a broker; his fee or commission.

bro-ma (brō′mȧ), *n.* a preparation of chocolate.

bro-mate (brō′māt), *n.* a salt of bromic acid.

brome-grass (brōm′grȧs), *n.* an oat-like grass.

bro-mide (brō′mīd or ′mid), *n.* a compound of bromine.

bro-mine (brō′min or ′mīn), *n.* a chemical element allied to chlorine.

bro-mite (brō′mīt), *n.* an ore of silver.

bron-chi-a (brong′ki-ȧ), *n.pl.* the bronchial tubes.

bron-chit-ic (brong-kit′ik), *adj.* of or pertaining to bronchitis.

bron-chi-tis (brong-kī′tis), *n.* an inflammation of the lining of the bronchial tubes.

bron-cho (brong′kō), *n.* an unbroken Mexican or Californian horse.

bron-chus (brong′kus), *n.* one of the two principal branches of the windpipe.

bronze (bronz), *n.* an alloy of copper and tin; a work of art wrought in bronze: *adj.* resembling or made of bronze.

Bronze Age (āj), *n.* a period when bronze implements were in use.

brooch (brōch), *n.* an ornamental dress-clasp.

brood (brōōd), *n.* offspring; a hatch of birds: *v.i.* to sit on eggs, as a hen; ponder over.

brood-y (brōōd′i), *adj.* adapted for breeding; moody.

brook (brook), *n.* a small stream: *v.t.* to bear; put up with.

brook-let (brook′let), *n.* a small brook.

broom (brōōm), *n.* a shrub; a besom to sweep with.

broom-stick (′stick), *n.* the handle of a broom.

brose (brōz), *n.* a kind of porridge.

broth (broth), *n.* a kind of thin soup.

broth-el (broth′el), *n.* a house of ill-fame.

broth-er (bru*th*′ĕr), *n.* a male born of the same parent or parents; an associate.

broth-er-ger-man (-jĕr′-mȧn), *n.* a brother on the side of both parents.

broth-er-in-law (-in-law), *n.* the brother of one's husband or wife; sister's husband.

Broth-er Jon-a-than (jon′ȧ-then), *n.* a humorous personification of the United States.

broth-er-u-ter-ine (-ū′tĕr-in), *n.* one born of the same mother.

broth-er-hood (bru*th*′ĕr-hood), *n.* the state of being a brother; a fraternity.

broth-er-ly (bru*th*′ĕr-li), *adj.* affectionate.

brough-am (brōō′ȧm or brōōm), *n.* a close carriage.

brought, *p.t. & p.p.* of bring.

brow (brou), *n.* the forehead; the edge of a steep place.

brow-beat (brou′bēt), *v.t.* to bear down arrogantly.

brown (broun), *adj.* dusky in color: *n.* a dark, reddish color: *v.t.* to make brown.

brownie (brou′ni), *n.* a good-natured fairy.

browse (brouz), *v.t.* to feed on grass or shrubs.

bru-in (brōō′in), *n.* a name for the brown bear.

bruise (brōōz), *n.* an injury; contusion: *v.t.* to injure without laceration.

bruit (brōōt), *n.* report; rumor; *v.t.* to spread news of.

bru-mal (brōō′mȧl), *adj.* pertaining to winter.

brum-ma-gem (brum′mȧ-jem), *adj.* sham; counterfeit.

bru-nette (brōō-net′), *n.* a woman with a dark complexion.

brunt (brunt), *n.* a shock; attack; onset.

brush (brush), *n.* a thicket; an instrument of bristles; a slight encounter; a brief trial of speed: *v.t.* to cleanse with a brush; touch lightly in passing.

brush-wood (brush'wood), *n.* underwood.

brusque (brusk), *adj.* abrupt in manner.

Brus-sels lace (-lās), *n.* various kinds of lace.

Brus-sels-sprouts (-sproutz), *n.pl.* a variety of cabbage.

bru-tal (brōō'tăl), *adj.* savage; cruel.

bru-tal-i-ty (brōō-tal'i-ti), *n.* pitiless cruelty.

bru-tal-ize (brōō'tăl-īz), *v.t.* to make brutal.

bru-tal-ly (brōō'tăl-i), *adv.* in a cruel manner.

brute (brōōt), *n.* a beast; an irrational animal; a brutal person: *adj.* without reason; savage.

bru-ti-fy (brōō'ti-fī), *v.t.* to make brutish.

bru-tish (brōōt'ish), *adj.* savage; sensuous. *Syn.* base, coarse, sensual.

bub-ble (bub'l), *n.* a small bladder of water; false show; empty project: *v.i.* to rise in bubbles.

bu-bo (bū'bō), *n.* an inflammatory swelling in the groin or armpit.

buc-cal (buk'ăl), *adj.* pertaining to the cheek.

buc-ca-neer (buk-ă-nēr'), *n.* a pirate; sea-robber.

buck (buk), *n.* the male of the fallow-deer; a gay fellow.

buck-eye ('ī), *n.* the American horse-chestnut.

buck-hound ('hound), *n.* a stag-hound.

buck-shot ('shot), *n.* shot of a large size.

buck-wheat ('hwēt), *n.* a grain used as food.

buck-et (buk'et), *n.* a vessel for drawing or holding water.

buck-et-shop (-shop), *n.* an office for gambling in stocks, etc.

buck-le (buk'l), *n.* a metal clasp used for securing straps, etc.: *v.t.* to fasten with a buckle.

buck-ler (buk'lēr), *n.* a kind of ancient shield.

buck-ra (buk'rä), *n.* Negro term for a white man.

buck-ram (buk'răm), *n.* coarse linen cloth stiffened with dressing: *adj.* stiff: formal.

buck-skin ('skin), *n.* a kind of leather; skin of the buck.

bu-col-ic (bū-kol'ik), *adj.* pastoral: *n.* a pastoral poem; a rustic.

bud (bud), *v.t.* to graft: *v.i.* to produce buds: *n.* first shoot of a plant.

Bud-dhist (bōōd'ist), *n.* one who accepts the religion of Buddha, or Buddhism.

budge (buj), *v.i.* to move from one's position.

budg-et (buj'et), *n.* a bag with its contents; a financial statement.

buff (buf), *n.* a leather dressed with oil; the bare skin: *adj.* made of buff-leather; light yellow.

buf-fa-lo (buf'ă-lō), *n.* an animal of the ox family; a name given to the American bison.

buf-fa-lo bird (-bĕrd), *n.* a bird which perches on the buffalo to catch parasites.

buf-fer (buf'ĕr), *n.* a contrivance to deaden concussion, as in a railroad car.

buf-fet (buf'et), *n.* a blow with the hand: *v.t.* to box; beat; contend against.

buf-fet (buf'et & boo-fā'), *n.* a sideboard; a counter for refreshments.

buf-fo (boof'ō), *n.* the comic actor in an opera.

buf-foon (buf-ōōn'), *n.* an arch, jesting fellow.

buf-foon-er-y (buf-ōōn'ĕr-i), *n.* the arts of a buffoon.

bug (bug), *n.* name in England for the bedbug; an insect.

bug-a-boo (bug'ă-bōō), *n.* a bug-bear.

bug-bear (bug'bār), *n.* a vain terror.

bug-gy (bug'i), *n.* a light carriage.

bu-gle (bū'gl), *n.* a hunting horn; a wind-instrument; an elongated glass bead.

buhl (būl), *n.* metallic figures inlaid in dark wood.

buhr-stone (bōōr'stōn), *n.* a kind of quartz used for millstones.

build (bild), *v.t.* to construct; erect, as a house; depend on.

building (bild'ing), *n.* an edifice; the builder's art.

bulb (bulb), *n.* an onion-shaped root; a stem expansion.

bul-bous (bul'bus), *adj.* resembling a bulb.

bul-bul (bōōl'bōōl), *n.* the Persian nightingale.

bulb-ule (bulb'ūl), *n.* a little bulb; a bulblet.

bulge (bulj), *n.* the widest part of a cask: *v.i.* to jut out.

bulk (bulk), *n.* size; dimensions; the main mass or body.

bulk-head (-hed), *n.* a partition in a vessel.

bul-ky (bul'ki), *adj.* of great size or bulk.

bul-ki-ness (-nes), *n.* greatness in bulk.

bull (bool), *n.* the male of any large animal; one who seeks to raise the price of stocks; an edict of the pope; a blunder in language.

bull-bait-ing (bool'bāt-ing), *n.* the sport of attacking bulls with dogs.

bull-calf (bool'kăf), *n.* a male calf.

bull-dog (bool'dog), *n.* a strong, fierce, courageous dog.

bul-let (bool'et), *n.* a small ball or projectile.

bul-le-tin (bool'e-tin), *n.* an official report; public announcement.

bull-fight (bool'fīt), *n.* a combat between armed men and a bull.

bull-finch (bool'finch), *n.* a song bird.

bull-frog (bool'frog), *n.* a large American frog.

bull-head (bool'hed), *n.* a broad-headed fish.

bul-lion (bool'yun), *n.* uncoined gold or silver.

bul-lion-ist (bool'yun-ist), *n.* an advocate for metallic currency.

bul-lock (bool'ok), *n.* an ox or castrated bull.

bull's-eye (boolz'ī), *n.* boss of glass; the center of a target.

bull-ter-ri-er (bool'tĕr'i-ĕr), *n.* a cross-breed between bulldog and terrier.

bull-y (bool'i), *n.* a quarrelsome, domineering fellow: *v.t.* to overbear with bluster.

bul-rush (bool'rush), *n.* a rush growing in water.

bul-wark (bool'wĕrk), *n.* a rampart; a means of defense.

bum-ble-bee (bum'bl-bē), *n.* species of large bee.

bump (bump), *n.* a heavy blow; a swelling: *v.t.* to bring in violent contact.

bump-er (bump'ĕr), *n.* an overflowing cup.

bump-kin (bump'kin), *n.* an awkward person; a lout.

bump-tious (bump'shus), *adj.* self-assertive.

bun (bun), *n.* a small light cake, or sweet bread.

bunch (bunch), *n.* a cluster; a tuft: *v.i.* to swell out.

bunch-y (bunch'i), *adj.* gathered into a bunch.

bun-co (bung'kō), *n.* a confidence game.

bun-combe or BUN-KUM (bung'-kum), *n.* a showy speech intended to gain votes or favor.

bun-dle (bun'dl), *n.* a number of things bound together; *v.t.* to tie together.

bung (bung), *n.* a stopper for a cask.

bun-ga-low (bung'gȧ-lō), *n.* a single-storied house, generally with a veranda.

bung-hole (-hōl), *n.* a hole in a cask.

bun-gle (bung'gl), *v.i.* to botch; manage awkwardly.

bun-ion (bun'yun), *n.* a swelling on the joint of the great toe.

bunk (bungk), *n.* a box or recess for sleeping: *v.i.* to sleep in a bunk.

bun-ker (bung'kĕr), *n.* a large bin.

bunt (bunt), *n.* the middle part of a sail; a hazard in golf; a fungus which injures wheat.

bunt-ing (bunt'ing), *n.* a small bird; a fabric used for flags; flags collectively.

bunt-line (bunt'lin), *n.* a rope to draw up a sail.

buoy (boi), *n.* a floating body moored to indicate danger or show direction.

buoy-age (boi'ej), *n.* buoys collectively.

buoy-an-cy (boi'ȧn-si), *n.* relative lightness.

buoy-ant (boi'ȧnt), *adj.* the quality of floating; vivacity of spirit

bur (bĕr), *n.* the prickly seed case of certain plants.

bur-bot (bĕr'bot), *n* a fish of the cod family.

bur-den (bĕr'dn), *n.* that which is carried; a load; the refrain of a song: *v.t.* to load; oppress.

bur-dock (bĕr'dok), *n.* a large wayside weed.

bu-reau (bū'rō), *n.* a chest of drawers; office; a government department.

bu-reau-cra-cy (bū-rō'krȧ-si), *n.* a system of centralized government.

burg (bĕrg), *n.* a borough.

bur-gess (bĕr'jes), *n.* a citizen of a borough.

bur-gher (bĕr'gĕr), *n.* a freeman of a burg.

burg-lar (bĕrg'lar), *n.* one who enters houses to steal.

burg-la-ri-ous (bĕrg-lā'ri-us), *adj.* pertaining to burglary.

burg-la-ry (bĕrg'la-ri), *n.* the crime of breaking into a house to commit a felony.

bur-go-mas-ter (bĕr'go-mâs-tĕr), *n.* a magistrate in Holland and Germany.

bur-gun-dy (bĕr'gun-di), *n.* a wine made in Burgundy.

bur-gun-dy-pitch (-pitch), *n.* spruce-fir resin.

bur-i-al (bĕr'i-âl), *n.* the act of burying.

bur-ied (bĕr'id), *adj.* covered with earth, concealed.

bu-rin (bū'rin), *n.* a cutting tool, used in engraving.

burl (bĕrl), *n.* a knot in thread or cloth.

bur-lap (bĕr'lap), *n.* a coarse fabric used for bagging.

bur-lesque (bĕr-lesk'), *adj.* tending to excite laughter: *n.* a ludicrous representation: *v.t.* to ridicule by caricature.

bur-let-ta (bĕr-let'ȧ), *n.* a comic opera.

bur-li-ness (-nes), *n.* the quality of being burly.

bur-ly (bĕr'li), *adj.* bulky; large; corpulent.

burn (bĕrn), *v.t.* to consume by fire; scorch; be mentally inflamed: *n.* a hurt caused by fire. *Syn.* blaze, brand, consume.

bur-ner (bĕr'nĕr), *n.* one who sets on fire.

burn-ing-glass (-glâs), *n.* a lens to focus the rays of the sun.

bur-nish (bĕr'nish), *v.t.* to polish by friction.

burnt of-fer-ing (of'ĕr-ing), *n.* something offered as a sacrifice.

burr (bur). Same as bur.

bur-row (bur'ō), *n.* a hiding place in the ground for a rabbit or other animal: *v.i.* to excavate; hide.

bur-sa (bĕr'sȧ), *n.* a sac or sac-like cavity.

bur-sar (bĕr'sĕr), *n.* the treasurer of a British college.

burst (bĕrst), *v.i.* to break open; explode; *v.t.* to rend by violence; open suddenly: *n.* a sudden explosion; a rush.

bur-y (bĕr'i), *v.t.* to place in a grave; entomb; hide.

bus (bus) *n.* a shortened form of omnibus.

bush (boosh), *n.* a shrub; wild, uncleared country; the tail of a fox.

bush-rang-er (boosh'rānj-ĕr), *n.* one who lives in the woods by robbery.

bush-whack-er (boosh'hwak-ĕr), *n.* a backwoodsman.

bush-el (boosh'el), *n.* a dry measure of eight gallons.

bush-i-ness (-nes), *n.* the quality of being bushy.

bush-y (boosh'i), *adj.* overgrown with shrubs.

bus-i-ly (biz'i-li), *adv.* in a busy manner.

busi-ness (biz'nes), *n.* employment; trade. *Syn.* vocation, occupation.

busk (busk), *n.* a piece of steel or whalebone worn in corsets.

bus-kin (bus'kin), *n.* a kind of half-boot.

buss (bus), *n.* a kiss: *v.t.* to kiss.

bust (bust), *n.* the shoulders and breast of a person; a statue of the upper body.

bus-tard (bus'tĕrd), *n.* a large European bird.

bus-tle (bus'l), *v.i.* to be busy; move quickly: *n.* tumult; noisy activity; a pad for expanding a woman's dress. *Syn.* stir, tumult, fuss.

bus-y (biz'i), *adj.* earnestly employed; diligent; officious; *v.t.* to keep employed.

bus-y-bod-y (biz'i-bod-i), *n.* a meddling, officious person.

but (but), *prep.* except; apart from: *conj.* for all that.

butch-er (booch'ĕr), *n.* one who kills animals for food; *v.t.* to kill for food; murder brutally.

butch-er-bird (-bĕrd), *n.* a kind of bird which thrusts its prey upon thorns.

butch-er-y (booch'ĕr-i), *n.* the slaughter of cattle; barbarous murder.

but-ler (but'lĕr), *n.* a manservant who has the care of the plate, wines, etc.

butt (but), *n.* a thrust with the head; the thicker end of anything; a target; an object of ridicule; a large cask, chiefly for wine: *v.t.* to strike with the head.

butte (būt), *n.* an abrupt isolated hill or ridge.

but-ter (but'ĕr), *n.* an oily substance from cream: *v.t.* to spread with butter.

but-ter-bird (-bĕrd), *n.* the rice-bunting.

but-ter-cup (-kup), *n.* a plant bearing yellow cup-shaped flowers.

but-ter-fly (but'ĕr-flī), *n.* a genus of bright-winged insects; a trifling person.

but-ter-milk (but'ĕr-milk), *n.* whey separated from the cream in butter-making.

but-ter-nut ((but'ĕr-nut), *n.* an American tree allied to the walnut, and its fruit.

but-ter-y (but'ĕr-i), *n.* a room where provisions are kept.

but-tock (but'ok), *n.* the upper part of the thigh.

but-ton (but'n), *n.* a knob for fastening: *v.t.* to fasten with buttons.

but-ton-hole (but'n-hōl), *n.* a hole for a button: *v.t.* to detain in conversation against the will: bore.

but-ton-wood (-wood), *n.* the plane-tree.

but-tress (but'res), *n.* a projecting support to a wall: *v.t.* to support externally; prop.

bux-om (buk'sum), *adj.* cheerful; robust; plump and comely; lively.

buy (bī), *v.t.* purchase; bribe; redeem.

buzz (buz), *n.* a humming noise, as of bees: *v.i.* to make a low humming sound: *v.t.* spread secretly.

buz-zard (buz'ĕrd), *n.* the name of several species of hawks.

buzz-saw ('saw), *n.* a circular saw.

by (bī), *prep.* near to: *adv.* near; present.

by-gone (bī'gôn), *adv.* past; gone by: *n.* a past event.

by-law ('law), *n.* a law of a town or society.

bys-sus (bis'sus), *n.* a tuft of long, silky filaments; asbestos, a fibrous mineral.

by-stand-er ('stan-dĕr), one standing near.

by-way ('wā), *n.* a private or secluded way.

by-word (bī'wĕrd), *n.* a proverb; nickname.

C

cab (kab), *n.* a one-horse public carriage.

ca-bal (kå-bal'), *n.* a secret combination; an intrigue: *v.i.* to plot.

cab-a-la (kab'å-lå), *n.* Jewish secret science; esoteric doctrine.

cab-al-ism (kab'ål-izm), *n.* occult doctrine.

cab-al-ist (kab'ål-ist), *n.* an occultist.

cab-a-list-ic (-ic), *adj.* pertaining to occultism.

ca-bal-ler (ka-bal'ĕr), *n.* one who forms plots.

cab-a-ret (kåb'a-ret), *n.* a music and drinking hall.

cab-bage (kab'āj), *n.* an esculent vegetable: *v.t.* to appropriate to one's own use, as tailors' remnants.

cab-in (kab'in), *n.* a small hut, a room in a ship: *v.t.* to confine in a cabin.

cab-i-net (kab'i-net), *n.* a small apartment; a set of drawers; an executive government committee.

ca-ble (kā'bl), *n.* a strong rope or chain; a submarine telegraph line.

ca-ble-gram (kā'bl-gram), *n.* a message sent by a submarine cable.

ca-boose (ka-bōōs'), *n.* a ship's kitchen, or galley.

cab-ri-o-let (kab-rī-ō-lā'), *n.* a one-horse covered carriage.

ca-ca-o (kå-kā'ō), *n.* the cocoa or chocolate tree.

cache (kash), *n.* a place of concealment for food: *v.t.* to hide in the ground.

cach-e-lot (kash'å-lot & -lō'), *n.* the sperm whale.

cach-in-na-tion (kak-i-nā'shun), *n.* loud laughter.

ca-chou (kā-shōō'), *n.* a pill for sweetening the breath.

ca-cique (kå-sēk'), *n.* the title of an Indian chief in parts of Spanish America.

cack-le (kak'l), *v.i.* to cry like a hen; giggle; prattle: *n.* the cry of a hen; silly talk.

cac-tus (kak'tus), *n.* a spiny plant with showy flowers.

cad (kad), *n.* a vulgar, ill-bred fellow; a hanger on.

ca-da-ver (kȧ-dā'vẽr), *n.* a dead body; a corpse.

ca-dav-er-ous (kȧ-dav'ẽr-us), *adj.* pale; ghastly.

cad-die (kad'i), *n.* a lad who carries golf clubs.

cad-dy (kad'i), *n.* a small box for keeping tea.

ca-dence (kā'dens), *n.* a modulation of the voice; a musical run or trill.

ca-det (kȧ-det'), *n.* a younger son; student in a naval or military academy.

cad-ger (kaj'er), *n.* a huckster; a beggar; a tramp.

ca-di (kā'di), *n.* a Mohammedan judge.

cad-mi-um (kad'mi-um), *n.* a metallic element.

cæ-cum (sē'kum), *n.* the blind gut.

cæ-sar-ism (sē'zar-ism), *n.* despotic government.

ca-fe-ter-i-a (kȧ-fe-tẽr'-i-a), *n.* a quick-lunch restaurant.

caf-é (kaf-ā'), *n.* a restaurant; a room for meals.

caf-fe-ine (kaf'ē-in), *n.* a bitter alkaloid extracted from coffee; theine.

cage (kāj), *n.* a box for confining birds or other animals: *v.t.* to confine in a cage.

cairn (kārn), *n.* a conical heap of stones.

cais-son (kā'sun), *n.* an ammunition-wagon; a kind of floating dock.

cai-tiff (kā'tif), *n.* a despicable wretch: *adj.* cowardly.

ca-jole (kȧ-jōl'), *v.t.* to deceive by flattery; cheat.

cake (kāk), *n.* a small mass of sweetened bread: *v.t.* to form into a hard mass.

cal-a-bash (kal'ȧ-bash), *n.* a large gourd.

cal-a-boose (kal-ȧ-bōōs'), *n.* a jail; a lockup.

ca-lam-i-tous (kȧ-lam'i-tus), *adj.* distressing.

ca-lam-i-ty (kȧ-lam'i-ti), *n.* distress; affliction. *Syn.* disaster, misfortune.

cal-a-mus (kal'ȧ-mus), *n.* the sweet flag; the rattan palm.

cal-car-e-ous (kal-kār'ē-us), *adj.* of the nature of lime.

cal-ci-fy (kal'si-fī), *v.t.* to convert into lime.

cal-ci-mine (kal'si-mīn), *n.* a white or tinted wash for walls or ceilings.

cal-ci-na-tion (kal-si-nā'shun), *n.* the act of calcining.

cal-cine (kal-sīn'), *v.t.* to reduce a substance to powder by heat.

cal-cite (kal'sīt), *n.* crystallized carbonate of lime.

cal-ci-um (kal'si-um), *n.* the metallic base of lime.

calc-spar (kalk'spär), *n.* a carbonate of lime.

cal-cu-lar-y (kal'kū-lar-i), *adj.* pertaining to calculi.

cal-cu-late (kal'kū-lāt), *v.t.* to compute.

cal-cu-la-tion (kal-kū-lā'-shun), *n.* the art of reckoning by numbers; computation.

cal-cu-la-tor (kal'kū-lā-tẽr), *n.* one who computes.

cal-cu-lous (kal'kū-lus), *adj.* stony; gritty.

cal-cu-lus (kal'kū-lus), *n.* stone in the bladder; an advanced method in mathematics.

cal-dron. See cauldron.

cal-en-dar (kal'en-dẽr), *n.* an almanac; a list or register.

cal-en-der (kal'en-dẽr), *n.* a machine used for glazing paper or cloth: *v.t.* to press in a calender.

cal-ends (kal'endz), *n.pl.* the first day of the Roman month.

cal-en-ture (kāl'en-tūr), *n.* a violent fever of hot latitudes.

calf (käf), *n.* the young of the cow; a fine kind of leather; the thick fleshy part of the leg.

cal-i-ber (kal'i-bẽr), *n.* the bore of firearms or tubes; mental capacity.

cal-i-co (kal'i-kō), *n.* white or unprinted cotton cloth.

cal-i-graph (kal'i-graf), *n.* a form of typewriter.

cal-i-pers (kal'i-pẽrz), *n.pl.* compasses for measuring the diameters of cylindrical bodies.

ca-liph (kal' or kā'lif), *n.* a chief priest of the Mohammedans. Also calif.

cal-i-phate (kal'i-fāt), *n.* the office of a caliph.

cal-is-then-ics (kal-is-then'-iks), *n.pl.* physical exercises to promote health.

calk or CAULK (kawk), *v.t.* to drive oakum into the seams of a ship.

calk (kawk), *n.* that part of a horseshoe which projects downward; a piece of iron nailed to the heel of a boot.

call (kawl), *v.t.* to cry aloud; make a short visit; summon; rouse up: *n.* a summons; a request; a short visit; the cry of certain animals.

cal-li-graph (kal'i-graf), *n.* a specimen of elegant penmanship.

cal-lig-ra-pher (kal-lig'ra-fẽr), *n.* one skilled in hand-writing.

cal-lig-ra-phy (kal-lig'rå-fi), elegant or beautiful writing.

call-ing (kawl'ing), *n.* a vocation, trade, or profession.

cal-los-ity (kal-os'i-ti), *n.* the state of being hardened; a callus.

cal-lous (kal'us), *adj.* hardened; insensible.

cal-low (kal'ō), *adj.* unfledged.

cal-lus (kal'us), *n.* the hardening of the skin from pressure.

calm (käm), *adj.* tranquil; still; undisturbed: *n.* stillness; serenity: *v.t.* to quiet; pacify. *Syn.* composed, placid, serene.

cal-o-mel (kal'ō-mel), *n.* a preparation of mercury.

ca-lor-ic (kå-lor'ik), *adj.* pertaining to heat.

cal-o-ric-i-ty (kal-ō-ris'i-ti), *n.* the power in animals of maintaining heat.

cal-o-rie (kal'ō-rē), *n.* the unit or element of heat.

ca-lor-i-fa-ci-ent (kå-lor-i-fā'shi-ent), *adj.* heat-producing: said of foodstuffs.

cal-o-rif-ic (kal-o-rif'ik), *adj.* heating.

cal-o-rif-ic rays (rāz), *n.pl.* invisible heating rays.

cal-o-rim-e-ter (kal-o-rim'i-tẽr), *n.* an apparatus for measuring heat.

cal-o-type (kal'o-tīp), *n.* a photographic process.

cal-trop (kal'trop), *n.* an iron instrument with four spikes to hinder the advance of troops.

cal-u-met (kal'ū-met), *n.* the tobacco-pipe of the North American Indians.

ca-lum-ni-ate (kå-lum'ni-āt), *v.t.* to accuse falsely.

ca-lum-ni-a-tion (kå-lum-ni-ā'-shun), *n.* the act of calumniating.

ca-lum-ni-ous (kå-lum'ni-us), *adj.* slanderous.

cal-um-ny (kal'um-ni), *n.* a false accusation; a slander.

Cal-va-ry (kal'vå-ri), *n.* the place where Christ was crucified.

calve (käv), *v.i.* to bring forth a calf.

Cal-vin-ism (kal'vin-izm), *n.* the doctrines of John Calvin.

Cal-vin-ist (kal'vin-ist), *n.* one who holds the doctrines of Calvin.

calx (kalks), *n.* lime or chalk; residuum after calcination.

ca-lyx (kā'liks), *n.* the whorl of a flower.

cam (kam), *n.* a projecting part of a wheel producing alternating motion.

cam-ber (kam'ber), *n.* a slight arching upward.

cam-bi-um (kam'bi-um), *n.* the formative layer of tissue in trees.

cam-bric (kām'brik), *n.* a very fine thin linen.

cam-bric-mus-lin (-muz'lin), *n.* a fine cotton imitation of cambric.

came, *p.t.* of come.

cam-el (kam'el), *n.* a large ruminant quadruped of Asia.

Ca-mel-li-a (kå-mēl'i-å), *n.* a genus of plants.

ca-mel-o-pard (kå-mel'ō-pärd & kam'el-ō-pard), *n.* the giraffe.

cam-e-o (kam'ē-ō), *n.* a precious stone cut with figures in relief.

cam-er-a (kam'ẽr-å), *n.* an apparatus used in photography.

cam-o-mile (kam'ō-mīl), *n.* a plant whose flowers have a bitter aromatic taste, and are used in medicine.

camp (kamp), *n.* the ground occupied by an army at rest; an encampment: *v.i.* to live in a camp.

camp-meet-ing (-mēt'ing), *n.* an outdoor religious gathering.

cam-paign (kam-pān'), *n.* an open tract of land; the period of active operation of an army.

cam-pa-ni-le (kam-på-nē'le), *n.* a bell-tower detached from a church.

cam-pan-u-late (kam-pan'-yu-lāt), *adj.* bell-shaped.

cam-phene (kam-fēn'), *n.* rectified oil of turpentine. Also camphine.

cam-phor (kam'fĕr), *n.* a solid aromatic white gum.

cam-phor-ate (kam'fĕr-āt), *v.t.* to saturate with camphor.

cam-wood (kam'wood), *n.* a red dye-wood.

can (kan), *v.i.* [*p.t.* could], to be able.

can (kan), *n.* a metal vessel to hold liquids or solids: *v.t.* to preserve in cans.

ca-na-di-an bal-sam (bawl-sum), *n.* a resin obtained from a species of fir.

ca-naille (kå-nāl'), *n.* the lowest orders of the populace; rabble.

ca-nal (kå-nal'), *n.* an artificial water course; a pipe; a groove.

ca-nard (kå-närd', French kä-när), *n.* an absurd story or report; a hoax.

ca-na-ry (kå-nā'ri), *n.* a light wine; a yellow color; a small singing bird.

can-cel (kan'sel), *v.t.* to blot out; annul; strike out common factors. *Syn.* abolish, efface.

can-cer (kan'sĕr), *n.* a malignant tumor; the crab genus; a sign in the zodiac.

can-cer-ous (kan'sĕr-us), *adj.* relating to a cancer.

can-crine (kang'krīn), *adj.* like a crab.

can-croid (kang'kroid), *adj.* resembling a cancer.

can-de-la-brum (kan-de-lā'-brum), *n.* a branched candlestick.

can-dent (kan'dent), *adj.* a white heat.

can-des-cence (kan-des'ens), *n.* glowing heat.

can-did (kan'did), *adj.* honest; sincere; ingenuous. *Syn.* fair, artless, frank.

can-di-date (kan'di-dāt), *n.* one who seeks or is proposed for an office.

can-di-da-ture (kan'di-dāt-tūr), *n.* the state of being a candidate.

can-died (kan'dēd), *p.adj.* preserved with sugar.

can-dle (kan'dl), *n.* a round body of tallow or wax for giving light.

can-dle-pow-er (-pou'ĕr), *n.* the light of a candle taken as a unit.

Can-dle-mas (kan'dl-mås), *n.* a church feast.

can-dor (kan'dĕr), *n.* openness; frankness.

can-dy (kan'di), *n.* a confection of sugar: *v.t.* to conserve with sugar.

cane (kān), *n.* a kind of palm or grass, as bamboo, sugar-cane, rattan, etc.; a walking-stick: *v.t.* to beat with a cane.

cane-brake ('brāk), *n.* a thicket of canes.

ca-nine (kå-nīn'), *adj.* pertaining to dogs; like a dog.

ca-nine teeth (tēth), *n.pl.* two sharp-pointed teeth on each side of the jaw.

can-is-ter (kan'is-tĕr), *n.* a metal box.

can-ker (kang'kĕr), *n.* a cancerous or ulcerous disease: *v.t.* to corrode or corrupt.

can-ker-worm (wĕrm), *n.* a caterpillar destructive to plants.

can-ker-ous (kang'kĕr-us), *adj.* corroding.

can-na-bin (kan'å-bin), *n.* a narcotic resin.

can-na-bis (kan'å-bis), *n.* Indian hemp.

canned (kand), *adj.* preserved in tins.

can-nel-coal (kan'el-kōl), *n.* a free-burning variety of coal.

can-ner-y (kan'e-ri), *n.* a food-canning establishment.

can-ni-bal (kan'i-bål), *n.* a man eater.

can-ni-bal-ism (kan'i-bål-izm), *n.* the practice of eating human flesh.

can-ni-bal-is-tic (kan-i-bå-lis'tik), *adj.* characterized by cannibalism.

can-non (kan'un), *n.* a large gun; a piece of ordnance.

can-non-ade (kan-un-ād'), *n.* the firing of cannon in attack; *v.t.* to attack with cannon.

can-non-eer (kan-un-ēr'), *n.* an artilleryman.

can-non-eer-ing (kan-un-ēr'-ing), *n.* the art of using cannon.

can-not (kan'ot), (*can* and *not*), to be unable.

can-nu-la (kan'ū-lå), *n.* a tube used by surgeons.

can-nu-lar (kan'ū-lăr), *adj.* tubular.

can-ny or CANNIE (kan'i), *adj.* shrewd; cautious; artful.

ca-noe (kå-nōō'), *n.* a light boat of bark, etc., propelled by paddles.

ca-noe-ist (kå-nōō'ist), *n.* one who uses a canoe.

can-on (kan'un), *n.* a church law or rule; the accepted books of the Bible; a cathedral dignitary.

can-on law (law), *n.* church rules relating to faith, morals, and discipline.

cañ-on (kå-nyōn'), or CANYON (kan'yun), *n.* a narrow deep gorge with steep sides.

ca-non-ic (kå-non'ik), or CANONICAL (-ål), *adj.* pertaining to a rule or canon.

ca-non-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in conformity with a canon.

ca-non-ic-als (kå-non'ik-ålz), *n.pl.* the dress prescribed for the clergy.

can-on-ic-i-ty (kan-on-is'i-ti), *n.* the quality of being canonical.

can-on-iz-a-tion (kan-on-iz-ā'-shun), *n.* the act of canonizing.

can-on-ize (kan'on-īz), *v.t.* to enrol as a saint.

can-on-ist (kan'on-ist), *n.* one skilled in ecclesiastical law.

can-o-py (kan'ō-pi), *n.* a covering over a throne or bed, etc.: *v.t.* to cover with a canopy.

cant (kant), *v.i.* to speak in an affected tone; make whining pretensions to goodness: *n.* a whining manner of speech; the jargon spoken by thieves, and mendicants; the hypocritical use of sacred words.

cant (kant), *n.* an inclination from the level; a toss or jerk: *v.t.* to incline; tilt; change direction.

can-ta-liv-er (kan'tå-liv-ĕr), Same as cantilever.

can-ta-loupe (kan'tå-lōōp), *n.* an edible variety of musk-melon.

can-tan-ker-ous (kan-tang'-kĕr-us), *adj.* ill-tempered; cross-grained.

can-ta-ta (kan-tä'tå), *n.* a poem or story set to music.

can-ta-trice (kan'tå-trēs, Italian kän-tå-trē'chā), *n.* a female singer.

can-teen (kan-tēn'), *n.* a sutler's shop in a garrison; a vessel for carrying water or liquor.

can-ter (kan'tĕr), *n.* a moderate gallop; *v.i.* to move in an easy gallop.

can-thar-i-des (kan-thar'i-dēz), *n. pl.* Spanish flies for blistering.

can-ti-cle (kan'ti-kål), *n.* a song; *pl.* the Song of Solomon.

can-ti-lev-er (kan'ti-lev-ĕr), *n.* a projecting bracket to support a balcony, cornice, etc.; one of two arms projecting outward and joined over a stream to form a bridge.

can-ting (kan'ting), *p.adj.* affectedly pious.

can-to (kan'tō), *n.* a division of a long poem; the soprano part in a melody.

can-ton (kan'ton), *n.* a division of a territory; one of the Swiss federal states.

can-ton-ment (kan'ton-ment), *n.* a district or part of a town allotted to a body of troops.

can-toon (kan-tōōn'), *n.* a strong cotton fabric.

Ca-nuck (kå-nuk'), *n.* a Canadian. Also Kanuck.

can-vas (kan'vås), *n.* a coarse heavy cloth for tents, sails, etc.; a ship's sails.

can-vas-back (-bak), *n.* a North American duck of delicious flavor.

can-vass (kan'vås), *v.t.* to examine; solicit votes or opinions: *n.* a solicitation of votes, interest, orders, etc.

can-vas-ser (-ĕr), *n.* one who solicits votes or orders.

can-yon (kan'yun) Same as cañon.

can-zo-net (kan-tzō-net'), *n.* a short song [Italian].

caout-chouc (kōō'chōōk), *n.* india-rubber: gum elastic.

cap (kap), *n.* a covering for the head; a percussion cap; the top or summit: *v.t.* to cover the head or cap.

ca-pa-bil-i-ty (kā-på-bil'i-ti), *n.* capacity; qualification.

ca-pa-ble (kā'på-bl), *adj.* receptive; having capacity; competent. *Syn.* able.

ca-pa-cious (kå-pā'shus), *adj.* roomy; spacious.

ca-pac-i-tate (kå-pas'i-tāt), *v.t.* to make capable; enable.

ca-pac-i-ty (kå-pas'i-ti), *n.* the power of containing; intellectual ability.

cap-a-pie (kap-å-pē'), *adv.* from head to foot.

ca-par-i-son (kå-par'i-son), *n.* fine trappings for a horse: *v.t.* to cover with rich clothing.

cape (kāp), *n.* a covering for the shoulders; a headland.

ca-per (kā'pĕr), *v.i.* to skip; jump: *n.* a frolicsome leap or spring; a plant which yields a condiment.

ca-pi-as (kā'pi-ăs), *n.* a writ authorizing the arrest of a person.

cap-il-lar-i-ty (kap-i-lar'i-ti), *n.* the state of being capillary.

cap-il-la-ry (kap'il-a-ri & kă-pil'-ā-ri), *adj.* resembling a hair: *n.* a tube with a small bore: *pl.* minute blood-vessels.

ca-pil-li-form (ka-pil'i-fôrm), *adj.* having the form of a hair.

cap-i-tal (kap'i-tăl), *adj.* affecting the head or life; first in importance; chief; first-rate: *n.* the chief city in a state; a capital letter; the sum invested in any business; that part of wealth which is available for future production; top of a column.

cap-i-tal-ism (kap'i-tăl-izm), *n.* the power of combined capital.

cap-i-tal-ist (kap'i-tăl-ist), *n.* one who possesses capital.

cap-i-tal-i-za-tion (kap-i-tăl-i-zā'shun), *n.* the act of capitalizing.

cap-i-tal-ize (kap'i-tăl-īz), *v.t.* to convert into capital; print with a capital.

cap-i-tal-ly (-li), *adv.* in an excellent manner; skilfully.

cap-i-ta-tion (kap-i-tā'shun), *n.* a tax, fee, or grant per head.

Cap-i-tol (kap'i-tul), *n.* a temple in ancient Rome; the legislative seat in Washington and in each American state.

ca-pit-u-lar (kă-pit'ū-lar) or CA-PIT-U-LAR-Y (-lăr-i), *adj.* pertaining to a chapter; *pl.* the body of statutes of an ecclesiastical council.

ca-pit-u-late (kă-pit'ū-lāt), *v.i.* to surrender on conditions.

ca-pit-u-la-tion (kă-pit-ū-lā'-shun), *n.* a surrender on fixed terms.

ca-pit-u-la-tor (kă-pit'ū-lā-tĕr), *n.* one who capitulates.

ca-pon (kā'pon), *n.* a castrated cock.

ca-pote (kă-pōt'), a long mantle for women.

ca-pouch (kă-pōōsh'), *n.* a monk's hood or cowl.

ca-price (kă-prēs'), *n.* a sudden impulse; a whim.

ca-pri-cious (kă-prish'us), *adj.* characterized by caprice.

cap-ri-corn (cap'ri-korn), *n.* the goat sign of the zodiac.

cap-ri-form (kap'ri-fôrm), *adj.* having the form of a goat.

cap-rin (kap'rin), *n.* a substance which gives butter its taste and smell.

cap-rine (kap'rin), *adj.* pertaining to a goat.

cap-ri-ole (kap'ri-ōl), *n.* an upward leap of a horse.

cap-si-cin or CAP-SI-CINE (kap'-si-sin), *n.* the active principle in Capsicum.

Cap-si-cum (kap'si-kum), *n.* a genus of plants which produces cayenne pepper.

cap-size (kap'sīz), *v.t.* to turn over or upset.

cap-stan (kap'stăn), *n.* a revolving cylinder for lifting heavy weights, especially anchors.

cap-su-lar (kap'sū-lăr), *adj.* pertaining to a capsule.

cap-su-la-ted (kap'sū-lāt-ed), *adj.* enclosed in a capsule.

cap-sule (kap'sūl), *n.* a metallic cover for a bottle; the seed vessel of a plant; a gelatine case holding a nauseous drug.

cap-tain (kap'tăn, or 'tin), *n.* a chief; the commander of a company in the army or a ship in the navy; the master of a merchant vessel; the head of a team in athletic games.

cap-tain-cy (kap'tăn-si or 'tin-si), *n.* the rank of a captain.

cap-tion (kap'shun), *n.* a certificate of arrest.

cap-tious (kap'shus), *adj.* ready to take offense; fault finding; censorious. *Syn.* cross, peevish, petulant.

cap-ti-vate (kap'ti-vāt), *v.t.* to charm or lure; fascinate; please exceedingly.

cap-ti-va-tion (kap-ti-vā'shun), *n.* the act of charming; state of being charmed.

cap-tive (kap'tiv), *adj.* made prisoner; held in bondage; fascinated: *n.* one taken prisoner.

cap-tiv-i-ty (kap-tiv'i-ti), *n.* servitude; imprisonment.

cap-tor (kap'tĕr), *n.* one who takes a prisoner or gains a prize.

cap-ture (kap'tūr), *n.* seizure of a prisoner or a prize; arrest: *v.t.* to take or seize.

cap-u-chin (kap'ū-shēn or -ōō-shēn'), *n.* a Franciscan monk.

cap-ut (kap'ut), *n.* [*pl.* capita ('i-tâ)] the head.

car (kär), *n.* a wheeled vehicle; a passenger-car or baggage-car; the basket of a balloon.

car-a-cole (kar'å-kōl), *n.* the leap of a horse sidewise; a spiral staircase: *v.i.* to wheel.

car-a-mel (kar'å-mel), *n.* burnt sugar used for coloring spirits; a kind of sweetmeat.

car-a-pace (kar'å-pās), *n.* the upper shell of the tortoise.

car-at (kar'åt), *n.* the weight of 3.17 grains, used in weighing gold and precious stones.

car-a-van (kar'å-van or kar-å-van'), *n.* a company of travelers, merchants or pilgrims; a large covered wagon.

car-a-van-sa-ry (kar-å-van'så-ri), *n.* a house in the East for travelers to rest in at night.

car-a-vel (kar'å-vel), *n.* a kind of ship formerly used.

car-a-way (kar'å-wā), *n.* an aromatic seed used as a condiment.

car-bide (kär'bīd), *n.* a compound of carbon with a metal.

car-bine (kär'bīn), *n.* a short rifle adapted to the use of cavalry. Also carabine.

car-bi-neer (kär-bi-nēr'), *n.* a soldier armed with a carbine.

car-bo-hy-drate (kär-bō-hī'-drāt), *n.* an organic compound of carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen.

car-bo-la-ted (kär'bō-lā-ted), *adj.* treated with carbolic acid.

car-bol-ic ac-id (as'id), *n.* an acid obtained from coal-tar and used as an antiseptic.

car-bol-ize (kär'bol-īz), *v.t.* to treat with carbolic acid.

car-bon (kär'bon), *n.* an element found pure in diamond and graphite, and present in all organic compounds.

car-bo-na-ceous (kär-bō-na'-shus), *adj.* pertaining to or containing carbon.

car-bon-ate (kär'bon-āt), *n.* a compound of carbonic acid with a base.

car-bon-a-ted (kär'bon-ā-ted), *adj.* impregnated with carbonic acid.

car-bon-ic (kär-bon'ik), *adj.* pertaining to carbon.

car-bon-ic ac-id (-as'id), *n.* a compound of carbon and oxygen.

car-bon-if-er-ous (kär-bon-if'ēr-us), *adj.* containing carbon or coal.

car-bon-ize (kär'bon-īz), *v.t.* to convert into carbon.

car-bo-run-dum (kär-bo-run'-dum), *n.* carbide of silicon, an abrasive substance of great hardness.

car-boy (kär'boi), *n.* a large globular bottle protected by basket-work.

car-bun-cle (kär'bung-kl), *n.* a gem of red color; an inflammatory tumor.

car-bun-cu-lar (kär-bung'kū-lēr), *adj.* pertaining to a carbuncle; inflamed.

car-bu-ret-ted (kär'bu-ret-ed), *p.adj.* combined with carbon.

car-bu-ret-tor (kär-bu-ret'ôr), *n.* an apparatus used to charge air with gas for illuminating or power purposes.

car-bu-rize (kär'bū-rīz), *v.t.* to combine with carbon.

car-case or CAR-CASS (kär'kâs), *n.* the dead body of man or animal; a corpse; the framework of a building, ship, etc.

car-cel-lamp (kär'sel-lamp), *n.* a lamp used in lighthouses.

card (kärd), *n.* a paper with name or address, used for social or business purposes; one of a pack of playing cards; a large comb for wool, flax or cotton.

card-shar-per (-shär'pēr), *n.* one who cheats at cards.

Car-da-mine (kär'då-mīn), *n.* the cuckoo flower.

car-da-mom (kär'då-mum), *n.* the fruit of certain plants of the ginger family.

car-di-ac (kär'di-ak), *adj.* pertaining to the heart; *n.* a stimulating medicine.

car-di-gan (kär'di-gân), *n.* a knitted woolen jacket.

car-di-nal (kär'di-nâl), *adj.* chief; pre-eminent; fundamental: *n.* a church dignitary next to the Pope.

car-di-nal num-bers (num'-berz), *n.pl.* the numbers *one, two, three,* etc.

car-di-nal points (pointz), *n.pl.* N., S., E., W.

car-di-nal vir-tues (ver'tūz), *n.pl.* justice, prudence, temperance, and fortitude.

car-di-tis (kär-dī'tis), *n.* inflammation of the tissues of the heart.

care (kār), *n.* concern; anxiety; caution; watchfulness: *v.i.* to be anxious, troubled or interested. *Syn.* anxiety, solicitude.

ca-reen (kå-rēn'), *v.t.* to bring on one side, as a ship for repairing: *v.i.* to incline on one side, as a ship under press of sail.

ca-reer (kå-rēr'), *n.* a race; course; occupation or calling: *v.i.* to move rapidly.

care-ful (kār'fool), *adj.* anxious; attentive; watchful.

care-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in a careful manner.

care-less (kār'les), *adj.* needless; without care.

ca-ress (kå-res'), *n.* any act of affection; an embrace: *v.t.* to treat with tokens of affection. *Syn.* kiss, embrace.

car-et (kā'ret or kar'et), *n.* a mark (∧) used to indicate an omission.

car-go (kär'gō), *n.* the lading or freight of a ship.

car-i-bou or CAR-I-BOO (kar'i-bōō), *n.* the North American reindeer.

car-i-ca-ture (kar'i-kå-tūr), *n.* a representation of a person or thing in which the defects or peculiarities are exaggerated: *v.t* to represent in a ridiculous style; parody; burlesque. *Syn.* mimicry, imitation.

car-i-ca-tur-ist (kar'i-kå-tūr-ist), *n.* one who caricatures.

ca-ri-es (kā'ri-ēz), *n.* decay of bones or teeth.

car-il-lon (kar'il-lon), *n.* a chime of small bells; an air played on them.

car-i-ole (kar'i-ōl), *n.* a small open carriage.

ca-ri-os-i-ty (kā-ri-os'i-ti), *n.* the state of being carious.

ca-ri-ous (kā'ri-us), *adj.* affected with caries.

cark (kärk), *v.i.* to be anxious or concerned.

carl or CARLE (kärl), *n.* a strong sturdy fellow; rustic; churl.

car-lock (kär'lok), *n.* a kind of isinglass.

car-min-a-tive (kär-min'å-tiv), *n.* a medicine which expels wind and relieves colic.

car-mine (kär'mīn, 'min), *n.* a rich crimson pigment.

car-nage (kär'nej), *n.* slaughter; wholesale murder

car-nal (kär'nål), *adj.* pertaining to the body; sensual; impure; secular.

car-nal-ism (kär'nål-izm), or CARNALITY (kär'nal'i-ti), *n.* sensuality.

car-nal-ly (-li), *adv.* in an animal or fleshy manner.

car-na-tion (kär-nā'shun), *n.* a light rose-pink; flesh color; of flower or pink color.

car-ni-fi-ca-tion (kär-ni-fi-kā'shun), *n.* tissue so altered as to resemble flesh.

car-ni-val (kär'ni-vål), *n.* the season of rejoicing before Lent; feasting or revelry.

car-niv-o-rous (kär-niv'ō-rus), *adj.* eating or feeding on flesh.

car-ob (kär'ob), *n.* a tree which yields a nutritious pod known as St. John's-bread.

car-ol (kar'ul), *n.* a song of joy or praise: *v.i.* to sing joyfully.

ca-rot-id (kå-rot'id), *n.* one of the two main arteries which convey the blood to the head.

ca-rouse (kå-rouz'), *n.* a noisy drinking bout. Also carousal: *v.i.* to drink with jollity; revel.

carp (kärp), *v.i.* to find fault: *n.* a fresh-water fish.

car-pal (kär'pål), *adj.* pertaining to the wrist.

car-pel (kär'pel), *n.* a simple pistil; part of the ovary of a flower.

car-pen-ter (kär'pen-tēr), *n.* a wood worker for house or ship building.

car-pen-try (kär'pen-tri), *n.* the work done by a carpenter.

car-pet (kär'pet), *n.* a floor covering: *v.t.* to cover with a carpet.

car-pet-bag (-bag), *n.* traveling bag made of carpet-like material.

car-pet-knight (-nīt), *n.* one given the honor of knighthood without merit.

car-pet-ing (kär'pet-ing), *n.* cloth for carpets; carpets in general.

car-riage (kar'ij), *n.* the act of carrying; behavior; deportment; a wheeled vehicle.

car-ri-er (kar'i-ēr), *n.* one who carries for hire.

car-ri-er-pig-eon (-pij'un), *n.* a variety of pigeon trained to convey letters.

car-ri-on (kar'i-on), *n.* dead or putrefying flesh: *adj.* feeding on carrion.

car-ri-on-crow (-krō), *n.* the common crow of Europe; rarely, the American crow.

car-ron-ade (kar-on-ād'), *n.* a short cannon.

car-ron-oil (kar'on-oil), *n.* a liniment of linseed-oil and lime-water.

car-rot (kar'ot), *n.* a food plant with an edible root.

car-ry (kar'i), *v.t.* to convey; bear; transfer; accomplish; have in charge; take by assault. *Syn.* sustain, transport.

cart (kärt), *n.* a two-wheeled vehicle for heavy goods: *v.t.* to carry in a cart.

cart-age (kärt'ej), *n.* the act of carting; charge for conveyance.

carte (kärt), *n.* a bill of fare.

carte blanche (kärt blängsh), *n.* a blank paper; a signed sheet to be filled up by the receiver.

carte-de-vi-site (kärt'de-vi-zet'), *n.* a photograph of a person on a visiting card.

car-tel (kär'tel), *n.* an agreement regarding the exchange of prisoners; a challenge to combat.

car-ti-lage (kär'ti-lej), *n.* elastic animal tissue; gristle.

car-ti-lag-i-nous (kär-ti-laj'i-nus), *adj.* pertaining to cartilage.

car-toon (kär-tōōn'), *n.* a design for reproduction in tapestry; a pictorial sketch of amusing or offensive character.

car-touch (kär-tōōsh), *n.* a cartridge-box; an ornament in the form of an unrolled scroll.

car-tridge (kär'trij), *n.* a case containing the charge of a firearm.

car-un-cle (kar'ung-kl), *n.* a small fleshy excrescence.

carve (kärv), *v.i.* to exercise the trade of a sculptor or carver; cut up meat.

cas-cade (kas'kād), *n.* a waterfall of small size.

car-y-at-id (kar-i-at'id), *n.* a woman's figure supporting an entablature.

cas-ca-ril-la (kas-kå-ril'å), *n.* the aromatic bark of a West Indian shrub.

case (kās), *n.* a covering; sheath; box; frame or casing: *v.t.* to enclose in a case.

case (kās), *n.* that which happens; a suit or action at law; a variation of nouns.

case-har-den (kās-här'dn), *v.t.* to make hard on the exterior, as iron converted into steel.

ca-se-ic (kā'sē-ik), *adj.* pertaining to cheese.

ca-se-in (kā'sē-in), *n.* the curd-matter of milk of which cheese is made.

case-mate (kās'māt), *n.* a shell-proof vault or battery.

case-ment (kās'ment), *n.* a hinged window-frame.

ca-se-ous (kā'sē-us), *adj.* cheesy.

cash (kash), *n.* money: *v.t.* to exchange for money.

cash-book, *n.* a register book for money.

ca-shew (kå-shōō'), *n.* a tree which produces the cashew-nut, from which a caustic oil is obtained.

cash-ier (kash-ēr'), *n.* one who has charge of money of a bank or trading establishment.

cash-mere (kash'mēr), *n.* a soft woolen fabric for shawls; a fine woolen dress fabric.

cas-ing (kās'ing), *n.* a covering; framework.

ca-si-no (kå-sē'nō), *n.* a public room used for social meetings, dancing, etc.

cask (kåsk), *n.* a small barrel; the quantity contained in a cask.

cas-ket (kås'ket), *n.* a small box for jewels, etc.; a costly coffin.

cas-sa-tion (kas-ā'shun), *n.* abrogation.

cas-sa-va (kas'å-vå), *n.* a plant whose root yields tapioca.

cas-sia (kash'iå), *n.* the plant which yields the drug senna.

cas-si-mere (kas'i-mēr), *n.* twilled woolen cloth.

cas-si-nette (kas-i-net'), *n.* a cloth of cotton and wool, or wool and silk.

cas-si-no (kas-sē'no), *n.* a game at cards.

cas-sock (kas'uk), *n.* a vestment worn by clergymen.

cas-so-wa-ry (kas'ō-wā-ri), *n.* a large bird resembling the ostrich.

cast (kåst), *v.t.* to throw; shed; calculate; form into a certain shape; assign to various actors; *v.i.* to throw the line in angling; *n.* the act of casting; the company of actors to whom the parts of a play are assigned.

cast-iron (-īrn, or -stēl), *n.* iron or steel melted and run into molds.

cas-ta-nets (kas'tå-nets), *n.pl.* rattling instruments used in dancing.

cast-a-way (kåst'å-wā), *n.* a person or vessel wrecked on an unfrequented coast; an outcast; reprobate.

caste (kåst), *n.* a Hindu religious division; an exclusive social rank.

cas-tel-la-ted (kas'te-lā-ted), *adj.* furnished with turrets and battlements, as a castle.

cas-ter (kås'tẽr), *n.* one who casts; a computor; a cruet for holding condiments at table.

cas-ti-gate (kas'ti-gāt), *v.t.* to correct; chastise; punish.

cas-ti-ga-tion (kas-ti-gā'shun), *n.* the act of castigating.

cas-ti-ga-tor (kas'ti-gā-tẽr), *n.* one who castigates.

cas-ti-ga-to-ry (kas'ti-gā-tō-ri), *adj.* punitive.

Cas-tile-soap *n.* a kind of refined soap.

Cas-til-ian (kas-til'iån), *adj.* pertaining to Castile.

cast-ing (kåst'ing), *n.* anything shaped in a mould; impressions taken of statues, medals, etc.

cast-ing vote (-vōt), *n.* the deciding vote of a chairman when the votes are equal.

cas-tle (kås'l or kås'l), *n.* a fortress; an imposing mansion; a piece at chess.

cas-trate (kas'trāt), *v.t.* to emasculate; geld; expurgate: *n.* a eunuch.

cas-tra-tion (kas-trā'shun), *n.* the act of gelding.

cas-u-al (kazh'ū-ål), *adj.* happening by chance; accidental; occasional.

cas-u-al-ty (kazh'ū-ål-ti), *n.* an accident of serious character.

cas-u-ist (kazh'ū-ist), *n.* one who seeks to explain or settle cases of conscience.

cas-u-is-tic (kazh-ū-is'tik), or CAS-U-IS-TIC-AL (-ål), *adj.* pertaining to casuistry.

cas-u-ist-ry (kazh'ū-ist-ri), *n.* the doctrine which deals with cases of conscience; sophistical or equivocal reasoning.

cat (kat), *n.* a carnivorous domestic animal, also wild animals of the family Felidæ; a whip.

cat-boat (-bōt), *n.* a small boat with a mast and sail near the bows.

cat-o'-nine-tails, *n.* a whip with nine lashes of knotted cord.

cat's-eye (-ī), *n.* a variety of quartz.

cat's-paw (-paw), *n.* a dupe; a light air.

cat-ab-o-lism (kåt-ab'ō-lizm), *n.* disintegration of complex chemical molecules.

cat-a-clysm (kat'å-klizm), *n.* a deluge; a violent change in the earth's surface.

cat-a-comb (kat'å-kōm), *n.* a cavern or excavation used for burial of the dead.

cat-a-cous-tics (kat-a-kous'tiks), *n.* science of reflected sounds.

cat-a-falque (kat'å-falk), *n.* a structure to support a coffin.

cat-a-lep-sy (kat'å-lep-si), *n.* a sudden suspense of voluntary sensation.

cat-a-lep-tic (kat-å-lep'tik), *adj.* of, or pertaining to, catalepsy.

cat-a-logue (kat'å-log), *n.* a list of names: *v.t.* to make a catalogue of.

cat-al-y-sis (kåt-al'i-sis), *n.* a chemical change due to the presence of a substance which remains unchanged.

cat-a-ma-ran (kat-å-må-ran'), *n.* a raft or float propelled by paddles; a flat-bottomed boat; a vixen.

cat-a-mount (kat'å-mount), *n.* the wild cat; the puma or cougar.

cat-a-phon-ics (kat-å-fon'iks), same as catacoustics.

cat-a-plasm (kat'å-plazm), *n.* a poultice.

cat-a-plex-y (kat'å-plek-si), *n.* a sudden shock to the nerves causing paralysis.

cat-a-pult (kat'å-pult), *n.* an ancient military engine for hurling darts and stones.

cat-a-ract (kat'å-rakt), *n.* a large waterfall; a disease of the eye.

ca-tarrh (kå-tär'), *n.* a morbid secretion from a mucous membrane; a violent cold in the head.

ca-tarrh-al (kå-tär'ål), *adj.* pertaining to catarrh.

cat-as-tro-phe (kåt-as'trō-fē), *n.* a serious calamity or disaster; a final event; a cataclysm. *Syn.* mischance, mishap.

ca-taw-ba (kå-taw'bå), *n.* a variety of American grape; wine made from it.

cat-call (kat'kawl), *n.* a squeaking instrument: *v.t.* to express disapproval by a catcall.

catch (kach), *v.t.* to seize; intercept; take captive; take disease by infection; communicate to, as a fire; come up to.

catch-pen-ny (kach'pen-i), *n.* a worthless article prepared to attract attention and sale.

catch-up (kach'up), *n.* a sauce made from mushrooms, etc. Also catsup, ketchup.

cat-e-chet-ic-al (kat-ē-ket'ik-ål), *adj.* consisting of questions and answers.

cat-e-chet-ics (kat-ē-ket'iks), *n.* the art of instructing by question and answer.

cat-e-chise (kat'ē-kīz), *v.t.* to instruct by questions and answers; interrogate or examine.

cat-e-chism (kat'ē-kizm), *n.* a book of questions and answers, especially on religious topics.

cat-e-chist (kat'ē-kist), *n.* one who instructs by question and answer.

cat-e-chu (kat'ē-kū), *n.* an astringent extract used in the arts.

cat-e-chu-men (kat-ē-kū'men), *n.* one who is under religious instruction.

cat-e-gor-ic-al (kat-ē-gor'ik-ål), *adj.* absolute; unconditional.

cat-e-gor-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in a categorical manner; absolutely.

cat-e-go-ry (kat'ē-gō-ri), *n.* a class of ideas; a rule or condition.

ca-ter (kā'tēr), *v.i.* to supply food, amusement, etc.

cat-er-pil-lar (kat'ēr-pil-ēr), *n.* the worm-like larva of certain insects.

cat-er-waul (kat'ēr-wawl), *v.i.* to cry like a cat.

cat-fish (kat'fish), *n.* a voracious American fish.

cat-gut (kat'gut), *n.* a cord made from the intestines of animals, and used for violin strings, etc.

ca-thar-tic (kå-thär'tik), *adj.* purgative: *n.* a purgative medicine.

cat-head (kat'hed), *n.* a ship's beam with ropes to raise and secure the anchor.

ca-the-dral (kå-thē'drål), *n.* the chief church of a diocese.

cath-e-ter (kath'ē-tēr), *n.* a tubular instrument to withdraw urine from the bladder.

cath-ode (kath'ōd), *n.* the negative pole of an electric current.

cath-o-lic (kath'ō-lik), *adj.* universal; free from prejudice; including all mankind.

Cath-o-lic (kath'ō-lik), *adj.* pertaining to the Church of Rome: *n.* a member of the Catholic Church.

ca-thol-i-cism (kå-thol'i-sizm), *n.* adherence to the Catholic Church.

cath-ol-ic-i-ty (kath-ol-is'i-ti), *n.* the quality of being catholic.

Ca-thol-i-cize (kå-thol'i-sīz), *v.t.* to convert to the Roman Catholic Church.

cat-kin (kat'kin), *n.* the pendulous inflorescence of the willow, birch, etc.

cat-ling (kat'ling), *n.* a little cat; a down which grows on certain trees.

cat-mint (kat'mint), CATNIP (kat'nip), *n.* a strong-scented herb liked by cats.

cat-op-sis (kåt-op'sis), *n.* morbidly keen vision.

cat-op-trics (kåt-op'triks), *n.* the science of reflected light.

cat-tle (kat'l), *n. sing. & pl.* live stock, especially oxen.

Cau-ca-si-an (kaw-kā'shi-ån or kaw-kash'i-ån), *adj.* pertaining to the Caucasus or the European Aryans.

cau-cus (kaw'kus), *n.* a party meeting to decide on political action or policy: *v.i.* to hold such a meeting.

cau-dal (kaw'dål), *adj.* pertaining to a tail.

cau-date (kaw'dāt), *adj.* having a tail-like appendage.

cau-dle (kaw'dl), *n.* a warm drink for sick persons.

caught, *p.t. & p.p.* of catch.

caul (kawl), *n.* a net or covering for the head.

caul-dron (kawl'dron), *n.* a large kettle.

cau-li-flow-er (kaw'li-flou-ēr), *n.* a variety of cabbage with large edible head.

caulk. See calk.

caus-al (kawz'ăl), *adj.* expressing cause; creative.

cau-sal-i-ty (kaw-zal'i-ti), *n.* the relation of cause to effect.

cau-sa-tion (kaw-zā'shun), *n.* the act of causing.

caus-a-tive (kawz'ă-tiv), *adj.* acting as a cause.

cause (kawz), *n.* that which produces a result; a motive; subject in debate; party; suit or action: *v.t.* to produce; bring about. *Syn.* motive, reason.

cause-way (kawz'wā), *n.* a pathway raised and paved with stone.

caus-tic (kaws'tik), *adj.* burning; corrosive; sarcastic; pungent: *n.* a substance which burns.

caus-tic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in a caustic manner.

caus-tic-i-ty (kaws-tis'i-ti), *n.* the quality of being caustic.

cau-ter-i-za-tion (kaw-tĕr-i-zā'shun), *n.* the act of cauterizing.

cau-ter-ize (kaw'tĕr-īz), *v.t.* to burn or sear with a hot iron, or with cauterants.

cau-ter-y (kaw'tĕr-i), *n.* a burning or searing; an instrument for this purpose.

cau-tion (kaw'shun), *n.* heedfulness; prudence; an admonition: *v.t.* to warn.

cau-tion-a-ry (kaw'shun-ă-ri), *adj.* containing a caution.

cau-tious (kaw'shus), *adj.* exercising caution; heedful; wary.

cau-tious-ly (-li), *adj.* prudently.

cav-al-cade (kav-ăl-kād'), *n.* a procession of persons on horseback.

cav-a-lier (kav-ă-lēr'), *n.* a military horseman; a gallant; a beau: *adj.* haughty; supercilious.

cav-a-lier-ly (kav-ă-lēr'li), *adv.* in a haughty or supercilious manner.

cav-al-ry (kav'ăl-ri), *n.* horse soldiers.

cav-a-ti-na (kav-ă-tē'nă), *n.* a simple melody.

cave (kāv), *n.* a hollow place in the earth; a den; cavern.

ca-ve-at (kā'vē-at), *n.* a legal notice filed to stop procedure; a hindrance to action.

cave-man (-man), *n.* a man of the cave-dwelling period.

cav-ern (kav'ĕrn), *n.* a large natural hollow under the earth.

cav-er-nous (kav'ĕr-nus), *adj.* hollow like a cavern.

cav-i-are (kav-i-ār'), *n.* the roes of certain large fish, salted and dried.

cav-il (kav'il), *v.i.* to raise frivolous objections: *n.* a captious argument.

cav-i-ty (kav'i-ti), *n.* a hollow place or part.

caw (kaw), *v.i.* to cry like a crow, rook, or raven: *n.* the cry of these birds.

cay-enne (kā-en'), *n.* a pungent kind of pepper.

cease (sēs), *v.i.* to stop; desist: *v.t.* to put a stop to: end. *Syn.* discontinue, leave off.

cease-less (-les), *adj.* never ceasing.

ce-dar (sē'dăr), *n.* an evergreen tree producing durable and fragrant wood: *adj.* made of cedar.

cede (sēd), *v.t.* to give up or surrender.

ce-dil-la (sē-dil'ă), *n.* a mark placed under *c* to indicate the sound of *s*.

ceil (sēl), *v.t.* to cover or line; furnish with a ceiling.

ceil-ing (sē'ling), *n.* the inner roof of an apartment.

cel-e-brant (sel'ē-brānt), *n.* one who celebrates or officiates, as in offering mass.

cel-e-brate (sel'ē-brāt), *v.t.* to praise or honor; commemorate; distinguish by ceremonies. *Syn.* observe, solemnize.

cel-e-bra-tion (sel-ē-brā'shun), *n.* the act of celebrating.

ce-leb-ri-ty (sē-leb'ri-ti), *n.* fame; distinction; a renowned person.

ce-ler-i-ty (sē-ler'i-ti), *n.* rapidity; swiftness.

cel-e-ry (sel'e-ri), *n.* a plant used as a salad.

ce-les-tial (sē-les'tial), *adj.* pertaining to the sky; heavenly: *n.* an inhabitant of heaven.

ce-les-tial-ly (-li), *adv.* in a celestial manner.

cel-i-ba-cy (sel'i-ba-si), *n.* single life; the unmarried state.

cel-i-bate (sel'i-bāt), *n.* one who is vowed to or practices celibacy: *adj.* unmarried.

cell (sel), *n.* a room in a prison; a mean place of residence; a small cavity.

cel-lar (sel'ăr), *n.* a room under a house, used for storage.

cel-lar-age (sel'ĕr-ej), *n.* space occupied by cellars; charge for storage in cellars.

cell-u-lár (sel'ū-lâr), *adj.* formed of cells.

cell-u-loid (sel'ū-loid), *n.* a compound of camphor and gun-cotton, resembling ivory.

cell-u-lose (sel'ū-lōs), *n.* the substance which forms cellular plant tissue.

celt (selt) or KELT (kelt), *n.* an ancient stone implement.

Cel-tic (sel'tik), or KELTIC (kel'-), *adj.* pertaining to the Kelts.

cel-ti-cism (sel'ti-sizm), or KELTICISM (kel'-), *n.* a Keltic custom or idiom.

ce-ment (sē-ment' or sem'ent), *n.* any adhesive substance which unites bodies; *v.t.* (sē-ment'), to unite firmly.

cem-en-ta-tion (sem-en-ta'-shun), *n.* the act of cementing.

cem-e-ter-y (sem'e-tĕr-i), *n.* a public burial ground.

cen-o-bite (sen'ō-bīt), *n.* a community monk.

cen-o-taph (sen'ō-taf), *n.* a tomb in honor of a person buried elsewhere.

cen-ser (sen'sĕr), *n.* a vessel for burning incense.

cen-sor (sen'sĕr), *n.* a magistrate of ancient Rome; one who censures; a critic; an official who examines manuscripts before publication.

cen-so-ri-al (sen-sō'ri-âl), *adj.* pertaining to a censor.

cen-so-ri-ous (sen-sō'ri-us), *adj.* addicted to censure; carping; critical.

cen-sur-a-ble (sen'shūr-â-bl), *adj.* blamable.

cen-sure (sen'shūr), *n.* blame; fault-finding: *v.t.* to condemn; criticise adversely. *Syn.* animadvert, criticise.

cen-sus (sen'sus), *n.* an official enumeration of the inhabitants of a country.

cent (sent), *n.* the 1-100th part of a dollar.

cen-tal (sen'tâl), *adj.* consisting of a hundred.

cen-taur (sen'tawr), *n.* a fabulous being, half man and half horse.

cen-te-na-ri-an (sen-te-nā'ri-ân), *adj.* pertaining to a person a hundred years old: *n.* a person of such an age.

cen-te-na-ry (sen'te-nā-ri), *adj.* relating to a hundred: *n.* the hundredth anniversary of an event.

cen-ten-ni-al (sen-ten'i-âl), *adj.* taking place once in a hundred years: *n.* the commemoration of a 100th anniversary.

cen-ter (sen'tĕr), *n.* the middle point of anything; the circle or square next to the bull's-eye; troops in a line between the wings: *v.i.* to be placed in the center; meet in one point or focus. *Syn.* middle, midst.

cen-ter-bit (-bit), *n.* a carpenter's tool for boring holes in wood.

cen-ter-board (bōrd), *n.* a movable keel used by racing craft.

cen-ter-ing (sen'tĕr-ing), *n.* the timber frame by which vaulted work is supported during construction.

cen-tes-i-mal (sen-tes'i-mâl), *adj.* hundredth.

cen-ti-grade (sen'ti-grād), *adj.* divided into a hundred degrees.

cen-ti-gram (sen'ti-gram), *n.* a measure of weight.

cen-ti-li-ter (sen'ti-lē-tr), *n.* a measure of capacity.

cen-ti-me-ter (sen'ti-mē-tr), *n.* a measure of length.

cen-ti-ped (sen'ti-ped), or CENTIPEDE (-pēd), *n.* an articulated animal with numerous feet.

cen-tral (sen'trâl), *adj.* situated in the center.

cen-tral-ly (-li), *adv.* in a central manner.

cen-tral-ism (sen'trâl-izm), *n.* the state of being central.

cen-tral-i-ty (sen-tral'i-ti), *n* the quality of being central.

cen-tral-i-za-tion (sen-trâl-i-zā'shun), *n.* reduction to a center; concentration of government.

cen-tral-ize (sen'trâl-īz), *v.t.* to bring to a center.

cen-tre (sen'tĕr), *n.* same as center.

cen-tric (sen'trik), *adj.* placed in the center; central.

cen-trif-u-gal (sen-trif'ū-gâl), *adj.* tending to fly off from the center.

cen-trif-u-gal-ly (-li), *adv.* from the center.

cen-trip-e-tal (sen-trip'e-tâl), *adj.* tending to approach the center.

cen-trip-e-tal-ly (-li), *adv.* in a centripetal manner.

cen-tum-vi-rate (sen-tum'vi-rāt), *n.* a body composed of a hundred men.

cen-tu-ple (sen'tū-pl), *adj.* hundredfold; *v.t.* to increase a hundredfold.

cen-tu-ri-on (sen-tū'ri-un), *n.* a Roman officer commanding a hundred men.

cen-tu-ry (sen'tū-ri), *n.* a hundred; a hundred years.

cen-tu-ry-plant (-plant), *n.* a name of the American aloe.

ceph-a-lal-gi-a (sef-å-lal'jī-å), *n.* headache.

ceph-a-lic (sef'å-lik or se-fal'ik), *adj.* pertaining to the head.

ceph-a-li-tis (sef-å-lī'tis), *n.* inflammation of the brain.

ceph-a-lo-pod (sef'å-lo-pod), *n.* a member of the Cephalopoda.

Ceph-a-lop-o-da (sef-å-lop'-ō-då), *n. pl.* the highest class of the Mollusca.

ce-ra-ceous (sē-rā'shus), *adj.* having the texture of new wax.

ce-ram-ic (se-ram'ik), *adj.* pertaining to pottery or the fictile arts.

ce-rate (sē'rāt), *n.* a thick ointment of wax, etc.

cer-a-tin (ser'å-tin), *n.* horny tissue.

cer-a-toid (ser'a-toid), *adj.* horny.

cere (sēr), *n.* the naked skin of the bill of many birds: *v.t.* to cover with wax.

ce-re-al (sē're-ål), *adj.* pertaining to grain: *n.* edible grain.

cer-e-bel-lum (ser-e-bel'um), *n.* [*pl.* cerebella ('å)], the hinder part of the brain; the little brain.

cer-e-bral (ser'ē-brål), *adj.* pertaining to the brain.

cer-e-brate (ser'ē-brāt), *v.i.* to have the brain in action. Also cerebrize.

cer-e-bra-tion (ser-ē-brā'shun), *n.* the action of the brain.

cer-e-bric (ser'ē-brik), *adj.* pertaining to the brain.

cer-e-bri-tis (ser-ē-brī'tis), *n.* inflammation of the brain.

cer-e-brum (ser'ē-brum), *n.* the superior part of the brain: the seat of the mind and will.

cere-cloth (sēr'kloth), *n.* a cloth for wrapping embalmed bodies in.

cere-ment (sēr'ment), *n.* a grave-cloth or shroud: *pl.* grave-clothes.

cer-e-mo-ni-al (ser-e-mō'ni-ål), *adj.* relating to rites or ceremonies: *n.* outward form or order.

cer-e-mo-ni-al-ism (ser-e-mō'ni-ål-izm), *n.* adherence to ceremony; ritualism.

cer-e-mo-ni-al-ly (-li), *adv.* according to rites and ceremonies.

cer-e-mo-ni-ous (ser-e-mō'ni-us), *adj.* fond of using ceremony; precise.

cer-e-mo-ny (ser'e-mō-ni), *n.* a prescribed rite or formality.

ce-ri-um (sē'ri-um), *n.* a rare metallic element.

ce-rog-ra-phy (sē-rog'rå-fi), *n.* the art of writing or engraving on wax; encaustic painting.

cer-tain (sēr'tin), *adj.* sure; beyond a doubt; fixed or stated; definite. *Syn.* secure.

cer-tain-ty (sēr'tin-ti), *n.* full assurance.

cer-tes (sēr'tēz), *adv.* certainly; assuredly.

cer-tif-i-cate (sēr-tif'i-kāt), *n.* a written testimony to fact, character or ability; a statement legally authenticated.

cer-ti-fi-ca-tion (sēr-ti-fi-kā'-shun), *n.* the act of certifying.

cer-ti-fy (sēr'ti-fī), *v.t.* to testify to in writing; assure.

cer-ti-tude (sēr'ti-tūd), *adj.* certainty; freedom from doubt; assurance.

ce-ru-le-an (se-rōō'lē-ån), *adj.* sky-colored.

ce-ru-lin (se-rōō'lin), *n.* an olive-green dye.

ce-ru-men (se-rōō'men), *n.* ear-wax.

ce-ruse (sē'rōōs), *n.* white-lead used as a pigment.

cer-vi-cal (sēr'vi-kål), *adj.* pertaining to the neck.

cer-vine (sēr'vin), *adj.* pertaining to the deer family; of a tawny or fawn color.

cess (ses), *v.t.* to impose a tax: *n.* a rate or tax.

ces-sa-tion (ses-sā'shum), *n.* the act of ceasing. *Syn.* intermission, rest, stop.

ces-sion (sesh'un), *n.* a yielding up; surrender.

ces-sion-a-ry (seshun-ā-ri), *adj.* a giving up.

cess-pool (ses'pōōl), *n.* a reservoir for the reception of drainage or filth.

ces-tus (ses'tus), *n.* a kind of glove used by ancient boxers.

ce-ta-cean (sē-tā'shun), *adj.* pertaining to the whale family: *n.* a whale.

Ce-te (sē'tē), *n.pl.* an order of the mammalia including whales, dolphins, etc.

ce-tic ac-id (sē'tik as'id), *n.* an acid obtained from spermaceti.

chafe (chāf), *v.t.* to wear away or make sore by rubbing; irritate; annoy: *n.* mental irritation; vexation.

cha-fer (chā'fĕr), *n.* the cockchafer.

chaff (chăf), *n.* the husk of grain; cut straw or hay; anything worthless; banter: *v.t.* to banter; make game of.

chaf-fer (chăf'ĕr), *n.* the act of bargaining: *v.i.* to haggle about a purchase.

chaf-finch (chaf'inch), *n.* a grain-feeding bird.

chaff-y (chăf'i), *adj.* resembling chaff; light or worthless.

chaf-ing-dish (chāf'ing-dish), *n.* a dish for hot coals to keep food warm.

cha-grin (shā-grin' or -grēn'), vexation; ill-humor; mortification: *v.t.* to excite vexation. *Syn.* confusion, dismay.

chain (chān), *n.* a connected series of links; a measure of 100 links = 66 ft.: *v.t.* to fasten, with a chain; to unite firmly.

chain-gang (-gang), *n.* a gang of convicts working together in chains.

chain-stitch (-stich), *n.* an ornamental stitch resembling a chain.

chair (chār), *n.* a movable seat; a professorship: *v.t.* to carry in triumph; to install.

chair-man (chār'mǎn), *n.* a presiding officer.

chaise (shāz), *n.* a light two-wheeled carriage.

chal-ce-do-ny (kal'sē-dō-ni or kal-sed'ō-ni), *n.* a variety of quartz.

chal-dron (chawl'dron), *n.* a measure of 36 bush.

cha-let (shā-lā'), *n.* a Swiss cottage.

chal-ice (chal'is), *n.* a communion cup.

chalk (chawk), *n.* a soft limestone rock: *v.t.* to mark or fertilize with chalk.

chalk-stone (-stōn), *n.* a chalky concretion in the joints.

chalk-i-ness (chawk'i-nes), *n.* the state of being chalky.

chalk-y (chawk'i), *adj.* containing chalk.

chal-lenge (chal'enj), *n.* a summons to fight; a objection to a voter or juror; the demand of a sentry: *v.i.* to summon to a contest; take exception to.

chal-lenge-a-ble (chal'enj-ȧ-bl), *adj.* that may be challenged.

chal-lis (shal'ē), *n.* a light all-wool fabric.

cha-lyb-e-ate (kȧ-lib'ē-āt), *adj.* impregnated with iron.

cham-ber (chām'bĕr), *n.* a bedroom; a private room; a political or commercial body: *pl.* a suite of rooms: *v.t.* to inclose; reside in.

cham-ber-lain (chām'bĕr-lān), *n.* an officer in charge of a sovereign's apartments; a male servant in charge of a suite of rooms; a city treasurer.

cha-me-le-on (kȧ-mē'lē-un), *n.* a reptile possessing the power of changing its color.

cham-fer (cham'fĕr), *n.* a small furrow cut in wood or metal: *v.t.* to groove or flute.

champ (champ), *v.t.* to bite impatiently, as a horse.

cham-pagne (sham-pān'), *n.* a light sparkling effervescent wine.

cham-paign (sham-pān'), *n.* flat open country.

cham-pi-on (cham'pi-un), *n.* one who defends the cause of another; a hero; valiant warrior: *v.t.* to defend or support a cause.

chance (chȧns), *n.* an unforeseen event; an accident; opportunity; risk: *v.i.* to happen: *v.t.* to risk. *Syn.* fate, fortune.

chan-cel (chǎn'sel), *n.* that part in a church where the altar stands.

chan-cel-lor (chǎn'sel-ĕr), *n.* the president of a court, university, or jury; a vicar-general.

chan-cer-y (chǎn'sĕr-i), *n.* a court of equity.

chan-de-lier (shan-de-lēr'), *n.* a hanging frame with branches for lights.

chand-ler (chǎnd'lĕr), *n.* a dealer in candles.

change (chānj), *v.t.* to alter; substitute; exchange; deteriorate: *n.* an alteration; variation; vicissitude; small coin. *Syn.* exchange, substitute.

change-a-bil-i-ty (chānj-å-bil'i-ti), *n.* liability to change.

change-a-ble (chānj'å-bl), *adj.* fickle. *Syn.* inconstant, variable.

change-ling (chānj'ling), *n.* a child left in place of another.

chan-nel (chan'el), *n.* the bed of a stream; a water-course; the deepest part of a body of water; a groove: *v.t.* to cut into a channel; groove.

chant (chånt), *v.t.* to sing; intone: *n.* a song.

chan-ter (chån'tēr), *n.* one who chants; the drone of a bagpipe.

chan-ti-cleer (chan'ti-klēr), *n.* a cock.

cha-os (kā'os), *n.* the disorganized matter out of which the universe was formed.

cha-ot-ic (kā-ot'ik), *adj.* resembling chaos.

cha-ot-ic-al-ly (-ål-li), *adv.* in a chaotic manner.

chap (chap), *v.t.* to crack or open: *n.* a young fellow.

chap (chap, or chop), *n.* one of the jaws; the mouth of a channel.

chap-ar-ral (chap-å-rål'), *n.* a dense thicket.

chap-book (chap'book), *n.* a small book formerly hawked about by chapmen.

cha-peau (shå-pō'), *n.* a hat or head covering.

chap-el (chap'el), *n.* a subordinate place of worship; a place of worship in a palace, institution, etc.

chap-er-on (shap'ēr-ōn), *n.* a married lady who accompanies young ladies in public: *v.t.* to act as a chaperon to.

chap-fallen (chap'faw-len), *adj.* dejected.

chap-lain (chap'lin), *n.* a clergyman of the army, navy, private household, etc.

chap-lain-cy (chap'lin-si), *n.* a chaplain's post.

chap-let (chap'let), *n.* a wreath or garland.

chap-man (chap'mån), *n.* a merchant or trader.

chap-ter (chap'tēr), *n.* a division of a book; the clergy of a cathedral.

char (chär), *n.* work by the day; a chore: *v.i.* to do odd jobs.

char (chär), *v.t.* burn or reduce to charcoal; burn partially.

char-ac-ter (kar'ak-tēr), *n.* a letter, sign, or figure; distinctive qualities or traits; a certificate as to ability.

char-ac-ter-is-tic (kar-ak-tēr-is'tik), *adj.* indicating the character.

char-ac-ter-is-tic-al-ly (-ål-li), *adv.* in a characteristic manner.

char-ac-ter-i-za-tion (kar-ak-tēr-ī-zā'shun), *n.* act of characterizing.

char-ac-ter-ize (kar'ak-tēr-iz), *v.t.* to describe by peculiar qualities.

cha-rade (shå-rād'), *n.* an acted enigma.

char-coal (chär'kōl), *n.* wood partially burnt; impure carbon.

charge (chärj), *v.t.* to rush on or attack; load; fill up; impose; command; accuse; place on the debit side: *n.* an onset; an office or obligation; an order; an entry on the debit side.

charge-a-bil-i-ty (chär-jå-bil'i-ti), *n.* the quality of being chargeable.

charge-a-ble (chär'jå-bl), *adj.* liable to be charged; ratable; burdensome.

char-gé d'-af-faires (shär-żhā'-dåfär'), *n.* a government official who acts for an absent ambassador.

charg-er (chärj'ēr), *n.* a cavalry horse; a large dish.

char-i-ot (char'i-ot), *n.* a state or pleasure carriage.

char-i-o-teer (-ēr), *n.* the driver of a chariot.

char-i-ta-ble (char'i-tå-bl), *adj.* benevolent.

char-i-ty (char'i-ti), *n.* liberality; aid to the poor.

char-i-va-ri (shär-i-vä'ri), *n.* a mock serenade of discordant music.

char-la-tan (shär'lå-tån), *n.* a quack.

char-la-tan-ism (-izm), *n.* quackery.

char-lotte russe (shär'lut rūs), *n.* whipped cream enclosed in sponge-cake.

charm (chärm), *n.* magic power; allurement; a trinket: *v.t.* to subdue or fascinate; give delight to. *Syn.* captivate, enchant.

char-nel (chär'nel), *adj.* containing dead bodies.

chart (chärt), *n.* a map of a coast, etc., for the use of mariners; a sheet giving information in tabular form: *v.t.* to make a chart or map.

char-ter (chär'tẽr), *n.* a document bestowing certain rights and privileges; a patent; grant.

char-tog-ra-pher (kär-tog'-rȧ-fẽr), *n.* one who prepares charts.

char-tog-ra-phy (kär-tog'rȧ-fi), *n.* the art of drawing charts or maps.

char-y (chär'i), *adj.* cautious; sparing.

chase (chās), *v.t.* to pursue; hunt; drive away: *v.i.* to ride or hunt rapidly: *n.* eager pursuit; hunting.

chase (chās), *n.* a groove: *v.i.* to work or emboss; cut, as the thread of a screw.

chasm (kazm), *n.* a deep opening in the earth.

chas-sis (sha-sē'), *n.* the running gear and mechanical parts of an automobile.

chaste (chāst), *adj.* morally pure; modest; refined.

cha-sten (chā'sn), *v.t.* to punish for reformation; purify; refine.

chas-tise (chas-tīz'), *v.t.* to correct; make obedient.

chas-tise-ment (chas'tiz-ment), *n.* punishment.

chas-ti-ty (chas'ti-ti), *n.* moral and sexual purity. *Syn.* continence, virtue.

chas-u-ble (chas'ū-bl), *n.* a rich vestment worn by a priest celebrating mass.

chat (chat), *v.i.* to talk in familiar manner: *n.* informal speech.

cha-teau (shȧ-tō'), *n.* a castle; a country seat.

chat-e-laine (shat'e-lān), *n.* a bunch of keys, etc., worn at the waist by ladies.

chat-tel (chat'el), *n.* any movable property.

chat-ter (chat'ẽr), *v.i.* to utter sounds rapidly; talk idly; jabber: *n.* idle, rapid talk or prattle.

chat-ter-box (chat'ẽr-boks), *n.* an incessant talker.

chat-ti-ness (chat'i-nes), *n.* the quality of being chatty.

chat-ty (chat'i), *adj.* talkative, unconventional.

chauf-feur (shō-fẽr'), *n.* an automobile operator.

chau-vin-ism (shō'vin-izm), *n.* unreasoning attachment to a fallen cause.

cheap (chēp), *adj.* of low price; common; of small value.

cheap-en (chēp'en), *v.t.* to lessen the price of.

cheat (chēt), *n.* a fraud; a deceiver: *v.t.* to deceive or impose upon.

check (chek), *n.* a restraint; a pass; a term in chess; cloth woven in squares; a draft on a bank: *v.t.* to restrain; stop; mark as having been examined.

check-er (chek'ẽr), *n.* a square of a checkered pattern; piece with which to play checkers; *pl.* game played on a checkerboard; draughts.

check-er-board, *n.* a board on which the game of checkers is played.

check-mate (chek'māt), *n.* the winning move at chess; a complete defeat: *v.t.* to give checkmate; to thwart.

cheek (chēk), *n.* the side of the face; cool impudence: *v.t.* to face in an impudent manner.

cheep (chēp), *n.* a shrill noise, as that of a young chicken, or a mouse.

cheer (chēr), *n.* a state of joy; a shout of applause: *v.t.* to gladden; encourage; applaud.

cheer-ful (chēr'fool), *adj.* full of good spirits. *Syn.* gay, merry, sprightly.

cheer-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in a cheerful manner.

cheer-i-ly (chēr'i-li), *adv.* heartily.

cheer-i-ness (chēr'i-nes), *n.* the state of being cheery.

cheer-y (chēr'i), *adj.* cheerful; gay.

cheese (chēz), *n.* the curd of milk coagulated, pressed and dried in a mold.

cheese-cake ('kāk), *n.* a confection of soft curds and sugar.

cheese-par-ing (-pār'ing), *adj.* niggardly.

chee-tah (chē'tȧ), *n.* the hunting leopard of India.

chef (shef), *n.* a head or professional cook.

chem-i-cal (kem'i-kȧl), *adj.* pertaining to chemistry: *n.* a chemical substance.

chem-i-cal-ly (-li), *adv.* according to chemical principles.

che-mise (she-mēz'), *n.* a woman's undergarment.

chem-i-sette (shem-i-zet'), *n.* a short chemise worn over the breast.

chem-ist (kem'ist), *n.* one skilled in chemistry.

chem-is-try (kem'is-tri), *n.* the science of the physical elements and the laws which govern their relations.

che-nille (she-nēl'), *n.* silk or worsted cord.

cheque (chek), *n.* an order on a bank; check.

cher-ish (cher'ish), *v.t.* to esteem dearly; treat with tenderness; protect and aid.

che-root (she-rōōt'), *n.* a kind of cigar.

cher-ry (cher'i), *n.* the fruit of a tree allied to the plum: *adj.* ruddy; of cherry color.

cher-ub (cher'ub), *n.* an angel next to a seraph in rank; a beautiful child. Also cherubim.

che-ru-bic (che-rōō'bik), *adj.* angelic.

chess (ches), *n.* a game played on a checkered board with varied pieces.

chest (chest), *n.* a large box; the breast or thorax.

chest-ed (chest'ed), *adj.* having a chest.

chest-nut (ches'nut), *n.* the nut or seed of a species of trees: the chestnut-tree with its edible fruit: *adj.* reddish-brown in color.

che-val-glass (she-val'glȧs), *n.* a large swinging looking-glass.

chev-a-lier (shev-ȧ-lēr'), *n.* a knight; a horseman.

chev-aux-de-frise (shev-ōō-de-frēz'), *n.pl.* a fence with bars armed with long spikes.

chev-ron (shev'ron), *n.* the badge on the sleeve of a non-commissioned officer.

chew (chōō) *v.t.* to crush with the teeth; masticate.

chi-ar-os-cu-ro (ki-ȧr-os-kōō'-rō), *n.* the treatment of light and shade in art.

chic ((shēk), *adj.* stylish: *n.* Parisian elegance in dress.

chi-cane (shi-kān'), *n.* unfair artifices; sophistry. Also chicanery: *v.t.* to cheat.

chick (chik), *n.* the young of a bird, especially of the hen.

chick-en (chik'en), *n.* the young of a fowl.

chick-en-heart-ed (-hart'ed), *adj.* timid.

chick-en-pox (-poks), *n.* a mild eruptive disease of children.

chick-weed (chik'wēd), *n.* a common wild plant.

chic-o-ry (chik'ō-ri), *n.* a plant of which the root, roasted and ground, is used to mix with coffee.

chide (chīd), *v.t.* to find fault with; scold.

chid-ing-ly (chīd'ing-li), *adv.* in a chiding manner.

chief (chēf), *n.* a leader; a person; the principal part: *adj.* principal; most eminent. *Syn.* chieftain, head, leader.

chief-tain (chēf'tȧn), *n.* a captain; commander; the head of a tribe.

chif-fon (shif'un, French shē-fong'), *n.* a kind of thin gauze fabric.

chif-fo-nier (shif-ō-nēr'), *n.* a piece of furniture fitted with drawers.

chi-gnon (she-nyōng'), *n.* a roll of false hair worn by women.

chig-oe (chig'ō) *n.* a species of flea which burrows into the feet and causes ulcers.

chil-blain (chil'blān), *n.* a sore caused by frost.

child (chīld), *n.* a son or daughter; a young person.

child-birth ('bērth), *n.* the act of bringing forth a child.

child-hood (chīld'hood), *n.* the period from infancy to puberty.

child-ish ('ish), *adj.* like a child; puerile.

chil-dren, *pl.* of child.

chill (chil) *n.* a sudden coldness; a shivering: *v.t.* to make cold; deject.

chil-li (chil'i), *n.* the dried pod of a capsicum.

chil-ly (chil'i), *adj.* somewhat cold.

chi-me-ra (ki-mē'rȧ), *n.* a fanciful conception; a fish of remarkable appearance.

chime (chīm), *n.* set of bells played on with hammers and tuned to the musical scale: *v.i.* to sound in consonance; be in harmony with; join in.

chi-mer-ic-al (ki-mer'ik-ȧl), *adj.* imaginary.

chi-mer-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in a chimerical manner.

chim-ney (chim'ni), *n.* a flue or passage for smoke; a glass tube for a lamp.

chim-pan-zee (chim-pan'zē), *n.* a large anthropoid ape allied to the gorilla.

chin (chin), *n.* the part of the face below the under lip.

chi-na (chī'nȧ), *n.* a fine kind of porcelain: *adj.* made of china.

chinch (chinch), *n.* a fetid insect destructive to corn crops; the bedbug.

chin-chil-la (chin-chil'å), *n.* a small rodent with soft fine fur.

chine (chīn), *n.* the spine of an animal; a piece of the backbone cut for cooking.

chink (chingk), *n.* a small fissure; a narrow aperture: *v.i.* to crack.

chink (chingk), *n.* a sharp jingling sound; money: *v.t.* to jingle.

chin-ka-pin (ching'kå-pin), *n.* the dwarf chestnut or its nut.

chintz (chints), *n.* cotton cloth, printed in colors.

chip (chip), *v.t.* to cut into small pieces: *n.* a fragment cut or broken off; a disk used in games as a counter.

chip-munk (chip'mungk), *n.* a small squirrel of North America.

chip-per (chip'ĕr), *adj.* active; pert.

chi-rog-ra-phy (kī-rog'rå-fi), *n.* the writing art.

chi-ro-man-cy (kī'rō-man-si), *n.* palmistry.

chi-rop-o-dist (kī-rop'ō-dist), *n.* one skilled in diseases of the feet and hands.

chirp (chĕrp), *n* a short, cheerful note: *v.i.* to utter such a note.

chis-el (chiz'el), *n.* an edged instrument of iron or steel for cutting: *v. t.* to cut; grave with a chisel; to take an unfair advantage of.

chit (chit), *n.* a child; a pert, forward girl.

chit-chat (-chat), *n.* familiar talk.

chiv-al-ric (shiv'al-rik), *adj.* of or pertaining to chivalry; knightly; gallant.

chiv-al-rous (shiv'al-rus), *adj.* relating to chivalry; warlike; high-spirited.

chiv-al-ry (shiv'ål-ri), *n.* the mediæval system of knighthood.

chlo-ral (klō'rål), *n.* a strong narcotic.

chlo-ral-ism (klō'rål-izm), *n.* the habit of using and disease caused by chloral.

chlo-ral-ize (klō'rål-īz), *v.t.* to bring under the influence of chloral.

chlo-rate (klō'rāt), *n.* a salt of chloric acid.

chlo-ric (klō'rik), *adj.* pertaining to chlorine.

chlo-ride of lime (of līm), *n.* a compound of chlorine with lime, used in bleaching.

chlo-rine (klō'rīn), *n.* a greenish-yellow gas possessing great bleaching powers.

chlo-ro-form (klō'rō-fōrm), *n.* a substance used for producing insensibility to pain.

chlo-ro-phyll (klō'rō-fil), *n.* the green coloring matter of plants.

choc-o-late (chok'ō-lat), *n.* a paste made from the roasted kernels of the cacao-nut; a drink made fron it.

choice (chois), *n.* the act of choosing; the thing chosen; the best part: *adj.* select; carefully chosen.

choir (kwīr), *n.* a band of singers in a church; the place where they sing.

choke (chōk), *v.t.* to suffocate; block up; suppress.

choke-damp ('damp), *n.* carbonic acid generated in mines.

chol-er (kol'ĕr), *n.* bile; irascibility.

chol-er-ic (-ik), *adj.* passionate; irascible.

chol-e-ra (kol'ĕr-å), *n.* a disease with violent vomiting and purging

choose (chōōz), *v.t.* to take by preference; select. *Syn.* elect, prefer, cull.

chop (chop), *v.t.* to cut; hew; mince; *n.* a small piece of meat; a mark denoting quality.

chops (chops), *n.pl.* the sides of the mouth of a river, etc.

chop-sticks (chop'stiks), *n.pl.* two small sticks used in China for eating.

cho-ral (kō'rål), *adj.* pertaining to a choir.

cho-rale (kō'räl), *n.* a hymn sung in unison.

chord (kôrd), *n.* the string of a musical instrument; concord; the curved line of an arc.

chores (chōrz), *n.pl.* light work of a household.

chor-is-ter (kōr'is-tĕr), *n.* a member of a choir.

cho-rus (kō'rus), *n.* a company of singers; a part of music in which all join.

chosen (chō'zen), *adj.* selected; choice.

chough (chuf), *n.* a bird like a jackdaw.

chouse (chous), *v.t.* to cheat; swindle.

chow-chow (chou'chou), *adj.* an East Indian mixed pickle.

chow-der (chou'dẽr), *n.* a dish of fresh fish; clams stewed with pork, etc.

chrism (krizm), *n.* consecrated oil.

chris-ten (kris'n), *v.t.* to baptize and name.

Chris-ten-dom (kris'n-dum), *n.* countries inhabited by Christians.

chris-ten-ing (-ing), *n.* baptism; naming.

Chris-tian (kris'chăn), *n.* a professor of Christianity: *adj.* professing the Christian faith.

Chris-ti-an-i-ty (kris-chi-an'-i-ti), *n.* the precepts and doctrines taught by Christ.

Chris-tian-i-za-tion (kris-chăn-i-zā'shun), *n.* the act of converting to Christianity.

Chris-tian-ize (kris'chăn-īz), *v.t.* to convert to Christianity.

Christian Science (sī'ens), *n.* a religious system which denies the existence of matter and seeks to cure sickness by mental influence.

Christ-mas (kris'mȧs), *n.* the festival (Dec. 25) celebrating the birth of Christ.

chro-mat-ic (krō-mat'ik), *adj.* relating to colors and semitones in music.

chro-mat-ic-al-ly (-al-li), *adv.* in a chromatic manner.

chro-ma-type (krō'mȧ-tīp), *n.* a process for obtaining a colored photograph.

chro-mi-um (krō'mi-um), *n.* a steel-gray metal, one of the elements. Also chrome.

chro-mo (krō'mō), *n.* a picture produced by chromolithography.

chro-mo-graph (krō'mō-graf), *n.* a colored print.

chro-mo-lith-og-ra-phy (krō-mō-lith-og'rȧ-fi), *n.* the art of printing in colors from stone.

chro-mo-sphere (krō'mō-sfēr), *n.* the rose-colored outer envelope of the sun.

chron-ic (kron'ik), *adj.* recurring: said of a disease.

chron-ic-al-ly (-ȧl-li), *adv.* in a chronic manner.

chron-i-cle ('ik-al), *n.* a register of events: *v.t.* to record historical details.

chron-o-graph (kron'ō-graf), *n.* an instrument recording minute time intervals.

chron-o-log-ic-al (kron-ō-loj'ik-ȧl), adj. relating to successive past events.

chron-o-log-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in a chronological manner.

chro-nol-o-gist (krō-nol'ō-jist), *n.* one versed in chronology.

chro-nol-o-gize (krō-nol'ō-jiz), *v.t.* to arrange in historical sequence.

chro-nol-o-gy ('ō-ji), *n.* the science that treats of events in proper succession.

chro-nom-e-ter (krō-nom'e-tẽr), *n.* a time-piece of great exactness.

chrys-a-lis (kris'ȧ-lis), *n.* the pupal stage of the butterfly, moth, etc., before they enter the winged state.

chrys-an-the-mum (kris-an'-the-mum), *n.* a plant with showy flowers.

chrys-o-lite (kris'ō-līt), *n.* a green-colored gem.

chub (chub), *n.* a fresh-water fish.

chub-bi-ness (chub'i-nes), *n.* plumpness.

chub-by (chub'i), *adj.* plump; fat and round.

chuck (chuk), *n.* a light touch under the chin; a short toss: *v.t.* to pat in a playful manner; throw to a short distance.

chuck-le (chuk'l), *n.* a quiet, suppressed laugh; *v.i.* to laugh in such a manner.

chum (chum), *n.* a fellow lodger; an old or intimate friend: *v.i.* to occupy the same room; fraternize.

chump (chump), *n.* a short, thick piece of wood: also chunk.

chun-ky (chung'ki), *adj.* short and thick.

church (chẽrch), *n.* a building set apart for divine worship.

Church (chẽrch), *n.* the collective body of Christians; a particular body of Christians.

church-war-den ('wawr-dn), *n.* an officer in the Anglican church.

churl (chẽrl), *n.* formerly one of the lowest orders of freemen; a peasant; a surly, ill-bred person; a niggard.

churl-ish ('ish), *adj.* ill-bred; niggardly.

churn (chẽrn), *n.* a vessel in which butter is separated from cream: *v.t.* to make butter by agitating cream; stir violently.

chute (shōōt), *n.* an inclined trough; an aquatic switchback; a stampede.

chyle (kīl), *n.* a milk-like fluid arising from digested food.

chyme (kīm), *n.* the pulpy mass of digested food.

ci-ca-da (si-kā'dȧ), *n.* a genus of insects producing a shrill sound.

cic-a-trix (sik'ȧ-triks), *n.* a scar.

cic-a-trize (sik'ȧ-triz), *v.t.* to heal a wound by formation of new skin.

cic-e-ro-ne (sis-e-rō'nē), *n.* a guide who points out objects of interest.

ci-der (sī'dĕr), *n.* the expressed juice of apples.

ci-de-vant (sē-de-väng'), *adj.* former; relating to an office previously held.

ci-gar (si-gär'), *n.* a roll of tobacco for smoking.

cig-a-rette (sig-ȧ-ret'), *n.* tobacco rolled in thin paper for smoking.

cil-i-a (sil'i-ȧ), *n.pl.* the hair of the eyelids; minute filaments in animals and plants.

cil-i-a-ted (sil'i-ȧ-ted), *adj.* covered with cilia.

cim-me-ri-an (sim-ē'ri-ȧn), *adj.* intensely dark.

cinch (sinch), *n.* a saddle girth fastened in place; a sure grip or hold.

cin-cho-na (sin-kō'nȧ), *n.* the tree which yields quinine.

cinc-ture (singk'tūr), *n.* a belt or girdle.

cin-der (sin'dĕr), *n.* thoroughly charred coal: *pl.* volcanic scoriæ; slag.

cin-e-mat-o-graph (sin-e-mat'o-graf), *n.* a moving picture machine.

cin-e-ra-ry (sin'e-rā-ri), *adj.* containing ashes.

cin-na-bar (sin'ȧ-bär), *n.* red sulphide of mercury.

cin-na-mon (sin'ȧ-mun), *n.* an aromatic bark; *adj.* light-reddish brown.

cinque-foil (-foil), *n.* a plant; five fingers; an architectural ornamentation.

ci-pher (sī'fĕr), *n.* the symbol 0; a thing or person without value; a monogram; a secret writing; a code; *v.i.* to practice arithmetic.

cir-cle (sĕr'kl), *n.* a round figure; a ring; a sphere: a coterie; *v.t.* to encompass: *v.i.* move in a circle; revolve.

circ-let (sĕrk'let), *n.* a small circle.

cir-cuit (sĕr'ket), *n.* the act of going round anything; the space enclosed; the district of an itinerant preacher.

cir-cu-i-tous (sĕr-kū'i-tus), *adj.* roundabout.

cir-cu-lar (sĕr'kū-lȧr), *adj.* round like a circle; ending in itself: *n.* a printed or written letter or notice.

cir-cu-lar-ize (sĕr'kū-lȧr-īz), *v.t.* to make circular: send circulars to.

cir-cu-late (sĕr'kū-lāt), *v.t.* to pass from point to point; from hand to hand; be distributed; travel.

cir-cu-la-tion (sĕr-kū-lā'shun), *n.* the act of moving round; currency of money.

cir-cu-la-tor (sĕr'kū-lā-tĕr), *n.* one who, or that which, circulates.

cir-cu-la-to-ry (sĕr'kū-lā-to-ri), *adj.* circulating.

cir-cum-am-bient (sĕr-kum-am'bi-ent), *adj.* surrounding on all sides.

cir-cum-cise (sĕr'kum-sīz), *v.t.* to cut off the foreskin.

cir-cum-ci-sion (sĕr'kum-sizh-un), *n.* the act of circumcising.

cir-cum-fer-ence (sĕr-kum'-fĕr-ens), *n.* the line that bounds a circle.

cir-cum-fer-en-tial (sĕr-kum-fĕr-en'-shȧl), *adj.* pertaining to the circumference.

cir-cum-fer-en-tial-ly (-li), *adv.* in a circumferential manner.

cir-cum-flex (sĕr'kum-fleks), *n.* a mark over a vowel to denote accent; *adj.* curved or winding.

cir-cum-flu-ent (-flū-ent), *adj.* flowing round.

cir-cum-fuse (sĕr-kum-fūz'), *v.t.* to pour around.

cir-cum-ja-cent (sĕr-kum-jȧ'-sent), *adj.* lying around; bordering.

cir-cum-lo-cu-tion (sĕr-kum-lō-kū'-shun), *n.* an indirect mode of expression. *Syn.* diffuseness, verbiage.

cir-cum-lo-cu-tion-a-ry (-ȧ-ri), *adj.* roundabout.

cir-cum-loc-u-to-ry (sĕr-kum-lok'ū-tō-ri), *adj.* expressing few words in many.

cir-cum-nav-i-gate (sĕr-kum-nav'i-gāt), *v.t.* to sail round; usually round the globe.

cir-cum-nav-i-ga-tor (sĕr-kum-nav'i-gā-tĕr), *n.* one who sails around.

cir-cum-scribe (sĕr-kum-skrīb'), *v.t.* to inclose; restrict.

cir-cum-scrip-tive (-skrip'-tiv), *adj.* limiting.

cir-cum-spect (sĕr'kum-spekt), *adj.* cautious; prudent; watchful.

cir-cum-spec-tion (sĕr-kum-spek'-shun), *n.* caution.

cir-cum-stance (sĕr'kum-stans), *n.* something relative to a fact; an incident: *pl.* state of affairs. *Syn.* fact, event.

cir-cum-stan-tial (sĕr-kum-stan'-shăl), *adj.* particular; minute; detailed; proving indirectly.

cir-cum-stan-ti-al-i-ty (-shi-al'i-ti), *n.* the state of being circumstantial.

cir-cum-stan-tial-ly (-li), *adv.* incidentally; not essentially.

cir-cum-stan-ti-ate (sĕr-kum-stan'shi-āt), *v.t.* to verify in every particular.

cir-cum-val-la-tion (sĕr-kum-val-ā'-shun), *n.* throwing up walls.

cir-cum-vent (sĕr-kum-vent'), *n.* to gain an advantage over by stratagem.

cir-cum-ven-tion (ven'shun), *n.* a stratagem.

cir-cum-vo-lu-tion (sĕr-kum-vō-lū'-shun), *n.* the act of rolling round.

cir-cus (sĕr'kus), *n.* an enclosed space for feats of skill, horsemanship, etc.

cis-at-lan-tic (sis-at-lan'tik), *adj.* on this side of the Atlantic Ocean.

cis-tern (sis'tĕrn), *n.* a receptacle for storing water.

cit-a-del (sit'ă-del), *n.* a fortress; a castle.

ci-ta-tion (sī-tā'shun), *n.* an official summons; a quotation.

ci-ta-to-ry (sī'tā-tō-ri), *adj.* citing; quoting.

cite (sīt), *v.t.* to summon officially; to quote.

cit-i-zen (sit'i-zen), *n.* an inhabitant of a city; a freeman; one who enjoys full political rights.

cit-rate (sit'rāt), *n.* a salt of citric acid.

cit-ric ac-id (sit'rik as'id), *n.* an acid found in lemons and oranges.

cit-ron (sit'run), *n.* a species of lemons.

cit-rus (sit'rus), *n.* the orange and lemon genus.

cit-y (sit'i), *n.* an incorporated or important town.

civ-et (siv'et), *n.* a small animal, the civet cat; the perfume it yields.

civ-ic (siv'ik), *adj.* pertaining to a city.

civ-il (siv'il), *adj.* relating to civil life; not military or criminal; complaisant.

civ-il ser-vice (sĕr'vis), *n.* the paid service of non-military state departments.

civ-il war (wawr), *n.* war between two factions of a country.

ci-vil-ian (si-vil'yăn), *n.* one engaged in civil pursuits.

ci-vil-i-ty (si-vil'i-ti), *n.* good breeding; courtesy.

civ-i-li-za-tion (siv-i-li-zā'-shun), *n.* the state of being civilized; culture.

civ-i-lize (siv'i-līz), *v.t.* to reclaim from barbarism; instruct in the arts of civilized life.

civ-il-ly (siv'il-li), *adv.* in a civil manner.

clack (klak), *v.i.* to make a sharp sound: *n.* a sudden, sharp sound; continual prattle.

clad, *p.t.* of clothe.

claim (klām), *v.t.* to demand: *v.i.* assert ownership or authority: *n.* a demand; a title to anything.

clai-mant (klā'mănt), *n.* one who demands as a right.

clair-au-di-ence (klār-aw'di-ens), *n.* hearing sounds otherwise inaudible.

clair-voy-ance (klār-voi'ăns), *n.* the power of seeing objects not usually perceptible.

clair-voy-ant ('ănt), *adj.* pertaining to clairvoyance: *n.* one who professes to have the power of clairvoyance.

clam (klam), *v.t.* to clog with glutinous matter: *v.i.* to be moist and cold: *n.* an edible bivalve mollusk.

clam-bake (-bāk), *n.* clams baked with sea-weed.

clam-ber (klam'bĕr), *v.t.* to climb with difficulty.

clam-mi-ly (-li), *adv.* in a clammy manner.

clam-mi-ness (klam'i-nes), *n.* the state of being clammy.

clam-my (klam'i), *adj.* soft and sticky.

clam-or (klam'ĕr), *n.* a loud and continued noise; popular outcry: *v.i.* to make importunate demands.

clam-or-ous (klam'ĕr-us), *adj.* vociferous.

clamp (klamp), *n.* anything that fastens or binds; *v.t.* to bind with clamps.

clan (klan), *n.* a tribe; sect; family group with a common ancestor.

clan-des-tine (-des'tin), *adj.* secret; private.

clan-des-tine-ly (-li), *adv.* in a secret manner.

clang (klang), *n.* a loud ringing sound: *v.t.* to cause to resound.

clan-gor ('gĕr), *n.* a sharp clang.

clank (klangk), *n.* a sharp metallic sound.

clan-nish (klan'ish), *adj.* pertaining to a clan; closely adherent.

clap (klap), *v.t.* to strike with a sharp noise; applaud with the hands: *n.* applause expressed by clapping.

clap-board (klab'ord), *n.* a thin, narrow board used on the sides of frame houses.

clap-per ('ĕr), *n.* one who, or that which, claps; the tongue of a bell.

claque (klak), *n.* an organized body of men who applaud or express disapproval at theatres.

clar-et (klar'et), *n.* a light-bodied wine: *adj.* claret-colored.

clar-i-fi-ca-tion (klar-i-fi-kā'-shun), *n.* the act of clarifying.

clar-i-fy (klar'i-fī), *v.t.* to make clear: *v.i.* to become bright.

clar-i-net (klar'i-net), *n.* a reed instrument of music. Also clarionet.

clar-i-on (klar'ri-un), *n.* a kind of trumpet.

clash (klash), *v.t.* to strike violently together: *n.* the noise so produced.

clasp (klâsp), *v.t.* to fasten with a clasp: *n.* a hook; a close embrace.

clasp-er ('er), *n.* one who clasps; a tendril.

class (clâs), *n.* a number of students of the same status; a rank; order; an animal or plant group: *v.t.* to arrange in a class.

clas-sic (klas'ik), *adj.* relating to the Greek or Roman authors, or the highest class in literature or art; pure; refined; clear-cut: *n.* an author whose works serve as a standard: *pl.* ancient Greek and Latin literature.

clas-sic-al-ly (-al-li), *adv.* in the style or manner of a classic.

clas-si-fi-ca-tion (klas-i-fi-kā'-shun), *n.* act of forming in classes.

clas-si-fi-ca-to-ry (klas'i-fi-kā-tō-ri), *adj.* relating to classification.

clas-si-fi-er (klas'i-fī-ĕr), *n.* one who classifies.

clas-si-fy (klas'i-fī), *v.t.* to arrange; systematize.

clat-ter (klat'ĕr), *v.i.* to make a noise; talk idly and noisily: *n.* confusion of sound; idle gossip.

clause (klawz), *n.* part of a sentence, document or composition.

claus-tral (klaws'trăl), *adj.* pertaining to a cloister.

cla-vate (klā'vāt), *adj.* club-shaped.

clav-i-cle (klav'i-kăl), *n.* the collar-bone.

claw (klaw), *n.* a hooked nail in the foot of an animal; the foot of a bird: *v.t.* to tear with claws.

clay (klā), *n.* soft plastic earth; the body of man: *adj.* made of clay: *v.t.* to cover with clay.

clay-more (klā'mōr), *n.* a Highland broad-sword.

clean (klēn), *adj.* free from dirt; pure: *v.t.* to render clean.

clean-cut (-kut), *adj.* clear-cut; well-shaped.

clean-li-ness (-nes), *n.* the state of being clean.

clean-ly (klen'li), *adj.* neat; pure: *adv.* wholly clean.

cleanse (klenz), *v.t.* to make clean; purify.

clear (klēr), *adj.* bright; undimmed; manifest; unobstructed; audible: *v.t.* to make bright; render evident; free from obstructions; acquit. *Syn.* bright, lucid, vivid.

clear-cut (-kut), *adj.* having a sharp outline.

clear-ance (klēr'ăns), *n.* the act of clearing.

clear-ing (klēr'ing), *n.* the act of making clear; land cleared of timber.

clear-starch (klēr'stärch), *v.t.* to dress with starch.

cleat (klēt), *n.* a thin piece of iron worn on boots; a strip of wood nailed across a board or a ship's yard arm: *v.t.* to strengthen with a cleat.

clea-va-ble (klē'vă-bl), *adj.* divisible.

clea-vage (klē'vej), *n.* the act of splitting; the property of dividing naturally.

cleave (klēv), *v.i.* to adhere to; be attached strongly to: *v.t.* to divide with violence; part naturally.

clea-ver (klē'vĕr), *n.* a butcher's heavy hatchet.

clef (klef), *n.* a character used to show the key in music.

cleft, *p.t.* & *p.p.* of cleave, to split: *n.* a crack; crevice.

clem-a-tis (klem'ă-tis), *n.* a plant of the crowfoot family.

clem-en-cy (klem'en-si), *n.* compassion; mildness; remission.

clem-ent (klem'ent), *adj.* forgiving; gentle.

cler-gy (klēr'ji), *n.* the ministers of the Church.

cler-gy-man (-măn), *n.* a minister of the Gospel.

cler-i-cal (kler'i-kăl), *adj.* pertaining to the clergy, or to a clerk or writer.

clerk (klĕrk), *n.* a scholar; a keeper of accounts; an assistant salesman.

clev-er (klev'ĕr), *adj.* able; dexterous; expert; good natured and obliging. *Syn.* adroit, expert, skillful.

clew (klōō), *n.* a ball of thread; the corner of a sail: *v.t.* to truss up sails to the-yard of a ship.

click (klik), *v.i.* to make sharp noises: *n.* a slight sharp sound.

cli-ent (klī'ent), *n.* one who employs a lawyer; one dependent upon a patron.

cli-en-tage (klī'en-tej), *n.* clients collectively.

cliff (klif), *n.* a high steep rock or bank; a precipice.

cli-mac-ter-ic (klī-mak'tĕr-ik), *n.* a critical period in human life.

cli-mate (klī'măt), *n.* the temperature and meteorological conditions of a country, etc.

cli-mat-ic (klī-mat'ik), *adj.* relating to climate.

cli-ma-tize (klī'mă-tīz), *v.t.* to accustom to a new climate.

cli-ma-tol-o-gy (-tol'ō-ji), *n.* meteorology.

cli-max (klī'maks), *n.* the summit; acme.

climb (klīm), *v.i.* to mount with difficulty: *n.* an ascent by climbing.

clime (klīm), *n.* a climate; a region of the earth.

clinch (klinch), *v.t.* to rivet; double up tightly; hold fast: *n.* that which holds both ways.

cling (kling), *v.i.* to adhere closely; hold fast.

clin-ic (klin'ik), *n.* a medical lecture in the presence of patients.

clin-ic-al (klin'ik-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to a clinic.

clin-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in a clinical manner.

clink (klingk), *v.t.* to make a slight sharp sound: *n.* a slight vibrating noise.

clink-er ('ĕr), *n.* vitrified matter; slag.

clip (klip), *v.t.* to cut with shears or scissors; cut off: *n.* a sprig for holding papers; a slight blow with the hand.

clip-per ('ĕr), *n.* one who clips; an instrument for cutting the hair of horses; a fast sailing vessel; a swift runner.

clique (klēk), *n.* a united group of persons; a coterie; a ring.

cloak (klōk), *n.* a loose outer garment; a pretext; disguise: *v.t.* to cover with a cloak; conceal.

clock (klok), *n.* a time-piece; a woven ornament upon a stocking.

clock-wise ('wīz), *adv.* in the direction of a clock-hands' rotation.

clod (klod), *n.* a lump of earth, turf, or clay.

clog (klog), *v.t.* to impede motion; embarrass: *n.* a load or weight; a hindrance; a kind of wooden shoe.

clog-gi-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state of being clogged.

clog-gy (klog'i), *adj.* clogging; adhesive.

clois-ter (klois'tĕr), *n.* a monastery or nunnery; an arcade or piazza: *v.t.* to confine in a cloister.

clois-tral (klois'trăl), *adj.* pertaining to a cloister.

close (klōz), *v.t.* to shut; unite together; consolidate; end: *n.* an inclosed space: *adj.* (klōs), having no outlet; oppressive; reticent; niggardly: *adv.* near.

close-hauled (-hawld), *adj.* sailing near to the wind.

clos-et (kloz'et), *n.* a small room for privacy; a place for storing household requisites: *v.t.* to shut up or consult in privacy.

clo-sure (klō'zhŭr), *n.* the closing of a debate by a majority vote; a closing.

clot (klot), *v.i.* to coagulate: *v.t.* to form into clots: *n.* a coagulant mass of soft matter.

cloth (klōth), *n.* a table covering; woven material.

clothe (klō*th*), *v.t.* to put raiment on; dress.

clothes (klō*thz*), *n.pl.* covering for the body.

cloth-ier (klō*th*'yĕr), *n.* one who deals in clothes.

cloth-ing (klō*th*'ing), *n.* garments in general.

cloud (kloud), *n.* a visible vapor floating in the air; diffused body of anything; *v.t.* to overspread with a cloud; render gloomy; blacken or sully.

cloud-burst ('bĕrst), *n.* a violent downpour of rain.

clough (kluf), *n.* a ravine in a hillside; a gorge.

clout (klout), *n.* a patch; a cloth for any mean use; a blow with the hand.

clove, *p.t.* of cleave.

clove (klōv), *n.* a pungent aromatic spice.

clo-ven (klō'ven), *p.adj.* divided into two parts.

clo-ver (klō'vĕr), *n.* a species of grass.

clown (kloun), *n.* a rustic; an illbred fellow; a buffoon.

clown-ish ('ish), *adj.* like a clown.

cloy (kloi), *v.t.* to fill to repletion; surfeit.

club (klub), *n.* a heavy stick; a suit at cards; a society; a joint expense: *v.t.* to beat with a club.

club-foot ('foot), *n.* a deformed foot.

club-haul ('hawl), *v.t.* to tack a ship by aid of the anchor.

club-moss ('mos), *n.* the lycopodium.

cluck (kluk), *v.i.* to call like a hen to her chickens: *n.* a hen's call; a peculiar articulation.

clue (klōō), *n.* a hint; a clew.

clump (klump), *n.* a cluster of trees.

clum-si-ly (klum'zi-li), *adv.* awkwardly; heavily.

clum-sy (klum'zi), *adj.* awkward; heavy.

clung, *p.t.* of cling.

clus-ter (klus'tĕr), *n.* a group; bunch; swarm: *v.i.* to grow into bunches; congregate.

clutch (kluch), *v.t.* to grasp, seize, or grip strongly: *n.* a grasp; seizure.

clut-ter (klut'er), *n.* a noise; confusion: *v.t.* to crowd disorderly.

clys-ter (klis'tĕr), *n.* a liquid injected into the lower intestines by a syringe; an enema.

coach (kōch), *n.* a large four-wheeled carriage; a tutor who gives special instruction: *v.t.* to train for an examination, etc.

co-ad-ju-tor (kō-ad-jū'tĕr), *n.* an assistant.

co-ag-u-lant (kō-ag'ū-lânt), *n.* a substance that produces coagulation.

co-ag-u-late (kō-ag'ū-lāt), *v.t.* to clot or curdle.

co-ag-u-la-tion (-ū-lā'shun), *n.* the act of coagulating.

co-ag-u-lum ('ū-lum), *n.* a clot of blood; a curdled mass.

coal (kōl), *n.* mineralized vegetable matter, used as fuel: *v.t.* to supply with coal.

coal-oil ('oil), *n.* petroleum.

coal-tar ('tär), *n.* a liquid distilled from bituminous coal, which yields rich colors.

co-a-lesce (kō-â-les'), *v.t.* to grow together; unite.

co-a-les-cence ('ens), *n.* the act of coalescing.

co-a-les-cent ('ent), *adj.* growing together.

co-a-li-tion (kō-â-lish'un), *n.* union of persons or things.

co-ap-ta-tion (kō-ap-tā'shun), *n.* the adjustment of parts to one another.

coarse (kōrs), *adj.* not refined; rough; rude; indelicate. *Syn.* rude, rough, unpolished.

coarse-grained ('grānd), *adj.* having a coarse grain; ill-tempered.

coarse-ly (kōrs'li), *adv.* in a coarse manner.

coarse-ness ('nes), *n.* the quality of being coarse.

coast (kōst), *n.* the land next the sea: *v.i.* to sail near the coast; glide down in a sledge.

coast-er ('ĕr), *n.* a home-trading vessel.

coast-ing-trade ('ing-trād), *n.* the trade between ports of the same country.

coast-wise ('wīz), *adv.* by, or along, the coast.

coat (kōt), *n.* a man's upper garment; a covering; a thin layer; *v.t.* to cover or spread over.

coat of arms (of ärmz), *n.* armorial bearings.

coat of mail (māl), *n.* chain-mail.

coax (kōks), *v.t.* to wheedle; cajole. *Syn.* fawn, induce.

co-ax-i-al (kō-ak'si-ăl), *adj.* with a common axis.

cob (kob), *n.* the spike of Indian corn; a strong pony; a round piece of anything.

co-balt (kō'bawlt), *n.* a steel-grey metal.

cob-ble (kob'l), *n.* a pebble; a stone; clumsy work: *v.t.* to mend or patch coarsely.

cob-bler ('lĕr) *n.* one who mends boots and shoes; a clumsy workman.

cob-web (kob'web), *n.* a spider's web: *adj.* thin; flimsy.

co-ca (kō'kă), *n.* the stimulating leaf of a small shrub; a powerful tonic.

co-ca-ine (-in), *n.* an extract from coca leaves.

co-ca-in-ize (-īz), *v.t.* to render insensible by cocaine.

coch-i-neal (koch'i-nēl), *n.* a scarlet dye obtained from an insect.

coch-le-a (kok'lē-ă), *n.* the spiral-shaped cavity of the inner ear.

coch-le-ate (kok'lē-āt), *adj.* screwlike.

cock (kok), *n.* the male of birds; a leader or chief; a turn-valve for the flow of liquid or gas; a conical heap of hay: *v.t.* to set erect; to wear jauntily on one side.

cock-eyed ('īd), *adj.* having squinting eyes.

cock-ade (-ād'), *n.* a badge worn on the hat.

cock-a-too (-ă-tōō'), *n.* a crested bird of the parrot family.

cock-a-trice ('ă-tris, or -trīs), *n.* a fabulous serpent said to have a killing glance.

cock-boat ('bōt), *n.* a small boat.

cock-cha-fer ('chā-fĕr), *n.* the Maybug.

cock-crow ('krō), *n.* early morning.

cock-er (kok'ĕr), *n.* a small spaniel used in hunting.

cock-er-el ('ĕr-el), *n.* a young cock.

cockle ('l), *n.* an edible shellfish; the darnel plant: *v.t.* to wrinkle.

cock-ney (kok'ni), *n.* a native of London using a special dialect.

cock-pit (kok'pit), *n.* a space for cockfighting.

cock-roach ('rōch), *n.* a black beetle infesting kitchens, pantries, etc.

cock-loft ('loft), *n.* a room over the garret; a lumber room.

co-coa (kō'kō), *n.* the ground seeds of the cacao or coco tree; the beverage made from it.

co-coa-nut (-nut), *n.* the fruit of the cocoa palm.

co-coon (ko-kōōn'), *n.* the larva case spun by the silkworm and other insects.

co-coon-er-y ('ĕr-i), *n.* a building for silkworms.

cod (kod), *n.* a large edible fish; the husk of a seed; the scrotum; part of a trawl net.

cod-dle (kod'l), *v.t.* to fondle; treat tenderly.

code (kōd), *n.* a body of classified laws; a system of signals.

co-dex (kō'deks), *n.* a volume of statutes.

codg-er (koj'ĕr), *n.* a rustic; clown; mean person.

cod-i-cil (kod'i-sil), *n.* an appendix to a will.

cod-i-fy (kō'di- or kod'i-fī), *v.t.* to reduce to a code.

cod-ling (kod'ling), *n.* a young cod.

co-ef-fi-cient (kō-e-fish'ent), *adj.* coöperating: *n.* that which coöperates.

co-erce (kō-ērs'), *v.t.* to restrain by force; compel.

co-erc-i-ble ('i-bl), *adj.* able to be coerced.

co-erc-ion ('shun), *n.* the act of coercing.

co-er-cive ('siv), *adj.* having power to coerce.

co-e-val (kō-ē'văl), *adj.* contemporaneous.

co-ex-ten-sive (kō-eks-ten'siv), *adj.* of equal extent.

cof-fee (kof'ē), *n.* the seeds of the coffee tree; the beverage made from them.

cof-fer (kof'ĕr), *n.* a chest; a kind of caisson; *pl.* a treasury: *v.t.* to inclose in a coffer.

cof-fin ('in), *n.* a case for the dead.

cog (kog), *n.* the tooth of a wheel; *v.t.* to cheat.

co-gen-cy (kō'jin-si), *n.* power; strength.

co-gent (kō'jent), *adj.* having great force; convincing.

cog-i-tate (koj'i-tāt), *v.i.* to meditate: *v.t.* to devise.

cog-i-ta-tion (-tā'shun), *n.* the act of cogitating.

cog-i-ta-tive (-tā-tiv), *adj.* meditative.

co-gnac (kō'nyak), *n.* a French brandy.

cog-nate (kog'nāt), *adj.* allied by blood; of the same origin.

cog-ni-tion (kog-nish'un), *n.* knowledge.

cog-ni-tive (kog'ni-tiv), *adj.* having power of mental apprehension.

cog-ni-za-ble (kog'ni-zā-bl or kon'i-zā-bl), *adj.* that may be known.

cog-ni-zance (kog'ni-zāns or kon'-i-zāns), *n.* judicial notice; perception.

cog-ni-zant (kog'ni-zānt or kon'-i-zānt), *adj.* having knowledge of anything.

cog-no-men (kog-nō'men), *n.* a surname.

co-hab-it (kō-hab'it), *v.i.* to dwell together as husband and wife.

co-here (kō-hēr'), *v.i.* to stick together.

co-her-ence ('ens), *n.* the state of cohering.

co-her-ent ('ent), *adj.* cohering; consistent; logical.

co-he-sion (kō-hē'zhun), *n.* union; coherence.

co-he-sive ('siv), *n.* causing to cohere.

co-hort (kō'hôrt), *n.* a body of Roman soldiers.

coif-feur (koi'fĕr), *n.* a hairdresser.

coif-fure (koif'ūr), *n.* a head dress; hair arrangement.

coigne (koin), *n.* a corner; a wedge.

coil (koil), *n.* a rope gathered into a ring; *v.i.* to wind.

coin (koin), *n.* money stamped: *v.t.* to mint; invent.

coin-age ('āj), *n.* the act of coining; the thing coined.

co-in-cide (kō-in-sīd'), *v.i.* to correspond; concur; meet in the same point.

co-in-ci-dence (ko-in'si-dens), *n.* agreement.

co-in-ci-dent (kō-in'si-dent), *adj.* agreeing with.

coin-er (koin'ĕr), *n.* one who stamps coins.

coir (koir), *n.* the fiber of cocoanuts.

co-i-tion (kō-ish'un), *n.* copulation; conjunction.

coke (kōk), *n.* charred coal: *v.t.* to convert into coke.

col-an-der (kul'an-dĕr), *n.* a vessel with a perforated bottom.

col-chi-cum (kol'chi-kum), *n.* meadow-saffron.

cold (kōld), *adj.* without heat; frigid; indifferent: *n.* the opposite of heat; a catarrh. *Syn.* wintry, unfeeling, stoical.

cold-ness ('nes), *n.* want of heat; unconcern.

cole (kōl), *n.* cabbage plants in general.

cole-slaw ('slaw), *n.* cabbage salad.

col-ic (kol'ik), *n.* pain in the bowels.

col-ick-y (-i), *adj.* pertaining to colic.

col-i-se-um. See colosseum.

col-lab-o-rate (kol-ab'ō-rāt), *v.i.* to work jointly.

col-lab-o-ra-tion (-ō-rā'shun), *n.* united labor.

col-lab-o-ra-tor (-lab'ō-rā-tĕr), *n.* one who assists another in work.

col-lapse (kol-aps'), *n.* a falling together; sudden failure; general prostration: *v.i.* to fall together; break down.

col-lap-si-ble (-ap'si-bl), *adj.* collapsing.

col-lar (kol'ĕr), *n.* anything encircling the neck; a flange: *v.t.* to seize by the collar.

col-late (kol'āt), *v.t.* to compare; put in order.

col-lat-er-al (kol-at'ĕr-âl), *adj.* side by side; descended indirectly from the same stock.

col-lat-er-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in a collateral manner.

col-la-tion (kol-ā'shun), *n.* comparison; a light repast.

col-la-tor ('tĕr), *n.* one who collates manuscripts.

col-league (kol'ēg), *n.* an associate in office.

col-lect (kol'ekt), *n.* a short prayer: *v.t.* to gather; assemble; obtain payment.

col-lect-ed (kol-ekt'ed), *adj.* self-possessed.

col-lec-tion ('shun), *n.* the act of collecting; a crowd; an assemblage of works of art, etc.; a contribution.

col-lect-ive (kol-ekt'iv), *adj.* accumulative.

col-lect-iv-ism (-izm), *n.* the socialistic theory of government ownership.

col-lect-or (kol-ek′tĕr), *n.* one who collects.

col-lege (kol′ej), *n.* a seminary of learning.

col-le-gi-an (kol-ē′ji-ăn), *n.* a member of a college.

col-le-gi-ate (-āt), *adj.* pertaining to a college.

col-lide (kol-īd′), *v.i.* to come into collision.

col-lie (kol′i), *n.* a Scotch sheep-dog.

col-lier (kol′yĕr), *n.* a coal-digger; a vessel in the coal trade.

col-lier-y (-i), *n.* a coal mine.

col-li-sion (kol-izh′un), *n.* striking violently together. *Syn.* conflict, clash.

col-lo-ca-tion (kol-ō-kā′shun), *n.* arrangement.

col-lo-di-on (kol-ō′di-un), *n.* a preparation of soluble gun-cotton with ether.

col-lo-qui-al (kol-ō′kwi-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to.

col-lo-qui-al-ism (-izm), *n.* a colloquial form of speech; slang.

col-lo-quy (′ō-kwi), *n.* a conversation; dialogue.

col-lu-sion (kol-ū′zhun), *n.* a secret agreement for an evil purpose.

col-lu-sive (′siv), *adj.* fraudulently concerted.

col-lu-so-ry (′sō-ri), *adj.* acting by secret agreement.

co-logne water (waw′tĕr), *n.* eau-de-cologne.

co-lon (kō′lon), *n.* a mark of punctuation [:]; the largest of the intestines.

colo-nel (kĕr′nel), *n.* the chief officer of a regiment.

colo-nel-cy (-si), *n.* the rank of a colonel.

co-lo-ni-al (ko-lō′ni-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to a colony.

co-lo-ni-al-ism (-izm), *n.* colonial life.

co-lo-ni-al-ize (-īz), *v.t.* to render colonial.

col-o-nist (kol′ō-nist), *n.* an inhabitant of a colony.

col-o-ni-za-tion (kol′ō-ni-zā′shun), *n.* the forming of a colony.

col-o-nize (kol′ō-nīz), *v.t.* to establish a colony.

col-on-nade (kol-on-ād′), *n.* a series of columns.

col-o-ny (kol′ō-ni), *n.* a body of people who leave their country and settle in another land, under the jurisdiction of the parent country; the country thus settled.

col-or (kul′ĕr), *n.* the hue of a body; redness; pretense; false show: *v.t.* to dye; stain; make plausible. *Syn.* tinge.

col-or-ing (kul′ĕr-ing), *n.* the act of dyeing; the color so applied.

col-ors (′ĕrs), *n. pl.* a flag; banner; ensign.

co-los-sal (kō-los′ăl), *adj.* like a colossus; gigantic.

col-os-se-um (kol-o-sē′um), *n.* the amphitheater of ancient Rome.

co-los-sus (ko-los′us), *n.* a statue of gigantic size.

col-por-tage (kol′pōr-taj), *n.* the system of distributing religious books

colt (kōlt), *n.* a young horse; a knotted rope's-end.

colt-ish (′ish), *adj.* like a colt; frisky.

col-um-bine (kol′um-bīn), *adj.* like a dove or pigeon: *n.* a garden flower.

col-umn (kol′um), *n.* a round pillar; division of the book page; a formation of troops in deep files.

col-um-nar (kol-um′năr), *adj.* having the form or shape of a column.

co-ma (kō′mă), *n.* insensibility; stupor; the hair-like envelope of a comet.

co-ma-tose (kō′ma-tōs), *adj.* torpid; lethargic.

comb (kōm), *n.* a toothed instrument to adjust the hair; the crest of a cock; a honey-comb: *v.t.* to dress the hair with a comb.

com-bat (kom′bat), *v.t.* to fight with; oppose by force: *n.* a contest; a struggle.

com-bat-ant (-ănt), *n.* one who combats.

com-bat-ive (-iv), *adj.* pugnacious.

com-bi-na-tion (kom-bi-nā′shun), *n.* a union; an association; a coalition. *Syn.* cabal, conspiracy, plot.

com-bine (kom-bīn′), *v.t.* to unite; link together; *n.* a secret association.

com-bus-ti-bil-i-ty (kom-bus-ti-bil′i-ti), *n.* the property of being combustible.

com-bus-ti-ble (kom-bus′ti-bl), *adj.* inflammable: *n.* an inflammable substance.

com-bus-tion (-bust'yun), *n.* the act of burning.

come (kum), *v.i.* to move towards; draw near; arrive at some state or condition.

co-me-di-an (ko-mē'di-ăn), *n.* an actor or player in comedy.

com-e-dy (kom'e-di), *n.* drama of humorous character.

come-li-ness (kum'li-nes), *n.* grace; beauty.

come-ly (kum'li), *adj.* graceful; handsome.

com-et (kom'et), *n.* a celestial body with a luminous tail and eccentric orbit.

com-e-ta-ry ('e-ta-ri), *adj.* pertaining to a comet.

com-fit (kum'fit), *n.* a dry sweetmeat.

com-fort (kum'fĕrt), *v.t.* to console; strengthen; inspirit: *n.* a state of enjoyment; consolation.

com-for-ta-ble ('fĕr-tă-bl), *adj.* in a state of comfort. *Syn.* agreeable, snug, satisfied.

com-for-ter (kum'fĕr-tĕr), *n.* one who comforts or consoles.

com-ic (kom'ik) or COMICAL (-ăl), *adj.* exciting mirth.

com-i-cal-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* the state of being comical.

com-ic-al-ly (-li), *adj.* in a comical manner.

com-ing (kum'ing), *n.* an arrival: *adj.* expected; future.

com-i-ty (kom'i-ti), *n.* civility; politeness.

com-ma (kom'ă), *n.* a punctuation point [,].

com-mand (kom-and', or -ănd'), *v.t.* to order; control; exercise authority over; lead: *n.* an order; authority. *Syn.* injunction, order, precept.

com-man-dant (-dănt'), *n.* a commanding officer.

com-mand-er ('ĕr), *n.* one who commands.

com-mand-ment (kom-ănd'-ment), *n.* a command; a precept; a moral law.

com-mem-o-rate (kom-em'ō-rāt), *v.t.* to celebrate.

com-mem-o-ra-tion (-rā'-shun), *n.* the act of celebrating.

com-mem-o-ra-tive (rā-tiv), *adj.* preserving the memory of.

com-mence (kom-ens'), *v.i.* to originate; begin: *v.t.* to perform the first act of.

com-mence-ment ('ment), *n.* beginning; origin; the giving of college degrees.

com-mend (kom-end'), *v.t.* to praise; bring to mind.

com-men-da-tion (-en-dā'-shun), *n.* approval.

com-mend-a-tory ('ă-to-ri), *adj.* serving to commend.

com-men-su-ra-ble (kom-en'-sū-ră-bl), *adj.* having a common measure.

com-men-su-rate ('sū-rāt), *adj.* reducible to a common measure; equal.

com-ment (kom'ent), *n.* a remark or note by way of explanation, etc.; criticism: *v.i.* (kom'- or kom-ent'), to write notes on an author's text.

com-men-ta-ry ('en-ta-ri), *n.* a series of explanatory notes.

com-men-ta-tor (-tĕr), *n.* one who writes a commentary or notes on a text.

com-merce (kom'ĕrs), *n.* interchange of commodities; intercourse.

com-mer-cial (-ĕr'shăl), *adj.* pertaining to commerce; mercantile.

com-mer-cial-ism (-izm), *n.* commercial methods or principles.

com-mer-cial-ly (-li), *adv.* in a commercial manner.

com-min-gle (kō-ming'gl), *v. t.* to mix; blend.

com-mi-nute (kom'i-nūt), *v.t.* to make small or fine by grinding.

com-mis-er-ate (kom-iz'ĕr-āt), *v.t.* feel to pity.

com-mis-er-a-tion (-ĕr-ā'-shun), *n.* pity; sympathy.

com-mis-er-a-tor ('ĕr-ă-tĕr), *n.* one who pities.

com-mis-sa-ri-at (kom-is-ā'-ri-at), *n.* the supply department of an army.

com-mis-sa-ry ('is-ă-ri), *n.* a commissioner.

com-mis-sion (kom-ish'un), *n.* the act of committing; a trust; a charge; persons appointed to perform certain duties; brokerage or allowance: *v.t.* empower; send with authority.

com-mis-sion-er (-ish'un-ēr), *n.* a person empowered to act.

com-mis-sure ('ish-ūr), *n.* a joint or seam; the point of union between two bodies.

com-mit (kom-it'), *v.t.* to give in trust; consign; perpetrate; send to prison.

com-mit-ment (-it'ment), *n.* the act of committing. Also committal.

com-mit-tee (-it'ē), *n.* persons appointed to manage any matter.

com-mode (kom-ōd'), *n.* a chest of drawers or bureau; a night-stool.

com-mo-di-ous (-ō'di-us), *adj.* useful; roomy.

com-mod-i-ty (-od'i-ti), *n.* that which is useful; an article of commerce: *pl.* goods; merchandise.

com-mo-dore ('o-dōr), *n.* an officer commanding a squadron.

com-mon (kom'un), *adj.* public; usual; frequent; inferior; of low origin· *n.* a tract of open public land. *Syn.* mean, ordinary, vulgar.

com-mon coun-cil (koun'-sil), *n.* the representative body of a city.

com-mon law (law), *n.* law based on long passed usage.

com-mon-age (-ej), the right of using in common with others.

com-mon-al-ty (âl-ti), *n.* the common people; the general community.

com-mon-er (ēr), *n.* one not a peer; one of the common people.

com-mon-ly (-li), *adv.* usually; meanly.

com-mon-place (-plas), *n.* an obvious remark; anything ordinary: *adj.* uninteresting; trite.

com-mon-sense (-sens), *n.* sound practical judgment.

com-mon-wealth (-welth), *n.* the whole body of people in a state.

com-mo-tion (-ō'shun), *n.* violent agitation.

com-mu-nal ('ū-nâl), *adj.* pertaining to a commune.

com-mune (-ūn'), *v.t.* to converse together; take counsel: *n.* a French territorial district.

com-mu-ni-ca-ble (-ū'ni-kâ-bl), *adj.* impartible.

com-mu-ni-cant (-ū'ni-kant), *adj.* communicating: *n.* a partaker of the Eucharist.

com-mu-ni-cate ('-kāt), *v.t.* to impart; reveal.

com-mu-ni-ca-tion (-kâ'-shun), *n.* means of passing from place to place; news; intercourse.

com-mu-ni-ca-tive (-kā-tiv), *adj.* unreserved.

com-mu-ni-ca-tor (-kā-tēr), *n.* one who communicates.

com-mun-ion (-ūn'yun), *n.* intercourse; fellowship; the partaking of the Eucharist.

com-mu-nism (kom'ū-nizm), *n.* having property in common; socialism.

com-mu-nist ('ū-nist), *n.* a supporter of communism.

com-mu-nis-tic (-nis'tik), *adj.* relating to communism.

com-mu-ni-ty (-ū'ni-ti), *n.* the body politic; society generally.

com-mu-ta-bil-i-ty (-ū-tâ-bil'i-ti), *n.* the quality of being commutable.

com-mu-ta-ble (-ū'tâ-bl), *adj.* interchangeable.

com-mu-ta-tion (ū-tā'shun), *n.* the act of commuting; change or exchange.

com-mu-ta-tive ('tā-tiv), *adj.* pertaining to exchange.

com-mute (kom-ūt'), *v.t.* to exchange; substitute; reduce the severity of.

com-pact (kom'pakt), *n.* an agreement or covenant: *v.t.* (kom-pakt'), to pack closely; consolidate.

com-pan-ion (kom-pan'yun), *n.* a comrade; the cover to a cabin stairway.

com-pan-ion-ship (-ship), *n.* fellowship.

com-pa-ny (kum'pâ-ni), *n.* persons assembled or associated; society; fellowship; a firm; a ship's crew; a subdivision of a regiment.

com-pa-ra-ble (kom'pâ-râ-bl), *adj.* that may be compared; of equal regard.

com-par-a-tive (-par'ȧ-tiv), *adj.* estimated by comparison; not positive.

com-pare (-pār'), *v.t.* to examine or consider together; liken; inflect; *v.i.* to bear a comparison.

com-par-i-son (-par'i-sun), *n.* the act of comparing; simile.

com-part-ment (-pärt'ment), *n.* a division by a partition; a panel.

com-pass (kum'pȧs), *v.t.* to encircle; walk around; besiege: *n.* a circular course; extent; grasp; instrument for drawing circles; case for a magnetic needle.

com-pas-sion (kom-pash'un), *n.* sorrow for the sufferings of others. *Syn.* sympathy, pity, clemency.

com-pas-sion-ate (-āt), *v.t.* to have compassion for: *adj.* merciful.

com-pat-i-bil-i-ty (kom-pat-i-bil'i-ti), *n.* congruity.

com-pat-i-ble ('i-bl), *adj.* congruous; suitable.

com-pa-tri-ot (-pā'tri-ot), *n.* a fellow countryman.

com-peer (kom-pēr'), *n.* an equal; colleague.

com-pel (kom-pel'), *v.t.* to urge; constrain; oblige. *Syn.* force, necessitate.

com-pend (kom'pend), *n.* an abridgment.

com-pen-di-ous (-pen'di-us), *adj.* succinct.

com-pen-di-um ('di-um), *n.* an abridgment.

com-pen-sate (kom'pen- or kom-pen'sāt), *v.t.* to recompense; make amends.

com-pen-sa-tion (-sā'shun), *n.* amends; recompense; a set-off.

com-pen-sa-tive ('sā-tiv), *adj.* making compensation. Also compensatory.

com-pen-sa-tor ('pen-sā-tēr), *n.* one who compensates.

com-pete (kom-pēt'), *v.i.* to strive for; rival.

com-pe-tence (kom'pe-tens), *n.* sufficiency; legal capacity. Also competency.

com-pe-tent (-tent), *adj.* fit; able; suitable.

com-pe-ti-tion (-tish'un), *n.* rivalry.

com-pet-i-tive (kom-pet'i-tiv), *adj.* pertaining to competition.

com-pet-i-tor ('i-tēr), *n.* a rival.

com-pi-la-tion (-pi-lā'shun), *n.* a selection from various authors.

com-pile (kom-pīl'), *v.t.* to collect in fresh form.

com-pla-cence (kom-plā'sens), *n.* inward satisfaction. Also complacency.

com-pla-cent ('sent), *adj.* affable.

com-plain (kom-plān'), *v.i.* to express grief, resentment; charge formally. *Syn.* lament, murmur, regret.

com-plain-ant ('ȧnt), *n.* a plaintiff.

com-plaint (-plānt'), *n.* an accusation; ailment.

com-plai-sance (-plā-zans'), *n.* courtesy.

com-plai-sant (-zant'), *adj.* courteous.

com-plec-ted (-plek'ted), *adj.* interwoven.

com-ple-ment ('ple-ment), *n.* full number or quantity: *v.t.* to supply a deficiency.

com-ple-ment-al ('ȧl), *adj.* completing. Also complementary.

com-plete (kom-plēt'), *adj.* entire; absolute; finished: *v.t.* to supply a lack; finish.

com-plete-ly ('li), *adv.* in a complete manner.

com-ple-tion (-plē'shun), *n.* accomplishment.

com-plex (kom'pleks), *adj.* composite; intricate.

com-plex-ion (-plek'shun), *n.* color of face; aspect.

com-plex-i-ty ('iti), *n.* a complex state.

com-pli-ance ('ans), *n.* acquiescence.

com-pli-ant ('ȧnt), *adj.* yielding.

com-pli-cate ('pli-kāt), *v.t.* to make intricate.

com-pli-ca-tion (-kā'shun), *n.* a general mingling.

com-plic-i-ty (-plis'i-ti), *n.* partnership in a plot or crime.

com-pli-ment ('pli-ment), *n.* an act of courtesy; delicate flattery: *v.t.* to praise; flatter.

com-pli-men-ta-ry ('tȧ-ri), *adj.* conveying a compliment.

com-ply (kom-plī'), *v.i.* to yield assent; agree to. *Syn.* accede, conform.

com-po-nent (kom-pō'nent), *adj.* constituent; *n.* an elementary part; ingredient.

com-port (-pōrt'), *v.i.* to agree; *v.t.* to behave.

com-pose (-pōz'), *v.t.* to combine; write as an author; calm; adjust.

com-posed (-pōzd'), *adj.* tranquil; quiet.

com-pos-er (-pōz'ēr), *n.* one who composes; an author.

com-pos-ite (-poz'it), *adj.* compound.

com-po-si-tion (-pō-zish'un), *n.* a writing; a mixture; an agreement.

com-pos-i-tor (-poz'i-tēr), *n.* one who sets types.

com-post ('pōst), *n.* a fertilizing mixture; builders' compost.

com-po-sure (-pō'zhūr), *n.* tranquillity.

com-pound (-pound'), *v.t.* to combine; settle; adjust; *adj.* (kom'pound), formed of several ingredients; *n.* a mixture of ingredients.

com-pound-er ('ēr), *n.* one who compounds.

com-pre-hend (kom-pre-hend'), *v.t.* to include; understand; conceive. *Syn.* comprise, grasp.

com-pre-hen-si-ble ('si-bl), *adj.* intelligible.

com-pre-hen-sion (-hen'shun), *n.* understanding; mutual capacity.

com-pre-hen-sive (-hen'siv), *adj.* including much; full.

com-press (kom-pres'), *v.t.* to press together; condense; *n.* (kom'pres), a soft pad used in surgery.

com-press-i-ble (-pres'i-bl), *adj.* condensable.

com-pres-sion (-presh'un), *n.* condensation.

com-press-or (-pres'ēr), *n.* one who compresses.

com-pri-sal (kom-prī'zăl), *n.* act of comprising.

com-prise (-prīz'), *v.t.* to comprehend; include.

com-pro-mise (kom'pro-mīz), *n.* a settlement by agreement; *v.t.* to settle by concession; expose to risk.

comp-trol-ler (kon-trōl'ēr). See controller.

com-pul-sion (kom-pul'shun), *n.* force; constraint.

com-pul-sive (-pul'siv), *adj.* forcible.

com-pul-so-ry (-pul'so-ri), *adj.* obligatory.

com-punc-tion (-pungk'shun), *n.* contrition.

com-pu-ta-ble (kom-pū'tà-bl), *adj.* that may be computed.

com-pu-ta-tion (-pū-tā'-shun), *n.* an estimate.

com-pute (-pūt'), *v.t.* to number; reckon.

com-rade (kom'rad), *n.* a companion.

con (kon), *v.t.* to peruse carefully.

con-cat-e-na-tion (kon-kat-e-nā'shun), *n.* a series of things united

con-cave (kon'kāv), *adj.* hollow and curved.

con-cav-i-ty (-kav'i-ti), *n.* the inner surface of a hollow body.

con-ceal (kon-sēl'), *v.t.* to hide; keep secret; disguise.

con-ceal-ment ('ment), *n.* the act of hiding.

con-cede (-sēd'), *v.t.* to yield; admit.

con-ceit (-sēt), *n.* self-importance; vanity; a quaint fancy.

con-ceit-ed ('ed), *adj.* with vain opinion.

con-ceiv-a-ble (-sēv'ă-bl), *adj.* imaginable.

con-ceive (-sēv'), *v.t.* to imagine; understand; *v.i.* to become pregnant. *Syn.* comprehend.

con-cen-trate (kon-sen'trăt), *v.t.* to bring to one point or center; condense.

con-cen-tra-tion (-sen-trā'-shun), *n.* condensation.

con-cen-tric (-sen'trik), *adj.* having a common center.

con-cept (kon'sept), *n.* an abstract idea.

con-cep-ta-cle (-sep'tà-kl), *n.* that which contains; a follicle.

con-cep-tion (-sep'shun), *n.* the beginning of pregnancy; an idea.

con-cep-tive (-sep'tiv), *adj.* capable of conceiving.

con-cern (kon-sērn'), *v.t.* to belong to; interest; make uneasy; *n.* business; interest; anxiety.

con-cern-ing ('ing), *prep.* relating to.

con-cert (kon-sĕrt′), *v.t.* to contrive; adjust; *n.* (kon′sĕrt), a musical entertainment; agreement.

con-cert-ed (′ed), *adj.* mutually agreed upon.

con-cer-ti-na (-sĕr-tē′nȧ), *n.* a musical instrument.

con-ces-sion (kon-sesh′un), *n.* the act of yielding; the thing conceded.

conch (kongk), *n.* a marine shell.

con-choid (′koid), *n.* a shell-like curve.

con-chol-o-gy (′kol-o-ji), *n.* the study or science of mollusks.

con-cil-i-ate (kon-sil′i-āt), *v.t.* to reconcile; propitiate.

con-cil-i-a-tor (-ā-tĕr), *n.* one who conciliates.

con-cise (kon-sīs′), *adj.* condensed, terse.

con-cise-ly (′li), *adv.* tersely; briefly.

con-cise-ness (′nes), *n.* brevity.

con-clave (kon′klāv), *n.* a private meeting.

con-clude (kon-klūd′), *v.t.* to infer; determine; settle: *v.i.* draw an inference.

con-clu-sion (-klū′zhun), *n.* a final determination; result; end. *Syn.* inference, deduction.

con-clu-sive (-klū′siv), *adj.* decisive; final.

con-coct (kon-kokt′), *v.t.* to cook; devise; plot.

con-coc-tion (-kok′shun), *n.* a plot; a compound.

con-com-i-tant (′i-tȧnt), *n.* accompanying; conjoined with.

con-cord (kong′ or kon′kôrd), *n.* harmony; union.

con-cord-ance (kon-kôrd′ȧns), *n.* agreement; an index of words or passages.

con-cord-ant (′ȧnt), *adj.* harmonious.

con-course (kong′kōrs), *n.* an assembly.

con-crete (kon′krēt), *adj.* not abstract; coalesced: *n.* a compact mass of building material: *v.i.* (kon′krēt), to coalesce: *v.t.* to unite in a mass.

con-cre-tion (kon-krē′shun), *n.* a mass of separate particles.

con-cre-tion-a-ry (-ȧ-ri), *adj.* characterized by concretions.

con-cu-bi-nage (kong-kū′bi-nȧj), *n.* living as man and wife without being married.

con-cu-bine (kong′kū-bīn), *n.* a woman who lives in concubinage.

con-cur (kon-kĕr′), *v.i.* to agree; unite in opinion; coincide.

con-cur-rence (-kur′ens), *n.* agreement; assent; joint action.

con-cur-rent (-kur′ent), *adj.* acting together.

con-cus-sion (kush′un), *n.* shock through collision; injury by a fall.

con-demn (kon-dem′), *v.t.* to pronounce or judge guilty; blame; censure.

con-dem-na-tion (-dem-nā′shun), *n.* the act of condemning.

con-dens-a-ble (-dens′ȧ-bl), *adj.* capable of condensation.

con-den-sa-tion (-den-sā′shun), *n.* compression.

con-dense (-dens′), *v.t.* to compress: *v.i.* grow dense.

con-de-scend (kon-de-send′), *v.i.* to yield; deign.

con-de-scen-sion (-de-sen′shun), *n.* act of condescending.

con-dign (-dīn′), *adj.* well-deserved; suitable.

con-di-ment (kon′di-ment), *n.* a seasoning.

con-di-tion (kon-dish′un), *n.* state; quality; terms of agreement: *v.t.* to contract or stipulate.

con-di-tion-al-ly (-ȧl-li), *adv.* with certain limitations.

con-dole (kon-dōl′), *v.t.* to grieve with others.

con-do-lence (′ens), *n.* sympathy.

con-done (kon-dōn′), *v.t.* to pardon; overlook.

con-duce (-dūs′), *v.i.* to tend to; contribute.

con-du-cive (-siv), *adj.* tending toward.

con-duct (kon-dukt′), *v.t.* to guide; behave: *n.* (kon′dukt) behavior; management. *Syn.* direct, lead, govern.

con-duc-ti-ble (-duk′ti-bl), *adj.* capable of being conducted.

con-duc-tion (-duk′shun), *n.* transmission by a conductor.

con-duc-tor (duk'tĕr), *n.* a leader; director; train manager; a substance which conducts.

con-duit (kon' or kun'dit), *n.* a canal or water-pipe.

cone (kōn), *n.* a figure, round, broad at the bottom, and tapering upwards; the fruit of the fir, pine, etc.

con-fab (kon'fab), *v.i.* to chat familiarly.

con-fec-tion (-fek'shun), *n.* a sweetmeat.

con-fec-tion-er (-ēr), *n.* one who deals in sweetmeats, etc.

con-fec-tion-er-y (-i), *n.* sweetmeats, etc.

con-fed-er-a-cy (-fed'ĕr-ȧ-si), *n.* a political compact or league.

con-fed-er-ate ('ĕr-āt), *v.i.* to unite in a league: *adj.* united: *n.* an ally; accomplice.

con-fed-er-a-tion (-ĕr-ā'shun), *n.* an alliance.

con-fer (kon-fĕr'), *v.t.* to give or bestow: *v.i.* to consult together.

con-fer-ence ('fĕr-ens), *n.* an appointed meeting for consultation or discussion.

con-fess (kon-fes'), *v.t.* to admit; avow; grant: *v.i.* make confession. *Syn.* acknowledge, certify.

con-fes-sion (-fesh'un), *n.* act of confessing; a thing disclosed.

con-fes-sion-al (-ȧl), *n.* a place for confession to a priest.

con-fes-sor (kon-fes'ĕr), *n.* a priest who hears confessions.

con-fi-dant ('fi-dȧnt), *n.* a confidential friend; *fem.* confidante.

con-fide (kon-fīd'), *v.t.* to trust to.

con-fi-dence (kon'fi-dens), *n.* trust; reliance.

con-fi-dent (-dent), *adj.* bold; dogmatic.

con-fi-den-tial (-den'shȧl), *adj.* given in confidence; trustworthy.

con-fig-u-ra-tion (-fig-u-rā'shun), *n.* external form.

con-fine (kon'fīn), *n.* a border or limit: *v.t.* (kon-fīn'), to restrict; imprison.

con-fine-ment (kon-fīn'ment), *n.* restraint; imprisonment.

con-firm (kon-fĕrm'), *v.t.* to strengthen; ratify. *Syn.* approve, attest.

con-fir-ma-tion (-fĕr-mā'shun), *n.* the act of confirming.

con-fis-cate (kon-fis'- or kon'fis-kāt), *v.t.* to adjudge forfeited; seize, as forfeited.

con-fis-ca-tion (-ka'shun), *n.* the act of confiscating.

con-fla-gra-tion (-flȧ-grā'shun), *n.* a great fire.

con-flict (kon-flikt'), *v.i.* to contend; fight: *n.* (kon'flikt), a struggle; battle; violent collision. *Syn.* combat, contest, warfare.

con-flic-ting ('ting), *adj.* opposing.

con-flu-ence (kon'flōō-ens), *n.* a flowing together.

con-flu-ent (-ent), *adj.* running together.

con-flux ('fluks), *n.* the meeting of streams; a crowd.

con-form (kon-fôrm'), *v.t.* to make like: *v.i.* to be in harmony with; comply with.

con-form-a-ble ('ȧ-bl), *adj.* like; compliant.

con-for-ma-tion (-fôr-mā'shun), *n.* structure; arrangement; shape.

con-form-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* compliance with; resemblance.

con-found (kon-found'), *v.t.* to perplex; astonish; overthrow.

con-fra-ter-ni-ty (-frȧ-tĕr'ni-ti), *n.* a brotherhood or association.

con-front (kon-frunt'), *v.t.* to stand face to face; oppose.

con-fuse (kon-fūz'), *v.t.* to render indistinct; disconcert.

con-fu-sion (-fū'zhun), *n.* perplexity; disorder; tumult.

con-fu-ta-tion (-fū-tā'shun), *n.* disproof.

con-fute (kon-fūt') *v.t.* to prove to be false; convict of error. *Syn.* disprove, refute.

con-geal (kon-jēl'), *v.t.* to make solid; concrete by cold.

con-ge-la-tion (-je-lā'shun), *n.* the act of congealing.

con-ge-ni-al (-jē'niȧl), *adj.* sympathetic; cognate.

con-ge-ni-al-i-ty (-ni-ȧl'i-ti), *n.* the state of being congenial

con-gen-i-tal (-jen'i-tăl), *adj.* constitutional.

con-ge-ri-es (kon-jē'ri-ēz), *n.* a collection of small particles.

con-gest (kon-jest'), *v.t.* to accumulate.

con-gest-ed ('ed), *p.adj.* unduly crowded.

con-ges-tion (-jest'yun), *n.* an overfullness of the blood-vessels.

con-gest-ive ('iv), *adj.* implying congestion.

con-glom-er-ate (-glom'ĕr-āt), *v.t.* to gather into a round mass: *n.* a rock composed of rounded fragments.

con-glu-ti-nate ('tĭ-nāt), *v.t.* to glue together.

con-glu-ti-na-tion (-nā'shun), *n.* coalescence.

con-grat-u-late (kon-grat'ū-lāt), *v.t.* to felicitate.

con-grat-u-la-tion (-grat-ū-lā'shun), *n.* an expression of joy, praise, or approval.

con-gre-gate (kong'grē-gāt), *v.t.* to assemble: *v.i.* to come together.

con-gre-ga-tion (-gā'shun), *n.* an assembly.

con-gre-ga-tion-al (-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to a congregation.

con-gress (kong'gres), *n.* a conference; an assembly of ambassadors; the national legislature of the United States.

con-gres-sion-al (kon-gresh'un-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to Congress.

con-gru-ence ('grōō-ens), *n.* suitability; agreement; consistency.

con-gru-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* agreement; fitness.

con-ic (kon'ik), *adj.* pertaining to, or shaped like, a cone.

co-nif-er-ous (kō-nif'ĕr-us), *adj.* bearing cones.

co-ni-form (kō'ni-fôrm), *adj.* cone-shaped.

con-jec-tur-al (kon-jek'tūr-ăl), *adj.* doubtful.

con-jec-ture ('tūr), *n.* a probable inference; a guess: *v.t.* to imagine; surmise.¶

con-join (kon-join'), *v.t.* to join; connect; unite.

con-ju-gal ('jōō-găl), *adj.* pertaining to marriage.

con-ju-gate (kon'jōō-gāt), *v.t.* to inflect verbs: *v.i.* to unite.

con-ju-ga-tion (-gā'shun), *n.* the inflection of a verb.

con-junct (kon-jungkt'), *adj.* conjoined.

con-junc-tion (-jungk'shun), *n.* union; connection; a connecting word.

con-junc-tive (-jungk'tiv), *adj.* serving to unite.

con-junc-ture ('tūr), *n.* a critical time; union.

con-jure (kon-jūr'), *v.t.* to summon in a sacred name; enjoin; (kun'-jĕr), to influence by magic; play tricks.

con-jur-er (kon'jĕr-ĕr), *n.* an expert in tricks; an enchanter.

con-ju-ra-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* solemn entreaty; incantation.

con-nate (kon'nāt), *adj.* united at the base.

con-nect (kon-nekt'), *v.t.* to bind together; unite.

con-nect-ed ('ed), *adj.* linked together.

con-nec-tion (-nek'shun), *n.* relation by marriage or blood; acquaintance.

con-nect-ive (-nokt'iv), *adj.* able to connect.

con-ni-vance (-nī'vâns), *n.* the act of conniving.

con-nive (kon-nīv'), *v.i.* to forbear to blame.

con-nois-seur (kon-i-sĕr'), *n.* a critical judge.

con-no-ta-tion (-tā'shun), *n.* inference.

con-note (kon-nōt'), *v.t.* to imply as an attribute.

con-nu-bi-al (kon-ū'bi-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to marriage.

con-oid (kōn'oid), *adj.* cone-like.

co-noi-dal (kō-noi'dal), *adj.* almost conical.

con-quer (kong'kĕr), *v.t.* to gain by conquest; overcome; subdue. *Syn.* surmount, vanquish.

con-quer-or (-ĕr), *n.* a victor.

con-quest ('kwest), *n.* subjugation; victory.

con-san-guin-e-ous (kon-sang-gwin'e-us), *adj.* related by blood.

con-science (kon'shens), *n.* the moral judgment.

con-sci-en-tious (-shi-en'shus), *adj.* influenced by conscience; scrupulous.

con-scious ('shus), *adj.* inwardly aware; sensible. *Syn.* advised, assured.

con-scious-ness (-nes), *n.* the knowledge of what passes in the mind.

con-script (kon-skript'), *v.t.* to enroll as a soldier by compulsion: (kon'skript), *n.* one thus enrolled.

con-scrip-tion (-skrip'shun), *n.* compulsory military or naval service.

con-se-crate (kon'se-krāt), *v.t.* to set apart as sacred; dedicate; devote.

con-se-cra-tion (-krā'shun), *n.* the act of consecrating.

con-sec-u-tive (-sek'ū-tiv), *adj.* successive.

con-sec-u-tive-ly (-li), *adv.* successively.

con-sen-sus (-sen'sus), *n.* general agreement.

con-sent (kon-sent'), *n.* acquiescence: *v.i.* to comply; yield; accede.

con-sen-ta-ne-ous (-tā'ne-us), *adj.* accordant.

con-se-quence (kon'se-kwens), *n.* inference; result; importance. *Syn.* effect, event, issue.

con-se-quent (-kwent), *adj.* following as a result.

con-se-quen-tial (-kwen'shăl), *adj.* self-important; conceited.

con-serv-an-cy ('ăn-si), *n.* preservation.

con-ser-va-tion (-vā'shun), *n.* the act of preserving.

con-ser-va-tive ('vă-tiv), *adj.* tending to preserve: *n.* one opposed to political or other changes.

con-ser-va-tor (kon'sĕr-vā-tĕr), *n.* a preserver.

con-ser-va-to-ry (sĕr'vă-to-ri), *n.* a greenhouse: *adj.* tending to preserve.

con-serve (kon-sĕrv'), *v.t.* to preserve; keep sound; (kon'sĕrv) *n.* preserved or candied fruit.

con-sid-er (kon-sid'ĕr), *v.t.* to fix the mind upon; contemplate; think of with care: *v.i.* to deliberate; reflect. *Syn.* reflect, ponder, weigh.

con-sid-er-a-ble (-ă-bl), *adj.* worthy of notice; more than a little.

con-sid-er-a-bly (-bli), *adv.* in a considerable manner.

con-sid-er-ate (-āt), *adj.* having regard for others; prudent; careful.

con-sid-er-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* mature thought; an equivalent; regard for others.

con-sid-er-ing ('ĕr-ing), *prep.* regarding.

con-sign (kon-sīn'), *v.t.* to yield in trust; to send goods.

con-sign-ee (-sīn-ē'), *n.* an agent or factor.

con-sign-ment ('ment), *n.* goods consigned.

con-sist (kon-sist'), *v.i.* to be composed of; subsist in.

con-sist-ence (-sist'ens), *n.* degree of density. Also consistency.

con-sis-tent ('ent), *adj.* solid; agreeing. *Syn.* constant, compatible.

con-so-la-ble (kon-sō'lă-bl), *n.* admitting of consolation or comfort.

con-so-la-tion (-sō'lā'shun), *n.* alleviation of distress; solace.

con-sole (kon-sōl'), *v.t.* to give comfort to; solace.

con-sol-i-date (-sol'i-dāt), *v.t.* to make solid.

con-sol-i-da-tion (-dā'shun), *n.* solidification.

con-som-me (kon-so-mā'), *n.* a strong clear soup or bouillon.

con-so-nance (kon'sō-nâns), *n.* agreement of sounds; harmony.

con-so-nant (-nânt), *adj.* harmonious; accordant: *n.* a letter other than a vowel.

con-sort (kon'sôrt), *n.* a companion; a husband or wife: *v.t.* (kon-sôrt') to associate with.

con-spec-tus (-spek'tus), *n.* a synopsis.

con-spic-u-ous (-spik'ū-us), *adj.* clearly visible; manifest; distinguished.

con-spir-a-cy (-spir'ă-si), *n.* a plot.

con-spir-a-tor ('ă-tĕr), *n.* one who conspires.

con-spire (kon-spīr'), *v.i.* to combine for evil purposes.

con-sta-ble (kun'stă-bl), *n.* a peace officer.

con-stab-u-lar-y (-stab'ū-lĕr-i), *n.* a body of constables.

con-stan-cy (kon'stăn-si), *n.* stability; fidelity. *Syn.* firmness, steadiness.

con-stant ('stânt), *adj.* steadfast; continuous.

con-stel-la-tion (-stel-ā'shun), *n.* a group of fixed stars.

con-ster-na-tion (-stĕr-nā'-shun), *n.* excessive terror; perturbation.

con-sti-pate ('stĭ-pāt), *v.t.* to make costive.

con-sti-pa-tion (-pā'shun), *n.* costiveness.

con-stit-u-en-cy (-stit'ū-en-si), *n.* the body of electors.

con-stit-u-ent ('ū-ent), *adj.* elementary: *n.* an essential part; an elector.

con-sti-tute ('stĭ-tūt), *v.t.* to make up; appoint; elect; establish.

con-sti-tu-tion (-tū'shun), *n.* bodily strength; temperament; the fundamental laws of a nation.

con-sti-tu-tion-al (-ăl), *adj.* inherent in the constitution; fundamental.

con-strain (kon-strān'), *v.t.* to restrain; hold back.

con-straint (-strānt'), *n.* compulsion.

con-strict (-strikt'), *v.t.* to bind; cramp.

con-stric-tion ('shun), *n.* compression.

con-stric-tive ('tiv), *adj.* that constricts.

con-strin-gent (-strin'jent), *adj.* binding.

con-struct (kon-strukt'), *v.t.* to build; form; compose.

con-struc-tion (-struk'shun), *n.* an edifice; interpretation.

con-struct-ive ('iv), *adj.* inferred.

con-struct-ive-ly (-li), *adv.* by construction.

con-struct-or ('ĕr), *n.* one who constructs.

con-strue (kon'strōō), *v.t.* translate; interpret.

con-sub-stan-tial (-sub-stan'-shăl), *adj.* having the same substance.

con-sul (kon'sul), *n.* the chief magistrate of the republic of Rome; an officer who has charge of the commercial interests of his country in a foreign land.

con-su-lar (-lăr), *adj.* pertaining to a consul.

con-su-late ('sū-lāt), *n.* the office of a consul.

con-sult (kon-sult'), *v.t.* to ask advice of.

con-sul-ta-tion (-sul-tā'shun), *n.* the act of consulting.

con-sul-ta-tive ('tā-tiv), *adj.* deliberative.

con-sume (kon-sūm'), *v.t.* to destroy; waste; spend.

con-sum-mate (kon'sum-āt), *v.t.* to complete; finish: *adj.* (kon-sum'āt), perfect.

con-sum-mate-ly (-sum'āt-li), *adv.* perfectly.

con-sum-ma-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* completion.

con-sump-tion (-sump'shun), *n.* a gradual wasting away; pulmonary tuberculosis; phthisis.

con-sump-tive ('tiv), *adj.* affected with phthisis.

con-tact (kon'takt), *n.* touch; close union.

con-ta-gion (kon-tā'jun), *n.* transmission of disease by contact.

con-ta-gious ('jus), *adj.* transmitted by contact.

con-tain (kon-tān'), *v.t.* to hold; inclose.

con-tam-i-nate (-tam'i-nāt), *v.t.* to pollute. *Syn.* corrupt, defile.

con-tam-i-na-tion (-nā'shun), *n.* pollution.

con-temn (kon-tem'), *v.t.* to despise. *Syn.* disdain, scorn.

con-tem-plate ('plāt), *v.t.* to meditate on; consider attentively.

con-tem-pla-tion (-plā'shun), *n.* the act of contemplating.

con-tem-pla-tive ('plā-tiv), *adj.* thoughtful.

con-tem-po-ra-ne-ous (-po-rā'nē-us), *adj.* contemporary.

con-tem-po-ra-ry ('pō-rā-ri), *adj.* existing at the same time: *n.* one living at the same time as another.

con-tempt (kon-tempt'), *n.* disdain; scorn; disregard of orders of a court.

con-tempt-i-ble ('i-bl), *adj.* meriting scorn. *Syn.* despicable, paltry.

con-temp-tu-ous ('tū-us), *adj.* disdainful.

con-tend (kon-tend'), *v.i.* to strive; dispute; assert. *Syn.* contest, struggle.

con-tent (kon-tent'), *adj.* satisfied; *v.t.* to appease: *n.* (kon'tent): *pl.* matters included.

con-tent-ed ('ed), *p.adj.* satisfied.

con-ten-tion (-ten'shun), *n.* contest; debate.

con-ten-tious (-ten'shus), *adj.* quarrelsome.

con-tent-ment (-tent'ment), *n.* satisfaction.

con-ter-mi-nous (-tẽr'mi-nus), *adj.* contiguous.

con-test (kon-test'), *v.t.* to dispute; strive; contend: *n.* (kon'-test) a struggle; dispute.

con-tes-tant (-tes'tânt), *n.* one who contests.

con-text (kon'tekst), *n.* words adjoining those quoted.

con-ti-gu-i-ty (-ti-gū'i-ti), *n.* contact.

con-tig-u-ous (-tig'ū-us), *adj.* adjacent.

con-ti-nence (kon'ti-nens), *n.* chastity.

con-ti-nent ('ti-nent), *adj.* chaste; temperate: *n.* one of the great divisions of the earth.

con-ti-nen-tal ('tal), *adj.* pertaining to a continent.

con-tin-gence (kon-tin'jens), *n.* a chance occurrence. Also contingency.

con-tin-gent ('jent), *adj.* accidental; conditional.

con-tin-u-al ('ū-âl), *adj.* incessant; constant. *Syn.* continuous, perpetual.

con-tin-u-al-ly (-li), *adv.* without cessation.

con-tin-u-ance ('ū-âns), *n.* permanence. *Syn.* duration.

con-tin-ue (kon-tin'ū), *v.t.* to persist in: *v.i.* to remain; abide; persevere. *Syn.* persist, pursue.

con-ti-nu-i-ty (-ti-nū'i-ti), *n.* uninterrupted succession, cohesion.

con-tin-u-ous (-tin'ū-us), *adj.* uninterrupted.

con-tort (kon-tôrt'), *v.t.* to twist.

con-tor-tion (-tôr'shun), *n.* a twist; flexure.

con-tour (kon-tôôr'), *n.* an outline; profile.

con-tra-band (kon'trâ-band), *adj.* prohibited.

con-tract (kon-trakt'), *v.t.* draw together; shorten; bargain: *n.* (kon'trakt) a compact; agreement.

con-trac-tile (-trak'til), *adj.* capable of shortening.

con-trac-til-i-ty (-trak-til'i-ti), *n.* the power of contracting.

con-trac-tion (-trak'shun), *n.* a shrinkage; shortening; abbreviation.

con-trac-tor (-trak'tẽr), *n.* one who contracts.

con-tra-dict (kon-trâ-dikt'), *v.t.* to oppose in argument; gainsay; deny.

con-tra-dic-tion (-dik'shun), *n.* denial.

con-tra-dic-to-ry (-dik'tō-ri), *adj.* contrary.

con-tra-dis-tinc-tion (-distingk'shun), *n.* distinction by opposites.

con-tra-dis-tin-guish (-ting'gwish), *v.t.* to distinguish by opposites.

con-tral-to (kon-tral'tō), *n.* the highest male or lowest female voice.

con-tra-ri-e-ty (-trâ-rī'i-ti), *n.* opposition.

con-tra-ri-ly ('trâ-ri-li), *adv.* oppositely.

con-tra-ri-ness ('trâ-ri-nes), *n.* contrariety.

con-tra-ry ('trâ-ri), *adj.* opposite; perverse; wayward.

con-trast (kon-trâst'), *v.t.* to compare; *n.* (kon'trâst) opposition of qualities. *Syn.* oppose, discriminate.

con-tra-vene (kon-trâ-vẽn'), *v.t.* to obstruct.

con-tra-ven-tion (-ven'shun), *n.* opposition.

con-trib-ute (kon-trib'ūt), *v.t.* to give; furnish as a share for some object.

con-tri-bu-tion (-tri-bū'shun), *n.* a subscription; a writing for a periodical.

con-trib-u-tor ('ū-tẽr), *n.* one who contributes.

con-trite (kon'trīt), *adj.* penitent.

con-trite-ly (-li), *adv.* penitently.

con-tri-tion (-trish'un), *n.* sorrow for sin.

con-tri-vance (-trī'vâns), *n.* a device; scheme.

con-trive (kon-trīv'), *v.t.* to devise; invent; lay plans for; bring about.

con-trol (kon-trōl'), *n.* superintendence; authority: *v.t.* to restrain; regulate.

con-trol-la-ble ('â-bl), *adj.* subject to control; yielding.

con-trol-ler ('ẽr), *n.* one who controls. Also comptroller.

con-tro-ver-sial (-trō-vẽr'-shăl), *adj.* polemical.

con-tro-ver-sy ('trō-vẽr-si), *n.* debate; disputation; dispute.

con-tro-vert (-trō-vẽrt'), *v.t.* to contend against.

con-tro-vert-i-ble (-vẽrt'i-bl), *adj.* capable of being disputed.

con-tu-ma-cious (-tū-mā'-shus), *adj.* perverse.

con-tu ma-cy ('tū-ma-si), *n.* perverse opposition to lawful authority.

con-tu-me-li-ous (-tū-mē'li-us), *adj.* contemptuous; offensive; supercilious.

con-tu-me-ly ('tū-me-li), *n.* haughty rudeness; scornful and insolent abuse.

con-tuse (kon-tūz'), *v.t.* to bruise the flesh.

con-tu-sion (-tū'zhun), *n.* the act of contusing.

co-nun-drum (ko-nun'drum), *n.* a riddle.

con-va-lesce (kon-vă-les'), *v.i.* to recover health.

con-va-les-cence ('ens), *n.* recovery after illness.

con-va-les-cent ('ent), *adj.* recovering health.

con-vene (kon-vẽn'), *v.i.* to meet together.

con-ve-nience (-vẽ'niens), *n.* fitness; accommodation.

con-ve-nient ('nient), *adj.* suitable; handy.

con-vent (kon'vent), *n.* a nunnery; monastery.

con-ven-ti-cle (-ven'ti-kl), *n.* an assembly for worship.

con-ven-tion (-ven'shun), *n.* an assembly; a diplomatic agreement.

con-ven-tion-al (-ăl), *adj.* customary; based on common usage.

con-ven-tion-al-i-ty (-al'i-ti), *n.* adherence to precedent; artificiality.

con-verge (kon-vẽrj'), *v.i.* to tend to one point.

con-ver-gent ('jent), *adj.* tending to one point; moving together.

con-vers-a-ble (kon-vẽrs'ă-bl), social; inclined to converse; also conversible.

con-ver-sant (kon'vẽr-sănt), *adj.* familiar with.

con-ver-sa-tion (-sā'shun), *n.* informal talk. *Syn.* chat, talk, parley.

con-ver-sa-tion-al (-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to conversation.

con-verse (kon-vẽrs'), *v.i.* to discourse; talk familiarly: *adj.* & *n.* (kon'vẽrs) opposite; familiar talk.

con-verse-ly (-li), *adv.* reciprocally.

con-ver-sion (-vẽr'shun), *n.* change of opinion.

con-vert (kon-vẽrt'), *v.t.* undergo a moral change; apply to any use: *n.* (kon'vert) one who has undergone a moral change. *Syn.* disciple, proselyte.

con-vert-i-ble (kon-vẽrt'i-bl), *adj.* transmutable.

con-vex (kon'veks), *adj.* curved on the outside.

con-vex-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* roundness.

con-vey (kon-vā'), *v.t.* to carry; transmit; communicate; transfer title. *Syn.* remove, transport, give.

con-vey-ance ('ăns), *n.* a vehicle; transference of property.

con-vey-anc-er ('ăns-ẽr), *n.* one who aids in transferring property.

con-vey-anc-ing ('ăns-ing), *n.* the business of conveyancer.

con-vict (kon-vikt'), *v.t.* to prove guilty: *n.* (kon'vikt) one found guilty of crime.

con-vic-tion (-vik'shun), *n.* a strong belief.

con-vince (kon-vins'), *v.t.* to persuade; cause to believe.

con-viv-i-al (kon-viv'i-ăl), *adj.* festive; jovial.

con-viv-i-al-ly (-li), *adv.* festively; jovially.

con-vo-ca-tion (kon-vō-kā'-shun), *n.* an assembly of clergy.

con-voke (kon-vōk'), *v.t.* to call together; convene.

con-vo-lu-tion (-lū'shun), *n.* a rolling together.

con-voy (kon-voi'), *v.t.* to accompany for protection: *n.* (kon'voi) a protecting force; an escort.

con-vulse (kon-vuls'), *v.t.* to agitate violently.

con-vul-sion (-vul'shun), *n.* a tumult; spasm.

con-vuls-ive (-vuls'iv), *adj.* producing convulsions.

co-ny or CON-EY (kō-'ni), *n.* a rabbit.

coo (kōō), *v.i.* to cry like a dove or pigeon.

cook (kook), *v.t.* to prepare food for eating: *n.* one who dresses food.

cook-er-y ('ĕr-i), *n.* the art of cooking.

cool (kōōl), *adj.* moderately cold; calm; deliberate: *v.i.* to become cool. *Syn.* cold, frigid.

coo-lie (kōō'li), *n.* an East Indian porter.

cool-ness ('nes), *n.* the state of being cool.

coon (kōōn), *n.* abbreviation of raccoon; a sly person.

coop (kōōp), *n.* a cage; pen: *v.t.* to confine; inclose.

coop-er ('ĕr), *n.* a maker of barrels, casks, etc.

coop-er-age ('ĕr-ej), *n.* the business of a cooper.

co-öp-er-ate ('ĕr-āt), *v.i.* to work jointly.

co-öp-er-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* working together.

co-öp-er-a-tor ('ĕr-ā-tĕr), *n.* one who acts conjointly with others.

co-ör-di-nate (-ôr'di-nāt), *v.t.* to make equal; harmonize: *adj.* of the same rank as another.

co-ör-di-nate-ly (-li), *adv.* in the same rank.

co-ör-di-na-tion (-nā'shun), *n.* state of being coordinate.

coot (kōōt), *n.* a short-tailed water-fowl.

co-pai-ba (kō-pā'bâ), *n.* a resinous balsam used as a medicine. Also copaiva.

co-pal (kō'pal), *n.* a gum-resin: used in varnishes.

cope (kōp), *v.i.* to strive or contend with; *n.* an ecclesiastic vestment.

co-ping (kō'ping), *n.* the top masonry of a wall.

co-pi-ous ('pi-us), *adj.* abundant; diffusive.

cop-per (kop'ĕr), *n.* a large metal boiler.

cop-per-head (-hed), *n.* a venomous serpent.

cop-per-plate (-plāt), *n.* an engraved plate of copper.

cop-pice (kop'is), *n.* same as copse.

copse (kops), *n.* a thicket of brushwood.

cop-u-la ('ū-lâ), *n.* a bond; a connecting word.

cop-u-late ('ū-lāt), *v.i.* unite in pairs.

cop-u-la-tion (-lā'shun), *n.* sexual intercourse.

cop-y (kop'i), *n.* an imitation; a writing exercise: *v.t.* to transcribe; imitate.

cop-y-right (-rīt), *n.* the sole right to publish a book for a prescribed period.

co-quet (kō-ket'), *v.i.* to flirt; trifle in love.

co-quet-ry (kō'ket-ri), *n.* the act of flirtation.

co-quette (kō-ket'), *n.* a vain, trifling woman.

cor-al (kor'âl), *n.* the shell of certain marine polyps: *adj.* pertaining to coral.

cor-bel ('bel), *n.* a projection to support some mass.

cord (kôrd), *n.* a twisted string; a measure of wood.

cord-age ('ej), *n.* ropes of a ship.

cor-date (kôr'dāt), *adj.* heart-shaped.

cor-dial (kôr'jâl), *adj.* hearty; sincere; cheering: *n.* a strengthening medicine; exhilarating liquor.

cor-dial-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* sincerity; heartiness.

cord-ing (kôrd'ing), *n.* the ribbed surface of a twilled fabric.

cor-don (kôr'don), *n.* the ribbon of an order or society; a line of military posts.

cor-du-roy ('dū-roi), *n.* a ribbed or corded cotton stuff; a road of logs.

cord-wai-ner (kôrd'wā-nĕr), *n.* a shoemaker.

core (kôr), *n.* the heart or innermost part of anything, especially of fruit.

co-ri-a-ceous (kō-ri-ā'shus), *adj.* like leather.

Co-rin-thi-an or-der (ôr'dĕr), *n.* the most ornate of the classic orders of architecture.

cork (kôrk), *n.* the bark of the cork tree; a stopper for a bottle: *adj.* made of cork.

cor-mo-rant (kôr'mō-rânt), *n.* a fish-eating bird; a glutton.

corn (kôrn), *n.* grain, as maize, wheat, etc.: *v.t.* to preserve with salt.

corn (kôrn), *n.* a horny excrescence on the toe, or foot.

corn-cob ('kob), *n.* the spike of an ear of corn.

cor-ne-a (kôr'ne-â), *n.* the horny membrane in the front of the eye.

cor-ne-lian (-nē'liân), *n.* a variety of chalcedony.

cor-ner (kôr'nĕr), *n.* an angle; a retired place: *v.t.* to force into a difficult position.

cor-net ('net), a kind of trumpet.

cor-nice ('nis), *n.* the border on top of a wall.

cor-nu-co-pi-a (kôr-nū-kō'pi-å), *n.* the horn of plenty, represented as overflowing with fruit, flowers, etc.

cor-nu-ted (-nū'ted), *adj.* having horns.

co-rol-la (ko-rol'å), *n.* the inner envelope of a flower.

cor-ol-la-ry (kor'ol- or ko-rol'å-ri), *n.* an inference drawn from a proposition.

co-ro-na (ko-rō'nå), *n.* a crown.

cor-o-nal (kor'o- or ko-rō'nål), *n.* a crown, or garland: *adj.* pertaining to the top of the head.

cor-o-na-tion (kor-ō-nā'shun), *n.* the act of crowning.

cor-o-ner (kor'o-nĕr), *n.* an officer appointed to investigate sudden death.

cor-o-net ('o-net), *n.* an inferior crown; an ornamental head-dress.

cor-po-ral (kôr'po-rål), *adj.* relating to the body: *n.* a non-commissioned officer.

cor-po-ral-ly (-li), *adv.* bodily; physically.

cor-po-rate (-rāt), *adj.* united in a community.

cor-po-ra-tion (-rā'shun), *n.* a body politic acting as one individual; a large business organization.

cor-po-re-al (-pō'rē-ål), *adj.* having a body.

corps (kôr), *n.* a body of troops.

corpse (kôrps), *n.* a dead body.

cor-pu-lence ((kôr'pū-lens), *n.* fleshiness.

cor-pu-lent (-lent), *adj.* bulky; having a large body.

cor-pus-cle ('pus-l), *n.* a minute particle.

cor-pus-cu-lar (-pus'kū-lăr), *adj.* pertaining to corpuscles.

cor-ral (kor-ral'), *n.* a pen for live stock. *v.t.* to pen up.

cor-rect (ko-rekt'), *v.t.* to rectify; punish faults: *adj.* exact; accurate. *Syn.* make right.

cor-rec-tion ('shun), *n.* the act of correcting.

cor-rect-ive ('iv), *adj.* able to correct: *n.* that which corrects.

cor-re-late (kor-e-lāt'), *v.i.* to be reciprocally related.

cor-re-la-tion (-lā'shun), *n.* reciprocal relation.

cor-rel-a-tive (-rel'å-tiv), *adj.* having mutual relation.

cor-re-spond (kor-e-spond'), *v.i.* to agree; suit; communicate by letters.

cor-re-spond-ence ('ens), *n.* communication by letters; congruity.

cor-re-spond-ent ('ent), *adj.* agreeing with; *n.* one who writes to others or for a journal.

cor-ri-dor (kor'i-dôr), *n.* a gallery or open passage in a building.

cor-ri-gi-ble (kor'i-ji-bl), *adj.* that which may be corrected or reformed.

cor-rob-o-rate (kor-rob'ō-rāt), *v.t.* to confirm; strengthen; verify.

cor-rob-o-ra-tion (-rā'shun), *n.* verification.

cor-rob-o-ra-tive ('ō-rō-tiv), *adj.* confirmative.

cor-rode (kor-ōd'), *v.t.* to consume; disintegrate.

cor-ro-sion (kor-ō'zhun), *n.* the act of corroding.

cor-ru-gate ('oo-gāt), *v.t.* to wrinkle; contract.

cor-ru-ga-tion (-gā'shun), *n.* a fold or wrinkle.

cor-rupt (kor-rupt'), *v.t.* to make impure; vitiate; seduce; bribe: *adj.* depraved; spoiled; erroneous; dishonest.

cor-rupt-i-ble (-rupt'i-bl), *adj.* capable of being corrupted.

cor-rup-tion (-rup'shun), *n.* decay; depravity.

cor-sage (kôr'säzh), *n.* a bodice; waist.

cor-set (kôr'set), *n.* a bodice to support the figure.

cor-tege (kôr-tāzh'), *n.* a train of attendants.

cor-tex (kôr'teks), *n.* outer bark or covering.

cor-ti-cal ('ti-kål), *adj.* like bark; external.

co-run-dum (ko-run'dum), *n.* a very hard mineral.

cor-us-cate (ko-rus' or kor'us-kāt), *v.i.* to sparkle; flash.

cor-us-ca-tion (kor-us-kā'shun), *n.* a sudden flash of light.

cor-vette (kôr-vet'), *n.* a sloop of war.

co-si-ly (kō'zi-li), *adv.* snugly.

cos-met-ic (koz-met'ik), *n.* a wash for improving beauty.

cos-mic (koz'mik), *adj.* pertaining to the universe. Also cosmical.

cos-mog-ra-phy (-mog'rȧ-fi), *n.* the science which treats of the constitution of the earth and the stars.

cos-mol-o-gy (-mol'ō-ji), *n.* the science of the world or universe.

cos-mo-pol-i-tan (-mo-pol'i-tȧn), *n.* a citizen of the world.

cos-mos (koz'mos), *n.* the organized universe.

cost (kôst), *n.* charge; expense; labor: *pl.* law charges: *v.t.* to be had at a price.

cos-tal ('tȧl), *adj.* pertaining to a rib.

cos-tive ('tiv), *adj.* constipated.

cos-tume (kos'tūm), *n.* dress; style of dress; *v.t.* (kos-tūm'), to provide with costumes.

cot (kot), *n.* a cottage; small bed.

cote (kōt), *n.* a hut; a sheepfold.

co-tem-po-ra-ry. Same as contemporary.

co-te-rie (kō-te-rē'), *n.* a social union; a clique.

co-til-lion (-til'yun), *n.* a lively dance and tune.

cot-tage (kot'ej), *n.* a small dwelling.

cot-ter ('er) *n.* one who dwells in a cottage.

cot-ton (kot'n) *n.* a downy substance obtained from the cotton-plant seed; cotton thread or cloth: *adj.* made of cotton.

cot-ton-gin (-jin), *n.* a machine for separating the seeds from cotton fiber.

couch (kouch), *v.t.* to express in words; *v.i.* to lie down; stoop; remove a cataract: *n.* a bed; sofa.

cou-gar (kōō'gär), *n.* the puma; American tiger.

cough (kôf), *v.i.* to expel air from the lungs: *n.* an effort of the lungs to expel irritating matter.

could (kood), *p.t.* of can.

coul-ter (kōl'tẽr), *n.* a ploughshare.

coun-cil (coun'sil), *n.* an assembly for consultation.

coun-cil-lor (-ẽr), *n.* a member of a council.

coun-sel ('sel), *n.* advice; consultation; a lawyer: *v.t.* to advise.

coun-sel-or (-ẽr), *n.* one who gives advice; a lawyer; member of a council.

count (kount), *v.t.* to reckon; enumerate; esteem: *n.* the act of numbering: a foreign title.

coun-te-nance (koun'te-nȧns), *n.* the face; appearance; support: *v.t.* to support; favor.

coun-ter ('tẽr), *n.* one who counts; a shop table; imitation money: *v.i.* to oppose: *adv.* contrary; adverse.

coun-ter-act (-akt), *v.t.* to act in opposition to.

coun-ter-feit (koun'tẽr-fit), *v.t.* to forge; imitate: *v.i.* to carry on deception: *adj.* feigned; spurious: *n.* a forgery; false coin.

coun-ter-feit-ing (-ing), *n.* the crime of making or uttering false coins or bank-notes.

coun-ter-mand (-mȧnd), *v.t.* to revoke or annul a command; contradict the orders of.

coun-ter-pane (-pān), *n.* a bed coverlet.

coun-ter-part (-pȧrt), *n.* a duplicate.

coun-ter-point (-point), *n.* the science of harmony.

coun-ter-sign (-sīn'), *v.t.* to add an additional signature: *n.* (koun'tẽr-sīn) an additional signature; a military watchword.

coun-ter-sink (-singk), *v.t.* to drill a depression to receive a screw or bolt.

coun-ter-vail (-vāl), *v.t.* to compensate; counteract.

count-ess (kount'es), *n.* wife of an earl or count.

count-ing (kount'ing), *n.* reckoning.

count-ing-house (-hous), *n.* the room where accounts are kept.

coun-try (kun'tri), *n.* a rural region; one's native land: *adj.* rural; rustic.

coun-ty (koun'ti), *n.* minor district of a country or state: *adj.* pertaining to a county.

coup (kōō), *n.* a sudden telling blow; a master-stroke.

coup-le (kup'l), *n.* two; a pair: *v.t.* to join together; unite in marriage.

coup-let (kup'let), *n.* two rhyming lines of verse.

cou-pon (kōō'pon), *n.* a certificate on bonds for the payment of interest; a section of a railroad or other ticket.

cour-age (kur'ej), *n.* fortitude; valor.

cour-a-geous (-ā'jus), *adj.* brave; bold.

cou-ri-er (kōō'ri-ēr), *n.* an express messenger; a traveling attendant.

course (kōrs), *n.* a race; a path or track; career; line of motion; regular sequence: *v.t.* to hunt: *v.i.* move swiftly.

cours-er ('ēr), *n.* a swift and spirited horse.

court (kōrt), *n.* an enclosed space; a royal palace; the retinue of a sovereign; a hall of justice: *v.t.* to pay court to; woo; solicit.

court-eous (kĕrt'yus), *adj.* polite; obliging.

court-e-sy (kĕrt'e-si), *n.* politeness; civility.

court-e-sy (kĕrt'si), *n.* a salutation made by bending the knees.

court-ier (kōrt'yer), *n.* one who attends court; one who solicits favor.

court-ly ('li), *adj.* refined; elegant.

court-mar-tial (mär'shăl), *n.* a court of naval or military officers.

court-ship ('ship), *n.* the act of wooing.

court-yard ('yärd), *n.* an inclosed space adjoining a house.

cous-in (kuz'in), *n.* the child of an uncle or aunt; a kinsman.

cove (kōv), *n.* a small inlet or creek; a retired nook: *v.i.* to arch over.

cov-e-nant (kuv'e-nănt), *n.* a written agreement; deed; bargain: *v.i.* to bind by contract.

cov-er (kuv'ĕr), *v.t.* to spread over; hide; clothe: *n.* a shelter; a covert.

cov-er-ing (-ing), *n.* that which serves to cover or protect.

cov-er-let (-let), *n.* a bed quilt.

cov-ert (kuv'ĕrt) *adj.* concealed; disguised; insidious: *n.* a shelter; a thicket.

cov-er-ture ('ĕr-tūr), *n.* a shelter; the status of a married woman.

cov-et (kuv'et), *v.t.* to desire earnestly or unlawfully.

cov-et-ous (-us), *adj.* inordinately desirous; avaricious.

cov-ey (kuv'i), *n.* a brood of birds.

cow (kou), *n.* the female of the ox tribe, and of some other animals, as the whale: *v.t.* to depress with fear.

cow-ard ('ärd), *n.* one without courage; a dastard.

cow-ard-ice (-is), *n.* want of courage; timidity. *Syn.* fear, pusillanimity.

cow-boy ('boi), *n.* a mounted employee of a ranchman who looks after cattle.

cow-er (kou'ĕr), *v.i.* to crouch through fear.

cow-herd ('hĕrd), *n.* a tender of cattle.

cow-hide ('hīd), *n.* the tanned skins of cows; a stout whip made of raw hide: *v.t.* to beat with such a whip.

cowl (koul), *n.* a monk's hood.

cow-lick ('lik) *n.* a tuft of hair on the forehead.

cow-pox ('poks), *n.* a disease which affects cows.

cow-slip ('slip), *n.* a species of primrose.

cox-comb ('kōm), *n.* a vain, conceited fellow.

cox-swain (kok'sun), *n.* the steersman of a boat.

coy (koi), *adj.* modest; bashful; demure.

coy-ness ('nes), *n.* reserve; demureness.

coy-ote (koi-ōt', or ko-yō'tā), *n.* the prairie-wolf.

coz en (kuz'n), *v.t.* to cheat.

co-zy (kō'zi), *adj.* warm and comfortable.

crab (krab), *n.* an edible crustacean; a kind of apple.

crab-bed ('ed), *adj.* morose; difficult to read.

crack (krak), *n.* a fissure; a sharp sound: *v.t.* & *v.i.* to break or sever; injure.

cracked (krakt), *adj.* split; blemished; broken.

crack-er (krak'ĕr), *n.* a hard biscuit; a firework.

crack-le (krak'l), *v.i.* to make a slight sharp noise.

crack-ling (krak'ling) *n.* slight, frequent reports; the rind of roast pig.

cra-dle (krā'dl), *n.* a baby's crib or little bed; an instrument for cutting grain: *v.t.* to rock or place in a cradle.

craft (krăft), *n.* a trade; cunning; fraud; a small vessel.

craft-i-ly ('i-li), *adv.* cunningly.

craft-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* cunning.

craf-ty (craf'ti), *adj.* cunning; artful.

crag (krag), *n.* a steep, rugged rock.

cram (kram), *v.t.* to stuff; fill beyond satiety: *v.i.* to eat greedily.

cramp (kramp), *n.* a spasm; a piece of iron, for holding or compressing: *v.t.* to affect with spasms; confine.

cran-ber-ry ('bĕr-ri), *n.* the marsh whortleberry, with its acid fruit.

crane (krān), *n.* a large wading bird; a machine for raising heavy weights.

cra-ni-al (krā'ni-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to the skull.

cra-ni-ol-o-gy (-ni-ol'ō-ji), *n.* the study of skulls.

cra-ni-um ('ni-um), *n.* the skull.

crank (krangk), *n.* a device for causing circular motion; an iron brace; whim; fancy; a crotchety person.

crank-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state of being cranky.

crank-y ('i), *adj.* liable to be upset; in a shaky condition.

cran-nied (kran'id), *adj.* full of chinks.

cran-ny ('ni), *n.* a chink or small split.

crape (krāp), *n.* a thin black gauze used in mourning.

crash (krash), *v.t.* to clash with violence: *v.i.* to make a loud noise: *n.* a sudden noise; a coarse linen fabric.

crass (kras), *adj.* gross; dense; obtuse.

crate (krāt), *n.* a wicker hamper.

cra-ter (krā'tĕr), *n.* the aperture of a volcano.

cra-vat (krȧ-vat'), *n.* a neckcloth.

crave (krāv), *v.t.* to ask for humbly or earnestly; to long for.

cra-ven (krā'vn), *adj.* cowardly: *n.* a coward; recreant.

cra-ving ('ving), *n.* a strong desire.

craw (kraw), *n.* a bird's crop.

crawl (krawl), *v.i.* to move slowly; creep.

cray-on (krā'un), *n.* a kind of chalk pencil; a drawing done with crayons.

craze (krāz), *v.t.* to become demented: *n.* a passing fashion.

cra-zi-ness (-nes), *n.* the state of being crazy.

cra-zy (krā'zi), *adj.* insane; foolishly eager.

creak (krēk), *v.i.* to make a harsh, grating sound.

cream (krēm), *n.* the oily part of milk: *v.t.* to gather cream; take the best part.

cream-er-y ('ĕr-i), *n.* a place where butter and cheese are made.

crease (krēs), *n.* a mark made by folding: *v.t.* to make a crease in.

cre-a-sote. Another form of creosote.

cre-ate (krē-āt'), *v.t.* to bring into existence: *v.i.* to originate.

cre-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* the act of creating: universe.

cre-a-tor ('tĕr), *n.* one who creates; the Supreme Being.

crea-ture (krē'tūr), *n.* a living being; one dependent on the influence of another: *adj.* belonging to the body.

cre-dence (krē'dens), *n.* belief; trust.

cre-den-tial (-den'shăl), *adj.* giving a title to credit: *n.pl.* certificates to show that one has a right to be trusted or to act with authority.

cred-i-bil-i-ty (kred-i-bil'i-ti), *n.* the quality of being credible.

cred-i-ble ('i-bl), *adj.* worthy of credit; probable.

cred-it (kred'it), *v.t.* to believe; trust: *n.* belief; honor; trust reposed.

cred-it-or (-ĕr), *n.* one to whom money is owed.

cre-du-li-ty (-dū'li-ti), *n.* ready belief.

cred-u-lous (kred'ū-lus), *adj.* easily deceived.

creed (krēd), *n.* a statement of belief.

creek (krēk), *n.* a small bay; cove.

creel (krēl), *n.* a wicker fishing basket.

creep (krēp), *v.i.* to move slowly, as a worm.

creep-er ('ĕr), *n.* a creeping person or plant.

creep-y ('i), *adj.* shivering; chilled.

cre-mate (krē-māt'), *v.t.* to burn to ashes, especially dead bodies.

cre-ma-tion (-mā'shun), *n.* the act of cremating.

cre-ma-to-ry ('mâ-tō-ri), *adj.* pertaining to cremation: *n.* a place for burning dead bodies.

cre-ole (krē'ōl), *n.* a native of Spanish America of European ancestry.

cre-o-sote ('ō-sōt), *n.* a heavy oily liquid, used as an antiseptic.

crep-i-tate (krep'i-tāt), *v.i.* to crackle.

crep-i-ta-tion (-i-tā'shun), *n.* a crackling noise.

crept, *p.t. & p.p.* of creep.

cres-cent (kres'ent), *adj.* growing: *n.* the new moon or a similar figure.

cress (kres), *n.* the watercress, an edible plant.

crest (krest), *n.* a tuft of hair or feathers; a cock's comb; the summit of a hill.

crest-fal-len ('fawl-n), *adj.* dejected.

cre-ta-ceous (krē-tā'shus), *adj.* composed of chalk.

crev-asse (krev-âs'), *n.* a deep fissure in a glacier; a breach in a levee.

crev-ice (krev'is), *n.* a crack; fissure.

crew (krōō), *n.* a ship or boat's company.

crew-el ('el), *n.* fine twisted worsted.

crib (krib), *n.* a manger; a stall; a child's bed: *v.t.* to confine; steal; plagiarize.

crib-bage ('âj), *n.* a card game.

crick (krik), *n.* a local stiffness or cramp.

crick-et ('et), *n.* a chirping insect; a ball game.

cri-er (krī'ĕr), *n.* one who makes a proclamation.

crime (krīm), *n.* a violation of the law; wrong-doing. *Syn.* sin, vice, misdemeanor.

crim-i-nal ('i-nâl), *adj.* pertaining to crime: *n.* one guilty of a crime. *Syn.* convict, culprit, felon.

crim-i-nate ('i-nāt), *v.t.* to involve in a crime.

crim-i-na-tion (-i-nā'shun), *n.* accusation.

crimp (krimp), *v.t.* to twist; curl; decoy: *n.* the keeper of a low lodging house for seamen.

crim-son (krim'zn), *n.* a deep red color: *adj.* crimson-colored: *v.t.* to dye with crimson.

cringe (krinj), *v.i.* to crouch from fear or with servility.

crin-kle (kring'kl), to wrinkle; corrugate.

crip-ple (krip'l), *v.t.* to deprive; make lame; disable: *n.* one who is lame.

cri-sis (krī'sis), *n.* a turning point; emergency; conjuncture.

crisp (krisp), *adj.* wavy; curled; brittle; *v.t.* to curl; ripple: *v.i.* become friable.

cri-te-ri-on (krī-tē'ri-on), *n.* a standard for judging.

crit-ic (krit'ik), *n.* one skilled in judging art or literature.

crit-ic-al (-âl), *adj.* nicely exact; skilled in criticism.

crit-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in a critical manner.

crit-i-cise ('i-sīz), *v.t.* to judge as a critic; censure.

crit-i-cism ('-sizm), *n.* the art of judging a literary or artistic work.

croak (krōk), *v.i.* to make a rough sound; to grumble: *n.* the hoarse sound of the raven or frog.

crock (krok) *n.* soot on a kettle, etc; an earthen pot: *v.t.* to smudge.

crock-er-y ('ĕr-i), *n.* earthenware.

croc-o-dile ('ō-dil, or -dīl), *n.* a large lizard-like reptile.

cro-cus (krō'kus), *n.* an early spring flower.

croft (kroft), *n.* a small inclosed field.

crone (krōn), *n.* an old woman.

cro-ny ('ni), *n.* a familiar friend.

crook (krook), *n.* a bend; a shepherd's staff; a bishop's staff; a swindler: *v.t.* to bend.

croon (krōōn), *v.t.* to hum; sing in a plaintive tone.

crop (krop), *n.* annual produce; a bird's craw; a stout hunting whip; hair cut close or short: *v.t.* to reap; mow.

cro-quet (kro-kā'), *n.* a lawn game with balls and mallets.

cro-sier (krō'zhēr), *n.* a bishop's staff.

cross (krôs), *n.* a gibbet, used in the punishment of crucifixion; the emblem of the Christian faith; a trial of patience: *v.t.* to put across; cancel; thwart; obstruct: *adj.* fretful; perverse; untractable.

cross-bow ('bō), *n.* a bow placed across a stock.

cross-grained ('grānd), *adj.* with an irregular grain; contrary in temper or disposition

cross-ing ('ing), *n.* a path across; intersection; opposition.

cross-ly ('li), *adj.* athwart; peevishly.

cross-ques-tion (-kwes'chun), *v.t.* to cross-examine.

cross-wise ('wīz), *adv.* across; cross-shaped.

crotch (kroch), *n.* a hook or fork.

crotch-et ('et), *n.* a musical note; a whim or fancy.

crotch-et-y ('et-i), *adj.* whimsical; odd.

crouch (krouch), *v.i.* to stoop low; cringe.

croup (krōōp), *n.* the rump of certain animals; the place behind the saddle; a throat disease.

croup-y ('i), *adj.* affected with croup.

crow (krō), *v.i.* to make a shrill sound like a cock; boast in triumph: *n.* the cry of a cock; a common large bird.

crow-bar ('bär), *n.* an iron lever.

crowd (kroud), *n.* a number of persons collected: throng; *v.t.* to press; fill to excess.

crown (kroun), *n.* a royal head-dress; the top of the head: *v.t.* to invest with a crown: install as a monarch.

crown-glass ('glas), *n.* finest window-glass.

cru-cial (krōō'shiäl), *adj.* cruciform; intersecting; severe; searching.

cru-ci-ble ('si-bl), *n.* a melting-pot.

cru-ci-fix ('si-fiks), *n.* a cross with the sculptured figure of Christ.

cru-ci-fix-ion (-si-fik'shun), *n.* the act of crucifying; great mental trial.

cru-ci-form ('si-fôrm), *n.* cross-shaped.

cru-ci-fy ('si-fī), *v.t.* to put to death by nailing to a cross.

crude (krōōd), *adj.* in a natural state; unripe; raw; immature.

crude-ly ('li), *adv.* in a crude manner.

crude-ness ('nes), *n.* the quality of being crude.

crud-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* the state of being crude.

cru-el (krōō'el), *adj.* merciless; hard-hearted; unrelenting. *Syn.* barbarous, brutal.

cru-el-ly (-li), *adv.* in a cruel manner.

cru-el-ty ('el-ti), *n.* inhumanity; savageness.

cru-et ('et), *n.* a small glass vial.

cruise (krōōz), *v.i.* to sail to and fro: *n.* a voyage from place to place.

cruis-er ('ēr), *n.* a fast warship.

crumb (krum), *n.* the soft inner part of bread; a fragment of bread; a little piece.

crum-ble ('bl), *v.t.* to break into crumbs.

crum-pet ('pet), *n.* a soft tea-cake.

crum-ple ('pl), *v.t.* to press into wrinkles; rumple.

crunch (krunch), *v.t.* to crush with the teeth.

crup-per (krup'ēr), *n.* the buttocks of a horse; a leather band passing from the saddle under a horse's tail.

cru-sade (krōō-sād'), *n.* a mediaeval military expedition to recover the Holy Land; vigorous action for the defense of some cause.

cruse (krōōs), *n.* an earthen pot or dish.

crush (krush), *v.t.* to squeeze; break by pressure; bruise; ruin; quell: *n.* a violent compression.

crust (krust), *n.* a hard coating; the earth's surface: *v.t.* to cover with crust,

crus-ta-ce-an ('shi-ăn), *adj.* pertaining to the Crustacea, as crabs and lobsters.

crus-ta-ce-ous (-tā'shi-us), *adj.* shelly.

crus-ty (krus'ti), *adj.* like a crust; rough in manner; surly.

crutch (kruch), *n.* a support for cripples.

cry (krī), *v.i.* to call aloud; proclaim; implore; shed tears: *n.* loud or passionate utterance; an exclamation of wonder or triumph; outcry; clamor; proclamation.

crypt (kript), *n.* a cell, usually under a church.

crypt-ic ('ik), *adj.* hidden; secret.

cryp-to-gram ('tō-gram), *n.* a system of writing in cipher.

cryp-tog-ra-phy (-tog'rä-fi), *n.* the art of writing in secret characters.

crys-tal (kris'tăl), *n.* a solid body of definite geometrical form; a fine kind of glass: *adj* clear; transparent.

crys-tal-line ('ta-līn), *adj.* like a crystal; clear; transparent.

crys-tal-li-za-tion (-li-zā'-shun), *n.* the act of crystallizing.

crys-tal-lize ('tăl-īz), *v.t.* to form into crystals.

crys-tal-log-ra-phy (-log'rā-fi), *n.* the science of crystallization.

cub (kub), *n.* the young of certain animals, as the fox.

cube (kūb), *n.* a solid body with six equal square sides; the product of a number multiplied together three times.

cu-beb (kū'beb), *n.* a small spicy berry; Java pepper.

cu-bic ('bik), *adj.* having the form of a cube.

cu-bit ('bit), *n.* the forearm from the elbow to the wrist; an ancient measure of about 18 inches.

cuck-oo (kook'ōō), *n.* a bird, so named from its note.

cu-cum-ber (kū'kum-bẽr), *n.* a garden plant whose fruit is used as salad and pickle.

cud (kud), *n.* food chewed a second time by ruminants; tobacco chewed.

cud-dle (kud'l), *v.i.* to lie close or snug.

cudg-el (kuj'el), *n.* a short thick stick: *v.t.* to beat with a cudgel.

cue (kū), *n.* the tail or end of a thing; a hint; the last word of an actor's speech; the rod used in billiards.

cuff (kuf), *n.* a blow; the wrist part of a sleeve: *v.t.* to strike with the hand.

cui-sine (kwē-zēn'), *n.* the kitchen; style of cooking.

cul-de-sac (kōōl'de-săk), *n.* a passage open only at one end.

cu-li-na-ry (kū'li-na-ri), *adj.* pertaining to cooking.

cull (kul), *v.t.* to pick out; select; gather.

cul-mi-nate ('mi-nāt), *v.i.* to reach the highest point; come to the meridian.

cul-mi-na-tion (-nā'shun), *n.* the highest point.

cul-pa-bil-i-ty (-pă-bil'i-ti), *n.* liability to blame.

cul-pa-ble ('pă-bl), *adj.* criminal; faulty.

cul-prit ('prit), *n.* one arraigned for or accused of a crime.

cult (kult), *n.* a ritual; a subject of special study.

cul-ti-vate (kul'ti-vāt), *v.t.* to till; improve; foster.

cul-ti-va-tion (-vā'shun), *n.* tillage; culture. *Syn.* improvement, refinement.

cul-ti-va-tor ('ti-vā-tẽr), *n.* one who cultivates.

cul-tur-al ('tūr-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to culture.

cul-ture ('tūr), *n.* tillage; training; refinement.

cul-vert ('vẽrt), *n.* an arched drain.

cum-ber (kum'bẽr), *v.t.* to hinder; clog; burden.

cum-ber-some (-sum), *adj.* burdensome.

cum-brous ('brus), *adj.* troublesome; vexatious.

cu-mu-la-tive (kū'mū-lā-tiv), *adj.* increasing by additions.

cu-mu-lus (kū'mū-lus), *n.* a rounded cloud.

cun-ning (kun'ing), *adj.* crafty; sly; artful: *n.* deceit; craftiness.

cup (kup), *n.* a drinking vessel; a chalice; a vessel for drawing blood: *v.t.* to bleed with a cupping-glass.

cup-board (kub'ẽrd), *n.* a closet with shelves for dishes.

cup-ful (kup'fool), *n.* as much as a cup will contain.

cu-pid-i-ty (kū-pid'i-ti), *n.* covetousness.

cu-po-la ('pō-lă), *n.* a spherical cup-shaped roof.

cur (kẽr), *n.* a mongrel dog; a worthless person.

cur-a-ble (kūr'ă-bl), *adj.* remediable.

cu-ra-cy (kū'rā-si), *n.* the office or district of a curate.

cu-rate (kū'rāt), *n.* a clergyman who assists a rector.

cu-ra-tive ('rā-tiv), *adj.* promoting cure.

cu-ra-tor (-rā'tẽr), *n.* a superintendent; a guardian, a keeper.

curb (kẽrb), *v.t.* to restrain; keep in subjection: *n.* restraint; part of a horse's bridle.

curb-stone ('stōn), *n.* the stone-edge of a path.

curd (kẽrd), *n.* the coagulated part of milk.

cur-dle (kẽr'dl), *v.t.* to thicken; coagulate.

cure (kūr), *n.* restoration to health; healing; spiritual charge: *v.t.* to restore to health; preserve by salting.

cur-few (kẽr'fū), *n.* an evening bell for putting out lights and fires.

cu-ri-os-i-ty (-os'i-ti), *n.* a rarity; inquisitiveness.

cu-ri-ous ('ri-us), *adj.* inquisitive; scrutinizing; extraordinary.

curl (kĕrl), *n.* a ringlet of hair: *v.t.* to twist into ringlets.

cur-ling ('ling), *n.* a game like bowling but played with flat stones on ice.

cur-ly ('li), *adj.* having curls; wavy.

cur-mud-geon (-mud'jun), *n.* a churl; a nigard.

cur-rant ('ânt), *n.* a small dried grape; a garden berry.

cur-ren-cy ('en-si), *n.* circulation; the paper money of a country.

cur-rent ('ent), *adj.* widely circulated; now passing; prevalent; common: *n.* a stream; general tendency.

cur-ric-u-lum (-ik'ū-lum), *n.* a course; a prescribed course of study.

cur-ri-er ('i-ĕr), *n.* a leather dresser.

cur-ry (kur'i), *v.t.* to clean a horse; to dress leather: *n.* a highly-spiced East Indian sauce; a stew flavored with curry.

cur-ry-comb (-kōm), *n.* a comb used to clean horses.

curse (kĕrs), *n.* an imprecation of evil; a profane oath: *v.t.* to wish or cause evil to: *v.i.* to swear.

curs-ed (kĕrst), *p.adj.* under a curse; hateful.

cur-so-ri-ly ('sō-ri-li), *adv.* hastily; imperfectly.

cur-so-ry ('sō-ri), *adj.* hasty; superficial. *Syn.* desultory, unconnected.

curt (kĕrt), *adj.* abrupt; short; concise.

cur-tail (kĕr-tāl'), *v.t.* to cut short; reduce.

cur-tain ('tin), *n.* a hanging screen which can easily be drawn aside: *v.t.* to inclose with curtains.

curt-sy (kĕrt'si), *n.* a salutation made by bending the knees: *v.i.* to make a curtsy.

cur-va-tion (-vā'shun), *n.* the act of bending.

cur-va-ture ('vā-tūr), *n.* a bending.

curve (kĕrv), *adj.* bent without angles: *n.* a bending without angles: *v.t.* to bend.

cur-vi-lin-e-ar (kĕr-vi-lin'e-ar), *adj.* consisting of curved lines.

cush-ion (koosh'un), *n.* a soft pad for a seat: *v.t.* to furnish with cushions.

cusp (kusp), *n.* the horn of a crescent. a sharp point.

cus-pi-date ('pi-dāt), *adj.* furnished with a sharp, spear-like point.

cus-pi-dor ('pi-dōr), *n.* a spittoon.

cus-tard ('tĕrd), *n.* a cooked mixture of eggs, milk, and sugar.

cus-to-di-an (-tō'di-ân), *n.* one in care of property.

cus-to-dy ('to-di), *n.* guardianship; imprisonment.

cus-tom ('tum), *n.* habitual practice; established usage; business support; unwritten law. *Syn.* fashion, manner.

cus-tom house (hous), *n.* a building where duties are paid on goods.

cus-tom-a-ry ('ā-ri), *adj.* habitual; conventional.

cus-tom-er (ĕr), *n.* a purchaser.

cut (kut), *v.t.* to cleave; make an incision in; excavate: abridge: *n.* a cleft or gash; a slice; a near passage; shape of clothing: *adj.* divided; gashed.

cut-glass (kut'glâs), *n.* glass cut into facets.

cut-throat ('thrōt), *n.* a murderer; ruffian.

cu-ta-ne-ous (kū-tā'ne-us), *adj.* pertaining to the skin

cute (kūt), *adj* sharp; clever.

cu-ti-cle (kū'ti-kl), *n.* the scarf-skin.

cut-lass ('lâs), *n.* a broad cutting sword.

cut-ler ('lĕr), *n.* a maker of cutting tools.

cut-le-ry (-ri), *n.* edged or cutting instruments.

cut-let ('let), *n.* a slice of meat.

cut-ter ('ĕr), *n.* one who cuts; a light sledge; a small fast-sailing vessel.

cut-ting ('ing), *p.adj.* dividing by an edged instrument; sarcastic; sharp: *n.* a piece cut off.

cut-water ('waw tĕr), *n.* the fore part of a ship's prow.

cy-a-nide ('â-nīd), *n.* a compound of cyanic acid with a metal.

cy-an-o-gen (-an'ō-jen), a poisonous inflammable gas.

cy-cle (sī'kl), *n.* a completed period of time; a revolution; a bicycle.

cy-clic (sī'klic or sik'lic), *adj.* pertaining to a cycle.

cy-cloid (sī'kloid), *n.* a geometrical curve.

cy-clom-e-ter (sī-klom'e-tēr), *n.* an instrument for registering revolutions.

cy-clone ('klōn), *n.* a violent rotatory storm.

cy-clo-pæ-di-a or CYCLOPEDIA (sī-klō-pē'di-ȧ), abbreviation of encyclopædia.

Cy-clo-pe-an (-klō-pē'ȧn), *adj.* pertaining to the Cyclops: hence huge and rough.

cyg-net (sig'net), *n.* a young swan.

cyl-in-der (sil'in-dēr), *n.* a long circular body of uniform diameter.

cy-lin-dric ('drik), *adj.* having the form of a cylinder.

cym-bal (sim'bȧl), *n.* a circular, dish-shaped instrument of music.

cyn-ic (sin'ik), *n.* a morose person.

cyn-ic-al ('ik-ȧl), *adj.* surly; satirical.

cyn-i-cism ('i-sizm), *n.* the temper of a cynic.

cy-no-sure (sī'no- or sin'ō-shūr), *n.* that which attracts.

cy-press (sī'pres), *n.* a variety of coniferous tree.

cyst (sist), *n.* a bladder; a bag containing morbid matter.

cys-tic (sis'tik), *adj.* pertaining to a cyst.

Czar (zär), or TZAR (tsär), *n.* the title of the Russian Emperor.

Cza-ri-na (zä-rē'nȧ), or TSARINA (tsä-), *n.* the wife of the Czar.

D

dab (dab), *v.t.* to strike lightly: *n.* a soft lump; a gentle blow; a salt-water flounder; an expert.

dab-ble (dab'l), *v.t.* to dip slightly; moisten; spatter: *v.i.* to play in water.

dab-bler (dab'ler), *n.* a superficial meddler.

dab-ster ('stēr), *n.* an expert.

dace (dās), *n.* a small fresh-water fish.

dac-tyl (dak'til), *n.* a poetical foot of three syllables.

da-do (dā'dō), *n.* the square part of a pedestal; around the lower part of a wall, etc.: *v.t.* to ornament with a dado.

daf-fo-dil (daf'ō-dil), *n.* the narcissus.

daft (daft), *adj.* simple; silly.

dag-ger (dag'ēr), *n.* a short, pointed weapon.

da-guerre-o-type (dȧ-ger'o-tīp), *n.* a picture produced on a silvered plate.

dah-lia (dȧl'yȧ), *n.* a composite plant, with large bright-colored flowers.

dai-ly (dā'li), *adj.* occurring every day; diurnal: *adv.* day by day.

dain-ti-ness (-nes), *n.* nicely; deliciously.

dain-ty (dān'ti), *n.* something delicious: *adj.* refined; choice.

dai-ry (dā'ri), *n.* a place where butter and cheese are produced from milk.

dai-ry-ing (-ing), *n.* the business of a dairy farmer or dairyman.

dais (dā'is), *n.* a raised platform.

dai-sy (dā'zi) *n.* a composite herb with a yellow disk and white rays.

dale (dāl), *n.* a vale; glen.

dal-li-ance (dal'i-ans), *n.* the act of dallying.

dal-ly (dal'i), *v.i.* to delay; loiter; fondle.

dam (dam), *n.* a barrier across a watercourse: a female parent, said of beasts: *v.t.* to confine by a dam; restrain.

dam-age ('ȧj), *n.* injury; wilful harm: *v.t.* to injure; hurt.

dam-ask ('ask), *n.* a rich silk fabric with a flowered design; a fine table linen: *v.t.* to work flowers upon.

dame (dām), *n.* a matron; the mistress of an elementary school.

damn (dam), *v.t.* to condemn; invoke a curse upon.

dam-na-tion (-nā'shun), *n.* punishment in a future state.

dam-na-to-ry ('nȧ-to-ri), *adj.* assigning to damnation.

damned (damd), *p.adj.* condemned to perdition.

damp (damp), *n.* moisture; humid exhalation: *adj.* moist; foggy; humid: *v.t.* to moisten; discourage.

damp-er ('ër), *n.* something which damps or checks.

damp-ness ('nes), *n.* humidity; moisture.

dam-sel ('zel), *n.* a maiden.

dam-son (dam'zn), *n.* a small purple plum.

dance (dåns). *v.i.* to move to music with measured steps: *v.t.* to dandle: *n.* a movement of feet in time with music.

dan-de-li-on (dan'de-li-un), *n.* a common plant with yellow flowers.

dan-der ('dër), *n.* dandruff; anger.

dan-dle (dan'dl), *v.t.* to move up and down on the knee; fondle.

dan-druff ('durf), *n.* scurf on the scalp.

dan-dy (di), *n.* a fop; coxcomb; something neat.

dan-ger (dān'jër), *n.* peril; hazard; risk.

dan-ger-ous (-us), *adj.* perilous; hazardouls

dan-gle (dang'gl), *v.i.* to hang loosely; follow: *v.t.* to swing.

dank (dangk), *adj.* humid; damp.

dap-per (dap'ër), *adj.* small; active; trim; neat.

dap-ple (dap'l), *adj.* spotted; variegated: *v.t.* to variegate with spots.

dare (dār), *v.i.* to have courage; attempt; venture: *v.t.* to defy; challenge.

dar-ing (dār'ing), *n.* intrepidity: *adj.* fearless; bold.

dark (därk), *adj.* wanting light; gloom; obscure; of a brunette complexion: *n.* darkness. *Syn.* dismal, opaque, dim.

dark-en ('en), *v.t.* to make dark; *v.i.* to become dark.

dark-ly ('li), *adv.* not clearly; mysteriously.

dark-ness ('nes), *n.* absence of light; obscurity; gloom; wickedness.

dark-some ('sum), *adj.* gloomy; slightly obscure.

dar-ling (därl'ing), *n.* a favorite; pet: *adj.* tenderly beloved.

darn (därn), *v.t.* to mend holes in garments: *n.* a patch made by darning.

dart (därt), *n.* a small lance or spear; a swift, sudden movement; *v.t.* to throw: *v.i.* to move swiftly.

dash (dash), *v.t.* to throw violently; break by collision: *v.i.* to rush with violence: *n.* a collision; a mark (—) in writing or printing.

das-tard (das'tård), *n.* a coward: *adj.* cowardly.

das-tard-ly (-li), *adv.* cowardly.

date (dāt), *n.* the time of an event; duration; the fruit of the date-palm: *v.t.* to note the time of; reckon.

da-tum ('tum), *n.* a fact admitted from which other facts may be deduced: *pl.* data.

daub (dawb), *v.t.* to cover; smear; paint coarsely; plaster; flatter grossly: *n.* a rudely executed painting; a smear.

daub-ing ('ing), *n.* a coarse unskillful painting.

daub-y ('i), *adj.* viscous; sticky; like a daub.

daugh-ter (daw'tër), *n.* a female child.

daunt (dänt), *v.t.* to intimidate; dishearten.

daunt-less ('les), *adj.* fearless; intrepid.

dav-it (dav'it), *n.* an upright for suspending or lowering a boat.

da-vy (dā'vi), *n.* a miner's safety-lamp.

daw-dle (daw'dl), *v.i.* to waste time; loiter.

dawn (dawn), *v.i.* to begin to grow light: *n.* the break of day; beginning.

dawn-ing ('ing), *n.* daybreak; beginning.

day (dā), *n.* from sunrise to sunset; the space of twenty-four hours from midnight to midnight.

day-book ('book), *n.* a daily journal of accounts.

day-break ('brāk), *n.* the dawn of day.

day-dream ('drēm), *n.* a visionary fancy.

day-spring ('spring), *n.* the dawn.

daze (dāz), *v.t.* to dazzle: *n.* the state of being dazed.

daz-zle (daz'l), *v.t.* to overpower with light or splendor: *n.* excess of light.

dea-con (dē'kn), *n.* a church officer.

dead (ded), *adj.* destitute of life; unprofitable; monotonous: *n.* dead persons: *adv.* exactly.

dead-en (ded'n), *v.t.* to weaken; retard; make lifeless; deprive of brilliancy.

dead-head ('hed), *n.* a person who has a free pass on railroads, etc.

dead let-ter (let'ĕr), *n.* an unclaimed letter.

dead-lift ('lift), *n.* a heavy weight.

dead-ly ('li), *adj.* destructive; fatal; implacable. *Syn.* mortal, terrible.

dead-reck-on-ing (-rek'un-ing), *n.* the calculation of a ship's place at sea by the log alone.

deaf (def), *adj.* deprived of hearing; inattentive.

deaf-en (def'n), *v.t.* to make deaf; render impervious to sound.

deaf-ness ('nes), *n.* the state of being deaf.

deal (dēl), *n.* a part; quantity; division of cards to the players; wood cut into boards or planks: *v.t.* to distribute cards: *v.i.* to make a private arrangement.

deal-er ('ĕr), *n.* one who deals; a trader.

deal-ing ('ing), *n.* behavior; business intercourse.

dealt, *p.t.* of deal.

dean (dēn), *n.* a church dignitary; the president of a college faculty.

dean-er-y (dēn'ĕr-i), *n.* the office or residence of a dean.

dear (dēr), *adj.* expensive; costly; beloved; highly esteemed: *n.* a darling; favorite: *adv.* at a high price or rate. *Syn.* precious, expensive.

dear-ly ('li), *adv.* with great affection; at high price; at great cost.

dear-ness ('nes), *n.* affection; high price.

dearth (dēr'th), *n.* want; scarcity; famine.

death (deth), *n.* extinction of life; the state of the dead; destruction. *Syn.* departure, demise.

death-bell ('bel), *n.* a passing bell.

death-rate ('rāt), *n.* the percentage of deaths among the population of a country, city, etc.

death-less ('les), *adj.* immortal.

death-ly ('li), *adj.* mortal; fatal.

de-bar (de-bär'), *v.t.* to shut out; exclude; hinder from approach.

de-base (de-bās'), *v.t.* to reduce to a lower state; adulterate; vitiate.

de-base-ment ('ment), *n.* act of debasing.

de-ba-ta-ble (de-bā'tā-bl), *adj.* admitting of debate.

de-bate (de-bāt'), *v.t.* to contend for; deliberate together: *v.i.* to argue; discuss; reflect: *n.* contention in words; discussion.

de-bauch (de-bawch'), *v.t.* to seduce; pollute; vitiate: *v.i.* to engage in gluttony or riot: *n.* intemperance; lewdness.

de-bauch-er-y (de-baw'chĕr-i), *n.* excessive intemperance; seduction from virtue.

de-ben-ture (de-ben'tūr), *n.* a written acknowledgment of a debt.

de-bil-i-tate ('i-tāt), *v.t.* to enfeeble; enervate.

de-bil-i-ta-tion (-i-tā'shun), *n.* enervation.

de-bil-i-ty (-bil'i-ti), *n.* abnormal weakness; languor.

deb-it (deb'it), *n.* that which is owing; opposed to credit: *v.t.* to charge with debt.

de-bouch (de-bōōsh'), *v.i.* to march into open ground.

dé-bris (dā-brē'), *n.* fragments of rocks; broken rubbish.

debt (det), *n.* that which is due; obligation; trespass.

debt-or ('ĕr), *n.* one who is in debt to another.

dé-but (dā-bōō'), *n.* a first appearance.

dé-bu-tant (-bōō-täng'), *n.* one who makes a debut: *fem.* debutante.

dec-ade (dek'ād), *n.* ten consecutive years.

de-ca-dence (de-kā'dens), *n.* a state of decay.

de-ca-dent ('dent), *adj.* deteriorating.

dec-a-gon (dek'ā-gon), *n.* a figure having ten sides and ten angles.

dec-ag-o-nal (-ag'ō-nal), *adj.* pertaining to a decagon.

dec-a-logue ('ā-log), *n.* the ten commandments.

de-camp (de-kamp'), *v.i.* to depart speedily; go away secretly.

de-cant (de-kant'), *v.t.* to pour off gently.

de-can-ter ('tĕr), *n.* glass bottle for holding wines, etc.

de-cap-i-tate (de-kap'i-tāt), *v.t.* to behead.

de-cap-i-ta-tion (-i-tā'shun), *n.* beheading.

de-cay (de-kā'), *v.i.* to rot; decline or fall: *n.* decline; rottenness; corruption.

de-cease (de-sēs'), *v.i.* to die: *n.* death.

de-ceit (de-sēt'), *n.* deception; falsehood. *Syn.* cheat, trick, delusion.

de-ceit-ful ('fool), *adj.* full of deceit.

de-ceit-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in a deceitful manner.

de-ceit-ful-ness (-nes), *n.* the state of being deceitful.

de-ceive (-sēv'), *v.t.* to mislead; delude; impose upon; disappoint. *Syn.* gull, dupe, cheat.

De-cem-ber (dē-sem'bĕr), *n.* the twelfth month of the year.

de-cen-cy (dē'sen-si), *n.* fitness; propriety; modesty.

de-cen-ni-al ('i-ăl), *adj.* lasting for or occurring every ten years.

de-cent ('sent), *adj.* decorous; becoming; respectable.

de-cep-tion (-sep'shun), *n.* the act of deceiving; cheat; fraud.

de-cep-tive ('tiv), *adj.* tending to deceive.

de-cid-a-ble (de-sīd'ă-bl), *adj.* that may be decided.

de-cide (de-sīd), *v.t.* to determine; finish; give judgment; arbitrate. *Syn.* settle, terminate, resolve.

de-cid-ed ('ed), *adj.* free from ambiguity; resolute; determined.

de-cid-u-ous (-sid'ū-us), *adj.* falling off at maturity; shed periodically.

dec-i-mal ('i-măl), *adj.* pertaining to the number 10: *n.* a tenth.

dec-i-mate (des'i-māt), *v.t.* to select by lot and punish every tenth man; destroy a large proportion of.

dec-i-ma-tion (-mā'shun), *n.* the act of killing on a large scale.

de-ci-pher (de-sī'fĕr), *v.t.* to read difficult or secret writing; solve; unravel. *Syn.* read, spell, interpret.

de-ci-sion (-sizh'un), *n.* the act of deciding; determination; settlement. *Syn.* conclusion, resolution.

de-ci-sive (-sī'siv), *adj.* final; conclusive.

deck (dek), *v.t.* to dress finely; adorn: *n.* the plank flooring of a ship.

de-claim (de-klām'), *v.t.* to speak rationally; harangue.

dec-la-ma-tion (dek-lă-mā'shun), *n.* impassioned oratory. *Syn.* elocution.

de-clam-a-to-ry (de-klam'ă-tō-ri), *adj.* pertaining to declamation; noisy in style.

dec-la-ra-tion (dek-lă-rā'shun), *n.* an assertion; an affirmative publication; a statement reduced to writing. *Syn.* avowal, manifestation.

de-clar-a-tive (de-klar'ă-tiv), *adj.* explanatory.

de-clare (de-klār'), *v.t.* to make known; publish; affirm; assert.

de-clen-sion (-klen'shun), *n.* decline; deterioration; the inflection of nouns, etc.

de-clin-a-ble (-klīn'ă-bl), *adj.* capable of being declined.

de-clin-al ('ăl), *adj.* sloping downwards.

dec-li-nate (dek'li-nāt), *adj.* curved downwards.

dec-li-na-tion (dek-li-nā'shun), *n.* the act of bending downwards; variation; deterioration; distance from the equator; non-acceptance.

de-cline (de-klīn'), *v.i.* to bend downwards; droop; *v.t.* to refuse; depress; inflect: *n.* diminution; decay.

de-cliv-i-tous (de-kliv'i-tus), *adj.* moderately steep.

de-cliv-i-ty (-kliv'i-ti), *n.* a gradual descent.

de-coct (de-kokt'). *v.t.* to boil; digest by heat.

de-coc-tion (-kok'shun), *n.* an extract obtained by boiling.

de-col-la-tion (-lā'shun), *n.* the act of beheading.

dé-col-le-té (dā-kol-e-tā'), *adj.* cut low in the neck, said of a dress.

de-com-po-sa-ble (de-com-pō'ză-bl), *adj.* capable of being decomposed, or reduced to its elements.

de-com-pose (de-kom-pōz'), *v.t.* to resolve into constituent elements; cause to decay; putrefy.

de-com-po-si-tion (-pō-zish'un), *n.* separating into parts; analysis; disintegration.

dec-o-rate (dek'ō-rāt), *v.t.* to embellish, adorn.

dec-o-ra-tion (-rā'shun), *n.* an ornament; ornamentation; a badge of honor.

dec-o-ra-tive ('ō-rā-tiv), *adj.* tending to decoration.

de-co-rous (de-kō' or dek'ēr-us), *adj.* marked by propriety; decent; proper.

de-co-rum (de-kō'rum), *n.* propriety of words, dress, and conduct.

de-coy (de-koi'), *v.t.* to allure into danger: *n.* a deceptive stratagem; a lure.

de-crease (de-krēs'), *v.i.* to become less; diminish: *v.t.* reduce in size or extent; dwindle: *n.* diminution, or decay. *Syn.* lessen, wane, decline.

de-cree (de-krē'), *n.* an ordinance; edict; a judicial decision: *v.t.* to determine; ordain; assign.

dec-re-ment (dek're-ment), *n.* diminution.

de-crep-it (de-krep'it), *adj.* enfeebled; wasted.

de-crep-i-tude ('i-tūd), *n.* infirmity caused by old age.

de-cres-cent (-kres'ent), *adj.* growing less.

de-cre-tive (-krē'tiv), *adj.* having the authority of a decree.

de-cri-al (de-krī'ăl), *n.* clamorous censure.

de-cri-er ('ēr), *n.* one who censures.

de-cry (de-krī'), *v.t.* to cry down; censure; disparage.

de-cum-bent (-kum'bent), *adj.* lying down; prostrate; reclining.

de-cur-rent (-kur'ent), *adj.* extending downward.

de-cur-sive ('siv), *adj.* running down.

de-cus-sate (-kus'āt), *v.i.* to cross at an acute angle: *adj.* intersected.

ded-i-cate (ded'i-kāt), *v.t.* to consecrate; devote; inscribe, as a literary work. *Syn.* offer, set, apportion.

ded-i-ca-tion (-i-kā'shun), *n.* an inscription or address.

de-duce (de-dūs'), *v.t.* infer; derive from.

de-duct (de-dukt'), *v.t.* to take away; subtract.

de-duc-tion (-duk'shun), *n.* inference; conclusion.

de-duc-tive ('tiv), *adj.* pertaining to deduction.

de-duc-tive-ly (-li), *adv.* by deduction.

deed (dēd), *n.* an action; an exploit; a writing to convey property: *v.t.* to convey by deed. *Syn.* commission, achievement.

deem (dēm), *v.t.* to think; determine: *v.i.* to suppose. *Syn.* judge, estimate, consider.

deep (dēp), *adj.* far below the surface; profound; sagacious; intricate: *n.* a great body of water. *Syn.* designing, abstruse, learned.

deep-en ('en), *v.t.* to make deeper: *v.i.* to become deep.

deep-laid ('lād), *adj.* well-concerted.

deer (dēr), *n. sing. & pl.* a solid-horned ruminant.

deer-hound ('hound), *n.* a stag-hound.

deer-stalk-ing ('stawk-ing), *n.* stealing upon deer unawares.

de-face (de-fās'), *v.t.* to disfigure; injure; spoil. *Syn.* mar, cause detriment.

de-face-ment ('ment), *n.* injury; erasure.

de-fal-ca-tion (-fal-kā'shun), *n.* a breach of trust; embezzlement; diminution.

def-a-ma-tion (def-ă-mā'-shun), *n.* a slander; calumny.

de-fam-a-to-ry (de-fam'ă-to-ri), *adj.* slanderous.

de-fame (de-fām'), *v.t.* to accuse falsely; vilify.

de-fault (de-fawlt'), *n.* failure to do any act: non-appearance in court: *v.t.* to neglect: *v.i.* to fail in a duty. *Syn.* lapse, forfeit, omission.

de-fault-er ('ēr), *n.* one who makes a default.

de-feat (de-fēt'), *v.t.* to overcome or vanquish: *n.* the act of defeating.

def-e-cate (def'e-kāt), *v.t.* to clarify: *v.i.* to become clear; discharge excrement from the bowels.

def-e-ca-tion (-kā'shun) *n.* clarification; evacuation from the bowels.

de-fect (de-fekt'), *n.* insufficiency; fault; error. *Syn.* flaw, blemish.

de-fec-tion (-rek'shun), *n.* falling away; desertion.

de-fec-tive ('tiv), *adj.* incomplete; faulty.

de-fend (de-fend'), *v.t.* to guard or protect; maintain; contest legally. *Syn.* guard, protect, justify.

de-fend-ant ('ånt), *n.* one who is sued or accused in court.

de-fense (de-fens'), *n.* protection; vindication by force or argument. *Syn.* excuse, plea, bulwark.

de-fen-si-ble ('si-bl), *adj.* that may be defended.

de-fen-sive (-fen'siv), *adj.* serving to defend.

de-fer (de-fĕr'), *v.t.* to put off; delay: *v.i.* to procrastinate. *Syn.* postpone, adjourn.

def-er-ence (def'ĕr-ens), *n.* a respect to another.

def-er-en-tial (-ēr-en'shål), *adj.* characterized by deference.

def-er-en-tial-ly (-li), *adv.* respectfully.

de-fi-ance (-fī'ans), *n.* contemptuous disregard; a challenge.

de-fi-ant ('ånt), *adj.* bidding defiance.

de-fi-cien-cy (-fish'en-si), *n.* incompleteness; defect; want.

de-fi-cient ('ent), *adj.* wanting; incomplete. *Syn.* short, inadequate, scanty.

def-i-cit (def'i-sit), *n.* a falling off in receipts.

de-file (de-fīl'), *v.t.* to make foul or impure; corrupt the chastity of: *v.i.* to march off in a file: *n.* a narrow mountainous pass. *Syn.* pollute, corrupt, sully.

de-file-ment ('ment), *n.* pollution.

de-fi-na-ble (-fīn'å-bl), *adj.* that may be defined or determined.

de-fine (de-fīn'), *v.t.* to limit; explain. *Syn.* fix, settle, determine.

def-i-nite (def'i-nit), *adj.* having fixed limits; certain; precise.

def-i-nite-ly (-li), *adv.* certainly; distinctly.

def-i-ni-tion (-nish'un), *n.* a description of the meaning of a term, phrase, etc.

de-fin-i-tive ((de-fin'i-tiv), *adj.* determining; conclusive.

def-la-grate (def'lå-grāt), *v.t.* to set fire to: *v.i.* to burn with sparkling combustion.

de-flect (de-flekt'), *v.t.* to bend; deviate; turn aside.

de-flec-tion (-flek'shun), *n.* a bending.

de-flec-tive ('tiv), *adj.* causing deflection.

de-flower (de-flour'), *v.t.* to deprive of bloom; despoil of pristine grace; ravish.

def-lu-ent (def'lū-ent), *adj.* running downward.

de-form (-fôrm'), *v.t.* render unshapely; disfigure; mar.

de-form-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* physical malformation; want of beauty or harmony.

de-fraud (-frawd'), *v.t.* to deprive of some right by deception; cheat.

de-fray (de-frā'), *v.t.* to discharge expenses; settle. *Syn.* meet, liquidate, pay.

deft (deft), *adj.* dexterous; handy; clever.

de-funct (de-fungkt'), *adj.* dead; extinct: *n.* a dead person.

de-fy (-fī'), *v.t.* to challenge to strife; set at defiance.

de-gen-er-a-cy (de-jen'ĕr-å-si), *n.* the state of being degenerate.

de-gen-er-ate ('ĕr-āt), *v.i.* to decline in character; become of a lower type; deteriorate: *adj.* degraded.

de-gen-er-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* the act of growing worse; degeneracy; decline.

deg-lu-ti-tion (deg-lōō-tish'un), *n.* swallowing.

deg-ra-da-tion (deg-rå-dā'shun), *n.* the act of degrading.

de-grade (de-grād'), *v.t.* to reduce in rank; lessen in condition; diminish; wear away.

de-gree (de-grē'), *n.* a step or grade; rank; title given after college examination; 60 geographical miles. *Syn.* grade, extent, measure.

de-hisce (de-his'), *v.i.* to gape open.

de-his-cence ('ens), *n.* the opening of a capsule for the discharge of seeds.

de-i-fi-ca-tion (dē-i-fi-kā'shun), *n.* the act of deifying; apotheosis.

de-i-fy ('i-fī), *v.t.* to make, or exalt to the rank of, a deity; idolize.

deign (dān), *v.i.* to condescend; *v.t.* to permit.

de-ism (dē'izm), *n.* the creed of a deist.

de-ist ('ist), *n.* one who believes in the existence of a God apart from revelation.

de-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* a being who is worshipped as divine

De-i-ty, *n.* God; Jehovah; the attributes of God.

de-ject (de-jekt'), *v.t.* to depress; dishearten; sadden.

de-jec-tion (-jek'shun), *n.* lowness of spirits; melancholy; depression.

de-lay (de-lā'), *v.t.* to postpone; hinder for a time: *v.i.* to act slowly: *n.* postponement; procrastination.

de-lec-ta-ble ('tå-bl), *adj.* pleasing; delightful.

de-lec-ta-tion (-tā'shun), *n.* delight; pleasure.

del-e-gate (del'e-gāt), *v.t.* to send with authority to act; entrust; commit: *n.* one sent to represent and act for others. *Syn.* legate, representative.

del-e-ga-tion (-gā'shun), *n.* a sending away; a body of persons chosen to act for others.

de-lete (de-lēt'), *v.t.* to blot out; erase.

del-e-te-ri-ous (-tē'ri-us), *adj.* harmful; poisonous; highly injurious.

de-le-tion (-lē'shun), *n.* the act of deleting.

delf (delf), *n.* glazed earthenware.

de-lib-er-ate (de-lib'ĕr-āt), *v.t.* to consider; weigh in the mind; ponder: *adj.* circumspect; well-considered. *Syn.* meditate, consult.

de-lib-er-ate-ly (-li), *adv.* with consideration.

de-lib-er-ate-ness (-nes), *n.* circumspection.

de-lib-er-a-tion (-ĕr-ā'shun), *n.* careful consideration; slowness in action.

de-lib-er-a-tive (-tiv), *adj.* characterized by deliberation.

del-i-ca-cy (del'i-kå-si), *n.* agreeableness to the senses; refinement; sensibility. *Syn.* nicety, dainty, softness.

del-i-cate (-kāt), *adj.* pleasing to the taste; refined.

del-i-ca-tes-sen (-kā-tes'en), *n.pl.* table delicacies.

de-li-cious (de-lish'us), *adj.* highly pleasing. *Syn.* sweet, palatable.

de-light (de-līt'), *v.t.* to take pleasure in; *n.* great pleasure; high satisfaction.

de-light-ful ('fool), *adj.* affording delight.

de-lin-e-ate (-lin'e-āt), *v.t.* to mark out with lines; describe minutely.

de-lin-e-a-tion (-e-ā'shun), *n.* a sketch, a verbal description.

de-lin-quen-cy (-ling'kwen-si), *n.* neglect of duty; fault; crime.

de-lin-quent ('kwent), *adj.* failing in duty: *n.* an offender.

del-i-quesce (del-i-kwes'), *v.i.* to melt by absorbing moisture from the air.

del-i-ques-cent ('ent), *adj.* liquefying by exposure to the air.

de-lir-i-ous (de-lir'i-us), *adj.* affected with delirium.

de-lir-i-um ('i-um), *n.* aberration of the mind, caused by fever, etc.

de-liv-er (de-liv'ĕr), *v.t.* to release; set free; discharge; speak. *Syn.* liberate, give, hand over.

de-liv-er-ance ('ĕr-åns), *n.* the act of acquittal.

de-liv-er-y ('ĕr-i), *n.* a setting free; transfer; manner of utterance; parturition.

dell (del), *n.* a small secluded valley.

del-ta (del'tå), *n.* an alluvial deposit at the mouth of a river.

de-lude (de-lūd'), *v.t.* to impose upon; beguile; deceive.

del-uge (del'ūj), *n.* an inundation: *v.t.* to overwhelm.

de-lu-sion (-lū'zhun), *n.* deceit; imposition. *Syn.* error, illusion, fallacy.

de-lu-sive (-lū'siv), *adj.* tending to deceive.

delve (delv), *v.t.* to open with a spade; penetrate.

dem-a-gogue ('å-gog), *n.* a popular and factious orator.

de-mand (de-månd'), *v.t.* to claim; require; question: *n.* an authoritative claim or request.

de-mar-ca-tion (-mär-kā'-shun), *n.* division of land; boundary.

de-mean (de-mēn'), *v.t.* to behave; conduct.

de-mean-or ('ĕr), *n.* behavior; deportment.

de-men-tia (-men'shi-å), *n.* insanity.

de-mesne (de-mēn'), *n.* a manor house and land.

dem-i (dem'i), a prefix signifying *half.*

dem-i-god (dem'i-god), *n.* a deified hero.

dem-i-john (-jon), *n.* a large bottle incased in wickerwork.

de-mise (-mīz'), *n.* the transfer of an estate; death: *v.t.* to give by will.

de-moc-ra-cy (-mok'rå-si), *n.* government by the people; an American political party.

dem-o-crat (dem'ō-krat), *n.* an adherent of democracy; a member of the Democratic party.

dem-o-crat-ic (krat'ik), *adj.* pertaining to democracy.

de-mol-ish (de-mol'ish), *v.t.* to throw down; destroy. *Syn.* raze, overthrow.

dem-o-li-tion (dem-o-lish'un), *n.* destruction.

de-mon (dē'mon), *n.* an evil spirit; devil.

de-mo-ni-ac (-mō'ni-ak), *adj.* pertaining to demons.

de-mon-ism ('mon-izm), *n.* belief in demons; the nature of a demon.

de-mon-stra-ble (de-mon'-strå-bl), *adj.* capable of being demonstrated.

de-mon-strate (de-mon' or dem'on-strāt), *v.t.* to prove fully; teach by examples. *Syn.* exhibit, illustrate, make evident.

dem-on-stra-tion (dem-on-strā'shun), *n.* a positive proof; manifestation. *Syn.* certainty, evidence.

de-mon-stra-tive ('stra-tiv), *adj.* conclusive.

de-mor-al-ize ('ål-īz), *v.t.* to render corrupt; throw into confusion.

de-mul-cent (-mul'sent), *adj.* softening.

de-mur (de-mur'), *v.i.* to hesitate; raise objections.

de-mure (-mūr'), *adj.* affectedly modest or grave.

de-mure-ly ('li), *adv.* in a demure manner.

de-mure-ness ('nes), *n.* quality of being demure.

de-mur-rer (de-mur'ēr), *n.* an issue on a point of law.

den (den), *n.* the lair of a wild beast; a squalid place of residence.

de-na-tion-al-ize (de-nash'un-ål-īz), *v.t.* to deprive of national rights.

den-drite (den'drīt), *n.* a mineral with tree-like markings

den-drol-o-gy (-drol'o-ji), *n.* a treatise on trees.

de-ni-al (de-nī'ål), *n.* refusal; contradiction.

den-i-zen (den'i-zen), *n.* an inhabitant; citizen; dweller in.

de-nom-i-nate (de-nom'i-nāt), *v.t.* to designate; name.

de-nom-i-na-tion (-nā'shun), *n.* a sect; title.

de-nom-i-na-tion-al (-ål), *adj.* pertaining to a sect.

de-nom-i-na-tive ('i-nå-tiv), *adj.* giving a name.

de-nom-i-na-tor ('i-nā-tēr), *n.* that which denominates; the lower number in a vulgar fraction.

de-no-ta-ble (de-nōt'å-bl), *adj.* that may be denoted.

de-note (de-nōt'), *v.t.* to signify; indicate; betoken.

dé-noue-ment (dā-nōō-mäng'), *n.* the act of solving a plot; outcome.

de-nounce (de-nouns'), *v.t.* to accuse publicly; censure; stigmatize.

dense (dens), *adj.* thick; compact; intense.

den-si-ty (den'si-ti), *n.* compactness; closeness of parts.

dent (dent), *n.* a slight depression; *v.t.* to make a dent in.

den-tal (den'tål), *adj.* pertaining to the teeth.

den-tate ('tāt), *adj.* toothed; notched.

den-ti-frice ('ti-fris), *n.* tooth-powder.

den-tine (den'tin), *n.* the hard tissue which forms the body of a tooth.

den-tist ('tist), *n.* a dental surgeon.

den-tis-try ('tis-tri), *n.* dental surgery.

den-ti-tion (-tish'un), *n.* the process of cutting the teeth; arrangement of the teeth.

den-toid ('toid), *adj.* tooth-shaped.

den-u-da-tion (dē-nū- or den-ū-dā'shun), *n.* the act of making bare.

de-nude (de-nūd'), *v.t.* to make bare or naked.

de-nun-ci-a-tion (-nun-si-ā'-shun), *n.* a threat; menace.

de-nun-ci-a-to-ry (-tō-ri), *adj.* threatening.

de-ny (de-nī'), *v.t.* to contradict; refuse to grant or admit.

de-o-dor-ize ('dēr-īz), *v.t.* to disinfect.

de-part (de-pärt'), *v.i.* to go away; leave; die. *Syn.* quit, decamp, retire.

de-part-ment ('ment), *n.* a separate business office; a division of business, etc.

de-part-ment-al ('ăl), *adj.* pertaining to a department.

de-par-ture (pär'chŭr), *n.* a going away.

de-pend (de-pend'), *v.i.* to rely on; trust; hang down.

de-pend-ence ('ens), *n.* reliance; trust.

de-pend-ent ('ent), *adj.* hanging down; contingent; subordinate: *n.* a retainer.

de-pict (de-pikt'), *v.t.* to paint, or portray; describe.

de-pil-a-to-ry (de-pil'ă-tō-ri), *adj.* removing hair: *n.* an application for this purpose.

de-ple-tion (-plē'shun), *n.* blood-letting; emptying.

de-plor-a-ble (-plōr'ă-bl), *adj.* sad; calamitous.

de-plore (-plōr'), *v.t.* to lament; grieve for.

de-ploy (-ploi'), *v.t.* & *v.i.* to open out; extend in line.

de-pon-ent (-pōn'ent), *n.* one who gives testimony on oath.

de-pop-u-late (-pop'ū-lāt), *v.t.* to dispeople.

de-port (-pōrt), *v.t.* to carry; banish: *v.i.* to behave.

de-port-ment ('ment), *n.* conduct; behavior.

de-pose (pōz'), *v.t.* to dethrone; deprive of office: *v.i.* to testify on oath.

de-pos-it (-poz'it), *v.t.* to put down; place; give into keeping: *n.* anything deposited.

dep-o-si-tion (dep-ō-zish'un), *n.* the act of depositing; an affidavit.

de-pos-i-to-ry ('i-tō-ri), *n.* the place where anything is deposited.

de-pot (dē'pō, or dep'ō), *n.* a warehouse; a railway station.

dep-ra-va-tion (dep-rā-vā'shun), *n.* deterioration.

de-prave (de-prāv'), *v.t.* to make bad; vitiate.

de-praved (-prāvd'), *p.adj.* morally debased; corrupt.

de-prav-i-ty (-prav'i-ti), *n.* the state of being depraved or corrupt; wickedness.

dep-re-cate ('re-kāt), *v.t.* to pray against; express regret for.

dep-re-ca-tion (-kā'shun), *n.* the act of deprecating.

de-pre-ci-ate (de-prē'shi-āt), *v.t.* to undervalue; disparage: *v.i.* to fall in value.

de-pre-ci-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* fall in value.

dep-re-date (dep're-dāt), *v.t.* to pillage; prey upon.

dep-re-da-tion (-dā'shun), *n.* robbing; pillaging.

dep-re-da-tor (dep're-dā-tĕr), *n.* a plunderer.

de-press (de-pres'), *v.t.* to press or thrust down; humble; dispirit.

de-pres-sion (-presh'un), *n.* dejection of spirits; dullness of trade.

dep-ri-va-tion (dep-ri-vā'shun), *n.* the act of taking away; destitution; loss.

de-prive (de-prīv'), *v.t.* to take from; dispossess; depose from office. *Syn.* strip, bereave, despoil.

depth (depth), *n.* profoundness; deepness.

dep-u-ta-tion (dep-ū-tā'shun), *n.* persons deputed.

de-pute (de-pūt'), *v.t.* to send with authority to act. *Syn.* appoint, commission.

dep-u-tize (dep'ū-tīz), *v.t.* to appoint as a deputy.

dep-u-ty ('ū-ti), *n.* one appointed to act for another.

de-range (-rānj'), *v.t.* to throw into confusion.

de-range-ment ('ment), *n.* state of disorder; insanity.

der-e-lict (der'e-likt), *adj.* abandoned: *n.* anything forsaken, as a ship at sea.

der-e-lic-tion (-lik'shun), *n.* omission of duty.

de-ride (-rīd'), *v.t.* to mock; laugh at.

de-ri-sion (-rizh'un), *n.* ridicule; scorn; contempt. *Syn.* contumely, disrespect.

de-ri-sive (-rī'siv), *adj.* expressing derision.

de-riv-a-ble (-rīv'ă-bl), *adj.* capable of being derived.

der-i-va-tion (der-i-vā'shun), *n.* the act of deriving; evolution; deduction. *Syn.* origin, source, cause.

de-riv-a-tive (de-riv'ă-tiv), *adj.* derived; secondary: *n.* a word derived.

de-rive (-rīv'), *v.t.* to draw or infer from; obtain by descent; deduce.

der-o-gate ('ō-gāt), *v.t.* to take away; detract.

der-o-ga-tion (-gā′shun), *n.* detraction.

de-rog-a-to-ry (de-rog′ȧ-tō-rĭ), *adj.* disparaging.

der-rick (′ĭk), *n.* an apparatus for hoisting heavy weights.

der-vish (′vish), *n.* a Mohammedan monk; a Soudanese soldier.

des-cant (des′kant), *n.* a song; a discourse: (des-kant′), *v.i.* to comment freely.

de-scend (de-send′), *v.i.* to go down; be derived from.

de-scend-ant (′ȧnt), *n.* an offspring.

de-scend-ent (′ent), *adj.* descending; sinking.

de-scent (-sent′), *n.* a passing downward; a sudden attack; derivation; birth.

de-scrib-a-ble (de-skrīb′ȧ-bl), *adj.* that may be described.

de-scribe (-skrīb′), *v.t.* to narrate; set forth. *Syn.* delineate, portray.

de-scrip-tion (-skrip′shun), *n.* act of describing.

de-scrip-tive (′tiv), *adj.* that which describes.

des-e-crate (des′e-krāt), *v.t.* to profane; pollute. *Syn.* misuse, abuse.

des-e-cra-tion (-krā′shun), *n.* profanation.

de-sert (de-zĕrt′), *v.t.* to forsake; *v.i.* abscond from duty: *n.* a reward or punishment deserved.

des-ert (dez′ĕrt), *n.* a barren tract; a waterless district: *adj.* unpeopled; solitary.

de-serve (-zĕrv′), *v.t.* to earn by service; be worthy of; merit. *Syn.* earn, justify, win.

de-serv-ed-ly (′ed-lĭ), *adj.* justly.

des-ic-cate (des′i-kāt), *v.t.* to dry up.

des-ic-ca-tion (-kā′shun), *n.* the act of drying.

de-sid-er-a-tive (-tiv), *adj.* having desire.

de-sid-er-a-tum (-ā′tum), *n.* anything desired.

de-sign (-zīn′), *v.t.* to draw or sketch; project; intend: *n.* a drawing; project; intention. *Syn.* delineation, sketch.

des-ig-nate (des′ig-nāt), *v.t.* to point out; name.

des-ig-na-tion (-nā′shun), *n.* the act of designating; appointment.

de-sign-ed-ly (de-zīn′ed-lĭ), *adv.* intentionally.

de-sign-ing (-zīn′ing), *adj.* scheming; artful.

de-sir-a-ble (′ȧ-bl), *adj.* pleasing; agreeable. *Syn.* expedient, advisable.

de-sire (-zīr′), *v.t.* to wish for; crave: *n.* a longing for; a petition or prayer. *Syn.* affection, craving.

de-sir-ous (′us), *adj.* full of desire.

de-sist (′sist), *v.i.* to cease from. *Syn.* stop, discontinue.

desk (desk), *n.* an inclined table; a pulpit.

des-o-late (des′ō-lāt), *v.t.* to lay waste; overwhelm with sorrow: *adj.* solitary; abandoned; miserable. *Syn.* bereaved, forlorn.

des-o-la-tion (-lā′shun), *n.* the act of laying waste; a solitude; affliction; misery.

des-pair (-pār′), *v.i.* to abandon hope: *n.* loss of hope; desperation.

des-patch (des-pach′), or DISPATCH (dis-), *v.t.* to send off; expedite; put to death: *n.* speedy performance; an express.

des-per-a-do (-pĕr-ā′dō), *n.* a desperate man.

des-per-ate (′pĕr-et), *adj.* reckless; hopeless; violent. *Syn.* daring, audacious.

des-per-ate-ly (-lĭ), *adv.* recklessly; hopelessly.

des-pi-ca-ble (′pi-kȧ-bl), *adj.* contemptible.

de-spise (-spīz′), *v.t.* to scorn; contemn; disdain.

de-spite (-spīt′), *n.* malice; defiance: *prep.* notwithstanding.

de-spite-ful-ly (-fool-lĭ), *adv.* maliciously.

de-spoil (-spoil′), *v.t.* to rob; deprive of.

des-pond (-spond′), *v.i.* to lose hope.

des-pond-en-cy (′en-sĭ), *n.* absence of hope.

des-pot (des′pot), *n.* an absolute ruler; an autocrat.

des-pot-ic (-pot′ik), *adj.* absolute in power; tyrannical.

des-pot-ism (′pot-izm), *n.* absolute power; tyranny.

des-sert (dez-zĕrt′), *n.* the last course of a dinner.

des-ti-na-tion (des-ti-nā′shun), *n.* ultimate design; goal; termination.

des-tine (des′tin), *v.t.* to appoint; fix unalterably; doom.

des-ti-ny (′tĭ-nĭ), *n.* premeditated lot; fate. *Syn.* decree, doom, end.

des-ti-tute ('ti-tūt), *adj.* without means of living.
des-ti-tu-tion (-tū'shun), *n.* poverty; want.
de-stroy (de-stroi'), *v.t.* to lay waste; render desolate.
de-struc-ti-ble ('ti-bl), *adj.* that may be destroyed.
de-struc-tion (-struk'shun), *n.* subversion; overthrow; ruin; death.
de-struc-tive ('tiv), *adj.* tending to destruction. *Syn.* detrimental, hurtful.
de-struc-tive-ly (-li), *adj.* in a destructive manner.
des-u-da-tion (des-ū-dā'shun), *n.* profuse sweating.
des-ue-tude (des'we-tūd), *n.* disuse of a custom. *Syn.* disuse, discontinuance.
des-ul-to-ry (des'ul-to-ri), *adj.* without order or method; cursory; erratic. *Syn.* rambling, discursive.
de-tach (de-tach'), *v.t.* to disconnect; send away from.
de-tach-ment ('ment), *n.* the act of detaching; troops sent on special service.
de-tail (de-tāl'), *v.t.* to relate minutely; enumerate; *n.* an item; a minute account; a small detachment.
de-tain (de-tān'), *v.t.* to stop; retain in custody.
de-tain-er ('ĕr), *n.* one who detains.
de-tect (de-tekt'), *v.t.* to discover; bring to light; expose.
de-tec-tion ('shun), *n.* act of detecting; discovery.
de-tec-tive ('tiv), *adj.* employed in detecting: *n.* one employed in tracing criminals.
de-tent (de-tent'), *n.* a stop in a clock, lock, etc.
de-ten-tion (-ten'shun), *n.* the act of detaining.
de-ter (de-tĕr'), *v.t.* to discourage or hinder by fear. *Syn.* warn, stop, dissuade.
de-terge (-tĕrj'), *v.t.* to cleanse, as a wound.
de-te-ri-o-rate (-tē'ri-ō-rāt), *v. t.* to impair: *v.i.* to grow worse.
de-te-ri-o-ra-tion (-rā'shun), *n.* degeneracy.
de-ter-mi-na-ble (-tĕr'mi-nȧ-bl), *adj.* capable of being ascertained.
de-ter-mi-nate ('mi-nāt), *adj.* having fixed limits; clearly defined.
de-ter-mi-na-tion (-nā'shun), *n.* purpose; resolution; decision.
de-ter-min-a-tive ('min-ȧ-tiv), *adj.* determining, limiting, or defining.
de-ter-mine (de-tĕr'min), *v.i.* to decide; end.
de-ter-mined ('mind), *p.adj.* resolute; inflexible.
de-ter-min-ed-ly (-li), *adv.* resolutely.
de-test (-test'), *v.t.* to hate intensely.
de-tes-ta-tion (de-tes- or det-es-tā'shun), *n.* extreme dislike; loathing.
de-throne (-thrōn'), *v.t.* to deprive of royalty; depose.
det-o-nate (det'ō-nāt), *v.i.* to explode loudly.
det-o-na-tion (-ō-nā'shun), *n.* a sudden explosion.
de-tour (de-tōōr'), *n.* a circuitous way.
de-tract (-trakt'), *v.t.* to disparage; take away from.
de-trac-tion (-trak'shun), *n.* defamation; slander.
det-ri-ment (det'ri-ment), *n.* loss; damage. *Syn.* harm, injury.
det-ri-ment-al ('ȧl), *adj.* injurious.
det-ri-ment-al-ly ('ȧl-li), *adv.* injuriously.
de-tri-tal (de-trī'tȧl), *adj.* pertaining to detritus.
de-tri-tus ('tus), *n.* fragments of rocks worn away; débris; waste.
deuce (dūs), *n.* the devil; a card or dice with two spots.
dev-as-tate (dev'as-tāt), *v.t.* to lay waste; ravage.
dev-as-ta-tion (-tā'shun), *n.* desolation.
de-vel-op (de-vel'op), *v.t.* to unfold gradually; to bring to a higher state. *Syn.* amplify, expand, enlarge.
de-vel-op-ment (-ment), *n.* the act of developing.
de-vi-ate (dē'vi-āt), *v.i.* to turn aside from; diverge.
de-vi-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* digression; wandering; error.
de-vice (de-vīs'), *n.* a contrivance; invention; stratagem. *Syn.* artifice, expedient.
dev-il (dev'l), *n.* the Evil Spirit; a very wicked person.
dev-il-ish (-ish), *adj.* diabolical; extremely wicked.

dev-il-ry (-ri), malicious mischief; wickedness.

de-vi-ous (dē′vi-us), *adj.* rambling; circuitous.

de-vis-a-ble (-vīs′ȧ-bl), *adj.* that may be devised.

de-vise (-vīz′), *v.t.* to imagine; scheme; contrive; bequeath by will: *n.* a will.

de-vi-ser (de-vī′zēr), *n.* one who devises or invents.

de-vi-sor (′zēr), *n.* one who bequeaths by will.

de-void (-void′), *adj.* destitute of. *Syn.* void, wanting.

de-voir (dev-wär′), *n.* a duty owed; act of courtesy.

de-volve (de-volv′), *v.t.* to fall by succession; transmit.

de-vote (de-vōt′), *v.t.* to dedicate; give up wholly to; apply to some object.

dev-o-tee (dev-ō-tē′), *n.* a votary; enthusiast.

de-vo-tion (de-vō′shun), *n.* consecration; prayer; strong affection.

de-vo-tion-al (-ȧl), *adj.* devout.

de-vour (de-vour′), *v.t.* to swallow greedily.

de-vout (-vout′), *adj.* devoted to religious thoughts.

dew (dū), *n.* moisture deposited from the air at night.

dew-i-ness (dū′i-nes), *n.* state of being dewy.

dew-lap (′lap), *n.* the loose skin under an ox's throat.

dew-y (dū′i), *adj.* moist with dew.

dex-ter (deks′ter), *adj.* right: opposed to left.

dex-ter-i-ty (′i-ti), *n.* manual skill; adroitness. *Syn.* aptitude, expertness.

dex-ter-ous (-us), *adj.* adroit; clever; skillful.

dex-trine (′trin), *n.* a white gummy substance found in plant sap, etc.

di-a-be-tes (dī-ȧ-bē′tēz), *n.* a disease indicated by an excessive discharge of urine.

di-a-bet-ic (-bet′ik), *adj.* pertaining to diabetes.

di-a-bol-ic (dī-ȧ-bol′ik), or DI-A-BOL-IC-AL (-ȧl), *adj.* devilish; impious.

di-ac-o-nate (-ak′ō-nāt), *n.* the office or dignity of a deacon.

di-a-crit-ic-al (-krit′ik-ȧl), *adj.* serving to separate or distinguish.

di-a-dem (′ȧ-dem), *n.* a crown; tiara.

di-ag-nose (-ag-nōs′), *v.t.* to ascertain from symptoms.

di-ag-no-sis (-nō′sis), *n.* the recognition of a disease by its symptoms.

di-ag-nos-tic (-nos′tik), *adj.* characteristic.

di-ag-o-nal (-ag′ō-nȧl), *n.* an oblique line dividing a rectangular figure into equal parts.

di-a-gram (′ȧ-gram), *n.* a geometrical figure; an outline or drawing.

di-a-gram-matic (-at′ik), *adj.* pertaining to a diagram.

di-al (dī′ȧl), *n.* an instrument for showing the time by the sun's shadow; the face of a timepiece.

di-a-lect (′ȧ-lekt), *n.* a local form of speech; idiom.

di-a-lect-ic (′ik), *adj.* pertaining to a dialect, or to logic.

di-a-lect-ics (′iks), *n.pl.* the art of reasoning.

di-a-logue (′ȧ-log), *n.* a conversation between two or more persons.

di-am-e-ter (dī-am′e-tēr), *n.* a straight line passing through the center of a circle.

di-a-met-ri-cal (-ȧ-met′ri-kȧl), *adj.* pertaining to a diameter; adverse.

di-a-mond (dī′ȧ-mund), *n.* a gem of extreme hardness and costliness.

di-a-pa-son (-ȧ-pā′zon), *n.* the entire compass of a voice or instrument.

di-a-per (′ȧ-pēr), *n.* linen cloth woven in geometric patterns.

di-aph-a-nous (-af′ȧ-nus), *adj.* transparent.

di-a-pho-ret-ic (-fō-ret′ik), *adj.* producing perspiration.

di-a-phragm (′ȧ-fram), *n.* the midriff; any substance that divides.

di-ar-rhœ-a (dī-ȧ-rē′ȧ), *n.* a morbid purging of the bowels.

di-a-ry (′ȧ-ri), *n.* a register of daily events.

di-as-to-le (-as′tō-lē), *n.* the rhythmical movement of the heart.

di-a-ton-ic (-ȧ-ton′ik), *adj.* designating the regular tones of a key or scale.

di-a-tribe (′ȧ-trīb), *n.* a discourse or disputation; a strain of violent abuse.

dib-ble (dib′l), *n.* a gardening tool for planting.

dice (dīs) *n. pl.* small cubes marked with spots and used in games of chance.

di-cing (dī'sing), *n.* gaming with dice.

dick-er ('ĕr), *v.i.* to trade on a small scale.

dic-ta-graph (dik'ta-graf), *n.* a telephonic apparatus for dictation to a stenographer at a distance.

dic-tate (dik'tāt), *v.t.* to declare with authority; give text of letter: *n.* an injunction; command. *Syn.* prompt, suggest, enjoin.

dic-ta-tion (-tā'shun), *n.* the act of dictating.

dic-ta-tor ('tĕr), *n.* one who dictates: one given supreme authority in times of emergency.

dic-ta-to-ri-al (-tō'ri-ăl), *adj.* absolute; imperious.

dic-tion (dik'shun), *n.* manner of expression; choice of words; style.

dic-tion-a-ry (-ă-ri), *n.* a book containing and defining the words of a language.

dic-tum ('tum), *n.* a dogmatic assertion.

did, *p.t.* of do.

di-dac-tic (di-dak'tik), *adj.* teaching; instructing.

di-dac-tics ('tiks), *n.pl.* the art of teaching.

die (dī), *v.i.* to cease to live; expire; perish.

die (dī), *n.* a small cube used in games (*pl. dice*); a stamp used for coining money, medals, etc.

di-e-lec-tric (dī-e-lek'trik), *adj.* non-conducting.

di-et (dī'et), *n.* food; manner of living; a national assembly. *Syn.* food, victuals, fare.

di-e-ta-ry (dī'e-tā-ri), *adj.* pertaining to diet.

di-e-tet-ic (dī-e-tet'ik), *adj.* regulating diet.

di-et-ing (dī'et-ing), *n.* the act of eating according to regimen.

dif-fer (dif'ĕr), *v.i.* to be dissimilar; disagree; contend.

dif-fer-ence ('ĕr-ens), *n.* disparity; distinction; controversy. *Syn.* separation, disagreement.

dif-fer-ent ('ĕr-ent), *adj.* unlike; distinct. *Syn.* various, manifold, diverse.

dif-fer-en-tial ('shăl), *adj.* indicating a difference.

dif-fer-en-ti-ate (-en'shi-āt), *v.t.* to constitute a difference between.

dif-fer-en-ti-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* specialization.

dif-fi-cult ('i-kult), *adj.* not easy; arduous; perplexing. *Syn.* hard, intricate, involved.

dif-fi-cul-ty (-kul-ti), *n.* something that is hard to overcome; scruple; controversy.

dif-fi-dence ('i-dens), *n.* lack of self-reliance; modest reserve.

dif-fi-dent ('i-dent), *adj.* shy; modest.

dif-fuse (dif-fūz'), *v.t.* to pour out; scatter; circulate: *adj.* (dif-fūs'), widely spread; verbose. *Syn.* discursive, prolix.

dif-fu-si-ble ('i-bl), *adj.* capable of being diffused.

dif-fu-sion (dif-fū'zhun), *n.* a spreading abroad.

dif-fus-ive (-fūs'iv), *adj.* widely reaching.

dig (dig), *v.i.* to cast up earth with a spade; excavate.

di-gest (dī'jest), *n.* a collection of laws; a snyopsis: *v.t.* (di-jest') to arrange methodically; classify; dissolve in the stomach; soften and prepare by heat.

di-ges-ti-ble ('ti-bl), *adj.* capable of being digested.

di-ges-tion (-jes'chun), *n.* the conversion of food in the stomach into soluble products.

di-ges-tive ('tiv), *adj.* pertaining to digestion.

dig-ging ('ing), *n.* the act of excavating.

dig-it (dij'it), *n.* a finger or toe; any one of the Arabic numerals.

dig-i-tal ('i-tăl), *adj.* pertaining to a digit.

dig-i-ti-grade ('i-ti-grād), *adj.* walking on the toes, as cats, dogs, etc.

dig-ni-fied (dig'ni-fīd), *adj.* noble; stately.

dig-ni-fy ('ni-fī), *v.t.* to exalt; elevate; ennoble. *Syn.* aggrandize, promote, honor.

dig-ni-ta-ry (-tā-ri), *n.* a person of high rank.

dig-ni-ty ('ni-ti), *n.* elevation of rank; moral worth.

di-gress (di- or dī-gres'), *v.i.* to turn aside; diverge in argument or description.

di-gres-sion (-gresh'un), *n.* the act of digressing.

di-gres-sive (-gres'iv), *adj.* characterized by digression.

dike (dīk), *n.* an embankment of earth: *v.t.* to protect with a dike; drain by ditching.

di-lap-i-date (di-lap′i-dāt), *v.t.* to pull down; go to ruin.

di-lap-i-da-tion (′i-dā′shun), *n.* a state of partial ruin.

di-la-ta-ble (-lāt′å-bl), *adj.* expansive.

dil-a-ta-tion (dil-a-tā′shun), *n.* expansion.

di-late (-lāt′), *v.t.* to enlarge or expand; distend: speak copiously. *Syn.* stretch, swell.

dil-a-to-ry (dil′å-tō-ri), *adj.* tardy; slow; inactive. *Syn.* lagging, dawdling.

di-lem-ma (di- or dī-lem′å), *n.* a vexatious situation.

dil-i-gence (′i-jens), *n.* careful attention; assiduity; industry. *Syn.* care, heed.

dil-ly-dal-ly (dil′i-dal′i), *v.i.* to loiter; trifle.

di-lute (di- or dī-lūt′), *v.t.* to thin with liquid; weaken.

di-lu-tion (-lū′shun), *n.* a weak liquid.

di-lu-vi-al (-lū′vi-ål), *adj.* pertaining to a deluge.

dim (dim), *adj.* somewhat dark; hazy; obscure: *v.t.* to render less distinct; cloud; tarnish.

dime (dīm), *n.* a silver coin worth ten cents.

di-men-sion (di-men′shun), *n.* size; extent.

di-men-sion-al (-ål), pertaining to dimension.

di-min-ish (di-min′ish), *v.t.* to make less. *Syn.* lessen, reduce, contract.

dim-i-nu-tion (dim-i-nū′shun), *n.* reduction; lessening.

di-min-u-tive (di-min′ū-tiv), *adj.* little; contracted.

dim-i-ty (′i-ti), *n.* kind of cotton cloth.

dim-ple (dim′pl), *n.* a small hollow in the cheek or chin; an indentation: *v.i.* to form dimples.

din (din), *n.* a continued and violent noise: *v.t.* to stun with noise: *v.i.* make a clamor.

dine (dīn), *v.i.* to take dinner: *v.t.* to feed.

ding (ding), *v.i.* to sound, as a bell.

din-gi-ly (-li), *adv.* in a dingy manner.

din-gle (ding′gl), *n.* a hollow between hills.

din-gy (din′ji), *adj.* dark-colored; dirty.

din-ner (′ĕr), *n.* the chief meal of the day.

dint (dint), *n.* a mark made by a blow; force: *v.t.* to make a mark in.

di-oc-e-san (dī-os′e-sån, or dī′ō-sē-sån), *adj.* pertaining to a diocese: *n.* a bishop.

di-o-cese (′ō-sēs), *n.* a bishop's see; a bishopric.

di-o-ra-ma (-rä′må), *n.* pictures shown on movable screens in a darkened room.

dip (dip), *v.t.* to plunge into a fluid; lower and raise quickly: incline downwards: *n.* immersion; inclination.

diph-the-ri-a (dif- or dip-thē′ri-å), *n.* a contagious throat-disease.

diph-thong (′thông), *n.* the union of two vowels in one sound.

di-plo-ma (di-plō′må), *n.* a document conferring some honor or dignity.

di-plo-ma-cy (′må-si, or -plom′å-si), *n.* skill in conducting negotiations.

dip-lo-mat (dip′lō-mat), *n.* a diplomatist.

dip-lo-mat-ic (-mat′ik), *adj.* pertaining to diplomacy.

di-plo-ma-tist (di-plō′må-tist), *n.* one who is skilled in diplomacy.

dip-so-ma-ni-a (-sō-mā′ni-å), *n.* a morbid craving for alcoholic drinks.

dip-te-rous (′te-rus), *adj.* two-winged.

dire (dīr), *adj.* dreadful; mournful; frightful.

di-rect (dī-rekt′), *adj.* straight; open; plain; *v.i.* to guide; prescribe.

di-rec-tion (-rek′shun), *n.* relative position; a command; address on a letter, etc. *Syn.* aim, course, tendency.

di-rect-ly (′li), *adv.* immediately; openly.

di-rect-ness (′nes), *n.* straightness; freedom from ambiguity.

di-rect-or (′ĕr), *n.* one who directs.

di-rect-o-ry (′o-ri), *n.* a book containing the names, etc., of city residents; a body of directors.

dire-ful (dīr′fool), *adj.* dreadful; dismal.

dire-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in a dire manner.

dirge (dĕrj), *n.* a funeral hymn.

dir-i-gi-ble (dir′i-ji-ble), *adj.* that may be guided or steered.

dirk (dĕrk), *n.* a dagger.

dirt (dĕrt), *n.* any foul substance; garden earth.

dirt-i-ness (-nes), *n.* the state of being dirty.

dirt-y (′i), *adj.* impure; soiled; muddy; *v.t.* to soil; tarnish.

dis-, *prefix*, signifies separation, privation or negation.

dis-a-bil-i-ty (dis-ȧ-bil′i-ti), *n.* lack of fitness; legal incapacity. *Syn.* unfitness, incapacity.

dis-a-ble (-ā′bl), *v.t.* to deprive of power; disqualify.

dis-a-buse (-būz′), *v.t.* to set right; undeceive.

dis-af-fect (-ȧf-fekt′), *v.t.* to fill with discontent.

dis-af-fec-tion (-fek′shun), *n.* disloyalty; ill-will.

dis-a-gree-a-ble (′ȧ-bl), *adj.* unpleasant; offensive.

dis-a-gree-a-ble-ness (-bl-nes), *n.* unpleasantness.

dis-ap-pear (-ȧ-pēr′), *v.i.* to pass away; vanish.

dis-ap-pear-ance (′ans), *n.* removal from sight.

dis-ap-point (-point′), *v.t.* to defeat expectation.

dis-ap-point-ment (′ment), *n.* defeat or failure of expectation.

dis-arm (-ȧrm′), *v.t.* to deprive of arms; subdue.

dis-ar-ray (-rā′), *v.t.* to throw into disorder; rout: *n.* negligent dress; confusion.

dis-as-ter (-ȧs′tĕr), *n.* a sudden misfortune; a serious accident.

dis-as-trous (′trus), *adj.* unfortunate: calamitous.

dis-band (-band′), *v.t.* to dismiss from military service.

dis-bur-den (-bĕr′dn), *v.t.* to relieve of a burden.

dis-burse (-bĕrs′), *v.t.* to expend.

dis-burse-ment (′ment), *n.* a sum spent.

disc. Another form of disk.

dis-card (-kärd′), *v.t.* to cast off; dismiss from service.

dis-cern (di-zĕrn′), *v.t.* to distinguish mentally. *Syn.* descry, observe, recognize.

dis-cern-i-ble (′i-bl), *adj.* perceptible.

dis-cern-ment (′ment), *n.* discrimination.

dis-charge (-chärj′), *v.t.* unload; disembark; acquit; let fly; dismiss: *n.* an explosion; a flowing out; dismissal; liberation.

dis-ci-ple (di-sī′pl), *n.* a scholar; a follower.

dis-ci-plin-a-ri-an (-plin-ā′ri-ȧn), *adj.* pertaining to discipline: *n.* one who enforces strict discipline.

dis-ci-pline (′i-plin), *n.* training; subjection to control; military regulation; chastisement: *v.t.* to train; regulate; chastise. *Syn.* order, strictness.

dis-claim (-klām′), *v.t.* to disown; repudiate.

dis-claim-er (′ĕr), *n.* disavowal; denial.

dis-close (-klōz′), *v.t.* to uncover; reveal.

dis-clos-ure (′ūr), *n.* the act of making known.

dis-coid (′koid), *adj.* disk-shaped.

dis-col-or (-kul′ĕr), *v.t.* to change the color; stain.

dis-com-fit (-kum′fit), *v.t.* to defeat; rout; thwart.

dis-com-fi-ture (′fi-tūr), *n.* defeat.

dis-com-mode (-kom-ōd′), *v.t.* to inconvenience.

dis-com-pose (-kom-pōz′), *v.t.* disarrange; vex.

dis-com-pos-ure (′ūr), *n.* agitation; unrest; mental disturbance.

dis-con-cert (-kon-sĕrt′), *v.t.* to disturb; frustrate.

dis-con-so-late (′sō-lāt), *adj.* hopeless; sad.

dis-con-tent (-tent′), *n.* dissatisfaction.

dis-con-tin-ue (-tin′ū), *v.t.* to cease; leave off.

dis-cord (′kôrd), *n.* disagreement; inharmony.

dis-cord-ant (′ȧnt), *adj.* at variance; incongruous.

dis-count (dis′kount), *n.* a sum deducted; an allowance: *v.t.* (dis-count′), to allow discount on money; anticipate.

dis-cour-age (-kur′ej), *v.t.* to dishearten; deter.

dis-cour-age-ment (′ment), *n.* that which destroys courage.

dis-course (-kōrs′), *n.* conversation; a treatise; sermon: *v.i.* to converse.

dis-cov-er (dis-kuv′ĕr), *v.t.* to reveal; find. *Syn.* invent, contrive, expose.

dis-cov-er-y (-i), *n.* a finding; disclosure.

dis-creet (-krēt'), *adj.* prudent; circumspect. *Syn.* cautious, wary.

dis-crep-an-cy (-krep'ăn-si), *n.* inconsistency. *Syn.* disagreement, variance.

dis-crete (-krēt'), *adj.* separate from others; distinct.

dis-cre-tion (-kresh'un), *n.* prudence; judgment.

dis-crim-i-nate (-krim'i-nāt), *v.t.* to distinguish between; select.

dis-crim-i-na-tion (-i-nā'shun), *n.* power of penetration. *Syn.* acuteness, discernment.

dis-crim-i-na-tive ('i-nā-tiv), *adj.* characteristic.

dis-cur-sive (-kēr'siv), *adj.* desultory.

dis-cuss (dis-kus'), *v.t.* to debate; agitate; reason upon.

dis-cus-sion (-kush'un), *n.* argument; debate.

dis-dain (-dān'), *v.t.* to scorn: *n.* contempt.

dis-dain-ful ('fool), *adj.* contemptuous.

dis-ease (dis-ēz'), *n.* malady; illness. *Syn.* complaint, ailment.

dis-fig-u-ra-tion (-fig-ū-rā'-shun), *n.* deformity.

dis-fig-ure (-fig'ūr), *v.t.* to injure the shape of.

dis-fran-chise (-fran'chīz), *v.t.* to deprive of the privileges of citizenship.

dis-gorge (-gōrj'), *v.t.* to vomit; give up.

dis-grace (-grās'), *n.* ignominy; shame; dishonor: *v.t.* to bring shame upon. *Syn.* disrepute, reproach.

dis-grace-ful ('fool), *adj.* shameful.

dis-grace-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* shamefully.

dis-guise (-gīz'), *v.t.* to change the appearance of; conceal: *n.* a dress to conceal; false pretense.

dis-gust (-gust'), *v.t.* to cause aversion: *n.* strong repugnance. *Syn.* dislike, abhorrence.

dish (dish), *n.* a vessel to hold food: *v.t.* to put in a dish.

dis-ha-bille (dis-ă-bil'), *n.* undress or negligent attire. Also deshabille.

dis-heart-en (-här'tn), *v.t.* to discourage.

di-shev-el (-shev'el), *v.t.* to disorder the hair.

dis-hon-or (-on'ĕr), *v.t.* to deprive of honor; bring shame upon: *n.* disgrace; ignominy; shame.

dis-hon-or-a-ble (-ă-bl), *adj.* discreditable.

dis-in-fect (dis-in-fekt'), *v.t.* to cleanse from infection; to purify.

dis-in-fect-ant ('ant), *n.* an agent used to disinfect.

dis-in-te-grate (-in'tē-grāt), *v.t.* to break up into parts.

dis-joint-ed (dis-joint'ed), *adj.* unconnected.

disk (disk), *n.* a flat circular plate. Also disc.

dis-like (dis-līk'), *n.* aversion; antipathy: *v.t.* to be displeased with.

dis-lo-cate ('lō-kāt), *v.t.* to put out of joint.

dis-lo-ca-tion (-kā'shun), *n.* act of dislocating.

dis-lodge (-loj'), *v.t.* to drive from a place.

dis-mal (diz'mâl), *adj.* gloomy; depressing; dark.

dis-mal-ly (-li), *adv.* in a dismal manner.

dis-may (-mā'), *v.t.* to terrify; discourage: *n.* a state of terror. *Syn.* frighten, daunt.

dis-miss (-mis'), *v.t.* to send away; discharge; reject. *Syn.* send off, discard.

dis-miss-al ('âl), *n.* the act of dismissing.

dis-or-der (-ôr'dĕr), *n.* confusion; riot; disease: *v.t.* to throw into confusion.

dis-or-dered ('dĕrd), *p.adj.* irregular; unruly.

dis-or-der-ly (-li), *adj.* confused; unmethodical.

dis-par-age (-par'ej), *v.t.* to treat with contempt; discredit.

dis-par-age-ment (-ment), *n.* depreciation.

dis-par-i-ty (-par'i-ti), *n.* inequality.

dis-pas-sion-ate (-pash'un-et), *adj.* free from passion.

dis-patch. Same as despatch.

dis-pel (dis-pel'), *v.t.* to drive away by scattering; disperse. *Syn.* scatter, dissipate.

dis-pen-sa-tion (-sā'shun), *n.* exemption; system of divine truths and rites; an ecclesiastical license.

dis-pense (dis-pens'), *v.t.* to deal out in portions; distribute; excuse.

dis-perse (dis-pĕrs′), *v.t.* to scatter; spread.

dis-per-sion (-pĕr′shun), *n.* the act of dispersing.

dis-pir-it (-pir′it), *v.t.* to dishearten; render cheerless.

dis-place (-plās′), *v.t.* to put out of place. *Syn.* derange, remove, disturb.

dis-place-ment (′ment), *n.* the act of displacing.

dis-play (-plā′), *v.t.* to spread out; unfold; exhibit. *Syn.* show, spread out, expose.

dis-pleas-ure (dis-plezh′ūr), *n.* annoyance.

dis-port (-pōrt′), *v.t.* to amuse or divert: *v.i.* to play.

dis-po-sal (′ăl), *n.* arrangement; power of bestowing.

dis-pose (-pōz′), *v.t.* to place; arrange; distribute. *Syn.* order, give, bestow.

dis-po-si-tion (-izh′un), *n.* method; tendency; natural temperament.

dis-pu-ta-ble (′pū-tȧ-bl), *adj.* that may be disputed.

dis-pu-ta-tion (-tā′shun), *n.* an altercation.

dis-pute (dis-pūt′), *v.i.* to debate; argue: *v.t.* express doubt of: *n.* a controversy; altercation. *Syn.* contest.

dis-rate (-rāt′), *v.t.* to degrade or lower in rank.

dis-rup-tion (-rup′shun), *n.* forcible separation.

dis-sect (-sekt′), *v.t.* to divide and examine.

dis-sec-tion (-sek′shun), *n.* the act of dissecting.

dis-sem-ble (-sem′bl), *v.t.* to conceal real views: *v.i.* to act the hypocrite.

dis-sem-i-nate (-sem′i-nāt), *v.t.* to scatter abroad.

dis-sen-sion (dis-sen′shun), *n.* disagreement.

dis-sent (-sent′), *v.i.* to disagree in opinion. *Syn.* disagree, differ, vary.

dis-sent-er (′ĕr), *n.* a nonconformist.

dis-ser-ta-tion (-ĕr-tā′shun), *n.* a discourse.

dis-sev-er (-sev′ĕr), *v.t.* to cut in two; separate.

dis-sim-u-late (-sim′ū-lāt), *v.i.* to dissemble.

dis-sim-u-la-tion (-lā′shun), *n.* hypocrisy; fallacious appearance.

dis-si-pate (′i-pāt), *v.t.* to scatter completely; engage in dissipation.

dis-si-pa-tion (-pā′shun), *n.* excessive indulgence; a dissolute course of action.

dis-so-ci-ate (-sō′shi-āt), *v.t.* to separate.

dis-sol-u-ble (-sol′ū-bl), *adj.* capable of being dissolved.

dis-so-lute (′sō-lūt), *adj.* given to vice or dissipation.

dis-so-lu-tion (-lū′shun), *n.* the act of dissolving; death; separation of parts.

dis-solve (-olv′), *v.t.* to liquefy; melt; terminate.

dis-so-nant (-nȧnt). *adj.* discordant.

dis-suade (-swād′), *v.t.* to advise against; divert by argument or persuasion.

dis-sua-sion (-swā′zhun), *n.* the act of dissuading.

dis-tance (′tȧns), *n.* the space between bodies or points; remoteness; reserve; alienation.

dis-tant (′tȧnt), *adj.* remote; reserved.

dis-taste (′tāst′), *n.* aversion to; dislike; disinclination.

dis-tem-per (tem′pĕr), *v.t.* to disease; cause functional derangement; *n.* a disease.

dis-tend (-tend′), *v.t.* to stretch out; expand; swell.

dis-ten-tion (-ten′shun), *n.* a swelling out.

dis-til (′til′), *v.i.* to flow gently; trickle forth; *v.t.* to let fall in drops.

dis-til-la-tion (-ā′shun), *n.* the process of distilling.

dis-tinct (-tingkt′), *adj.* separate; different; clear. *Syn.* plain, obvious.

dis-tinc-tion (-tingk′shun), *n.* difference; eminence; discrimination.

dis-tinc-tive (′tiv), *adj.* characteristic.

dis-tin-guish (-ting′gwish), *v.t.* discriminate; make known; note a difference. *Syn.* perceive, discern.

dis-tin-guished (′gwisht), *p.adj.* eminent; celebrated; noted. *Syn.* famous, illustrious.

dis-tort (-tôrt′), *v.t.* to twist; writhe; misrepresent.

dis-tor-tion (-tôr′shun), *n.* perversion; a deformity.

dis-tract (-trakt′), *v.t.* to perplex; harass; confuse. *Syn.* bewilder, derange.

dis-trac-tion (-trak'shun), *n.* perplexity; embarrassment.

dis-train (-trān'), *v.t.* to seize goods for debt.

dis-traint (-trānt'), *n.* the act of distraining.

dis-tress (dis-tres'), *v.t.* to inflict pain upon; grieve; harass; seize for debt: *n.* physical or mental anguish.

dis-trib-ute (-trib'ūt), *v.t.* to divide; apportion. *Syn.* allot, share, dispense.

dis-tri-bu-tion (-tri-bū'shun), *n.* apportionment; arrangement; classification.

dis-trict ('trikt), *n.* a circuit; region; tract of country.

dis-trust (-trust'), *n.* want of confidence; suspicion: *v.t.* to doubt; suspect.

dis-trust-ful ('fool), *adj.* suspicious.

dis-turb (-tĕrb'), *v.t.* to trouble; vex; agitate.

dis-turb-ance ('ăns), *n.* agitation; uproar.

ditch (dich), *n.* a trench cut in the earth: *v.i.* to make such a trench.

dit-to ('tō), *n.* a duplicate: *adv.* as before; likewise.

dit-ty ('i), *n.* a little song.

di-ur-nal (-ĕr'năl), *adj.* pertaining to a day; daily.

di-van (di-van'), *n.* a court of justice; a couch.

dive (dīv), *v.i.* to plunge head foremost into water.

di-verge (di-vĕrj'), *v.i.* to spread out from one point.

di-ver-gence (-vĕr'jens), *n.* a receding.

di-ver-gent ('jent), *adj.* tending to diverge.

di-vers (dĭ'vĕrz), *adj.* various; sundry.

di-verse ('vĕrs, or dī-vers'), *adj.* different; separate.

di-ver-si-fy (dĭ-vĕr'si-fī), *v.t.* to make different from another.

di-ver-sion ('shun), *n.* variation; pastime; sport.

di-vert (di- or dī-vĕrt), *v.t.* to turn aside; entertain.

di-vest (di-vest'), *v.t.* to deprive; despoil; make bare.

di-vide (di-vīd'), *v.t.* to cut into parts; separate; distribute. *Syn* deal out, sever, sunder.

div-i-dend (div'i-dend), *n.* a share of profits; interest on invested money.

div-i-na-tion (-i-nā'shun), *n.* act of divining.

di-vine (di-vīn'), *adj.* partaking of the nature of God; sacred; holy: *n.* a theologian; clergyman: *v.t.* to foretell by divination; presage. *Syn.* godlike, heavenly.

div-ing (dīv'ing), *n.* the act of plunging into water.

di-vin-i-ty (di-vin'i-ti), *n.* the state of being divine; a pagan deity; theology.

di-vis-i-ble ('i-bl), *adj.* that may be divided.

di-vi-sion (-vish'un), *n.* the act of being divided; section of an army or fleet; process of measuring one number into another.

di-vi-sor (di-vī'zor), *n.* the number by which another is divided.

di-vorce (-vōrs'), *n.* legal dissolution of marriage: *v.t.* to dissolve the marriage contract.

di-vulge (di-vulj'), *v.t.* to make known; disclose.

diz-zi-ness ('i-nes), *n.* giddiness.

do (dōō), *v.t.* to perform; achieve; cause to bring about. *Syn.* effect, make, perform

do-cile (dŏ'sīl, or dos'il), *adj.* easy to teach. *Syn.* tractable, teachable.

do-cil-i-ty (dō-sil'i-ti), *n.* the quality of being docile.

dock (dok), *n.* a place for ships; place where a prisoner stands in court; a coarse weed: *v.t.* to deduct from.

dock-yard ('yärd), *n.* a place for naval stores.

doc-tor ('tĕr), *n.* a learned man; a medical practitioner; a title in divinity, law, etc.; *v.t.* to treat medically.

doc-tri-nal ('tri-năl), *adj.* pertaining to doctrine.

doc-trine ('trin), *n.* that which is taught; the dogma of a church or party. *Syn.* tenet, article of belief.

doc-u-ment ('ū-ment), *n.* written instruction or proof.

doc-u-men-ta-ry (-men'tă-ri), *adj.* pertaining to documents.

dodge (doj), *v.i.* to start aside and shift about; evade by craft; *n.* the act of dodging.

doe (dō), *n.* the female of a fallow deer.

doff (dof), *v.t.* to take off, as clothes: *v.i.* to remove the hat in saluting.

dog (dog), *n.* a domesticated watch and hunting animal: *v.t.* to follow pertinaciously.

dog-fish (dog'fish) *n.* a species of small shark.

dog-ged ('ed), *adj.* stubborn; pertinacious.

dog-ger-el (-el), *n.* a kind of verse devoid of sense.

dog-ma ('mȧ), *n.* a settled opinion; a theological tenet.

dog-mat-ic (-mat'ik), *adj.* pertaining to dogma; positive; authoritative. *Syn.* arrogant, imperious.

dog-ma-tism (-tizm), *n.* positive assertion of opinion.

dog-ma-tize ('mȧ-tīz), *v.i.* to assert positively without proof.

dog-wood ('wood), *n.* the wild cornel.

doi-ly (doi'li), *n.* a small mat or napkin.

do-ings (dōō'ingz), *n.pl.* things done; movements.

dole (dōl), *n.* a thing dealt out sparingly; alms: *v.t.* to deal out sparingly.

dole-ful ('fool), *adj.* sorrowful; dismal. *Syn.* dolorous, rueful.

dole-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* sorrowfully; dismally.

doll (dol), *n.* a girl's toy baby.

dol-lar ('ȧr), *n.* a silver coin worth 100 cents.

dol-men ('men), *n.* a sepulchral stone monument.

do-lor (dō'lẽr), *n.* sorrow; pain.

dol-o-rous (dol'o-rus), *adj.* sorrowful.

dol-phin (dol'fin), *n.* the name of a cetaceous mammal.

dolt (dōlt), *n.* a heavy, stupid fellow.

do-main (dō-mān'), *n.* lordship; estate; empire.

dome (dōm), *n.* a hemispherical roof.

do-mes-tic (dō-mes'tik), *adj.* pertaining to the home; private: *n.* a household servant.

do-mes-ti-cate ('ti-kāt), *v.t.* to make domestic; tame.

do-mes tic-i-ty (-tis'i-ti), *n.* the state of being domestic.

dom-i-cile (dom'i-sil), *n.* a permanent residence; home: *v.t.* to establish in a fixed residence.

dom-i-cil-i-a-ry ('i-ȧ-ri), *adj.* pertaining to an abode.

dom-i-nant ('i-nȧnt), *adj.* ruling; predominant; ascending.

dom-i-nate ('i-nāt), *v.t.* to govern; rule.

dom-i-na-tion (-nā'shun), *n.* absolute authority; power.

dom-i-neer (-i-nẽr'), *v.i.* to rule arrogantly; bluster.

do-min-ic-al (dō-min'ik-ȧl), *adj.* marking the Lord's day.

dom-i-nie (dom'i-nē), *n.* schoolmaster.

do-min-ion (dō-min'yun), *n.* sovereignty; a country subject to one ruler.

dom-i-no (dom'i-nō), *n.* a hood used by masquers; a game played with dotted pieces.

don (don), *v.t.* to put on; assume: *n.* a Spanish title.

do-nate (dō'nāt), *v.t.* to contribute to some object.

do-na-tion (-nā'shun), *n.* a charitable gift.

do-na-tive (dō-nā'tiv), *adj.* vested by donation.

done (dun), *pp.* of do: *p.adj.* completed.

don-key (dong'ki), *n.* an ass; a stupid fellow.

do-nor (dō'nẽr), *n.* a giver; one who makes a donation.

doom (dōōm), *n.* the infliction of a sentence; fate; ruin: *v.t.* to sentence to punishment. *Syn.* judgment, lot, destiny.

dooms-day (dōōmz'dā), *n.* the day of final judgment.

door (dōr), *n.* the opening into a house or room.

Dor-ic ((dor'ik), *n.* the oldest order of Greek architecture; a broad dialect.

dor-man-cy ('mȧn-si), *n.* quiescence.

dor-mant ('mȧnt), *adj.* sleeping; quiet; in abeyance.

dor-mer ('mẽr), *n.* a window in the side of a roof.

dor-mi-to-ry ('mi-tō-ri), *n.* a large sleeping room.

dor-sal ('sȧl), *adj.* pertaining to the back.

dose (dōs), *n.* the quantity of medicine to be taken at one time; anything nauseous: *v.t.* to give a dose to.

dost, *2d p. sing. pres. indic.* of do.

dot (dot), *n.* a small point or speck: *v.t.* to mark with dots.

do-tage (dō'tej), *n.* imbecility of mind; foolish affection.

do-tard ('tȧrd), *n.* one whose intellect is impaired by age.

dote (dōt), *v.i.* to exhibit the weakness of age; bestow excessive love.

doth, *3d p. sing. indic.* of do.

doub-le (dub'l), *adj.* twofold; two of a sort; in pairs; twice as much: *n.* twice the quantity; a duplicate: *v.t.* to repeat.

doub-le-deal-ing (dēl'ing), *adj.* duplicity.

doub-let (dub'let), *n.* a duplicate; a garment.

doub-loon ('lōōn), *n.* a Spanish gold coin.

doubt (dout), *v.i.* to hesitate; be in suspense: *v.t.* to suspect; distrust: *n.* uncertainty of mind; apprehension. *Syn.* scruple, ambiguity.

doubt-ful ('fool), *adj.* uncertain; questionable.

doubt-less ('les), *adv.* assuredly; certainly.

douche (dōōsh), *n.* a jet of water thrown on a part of the body.

dough (dō), *n.* a soft mass of unbaked paste.

dough-ty (dou'ti), *adj.* valiant; strong.

douse (dous), *v.t.* to plunge suddenly into a liquid; drench; search with a divining rod.

dove (duv), *n.* a pigeon; a term of endearment.

dove-cote ('kōt), *n.* a small house for doves.

dove-tail ('tāl), *v.t.* to join by a spreading joint; fit closely: *n.* a joint that spreads like a tail.

dow-a-ger (dou'ä-jĕr), *n.* a widow with a jointure; the widow of a person of rank.

dow-di-ness (-nes), *n.* the state of being dowdy.

dow-dy ('di), *n.* a slatternly woman: *adj.* ill-dressed.

dow-el (dou'el), *n.* a pin of wood or iron to connect two boards.

dow-er ('ĕr), *n.* a wife's portion in marriage; jointure.

down (doun), *n.* soft feathers, hair, or wool; a hill: *adv.* from a higher position; at the lowest point; on the ground: *prep.* along a descent; along the course of.

down-cast (kåst), *adj.* directed downwards; sad.

down-right ('rit), *adj.* blunt; unceremonious: *adv.* perpendicularly; thoroughly.

down-ward ('wärd), *adj.* descending: *adv.* to a lower condition, state, or place.

dow-ry (dou'ri), same as dower.

dox-ol-o-gy (doks-ol'ō-ji), *n.* a hymn of praise to God.

doze (dōz), *v.i.* to sleep lightly: *n.* imperfect sleep.

drab (drab), *n.* a kind of brownish woolen cloth; a tint of gray: *adj.* of a drab color.

drab-ble ('l), *v.t.* to soil by dragging through wet mud.

draft (dräft), *n.* a sketch or outline; bill of exchange; order for money; detachment of soldiers; act of drawing; amount drunk or act of drinking; current of air: *v.t.* to sketch; call out for military service.

drag (drag), *v.t.* to pull by force; draw along; haul: *n.* something drawn.

drag-gle (drag'l), *v.t.* to soil by dragging along the ground.

drag-o-man (drag'ō-mǎn), *n.* an Eastern interpreter or guide.

drag-on ('un), *n.* a fabulous winged serpent.

dra-goon (drä-gōōn'), *n.* a horse soldier: *v.t.* to harass by military force.

drain (drān), *v.t.* to draw off gradually; exhaust: *n.* a channel for water.

drain-age ('ej), *n.* the act or means of draining.

drake (drāk), *n.* a male duck.

dram (dram), *n.* 1-8th of an ounce troy, and 1-16th of an ounce avoirdupois; a glass of spirits.

dra-ma (drä'mä) *n.* a theatrical entertainment; a play; literature for the stage.

dra-mat-ic (dra-mat'ik), *adj.* pertaining to the drama.

dram-a-tist (-tist), *n.* a writer of plays.

dram-a-tize (dram'ä-tīz), *v.t.* to compose plays; adapt for the stage.

drank, *p.t. & p.p.* of drink.

drape (drāp), *v.t.* to cover with cloth; arrange in folds.

dra-per (drā'pĕr), *n.* a dealer in cloth, etc.

dra-per-y (-i), *n.* textile cloths used for garments, etc.

dras-tic (dras'tik), *adj.* powerful; vigorous.

draught (dräft), *n.* Same as draft.

draughts (dräfts), *n.* the game of checkers.

draw (draw), *v.t.* to pull along; suck in; pull out; sketch; entice: *v.i.* to produce motion; practice drawing. *Syn.* pull, haul, drag.

draw-back ('bak), *n.* loss of advantage; part of a claim paid back.

draw-bridge ('brij), *n.* a bridge which may be drawn up or aside.

draw-er ('ēr), *n.* a draftsman; a sliding box for holding clothes, etc.: *pl.* an undergarment covering the lower parts of the body.

draw-ing ('ing), *n.* delineation; attraction: a distribution in a lottery.

draw-ing-room (-rōōm), *n.* a room for receiving company.

drawl (drawl), *v.t.* to utter in a lazy tone: *n.* a slow manner of speaking.

drawn (drawn), *p.adj.* left undecided; contracted.

dray (drā), *n.* a low, stout cart for heavy loads.

dread (dred), *v.t* to fear greatly; *n.* apprehensive terror: *adj.* awful; solemn. *Syn.* horror, terror, alarm.

dread-ful ('fool), *adj.* inspiring dread. *Syn.* frightful, shocking, awful.

dread-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in a dreadful manner.

dream (drēm), *n.* thoughts or images in the mind during sleep; an idle fancy: *v.t.* to imagine in sleep; think about vainly.

dream-y ('i) *adj.* full of dreams; visionary.

drear (drēr), *adj.* dismal; sorrowful.

drear-y ('i), *adj.* cheerless; gloomy.

dredge (drej), *n.* a drag for sweeping river or sea bottoms to bring up something: *v.t.* to deepen by or gather with a dredge; sprinkle flour upon.

dregs (dregz), *n.pl.* the sediment of liquor; worthless matter.

drench (drench), *v.t.* to wet thoroughly; *n.* a dose of medicine for a beast.

dress (dres), *v.t.* to clothe; adorn; make ready; cook; cover a wound: *n.* covering for the body. *Syn.* attire, apparel, costume.

dress-er ('ēr), *n.* one who adjusts dress; a set of shelves for kitchen use.

dress-ing ('ing), *n.* putting on clothes; smoothing the surface of stone; sauce used for preparing a dish; application to a wound.

drew, *p.t.* of draw.

drib-ble (drib'l), *v.i.* to fall in drops; slaver.

drib-let (drib'let), *n.* a small quantity.

drift (drift), *n.* the direction in which anything is driven; a pile of sand, snow, etc.; tendency; the direction of a current: *v.t.* to drive along: *v.i.* to be carried by a current; accumulate in heaps. *Syn.* purpose, meaning, scope.

drill (dril), *v.t.* to bore; perforate; train; sow in lines or rows: *n.* a tool for making holes; a machine for sowing seeds; military exercise.

drink (dringk), *v.i.* to swallow a liquid: *n.* any beverage; intoxicating liquor.

drip (drip), *v.i.* to fall in drops.

drive (drīv), *v.t.* to impel by force: *v.i.* to press forward strongly; travel in a carriage: *n.* the act of driving; an excursion in a carriage. *Syn.* compel, impel, ride.

driv-el (driv'el), *v.i.* to slaver; be weak or foolish.

driz-zle (driz'l), *v.i.* to rain slightly: *n.* fine rain.

droll (drōl), *adj.* ridiculous; queer.

droll-er-y ('ēr-i), *n.* buffoonery; funny acts.

drom-e-da-ry (drum'ē-dā-ri), *n.* a camel with one hump.

drone (drōn), *v.i.* to hum; live in idleness: *v.t.* read in a monotonous tone: *n.* the male bee; a lazy fellow.

droop (drōōp), *v.i.* to hang down; languish; be dispirited: *n.* the act of drooping.

drop (drop), *v.i.* to fall in drops; sink to a lower position: *v.t.* to let fall; discontinue: *n.* a globule of moisture; a small quantity.

drop-si-eal ('si-kāl), *adj.* affected with dropsy.

drop-sy (('si), *n.* a collection of serous fluid in the body.

dross (dros), *n.* the scum of melted metal; sediment.

drought (drout), *n.* continued absence of rain; dryness.

drove, *p.t.* of drive: *n.* cattle or sheep driven in a body.

drown (droun), *v.i.* to perish in water: *v.t.* to overwhelm; inundate; deluge. *Syn.* swamp, submerge, engulf.

drowse (drouz), *v.i.* to be heavy with sleepiness.

drow-si-ness ('zi-nes), *n.* sleepiness.

drow-sy ('zi), *adj.* sleepy; sluggish.

drub (drub), *v.t.* to beat vigorously: *n.* a drudge.

drudge (druj), *v.i.* to labor at mean or tiresome tasks: *n.* one who works at mean labor with little pay.

drudg-er-y ('ẽr-i), *n.* mean, servile labor.

drug (drug), *n.* an ingredient used in medicine; a narcotic; an unsalable article: *v.t.* to render stupid by a narcotic drug.

drug-get ('et), *n.* a coarse woolen fabric.

drug-gist ('ist), *n.* a dealer in drugs.

Dru-id (drōō'id), *n.* an ancient Celtic priest.

drum (drum), *n.* an instrument to beat time in marching; the tympanum of the ear; a cylinder or revolving shaft: *v.i.* to beat a drum; beat up recruits.

drunk (drungk), *p.p.* of drink: *n.* a fit of drunkenness: *adj.* intoxicated.

drunk-ard ('ärd), *n.* one habitually drunk.

drunk-en ('en), *p.adj.* intoxicated.

drunk-en-ness (-nes), *n.* habitual intemperance.

dry (drī), *adj.* free from moisture; thirsty; devoid of interest: *v.t.* to stop the flow of; parch. *Syn.* arid, parched.

dry-ad (drī'ad), *n.* a wood nymph.

dry-ly ('li), *adv.* in a dry manner; sarcastically.

du-al (dū'ăl), *adj.* expressing the number 2.

du-al-i-ty (-al'i-ti), *n.* the state of being twofold.

dub (dub), *v.t.* to confer knighthood or other title or dignity.

du-bi-ous (dū'bi-us), *adj.* doubtful.

du-cal ('kăl), *adj.* pertaining to a duke.

duc-at (duk'at), *n.* a former gold or silver coin.

duch-ess (duch'es), *n.* consort or widow of a duke.

duch-y ('i), *n.* the dominions of a duke.

duck (duk), *n.* any bird of the family Anatidæ, especially the domestic duck; a strong linen fabric: *v.i.* to plunge in water; to nod.

duck-ing ('ing), *n.* putting under water.

duct (dukt), *n.* a passage, tube, or canal.

duc-tile ('til), *adj.* yielding; tractable.

duc-til-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* flexibility.

dude (dūd), *n.* a person affected in manners, dress, etc.

dudg-eon (duj'un), *n.* sullen anger; ill-will.

duds (dudz), *n.pl.* clothes; old rags.

due (dū), *adj.* owed or owing; suitable to a case; proper: *adv.* exactly; directly: *n.* a custom; tribute, or fee. *Syn.* just, fair, proper.

du-el ('el), *n.* a combat between two persons.

du-e-ña (dōō-ā'nyä), *n.* an elderly lady guardian; a governess. Also duenna.

du-et (dū-et'), *n.* a piece of music for two performers.

dug, *p.t. & p.p.* of dig: *n.* a teat.

dug-out (dug'out), *n.* a canoe hollowed out from a log; an excavated shelter.

duke (dūk), the highest order of English nobility.

duke-dom ('dum), *n.* the estate or title of a duke.

dul-cet (dul'set), *adj.* sweet to the ear; harmonious.

dul-ci-mer ('si-mẽr), *n.* a kind of musical instrument.

dull (dul), *adj.* slow; stupid; sluggish; blunt: *v.t.* to deprive of sharpness; make stupid; tarnish. *Syn.* gloomy, dismal.

dull-ard ('ärd), *n.* a stupid person; blockhead.

dul-ness ('nes), *n.* the state of being dull.

du-ly (dū'li), *adv.* fitly; regularly.

dumb (dum), *adj.* incapable of speech.

dumb-bell ('bel), *n.* a heavy weight used for muscular exercise.

dumb-show ('shō), *n.* gesture without speech.

dum-my (dum'i), *n.* a silent person; that which imitates a reality.

dump (dump), *n.* a thud or heavy sound; a place to discharge rubbish in; to throw down suddenly; to unload from a cart.

dump-ling (dump'ling), *n.* a pudding of paste or dough.

dun (dun), *adj.* of a dull brown color: *n.* a creditor who presses for payment: *v.t.* to urge importunately.

dunce (duns), *n.* a dull, ignorant person. *Syn.* simpleton, fool, ninny.

dune (dūn), *n.* a sea-coast sand heap.

dung (dung), *n.* the excrement of animals.

dun-geon ('jun), *n.* a dark cell; a prison.

du-o-dec-i-mal (dū-ō-des'i-mål), *adj.* computing by twelves.

du-o-dec-i-mo ('i-mō), *n.* a book sheet folded into 12 leaves.

dupe (dūp), *n.* one who is easily tricked; a credulous person: *v.t.* to deceive; cheat.

du-plex (dū'pleks), *adj.* double; compound.

du-pli-cate ('pli-kāt), *v.t.* to make double; make a copy of: *adj.* twofold; double; *n.* an exact copy. *Syn.* copy, likeness, counterpart.

du-pli-ca-tion (-kā'shun), *n.* the act of duplicating.

du-plic-i-ty (-plis'i-ti), *n.* deceit; hypocrisy; misleading statement.

du-ra-bil-i-ty (dū-rå-bil'i-ti), *n.* endurance.

du-ra-ble ('rå-bl), *adj.* not perishing; permanent. *Syn.* lasting, continuing.

du-ra-bly (-li), *adv.* in a durable manner.

du-rance ('råns), *n.* imprisonment.

du-ra-tion (-rā'shun), *n.* continuance in time.

du-ress (dū-res' or dū'res), *n.* restraint of liberty.

dur-ing (dūr'ing), *prep.* in the time of.

durst, *p.t.* of dare.

dusk (dusk), *adj.* tending to darkness; shadow: *n.* incipient darkness.

dust (dust), *n.* fine dry particles of matter: *v.t.* to brush dust from; to sprinkle with powder.

dust-y ('i), *adj.* covered with dust.

du-te-ous (dū'ti-us), *adj.* fulfilling duty; obedient.

du-ti-a-ble (dū'ti-å-bl), *adj.* subject to duty.

du-ti-ful (-fool), *adj.* respectful; obedient.

du-ti-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in a dutiful manner.

du-ty ('ti), *n.* obedience; obligation; government tax on commerce.

dwarf (dwawrf), *n.* an animal or plant much below the common size: *adj.* of very small size: *v.t.* to hinder from growing.

dwell (dwel), *v.i.* to reside in; have a fixed abode. *Syn.* stay, stop, abide.

dwell-ing ('ing), *n.* a house or place of abode.

dwin-dle (dwin'dl), *v.i.* to become less; diminish. *Syn.* pine, waste, decrease.

dye (dī), *v.t.* to stain or color: *n.* a coloring liquid.

dy-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* the passing away from life.

dy-nam-ic ('ik), *adj.* pertaining to mechanical forces.

dy-na-mite ('nå-mīt), *n.* a highly explosive chemical substance.

dy-na-mo ('nå-mō), *n.* an electric force-producing machine.

dy-nas-tic (-nas'tik), *adj.* pertaining to a dynasty.

dy-nas-ty ('nas-ti), *n.* a line of sovereigns of a particular family.

dys-en-ter-y (dis'en-ter-i), *n.* a disease akin to diarrhœa.

dys-pep-si-a (-pep'si-å), *n.* indigestion.

dys-pep-tic ('tik), *adj.* subject to dyspepsia.

E

each (ēch), *adj. & pron.* every one; either.

ea-ger (ē'gĕr), *adj.* impetuous; earnest; enthusiastic. *Syn.* hot, ardent, impassioned.

ea-gle ('gl), *n.* a large and strong bird of prey.

ea-glet ('glet), *n.* a young eagle.

ear (ēr), *n.* the organ of hearing; a spike of corn.

earl (ērl), *n.* nobleman next in rank below a marquis.

earl-dom ('dum), *n.* the dignity of an earl.

ear-ly (ēr'lī), *adj.* before the usual time: *adv.* soon.

earn (ērn), *v.t.* to gain by labor; merit. *Syn.* acquire, obtain, achieve.

earn-est ('est), *adj.* ardent; zealous; eager: *n.* something given in pledge. *Syn.* ardent, serious, grave, solemn, warm.

earn-ings ('ingz), *n.pl.* wages; reward.

ear-ring (ēr'ring), *n.* an ear ornament.

earth (ērth), *n.* the globe; the solid materials of the globe; ground; soil:

earth-en ('en), *adj.* made of earth.

earth-en-ware (-wār), *n.* vessels of clay.

earth-ly ('li), *adj.* pertaining to the earth; worldly.

earth-quake ('kwāk), *n.* a trembling of the earth.

earth-work ('wĕrk). *n.* a cutting or embankment.

earth-worm ('wĕrm), *n.* a worm that lives in the ground.

earth-y ('i), *adj.* composed of earth or soil.

ease (ēz), *n.* freedom from pain; repose; facility: *v.t.* to free from pain or trouble; give rest or relief. *Syn.* calm, alleviate.

ea-sel (ē'zl), *n.* a frame for supporting a canvas, etc.

east (ēst), *n.* that part of the heavens where the sun rises; one of the four cardinal points: *adj.* coming from the east.

East-er (ēst'ĕr), *n.* the festival of Christ's resurrection.

east-er-ly (-li), *adj.* in the direction of the east.

east-ern (ēst'ĕrn), *adj.* situated towards, or lying in, the east.

east-ward ('wȧrd), *adv.* toward the east.

eas-y (-ēz'i), *adj.* free from pain; not burdensome; credulous; natural; yielding.

eat (ēt), *v.i.* to take food: *v.t.* to chew and swallow; consume; waste or wear.

eaves (ēvz), *n.pl.* the overhanging edges of a roof.

eaves-drop ('drop), *v.i.* to listen to private conversation.

ebb (eb), *n.* the flowing back of the tide: *v.i.* to flow back; decline; recede.

eb-o-ny ('un-i), *n.* a hard, heavy black wood: *adj.* made of ebony.

eb-ul-li-tion (eb-ū-lish'un), *n.* the act of boiling; outburst of feeling.

ec-cen-tric (ek-sen'-trik), *adj.* out of center; irregular: *n.* a wheel having its axis out from the center. *Syn.* odd, abnormal, wayward.

ec-cen-tric-i-ty (-tris'i-ti), *n.* deviation from a center; peculiarity of manner; idiosyncrasy.

ec-cle-si-as-tic (e-klē-zi-as'tik), *n.* a clergyman.

ec-cle-si-as-tic-al (-ȧl), *adj.* pertaining to the Church.

ech-o (ek'ō), *n.* the repetition of a sound caused by reflection: *v.i.* to reflect back a sound: *v.t.* to repeat the words, etc., of others.

é-clat (ā-klä'), *n.* a bursting forth, as of applause or admiration; renown; striking effect.

ec-lec-tic (ek-lek'tik), *adj.* selecting or choosing; liberal in views.

ec-lec-ti-cism ('ti-sizm), *n.* the eclectic system of philosophy.

e-clipse (e-klips'), *n.* the obscuration of a heavenly body by another body that cuts off the sun's light: *v.t.* to obscure; darken; overshadow.

e-clip-tic (-klip'tik), *n.* the apparent path of the sun in the heavens.

ec-logue (ek'log), *n.* a pastoral poem.

ec-o-nom-ic (ek-ō, or ē-kō-nom'ik), *adj.* frugal; saving. Also economical.

e-con-o-mist (-kon'ō-mist), *n.* one prudent in expenditure; a student of political economy.

e-con-o-mize ('ō-mīz), *v.t.* to use carefully or frugally.

e-con-o-my ('ō-mi), *n.* frugality in expenditure.

ec-sta-sy (ek'stȧ-si), *n.* excessive joy; rapture.

ec-stat-ic (-stat'ik), *adj.* rapturous; entrancing.

ec-stat-ic-al-ly (-ȧl-li), *adv.* rapturously.

ec-u-men-ic (ek-ū-men'ik), *adj.* general; universal; Also ecumenical.

ec-ze-ma ('ze-mȧ). *n.* an inflammatory disease of the skin.

ed-dy (ed'i), *n.* a circular current of air or water; a small whirlpool: *v.i.* to whirl.

ed-el-weiss (ā'dl-vīs), *n.* a small white Alpine plant.

edge (ej), *n.* the cutting part of an instrument; brink; margin: *v.i.* to sharpen. *Syn.* border, rim brim, verge.

edged ('ejd), *p.adj.* furnished with an edge.

edge-tool (tool), *n.* any sharp tool.

ed-i-ble ('i-bl), *adj.* fit to be eaten.

e-dict (ē'dikt), *n.* the decree of a law-making monarch.

ed-i-fi-ca-tion (ed-i-fi-kā'shun), *n.* instruction.

ed-i-fice (ed'i-fis), *n.* a structure; a building of large size.

ed-i-fy ('i-fī), *v.t.* to build up; instruct; improve the mind.

ed-it ('it), *v.t.* to prepare for publication.

e-di-tion (ē-dish'un), *n.* the number of copies of a book published at one time.

ed-i-tor (ed'i-tĕr), *n.* one who prepares matter for publication.

ed-i-tor-i-al (-tōr'i-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to an editor: *n.* a leading article.

ed-u-cate ('ū-kāt), *v.t.* to impart knowledge to.

ed-u-ca-tion (-kā'shun), *n.* instruction; training. *Syn.* culture, learning, study.

ed-u-ca-tor (-kā-tĕr), *n.* one who educates.

e-duce (ē-dūs'), *v.t.* to draw out; evolve; bring to light.

e-duc-tion (ē-duk'shun), *n.* the act of drawing out.

eel (ēl), *n.* an elongated fish, having a slippery skin.

e'en (ēn), contraction of even and evening.

e'er (ār), contraction of ever.

ee-rie (ē'ri), *adj.* lonely; weird; gloomy; mysterious.

ef-face (ef-fās'), *v.t.* to blot or rub out; remove. *Syn.* expunge, obliterate.

ef-face-a-ble ('ă-bl), *adj.* capable of being effaced.

ef-face-ment ('ment), *n.* obliteration.

ef-fect (ef-fekt'), *v.t.* to accomplish; fulfil: *n.* result; purport: *pl.* goods. *Syn.* consequence, result, issue.

ef-fect-ive ('iv), *adj.* fit for service; operative: powerful. *Syn.* efficient, serviceable.

ef-fect-u-al ('ū-ăl), *adj.* producing effect.

ef-fect-u-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in an effectual manner.

ef-fem-i-na-cy (-fem'i-nă-si), *n.* womanish delicacy; unmanliness.

ef-fem-i-nate ('i-nāt), *v.t.* to make delicate: *adj.* delicate or unmanly.

ef-fer-ent ('fĕr-ent), *adj.* conveying outwards.

ef-fer-vesce (-vĕs'), *v.i.* to boil gently; bubble.

ef-fer-ves-cence ('ens), *n.* commotion; bubbling; a display of feeling.

ef-fer-ves-cent ('ent), *adj.* gently boiling.

ef-fete (-fēt'), *adj.* worn out; barren; exhausted.

ef-fi-ca-cious (-i-kā'shus), *adj.* producing a desired effect.

ef-fi-ca-cy (-kă-si), *n.* power to produce effects. *Syn.* efficiency, instrumentality.

ef-fi-cien-cy (-fish'en-si), *n.* the state of being efficient.

ef-fi-cient ('ent), *adj.* producing effects. *Syn.* capable, able, fitted.

ef-fi-gy ('i-ji), *n.* an image of a person.

ef-flo-resce (-flō-res'), *v.i.* to blossom; become covered with a whitish crust.

ef-flo-res-cence ('ens), *n.* the production of flowers.

ef-flu-ence ('flū-ens), *n.* an issuing out.

ef-flu-ent (-ent), *adj.* flowing forth: *n.* a stream which flows out of another.

ef-flu-vi-al ('vi-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to effluvia.

ef-flu-vi-um ('vi-um), *n.* a subtle emanation; disagreeable exhalation from decaying matter.

ef-flux ('fluks), *n.* the act of flowing out; emanation.

ef-fort ('fort), *n.* strenuous exertion; attempt.

ef-front-er-y (-frunt'ĕr-i), *n.* impudence.

ef-ful-gence (-ful'jens), *n.* a great luster.

ef-fu-sion (-fū'zhun), *n.* a pouring out; the escape of a fluid from a vessel.

ef-fu-sive ('siv), *adj.* pouring forth freely.

egg (eg), *n.* the oval body laid by birds and certain other animals, from which their young are produced: *v.t.* to urge on; incite.

eg-lan-tine ('lan-tin), *n.* the dog-rose or sweet briar.

eg-o (eg'ō), *n.* self; personality.

eg-o-ism (-izm), *n.* undue self-love.

eg-o-ist (ist), *n.* one given to egoism.

eg-o-tism (eg'ō-tizm), *n.* self-exaltation; vanity. *Syn.* conceit, self-confidence.

eg-o-tist (-tist), *n.* one characterized by egotism.

e-gre-gious (e-grē'jus), *adj.* extraordinary.

e-gress ('gres), *n.* departure.

e-gret ('gret), *n.* a species of heron.

ei-der (ī'dĕr), *n.* a large marine duck with valuable down.

eight (āt), *adj.* one more than 7: *n.* the sum of 7 and 1.

eighth (āttth), *adj.* next after seventh.

eight-y ('i), *adj.* eight times ten.

ei-ther (ē' or ī'thĕr), *adj.* one or the other: *pron.* one of two: *conj.* the correlative to *or*.

e-jac-u-late (ē-jak'ū-lāt), *v.t.* to utter suddenly.

e-jac-u-la-tion (ilā'shun), *n.* an exclamation.

e-ject (ē-jekt'), *v.t.* to cast forth; evict.

e-jec-tion (-jek'shun), *n.* expulsion.

e-ject-ment ('ment), *n.* the act of ejecting.

eke (ēk), *v.t.* to extend or lengthen: *adv.* also; likewise.

e-lab-o-rate (e-lab'ō-rāt), *v.t.* to produce with labor; improve or refine: *adj.* highly-finished.

e-lapse (-laps'), *v.i.* to slip or glide away.

e-las-tic (-las'tik), *adj.* springing back; rebounding; springy.

e-las-tic-i-ty (-tis'i-ti). *n.* the power to recover from change of form or condition.

e-late (-lāt'), *v.t.* to raise the spirits of; excite.

e-la-tion (-lā'shun), *n.* joyful elevation of mind.

el-bow (el'bō), *n.* the bend of the arm; anything bent like an elbow: *v.t.* to thrust aside; push rudely.

el-der ('dĕr), *adj.* older; prior in time, etc.: *n.* one older in age, rank, or station.

el-der-ly ('li), *adj.* somewhat old.

el-dest ('dest), *adj.* oldest; first-born.

e-lect (e-lekt'), *v.t.* to choose for office; select from a number: *adj.* taken in preference.

e-lec-tion (-lek'shun). *n.* the act of electing; preference; choice.

e-lec-tion-eer-ing ('ing), *n.* the act of canvassing for votes at an election.

e-lec-tive (-lekt'iv), *adj.* regulated by choice.

e-lect-or ('ĕr), *n.* one legally qualified to vote.

e-lect-or-al (-ăl), *adj.* having the rights of an elector.

e-lect-or-ate ('ōr-āt), *n.* the whole body of persons entitled to vote.

e-lec-tric ('trik), *adj.* pertaining to electricity. Also electrical.

e-lec-tric-al-ly (-ăl-li), *adv.* by electricity.

e-lec-tri-cian (-trish'un), *n.* one skilled in the science of electricity.

e-lec-tric-i-ty (-tris'i-ti), *n.* an invisible agent producing light, heat, and other physical phenomena.

e-lec-tri-fi-ca-tion (-fi-kā'-shun), *n.* the act of electrifying.

e-lec-tri-fy ('tri-fī), *v.t.* to charge with electricity.

e-lec-tro-cute ('trō-kūt), *v.t.* to put to death by an electric current.

e-lec-tro-cu-tion (-kū'shun), *n.* the act of electrocuting.

e-lec-trode (e-lek'trōd), *n.* either of the terminals of an electric source.

e-lec-tro-lier (-trō-lēr'), *n.* an ornamental metal bracket for supporting electric lamps.

e-lec-trol-y-sis (-trol'i-sis), *n.* the decomposition of a chemical compound by electricity.

e-lec-tro-met-al-lur-gy (-met'-ăl-ĕr-ji), *n.* the art of precipitating metals from their solutions by an electric current.

e-lec-tro-plate ('trō-plāt), *v.t.* to give a coating of metal to by means of a current of electricity.

e-lec-tro-type ('trō-tīp), *n.* a facsimile of an object produced in metal by aid of the electric current.

e-lec-trum ('trum), *n.* amber; German silver plate.

el-e-mos-y-na-ry (el-ē-mos'i-nā-ri), *adj.* pertaining to alms.

el-e-gance ('e-gâns), *n* polish; refinement; symmetry.

el-e-gant (-gânt), *adj.* characterized by refinement and good taste.

el-e-gi-ac (e-lē'ji-ak, or el-ē-ji'-ak), *adj.* pertaining to an elegy; plaintive; mournful: *n.* a song expressing sorrow.

el-e-gy (el'e-ji), *n.* a funeral song or ode; dirge; requiem.

el-e-ment (el'e-ment), *n.* a first principle; an essential part; ingredient.

el-e-men-tal ('tăl), *adj.* fundamental.

el-e-phant ('e-fănt), *n.* a huge mammal with a flexible trunk and large tusks.

el-e-phan-tine ('tin), *adj.* resembling an elephant; huge; unwieldy.

el-e-vate (el'e-vāt), *v.t.* to raise in position; ennoble; animate; inspire.

el-e-va-tion (-vā'shun), *n.* the act of raising; a sketch plan of the front of a building.

el-e-va-tor (-tĕr), *n.* a hoisting machine or lift; a warehouse for grain storage.

el-e-va-to-ry (-tō-ri), *adj.* tending to elevate.

e-lev-en (e-lev'n), *n.* the sum of 10 with 1 added.

e-lev-enth (-lev'nth), *adj.* next in order after 10th.

elf (elf), *n.* an imaginary mischievous sprite.

el-fin ('fin), *n.* a little fairy; an urchin.

elf-ish ('ish), *adj.* mischievous.

e-lic-it (ē-lis'it), *v.t.* to draw out.

e-lide (-līd'), *v.t.* to slur over, or cut off.

el-i-gi-bil-i-ty (el-i-ji-bil'i-ti), *n.* fitness to hold office.

el-i-gi-ble (el'i-ji-bl), *adj.* legally qualified.

e-lim-i-nate (e-lim'i-nāt), *v.t.* to cast aside. *Syn.* drive out, expel, eject.

e-li-sion (e-lizh'un), *n.* the cutting off of a vowel or syllable, as *o'er* for *over*.

é-lite (ā-lēt'), *n.* a select part of society, etc.

e-lix-ir (-lik'sĕr), *n.* an imaginary liquid of the alchemists; a tincture, essence, or cordial.

elk (elk), *n.* a very large deer of North America and Europe.

ell (el), *n.* a former measure of 45 inches.

el-lipse (el-lips'), *n.* an oval figure; a conic section.

el-lip-sis ('is), *n.* the omission of a word or phrase.

el-lip-tic (-lip'tik), *adj.* pertaining to an ellipse; having a part omitted. Also elliptical.

el-o-cu-tion (el-ō-kū'shun), *n.* the art of speaking in public; delivery.

el-o-cu-tion-ist (-ist), *n.* one skilled in elocution.

e-lon-gate (e-lŏng'gāt), *v.t.* to stretch out; extend.

e-lon-ga-tion (-gā'shun), *n.* a lengthening.

e-lope (e-lōp'), *v.i.* to escape privately; run away.

e-lope-ment ('ment), *n.* a clandestine flight.

el-o-quence (el'ō-kwens), *n.* the art of speaking with fluency and elegance. *Syn.* oratory, rhetoric.

el-o-quent (-kwent), *adj.* having fine power of oratory.

else (els), *adv.* besides; otherwise.

else-where ('hwār), *adv.* in another place.

e-lu-ci-date (e-lūs'i-dāt), *v.t.* to make clear. *Syn.* explain, illustrate.

e-lude (e-lūd'), *v.t.* to avoid by artifice; shun; escape. *Syn.* evade, avoid.

e-lu-sion (-lū'zhun), *n.* evasion; artifice.

e-lu-sive ('siv), *adj.* deceptive; fallacious. Also elusory.

elves, *pl.* of elf.

e-lys-i-an (-liz'i-ăn), *adj.* yielding high enjoyment.

E-lys-i-um ('i-um), *n.* the Greek Paradise; a place of perfect happiness.

e-ma-ci-ate (e-mā'shi-āt), *v.i.* to lose flesh gradually; *v.t.* to make thin.

em-a-nate (em'ă-nāt), *v.i.* to flow out or from.

e-man-ci-pate (e-man'si-pāt), *v.t.* to set free; enfranchise.

e-man-ci-pa-tor (-pā-tĕr), *n.* a liberator; a freer of slaves.

e-mas-cu-late (-mas'kū-lāt), *v.t.* to castrate; deprive of virility.

em-balm (em-bäm'), *v.t.* to preserve from decay by balsams or antiseptics.

em-bank (-bangk'), *v.t.* to inclose with a bank.

em-bank-ment ('ment), *n.* a protective bank.

em-bar-go (-bär'gō), *n.* an order prohibiting vessels from sailing.

em-bark (-bärk'), *v.i.* to go on board; engage in affairs.

em-bar-rass (-bar'ăs), *v.t.* to hinder; perplex. *Syn.* distress, trouble.

em-bar-rass-ment (-ment), *n.* perplexity; pecuniary difficulties.

em-bas-sy ('bă-si), *n.* function of an ambassador.

em-bat-tled (-bat'ld), *p.adj.* drawn up for battle.

em-bed (-bed'), *v.t.* to set in surrounding matter.

em-bel-lish (-bel'ish), *v.t.* to make beautiful. *Syn.* adorn, decorate, bedeck.

em-ber ('bĕr), *n.* a small live coal or cinder.

em-bez-zle (-bez'l), *v.t.* to appropriate fraudulently.

em-bit-ter (-bit'ĕr), *v.t.* to make bitter; exasperate.

em-bla-zon (-blā'zn), *v.t.* to blazon; decorate; praise.

em-bla-zon-ry (-ri), *n.* heraldic decoration.

em-blem ('blem), *n.* a symbolical figure; a type. *Syn.* sign, image, symbol.

em-blem-at-ic (-blem-at'ik), *adj.* pertaining to an emblem; symbolical.

em-bod-i-ment ('i-ment), *n.* the act of uniting a whole.

em-bod-y (-bod'i), *v.t.* to collect into a united whole.

em-bold-en (em-bold'en), *v.t.* to encourage. *Syn.* inspirit, animate, cheer.

em-bos-om (em-booz'um), *v.t.* to inclose in the midst; shelter.

em-boss (-bos'), *v.t.* to raise in relief from the surface.

em-boss-ing ('ing), *n.* the art of producing figures in relief on surfaces.

em-bow-er (-bou'ĕr), *v.t.* to place in a bower.

em-brace (-brās'), *v.t.* to clasp in the arms; receive with willingness: *n.* a clasping in the arms.

em-bra-sure ('zhūr), *n.* an opening from which to fire guns.

em-bro-cate ('brō-kāt), *v.t.* to moisten and rub with a lotion.

em-bro-ca-tion (-kā'shun), *n.* a liniment for applying to a diseased part.

em-broid-er (-broid'ĕr), *v.t.* to decorate with needlework.

em-broid-er-y (-i), *n.* ornamental needlework; embellishment.

em-broil (-broil'), *v.t.* to involve in contention.

em-bry-o ('bri-ō), *n.* the rudiment of an organism.

em-bry-ol-o-gy ('ō-jĭ), *n.* the study of embryonic growth.

em-bry-on-ic (-on'ik), *adj.* pertaining to an embryo; rudimentary.

em-en-da-tion (em-en-dā'-shun), *n.* correction.

em-er-ald (em'er-ăld), *n.* a precious stone of green color.

e-merge (e-mĕrj'), *v.i.* to come forth; become apparent.

e-mer-gen-cy (-mĕr'jen-si), *n.* a sudden occasion; pressing necessity; crisis.

e-mer-i-tus (-mer'i-tus), *adj.* retired from service with honor.

e-mer-sion (-mĕr'shun), *n.* the act of emerging.

em-er-y (em'ĕr-i), *n.* a hard mineral used in polishing.

e-met-ic (e-met'ik), *adj.* inducing vomiting: *n.* a medicine with this property.

em-i-grant (em'i-grănt), *n.* one who migrates to another country.

em-i-grate ('i-grāt), *v.i.* to leave one's country to settle in another.

em-i-nence (em'i-nens), *n.* a rising ground; exalted station; a title given to cardinals.

em-i-nent (-nent), *adj.* high in office; distinguished; exalted. *Syn.* conspicuous, noted.

em-is-sa-ry (em'i-sa-ri), *n.* a person sent on a mission; a secret agent.

e-mis-sion (e-mish'un), *n.* the act of sending out.

e-mis-sive (-mis'iv), *adj.* sending out.

e-mit (-mit'), *v.t.* to send or give forth. *Syn.* exhale, discharge, vent.

em-met ('et), *n.* an ant.

e-mol-li-ent (e-mol'yent), *adj.* softening: *n.* a medicine that softens tissues.

e-mol-u-ment ('ū-ment), *n.* profit; pecuniary gain.

e-mo-tion (-mō'shun), *n.* mental agitation; passion.

e-mo-tion-al (-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to emotion.

em-per-or (em'pĕr-ĕr), *n.* sovereign of an empire.

em-pha-sis ('fă-sis), *n.* stress of utterance.

em-pha-size ('fă-sīz), *v.t.* to pronounce distinctly.

em-phat-ic (-fat'ik), *adj.* impressive; earnest.

em-pire ('pīr), *n.* the dominions of an emperor; supreme control.

em-pir-ic (-pir'ik), *adj.* pertaining to experience; a pretender to medical knowledge.

em-pir-ic-al-ly (-ăl-li), *adv.* in an empirical manner.

em-pir-i-cism ('i-sizm), *n.* observation apart from scientific knowledge; quackery.

em-plas-tic (-plas'tik), *n.* a constipating medicine.

em-ploy (-ploi'), *v.t.* to give occupation to; make use of. *Syn.* occupy, busy, engross.

em-ploy-ee (-ē'), *n.* one who works for another.

em-ploy-ment ('ment), *n.* business; occupation. *Syn.* office, function, trade, profession.

em-po-ri-um (-pō'ri-um), *n.* a place of trade; a large shop.

em-pow-er (-pou'ĕr), *v.t.* to authorize; enable.

em-press ('pres), *n.* a woman ruler of an empire; an emperor's wife or widow.

emp-ti-ness (emp'ti-nes), *n.* the state of being empty.

emp-ty ('ti), *adj.* containing nothing: *v.t.* to pour out; discharge; make vacant.

emp-ty-ing (-ing), *n.* the act of making empty.

em-pyr-e-an (em-pir'e-ăn), *adj.* pertaining to the highest and purest region of heaven. Also empyreal.

em-u-late (em'ū-lāt), *v.t.* to strive to excel; vie with.

em-u-lous (em'ū-lus), *adj.* desirous to excel.

e-mul-sion (e-mul'shun), *n.* a milk-like mixture.

en-a-ble (en-ā'bl), *v.t.* to make able; empower.

en-act (-akt'), *v.t.* to decree; pass into law; perform.

en-act-ment ('ment), *n.* a statute; the passing of a bill into law.

en-am-el (-am'el), *n.* a semi-transparent or colored substance used in coating metals or porcelain; the dense white coating of the teeth: *v.t.* to cover with enamel.

en-am-or (-am'ĕr), *v.t.* to captivate.

en-camp (-kamp'), *v.i.* to form a camp; pitch tents.

en-camp-ment ('ment), *n.* a resting place for an army.

en-caus-tic (-kaws'tik), *adj.* painting in burnt wax.

en-chain (en-chān'), *v.t.* to hold fast with a chain.

en-chant (-chănt'), *v.t.* to overcome by spells; fill with delight.

en-chant-ment ('ment), *n.* the use of magic, charms, etc.; fascination; rapture.

en-circle (-sĕr'kl), *v.t.* to enclasp; embrace; inclose.

en-co-mi-um ('mi-um), *n.* formal praise.

en-com-pass (-kum'păs), *v.t.* to surround. *Syn.* encircle, gird, beset.

en-core (äng-kōr'), *adv.* a word demanding repetition of a performance.

en-coun-ter (en-koun'tĕr), *v.t.* to come upon; meet in combat: *n.* a sudden meeting; conflict; battle. *Syn.* attack, combat, onset.

en-cour-age (-kur'ăj), *v.t.* to give courage; stimulate. *Syn.* support, cherish, inspirit.

en-cour-age-ment (-ment), *n.* incitement.

en-croach (-krōch'), *v.i.* to invade by stealth; infringe; intrude on.

en-croach-ment ('ment), *n.* intrusion.

en-cum-ber (-kum'bĕr), *v.t.* to impede; retard; obstruct; load with liabilities.

en-cum-brance ('brans), *n.* that which encumbers.

en-cy-clo-pæ-di-a or ENCYCLOPEDIA (-sī-klo-pē'di-ă), *n.* the circle of the arts and sciences; a comprehensive summary of knowledge.

en-cyst (-sist'), *v.t.* & *v.i.* to inclose in a vesicle.

end (end), *n.* the extreme limit of anything; design; logical outcome; death: *v.t.* to finish; terminate; destroy. *Syn.* aim, object, purpose.

en-dan-ger (en-dān'jĕr), *v.t.* expose to peril.

en-dear (dēr), *v.t.* to make dear; attach to one's self.

en-dear-ment ('ment), *n.* affection.

en-deav-or (-dev'ĕr), *v.i.* to strive for; attempt: *n.* an effort; attempt. *Syn.* try, essay, strive.

en-dem-ic (-dem'ik), *adj.* peculiar to a people, or locality: applied to a disease.

end-ing (end'ing), *n.* result; end.

en-do-gen ('do-jen), *n.* an endogenous plant.

en-dog-en-ous (doj'en-us), *adj.* originating or growing within.

en-dow (-dou'). *v.t.* to bestow a fund upon; furnish with dower, gift, etc.

en-dow-ment ('ment), *n.* the act of endowing; *pl.* natural gifts.

en-due (-dū'), *v.t.* to clothe; invest; assume.

en-dur-a-ble ('å-bl), *adj.* bearable.

en-dur-ance (-dūr'ans), *n.* continuance; fortitude. *Syn.* duration, resignation.

en-dure (-dūr'), *v.t.* to bear; put up with; *v.i.* to remain in the same state. *Syn.* last, continue, support.

en-dur-ing ('ing), *adj.* permanent.

en-e-my ('e-mi), *n.* foe; antagonist; a hostile army. *Syn.* adversary, opponent.

en-er-get-ic (-ēr-jet'ik), *adj.* possessing energy; vigorous in action. *Syn.* powerful, forcible.

en-er-gize ('ēr-jiz), *v.t.* to endow with energy.

en-er-gy ('ēr-ji), *n.* power efficiently exerted; capacity for performing work.

en-er-vate (e-nēr'vāt or en'ēr-vāt), *v.t.* to deprive of nerve force.

en-fee-ble (en-fē'bl), *v.t.* to weaken; relax.

en-fi-lade (-fi-lād'), *n.* a straight line: *v.t.* to rake with shot in a straight line.

en-force (-fōrs'), *v.t.* to put into execution.

en-fran-chise (-fran'chiz), *v.t.* to set free; confer the electoral franchise upon.

en-gage (en-gāj'), *v.t.* to bind by contract; encounter in battle; secure for employment. *Syn.* employ, occupy, enlist.

en-gaged (-gājd'). *p.adj.* occupied; affianced.

en-gage-ment (-gāj'ment), *n.* a battle; obligation.

en-gag-ing ('ing), *adj.* winning; pleasing.

en-gen-der (-jen'dēr), *v.t.* to beget; excite.

en-gine ('jin), *n.* a machine moved by power; anything used to produce an effect.

en-gi-neer (-ji-nēr'), *n.* one skilled in engineering; one who manages an engine.

en-gi-neer-ing ('ing), *n.* the art of constructing and using machinery.

Eng-lish (ing'glish), *adj.* pertaining to the language or the people of England.

en-gorge (en-gōrj'), *v.t.* to swallow greedily.

en-grave (en-grāv'), *v.t.* to cut in sunken patterns.

en-grav-ing ('ing), *n.* the art of producing designs; a print.

en-gross (-grōs'), *v.t.* to purchase in the gross; monopolize; write in a large hand. *Syn.* absorb, busy, occupy.

en-hance (-hans'), *v.t.* to raise in esteem; heighten in price.

e-nig-ma (e-nig'må), *n.* a riddle.

e-nig-mat-ic (-mat'ik), *adj.* obscure or puzzling. Also enigmatical.

en-join (-join'), *v.t.* to direct with authority; prohibit by an injunction. *Syn.* order, ordain, appoint.

en-joy (-joi'), *v.t.* to take pleasure in.

en-joy-ment ('ment), *n.* pleasure or gratification.

en-kin-dle (-kin'dl), *v.t.* to set on fire; rouse.

en-large (-lärj'), *v.t.* to make larger; amplify; release from confinement; dilate upon. *Syn.* increase, extend, augment.

en-light-en (-lit'n), *v.t.* to illuminate; instruct.

en-list (-list'), *v.t.* to enroll, as for military service; employ in some cause.

en-list-ment ('ment), *n.* the state of being enlisted.

en-liv-en (-liv'n), *v.t.* to exhilarate; inspirit. *Syn.* cheer, vivify, animate.

en-mi-ty ('mi-ti), *n.* animosity; hatred; ill-will. *Syn.* hostility, maliciousness.

en-no-ble (-nō'bl), *v.t.* to make noble; exalt.

en-nui (äng-wē'), *n.* languor; lassitude.

e-nor-mi-ty (e-nōr'mi-ti), *n.* an atrocity.

e-nor-mous ('mus), *adj.* excessive; immense.

e-nough (e-nuf'), *adj.* sufficient; *n.* a sufficiency. *Syn.* plenty, abundance.

en-quire. Same as inquire.

en-rage (en-rāj'), *v.t.* to throw into a rage.

en-rap-ture (-rap′tūr), *v.t.* to please intensely; charm. *Syn.* enchant, fascinate.

en-rich (en-rich′), *v.t.* to make rich; fertilize.

en-roll (-rōl′), *v.t.* to insert in a register; enlist; record.

en-san-guine (en-sang′gwin), *v.t.* to cover with blood.

en-sconce (-skons′), *v.t.* to hide; fix securely.

en-sem-ble (äng-säng′bl), *n.* the whole.

en-shrine (en-shrīn′), *v.t.* to keep sacred.

en-shroud (-shroud′), *v.t.* to cover with a shroud.

en-sign (′sīn), *n.* a flag; lowest rank in the navy.

en-slave (-slāv′), *v.t.* to reduce to slavery.

en-snare (-snār′), *v.t.* to take by craft; allure.

en-sue (-sū′), *v.i.* to follow as a consequence.

en-suite (äng-swēt′), in a series.

en-sure. Same as insure.

en-tail (en-tāl′), *n.* an estate limited to a particular heir or heirs: *v.t.* to settle by entail.

en-tan-gle (-tang′gl), *v.t.* to involve; tangle.

en-ter (′tĕr), *v.t.* to go or come into; begin.

en-ter-prise (′tĕr-prīz), *n.* an undertaking; boldness; energy. *Syn.* endeavor, venture.

en-ter-pris-ing (-ing), *n.* adventurous.

en-ter-tain (-tān′), *v.t.* to treat hospitably; amuse; take into consideration.

en-ter-tain-ing (′ing), *p.adj.* amusing.

en-ter-tain-ment (′ment), *n.* hospitality; a banquet; amusement.

en-thrall (-thrawl′), *v.t.* to enslave.

en-throne (-thrōn′), *v.t.* to place on a throne.

en-thuse (-thūz′), *v.t.* to render enthusiastic.

en-thu-si-asm (-thū′zi-azm), *n.* elevation of fancy; fervent zeal; fanaticism. *Syn.* devotion, zeal, ardor.

en-thu-si-ast (′zi-ast), *n.* one full of enthusiasm; a visionary; fanatic.

en-thu-si-as-tic (-as′tik), *adj.* ardent; zealous.

en-tice (-tīs′), *v.t.* to attract or allure; tempt.

en-tire (-tīr′), *adj.* complete in all parts; whole.

en-tire-ly (′li), *adv.* fully; completely.

en-ti-tle (en-tī′tl), *v.t.* to give a right to.

en-ti-ty (′ti-ti), *n.* anything that exists; being.

en-tomb (en-tōōm′), *v.t.* to place in a tomb.

en-tomb-ment (′ment), *n.* the act of placing in a tomb.

en-to-mol-o-gy (-tō-mol′o-ji), *n.* the science which treats of insects.

en-to-zo-ön (-tō-zō′on), *n.* an intestinal parasite.

en-trails (′trālz), *n.pl.* the intestines.

en-train (-trān′), *v.t.* to dispatch by train.

en-trance (′trans), *n.* the act of entering; a passage. *Syn.* gate, access, opening.

en-trap (-trap′), *v.t.* to take in a trap; ensnare.

en-treat (-trēt′), *v.t.* to solicit earnestly; importune.

en-treat-y (-trēt′i), *n.* an earnest petition.

en-trench. Same as intrench.

en-tre-pôt (äng′tr-pō), *n.* a commercial center for the distribution of goods.

en-trust. Same as intrust.

en-try (en′tri), *n.* an entrance; passage; item.

en-twine (-twīn′), *v.t.* to twine around.

e-nu-mer-ate (e-nū′mĕr-āt), *v.t.* to count; go over in detail.

e-nu-mer-a-tion (-ā′shun), *n.* the act of numbering.

e-nun-ci-ate (′shi-āt), *v.t.* to declare; utter.

e-nun-ci-a-tion (-ā′shun), *n.* definite statement; articulation.

e-nun-ci-a-tive (′shi-ā-tiv), *adj.* declaratory.

en-vel-op (-vel′up), *v.t.* to wrap in; hide; cover.

en-vel-ope (en′vel-ōp), *n.* a letter wrapper; covering.

en-vel-op-ment (-vel′up-ment), *n.* the act of enveloping; a covering.

en-ven-om (-ven′um), *v.t.* to make poisonous; embitter.

en-vi-a-ble (′vi-ā-bl), *adj.* exciting envy; desirable.

en-vi-a-bly (-bli), *adv.* in an enviable manner.

en-vi-ous ('vi-us), *adj.* affected by envy. *Syn.* jealous, suspicious.

en-vi-ron (-vī'run), *v.t.* to surround; encompass; hem in: *n.pl.* suburbs of a city.

en-vi-ron-ment (-ment), *n.* that which surrounds; external conditions affecting anything.

en-voy ('voi), *n.* one sent on a special mission; a minister to a foreign court.

en-vy ('vi), *v.t.* to grudge; covet; bear malice: *n.* malice; ill-will.

en-wrap (-rap'), *v.t.* to wrap up.

ep-au-let (ep'aw-let), *n.* a shoulder knot worn by naval and military officers.

eph-em-er-a (ef-em'er-å), *n.* that which exists but for a day: a May-fly.

eph-em-er-al ('ēr-ål), *adj.* brief; short-lived.

ep-ic (ep'ik), *adj.* heroic narrative; said of a poem; *n.* a narrative poem of heroic events.

ep-i-cure ('i-kūr), *n.* one devoted to luxury in eating.

ep-i-cu-re-an (-kū'rē-ån), *adj.* luxurious.

ep-i-dem-ic (-i-dem'ik), *adj.* general; *n.* a disease affecting many at one time.

ep-i-der-mal (-dēr'mål), *adj.* pertaining to the outer skin.

ep-i-der-mis ('mis), *n.* the cuticle or scarf skin.

ep-i-glot-tis (-glot'is), *n.* a cartilage that closes the windpipe against food.

ep-i-gram ('i-gram), *n.* a verse or short poem with witty point; a pithy phrase.

ep-i-gram-mat-ic (-at'ik), *adj.* pertaining to an epigram; pointed.

ep-i-graph ('i-gråf), *n.* an inscription on a building, monument, etc.

ep-i-lep-sy ('i-lep-si), *n.* a chronic nervous disease accompanied by convulsions.

ep-i-lep-tic ('tik), *adj.* pertaining to epilepsy: *n.* one affected with epilepsy.

ep-i-logue ('i-log), *n.* a poem or speech at the conclusion of a play.

E-piph-a-ny (e-pif'å-ni), *n.* a Church festival on the 12th day after Christmas.

e-pis-co-pa-cy (e-pis'ko-på-si), *n.* church government by bishops.

e-pis-co-pal ('ko-pål), *adj.* vested in a bishop.

e-pis-co-pa-lian (-pa'liån), *adj.* pertaining to episcopacy; relating to the Episcopal Church.

e-pis-co-pate ('ko-pāt), *n.* the bishopric.

ep-i-sode (ep'i-sōd), *n.* an incident; a digression.

e-pis-tle (e-pis'l), *n.* a letter; a written message.

e-pis-to-la-ry ('tō-lå-ri), *adj.* pertaining to letters.

ep-i-taph (ep'i-tåf), *n.* a memorial inscription.

ep-i-thet ('i-thet), *n.* a title; appellation.

e-pit-o-me (e-pit'o-me), *n.* a summary; abridgment.

e-pit-o-mize ('o-mīz), *v.t.* to describe briefly.

ep-och (ep'ok or ē'pok), *n.* a date from which succeeding years are reckoned; an era.

e-qua-bil-i-ty (ē-kwå-bil'i-ti), *adj.* evenness.

e-qua-ble ('kwå-bl), *adj.* consistently equal.

e-qua-bly (-bli), *adv.* in an equable manner.

e-qual ('kwål), *adj.* uniform; adequate; of the same rank or value; just; parallel: *n.* one of the same age, etc.: *v.t.* to make uniform with. *Syn.* even, like, alike.

e-qual-i-ty (-kwäl'i-ti), *n.* the state of being equal.

e-qual-ize ('kwål-īz), *v.t.* to make equal.

e-qual-ly (-li) *adv.* in the same degree; uniformly.

e-qua-nim-i-ty (-kwå-nim'i-ti), *n.* evenness of mind; calmness.

e-qua-tion (-kwā'shun), *n.* in mathematics, a proposition expressing the equality of two quantities.

e-qua-tor (-kwā'tēr), *n.* the imaginary circle which divides the earth into northern and southern halves.

e-qua-to-ri-al (-tō'ri-ål), *adj.* pertaining to the equator.

e-ques-tri-an (e-kwes'tri-ån), *adj.* pertaining to horses or horsemanship.

e-qui-lat-er-al (ē-kwi-lat'ēr-ål), *adj.* having all the sides equal.

e-qui-lib-ri-um (-lib'ri-um), *n.* equipoise.

e-qui-noc-tial (-kwi-nok'-shål), *adj.* pertaining to the equinoxes: *n.* the equinoctial line.

e-qui-nox ('kwi-noks), *n.* the time when the days and nights are of equal duration.

e-quip (e-kwip'), *v.t.* to furnish or fit out; prepare.

ep-ui-page (ek'wi-pāj), *n.* a gentleman's retinue, as horses, carriages, etc.

e-quip-ment (e-kwip'ment), *n.* articles necessary for any particular service; rolling-stock of a railway.

e-qui-poise (ē'kwi-poiz), *n.* equality of weight.

eq-ui-ta-ble (ek'wi-tȧ-bl), *adj.* impartial; just.

eq-ui-ta-bly (-bli), *adv.* justly; impartially.

eq-ui-ty ('wi-ti), *n.* justice; impartiality.

e-quiv-a-lence (e-kwiv'ȧ-lens), *n.* equality of value or power.

e-quiv-a-lent ('ȧ-lent), *adj.* equal in value or power: *n.* a thing of the same value.

e-quiv-o-cal ('ō-kȧl), *adj.* ambiguous. *Syn.* dubious, indefinite.

e-quiv-o-cate ('o-kāt), *v.i.* to use words of double meaning; prevaricate.

e-ra (ē'rȧ), *n.* the point of time from which a series of years is reckoned.

e-rad-i-cate (e-rad'i-kāt), *v.t.* to exterminate. *Syn.* root out, extirpate.

e-rase (-rās'), *v.t.* to rub or blot out; expunge.

e-ra-ser (-rā'sĕr), *n.* an erasing implement.

ere (ār), *conj.* & *prep.* before; sooner than.

e-rect (e-rekt'), *v.t.* to set upright; construct; build; *adj.* upright.

e-rec-tion ('shun), *n.* the act of raising edifices; a structure.

e-rec-tive ('tiv), *adj.* tending to erect.

er-e-mite (er'e-mīt), *n.* an ascetic; a hermit.

er-got ('got), *n.* a fungus growing upon rye, etc.

er-mine (ĕr'min), *n.* a weasel-like animal or its fur; the dignity or office of a judge.

er-mined ('mind), *p.adj.* invested with ermine.

e-rode (e-rōd'), *v.t.* to eat away; corrode.

e-ro-sion (-rō'zhun), *n.* gradual eating away.

e-ros-ive (-rōs'iv), *adj.* gnawing or wearing away.

e-rot-ic (-rot'ik), *adj.* pertaining to love; amorous.

err (ĕr), *v.i.* to commit an error; wander.

er-rand (er'ȧnd), *n.* a message; commission.

er-rant ('rȧnt), *adj.* roving; wandering.

er-rat-ic (-rat'ik), *adj.* wandering; eccentric.

er-ro-ne-ous (-rō'nē-us), *adj.* characterized by error; mistaken; wrong. *Syn.* incorrect, inaccurate.

er-ror ('ĕr), *n.* a mistake; a blunder; an irregularity.

e-ruc-ta-tion (e-ruk-tā'shun), *n.* belching wind from the stomach.

er-u-dite (ĕr'ū-dīt), *adj.* learned.

er-u-di-tion (-dish'un), *n.* knowledge; scholarship.

e-rupt-ed (e-rupt'ed), *adj.* violently ejected.

e-rup-tive (-rup'tiv), *adj.* bursting forth.

er-y-sip-e-las (er-i-sip'ε-las), *n.* an inflammation of the skin.

es-ca-lade (es-kȧ-lād'), *n.* scaling of walls in warfare: *v.t.* to storm by scaling-ladders.

es-ca-la-tor (es-ca-lā'tor), *n.* a moving or revolving stairway.

es-ca-pade (-pād'), *n.* a breach of propriety; misdeed.

es-cape (-kāp'), *v.t.* to flee from; avoid danger: *n.* flight; deliverance.

es-cape-ment ('ment), *n.* a mechanical device to regulate a clock or watch.

es-carp-ment ('ment), *n.* the steep side of a hill or ridge.

es-cheat (-chēt), *v.t.* to forfeit through failure of heirs: *n.* property thus forfeited.

es-chew (-chū'), *v.t.* to shun; avoid.

es-cort (es'kōrt), *n.* a guard; a retinue: *v.t.* (es-kōrt'), to accompany: convoy.

es-cri-toire (-kri-twär'), *n.* a writing desk.

es-cu-lent ('kū-lent), *adj.* eatable: *n.* good for food.

es-cutch-eon (-kuch'un), *n.* a shield or family coat of arms.

e-soph-a-gus (e-sof'ȧ-gus), *n.* the gullet or food canal.

es-o-ter-ic (es-o-ter'ik), *adj.* secret; confidential.

es-pal-iers (-pal'yĕrz), *n.pl.* fruit trees trained on a trellis.

es-par-to (-pär'tō), *n.* a grass used in paper-making.

es-pe-cial (-pesh'ăl), *adj.* particular; chief.

es-pe-cial-ly (-li), *adv.* particularly; chiefly. *Syn.* principally, specially.

es-pi-o-nage ('pi-o-nej), *n.* the practice of employing spies.

es-pla-nade (-plā-nād'). *n.* a level walk or drive.

es-pous-al (-pouz'ăl), *n.* the act of betrothing; a contracting to marry.

es-pouse (-pouz'), *v.t.* to betroth; wed; defend a cause.

es-py (-pī'), *v.t.* to see at a distance; discover.

es-quire ('kwīr), *n.* a title next below a knight; a title of courtesy.

es-say ('sā), *n.* a short treatise; an attempt; experiment; *v.t.* (es-sā'), to try or attempt. *Syn.* dissertation, tract.

es-sence ('ens), *n.* the innate nature of a thing; volatile matter; perfume.

es-sen-tial (-sen'shăl), *adj.* necessary; indispensable; volatile; highly rectified.

es-sen-ti-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in the highest degree.

es-tab-lish (-tab'lish), *v.t.* to fix firmly; prove legally. *Syn.* build up, confirm.

es-tab-lish-ment (-ment), *n.* fixed state; settlement; a place of business; household.

es-tate (-tāt'), *n.* condition; property in general.

es-teem (-tēm'), *v.t.* to respect; prize: *n.* high regard. *Syn.* favor, respect.

es-thet-ics. Same as æsthetics.

es-ti-ma-ble ('ti-mă-bl), *adj.* worthy of regard.

es-ti-mate ('ti-māt), *v.t.* to compute; set a value on: *n.* appraisement. *Syn.* appreciate, esteem.

es-ti-ma-tion (-mā-shun), *n.* calculation; esteem; conjecture.

es-top (-top'), *v.t.* to bar; impede.

es-trange (-trānj'), *v.t.* to alienate.

es-tu-a-ry ('tū-ā-ri), *n.* the mouth of a tidal river.

et-cæt-er-a (et set'ĕr-ă), and so forth. Also et cetera.

etch (ech), *v.t.* to engrave by aid of wax and an acid.

e-ter-nal (e-tĕr'năl), *adj.* without beginning or end. *Syn.* endless, everlasting.

e-ter-nal-ly (-li), *adv.* perpetually.

e-ter-ni-ty ('ni-ti), *n.* infinite duration.

e-ther (ē'thĕr), *n.* a subtle fluid filling all space; a volatile chemical product.

e-the-re-al (-thē're-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to ether; airy; heavenly.

e-the-re-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in an ethereal manner.

eth-i-cal (eth'i-kăl), *adj.* pertaining to morals.

eth-ics ('iks), *n.pl.* the science of moral duty.

eth-nic ('nik), *adj.* pertaining to races or peoples.

eth-nog-ra-phy (-nog'ră-fi), *n.* the scientific description of races.

eth-nol-o-gy (-nol'ō-ji), *n.* the science that treats of mankind in general.

e-ti-o-late (ē'ti-o-lāt), *v.t.* to blanch or whiten.

et-i-quette (et'i-ket), *n.* the methods of polite society; good breeding.

et-y-mol-o-gist (-mol'ō-jist), *n.* one skilled in word study.

et-y-mol-o-gy ('o-ji), *n.* the origin and derivation of words.

eu-char-ist (ū'kăr-ist), *n.* the sacrament of the Lord's Supper.

eu-chre ('kĕr), *n.* a game of cards.

eu-gen-ics (ū-jen'iks), *n.* race culture.

eu-lo-gist (-jist), *n.* one who praises.

eu-lo-gize ('lō-jīz), *v.t.* to praise highly; commend.

eu-lo-gy (-ji), *n.* studied praise; panegyric.

eu-phem-ism ('fem-izm), *n.* the use of a pleasing expression in place of an offensive one.

eu-phon-ic (-fon'ik), *adj.* pleasant to the ear.

eu-pho-ni-ous (-fon'i-us), *adj.* pleasing or sweet in sound.

eu-pho-ny ('fō-ni), *n.* an agreeable sound, or enunciation.

eu-phu-ism ('fū-izm), *n.* affected use of words.

eu-than-a-si-a (-than-ā'zhi-ă), *n.* a painless death.

e-vac-u-ate (e-vak′ū-āt), *v.t.* to make empty; discharge; excrete; withdraw from.

e-vade (-vād′), *v.t.* to elude; escape by artifice. *Syn.* equivocate, prevaricate.

ev-a-nes-cent (ev-ȧ-nes′ent), *adj.* vanishing.

e-van-gel (e-van′jel), *n.* good news; glad tidings.

e-van-gel-ic-al (′ik-ȧl), *adj.* pertaining to the Gospel; orthodox.

e-van-gel-ism (′jel-izm), *n.* the preaching of evangelical principles.

e-van-gel-ist (-ist), *n.* one of the Gospel writers; an itinerant preacher.

e-van-gel-ize (′jel-īz), *v.t.* to convert to Christianity.

e-vap-o-rate (-vap′ō-rāt), *v.i.* to disperse in vapor.

e-vap-o-ra-tion (-ra′shun), *n.* the conversion of a fluid into vapor.

e-va-sion (-vā′zhun), *n.* an excuse; equivocation.

e-va-sive (-vā′siv), *adj.* seeking to evade; elusive.

eve (ēv), *n.* evening; the period preceding some important event.

e-ven (ē′vn), *adj.* level; smooth: *v.i.* to level: *adv.* verily; but also. *Syn.* plain, smooth.

e-ven-ing (′vn-ing), *n.* the close of the day.

e-ven-ly (-li), *adv.* smoothly; uniformly.

e-vent (e-vent′), *n.* an occurrence; incident. *Syn.* accident, adventure.

e-vent-ful (′fool), *adj.* full of incidents; momentous.

e-ven-tu-al (-ven′tū-ȧl), *adj.* in the end; ultimate.

e-ven-tu-al-i-ty (′i-ti), *n.* a possible occurrence.

e-ven-tu-al-ly (-li), *adv.* ultimately.

ev-er (ev′ĕr), *adv.* at any time; always; without end.

ev-er-green (-grēn), *n.* a plant always in leaf: *adj.* always green, or fresh.

ev-er-last-ing (-lȧst′ing), *adj.* perpetual.

ev-er-more (-mōr), *adv.* eternally; always.

eve-ry (ev′ri or ev′ĕr-i), *adj.* each one of a whole. *Syn.* all, any, each, either.

e-vict (e-vikt′), *v.t.* to dispossess by legal process.

e-vic-tion (-vik′shun), *n.* act of evicting.

ev-i-dence (ev′i-dens), *n.* proof; testimony: *v.t.* to make evident.

ev-i-dent (-dent), *adj.* plain; obvious.

ev-i-den-tial (-den′shȧl), *adj.* proving clearly.

e-vil (ē′vl), *adj.* wicked; sinful: *n.* moral depravity; affliction. *Syn.* harm, mischief.

e-vil-ly (-li), *adv.* maliciously; wickedly.

e-vince (e-vins′), *v.t.* to make evident; demonstrate.

e-vis-cer-ate (-vis′ĕr-āt), *v.t.* to disembowel.

e-voke (-vōk′), *v.t.* to call forth.

ev-o-lu-tion (ev-o-lū′shun), *n.* development; natural unfoldment; the movements of troops.

ev-o-lu-tion-al (-ȧl), *adj.* pertaining to evolution. Also evolutionary.

ev-o-lu-tion-ist (-ist), *n.* an advocate of successive unfoldment of organic types.

e-volve (e-volv′), *v.t.* to develop; unfold; expand.

ewe (ū), *n.* a female sheep.

ew-er (′ĕr), *n.* a large wide-spouted water pitcher.

ex-act (egz-akt′), *adj.* accurate; precise: *v.t.* to demand; extort. *Syn.* nice, particular, punctual.

ex-act-ing (′ing), *p.adj.* oppressive; severe.

ex-ac-tion (-ak′shun), *n.* the act of extorting.

ex-act-ly (′li), *adv.* accurately; precisely.

ex-ag-ger-ate (egz-aj′ĕr-āt), *v.t.* to magnify; overstate.

ex-alt (-awlt′), *v.t.* to elevate; raise on high; extol. *Syn.* ennoble, dignify, lift.

ex-am-ine (-am′in), *v.t.* to investigate; search into; question; test the knowledge of.

ex-am-ple (-am′pl), *n.* a pattern; illustration. *Syn.* model, standard, type.

ex-as-per-ate (egs-as′pĕr-āt), *v.t.* to irritate; enrage greatly.

ex-ca-vate (eks′ka-vāt), *v.t.* to dig or hollow out.

ex-ca-va-tion (-vā′shun), *n.* a cavity formed by digging; an open earth-cutting.

ex-ceed (ek-sēd′), *v.t.* to surpass; excel; transcend.

ex-ceed-ing-ly (-li), *adv.* extremely.

ex-cel (-sel'), *v.t.* surpass; outdo in competition.

ex-cel-lence (-ens), *n.* superior merit, virtue.

ex-cel-len-cy (-en-si), *n.* a title of honor.

ex-cel-lent (-ent), *adj.* of great value; eminent.

ex-cel-si-or ('si-ẽr), *adj.* yet higher.

ex-cept (-sept'), *v.t.* to leave out; exclude: *prep.* besides: *conj.* unless.

ex-cep-tion ('shun), *n.* omission; exclusion; objection.

ex-cep-tion-a-ble (-å-bl), *adj.* liable to objection.

ex-cep-tion-al (-ål), *adj.* unusual. *Syn.* uncommon, rare.

ex-cerpt (-serpt'), *v.t.* to select from.

ex-cess (-ses'), *n.* superfluity; intemperance. *Syn.* surplus, waste, lavishness.

ex-cess-ive ('iv), *adj.* extreme; unreasonable.

ex-change (eks-chānj'), *v.t.* to barter: *n.* giving one thing for another; a place where merchants meet.

ex-change-a-ble ('å-bl), *adj.* that may be exchanged.

ex-cheq-uer (-chek'ẽr), *n.* a treasury: cash or funds.

ex-cise ('sīz), *v.t.* to lay a duty on goods: *n.* an internal tax on products.

ex-ci-sion (-sizh'un), *n.* the act of cutting out or off.

ex-ci-ta-bil-i-ty (-sīt-tå-bil'i-ti), *n.* sensitiveness to irritation.

ex-ci-ta-tion (-tā'shun), *n.* the act of exciting.

ex-cite (-sīt'), *v.t.* to animate; rouse up; put into action. *Syn.* awaken, provoke, rouse.

ex-cit-ed ('ed), *p.adj.* aroused; provoked.

ex-cit-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* stirring; lively.

ex-cite-ment ('ment), *n.* commotion.

ex-claim (eks-klām'), *v.i. & v.t.* to cry out; vociferate.

ex-cla-ma-tion (-klå-mā'shun), *n.* an abrupt outcry.

ex-clam-a-to-ry (-klam'å-to-ri), *adj.* using exclamation.

ex-clude (-klūd'), *v.t.* to shut out; prohibit.

ex-clu-sion (-klū'zhun), *n.* omission.

ex-clu-sive ('siv), *adj.* tending to exclude; illiberal.

ex-cog-i-tate (-koj-i'tāt), *v.t.* to think out.

ex-com-mu-ni-cate ('ni-kāt), *v.t.* to exclude from communion in church affairs.

ex-co-ri-ate (-kō'ri-āt), *v.t.* to strip off the skin; abrade.

ex-cor-ti-ca-tion (-kôr-ti-kā'shun), *n.* the act of stripping off bark.

ex-cre-ment ('kre-ment), *n.* matter discharged from the body.

ex-cres-cence (-kres'ens), *n.* an unnatural outgrowth.

ex-cre-tion ('shun), *n.* the ejection of waste matter from the body.

ex-cre-to-ry ('tō-ri), *adj.* pertaining to excretion.

ex-cru-ci-a-ting (-ā-ting), *adj.* agonizing.

ex-cru-ci-a-tion (ā'shun), *n.* agony; torture.

ex-cul-pate (-kul'pāt), *v.t.* to exonerate.

ex-cul-pa-to-ry ('pa-to-ri), *adj.* vindicatory.

ex-cur-sion (kẽr'shun), *n.* a pleasure trip. *Syn.* jaunt, ramble, tour.

ex-cur-sive ('siv), *adj.* rambling; digressing.

ex-cu-sa-ble (-kūz'å-bl), *adv.* pardonable.

ex-cuse (-kūz'), *v.t.* to pardon; free from obligation; justify: *n.* (-kūs'), an apology; pretext.

ex-e-crate ('e-krāt), *v.t.* to detest: abhor.

ex-e-cra-tion (-krā'shun), *n.* detestation.

ex-e-cute ('e-kūt), *v.t.* to carry into effect; put to death; make valid by signing or sealing. *Syn.* fulfill, perform.

ex-e-cu-tion (-kū'shun), *n.* performance; completion; a legal warrant; capital punishment.

ex-ec-u-tive (egz-ek'ū-tiv), *adj.* administrative; active: *n.* the administrative branch of a government or society.

ex-ec-u-tor ('ū-tẽr), *n.* one appointed to administer a will.

ex-e-ge-sis (eks-e-jē'sis), *n.* interpretation of a text or passage.

ex-e-get-ic (-jet'ik), *adj.* expository; interpretative.

ex-em-plar (egz-em'plär), *n.* a copy; example.

ex-em-pla-ry (-em'pla-ri), *adj.* worthy of imitation; commendable.

ex-em-pli-fi-ca-tion (-pli-fi-kā'shun), *n.* illustration by example.

ex-em-pli-fy ('pli-fī), *v.t.* to illustrate by example.

ex-empt (-empt'), *v.t.* to free from some duty: *adj.* free: *n.* a person freed or privileged. *Syn.* cleared, relieved.

ex-er-cise ('ĕr-sīz), *v.t.* to train by use; practice; make anxious: *n.* bodily exertion; practice; a lesson.

ex-ert (ĕrt'), *v.t.* to put forth; use with an effort.

ex-fo-li-a-tion (-fō-li-ā'shun), *n.* act of scaling or peeling off.

ex-ha-la-tion (eks-ha-lā'shun), *n.* emanation.

ex-hale (-hāl'), *v.t.* to breathe forth; emit; evaporate: *v.i.* to rise in vapor.

ex-haust (egz-awst'), *v.t.* to wear out by exertion; drain completely; discuss thoroughly.

ex-haust-i-ble ('i-bl), *adj.* that may be exhausted.

ex-haust-ive ('iv), *adj.* exhausting; complete.

ex-hib-it (egz-ib'it and eks-hib'-it), *v.t.* to present to view; display; show: *n.* an object shown.

ex-hi-bi-tion (-hi-bish'un), *n.* a public show.

ex-hil-a-rate (egz-il'ä-rāt and eks-hil'ä-rāt), *v.t.* to make joyous or cheerful; enliven.

ex-hort (egz-ôrt' and eks-hôrt'), *v.t.* to incite to good deeds; give good advice.

ex-hume (eks-hūm'), *v.t.* to disinter.

ex-i-gen-cy (eks'i-jen-si), *n.* pressing necessity or demand. *Syn.* emergency.

ex-i-gent ('i-jent), *adj.* urgent; pressing.

ex-ile (ex'il), *v.t.* to banish: *n.* a person banished; living away from home.

ex-ist (egz-ist'), *v.i.* to be; live; endure.

ex-is-tence ('ens), *n.* the state of being; life; duration.

ex-it (eks'it), *n.* going out; egress; departure.

ex-o-dus (eks'o-dus), *n.* departure from a place.

ex-o-gen ('ō-jen), *n.* a plant which develops externally: opposed to endogen.

ex-og-en-ous (-oj'en-us), *adj.* pertaining to exogens.

ex-on-er-ate (egz-on'ĕr-āt), *v.t.* to free from a charge; acquit; justify.

ex-or-bi-tant (-tânt), *adj.* excessive.

ex-or-cise (eks'ôr-sīz), *v.t.* to expel by prayers or incantations.

ex-or-cism (-sizm), *n.* expelling evil spirits.

ex-or-di-um (egz-or'di-um), *n.* an introduction, preface, or preamble.

ex-o-ter-ic (-o-ter'ik), *adj.* open; public; opposed to esoteric.

ex-ot-ic (-ot'ik), *adj.* foreign: *n.* an introduced plant, etc.

ex-pand (-pand'), *v.t.* to distend; dilate; extend.

ex-panse (-pans'), *n.* a continuous area: extent.

ex-pan-si-ble (-pan'si-bl), *adj.* capable of expansion.

ex-pan-sion (-pan'shun), *n.* extension.

ex-pan-sive ('siv), *adj.* widely extended: large.

ex-pa-ti-ate (-pā'shi-āt), *v.i.* to enlarge upon.

ex-pa-tri-ate (-pā'tri-āt), *v.t.* to drive from one's native country.

ex-pect (-pekt'), *v.t.* to look for; anticipate.

ex-pect-ance ('ans), *n.* the state of expecting.

ex-pect-ant ('ant), *adj.* presumptive.

ex-pec-ta-tion (-tā'shun), *n.* anticipation; looking forward to.

ex-pec-to-rant ('to-rânt), *n.* a medicine that promotes expectoration.

ex-pec-to-rate ('tō-rāt), *v.t.* to eject from the lungs; spit.

ex-pec-to-ra-tion (-tō-rā'shun), *n.* matter expectorated.

ex-pe-di-en-cy (-pē'di-en-si), *n.* fitness: propriety. Also expedience.

ex-pe-di-ent ('di-ent), *adj.* fit; convenient; suitable: *n.* an aid or device.

ex-pe-dite ('pe-dīt), *v.t.* to hasten: facilitate.

ex-pe-di-tion (-dish'un), *n.* haste; despatch; a march, voyage, or journey for some purpose.

ex-pe-di-tious ('us), *adj.* quick; speedy.

ex-pel (-pel′), *v.t.* to drive away; force out; exclude; banish.

ex-pend (-pend′), *v.t.* to lay out; spend; consume.

ex-pend-i-ture (′i-tūr), *n.* act of spending; disbursement.

ex-pense (-pens′), *n.* expenditure; cost; charge.

ex-pens-ive (′iv), *adj.* causing expense.

ex-pe-ri-ence (-pē′ri-ens), *n.* knowledge gained by trial.

ex-per-i-ment (-per′i-ment), *n.* a trial; essay; effort: *v.i.* to search out by trial. *Syn.* proof, trial, test.

ex-per-i-ment-al (-ăl), *adj.* guided, or learned, by experience.

ex-pert (′eks′pĕrt), *adj.* skillful: adroit: (eks′pĕrt or eks-pĕrt′), *n.* one who is skilled.

ex-pi-ate (′pi-āt), *v.t.* to atone for.

ex-pi-a-tion (′ā-shun), *n.* atonement.

ex-pi-ra-tion (-pi-rā′shun), *n.* termination.

ex-pire (-pīr′), *v.t.* to breathe out: *v.i.* to die.

ex-plain (-plān′) *v.t.* to make clear; interpret. *Syn.* expound, illustrate

ex-pla-na-tion (-pla-nā′shun), *n.* elucidation.

ex-plan-a-to-ry (-plan′ă-tō-ri), *adj.* serving to explain.

ex-ple-tive (′plē-tiv), *n.* a word inserted to fill up a verse: *adj.* added for emphasis.

ex-pli-ca-ble (′pli-kă-bl), *adj.* that may be explained.

ex-plic-it (-lis′it), *adj.* plain; definite.

ex-plode (-plōd′), *v.i.* to burst forth violently.

ex-ploit (-ploit′), *v.t.* to use for personal profit; explain at length: *n.* a remarkable or heroic act.

ex-ploi-ta-tion (-ploi-tā′shun), *n.* the improvement of lands, etc.; an examination to utilize natural resources; selfish utilization.

ex-plo-ra-tion (plō-rā′shun), *n.* careful investigation or search.

ex-plore (-plōr′), *v.t.* to search into; travel through a country for discovery.

ex-plo-sion (-plō′zhun), *n.* a sudden bursting with a loud report; a violent outbreak.

ex-plo-sive (′siv), *adj.* causing explosion: *n.* any substance likely to explode.

ex-po-nent (-pō′nent), *n.* one who explains principles; an algebraic letter.

ex-port (-pōrt′), *v.i.* to send goods to a foreign country: (eks′port) *n.* goods used in foreign commerce.

ex-pose (-pōz′), *v.t.* to lay open put forward for sale disclose; place in peril.

ex-po-si-tion (-zish′un), *n.* an explanation; an exhibition.

ex-pos-i-tor (-poz′i-tĕr), *n.* one who expounds.

ex-pos-i-to-ry (′i-to-ri), *adj.* explaining.

ex-pos-tu-late (-pos′tū-lāt), *v.i.* to remonstrate.

ex-po-sure (-pō′zhūr), *n.* the act of exposing; aspect.

ex-pound (-pound′), *v.t.* to explain; make clear.

ex-press (-pres′), *v.t.* to utter in language; represent; squeeze out; despatch: *adj.* plain; exact; *n.* a message or despatch; fast conveyance. *Syn.* declare, signify, tell.

ex-press-ion (-presh′un), *n.* act of representing; mode of speech; change of feature; look; musical feeling.

ex-press-ive (′iv), *adj.* full of significance.

ex-press-ly (-pres′li), *adv.* plainly; specially.

ex-pro-pri-a-tion (-prō-pri-ā′shun), *n.* exclusion from ownership of land or property.

ex-pul-sion (-pul′shun), *n.* forcible ejection.

ex-pul-sive (′siv), *adj.* serving to expel.

ex-punge (-punj′), *v.t.* to blot out; erase.

ex-pur-gate (′pĕr-gāt), *v.t.* to remove offensive material: said of books.

ex-qui-site (′kwi-zit), *adj.* refined; delicate; choice; keenly felt: *n.* a dandy.

ex-tant (′tant), *adj.* still existing.

ex-tem-po-ra-ne-ous (-tem-po-rā′ne-us), *adj.* unpremeditated; offhand. *Syn.* extempore, impromptu.

ex-tem-po-re (′po-re), *adj.* without study.

ex-tem-po-rize (′po-rīz), *v.i.* to discourse without previous study.

ex-tend (-tend′), *v.t.* to stretch out; enlarge; amplify. *Syn.* reach, stretch.

ex-ten-si-ble (-ten'si-bl), *adj.* capable of extension.

ex-ten-sion ('shun), *n.* enlargement; area of space.

ex-ten-sive ('siv), *adj.* comprehensive.

ex-ten-sive-ly (-li), *adv.* widely; largely.

ex-tent (-tent'), *n.* size; compass; reach.

ex-ten-uate (-ten'ū-āt), *v.t.* to palliate; mitigate.

ex-te-ri-or (-tē'ri-ēr), *adj.* outward; external: *n.* that which is outside.

ex-ter-mi-nate (-tēr'mi-nāt), *v.t.* to annihilate. *Syn.* destroy, eradicate, uproot.

ex-ter-nal (-tēr'nāl), *adj.* exterior.

ex-tinct (-tingkt'), *adj.* passed away; out of activity.

ex-tin-guish (-ting'gwish), *v.t.* to put out.

ex-tir-pate ('tēr-pāt), *v.t.* to eradicate; destroy.

ex-tol (-tōl'), *v.t.* to praise highly; laud; celebrate.

ex-tort (-tôrt'), *v.t.* to obtain by force.

ex-tor-tion (-tôr'shun), *n.* unjust exaction.

ex-tor-tion-ate ('shun-āt), *adj.* oppressive.

ex-tra ('trå), *adj.* additional: *n.* an overcharge; excess; special edition of a newspaper.

ex-tract (-trakt'), *v.t.* to draw out of; select from: *n.* (eks'-trakt) a substance extracted; an abstract from a book; quotation.

ex-trac-tion (-trak'shun), *n.* lineage, birth, or descent.

ex-tra-dite ('tra-dīt), *v.t.* to surrender a person to another government.

ex-tra-di-ta-ble (-dī'tå-bl), *adj.* liable to extradition.

ex-tra-di-tion (-dish'un), *n.* the surrender of an accused person to another government.

ex-tra-ne-ous ('nē-us), *adj.* external; foreign.

ex-traor-di-na-ry (-trôr'di-nā-ri, or -trå-ôr'di-nā-ri), *adj.* out of the usual course; uncommon; remarkable.

ex-trav-a-gance (-trav'å-gans), *n.* lavish expense; profusion.

ex-trav-a-gant ('å-gånt), *adj.* wasteful; prodigal; lavish.

ex-treme (-trēm'), *adj.* utmost; furthest; final; uncompromising: *n.* the utmost limit; excess; end.

ex-treme-ly ('li), *adv.* exceedingly.

ex-trem-ist ('ist), *n.* a supporter of extreme views.

ex-trem-i-ty (-trem'i-ti), *n.* the remotest part; end: *pl.* the limbs.

ex-tri-cate ('tri-kāt), *v.t.* to free from difficulties.

ex-trin-sic (-trin'sik), *adj.* external; not essential.

ex-trude (-trūd'), *v.t.* to thrust out; expel.

ex-u-ber-ance (-ū'bĕr-åns), *n.* superabundance.

ex-u-ber-ant (-ånt), *adj.* overabundant.

ex-ude (-ūd'), *v.t.* to discharge through pores: *v.i.* to flow out slowly.

ex-ult (egz-ult'), *v.i.* to rejoice in triumph; be very glad.

ex-ul-tant ('ånt), *adj.* rejoicing triumphantly; feeling great gladness.

ex-u-vi-æ (eks-ū'vi-ē), *n.pl.* the cast-off skins, shells, etc., of animals.

eye (ī), *n.* the organ of sight; *v.t.* to watch closely; keep in view; scrutinize.

eye-ball ('bawl), *n.* the globe of the eye.

eye-brow ('brou), *n.* the hairy arch above the eyes.

eye-lash ('lash), *n.* hair on the eyelid.

eye-let ('let), *n.* a small hole to receive a lace or cord.

eye-lid ('lid), *n.* the movable skin over the eye.

eye-sight ('sit), *n.* range of vision; view.

eye-sore ('sōr), *n.* anything that offends the sight.

eye-tooth ('tōōth), *n.* one of the upper canine teeth in the human jaw.

F

fa (fä), *n.* the fourth note in the sol-fa musical notation = F.

fa-ble (fā'bl), *n.* a short fiction conveying some moral; a falsehood: *v.t.* to feign. *Syn.* novel, romance, tale.

fab-ric (fab'rik), *n.* an edifice; a woven or other material.

fab-ri-cate ('ri-kāt), *v.t.* to construct; invent falsely.

fab-ri-ca-tor (-kā-tēr), *n.* one who fabricates.

fab-u-list ('ū-list), *n.* a writer of fables; a liar.

fab-u-lous ('ū-lus), *adj.* fictitious; mythical.

fa-cade (fä-säd'), *n.* front elevation of a building

face (fās), *n.* the countenance; outward aspect; frontal appearance: *v.t.* to meet in front; oppose with boldness. *Syn.* visage, countenance.

fac-et (fas'et), *n.* a small surface or face.

fa-ce-ti-æ (fä-sē'shi-ē), *n.pl.* witty sayings; books with coarse wit.

fa-ce-tious ('shus), *adj.* humorous; jocular. *Syn.* pleasant, jocular, jocose.

fa-cial ('shäl), *adj.* pertaining to the face.

fac-ile (fas'il), *adj.* yielding; pliant; affable.

fa-cil-i-tate (fä-sil'i-tāt), *v.t.* to make easy.

fa-cil-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* dexterity; ease; pliancy; the means by which an act may be helped or hastened.

fa-cing (fā'sing), *n.* a covering in front: *pl.* military movements in drill; the collars, cuffs, etc., of a military uniform.

fac-sim-i-le (fak-sim'i-lē), *n.* an exact likeness or copy.

fact (fakt), *n.* reality; event; truth.

fac-tion (fak'shun), *n.* a party in opposition.

fac-tious ('shus), *adj.* given to faction; turbulent.

fac-ti-tious (-tish'us), *adj.* artificial; sham.

fac-tor ('tēr), *n.* an agent for another person.

fac-tor-age (-ej), *n.* a factor's commission.

fac-to-ry ('to-ri), *n.* a place for manufacture.

fac-to-tum (-tō'tum), *n.* a man of all work.

fac-u-læ ('ū-lē), *n.pl.* luminous spots on the sun.

fac-ul-ta-tive ('ul-tä-tiv), *adj.* permissive.

fac-ul-ty ('ul-ti), *n.* a body of college professors; mental capacity; ability; readiness.

fac-und (fak'und), *adj.* ready in speech.

fad (fad), *n.* a pet idea; a passing fashion.

fad-dist ('ist), *n.* one given to fads.

fade (fād), *v.i.* to lose color; wither; die away.

fad-ing ('ing), *n.* decay; loss of color.

fæ-cal (fē'käl), *adj.* pertaining to excrement.

fæ-ces ('sēz), *n.pl.* excrement; sediment.

fag (fag), *v.i.* to grow weary; drudge for another: *n.* one who drudges for another.

fag-end ('end), *n.* the frayed end of a piece of rope.

fag-ot ('ot), *n.* a bundle of sticks bound together.

fa-ience (fä-yängs'), *n.* a variety of decorated ware.

fail (fāl), *v.i.* to fall short; waste away; turn out badly; become bankrupt: *n.* failure; omission.

fail-ing ('ing), *n.* a fault; weakness; imperfection.

fail-ure (fāl'ūr), *n.* omission; non-performance; want of success; bankruptcy.

fain (fān), *adv.* willingly; gladly.

faint (fānt), *v.i.* to become feeble; lose consciousness: *adj.* feeble; languid: *n.* a sudden loss of consciousness.

faint-ing ('ing), *n.* temporary loss of consciousness.

fair (fār), *adj.* pleasing; free from blemish; favorable; equitable; *n.* the female sex; a market held at particular times.

fair-ly ('li), *adv.* honorably; openly.

fair-ness ('nes), *n.* beauty; equity; candor.

fair-y (fār'i), *n.* an imaginary small being with magical powers; an elf; fay; sprite.

fair-y-land (-land), *n.* the abode of fairies.

faith (fāth), *n.* trust; confidence; belief in Divine revelation; fidelity. *Syn.* creed, doctrine.

faith-ful ('fool), *adj.* trustworthy; honest; loyal. *Syn.* true, loyal, constant.

faith-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in a faithful manner.

faith-less (fāth'les), *adj.* disloyal; false.

fake (fāk), *v.t.* to cheat; deceive; conceal defects.

faked (fākt), *adj.* imperfectly and dishonestly made.

fak-er ('ēr), *n.* a swindler; pickpocket.

fal-chion (fawl'shun), *n.* a short curved sword.

fal-con ('kn or faw'kn), *n.* a hawk trained for sport.

fal-con-ry (faw'kn-ri), *n.* the art of training hawks to pursue other birds.

fall (fawl), *v.i.* to drop or flow downward: be degraded: *n.* overthrow; ruin; death; a waterfall; autumn. *Syn.* drop, droop, sink, tumble.

fal-la-cious (fal-lā'shus), *adj.* deceptive; not well founded.

fal-la-cy ('ă-si), *n.* a false appearance; an unsound argument.

fall-en (fawl'n), *p.adj.* sunk to a lower state; degraded; overthrown; dead.

fal-li-bil-i-ty (fal-i-bil'i-ti), *n.* liability to err.

fal-li-ble ('i-bl), *adj.* liable to be deceived or fail.

fall-ing (fawl'ing), *p.adj.* dropping downwards; declining; decreasing.

fal-low ('ō), *adj.* untilled; pale yellow or red: *n.* land left unseeded.

false (fawls), *adj.* untrue; disloyal; counterfeit: *adv.* falsely.

false-hood ('hood), *n.* an untruth; lie.

fal-set-to (fawl-set'ō), *n.* a false or feigned voice.

fal-si-fy ('si-fī), *v.t.* to make false; counterfeit: *v.i.* to lie.

fal-si-ty ('si-ti), *n.* an untruth; false statement.

fal-ter ('tĕr), *v.t.* to hesitate in speech or action: *v.i.* to waver; tremble.

fame (fām), *n.* public report; rumor; celebrity. *Syn.* renown, reputation.

famed ('d), *adj.* renowned; celebrated.

fa-mil-iar (fă-mil'yĕr), *adj.* intimate with; unceremonious: *n.* an intimate acquaintance; a demon attendant.

fa-mil-i-ar-i-ty (-i-ar'i-ti), *n.* intimacy; freedom from ceremony.

fa-mil-iar-ize ('yĕr-īz), *v.t.* to habituate.

fam-i-ly (fam'i-li), *n.* a household; lineage; genealogy; class.

fam-ine (fam'in), *n.* extreme dearth; great scarcity.

fam-ish ('ish), *v.t.* & *v.i.* to starve.

fa-mous (fā'mus), *adj.* renowned; conspicuous; noted. *Syn.* celebrated, illustrious.

fa-mous-ly (-li), *adv.* in a famous manner.

fan (fan), *v.t.* to agitate the air; ventilate; winnow: *n.* a flat implement used to cool the face; a winnowing implement.

fa-nat-ic (fa-nat'ik), *n.* a bigoted enthusiast; one extravagant on religious subjects: *adj.* visionary. Also fanatical.

fa-nat-ic-al-ly (-ăl-li), *adv.* in a fanatic manner.

fa-nat-i-cism ('i-sizm), *n.* extravagant or frenzied zeal; wild enthusiasm.

fan-cied (fan'sid), *adj.* imaginary; liked.

fan-ci-ful ('si-fool), *adj.* unreal; whimsical; wild. *Syn.* capricious, fantastical.

fan-ci-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in a fanciful manner.

fan-cy ('si), *v.t.* to imagine; take a liking to; *adj.* ornamental: *n.* creative imagination; notion; pet pursuit.

fane (fān), *n.* a temple; church.

fan-fare (fan'fār), *n.* a flourish of trumpets.

fang (fang), *n.* the poison-tooth of a serpent; a tusk, talon, or pointed tooth.

fan-ta-si-a (-tā' or tä'zhi-ä), *n.* a fanciful piece of music.

fan-tas-tic (-tas'tik), *adj.* odd; whimsical; grotesque.

fan-tas-tic-al-ly (-ăl-li), *adv.* in a fantastic manner.

fan-ta-sy. See phantasy.

far (fär), *adj.* remote; distant: *adv.* remotely; widely.

farce (färs), *n.* a short ludicrous play; empty parade.

far-ci-cal (fär'si-kăl), *adj.* ludicrous.

far-ci-cal-ly (-li), *adv.* in a farcical manner.

fare (fār), *v.i.* to be in any state, either good or ill; to feed; succeed; result: *n.* price of passage; the person conveyed; provisions; entertainment..

fare-well ('wel), *interj.* may you fare well; good-bye: *adj.* noting a parting: *n.* an adieu.

far-fetched (fär'fecht), *adj.* unnatural; forced.

fa-ri-na (fâ-rē' or fâ-rī'nâ), *n.* starch; flour or meal.

far-i-na-ceous (-nā'shus), *adj.* consisting of farina; mealy.

farm (färm), *n.* land cultivated by a farmer; *v.t.* to cultivate land; lease or let.

farm-er ('ēr), *n.* one who cultivates a farm.

farm-ing ('ing), *adj.* pertaining to agriculture.

fa-ro (fā' or fā'ro), *n.* a game played with cards.

far-ra-go (far-rā'gō), *n.* a medley; hotch-potch.

far-ri-er ('i-ēr), *n.* one who shoes horses; a horse doctor.

far-ri-er-y (-i), *n.* the occupation of a farrier.

far-row ('ō), *v.t.* to give birth to pigs: *n.* a litter of pigs.

far-ther (fär'*th*ēr), *adj. comp.* of *far;* more distant; additional: *conj.* moreover.

far-thing ('*th*ing), *n.* one-fourth of an English penny.

fas-ci-nate ('i-nāt), *v.t.* to charm; bewitch; captivate.

fas-ci-na-tion (-nā'shun), *n.* the power of charming; a controlling mental influence; bewitchment.

fash-ion ('un), *n.* shape or form; conventional custom, especially in dress; method: *v.t.* to shape, or form.

fash-ion-a-ble (-â-bl), *adj.* according to the prevailing mode; stylish.

fast (fâst), *v.i.* to abstain from food: *n.* abstinence from food: *adj.* quick; speedy in motion; firm; dissipated: *adv.* rapidly; firmly. *Syn.* quick, fleet, expeditious.

fast-day (-dā), *n.* a day set apart for religious fasting.

fast-en (fâs'n), *v.t.* to fix securely; make fast.

fast-en-ing (-ing), *n.* that which makes fast.

fas-tid-i-ous (-tid'i-us), *adj.* difficult to please.

fast-ing (fâst'ing), *n.* abstinence from food.

fast-ness ('nes), *n.* a fortress or natural stronghold.

fat (fat), *adj.* corpulent; greasy: fertile; affluent: *n.* the oily part of flesh: *v.i.* to become fat; gain flesh.

fa-tal (fā'tâl), *adj.* causing death or destruction.

fa-tal-ism (-izm), *n.* the doctrine of inevitable necessity.

fa-tal-ist (-ist), *n.* a believer in fatalism.

fa-tal-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* predetermined order of events; a calamity; fatal occurrence.

fa-tal-ly ('tâl-i), *adv.* in a fatal manner.

fate (fāt), *n.* destiny; inevitable necessity; death or destruction.

fa-ted (fā'ted), *p.adj.* decreed by fate; destined.

fate-ful (fāt'fool), *adj.* possessing fatal power.

fa-ther (fä'*th*ēr), *n.* a male parent or ancestor; a priest; a title of respect: *v.t.* to adopt as a child.

fa-ther-hood (-hood), *n.* paternity.

fa-ther-land (-land), *n.* one's native country.

fath-om (fa*th*'um), *n.* a measure of length = 6 ft.: *v.t.* to ascertain the depth of.

fa-tigue (fâ-tēg'), *n.* weariness; exhaustion: *v.t.* to weary with toil; tire; harass. *Syn.* weariness, lassitude.

fat-ling ('ling), *n.* a young animal fattened for slaughter.

fat-ness ('nes), *n.* corpulency; fertility.

fat-ten ('n), *v.t.* to make fat; feed for the table.

fat-ty ('i), *adj.* containing fat; greasy; oily.

fa-tu-i-ty (fâ-tū'i-ti), *n.* mental weakness; obstinate folly.

fat-u-ous ('ū-us), *adj.* weak in intellect; silly; illusory.

fau-ces (faw'sēz), *n.pl.* the back part of the mouth.

fau-cet ('set), *n.* a pipe for drawing out liquor.

faugh (faw), *interj.* an exclamation of disgust.

fault (fawlt), *n.* a slight offense; blemish; defect.

fault-y ('i), *adj.* imperfect; erroneous.

faun (fawn), *n.* a classic woodland deity.

fau-na (faw'nâ), *n.* the animals of any particular region or period.

fa-vor (fā'vēr), *n.* kindness; patronage; good will; a love token; *v.t.* to regard with kindness; facilitate; resemble in features.

fa-vor-a-ble (-å-bl), *adj.* propitious; advantageous.

fa-vor-ite (-it), *n.* a special friend; a person preferred: *adj.* preferred; esteemed.

fa-vor-it-ism (-izm), *n.* the display of partiality.

fawn (fawn), *n.* a young deer: *v.i.* & *v.t.* to court in a servile manner.

fawn-ing ('ing), *n.* gross, or servile, flattery.

fay (fā), *n.* an elf; fairy.

faze (fāz), *v.t.* to worry; disturb; produce an effect on.

fe-al-ty (fē'ål-ti), *n.* fidelity; loyalty.

fear (fēr), *n.* apprehension of evil; dread: *v.t.* to regard with apprehension. *Syn.* timidity.

fear-ful ('fool), *adj.* timorous; apprehensive.

fear-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in fear; so as to cause fear.

fear-less ('les), *adj.* intrepid.

fea-si-bil-i-ty (-bil'i-ti), *n.* practicability.

fea-si-ble (fē'zi-bl), *adj.* practicable.

fea-si-bly ('zi-bli), *adv.* practicably.

feast (fēst), *n.* a sumptuous repast; a festival: *v.t.* to entertain sumptuously.

feat (fēt), *n.* a notable achievement or exploit.

feath-er (feth'ēr), *n.* a plume; the covering of a bird: *v.t.* to ornament with plumage; adorn.

feath-er-y (-i), *adj.* covered with feathers; very light.

fea-ture (fē'tūr), *n.* the cast of the face; lineament.

fea-tured ('tūrd), *adj.* with special cast of face.

feb-ri-fuge (feb'ri-fūj), *n.* a medicine that aids to cure fever.

feb-rile (feb' or fē'bril), *adj.* pertaining to fever.

Feb-ru-a-ry (feb'rōō-å-ri), *n.* the second month.

fe-cal. Same as fæcal.

fe-ces. Same as fæces.

fec-u-la (fek'ū-lå), *n.* farina; starch.

fec-u-lent ('lent), *adj.* containing dregs or sediment; turbid; muddy.

fec-und (fek' or fē-kund'), *adj.* fruitful; prolific.

fec-un-date (fek'un-dāt), *v.t.* to make fruitful.

fec-un-di-ty ('di-ti), *n.* fruitfulness; fertility of invention.

fed, *p.t.* & *p.p.* of feed.

fed-er-al (fed'ēr-ål), *adj.* pertaining to a league or treaty.

fed-er-al-ism (-izm), *n.* the doctrine of federal union.

fed-er-ate (-āt), *adj.* united by compact.

fed-er-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* a league; federal government.

fee (fē), *n.* a payment for service; a gratuity: *v.t.* to give a fee to.

fee-ble (fē'bl), *adj.* weak; infirm.

feed (fēd), *v.t.* to give food to; nourish: *v.i.* to eat; subsist: *n.* fodder; pasture.

feed-ing ('ing), *n.* the act of eating; pasture.

feel (fēl), *v.t.* to perceive by the touch; be conscious of; experience, as pleasure or pain: *n.* touch; sensation.

feel-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* sympathetic; perceptible by touch: *n.* sense of touch; perception; tenderness. *Syn.* sensibility, susceptibility.

feet, *pl.* of foot.

feign (fān), *v.t.* to pretend; invent.

feigned (fānd), *adj.* pretended; counterfeited.

feint (fānt), *n.* a pretense; mock attack.

fe-lic-i-tate (fe-lis'i-tāt), *v.t.* to congratulate.

fe-lic-i-tous ('i-tus), *adj.* characterized by happiness; appropriate.

fe-lic-i-tous-ly (-li), *adv.* happily; suitably.

fe-lic-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* great happiness; a well-chosen expression.

fe-line ('līn), *adj.* pertaining to a cat; stealthy; treacherous.

fell (fel), *v.t.* to cut or knock down; cause to fall: *adj.* cruel; savage: *n.* the skin of an animal; a barren hill.

fel-loe. Same as felly.

fel-low ('ō), *n.* a companion or associate; one held in slight esteem; a member of a society.

fel-low-ship (-ship), *n.* association; society; joint interest; a college endowment.

fel-ly ('i), *n.* a part of the rim of a wheel.

fel-on (fel'un), *n.* one guilty of felony; a whitlow: *adj.* malignant; traitorous.

fe-lo-ni-ous (fe-lō'ni-us), *adj.* malignant; criminal.

fel-o-ny (fel'ō-ni), *n.* a crime punishable by death or imprisonment.

felt, *p.t.* of feel: *n.* wool, or wool and hair, compressed into a fabric.

felt-ing ('ing), *n.* the material of which felt is made.

fe-male (fē'māl), *n.* the sex that bears young: *adj.* feminine; womanly.

fem-i-nine (fem'i-nin), *adj.* characteristic of women; delicate; tender; effeminate.

fem-i-nin-i-ty (-i-ti), *n.* the state of being feminine; womankind.

fem-o-ral (fem'o-rāl), *adj.* pertaining to the thigh.

fe-mur (fē'mĕr), *n.* the thigh-bone.

fen (fen), *n.* a marsh or bog; land covered with water.

fence (fens), *v.i.* to practice fencing; *v.t.* to inclose with a fence; fortify: *n.* a boundary inclosing land; inclosure; defense; guard; a receiver of stolen goods.

fenc-ing ('ing), *n.* the art of skilfully using a sword; materials used for constructing a fence; guard; skilful debate.

fend (fend), *v.t.* to ward off; protect with a fender.

fend-er ('ĕr), *n.* a protection to prevent injury to a ship; a metal guard in front of a fireplace; a device in front of a car.

fen-nel (fen'el), *n.* a fragrant plant of the parsley family.

fen-ny ('ni), *adj.* full of fens; marshy.

fe-ral (fē'rāl), *adj.* wild; undomesticated.

fer-ment (fĕr'ment), *n.* a substance which produces fermentation; internal commotion; tumult: *v.t.* (fĕr-ment'), to excite: *v.i.* to be in a state of fermentation.

fer-men-ta-tion (-men-tā'-shun), *n.* the act of fermenting; excitement.

fer-men-ta-tive (-men'ta-tive), *adj.* causing fermentation.

fern (fĕrn), *n.* a flowerless plant with feathery leaves.

fe-ro-cious (fe-rō'shus), *adj.* savage; fierce. *Syn.* fierce, wild, barbarous.

fe-roc-i-ty (-ros'i-ti), *n.* savageness of disposition.

fer-ret (fer'et), *n.* an animal of the weasel kind employed to hunt rats and rabbits: *v.t.* to search minutely or discover by cunning methods.

fer-ric ('ik), *adj.* containing iron.

fer-rous (fer'us), *adj.* pertaining to iron.

fer-ru-gi-nous (-rū'ji-nus), *adj.* containing iron.

fer-rule ('ri), *n.* a metal ring placed at the end of a stick to strengthen it.

fer-ry ('i), *n.* a passage across a river; the place where a ferry-boat lands its passengers: *v.t.* to convey across a stream in a boat.

fer-tile (fĕr'til), *adj.* producing abundantly; fruitful; reproductive. *Syn.* prolific, plenteous.

fer-til-i-za-tion (-i-zā'shun), *n.* the act of making fertile.

fer-til-ize ('til-īz), *v.t.* to make fertile; render fruitful; impregnate.

fer-til-i-zer (-zĕr), *n.* material used on land as a manure.

fer-til-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* fruitfulness; fecundity.

fer-ule ('ūl), *n.* a rod used for chastisement.

fer-ven-cy (fĕr'ven-si), *n.* earnestness; ardor.

fer-vent ('vent), *adj.* zealous; vehement; very hot.

fer-vent-ly ('li), *adv.* with fervor or heat.

fer-vid ('vid), *adj.* burning; ardent; fiery; intense.

fer-vor ('vĕr), *n.* intensity of feeling; zeal; warmth.

fes-tal ('tāl), *adj.* pertaining to a feast; joyous.

fes-ter ('tĕr), *v.t.* to corrupt; suppurate; rankle: *v.i.* to become ulcerated: *n.* an ulcerous sore.

fes-ti-val ('ti-vāl), *n.* a joyful celebration; a feast; a time of social enjoyment.

fes-tive ('tiv), *adj.* pertaining to a feast; joyous; merry.

fes-tive-ly (-li), *adv.* in a festive manner.

fes-tiv-i-ty (-tiv'i-ti), *n.* sócial gajety at an entertainment; merrymaking.

fes-toon (-tōōn'), *n.* a kind of wreath; an architectural ornament: *v.t.* to decorate with festoons.

fe-tal. Same as fœtal.

fetch (fech), *v.t.* to go after and bring: *v.i.* to reach or get: *n.* an artifice or trick.

fete (fāt), *n.* a festival or holiday.

fet-id (fē'tid, or fet'id); *adj.* having an offensive smell.

fe-tish (fē'tish, or fet'ish), *n.* an object of African worship. Also fetich.

fe-tish-ism (-izm), *n.* the worship of fetishes; superstitious devotion. Also fetichism.

fet-lock ('lok), *n.* a tuft of hair behind a horse's pastern joint.

fet-ter ('ĕr), *n.* a chain for the feet; restraint; hindrance: *v.t.* to place fetters upon. *Syn.* bondage, custody, durance.

fe-tus. Same as fœtus.

feud (fūd), *n.* an inveterate quarrel; enmity; hatred; land held from a lord.

feu-dal ('dal), *adj.* medieval land-holding.

feu-dal-ism (ism), *n.* the political system formerly prevalent in Europe.

feu-dal-ize ('dal-īz), *v.t.* to conform to feudalism.

feu-dal-ly (-li), *adj.* in accordance with the principles of feudalism.

feu-da-to-ry (-dȧ-tō-ri), *n.* one holding land by feudal tenure; a vassal: *adj.* pertaining to feudal tenure.

fe-ver (fē'vĕr), *n.* a disease characterized by heat, quickened pulse, great debility, etc.

fe-ver-ish (-ish), *adj.* indicating fever.

few (fū), *adj.* not many; small in number; limited.

few-ness ('nes), *n.* smallness of number.

fi-as-co (fē-äs'kō), *n.* a complete failure.

fi-at (fī'at), *n.* an order or decree.

fib (fib), *n.* a falsehood; white lie; humorous untruth: *v.i.* to tell fibs.

fi-ber (fī'bĕr), *n.* a slender thread of plant or animal origin.

fi-brin (fī'brin), *n.* a white substance which forms the clot of blood.

fi-brous ('brus), *adj.* composed of fibers.

fick-le (fik'l), *adj.* capricious; inconstant.

fic-tile (fik'til), *adj.* pertaining to pottery; readily molded; plastic.

fic-tion ('shun), *n.* something feigned or invented; a novel; romance. *Syn.* imagination, fabrication.

fic-tion-al (-ȧl), *adj.* pertaining to fiction.

fic-ti-tious (-tish'us), *adj.* of the nature of fiction false; unreal.

fid-dle (fid'l), *n.* a stringed instrument of music; a violin: *v.i.* to play the fiddle.

fid-dler (fid'lĕr), *n.* a violinist; one fussy about trifles.

fid-dle-stick (-stick), *n.* a bow for playing the fiddle: *interj.* nonsense!

fi-del-i-ty (fi-del'i-ti), *n.* integrity; honesty; loyalty.

fidg-et (flj'et), *n.* nervous restlessness: *v.i.* to move about restlessly.

fidg-et-y ('et-i), *adj.* restless; impatient.

fi-du-cial (fi-dū'shȧl), *adj.* practical confidence; held in trust.

fi-du-ci-a-ry ('shi-ȧ-ri), *n.* a trustee; *adj.* confident; unwavering.

fie (fī), *interj.* for shame! Also fy, fye.

fief (fēf), *n.* a fee or feud; a landed estate held.

field (fēld), *n.* a piece of enclosed ground; site of a battle; a wide expanse.

field-day ('dā), *n.* a military review; a day of display or activity.

field-glass ('glȧs), *n.* a small portable telescope.

field-of-fi-cer (-of'i-sĕr), *n.* a major, lieutenant-colonel, or colonel.

field-piece ('pēs), *n.* a small cannon.

field-sports ('spōrtz), *n.pl.* outdoor diversions.

fiend (fēnd), *n.* an infernal being; demon; a very wicked person.

fiend-ish ('ish), *adj.* like a fiend; malignant; diabolical; malicious.

fierce (fērs), *adj.* savage; violent; merciless; ferocious.

fierce-ly ('li), *adv.* in a fierce manner.

fier-i-ly (fīr'i-li), *adv.* in a fiery manner.

fier-i-ness (-nes), *n.* heat of temper.

fie-ry ('ri), *adj.* pertaining to fire; passionate; ardent.

fife (fīf), *n.* a musical instrument of the flute class: *v.t.* to play on a fife.

fif-teen (fif'tēn), *adj.* consisting of 5 and 10: *n.* the number made up of 5 and 10.

fif-teenth ('tēnth), *adj.* next in order after 14th.

fifth (fifth), *adj.* next in order after fourth: *n.* one of five equal parts.

fifth-ly ('li), *adv.* in the fifth place.

fif-ti-eth (fif'ti-eth), *adj.* next in order after 49th.

fif-ty ('ti), *adj.* consisting of five times 10: *n.* the number which amounts to five times 10.

fig (fig), *n.* the fruit of the fig-tree; the fig-tree; anything insignificant.

fight (fīt), *v.i.* to contend in battle or in arms; *v.t.* to war against; strive for mastery: *n.* a combat; battle; contest.

fight-ing ('ing), *adj.* pertaining to conflict; skilled in warfare.

fig-ment ('ment), *n.* an invention; fiction.

fig-u-ra-tive ('ū-rā-tiv), *adj.* symbolical; metaphorical.

fig-u-ra-tive-ly (-li), *adv.* in a typical manner.

fig-ure ('ūr), *n.* the shape of a person or object; pattern; type; character denoting a number; movement in a dance: *v.t.* to form into shape; represent; symbolize; calculate or compute. *Syn.* allegory, emblem.

fig-ured ('ūrd), *adj.* adorned with figures; symbolized; pictured.

fig-ure-head (-hed), *n.* a carved figure at the prow of a ship; a person of nominal importance.

fil-a-ment ('ă-ment), *n.* a fine thread or fiber.

fil-a-men-ta-ry (-men'ta-ri), *adj.* resembling a filament.

fil-bert (fil'bĕrt), *n.* the edible nut of the hazel.

filch (filch), *v.t.* to pilfer; rob.

file (fīl), *n.* a wire, etc., to hold papers for reference; a line of soldiers; a grooved tool of steel for smoothing iron: *v.t.* to smooth with a file; string on a file; place among records: *v.i.* to march in a file or line.

fil-i-al (fil'i-ăl), *adj.* befitting a son or daughter.

fil-i-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in a filial manner.

fil-i-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* affiliation.

fil-i-bus-ter (-i-bus'tĕr), *n.* a freebooter; buccaneer.

fil-i-form (fil'i-fôrm), *adj.* thread-like.

fil-i-gree ('i-grē), *n.* ornamental work in gold or silver wire.

fi-ling (fī'ling), *n.* the act of using a file.

fill (fil), *v.t.* to make full; satisfy; occupy: *v.i.* to become full; *n.* satiety.

fill-er ('er), *n.* one who, or that which, fills.

fil-let ('et), *n.* a head band; a boneless lump of meat rolled together and tied round: *v.t.* to bind with a fillet.

fil-ling (fil'ing), *p.adj.* serving to fill; occupying the whole space; satiating.

fil-lip ('ip), *n.* a sudden stroke with the finger; an incitement: *v.t.* to strike suddenly with the nail; project.

fil-ly ('i), *n.* a young mare.

film (film), *n.* a thin skin; a thin sensitized substance to receive a photographic impression: *v.i* to become covered with a film.

film-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state of being filmy.

film-y (i'), *adj.* composed of films.

fil-ter (fil'tĕr), *n.* a strainer for water or any liquids: *v.t.* to purify, as a liquid.

filth (filth), *n.* foul matter; defilement, moral or physical.

fil-thi-ly (-li), *adv.* in a filthy manner.

fil-thi-ness (-nes), *n.* uncleanness; impurity.

filth-y ('i), *adj.* foul; dirty; unclean.

fil-trate (fil'trāt), *n.* a filtered liquid: *v.t.* to filter.

fin (fin), *n.* one of the organs of locomotion of a fish.

fi-na-ble (fīn'ă-bl), *adj.* liable to a fine.

fi-nal (fī'năl), *adj.* ultimate; finishing; decisive: *n.* that which is last.

fi-na-le (fē-nä'lā), *n.* the final act, etc., of a scene or performance; termination; end.

fi-nal-i-ty (fī-nal'i-ti), *n.* completeness.

fi-nal-ly (fī'năl-li), *adv.* lastly; completely.

fi-nance (fi-nans'), *n.* the science of managing money: *v.t.* to arrange funds: *v.i.* to raise money for some special object.

fi-nan-cial (-nan'shăl), *adj.* pertaining to finance. *Syn.* fiscal, pecuniary.

fi-nan-cial-ly (-li), *adv.* with respect to finance.

fin-an-cier (fin-an-sēr'), *n.* one skilled in finance.

finch (finch), *n.* the common name for various small birds.

find (fīnd), *v.t.* to discover; obtain by searching; ascertain; supply: *n.* a thing discovered. *Syn.* descry, discover, espy.

find-er ('ẽr), *n.* one who, or that which, finds.

find-ing (fīnd'ing), *n.* discovery; the verdict of a jury.

fine (fīn), *n.* money paid as a penalty; forfeiture: *v.t.* to impose a penalty upon; purify; refine; clarify. *Syn.* forfeit, mulct, penalty.

fine (fīn), *adj.* slender; thin; refined; subtle; of small diameter; showy; splendid; free from clouds or rain; discriminating. *Syn.* nice, clear, dainty, smooth.

fine-ly ('li), *adv.* in a fine manner.

fine-ness ('nes), *n.* the state or quality of being fine.

fi-ner-y (fī'nẽr-i), *n.* personal adornment; outward show.

fi-nesse (fi-nes'), *n.* artifice; stratagem; skill; *v.i.* to use artifice or skill for some end.

fin-ger (fing'gẽr), *n.* one of the four digits of the hand; a finger's breadth: *v.t.* to perform with the fingers; meddle with; steal; pilfer.

fin-gered ('gẽrd), *p.adj.* having fingers; played with the fingers; marked to show how the fingers are to be used.

fin-ger-ing (-ing), *n.* touching with the fingers; playing on a keyed instrument.

fin-ger-ling ('ling), *n.* a young trout.

fin-i-cal ('i-kăl), *adj.* fastidious; over particular.

fin-i-cal-ly (-li), *adv.* in a finical manner.

fi-ning (fī'ning), *n.* the process of refining.

fi-nis (fī'nis), *n.* the end.

fin-ish (fin'ish) *v.t.* to bring to an end; complete; make perfect: *v.i.* to come to an end; expire: *n.* completion; careful elaboration.

fin-ished ('isht), *p.adj.* complete; fully elaborated.

fi-nite (fī'nīt), *adj.* having limits.

fi-nite-ly (-li), *adv.* in a limited degree.

fin-ny ('ni), *adj.* having fins; resembling fish.

fir (fẽr), *n.* the name of various cone-bearing trees.

fire (fīr), *n.* heat and light; a burning; conflagration; flame; discharge of firearms; ardor; spirit; *v.t.* to kindle; explode; excite violently. *Syn.* glow, heat, warmth.

fire-arms ('ärmz), *n.pl.* rifles, cannon, etc.

fire-ball ('bawl), *n.* a grenade; meteor.

fire-bal-loon ('bal-lōōn), *n.* a balloon inflated by hot air.

fire-brand ('brand), *n.* a piece of burning wood.

fire-clay ('klā), *n.* a heat-resisting clay.

fire-cracker ('krak-ẽr), *n.* a small explosive firework.

fire-dog ('dog), *n.* an andiron.

fire-en-gine ('en-jin), *n.* an engine for extinguishing fires.

fire-fly ('flī), *n.* a winged insect which emits light.

fire-man ('măn), *n.* one trained to extinguish fires; a stoker.

fire-side ('sīd), *n.* the hearth; hence domestic life and comfort.

fire-work ('wẽrk), *n.* a preparation which, when ignited, scintillates and explodes; *pl.* a pyrotechnic display.

fir-ing ('ing), *n.* discharging firearms; applying intense heat, as in baking, etc.

fir-kin (fẽr'kin), *n.* a vessel holding 9 gallons.

firm (fẽrm), *adj.* hard; compact; unyielding; steadfast; *n.* a mercantile partnership. *Syn.* constant, solid, fixed.

fir-ma-ment (fẽr'mă-ment), *n.* the sky.

first (fẽrst), *adj.* foremost; earliest; chief; *n.* the beginning.

first-class ('klăs), *adj.* of the highest excellence.

first-fruits ('frūts), *n.pl.* first produce of the season.

first-ly ('li), *adv.* in the first place.

first-rate ('rāt), *adj.* of the highest excellence; *adv.* excellently.

fis-cal (fis'kăl), *adj.* pertaining to the public revenues: *n.* a treasurer.

fish (fish), *n.* a vertebrate animal living in water: *v.t.* to catch fish: *v.i.* seek to gain something by indirect methods.

fish-er-man ('er-măn), *n.* one whose occupation it is to catch fish.

fish-er-y ('ẽr-i), *n.* the business of catching fish; a fishing-ground.

fish-hawk ('hawk), *n.* the osprey.

fish-ing ('ing), *n.* the sport or business, of taking fish.

fish-mon-ger ('mung-gẽr), *n.* one who sells fish.

fish-y ('i), *adj.* pertaining to fish; dull; vacant; questionable.

fis-sile (fis'il), *adj.* capable of being split.

fis-sion (fish'un), *n.* cleavage; division.

fis-sure (fish'ur), *n.* a cleft; a narrow opening; furrow.

fist (fist), *n.* the hand when closed or clenched.

fis-tic (fis'tik), *adj.* pertaining to pugilism.

fis-ti-cuffs ('ti-kufs), *n.* a combat with the fists.

fis-tu-la ('tū-lȧ), *n.* a deep, tube-like ulcer.

fit (fit), *v.t.* to make suitable; adapt; qualify; adjust: *v.i.* to be proper: *n.* adaptation; suitability. *Syn.* adapt, adjust, suit.

fit (fit), *n.* a sudden attack of disease; caprice.

fit-ful (fit'fool), *adj.* capricious; spasmodic.

fit-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in a fitful manner.

fit-ly (fit'li), *adv.* suitably; properly.

fit-ness ('nes), *n.* the state or quality of being fit.

fit-ting ('ing), *p.adj.* suitable; appropriate.

five (fiv), *adj.* consisting of 4 and 1: *n.* the sum of 4 and 1.

five-fold ('fold), *adj.* five times as much.

fix (fiks), *v.t.* to secure; place permanently; adjust; transfix: *v.i.* to settle down: *n.* an awkward situation; quandary. *Syn.* determine, establish, settle.

fix-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* the act of fixing; stability.

fixed (fikst), *p.adj.* firm; lasting; settled; permanent.

fix-ed-ly (fiks'ed-li), *adv.* steadily; firmly.

fix-ed-ness (-nes), *n.* absence of volatility.

fixed star (stär), *n.* a star which retains relatively the same position in the heavens.

fix-ing (fiks'ing), *n.* the act of making firm: *pl.* ornaments, outfit, apparatus, etc.

fix-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* stability; permanence.

fix-ture (fiks'tur), *n.* a fixed article of furniture, etc.

fizz (fiz), *n.* a hissing noise: *v.i.* to make such a noise.

flab-bi-ly (flab'i-li), *adv.* in a flabby manner.

flab-bi-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state of being flabby.

flab-by ('i), *adj.* soft; yielding; lacking; mentally or physically feeble.

flac-cid (flak'sid), *adj.* flabby; weak.

flac-cid-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* the state of being flaccid.

flag (flag), *n.* the ensign of a country, ship, troops, etc.; a plant; a flagstone: *v.i.* to become weary; lose vigor; hang down.

flag-el-lant (flaj'el-ȧnt), *adj.* using a whip.

flage-o-let (flaj'o-let), *n.* a musical instrument of the flute class.

fla-gi-tious (fla-jish'us), *adj.* atrocious; wicked; highly criminal.

flag-on (flag'un), *n.* a large drinking vessel with a narrow mouth.

fla-grant (flā'grȧnt), *adj.* openly wicked; heinous.

flag-stone ('stōn), *n.* a large flat paving stone.

flail (flāl), *n.* an instrument for threshing grain.

flake (flāk), *n.* a fleck of snow; a thin scaly piece of anything: *v.t.* & *v.i.* to scale or peel off.

flak-y ('i), *adj.* consisting of flakes or layers.

flam-beau ('bō), *n.* a lighted torch.

flam-boy-ant (-boi'ȧnt), *adj.* denoting a showy style.

flame (flām), *n.* blaze; ardor; excitement: *v.i.* to burst into flame; blaze. *Syn.* flare, flash, glare.

flam-ing (flām'ing), *adj.* giving forth flames; blazing.

flange (flanj), *n.* a projecting rim to keep a wheel on the rails.

flank (flangk), *n.* the side of an animal or of an army: *v.t.* to attack an army sidewise, or turn the flank.

flan-nel (flan'el), *n.* a soft-textured cloth.

flap (flap), *n.* anything hanging broad and loosely, or its motion or noise; the tail of a coat: *v.t.* to strike with a flap: *v.i.* to move, as wings, with noise.

flare (flār), *n.* a large, unsteady light: *v.i.* to burn with such a light.

flare-back (flār'bak), *n.* a reverse outburst of flame from a furnace.

flash (flash), *n.* a sudden burst of light; a transient state: *v.t.* to cause to act suddenly: *v.i.* to shine with a sudden blaze.

flash light ('līt), *n.* a momentary, brilliant light for taking photographs.

flash-i-ly ('i-lĭ), *adv.* in a showy or gaudy manner.

flash-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* gaudiness.

flash-y ('i), *adj.* brilliant but empty; gaudy.

flask (flâsk), *n.* a small bottle; a powder horn.

flat (flat), *adj.* level; prostrate; insipid; positive: *n.* a level plain; a shoal; floor of a house; a musical sign lowering the preceding note; a person easily duped. *Syn.* even, smooth.

flat-ten ('n), *v.t.* to make level or even; depress; lower in tone: *v.i.* to become insipid.

flat-ter ('ĕr), *v.t.* to please by complimentary speech.

flat-ter-ing (-ing), *p.adj.* pleasing; fallacious.

flat-ter-y ('ĕr-i), *n.* insincere compliments; false praise.

flat-ting ('ing), *n.* the act of making flat; the sounding of a note below the true pitch.

flat-u-lence ('ū-lens), *n.* wind or gas in the stomach; emptiness; conceit.

flat-u-lent ('ū-lent), *adj.* windy; puffy; vain.

flaunt (flänt and flawnt), *v.t.* to make an ostentatious display.

fla-vor (flā'vĕr), *n.* a peculiar smell or taste: *v.t.* to give an agreeable taste.

fla-vor-ing (-ing), *n.* an extract for giving a flavor.

flaw (flaw), *n.* a blemish; crack: *v.t.* to break; injure.

flax (flaks), *n.* a plant yielding the fiber of linen.

flax-en ('en), *adj.* like flax in kind or color.

flax-seed ('sēd), *n.* linseed.

flay (flā), *v.t.* to strip off; skin; torture.

flea (flē), *n.* a small blood-sucking insect.

flea-bite ('bīt), *n.* the bite of a flea; a trifling trouble; a very small quantity.

fleck (flek), *n.* a streak or spot: *v.t.* to variegate.

fledge (flej), *v.i.* to acquire wings or feathers.

fledg-ling ('ling), *n.* a young bird just fledged.

flee (flē), *v.t.* to run away from danger.

fleece (flēs), *n.* the wool shorn from a sheep: *v.t.* to deprive of the fleece; strip; plunder by fraud.

fleec-y ('i), *adj.* resembling a fleece; woolly.

fleer (flēr), *n.* a grin of mockery: *v.i.* to sneer; grin contemptuously.

fleet (flēt), *adj.* swift; nimble: *n.* a company of ships: *v.t.* to pass rapidly over.

fleet-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* passing quickly.

flesh (flesh), *n.* the soft part of animal tissue; animal food; human nature; carnal appetites: *v.t.* to satiate or glut; initiate.

flesh-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* corpulence.

flesh-li-ness ('li-nes), *n.* carnality.

flesh-ly ('li), *adj.* pertaining to the body.

flesh-y ('i), *adj.* plump; corpulent; succulent.

flew, *p.t.* of fly.

flex-i-bil-i-ty (fleks-i-bil'i-ti), *n.* pliancy.

flex-i-ble ('i-bl), *adj.* easily bent; pliant. *Syn.* pliable, ductile.

flex-ion (flek'shun), *n.* the act of bending; a curve.

flex-ure ('ūr), *n.* the part bent; a curve; joint.

flick (flik), *n.* a light stroke, as with a whip.

flick-er ('ĕr), *v.i.* to flutter with the wings: *n.* an unsteady light.

flick-er-ing (-ing), *n.* burning unsteadily.

fli-er (flī'ĕr), *n.* one who flees; a fugitive.

flight (flīt), *n.* the act of flying; hasty removal; a series of steps.

flight-i-ly ('i-lĭ), *adv.* capriciously.

flight-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state of being flighty.

flight-y ('i), *adj.* changeful; capricious; wild; giddy.

flim-sy ('zi), *adj.* unsubstantial; thin; weak; ineffective.

flinch (flinch), *v.i.* to shrink or draw back.

flin-der (flin'dĕr), *n.* a splinter; fragment.

fling (fling), *v.t.* to throw; cast to the ground: *v.i.* to flounce: *n.* the act of throwing; a sneer or gibe.

flint (flint), *n.* a variety of quartz.

flint-y ('i), *adj.* made of flint; hard; obdurate.

flip (flip), *n.* a flick: *v.t.* to jerk with the fingers.

flip-pan-cy (flip'ân-si), *n.* pertness; voluble talk.

flip-pant ('ânt), *adj.* pert; talkative.

flirt (flĕrt), *v.t.* to throw with a jerk: *v.i.* make love for amusement: *n.* a coquette; a sudden jerk or toss.

flir-ta-tion (flĕr-tā'shun), *n.* the act of flirting.

flir-ta-tious ('shus), *n.* inclined to flirt.

flir-ting ('ting), *n.* coquetry: *adj.* coquettish.

flit (flit), *v.i.* to pass lightly; fly away; skim; remove.

flitch (flich), *n.* the side of a hog cured.

flit-ting (flit'ing), *n.* the act of flying swiftly; a removal.

float (flōt), *v.t.* to drift on the surface; glide without apparent effort: *n.* anything that swims on a liquid; a raft.

floating, *p.adj.* buoyed up on the surface of a liquid; not fixed or settled.

floc-cu-lent ('ū-lent), *adj.* woolly; in flakes.

flock (flok), *n.* a collection of sheep or birds; a congregation; a lock of wool: *v.i.* to come together; assemble. *Syn.* brood, group, covey.

floe (flō), *n.* a mass of ice floating on the ocean.

flog (flog), *v.t.* to whip; chastise; lash.

flog-ging ('ing), *n.* a whipping.

flood (flud), *n.* an inundation; an abundant supply: *v.t.* to inundate; overflow.

flood-gate ('gāt), *n.* a gate to let out water or hinder inflow.

flood-tide ('tīd), *n.* the rising tide.

floor (flōr), *n.* the bottom of a room; a story; a level suite of rooms: *v.t.* to lay a floor; settle in argument; strike down.

floor-ing ('ing), *n.* materials for floors.

flop (flop), *v.t.* to flap, as wings; fall loosely and flatly.

flo-ra (flō'râ), *n.* the plants of a region or geological period.

flo-ral ('râl), *adj.* pertaining to flowers.

flo-res-cence (flō-res'ens), *n.* the flowering of a plant.

flo-ri-cul-ture ('ri-kul-tūr), *n.* the culture of flowers.

florid (flor'id), *adj.* bright in color; showy.

flo-rist (flō'rist), *n.* one who cultivates flowers.

floss (flos), *n.* the soft, silken substance in the husks of certain plants.

floss-silk ('silk), *n.* an inferior soft silk.

flo-ta-tion (flō-tā'shun), *n.* the act of floating.

flo-til-la (-til'â), *n.* a fleet of small vessels.

flot-sam (flot'sâm), *n.* goods found floating upon the sea.

flounce (flouns), *n.* trimming on a woman's dress; a sudden impatient jerk of the body: *v.t.* to trim with flounces.

floun-der (floun'dĕr), *v.i.* to struggle; proceed with difficulty: *n.* a flat sea-fish.

flour (flour), *n.* the fine meal of ground wheat: *v.t.* to sprinkle flour upon.

flour-ish (flur'ish), *v.i.* to thrive; be vigorous; embellish: *v.t.* swing about; give flourishes to: *n.* a showy display; ostentation; fanciful pen strokes. *Syn.* prosper, thrive.

flour-ish-ing (-ing), *p.adj.* prosperous; thriving.

flour-y (flour'i), *adj.* resembling flour.

flout (flout), *v.t.* to insult; treat contemptuously: *v.i.* to scoff; sneer: *n.* an insult.

flow (flō), *v.i.* to run, as water; glide; rise, as the tide; issue forth: *n.* a current or stream.

flow-er (flou'ĕr), *n.* blossom of a plant; the prime of anything: *v.i.* to put forth flowers.

flow-er-et (-et), *n.* a little flower.

flow-er-y ('ĕr-i), *adj.* abounding with flowers; highly figurative.

flow-ing (flō'ing), *p.adj.* moving; streaming; copious; hanging loosely.

fluc-tu-ate (fluk'tū-āt), *v.i.* to undulate; rise and fall; waver.

flue (flū), *n.* a passage for smoke, hot air, etc.

flu-en-cy (flū'en-si), *n.* facility of utterance.

flu-ent ('ent), *adj.* possessing readiness of speech. *Syn.* glib, voluble, ready.

fluff (fluf), *n.* light down: *v.t.* to spread out, as feathers.

fluff-y ('i), *adj.* consisting of fluff; feathery.

flu-id (flū'id), *adj.* liquid or gaseous: *n.* a liquid substance. *Syn.* gas, liquid.

flu-id-i-ty (-id'i-ti), *n.* the state of being fluid.

fluke (flūk), *n.* the broad part of an anchor; a parasitic disease in sheep; a small flat fish.

flume (flūm), *n.* a channel for water.

flum-mer-y (flum'er-i), *n.* a jelly made of flour; insipidity; humbug.

flung, *p.t. & p.p.* of fling.

flunk (flungk), *n.* a complete failure: *v.i.* to tire through fear.

flunk-y ('i), *n.* a liveried servant; a term applied to an obsequious person in contempt.

flu-o-resce (flōō-o-res'), *v.i.* to exhibit fluorescence.

flu-o-res-cence ('ens), *n.* the quality in certain bodies of becoming luminous when exposed to radiant energy.

flu-o-res-cent ('ent), *adj.* pertaining to fluorescence.

flu-o-rine ('o-rin), *n.* an element allied to chlorine.

flu-or-spar ('ēr-spär), *n.* a transparent mineral.

flur-ry (flur'i), *v.t.* to agitate, confuse, or bewilder: *n.* hurry; a sudden gust.

flush (flush), *v.i.* to blush; glow: *n.* a sudden rush of water; flow of blood to the face; sudden excitement; abundance; bloom: *adj.* level with the surface; quite full.

flush-ing ('ing), *n.* cleansing out by a copious flow of water.

flus-ter (flus'tĕr), *v.t.* to confuse or agitate.

flute (flūt), *n.* a tubular musical instrument; a groove in the shaft of a column: *v.t.* to sound as a flute; crimp or furrow.

flu-ting (flū'ting), *n.* a channel or groove; fluted work.

flut-ter (flut'ĕr), *v.i.* to flap the wings rapidly: *v.t.* to throw into confusion: *n.* a quick irregular motion; state of excitement.

flu-vi-al (flū'vi-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to rivers.

flux (fluks), *n.* a flowing; looseness: *v.t.* to melt or fuse.

fly (flī), *v.i.* to move through the air with wings; pass swiftly; burst: *v.t.* to avoid or shun: *n.* [*pl.* flies (flīz)], a two-winged insect of many species.

fly-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* adapted for flight; brief, or hurried.

fly-ing-fish (-fish), *n.* a fish which is able to make a short flight in the air by aid of its fins.

fly-wheel (flī'hwēl), *n.* a heavy wheel which regulates the motion of a machine.

foal (fōl), *n.* the young of a horse, ass, or camel.

foam (fōm), *n.* white froth; spume: *v.t.* to cause to foam: *v.i.* to be enraged.

fob (fob), *n.* a small pocket: *v.t.* to cheat.

fo-cal (fō'kăl), *adj.* placed at a focus.

fo-cus (fō'kus), *n.* the point where rays of light or heat meet after being reflected; any central point: *v.t.* to bring to a center.

fod-der (fod'ĕr), *n.* food for horses or cattle.

foe (fō), *n.* an enemy; ill-wisher; adversary.

fœ-tal (fē'tăl), *adj.* pertaining to the fœtus.

fœ-tus ('tus), *n.* the young of viviparous animals in the uterus.

fog (fog), *n.* a thick mist or vapor; bewilderment.

fog-gy ('i), *adj.* abounding in fog; obscure; obtuse.

fo-gy (fō'gi), *n.* an old-fashioned person.

foi-ble (foi'bl), *n.* a mental or moral weakness.

foil (foil), *v.t.* to frustrate; defeat: *n.* a blunted sword for fencing; a thin leaf of metal.

foist (foist), *v.t.* to place wrongfully; palm off slyly.

fold (fōld), *v.t.* to double over; inclose: *n.* a doubling; a plait; a pen for sheep.

fold-er ('ĕr), *n.* an instrument for folding.

fold-ing ('ing), *n.* the act of doubling one part over another.

fo-li-a-ceous (fō'li-ā'shus), *adj.* leafy.

fo-li-age ('li-ej), *n.* leaves of trees.

fo-li-a-ted ('li-ā-ted), *p.adj.* formed into thin plates.

fo-li-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* the act of leafing; beating a metal into thin plates.

folk (fōlk or fōk), *n.* people in general.

folk-lore ('lōr), *n.* popular traditions, customs, etc.

fol-low (fol'ō), *v.t.* to go or come after; pursue; attend. *Syn.* succeed, ensue, copy.

fol-low-er (-ĕr), *n.* one who follows, a disciple. *Syn.* adherent, retainer.

fol-low-ing ('ō-ing), *adj.* succeeding: *n.* vocation.

fol-ly (fol'i), *n.* foolishness; criminal weakness. *Syn.* silliness, imbecility.

fo-ment (fō-ment'), *v.t.* to bathe with warm liquids; excite; instigate.

fo-men-ta-tion (-men-tā'shun), *n.* bathing with warm lotions; incitement.

fond (fond), *adj.* affectionate; loving; foolishly indulgent. *Syn.* enamored, attached.

fon-dle (fon'dl), *v.t.* to caress; treat with tenderness.

font (font), *n.* a baptismal basin; an assortment of types.

food (fōōd), *n.* nutriment; material.

fool (fōōl), *n.* one lacking in intelligence; an idiot; a victim or butt.

fool-er-y ('ēr-i), *n.* habitual folly; absurd conduct.

fool-har-di-ness ('här-di-nes), *n.* a courage without sense.

fool-har-dy ('här-di), *adj.* foolishly bold. *Syn.* venturesome, rash.

fool-ing ('ing), *n.* buffoonery; banter.

fool-ish ('ish), *adj.* weakminded; silly; ridiculous. *Syn.* simple, absurd.

fool-ish-ly (-li), *adj.* in a foolish manner.

fool-ish-ness (-nes), *n.* folly; lack of sense.

foot (foot), *n.* the lower part of the leg, on which an animal stands; the base on which a thing is sustained; a measure of 12 inches; infantry soldiers.

foot-ball ('bawl), *n.* a popular ball game.

foot-ing ('ing), *n.* support for the feet; tread; a firm or assured position.

foot-man ('mǎn), *n.* a man servant.

foot-step ('step), *n.* mark of a foot; track.

fop (fop), *n.* a dandy; pretentious fool. *Syn.* beau, coxcomb, puppy.

fop-per-y ('ēr-i), *n.* dandyism.

fop-pish ('ish), *adj.* affected in dress and manners.

for (fôr), *prep.* in place of; on account of; notwithstanding; *conj.* because; since.

for-age (for'ej), *n.* food for horses and cattle; a search for provisions: *v.i.* to search for provisions.

for-ag-ing (-ing), *n.* the act of searching for forage.

for-ay (for'ā), *n.* a predatory expedition.

for-bade, *p.t.* of forbid.

for-bear (-bār'), *v.t.* to abstain from: *v.i.* to restrain one's self. *Syn.* refrain, withhold.

for-bear-ance ('ǎns), *n.* patience; self-command; indulgence.

for-bid (-bid'), *v.t.* to prohibit; oppose.

for-bid-ding ('ing), *p.adj.* repellent; disagreeable.

force (fôrs), *n.* active power; strength; violence; validity; efficacy; armament: *v.t.* to compel; overpower; strain. *Syn.* strength, vigor, dint.

forced (fôrst), *p.adj.* strained; affected.

for-ceps (fôr'seps), *n.* a surgeon's or dentist's pincers.

for-ci-ble (fôr'si-bl), *adj.* vigorous; violent.

for-ci-bly ('si-bli), *adv.* vigorously; violently.

ford (fôrd), *n.* a shallow part of a stream: *v.t.* to pass by wading.

fore-bode (-bōd'), *v.i.* to presage, especially evil.

fore-cast ('kǎst), *n.* a previous contrivance; prediction of the weather: *v.t.* (fôr-kǎst'), to plan beforehand; foresee. *Syn.* forethought, foresight.

fore-cas-tle (fôr'kǎs-l or fōk'sl), *n.* the fore part of a ship.

fore-fa-ther ('fä-*th*ēr), *n.* a male ancestor.

fore-go (-gō'), *v.t.* to renounce or refrain from. *Syn.* quit, relinquish, waive.

fore-head (for'ed), *n.* the upper part of the face.

for-eign (for'en), *adj.* belonging to another country; extraneous.

fore-lock (fôr'lok), *n.* a lock of hair on the brow.

fore-man ('mǎn), *n.* the spokesman of a jury; an overseer.

fore-most ('mōst), *adj.* chief; first.

fore-run-ner ('ēr), *n.* a messenger sent before; herald. *Syn.* harbinger, omen.

for-est (for'est), *n.* a woodland; a large tract covered with trees: *adj.* pertaining to a forest.

fore-stall (fôr-stawl'), *v.t.* to be beforehand with.

for-est-er (for'est-ēr), *n.* one skilled in forestry.

for-est-ry ('est-ri), *n.* the art of tree culture.

fore-warn (fōr'wawrn), *v.t.* to admonish in advance.

fore-word (fōr'wĕrd), *n.* a preface.

for-feit (fôr'fit), *n.* a fine or penalty: *v.t.* to lose by offense or heedlessness: *adj.* alienated or lost.

for-fei-ture ('fi-tūr), *n.* the act of forfeiting; penalty.

for-gave, *p.t.* of forgive.

forge (fôrj and fôrj), *v.t* to fashion metal by heating and hammering; form into shape; counterfeit; impel forward: *n.* a place where metal is forged; smithy; workshop.

forg-er ('ēr), *n.* one who forges; a fabricator.

for-ger-y (-i), *n.* the act of counterfeiting handwriting or coin.

for-get (fôr-get'), *v.t.* to lose the remembrance of.

for-get-ful ('fool), *adj.* apt to forget; negligent.

for-get-ful-ness (-nes), *n.* loss of remembrance; neglect.

for-giv-a-ble (-giv'å-bl), *adj.* that may be forgiven.

for-give (-giv'), *v.t.* to pardon: *v.i.* to exhibit forgiveness. *Syn.* remit, absolve, excuse.

for-give-ness ('nes), *n.* pardon; remission.

for-got-ten, *p.p.* of forget.

fork (fôrk), *n.* an instrument with prongs; the space at the junction of two roads or rivers.

forked (fôrkt), *adj.* shaped like a fork; zigzag, as lightning.

for-lorn (-lôrn'), *adj.* deserted; destitute; miserable; *Syn.* forsaken, abandoned.

form (fôrm), *n.* shape; image; likeness; symmetry; a long bench: *v.t.* to give shape to; create; constitute.

form-al ('ăl), *adj.* according to form; precise; conventional. *Syn.* ceremonious, precise, affected.

form-al-ism (-izm), *n.* scrupulous observance of outward forms.

for-mal-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* strict adherence to form; ceremony; method or mode.

form-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in a formal manner.

for-ma-tion (-mā'shun), *n.* the act of forming; structure; figure.

for-ma-tive ('mă-tiv), *adj.* serving to form; plastic.

for-mer ('mĕr), *adj.* preceding in time or place. *Syn.* anterior, previous.

for-mer-ly (-li), *adv.* anciently; some time ago.

for-mi-ca-tion (-mi-kā'shun), *n.* irritation of the skin.

for-mid-a-ble ('mid-å-bl), *adj.* exciting dread; tremendous.

for-mid-a-bly (-li), *adv.* in a formidable manner.

for-mu-la ('ū-lå), *n.* a prescribed form; a formal statement of faith or doctrine.

for-mu-late ('ū-lāt), *v.t.* to reduce to a formula.

for-ni-cate (fôrn'i-kāt), *v.i.* to commit lewdness.

for-sake (-sāk'), *v.t.* to leave; desert; abandon.

for-sooth (-sōōth'), *adv.* verily; in truth.

for-swear (-swār'), *v.i.* to swear falsely; commit perjury.

fort (fôrt), *n.* a castle; fortress.

forte (fôrt), *n.* one's strong point, or special talent.

forth (fôrth), *adv.* forward; abroad; away.

forth-com-ing (-kum'ing), *adj.* ready to appear.

forth-with (-with'), *adv.* immediately.

for-ti-eth (fôr'ti-eth), *adj.* next in order after 39th.

for-ti-fi-ca-tion (-ti-fi-kā'shun), *n.* a military defensive work. *Syn.* fort, citadel.

for-ti-fy ('ti-fī), *v.t.* to strengthen by military works; encourage or confirm.

for-ti-tude ('ti-tūd), *n.* strength to bear suffering; patient endurance. *Syn.* resolution, fearlessness.

fort-night (fort'nīt), *n.* a period of 14 days.

fort-night-ly (-li), *adv.* once every 14 days.

for-tress ('tres), *n.* a fortified place; castle.

for-tu-i-tous (-tū'i-tus), *adj.* happening by chance; accidental.

for-tu-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* an accidental occurrence.

for-tu-nate ('tū-nāt), *adj.* lucky; auspicious; successful. *Syn.* happy, prosperous.

for-tu-nate-ly (-li), *adv.* luckily; auspiciously.

for-tune ('tūn), *n.* the good or ill that happens to mankind; chance; fate; possessions. *Syn.* luck, doom, destiny.

for-ty ('ti), *adj.* one more than 39: *n.* the sum of 10 and 30.

for-ward (fôr'wĕrd), *adv.* onward; in advance: *adj.* near the front; early in season; ready; earnest; impertinent: *interj.* on! *v.t.* to help forward; quicken or hasten

for-ward-ness (-nes), *n.* the state of being forward; pertness.

for-wards. Another form of forward, *adv.*

fos-sil (fos'il), *n.* petrified organic material: *adj.* pertaining to petrified remains.

fos-sil-if-er-ous (-if'ĕr-us), *adj.* containing petrified organisms.

fos-sil-ize (-īz), *v.t.* to petrify; to make antique.

fos-ter ('tĕr), *v.t.* to nourish; rear up; cherish. *Syn.* nurse, tend, harbor.

fos-ter-child (-child), *n.* a child reared by one who is not its parent.

fought, *p.t. & p.p.* of fight.

foul (foul), *adj.* offensive; impure; loathsome; cloudy and stormy: *v.t.* to sully or defile; come into collision. *Syn.* nasty, filthy, dirty.

found, *p.t. & p.p.* of find: *v.t.* to lay the basis of; establish; originate; cast, as molten metal.

foun-da-tion (foun-dā'shun), *n.* groundwork; the origin of anything; an endowment.

foun-der (foun'dĕr), *n.* builder: one who casts metal: *v.i.* to fill and sink; go lame.

found-ling (found'ling), *n.* a deserted child.

foun-dry ('dri), *n.* a place where metals are cast.

fount (fount), *n.* a fountain; original source.

foun-tain (foun'tăn), *n.* a spring; source of a river; a jet of water; first cause.

foun-tain-head (-hed), *n.* primary source.

four (fōr), *adj* consisting of one more than three: *n.* the sum of 3 and 1.

four-fold (fōr'fōld), *adj.* four times told.

four-score ('skōr), *adj.* four times twenty.

four-teen ('tēn), *adj.* consisting of 10 and 4.

fourth (fōrth), *adj.* next in order after third.

fourth-ly ('li), *adv.* in the fourth place.

fowl (foul), *n.* the domestic cock or hen; poultry; birds in general.

fowl-er ('ĕr), *n.* one who kills wild birds.

fowl-ing ('ing), *n.* the act of hunting wild birds.

fowl-ing-piece (-pēs), *n.* a gun for shooting birds.

fox (foks), *n.* a cunning carnivorous animal; a sly, cunning person.

fox-grape ('grāp), *n.* a variety of wild grape.

fox-hound ('hound), *n.* a dog used for fox-hunting.

fox-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* sly cunning; the state of being decayed or sour.

fox-y ('i), *adj.* resembling a fox; cunning; crafty.

fra-cas (frā'kăs), *n.* a noisy quarrel.

frac-tion (frak'shun), *n.* a part broken off; portion of a whole number.

frac-tious ('shus), *adj.* unruly; cross. *Syn.* petulant, touchy, fretful.

frac-ture ('tūr), *n.* a break or breach; separation; *v.t.* to break or crack.

frag-ile (fraj'-il), *adj.* easily broken; delicate. *Syn.* brittle, frail, feeble.

fra-gil-i-ty (frā-jil'i-ti), *n.* brittleness; weakness.

frag-ment (frag'ment), *n.* a part broken off.

frag-ment-al (-ăl), *adj.* composed of fragments, disconnected. Also fragmentary.

fra-grance (frā'grăns), *n.* a pleasant scent.

fra-grant ('grănt), *adj.* sweet-smelling.

frail (frāl), *adj.* fragile; weak; liable to error.

frail-ty ('ti), *adj.* weakness; a foible.

frame (frām), *n.* timbers of a building; fabric; state of mind: *v.t.* to fit to something else; form. *Syn.* construct, invent, make.

frame-work ('wĕrk), *n.* that which supports something else.

franc (frangk), *n.* a French coin, =19.3 cents.

fran-chise (fran'chīz), *n.* right of suffrage; a privilege granted. *Syn.* privilege, freedom.

frang-i-bil-i-ty (franj-i-bil'i-ti), *n.* the state of being frangible.

frang-i-ble ('i-bl), *adj.* easily broken.

frank (frangk), *adj.* candid; outspoken; a free letter: *v.t.* to exempt from postage. *Syn.* artless, sincere, plain.

frank-in-cense ('in-sens), *n.* a fragrant resin.

frank-ly ('li), *adv.* candidly, openly.

frank-ness ('nes), *n.* candor; openness.

fran-tic (fran'tik), *adj.* raving; distracted; furious. *Syn.* mad, frenzied.

fra-ter-nal (fra-tēr'nal), *adj.* brotherly.

fra-ter-nal-ly (-li), *adv.* in a brotherly way.

frat-er-nize (frat'ēr-nīz), *v.i.* to associate as brothers.

fra-ter-ni-ty (fra-tēr'ni-ti), *n.* brotherly relationship; a society; union.

frat-ri-cide (frat'ri-sīd), *n.* the crime of killing a brother; one who kills a brother.

fraud (frawd), *n.* deceit; artifice; trick; a humbug. *Syn.* deception, duplicity.

fraud-u-lence ('ū-lens), *n.* deceitfulness.

fraud-u-lent ('ū-lent), *adj.* dishonest.

fraught (frawt), *adj.* laden; charged.

fray (frā), *n.* a riot; quarrel: *v.t.* to wear away by nibbing.

fray-ing ('ing), *n.* wearing away by friction.

freak (frēk), *n.* a whim; a prank; an abnormal animal or plant. *Syn.* fancy, humor, caprice.

freck-le (frek'l), *n.* a spot in the skin: *v.i.* to become so spotted.

free (frē), *adj.* at liberty; permitted; liberal; familiar; *v.t.* to set at liberty; emancipate. *Syn.* generous, bountiful.

free-boot-er ('bōōt-ēr), *n.* a pirate; buccaneer.

freed-man (frēd'mān), *n.* a man freed from slavery.

free-dom (frē'dum), *n.* liberty; ease in performance; undue familiarity. *Syn.* exemption, privilege.

free-hold ('hōld), *n.* land held by free tenure.

free-man ('mān), *n.* one who possesses liberty.

free-port ('pōrt), *n.* a port where goods may enter free from duties.

free-think-er ('thingk-ēr), *n.* one who forms his opinions independent of creed or dogma.

free trade ('trād), *n.* trade unrestricted by customs duties.

free-will ('wil), *adj.* voluntary: *n.* power of acting without restriction by dogma.

freeze (frēz), *v.t.* to congeal into ice; kill by cold.

freight (frāt), *n.* the loading of a ship or car; cargo; the sum paid for conveyance of goods: *v.t.* to load with goods.

freight-age ('ej), *n.* charge for freight; cargo.

freight-er ('ēr), *n.* a shipper; a freight vessel.

French (french), *adj.* pertaining to France.

fren-zied (fren'zid), *p.adj.* delirious.

fren-zy ('zi), *n.* violent agitation; temporary madness; fury.

fre-quen-cy (frē'kwen-si), *n.* repeated occurrence.

fre-quent ('kwent), *adj.* recurring often: *v.t.* (frē-kwent'), to visit often. *Syn.* common, general.

fre-quent-ly (-li), *adv.* often; repeatedly.

fres-co (fres'kō), *n.* painting on fresh plaster.

fresh (fresh), *adj.* new; recent; in good condition; active; brisk; cool; not salt; inexperienced.

fresh-en ('en), *v.t.* to make fresh; revive; lose saltness.

fresh-et ('et), *n.* a flood in rivers or streams.

fresh-man ('mān), *n.* a beginner in college.

fret (fret), *v.t.* to wear by friction; corrode; agitate; irritate: *n.* irritation; mental agitation. *Syn.* gall, chafe, vex.

fret-ful ('fool), *adj.* peevish; irritated.

fret-work ('wērk), *n.* carved or raised work.

fri-a-ble (frī'ā-bl), *adj.* readily crumbled.

fri-ar ('ēr), *n.* a mendicant monk.

fric-as-see (frik-ā-sē'), *n.* a dish of chicken: *v.t.* cut up and stewed.

fric-tion ('shun), *n.* the act of rubbing; attrition; irritation from difference of opinion.

fric-tion-al (-āl), *adj.* pertaining to friction.

Fri-day (frī'dā), *n.* the sixth day of the week.

fried, *p.t. & p.p.* of fry.

friend (frend), *n.* one attached to another by affection; a Quaker; supporter of a cause.

friend-li-ness ('li-nes), *n.* the state of being friendly.

friend-ly ('li), *adj.* amicable; genial; favorable: *adv.* amicably. *Syn.* social, sociable.

friend-ship ('ship), *n.* intimacy; mutual attachment.

frieze (frēz), *n.* part of the entablature of a column; a coarse woolen cloth.

frig-ate (frig'at), *n.* a former large warship.

fright (frīt), *n.* a violent fear; alarm.

fright-en ('n), *v.t.* to terrify.

fright-ful ('fool), *adj.* terrible; alarming; shocking.

fright-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* terribly; grotesquely.

frig-id (frij'id), *adj.* cold; stiff; formal; dull.

fri-gid-i-ty (fri-jid'i-ti), *n.* coldness.

frill (fril), *n.* an edging or ruffle: *v.t.* to make into a frill.

fringe (frinj), *n.* a kind of trimming; border of hanging cords, etc.; any border or edging resembling a fringe: *v.t.* to border with a fringe.

frip-per-y (frip'ēr-i), *n.* old clothes or furniture; trifles: *adj.* trumpery; useless.

frisk (frisk), *v.i.* to gambol or dance: *n.* a caper; frolic.

fris-ky ('ki), *adj.* lively in action; sprightly.

frit-ter (frit'ēr), *v.t.* to waste by degrees; cut into small pieces: *n.* a small cake containing meat or fruit.

fri-vol-i-ty (fri-vol'i-ti), *n.* levity; a trifling act.

friv-o-lous (friv'o-lus), *adj.* trifling; petty; silly.

frizz (friz), *v.t.* to curl or crisp.

friz-zle (friz'l), *v.t.* to curl on hot coals; to frizz.

fro (frō), *adv.* away from; backward.

frock (frok), *n.* a loose upper garment; a monk's habit.

frog (frog), *n.* a small amphibious animal; a tag or tassel for a coat or robe.

frogged (frogd), *adj.* ornamented with tassels.

frol-ic (frol'ik), *n.* a scene of gaiety; wild prank: *adj.* sportive; merry: *v.i.* to indulge in mirthful tricks.

frol-ic-some (-sum), *adj.* full of frolic.

from (from), *prep.* out of, away; since.

frond (frond), *n.* the leaf of a fern, palm, or seaweed.

front (frunt), *n.* the forehead; the forepart of anything; impudence or boldness: *v.t.* to stand before; oppose.

front-age ('āj), *n.* the front part of a building.

fron-tal (fron'tāl), *adj.* pertaining to the front or forehead.

fron-tier (fron'tēr), *n.* the boundary of a country: *adj.* contiguous.

fron-tis-piece (fron'tis-pēs), *n.* an illustration facing the front page of a book.

front-let (frunt'let), *n.* a band worn on the forehead.

frost (frôst), *n.* ice caused by chill in the atmosphere; hoar-frost: *v.t.* to cover with or injure by frost.

frost-ed ('ed), *p.adj.* affected by frost.

frost-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state of being frosty.

frost-ing ('ing), *n.* white, sweet covering for cakes.

frost-y ('i), *adj.* like frost; frozen; cold in manner.

froth (frôth), *n.* bubbles on the surface of a liquid; foam; vain, showy speech.

froth-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state of being frothy.

froth-y ('i), *adj.* composed of froth; empty; frivolous.

fro-ward (frō'wērd), *adj.* perverse; wayward.

frown (froun), *n.* a look of displeasure: *v.i.* to contract the brows to indicate displeasure; to regard with disfavor (with *on*).

frow-zy (frou'zi), *adj.* musty; untidy.

froze, *p.t.* of freeze.

froz-en (frōz'en), *p.adj.* congealed; benumbed; icy.

fruc-ti-fy (fruk'ti-fī), *v.t.* to make productive.

fru-gal (frū'gāl), *adj.* thrifty; economical. *Syn.* provident, saving.

fru-gal-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* thrift; economy.

fru-gal-ly (-li), *adv.* with economy.

fru-giv-o-rous (frū-jiv'ō-rus), *adj.* fruit-eating.

fruit (frūt), *n.* the seed of a tree and its covering; tree or plant containing the seed; offspring: *v.i.* to produce fruit.

fruit-age ('āj), *n.* fruit collectively; product.

fruit-er-er ('ēr-ēr), *n.* one who deals in fruit.

fruit-ful ('fool), *adj.* yielding fruit; prolific.

fruit-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* abundantly.

fruit-ful-ness (-nes), *n.* productiveness.

fru-i-tion (frū-ish'un), *n.* realization.

fruit-y (frūt'i), *adj.* full-flavored; rich.

frus-trate (frus'trāt), *v.t.* to defeat; thwart; nullify. *Syn.* foil, balk, disappoint.

fry (frī), *v.t.* to cook with fat in a pan: *n.* a swarm of young fish.

fud-dle (fud'l), *v.t.* to stupefy with drink.

fudge (fuj), *n.* a made-up story; kind of candy: *interj.* nonsense!: *v.i.* to contrive by imperfect means.

fu-el (fū'el), *n.* material for a fire.

fu-ga-cious (fū-gā'shus), *adj.* fleeting; volatile.

fu-gi-tive (fū-ji-tiv), *adj.* unstable; fleeting; fleeing from danger: *n.* one who flees; a runaway or deserter.

fu-gi-tive-ly (-li), *adv.* in a fugitive manner.

fugue (fūg), *n.* a succession of parts in music.

ful-crum (ful'krum), *n.* the supporting part of a lever.

ful-fil (fool-fil'), *v.t.* to complete; execute; perform what is promised. Also fulfill. *Syn.* accomplish, effect.

ful-fill-ment ('ment), *n.* accomplishment.

ful-gen-cy (ful'jen-si), *n.* brightness; splendor.

full (fool), *adj.* filled; saturated; copious; plump; distinct: *n.* the highest extent or measure: *v.i.* to pucker; thicken cloth in a mill.

full-er ('ēr), *n.* one who fulls cloth.

full-y (fool'i), *adv.* completely; abundantly. *Syn.* perfectly.

ful-mi-nate (ful'mi-nāt), *v.t.* to cause to explode; utter a censure: *v.i.* to make a loud sudden noise; detonate: *n.* a detonating compound.

ful-some (ful'sum), *adj.* offensive; gross. *Syn.* coarse, offensive, rank.

fum-ble ('bl), *v.i.* to grope or feel about; handle awkwardly.

fume (fūm), *n.* vapor; smoke; rage: *v.i.* to emit smoke; be in a passion.

fu-mi-gate ('i-gāt), *v.t.* smoke; perfume; disinfect.

fun (fun), *n.* mirth; drollery; sport.

func-tion (fungk'shun), *n.* office; faculty; power; employment.

func-tion-al (-âl), *adj.* pertaining to some office.

func-tion-a-ry (-a-ri), *n.* one who holds an office.

fund (fund), *n.* stock or capital; a stock in reserve: *pl.* public securities: *v.t.* to convert into a fund.

fun-da-ment (fun'dâ-ment), *n.* foundation.

fun-da-men-tal ('âl), *adj.* pertaining to a foundation; essential; primary.

fun-da-men-tal-ly (-li), *adj.* in a fundamental manner.

fund-ed (fund'ed), *p.adj.* converted into a permanent loan.

fund-ing ('ing), *n.* making a permanent fund; investment in government funds.

fu-ner-al (fū'nēr-âl), *n.* a burial; *adj.* pertaining to interment of the dead.

fu-ne-re-al (-nē're-âl), *adj.* suitable for a funeral; mournful; sad.

fun-gous (fung'gus), *adj.* like a fungus; spongy.

fun-gus ('gus), *n.* a mushroom, toadstool, etc.; a spongy excrescence.

fun-nel (fun'el), *n.* a conical spout for pouring liquids into close vessels; passage for smoke.

fun-ni-ly ('i-li), *adv.* in a funny manner.

fun-ny ('i), *adj.* droll; ludicrous; queer; strange.

fur (fēr), *n.* the soft hair of certain animals: *pl.* the dressed skins of such animals: *adj.* trimmed with fur: *v.t.* to cover with fur.

fur-be-low ('be-lō), *n.* fringed border of a gown.

fur-bish ('bish), *v.t.* to polish; renovate.

fur-cate ('kāt), *adj.* forked.

fu-ri-ous (fū'ri-us), *adj.* frenzied; mad; tempestuous. *Syn.* violent, boisterous.

furl (fērl), *v.t.* to roll up a sail, flag, etc.

fur-long (fēr'lông), *n.* one-eighth of a mile.

fur-lough ('lō), *n.* leave of absence: *v.t.* to grant such leave.

fur-nace ('nas), *n.* an enclosed fire-place; a chamber to reduce ores, etc., by heat.

fur-nish ('nish), *v.t.* to supply; fit out; equip.

fur-nish-ing (-ing), *n.* providing with furniture.

fur-ni-ture ('nĭ-tūr), *n.* the equipments of a house; outfit; equipage.

fur-ri-er (fur'i-ẽr), *n.* a dealer in furs.

fur-row (fur'ō), *n.* a trench made by a plow; a groove; wrinkle: *v.t.* to plow; wrinkle.

fur-ry (fur'i), *adj.* covered with fur.

fur-ther (fur'*th*ẽr), *adj.* more distant; additional; *adv.* moreover; also: *v.t.* to promote; help forward.

fur-ther-ance (-âns), *n.* advancement.

fur-ther-more (-mōr), *adv.* moreover; besides.

fur-ther-most (-mōst), *adj.* most remote.

fur-thest ('*th*est), *adj.* most distant: *adv.* at the greatest distance.

fur-tive (fẽr'tiv), *adj.* sly; secret; stealthy.

fu-ry (fū'ri), *n.* violent rage; madness; a termagant woman.

furze (fẽrz), *n.* a hardy spiny shrub.

fuse (fūz), *v.t.* to liquefy by heat; melt: *n.* the tube or cord used in exploding gunpowder, etc.

fu-si-ble (fūz'i-bl), *adj.* capable of being fused.

fu-sil-lade (-zi-lād'), *n.* a simultaneous discharge of firearms.

fu-sion ('zhun), *n.* the process of melting by heat; union.

fuss (fus), *n.* bustle; confusion; stir: *v.i.* to worry.

fus-tian ('chăn), *n.* a kind of cotton cloth; bombast: *adj.* made of fustian; bombastic.

fu-tile (fū'til), *adj.* vain; useless. *Syn.* trifling, trivial.

fu-til-i-ty (-til'i-ti), *n.* the quality of being futile.

fu-ture ('tūr), *adj.* that will be hereafter: *n.* time yet to come.

fu-tu-ri-ty ('i-ti), *n.* time to come.

fuzz (fuz), *n.* minute particles of wool, etc.

G

gab (gab), *n.* idle chatter: *v.i.* to prate; talk idly.

gab-ble (gab'l), *v.t.* to utter rapidly without sense: *n.* rapid incoherent talk.

ga-bi-on (gā'bi-un), *n.* a basket filled with earth: used for military defense.

ga-ble (gā'bl), *n.* the triangular end of a building.

gad (gad), *v.i.* to ramble: *n.* a steel wedge.

gad-fly ('flī), *n.* a fly that stings cattle.

gaff (gaf), *n.* a light spear; a small boom: *v.t.* to seize with a gaff.

gaf-fer (-ẽr), *n.* an aged rustic; a good old man.

gag (gag), *n.* something placed in the mouth to hinder speech: *v.t.* to stop the mouth with a gag.

gage, gauge (gāj), *n.* a measuring rod; a pledge; a kind of plum: *v.t.* to estimate capacity.

gag-er (gāj'ẽr), *n.* one who gages. See gauger.

gai-e-ty (gā'e-ti), *n.* merriment; pleasure.

gai-ly (gā'li), *adv.* merrily; finely; joyfully.

gain (gān), *n.* advantage; profit: *v.t.* to obtain; earn; win. *Syn.* benefit, earnings.

gain-say ('sā), *v.t.* to contradict; speak against.

gait (gāt), *n.* manner of walking; way or course.

gait-er ('ẽr), *n.* a covering of cloth for the ankle; a shoe with a cloth top.

ga-la ('lâ), *n.* a festive show; pomp.

gal-a-te-a (gal-â-tē'â), *n.* a cotton fabric with blue and white stripes.

gal-ax-y ('aks-i), *n.* the Milky Way; an assemblage of splendid persons or things.

gale (gāl), *n.* a strong wind; noisy merriment.

ga-le-na (ga-lē'nâ), *n.* sulphide of lead.

gall (gawl), *n.* the bile; anything very bitter; gall-nut: *v.t.* to chafe the skin; wear away; vex.

gal-lant (gal'ânt), *adj.* brave; high-spirited; chivalrous: *n.* a beau; gay person.

gal-lant (gal-ant'), *adj.* showing courtesy to women: *n.* a man attentive to women: *v.t.* to pay court to; escort. *Syn.* brave, bold, gay, fine.

gal-lant-ly (gal'ânt-li), *adv.* bravely, (gal-ant'li) politely.

gal-lant-ry ('ânt-ri), *n.* bravery; heroic courage; daring; polite attention to women; intrigue.

gal-le-on ('e-on), *n.* a large Spanish vessel.

gal-ler-ied ('ĕr-id), *adj.* furnished with galleries.

gal-ler-y ('ĕr-i), *n.* a long apartment; corridor; the upper seats of a theater, etc.; a building used for the exhibition of works of art, etc.

gal-ley ('li), *n.* a low, flat, one-decked vessel.

gall-ing (gawl'ing), *p.adj.* chafing; irritating.

gal-li-pot (gal'i-pot), *n.* a small glazed earthenware jar.

gal-lon (gal'un), *n.* a liquid measure = 4 quarts; a dry measure = 1-8th of a bushel.

gal-loon (-ōōn'), *n.* a fabric used for dress trimmings.

gal-lop ('up), *n.* swift, leaping movement: *v.i.* to move by leaps, as a horse.

gal-lo-pade (-lo-pād'), *n.* a lively dance.

gal-lop-ing (-ing), *p.adj.* going at a gallop.

gal-lows ('ōz), *n.* a frame used for hanging criminals.

ga-lore (gȧ-lōr'), *adv.* in great plenty.

ga-losh (gȧ-losh'), *n.* an overshoe of india-rubber.

gal-van-ic (gal-van'ik), *adj.* pertaining to galvanism.

gal-van-ism (-izm), *n.* an electric current produced by chemical action.

gal-van-ize (-īz), *v.t.* to affect with galvanism; to electrotype.

gam-bier (gam'bĕr), *n.* a vegetable extract used as an astringent.

gam-ble ('bl), *v.i.* to play for money.

gam-bler ('blĕr), *n.* one who gambles.

gam-boge (-bōōj'), *n.* a yellow gum-resin.

gam-bol ('bol), *n.* a dancing or skipping about; frolic: *v.i.* to skip sportively; frolic.

game (gām), *n.* a sport or diversion; fun; frolic; animals hunted; any object of pursuit: *pl.* athletic contests: *adj.* pertaining to game; ready: *v.i.* to play at any sport. *Syn.* pastime, diversion, sport.

game-cock ('kok), *n.* a cock trained for fighting.

game-ful ('fool), *adj.* sportive.

game-some ('sum), *adj.* merry; sportive.

gam-in (gam'in), *n.* a precocious street child.

gam-ing (gām'ing), *n.* playing games for stakes; gambling.

gam-mon ('un), *v.t.* to impose upon; hoax; cure by salting and smoking: *n.* a hoax; imposition; the smoked buttock of a hog.

gam-ut (gam'ut), *n.* a scale of notes in music.

gam-y (gām'i), *adj.* having the flavor of game.

gan-der (gan'dĕr), *n.* a male goose.

gang (gang), *n.* a crew; a band; a company; a body of political adventurers. *Syn.* horde, company, troop.

gan-gli-on ('gli-on), *n.* an enlargement in the course of a nerve.

gan-grene ('grēn), *n.* mortification of flesh: *v.t.* to mortify.

gangue (gang), *n.* the rock material in a bed of ore.

gang-way (gang'wā), *n.* a narrow passage of any kind; the waist of a vessel; the main level in a mine.

gant-let. Same as gauntlet.

gaol. Same as jail.

gap (gap), *n.* an opening; cleft; passage; hiatus. *Syn.* breach, chasm, hollow.

gape (gāp), *v.i.* to open the mouth wide; yawn; open as a chasm: *n.* the act of gaping.

gar-age (gar-aj'), *n.* a place in which automobiles are kept.

garb (gärb), *n.* a dress: *v.t.* to clothe.

gar-bage (gär'bej), *n.* offal; refuse.

gar-ble (gär'bl), *v.t.* to cleanse by sifting; select for some purpose; mutilate.

gar-den ('dn), *n.* a piece of ground in which flowers, etc., are cultivated: *v.t.* to lay out and cultivate a garden.

gar-den-ing ('dn-ing), *n.* horticulture.

gar-gle ('gl), *n.* a medicinal liquid for washing the throat: *v.i.* to wash the throat.

gar-ish (gär'ish), *adj.* gaudy; dazzling.

gar-land (gär'länd), *n.* a wreath of flowers.

gar-lic ('lik), *n.* a bulbous plant with pungent taste and unpleasant smell.

gar-ment ('ment), *n.* any article of clothing.

gar-ner ('nĕr), *n.* a granary: *v.t.* to store; gather up.

gar-net ('net), *n.* a precious stone.

gar-nish ('nish), *v.t.* to adorn: *n.* a decoration. *Syn.* embellish, beautify.

gar-ni-ture ('ni-tūr), *n.* embellishment.

gar-ret (gar'et), *n.* the uppermost room of a house.

gar-ri-son ('i-sn), *n.* a body of troops in a fort: *v.t.* to furnish a fort with troops.

gar-rote (-rōt'), *n.* an instrument for strangling a criminal: *v.t.* to choke a person in order to rob him.

gar-ru-li-ty (-rōō'li-ti), *n.* inconsequent loquacity.

gar-ru-lous (-lus), *adj.* talkative; verbose.

gar-ter (gär'tĕr), *n.* a band to hold up a stocking.

gar-ter-snake (-snāk), *n.* a small, striped American snake.

gas (gas), *n.* rarified matter, opposed to the solid and liquid conditions of substance.

gas-con-ade (-kun-ād'), *n.* boastful talk: *v.t.* to bluster; boast.

gas-e-lier ('e-lēr), *n.* a gas-burning chandelier. Also gasolier.

gas-e-ous ('e-us), *adj.* having the nature of gas.

gash (gash), *n.* a deep wound: *v.t.* to cut deep.

gas-ket ('ket), *n.* a cord by which sails are tied to the yard.

gas-o-line ('o-lēn), *n.* a volatile inflammable product of petroleum.

gas-om-e-ter (-om'e-tĕr), *n.* a reservoir for gas.

gasp (gâsp), *n.* a convulsed effort to catch the breath: *v.i.* to catch the breath with difficulty.

gasp-ing ('ing), *n.* difficult breathing.

gas-sy ('i), *adj.* impregnated with gas; inflated.

gas-tric ('trik), *adj.* pertaining to the stomach.

gas-tric juice (jūs), *n.* the chief agent in digestion.

gas-tri-tis (-trī'tis), *n.* inflammation of the stomach.

gas-tro-nom-ic (-trō-nom'ik), *adj.* pertaining to eating.

gas-tron-o-my (-tron'o-mi), *n.* the art of good eating; epicurianism.

gate (gāt), *n.* a hinged frame of iron, etc., closing an entrance.

gath-er (gath'ĕr), *v.t.* to assemble; collect; accumulate; plait; infer: *n.* a plait or pucker in cloth. *Syn.* pick, cull, muster.

gath-er-ing (-ing), *n.* an assemblage; an abscess.

gaud (gawd), *n.* finery; ornament.

gaud-i-ly ('i-li), *adv.* in a gaudy manner.

gaud-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* showiness.

gaud-y ('i), *adj.* showy; vulgarly gay or fine. *Syn.* flashy, tawdry, gay.

gauge (gāj), same as gage.

gaug-er ('ĕr), *n.* one who measures the contents of casks.

gaug-ing ('ing), *n.* the art of measuring contents of vessels of capacity.

gaunt (gänt), *adj.* pinched and lean. *Syn.* emaciated, meagre.

gaunt-let (gänt'let), *n.* an iron glove. Also gantlet.

gauze (gawz), *n.* a thin silk or cotton fabric.

gauz-y ('i), *adj.* thin and semi-transparent.

gave, *p.t.* of give.

gav-el (gav'el), *n.* a small mallet; a small unbound sheaf.

gawk (gawk), *n.* a simpleton; cuckoo.

gawk-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* awkwardness.

gawk-y ('i), *adj.* awkward; ungainly: *n.* an awkward, stupid person.

gay (gā), *adj.* merry; cheerful; sportive; given to pleasure. *Syn.* jolly, sprightly, blithe.

gaze (gāz), *v.i.* to look fixedly: *n.* a fixed, eager look.

ga-zelle (gâ-zel'), *n.* a small, elegant antelope.

ga-zette (-zet'), *n.* a newspaper; an official announcement.

gaz-et-teer (gaz-e-tēr′), *n.* a dictionary of geographical names and descriptions.

gear (gēr), *n.* apparatus; harness; the moving parts of machinery: *v.t.* to harness.

gear-ing (′ing), *n.* a train of toothed wheels; ropes and tackle.

geese, *pl.* of goose.

gel-a-tine (′ă-tin), *n.* a jelly-like animal extract. Also gelatin.

geld (geld), *v.t.* to castrate: said of horses; to deprive of an essential part.

geld-ing (′ing), *n.* a young gelded horse.

gel-id (jel′id), *adj.* intensely cold; icy.

gel-id-i-ty (′i-ti), *n.* intense cold: icíness.

gem (jem), *n.* a precious stone; leafbud.

gem-i-nate (′i-nāt), *adj.* growing in pairs.

gem-i-na-tion (-i-nā′shun), *n.* duplication.

gem-mule (′ūl), *n.* a small bud; an ovule.

gen-der (jen′dĕr), *n.* distinction of sex. *Syn.* sex.

ge-ne-a-log-ic al (jē-nē or jen-ē-ă-loj′ik-ăl), *adj.* exhibiting descent.

ge-ne-al-o-gist (-al′ō-jist), *n.* one skilled in tracing pedigrees.

ge-ne-al-o-gy (′ō-ji), *n.* family pedigree; lineage.

gen-e-ra, *pl.* of genus.

gen-er-al (jen′ĕr-ăl), *adj.* ordinary; common; extensive but not universal: *n.* the commander of an army division or brigade. *Syn.* usual, customary.

gen-er-al-i-ty (′i-ti), *n.* bulk; majority; the greatest part.

gen-er-al-i-za-tion (′i-zā′shun), *n.* an induction.

gen-er-al-ize (′ĕr-al-īz), *v.t.* to reduce to a genus; infer inductively.

gen-er-al-ly (-ăl-i), *adv.* commonly; in the main.

gen-er-al-ship (-ship), *n.* skilful leadership.

gen-er-ate (′ĕr-āt), *v.t.* to produce; beget. *Syn.* form, make, originate.

gen-er-a-tion (-ā′shun), *n.* act of producing; progeny; the people of one period. *Syn.* stock, kind, age, era.

gen-er-a-tive (′ĕr-ă-tiv), *adj.* having the power to generate.

gen-er-a-tor (′ĕr-ā-tĕr), *n.* one who generates.

ge-ner-ic (je-ner′ik), *adj.* pertaining to a genus; comprehensive.

ge-ner-ic-al-ly (-ăl-li), *adv.* with respect to a genus.

gen-er-os-i-ty (jen-ĕr-os′i-ti), *n.* the liberality; magnanimity; munificence.

gen-er-ous (-ĕr-us), *adj.* bountiful; stimulating. *Syn.* beneficent, noble.

gen-e sis (′e-sis), *n.* beginning; origination.

ge-ni-al (jē′ni-ăl), *adj.* kindly; cordial; cheerful. *Syn.* hearty, festive, joyous.

ge-ni-al-i-ty (′i-ti), *n.* cheerfulness.

ge ni-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in a genial manner.

gen-i-tal (jen′i-tăl), *adj.* pertaining to generation.

gen-i-tive (′i-tiv), *n.* a grammatical case.

gen-ius (jēn′yus), *n.* remarkable aptitude for some special pursuit, etc.; a person possessed of high mental powers; a good or evil presiding spirit. *Syn.* intellect, invention.

gen-re (zhäng′r), *n.* painting representing common life.

gen-teel (jen-tēl′), *adj.* polite; well-bred; graceful in manner. *Syn.* refined, polished.

Gen-tile (′tīl), *n.* one who is not a Jew.

gen-til-i-ty (-til′i-ti), *n.* birth; good breeding; social refinement.

gen-tle (′tl), *adj.* mild in disposition; kindly; peaceful; well born. *Syn.* placid, bland, meek.

gen-tle-folks (-fōks), *n.pl.* persons of good birth.

gen-tle-man (-mǎn), *n.* a man of refined manners; one of nobility of character; a person of independent income; a term of politeness, used in addressing an assembly.

gen-tle-ness (-nes), *n.* mildness of disposition; tenderness.

gen-tle-wom-an (-wōōm′ǎn), *n.* a woman of good birth and breeding.

gen-tly (jen′tli), *adv.* in a gentle manner.

gen-try (′tri), *n.* the upper class of society.

gen-u-flec-tion (-ū-flek'shun), *n.* bending of the knee.

gen-u-ine ('ū-in), *adj.* real; unadulterated. *Syn.* unaffected, sincere.

ge-nus (jē'nus), *n.* a class embracing several species: *pl.* genera.

ge-ode (jē'ōd), *n.* a rounded nodule of stone.

ge-od-e-sy (-od'e-si), *n.* the science of measuring areas of the earth.

ge-og-ra-pher (-og'rå-fẽr), *n.* one versed in geography.

ge-o-graph-ic-al (-ō-gråf'ik-ål), *adj.* pertaining to geography.

ge-o-graph-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* with reference to geography.

ge-og-ra-phy (-og'rå-fi), *n.* description of the surface of the earth.

ge-o-log-ic-al (-ō-loj'ik-ål), *adj.* pertaining to geology.

ge-o-log-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* according to geology.

ge-ol-o-gist (-ol'o-jist), *n.* one versed in geology.

ge-ol-o-gy ('o-ji), *n.* the science of the earth's structure, stratified surface formation, and mineral constituents.

ge-om-e-ter (-om'e-tẽr), *n.* a geometrician.

ge-o-met-ric (-ō-met'rik), *adj.* pertaining to geometry.

ge-om-e-tri-cian (-om-e-trish'ån), *n.* one who is skilled in geometry.

ge-om-e-try (-om'e-tri), *n.* the measurement of lines, angles, surfaces, and solids.

geor-gic (jôr'jik), *adj.* pertaining to husbandry: *n.* a poem on agriculture.

ge-ra-ni-um (je-rā'ni-um), *n.* a plant with handsome flowers.

germ (jẽrm), *n.* the rudiment of an organism; origin; first principle; bacterium.

ger-man (jẽr'mån), *adj.* related by blood or descent.

German, *n.* a native of Germany; the German language.

ger-mane (jẽr-mān'), *adj.* related; relevant.

ger-mi-cide (jẽr'mi-sīd), *n.* a killer of germs.

ger-mi-nal ('mi-nål), *adj.* pertaining to a germ.

ger-mi-nant ('mi-nånt), *adj.* sprouting.

ger-mi-nate ('mi-nāt), *v.i.* to sprout or bud.

ger-mi-na-tion (-nā'shun), *n.* the first act of growth.

ger-und (jer'und), *n.* a kind of verbal noun.

ges-ta-tion (jes-tā'shun), *n.* pregnancy.

ges-ta-to-ry ('ta-to-ri), *adj.* pertaining to gestation.

ges-tic-u-late (-tik'ū-lāt), *v.i.* to make gestures.

ges-ture ('tūr), *n.* an expressive movement of the face, body, or limbs, etc. *Syn.* attitude, action, posture.

get (get), *v.t.* to obtain; acquire; prevail upon: *v.i.* to arrive at; become. *Syn.* earn, gain, attain.

get-ter ('ẽr), *n.* one who gets or acquires.

get-ting ('ing), *n.* acquisition; profit.

gey-ser (gī'sẽr), *n.* a hot or boiling spring.

ghast-li-ness (gåst'li-nes), *n.* deathly aspect.

ghast-ly ('li), *adj.* death-like; pale; haggard. *Syn.* pallid, wan, hideous.

gher-kin (gẽr'kin), *n.* a pickled small cucumber.

ghost (gōst), *n.* a visible spirit; apparition. *Syn.* spectre, sprite, phantom.

ghost-ly ('li), *adj.* pertaining to the soul.

gi-ant (jī'ånt), *n.* a man of unusual bulk or stature: *adj.* like a giant; huge.

gib-ber (gib'ẽr), *v.i.* to speak incoherently.

gib-ber-ish (-ish), *n.* rapid incoherent talk.

gib-bet (jib'et), *n.* a gallows: *v.t.* to hang on a gibbet.

gib-bos-i-ty (gib-os'i-ti), *n.* a round or swelling prominence.

gib-bous ('us), *adj.* protuberant; irregularly rounded.

gibe (jīb), *n.* a scoff; taunt: *v.t.* to sneer at. *Syn.* flout, jeer, mock.

gib-let (jib'let), *n.* edible internal parts of a fowl.

gid-di-ness (gid'i-nes), *n.* the state of being giddy.

gid-dy ('i), *adj.* reeling sensation; frivolous; fickle. *Syn.* unsteady, flighty.

gift (gift), *n.* something given; donation; a natural talent. *Syn.* grant, alms, gratuity.

gift-ed ('ed), *adj.* talented; endowed by nature with physical or mental powers.

gig (gig), *n.* a light chaise; a long ship's boat; a whirligig.

gi-gan-tic (jī-gan′tik), *adj.* huge; colossal. *Syn.* prodigious, immense.

gig-gle (gig′l), *v.i.* to laugh in a tittering manner: *n.* a silly laugh.

gild (gild), *v.t.* to overlay with gold; illuminate.

gild-ing (′ing), *n.* the art of covering with gold.

gill (gil), *n.* the breathing organ in fishes, etc.; (jil) one-fourth of a pint; ground-ivy.

gill-net (net), *n.* a net to catch fish by the gills.

gilt (gilt), *adj.* covered with gold: *n.* gilding.

gim-bals (jim′bals), *n.* two rings used to suspend a compass.

gim-crack (′krak), *n.* a pretty, useless thing.

gim-let (gim′let), *n.* a small boring-tool.

gimp (gimp), *n.* silk twist or lace; edging.

gin (jin), *n.* a spirit distilled from grain; a snare; a cotton-separating machine: *v.t.* to catch in a trap; clear cotton.

gin-ger (′jĕr), *n.* the pungent root of a plant.

gin-ger-bread (-bred), *n.* a cake containing ginger.

gin-ger-ly (-li), *adv.* cautiously; daintily.

ging-ham (ging′ăm), *n.* a cotton dress cloth.

Gip-sy (jip′si), *n.* a wandering race of oriental origin.

gi-raffe (ji-raf′), *n.* an African animal with very long legs and neck.

gird (gĕrd), *v.t.* to bind; encircle; gibe; taunt.

gird-er (′ĕr), *n.* the main beam in a floor.

gir-dle (gĕr′dl), *n.* a belt for the waist: *v.t.* to bind with a girdle; enclose.

girl (gĕrl), *n.* a female child; young woman.

girth (gĕrth), *n.* a saddle strap; the circumference of a tree; measure round the waist.

gist (jist), *n.* the substance of a matter.

give (giv), *v.t.* to bestow; deliver: *v.i.* to yield to pressure. *Syn.* grant, confer, impart.

giz-zard (giz′ărd), *n.* the muscular stomach in birds.

gla-ci-al (glā′shi-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to ice.

gla-ci-ate (′shi-āt), *v.t.* to cover over with ice.

gla-ci-er (glā′shi-ĕr or glas′i-ĕr), *n.* a vast accumulation of ice in the valleys of lofty mountains.

gla-cis (glā′sis), *n.* a sloping bank.

glad (glad), *adj.* joyous; gay; pleased; cheerful. *Syn.* gratified, gladsome.

glad-den (′n), *v.t.* to make glad.

glade (glād), *n.* an open space in a wood, or one surrounded by ice.

glad-i-a-tor (′i-ā-tĕr), *n.* a combatant in the arena.

glad-i-a-to-ri-al (-ā-tō′ri-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to the combats of gladiators.

glad-some (glad′sum), *adj.* joyous; gay; pleased.

glair (glār), *n.* the white of egg; any sticky or glairy matter.

glam-our (glam′ĕr), *n.* eye-charm; fascination.

glance (glăns), *n.* a sudden shoot of light; quick look of the eye: *v.i.* to dart; view quickly.

gland (gland), *n.* an organ of animal secretion.

glan-ders (′ĕrz), *n.pl.* a contagious disease in horses.

glan-du-lar (′ū-lăr), *adj.* pertaining to glands.

glare (glār), *n.* a bright, dazzling light; a fierce piercing look: *v.i.* to flare; stare.

glar-ing (′ing), *p.adj.* shining brightly; gaudy.

glass (glăs), *n.* a transparent substance; a drinking glass; a mirror; lens: *adj.* made of glass; vitreous.

glaze (glāz), *v.t.* to furnish with glass: *v.i.* to become glassy: *n.* the vitreous coating on potter's ware.

gla-zier (′zhĕr), *n.* one who sets window glass.

gla-zing (′ing), *n.* a glaze; the art of setting glass or applying glaze.

gleam (glēm), *n.* a shoot of light: *v.i.* to emit brightness. *Syn.* glimmer, glance, flash.

glean (glēn), *v.t.* to gather after a reaper; collect little by little; infer.

glean-ing (′ing), *n.* the act of collecting.

glebe (glēb), *n.* church land; soil; turf.

glee (glē), *n.* gaiety; mirth; a song in parts. *Syn.* merriment, mirth, joy.

glee-ful (′fool), *adj.* merry, joyous, gay.

glen (glen), *n.* a narrow valley; a dale.

glib (glib), *adj.* voluble; flippant.

glide (glīd), *v.i.* to flow smoothly: *n.* a gliding movement. *Syn.* slip, slide, run.

gliff (glif), *n.* a glimpse; sudden fear.

glim (glim), *n.* a light or candle.

glim-mer ('ẽr), *v.i.* to shine faintly: *n.* a faint light. *Syn.* gleam, flicker, glitter.

glimpse (glimps); *n.* a transient view; slight trace: *v.i.* to appear for the moment.

glint (glint), *n.* a gleam of light: *v.i.* to flash out.

glis-sade (glis-ād'), *n.* a glide in dancing: *v.i.* to slide down a glacier.

glis-ten (glis'n), *v.i.* to sparkle with light; shine.

glit-ter (glit'ẽr), *v.i.* to gleam; be showy: *n.* brilliancy; specious luster. *Syn.* shine, glisten.

gloam (glōm), *v.i.* to begin to grow dark.

gloam-ing ('ing), *n.* twilight; dusk.

gloat (glōt), *v.i.* to gaze with admiration, desire, or malice.

glo-bate ('bāt), *adj.* globe-shaped.

globe (glōb), *n.* a spherical body; the earth.

glob-u-lar (glob'ū-lär), *adj.* globe-like; spherical.

glob-ule ('ūl), *n.* a small spherical particle.

glome (glōm), *n.* a roundish head of flowers.

gloom (glōōm), *n.* partial darkness; melancholy; sadness; sullenness: *v.i.* to become partially dark: *v.t.* deject or sadden. *Syn.* cloud, darkness, dimness.

gloom-i-ly ('i-li), *adv.* in a gloomy manner.

gloom-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* obscurity.

gloom-y ('i), *adj.* overspread with darkness; dismal; dispirited. *Syn.* lowering, lurid, dim.

glo-ri-fi-ca-tion (-ri-fi-kā'shun), *n.* the act of glorifying.

glo-ri-fy ('ri-fī), *v.t.* to raise in honor; adore; beautify. *Syn.* magnify, celebrate.

glo-ri-ole ('ri-ōl), *n.* a circle of light.

glo-ri-ous ('ri-us), *adj.* illustrious; exalted. *Syn.* famous, renowned.

glo-ry ('ri), *n.* splendor; brightness; renown; honor; *v.i.* to rejoice or exult. *Syn.* fame, splendor, grandeur.

gloss (glos), *n.* polish; specious show; comment: *v.t.* to explain; palliate: *v.i.* to annotate.

glos-sa-ry ('ä-ri), *n.* a dictionary of obsolete and uncommon words.

glos-si-ness ('i-nes), *n.* superficial luster.

glos-sol-o-gy (-ol'ō-ji), *n.* comparative philology.

glos-sy ('i), *adj.* smooth; shining; plausible.

glove (gluv), *n.* a hand-covering: *pl.* boxing-gloves: *v.t.* to cover with a glove.

glov-er ('ẽr), *n.* a maker or seller of gloves.

glow (glō), *v.i.* to shine with intense heat; be animated with love, zeal, etc.: *n.* intense heat; incandescence; passion; ardor.

glow-er (glou'ẽr), *v.i.* to stare threateningly; frown.

glow-worm (glō'wẽrm), *n.* a beetle which emits light at night.

gloze (glōz), *v.t.* to gloss over.

glu-cose (glōō'kōs), *n.* a sugar obtained from grapes and various fruits.

glue (glōō), *n.* a tenacious gelatinous substance: *v.t.* to cement with glue.

glum (glum), *adj.* moody; sullen.

glume (glōōm), *n.* the husk of grain or grasses.

glut (glut), *n.* a superabundance: *v.t.* to fill to repletion. *Syn.* gorge, stuff, cram.

glu-ten (glōō'ten), *n.* a sticky substance found in grain.

glu-ti-nous ('ti-nus), *adj.* viscid; gluey.

glut-ton (glut'n), *n.* a voracious eater; a carnivorous animal noted for voracity.

glut-ton-ous (-us), *adj.* pertaining to gluttony.

glut-ton-y (-i), *n.* habit of eating to excess.

glyc-er-ine (glis'ẽr-in), *n.* a sweet viscid liquid obtained from oils, fat, etc.

glyph (glif), *n.* a perpendicular fluting.

glyph-ic ('ik), *adj.* pertaining to carving or sculpture.

gnarl (närl), *n.* a knot in timber: *v.t.* to growl; snarl.

gnarled ('d), *adj.* full of knots; distorted.

gnash (nash), *v.t.* to strike the teeth together.

gnat (nat), *n.* a small stinging insect.

gnaw (naw), *v.t.* to bite off actively; corrode.

gneiss (nīs), *n.* a hard crystallized rock.

gnome (nōm), *n.* a fabulous goblin; a pithy saying.

gno-mic ('mik), *adj.* pithy; sententious; didactic.

gno-mon ('mon), *n.* the style or pin of a sun dial.

gno-sis ('sis), *n.* higher knowledge or insight.

gnu (nōō), *n.* an antelope resembling the buffalo.

go (gō), *v.i.* to depart; move on; move by mechanism. *Syn.* proceed, move, budge.

goad (gōd), *n.* a pointed stick to drive oxen: *v.t.* to urge on with a goad; stimulate.

goal (gōl), *n.* a winning post; end aimed at.

goat (gōt), *n.* a ruminating animal with long hair.

gob-ble (gob'l), *v.t.* to swallow greedily: *v.i.* to utter a cry like a turkey: *n.* the noise of a turkey.

gob-let (gob'let), *n.* a drinking-vessel with a stem but without a handle.

gob-lin ('lin), *n.* an evil, mischievous spirit.

go-cart ('kärt), *n.* a child's cart; a light village cart.

God (god), *n.* the Supreme Deity.

god, *n.* a supernatural being; idol; an intelligence controlling the forces of nature.

god-child ('chīld), *n.* one for whom one is sponsor at baptism.

god-dess ('des), *n.* a female deity.

god-fa-ther ('fä-*th*ĕr), *n.* one who acts as sponsor to another at baptism.

God-head ('hed), *n.* the Divine essence; the Supreme Deity.

god-li-ness ('li-nes), *n.* piety; devotion.

god-ly ('li), *adj.* devout; pious. *Syn.* holy, religious.

god-moth-er ('mu*th*-ĕr), *n.* a woman sponsor at baptism.

god-send (god'send), *n.* unexpected assistance or acquisition.

god-speed ('spēd), *n.* success.

gof-fer (gof'ĕr), *v.t.* to form flutes in; crimp.

gof-fer-ing (-ing), *n.* fluting for frills.

gog-gle (gog'l), *v.i.* to roll the eyes: *adj.* staring; prominent: *n.* a strained rolling of the eyes: *pl.* a kind of spectacles for protecting the eyes.

go-ing (gō'ing), *n.* the act of departing, state of roads.

goi-ter (goi'tĕr), *n.* a swelling of the neck glands.

gold (gōld), *n.* a yellow metal used as money.

gold-beat-er ('bē-tĕr), *n.* one who beats gold into thin leaves for gilding.

gold-en (gōld'n), *adj.* formed of gold; shining; lustrous.

gold-en rule (rōōl), *n.* the rule to treat others as we ourselves wish to be treated.

gold-fields ('fēldz), *n.pl.* auriferous deposits.

gold-fish ('fish), *n.* an orange-colored fish of the carp family.

gold-leaf ('lēf), *n.* very fine sheets made by beating gold.

gold-smith ('smith), *n.* a worker in gold.

golf (golf), *n.* a favorite ball game in which the ball is driven into a series of small holes.

gon-do-la (gon'dō-lä), *n.* a Venetian pleasure boat; a flat-bottomed railway car.

gon-do-lier ('do-lēr), *n.* the rower of a gondola.

gone (gon), *p.adj.* passed onward; ruined; lost.

gone-ness ('nes), *n.* a state of weakness or collapse.

gon-fa-lon ('fä-lon), *n.* standard or ensign.

gong (gong), *n.* a kind of metal drum.

good (good), *adj.* pious; moral; well-disposed; beneficial; useful; unblemished: *n.* moral qualities; prosperity; benefit: *pl.* household furniture; merchandise; *Syn.* virtuous, righteous.

good-li-ness ('li-nes), *n.* grace; physical beauty.

good-ly ('li), *adj.* noble; considerable; pleasant.

good-ness ('nes), *n.* benevolence; excellence.

good-will (-wil'), *n.* benevolence; kindly feeling; the value of a business location.

goose (gōōs), *n.* a web-footed domesticated bird; a tailor's smoothing iron; a silly person.

goose-ber-ry (gōōz'ber-i), *n.* the acid fruit of a cultivated shrub.

Gor-di-an knot *n.* a great difficulty.

gore (gōr) *n.* clotted blood; triangular piece of cloth or land: *v.t.* to pierce with horns; furnish with gores.

gorge (gôrj), *n.* the throat; gullet; a narrow passage between hills: *v.t.* to swallow with greediness; satiate. *Syn.* glut, fill, cram, stuff.

gorged (gôrj'd), *adj.* satiated; supplied with a gorge.

gor-geous ('jus), *adj.* glittering; splendid; showy. *Syn.* superb, magnificent.

gor-get ('jet), *n.* a protective armor for throat or neck.

go-ril-la (gō-ril'ȧ), *n.* an African anthropoid ape.

gor-mand (gôr'mȧnd), *n.* a greedy eater; glutton.

gor-mand-ize (-īz), *v.i.* to eat voraciously.

gorse (gôrs), *n.* the common furze; whin.

gor-y (gôr'i), *adj.* covered with gore.

gos-ling (goz'ling), *n.* a young goose; a catkin

gos-pel (gos'pel), *n.* good news or tidings; any one of the four narratives of the life of Christ; something received as infallibly true: *adj.* pertaining to the gospel.

gos-sa-mer ('ȧ-mĕr) *n.* plant down or fine spider's web floating in the air: *adj.* very thin; flimsy.

gos-sip ('ip), *n.* idle talk; scandal; a babbler: *v.i.* to tell idle tales about others.

got, *p.t.* of get.

Goth-ic ('ik), *adj.* pertaining to the Goths: *n.* the Gothic or pointed style of architecture.

gouge (gouj), *n.* a rounded hollow chisel; a swindle: *v.t.* to scoop out with a gouge.

goug-er ('ĕr), *n.* one who gouges; a swindler.

gourd (gôrd), *n.* a plant with thick shelled fruit; a gourd-shaped vessel.

gout (gout), *n.* a disease affecting the joints.

gout-y (gout'i), *adj.* affected with gout.

gov-ern (guv'ĕrn), *v.t.* to control by authority; manage; steer; restrain: *v.i.* to administer the law. *Syn.* rule, direct, command.

gov-ern-ance (-ȧns), *n.* government; control.

gov-ern-ess (-es), *n.* a lady who trains and instructs children.

gov-ern-ing (-ing), *p.adj.* exercising control.

gov-ern-ment (-ment), *n.* a state or empire; administration of public affairs; executive power; self-control. *Syn.* rule, state, sway.

gov-ern-men-tal (-men'tȧl), *adj.* pertaining to government.

gov-ern-or ('ern-ĕr), *n.* chief ruler; tutor; a device for regulating the speed of an engine, etc.

gown (goun), *n.* a woman's dress; a long loose robe worn by professional men.

gowned (gound), *adj.* attired in a gown.

grab (grab), *v.t.* to seize suddenly; snatch: *n.* a forcible seizure.

grace (grās), *n.* any excellence, natural or acquired; God's favor towards man; virtue; a brief prayer at meals: *v.t.* to adorn or embellish; honor; dignify.

grace-ful ('fool), *adj.* easy and elegant in manner. *Syn.* becoming, comely.

grace-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in a graceful manner.

grace-less (les), *adj.* lacking grace or elegance.

gra-cious (grā'shus), *adj.* showing grace, kindness, or mercy; affable; polite. *Syn.* merciful, kindly.

gra-cious-ness ('shus-ness), *n.* affability; condescension; kindness.

gra-date (grā'dāt), *v.t.* to produce in grades.

gra-da-tion (gra-dā'shun), *n.* a regular advance or progress; a gradual blending of tints; series; order.

grad-a-to-ry (grad'ȧ-tō-ri), *adj.* proceeding by gradations.

grade (grād), *n.* degree; rank; order, etc.: *v.t.* to level ground for a railway; arrange in series; take rank.

gra-di-ent (grā'di-ent), *adj.* advancing by steps: *n.* the incline of a railway or road.

grad-u-al (grad'ū-ȧl), *adj.* proceeding by degrees; slow; regular. *Syn.* slow, progressive.

grad-u-al-ly (-li), *adv* in a gradual manner.

grad-u-ate ('ū-āt), *n.* one who has received an academical degree: *v.t.* to mark with degrees; temper: *v.i.* to receive an academical degree; change by degrees.

grad-u-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* the conferring of an academical degree; regular progression.

graft (grȧft), *n.* a small shoot of a tree inserted into another tree; an unlawful perquisite; a bribe: *v.t.* to insert a shoot in another tree: *v.i.* to accept bribe money.

grail (grāl), *n.* a dish or chalice supposed in medieval legend to have been used by Jesus Christ at the Last Supper.

grain (grān), *n.* any minute hard mass; a single seed of corn; the smallest particle or amount; a unit of weight = 1-20th of a scruple, 1-24th of a pennyweight; texture: *v.t.* to paint in imitation of the grain of wood.

grain-ing ('ing), *n.* painting in imitation of the grain of wood.

gram-i-niv-o-rous (gram-i-niv'o-rus), *adj.* feeding on grasses.

gram-mar ('ẽr), *n.* the art of speaking or writing a language correctly.

gram-ma-ri-an (-mā'ri-ȧn), *n.* one versed in grammar.

gram-mat-ic-al (-mat'ik-ȧl), *adj.* pertaining to grammar.

gram-mat-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in accordance with the rules of grammar.

gram-o-phone ('ō-fōn), *n.* an instrument for recording and reproducing speech.

gran-a-ry ('ȧ-ri), *n.* a storehouse for grain.

grand (grand), *adj.* high in dignity or power; illustrious; chief; great; of striking excellence. *Syn.* majestic, stately.

grand-child (grand'chīld), *n.* the child of one's son or daughter.

gran-deur ('jūr), *n.* greatness; vastness; sublimity; splendor of appearance.

grand-fa-ther (grand'fȧ-*th*ẽr), *n.* the father of one's parent.

gran-dil-o-quent (gran-dil'ō-kwent), *adj.* speaking in a lofty or bombastic style.

grand-mother ('mu*th*-ẽr), *n.* the mother of one's parent.

grand-sire ('sīr), *n.* a grandfather; male ancestor.

grand-son ('sun), *n.* the son of one's son or daughter.

grange (grānj), *n.* a farm with its buildings, etc.

gran-ite (gran'it), *n.* a massive crystalline rock.

gran-it-ic (-it'ik), *adj.* pertaining to granite.

gra-niv-o-rous (grȧ-niv'o-rus), *adj.* eating grain.

grant (grȧnt), *v.t.* to give or confer; admit as true; concede: *n.* the act of granting; a gift; an allowance. *Syn.* bestow, impart, give.

gran-u-lar (gran'ū-lȧr), *adj.* composed of, or resembling, grains or granules.

gran-u-late ('ū-lāt), *v.t.* to form into grains.

gran-ule ('ūl), *n.* a small grain or particle.

grape (grāp), *n.* the fruit of the grape-vine.

graph-ic (graf'ik), *adj.* vividly described; well delineated; life-like. Also graphical. *Syn.* forcible, telling.

graph-ic-al-ly (-ȧl-li), *adv.* in a graphic manner.

graph-ite ('īt), *n.* a metallic variety of carbon.

gra-phit-ic (grȧ-fit'ik), *adj.* pertaining to graphite.

graph-o-phone (graf'o-fōn), *n.* a variation of the phonograph.

grap-nel (grap'nel), *n.* a kind of small anchor; lifting tongs.

grap-ple (grap'l), *v.t.* to lay fast hold of: *n.* a close hold, as in wrestling, etc.; a grasping hook.

grasp (grȧsp), *v.t.* to seize; lay hold of; encroach: *n.* a seizure; hold; intellectual capacity. *Syn.* catch, seize, clasp.

grasp-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* avaricious.

grass (grȧs), *n.* herbage; pasture: *v.t.* to cover with grass or turf.

grass-hop-per ('hop-ẽr), *n.* a leaping insect.

grass-y ('i), *adj.* covered with grass.

grate (grāt), *n.* a framework of iron bars to hold fuel: *v.t.* to rub hard; grind down; vex; make a harsh sound.

grate-ful ('fool), *adj.* thankful; pleasurable. *Syn.* agreeable, pleasing.

grate-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in a grateful or thankful manner.

grat-i-fi-ca-tion (grat-i-fi-kā'-shun), *n.* satisfaction; pleasure. *Syn.* enjoyment, delight.

grat-i-fy ('i-fī), *v.t.* to indulge; delight; humor.

grat-ing (grāt'ing), *n.* an open frame of bars: *p.adj.* harsh, irritating.

gra-tis (grā'tis), *adv.* gratuitously.

grat-i-tude (grat'i-tūd), *n.* thankfulness.

gra-tu-i-tous (grȧ-tū'i-tus), *adj.* freely bestowed.

gra-tu-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* present; free gift.

grave (grāv), *adj.* serious; thoughtful; important: *n.* a tomb; place of interment: *v.t.* to shape or engrave. *Syn.* sedate, solemn, sober.

grav-el (grav'l), *v.t.* to cover with gravel: *n.* pebbles; concretions in the kidneys.

grave-ly (grāv'li), *adv.* in a grave manner.

grav-er ('ēr), *n.* a tool to engrave with; an engraver.

grav-ing (grāv'ing), *n.* engraving; clearing a ship's bottom.

grav-i-tate (grav'i-tāt), *v.i.* to tend towards a center.

grav-i-ta-tion (-i-tā'shun), *n.* centripetal force.

grav-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* that force which causes bodies to fall or move towards each other; weight; seriousness; solemnity.

gra-vy (grā'vi), *n.* the fatty juice from roasting flesh.

gray. Another form of grey.

graze (grāz), *v.t.* to touch or rub lightly: *v.i.* to eat grass: *n.* a slight rub or touch.

gra-zier (grā'zhēr), *n.* one who pastures cattle.

graz-ing ('ing), the act of pasturing.

grease (grēs), *n.* soft animal fat: *v.t.* (grēz or grēs), to rub with grease.

greas-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state of being greasy.

greas-y ('i), *adj.* fat; oily; unctuous.

great (grāt), *adj.* large; chief; eminent; high in rank; swollen; pregnant: *adv.* very much. *Syn.* big, huge, large.

great-ness (-nes), *n.* high rank; moral dignity.

greaves (grēvz), *n.pl.* armor to protect the legs.

Gre-cian (grē'shȧn), *adj.* pertaining to Greece.

greed (grēd), *n.* avarice; greediness.

greed-i-ly ('i-li), *adv.* in a greedy manner.

greed-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the quality of being greedy. *Syn.* avidity, eagerness.

greed-y ('i), *adj.* voracious; covetous.

Greek (grēk), *n.* a native of Greece; *adj.* belonging to Greece.

green (grēn), *adj.* grass-colored; fresh; unripe; inexperienced: *n.* the color of growing plants; a grass plot or common in a town or village.

green-horn ('hôrn), *n.* a simpleton; novice.

green-house ('hous), *n.* a conservatory.

green-sward ('swawrd), *n.* a close, green turf.

greet (grēt), *v.t.* to salute; congratulate.

greet-ing ('ing), *n.* salutation; welcome.

gre-ga-ri-an (gre-gā'ri-ȧn), *adj.* living in herds; common.

gre-ga-ri-ous (gre-gā'ri-us), *adj.* associating or going together in herds.

gren-ade (gren-ād'), *n.* an explosive shell thrown by hand.

grew, *p.t.* of grow.

grey (grā), *adj.* hoary; mature: *n.* the color of white mixed with black.

grey-hound ('hound), *n.* a swift hound used for coursing.

grid-dle (grid'l), *n.* a broad shallow pan for baking cakes.

gride (grīd), *v.t.* to jar harshly.

grid-iron ('īrn), *n.* a grated iron utensil for broiling meat or fish.

grief (grēf), *n.* sorrow; mental distress. *Syn.* trial, woe, tribulation.

griev-ance (grēv'ȧns), *n.* a sense of wrong; an injustice; cause of annoyance; ground of complaint.

grieve (grēv), *v.t.* to cause grief: *v.i.* to be in sorrow; lament. *Syn.* mourn, pain, bewail.

griev-ous ('us), *adj.* causing grief; painful; oppressive. *Syn.* afflicting, unhappy.

grif-fin ('in), *n.* a fabulous animal, part lion, part eagle.

grig (grig), *n.* a grasshopper; cricket.

grill (gril), *v.t.* to broil; torment.

grille (gril), *n.* a screen of wrought metal.

grim (grim), *adj.* surly; hideous; frightful; unyielding.

gri-mace (gri-mās'), *n.* a wry mouth; smirk.

gri-mal-kin (-mawl'kin), *n.* an old cat.

grime (grīm), *n.* dirt deeply ingrained: *v.t.* to soil deeply.

gri-mi-ly ('i-li), *adv.* in a grimy manner.

gri-my ('i), *adj.* full of grime.

grin (grin), *n.* a showing of the teeth; a broad smile: *v.i.* to show the teeth: *v.t.* to express by grinning.

grind (grīnd), *v.t.* to reduce to powder; sharpen; rub together; oppress; harass. *Syn.* crush, grate, afflict.

grind-er ('ēr), *n.* one who grinds; a molar tooth.

grind-stone ('stōn), *n.* a circular stone for sharpening tools.

grin-ning-ly (grin'ing-li), *adv.* with a grin.

grip (grip), *n.* a grasp; a holding fast: *v.t.* to grasp.

gripe (grīp), *n.* a squeeze; pinching distress: *pl.* colic: *v.t.* to grasp; hold tightly; seize; cause bowel pain.

grip-ing ('ing), *adj.* avaricious.

grippe (grip, or grēp), *n.* influenza.

gris-ly (griz'li), *adj.* terrible; savage-looking. *Syn.* hideous, grim, ghastly.

grist (grist), *n.* grain for grinding; ground corn.

gris-tle (gris'l), *n.* cartilage.

gris-tly ('li), *adj.* cartilaginous.

grit (grit), *n.* hard particles, as sand, etc.; a hard sandstone; coarse part of meal; courage.

grit-ty ('i), *adj.* containing grit; courageous.

griz-zly ('li), *adj.* somewhat grey: *n.* the grizzly bear.

groan (grōn), *n.* a deep, mournful sound: *v.i.* to lament: *v.t.* to express disapproval by groaning.

groat (grōt), *n.* the value of 4 d.: *pl.* hulled oats.

gro-cer (grō'sēr), *n.* one who sells groceries.

gro-cer-y (-i), *n.* tea, coffee, sugar, spices, etc. (usually *pl.*); a grocer's shop.

grog (grog), *n.* spirits and water; spirituous liquor.

grog-ger-y ('ēr-i), *n.* a low drinking place.

grog-gi-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state of being groggy.

grog-gy ('i), *adj.* tipsy; moving with an unsteady gait: said of horses.

groin (groin), *n.* the part of the human body between thigh and belly.

groom (grōōm), *n.* one who has charge of horses; a bridegroom: *v.t.* to take care of horses.

groove (grōōv), *n.* a furrow cut by a tool; settled habit: *v.t.* to cut a groove.

grope (grōp), *v.i.* to feel in the dark: *v.t.* to search by feeling.

gross (grōs), *adj.* bulky; thick; coarse; indelicate; corpulent: *n.* 12 dozen; entire amount. *Syn.* unseemly, shameful.

gro-tesque (grō-tesk'), *adj.* oddly formed; whimsical: *n.* the incongruous in art.

grot-to (grot'ō), *n.* an ornamental cavern.

ground (ground), *n.* the earth or soil; land; territory; foundation; cause or reason; original principle: *v.t.* to place in the ground: *v.i.* to place dependence on: *adj.* fundamental.

ground-hog ('hog), *n.* the woodchuck.

ground-swell ('swel), *n.* a heavy, rolling sea.

group (grōōp), *n.* crowd; assemblage; a cluster: *v.t.* to form a cluster. *Syn.* collection, clump, class.

grouse (grous), *n.* a partridge; pheasant; prairie-hen.

grout (grout), *n.* mortar mixed with gravel for joints of masonry; coarse meal.

grout-y (grout'i), *adj.* cross; sulky.

grove (grōv), *n.* a small wood; a group of trees.

grov-el (grov'el), *v.i.* to lie prone; creep servilely; be mean or debased. *Syn.* crawl, cringe, fawn.

grov-el-ing (-ing), *p.adj.* lying prostrate; mean.

grow (grō), *v.i.* to vegetate; increase; flourish; thrive. *Syn.* expand, advance.

growl (groul), *n.* a deep angry snarl: *v.i.* to murmur like a dog; grumble. *Syn.* snarl, complain.

growth (grōth), *n.* increase of size; progress.

grub (grub), *v.t.* to dig up: *v.i.* to drudge or toil; *n.* an insect larva; food.

grudge (gruj), *v.t.* to regard with envy; give with reluctance: *n.* secret malice or ill-will. *Syn.* rancor, spite, aversion.

gru-el (grōō'el), *n.* meal boiled in water for invalids.

grue-some (grōō'sum), *adj.* horrible of aspect.

gruff (gruf), *adj.* surly; harsh; hoarse. *Syn.* rough, rugged, rude.

grum-ble (grum'bl), *v.i.* to murmur discontentedly; find fault.

grum-bling ('bling), *n.* murmuring discontentedly.

grump-i-ly (grump'i-li), *adv.* in a grumpy manner.

grump-y ('i), *adj.* surly; cross; low-spirited.

grunt (grunt), *n.* the sound made by a hog: *v.i.* to make such a sound.

gua-co (gwä'kō), *n.* a tropical plant used for snake-bites.

gua-no ('nō), *n.* the dung of seabirds, used as manure.

guar-an-tee (gar-an-tē'), *n.* a surety for an agreement: *v.t.* to warrant; be responsible for. Also guaranty.

guar-an-tor ('an-tôr), *n.* one who makes a guaranty.

guard (gärd), *v.t.* to watch; protect; shield or defend: *n.* vigilance or caution; device for security.

guard-ed ('ed), *p.adj.* careful; cautious.

guard-i-an ('i-ăn), *n.* one who has the care of a person or his property: *adj.* protecting.

guards-man (z'măn), *n.* an officer or soldier of the guards.

gu-ber-na-to-ri-al (gū-bĕr-nā-tō'ri-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to a governor.

gudg-eon (guj'un), *n.* a small edible fish; one easily imposed upon; a pin on which a wheel revolves.

guer-don (gĕr'dun), *n.* a reward; recompense.

guern-sey (gĕrn'zi), *n.* a breed of cattle; a close-fitting shirt.

guer-ril-la (gĕr-il'ä), *n.* petty warfare; one of a band of irregular soldiers.

guess (ges), *n.* a conjecture: *v.t.* to believe or think.

guess-work ('wĕrk), *n.* random conjecture.

guest (gest), *n.* an entertained visitor.

guf-faw (guf-faw'), *n.* a boisterous laugh.

guid-a-ble (gīd'ä-bl), *adj.* that may be guided.

guid-ance ('ăns), *n.* direction; leading.

guide (gīd), *n.* one who leads or directs; conductor: *v.t.* to direct; influence; regulate.

guide-book ('book), *n.* a handbook for travelers.

gui-don (gī'dun), *n.* the flag of light cavalry.

guild (gild), *n.* a fraternity; corporation. Also gild.

guile (gīl), *n.* deceit; cunning; duplicity. *Syn.* dishonesty, fraud, craft.

guile-ful ('fool), *adj.* full of guile.

guil-lo-tine (gil'ō-tēn), *n.* an apparatus for beheading a criminal.

guilt (gilt), *n.* crime; sin; liability to penalty.

guilt-i-ly ('i-li), *adv.* in a guilty manner.

guilt-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state of being guilty.

guilt-y ('i), *adj.* wicked; criminal; not innocent. *Syn.* culpable, sinful.

guin-ea (gin'e), *n.* an English gold coin, value 21s.

guise (gīz), *n.* external appearance; dress; mien.

gui-tar (gi-tär'), *n.* a stringed instrument of music.

gulch (gulch), *n.* a rocky or rough narrow valley.

gulf (gulf), *n.* an arm of the sea extending into the land; an abyss.

gull (gul), *n.* a web-footed seafowl; one easily cheated: *v.t.* to cheat; impose upon.

gul-let ('et), *n.* the throat; œsophagus.

gul-li-bil-i-ty (gul-i-bil'i-ti), *n.* credulity.

gul-li-ble (gul'i-bl), *adj.* easily deceived.

gul-ly ('i), *n.* a channel worn by water.

gulp (gulp), *v.t.* to swallow eagerly: *n.* a swallow.

gum (gum), *n.* the fleshy part of the jaws enclosing the teeth; the hardened viscid juice of certain trees: *v.t.* to smear or unite with gum.

gum-bo (bō), *n.* a dish or soup made from okra pods.

gum-mi-ness ('i-nes, *n.* the state of being gummy.

gum-my ('i), *adj.* resembling gum.

gump-tion (gump'shun), *n.* quickness of perception; common sense.

gun (gun), *n.* a musket, cannon, or other weapon for discharging shot.

gun-boat (gun'bōt), *n.* a warship of light draught.

gun-met-al ('met-ăl), *n.* an alloy of copper and tin.

gun-ner ('ĕr), *n.* one who uses a gun; a cannoneer.

gun-ner-y ('ĕr-i), *n.* the science of artillery.

gun-ning ('ing), *n.* the shooting of game with a gun.

gun-ny ('i), *n.* a coarse sackcloth of jute or hemp.

gun-pow-der ('pou-dĕr), *n.* an explosive composition of sulphur, niter, and charcoal.

gun-wale (gun'l), *n.* the upper edge of the side of a ship.

gur-gle (gĕr'gl), *v.i.* to flow with a bubbling sound, as water from a bottle.

gush (gush), *n.* a sudden outflow of liquid; an extravagant display of sentiment; *v.i.* to issue with violence; flow copiously; speak sentimentally.

gust (gust), *n.* a sudden squall; taste; relish.

gus-ta-to-ry ('tă-to-ri), *adj.* pertaining to the taste.

gus-to ('tō), *n.* zest; relish; pleasing taste.

gus-ty ('i), *adj.* characterized by gusts.

gut (gut), *n.* the intestinal canal; catgut; a narrow channel.

gut-ter ('ĕr), *n.* a channel for carrying away water: *v.t.* to cut into small channels.

gut-ter-ing (-ing), *n.* a making into hollows.

gut-tur-al ('ĕr-ăl), *adj.* produced in the throat.

gut-tur-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in a guttural manner.

guy (gī), *n.* a rope to keep steady a swinging body; a person oddly or dowdily dressed: *v.t.* to steady with a guy; ridicule; delude.

guz-zle (guz'l), *v.i.* to drink much or frequently.

gym-na-si-um (-nā'zi-um), *n.* [*pl.* gymnasia (-a)], a building for gymnastic exercises; a school for the higher branches of learning.

gym-nast ('nast), *n.* one expert in gymnastics.

gym-nas-tic ('ik), *adj.* pertaining to gymnastics.

gym-nas-tics ('iks), *n.pl.* athletic exercises.

gym-no-tus (jim-nō'tus), *n.* the electric eel.

gyn-ar-chy (jin'ăr-ki), *n.* government by a woman.

gyp-sum (jip'sum), *n.* sulphate of lime; plaster of paris.

gyp-sy. Same as gipsy.

gy-ral (jī'răl), *adj.* rotatory; whirling.

gy-rate ('rāt), *v.i.* to revolve round a center.

gy-ra-to-ry ('ră-to-ri), *adj.* revolving in a circle.

gyve (jīv), *n.* a fetter for the legs: *v.t.* to fetter.

H

ha (hä), *interj.* an expression of wonder, joy, or hesitation.

ha-be-as cor-pus (hā'be-as kôr'pus), *n.* a writ ordering the bringing of a prisoner into court.

hab-er-dash-er (hab'ĕr-dash-ĕr), *n.* a dealer in small wares.

ha-bil-i-ment (hă-bil'i-ment), *n.* clothing; dress.

ha-bil-i-tate ('i-tāt), *v.i.* to become qualified; to fit; to accustom.

hab-it (hab'it), *n.* general tendency; disposition; established custom; dress. *Syn.* custom, practice.

hab-it-a-ble ('it-ă-bl), *adj.* fit to be dwelt in.

hab-it-ant ('it-ănt), *n.* a dweller; permanent resident.

hab-i-tat ('i-tat), *n.* the natural locality of a wild animal or plant.

hab-i-ta-tion (-i-tā'shun), *n.* a place of abode.

ha-bit-u-al (hă-bit'ū-ăl), *adj.* acquired by use; customary; inveterate.

ha-bit-u-al-ly (-li), *adv.* by habit.

ha-bit-u-ate ('ū-āt), *v.t.* to make familiar by use.

hab-i-tude (hab'i-tūd), *n.* customary manner.

hack (hak), *v.t.* to cut into small pieces: *n.* a notch; irregular cut; a horse let out for hire; a literary drudge.

hack-ing ('ing), *adj.* notching; irritating and wearing: said of a cough.

hack-le (hak'l), *v.t.* to dress or comb, as flax or hemp: *n.* an implement for cleansing flax or hemp.

hack-ney ('ni), *v.t.* to wear out; make commonplace: *adj.* let out for hire; common or trite: *n.* a horse kept for hire.

hack-neyed ('nid), *p.adj.* worn out; commonplace.

had, *p.t.* of have.

Ha-des (hā'dēz), *n.* the abode and state of the dead in Greek mythology.

hæ-mat-ic (hē-mat'ik), *adj.* pertaining to the blood.

hæm-or-rhage (hem'ō-rāj), *n.* same as hemorrhage.

hæm-or-rhoids ('ō-roids), *n.pl.* same as hemorrhoids.

haft (håft), *n.* a handle of a tool or knife.

hag (hag), *n.* a witch; an ugly old woman.

hag-gard ('ard), *adj.* anxious in appearance; lean and wasted.

hag-gle ('l), *v.i.* to higgle; mangle in cutting.

hail (hāl), *n.* frozen raindrops; a call or salutation: *v.i.* to pour down hail: *v.t.* to call to or salute. *Syn.* accost, address, greet.

hair (hār), *n.* a filament growing from the skin of a mammal; the mass of such filaments.

hair-spring ('spring), *n.* a very fine spring.

hair-trig-ger (hār'trig-ēr), *n.* a secondary trigger of a gun.

hair-y ('i), *adj.* abounding in hair.

hal-berd (hal'bērd), *n.* a mediæval weapon. Also halbert.

hal-cy-on ('si-un), *adj.* peaceful; happy; calm.

hale (hāl), *adj.* healthy; hearty: *v.t.* to drag by violence.

half (hăf), *n.* one of two equal parts.

half-breed ('brēd), *n.* a person of mixed descent.

hal-i-but (hal'i-but), *n.* a large edible flatfish.

hall (hawl), *n.* a public room; the passageway into a house; a minor college.

hal-le-lu-jah (hal-e-lōō'yä), *n.* an ascription of praise to God.

hal-liard. Same as halyard.

hal-loo (hä-lōō'), *interj.* a shout to attract attention: *v.i.* to cry out loudly. Also holloa.

hal-low (hal'ō), *v.t.* to consecrate; revere.

hal-lu-ci-na-tion (hal-lōō-si-nā'shun), *n.* belief in something imaginary; delusion.

ha-lo (hā'lō), *n.* a circle of light round the sun or moon; a ring of light or nimbus.

halt (hawlt), *n.* a stop; a limp: *adj.* crippled or lame: *v.i.* to limp; hesitate; stop in marching.

hal-ter ('ĕr), *n.* a rope to tie a horse; a hangman's rope: *v.t.* to put on a halter.

halve (hăv), *v.t.* to divide into two equal parts.

hal-yard (hal'yärd), *n.* a rope for hoisting a sail, flag, etc.

ham (ham), *n.* the hinder part of the thigh; the thigh of a pig salted and smoked.

hame (hām), *n.* one of the bars in a horse collar.

ham-let ('let), *n.* a small village.

ham-mer ('ĕr), *n.* an instrument for driving nails, etc.: *v.t.* to drive with a hammer: forge; beat.

ham-mock ('ok), *n.* a swinging bed usually of network or canvas.

ham-per ('pĕr), *n.* a large wicker-work basket: *v.t.* to embarrass; perplex; impede.

ham-string ('string), *v.t.* to lame by cutting the tendons of the ham.

hand (hand), *n.* the palm with the fingers; a measure of 4 in.; style of writing; a hand-worker; a sailor; cards held: *v.t.* to give with the hand: *adj.* pertaining to, or used by, the hand.

hand-i-craft ('i-kräft), *n.* the work of an artificer; manual skill.

hand-i-ly ('i-li), *adv.* in a handy manner.

hand-i-ness (-nes), *n.* the state of being handy.

hand-i-work (-wĕrk), *n.* work done by the hands.

hand-ker-chief (hang'kĕr-chif), *n.* a piece of linen or silk used for the face or neck.

han-dle (hand'l), *n.* the part by which any implement is held: *v.t.* to touch or feel with the hand; manage; manipulate.

hand-maid ('mād), *n.* a female servant or attendant.

hand-some ('sum), *adj.* pleasing to look upon; well-formed; graceful; generous; ample.

hand-spike ('spīk), *n.* a wooden lever.

hand-y ('i), *adj.* dexterous; skilful; convenient.

hang (hang), *v.t.* to suspend; execute on a gallows; cause to droop: *v.i.* to be suspended; bend forward.

hang-dog ('dog), *adj.* of sneaking appearance.

hang-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* suspended or dangling: *n.* the act of executing by the halter: *pl.* drapery for a room.

hang-man ('mān), *n.* a public executioner.

hank (hangk), *n.* two or more skeins of thread, etc., fastened together.

hank-er ('ēr), *v.i.* to desire eagerly.

han-som ('sum), *n.* a two-wheeled cab.

hap (hap), *v.i.* to happen; befall casually: *n.* chance; a casual event.

hap-haz-ard ('haz-ärd), *n.* chance; accident: *adv.* by chance.

hap-less (hap'les), *adj.* unfortunate; unlucky.

hap-ly ('li), *adv.* by chance; perhaps.

hap-pen ('n), *v.i.* to chance; occur. *Syn.* befall, take place.

hap-pi-ly ('i-li), *adv.* successfully; felicitously.

hap-pi-ness ('i-nes), *n.* good fortune; felicitousness. *Syn.* beatitude, bliss.

hap-py ('i), *adj.* enjoying pleasure or good; propitious; felicitous.

ha-rangue (hä-rang'), *n.* a public address, especially extempore: *v.i.* to deliver a pompous speech.

har-ass (har'äs), *v.t.* to annoy; vex; fatigue.

har-ass-ing (-ing), *p.adj.* fatiguing; annoying.

har-bin-ger (här'bin-jēr), *n.* a forerunner.

har-bor ('bēr), *n.* a port for ships: *v.t.* to shelter or protect. *Syn.* haven, port.

har-bor-age (-ej), *n.* anchorage for ships.

hard (härd), *adj.* compact and solid; firm; unyielding; laborious; cruel; oppressive: *adv.* forcibly; laboriously. *Syn.* firm, solid, arduous.

hard-en ('n), *v.t.* to make hard or harder; toughen; inure.

hard-i-hood ('i-hood), *n.* effrontery; boldness.

hard-i-ly ('i-li), *adv.* with hardihood.

hard-ly ('li), *adv.* with difficulty; scarcely; harshly.

hard-ness ('nes), *n.* the quality of being hard.

hard-pan ('pan), *n.* a solid foundation.

hard-ship ('ship), *n.* oppression; want; injustice.

hard-ware ('wär), *n.* articles of metal.

hare (hār), *n.* a rodent like but larger than a rabbit.

hare-brained ('brānd), *adj.* volatile; wild.

hare-lip ('lip), *n.* a divided lip.

ha-rem (hä' or hä'rem), *n.* the Mohammedan apartments for women and children.

hark (härk), *v.i.* to listen. Also harken.

har-le-quin (här'le-kwin), *n.* a buffoon in a pantomime: *adj.* fantastic; particolored.

harm (härm), *n.* injury; hurt; *v.t.* to inflict injury upon. *Syn.* hurt, wrong, infliction.

harm-ful (härm'fool), *adj.* hurtful; injurious.

harm-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* injuriously.

har-mon-ic (här-mon'ik), *adj.* pertaining to harmony; musical. Also harmonical.

har-mon-ic-al-ly ('ik-äl-li), *adv.* in a harmonic manner.

har-mo-ni-ous (-mō'ni-us), *adj.* concordant; symmetrical.

har-mo-nize ('mo-nīz), *v.t.* to cause to agree; reconcile.

har-mo-nist ('mo-nist), *n.* one who is skilled in harmony.

har-mo-ny ('mo-ni), *n.* unison; just adaptation of parts; accord in feeling, sentiment, etc. *Syn.* concord, agreement, union.

har-ness ('nes), *n.* the working gear of a horse: *v.t.* to put harness upon.

harp (härp), *n.* a musical stringed instrument.

harp-ing ('ing), *n.* playing upon a harp.

har-poon (-pōōn'), *n.* a long barb-headed spear used for killing whales.

harp-si-chord ('sĭ-kôrd), *n.* a stringed instrument of music.

harp-y ('i), *n.* a fabulous animal; an extortioner; a species of large eagle.

har-ri-dan (har'i-dăn), *n.* an ill-tempered old woman.

har-ri-er ('i-ĕr), *n.* a kind of hunting hound.

har-row ('ō), *n.* an instrument for breaking up clods upon sown land: *v.t.* to break up with a harrow; lacerate or torment.

har-ry ('i), *v.t.* to plunder; lay waste; annoy or vex.

harsh (härsh), *adj.* discordant; jarring; austere. *Syn.* rough, rigorous, severe.

hart (härt), *n.* the male of the red deer.

harts-horn (hartz'hôrn), *n.* a preparation of ammonia.

har-vest (här'vest), *n.* the season of gathering in the harvest: *v.t.* to gather in; reap.

har-vest-home (-hōm), *n.* a harvest festival.

hash ((hash), *n.* minced meat: *v.t.* to chop small and mix.

hasp (hăsp), *n.* a clasp folded over a staple.

has-sock (has'ok), *n.* a padded cushion for kneeling upon.

haste (hāst), *n.* quickness of movement; urgency; vehemence: *v.t.* to hasten.

ha-sten (hā'sn), *v.t.* to hurry; urge forward. *Syn.* dispatch.

ha-sti-ly ('sti-li), *adv.* in a hasty manner.

ha-sty ('sti), *adj.* quick; speedy; *Syn.* hurried, ill-advised.

hat (hat), *n.* a covering for the head.

hatch (hach), *v.t.* to produce young from eggs; plot or contrive: *n.* a brood; a half-door.

hatch-er-y ('ĕr-i), *n.* a place where eggs are artificially hatched.

hatch-et ('et), *n.* a small axe.

hate (hāt), *v.t.* to dislike intensely; abhor.

hate-ful ('fool), *adj.* causing hate. *Syn.* odious.

hate-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in a hateful manner.

ha-tred ('tred), *n.* bitter aversion; detestation. *Syn.* enmity, ill-will, rancor.

haugh-ti-ly (haw'ti-li), *adv.* in a haughty manner.

haugh-ty ('ti), *adj.* proud; supercilious; contemptuous. *Syn.* arrogant, disdainful.

haul (hawl), *v.t.* to pull with force; transport by drawing: *n.* a strong pull; draught of a net.

haul-age ('ej), *n.* the act of hauling.

haunch (hänch), *n.* the thigh; a joint of mutton.

haunt (hänt), *n.* a place of accustomed resort: *v.t.* to visit frequently.

hau-teur (hō-tōōr'), *n.* haughty bearing.

have (hav), *v.t.* to possess; enjoy; obtain the advantage of. *Syn.* hold, occupy, own.

ha-ven (hā'vn), *n.* a harbor; place of shelter.

hav-ing ('ing), *n.* the act or state of possession.

hav-oc ('ok), *n.* wide and general destruction.

haw (haw), *n.* the fruit of the hawthorn.

hawk (hawk), *n.* a name for various species of raptorial birds; a forcible effort to clear the throat of phlegm: *v.t.* to cry out for sale.

hawk-eyed ('īd), *adj.* keen sighted.

haws-er ('ĕr), *n.* a thick rope or cable.

haw-thorn (haw'thôrn), *n.* a prickly shrub of the rose family.

hay (hā), *n.* grass cut and dried for fodder.

hay-cock ('kok), *n.* a conical pile of hay.

hay-fe-ver (-fē'vĕr), *n.* a form of catarrh.

haz-ard (haz'ärd), *n.* chance; accident; danger: *v.t.* to put in peril. *Syn.* risk, venture.

haz-ard-ous (-us), *adj.* risky; perilous.

haze (hāz), *n.* a slight fog or mist: *v.t.* to be foggy or misty: *v.t.* play practical jokes upon.

ha-zel ('l), *n.* a shrub bearing an edible nut.

ha-zi-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state of being hazy.

ha-zy ('i), *adj.* misty, obscure.

he (hē), *pr.* the masculine pronoun of the third person: *n.* a male.

head (hed), *n.* the upper part of the body; leader or commander; top; fore-part; principal topic; a division: *adj.* principal or chief: *v.t.* to lead or direct.

head-er ('ĕr), *n.* a plunge or fall foremost.

head-land ('land), *n.* a promontory.

head-long ('lōng), *adv.* head foremost; rashly: *adj.* rash; thoughtless.

head-strong ('strōng), *adj.* ungovernable; self-willed.

head-wind ('wind), *n.* a contrary wind.

head-y (hed'i), *adj.* precipitate; intoxicating.

heal (hēl), *v.t.* to cure; make sound; *v.i.* to become well.

heal-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* curative.

health (helth), *n.* freedom from pain or disease; a toast or pledge.

health-ful ('fool), *adj.* promoting health.

health-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in a healthful manner.

health-y ('i), *adj.* free from sickness or disease. *Syn.* salutary, wholesome.

heap (hēp), *n.* a pile; quantity; accumulation: *v.t.* to pile up; aggregate. *Syn.* accumulate, amass.

hear (hēr), *v.t.* to perceive by the ear; give heed to: *v.i.* to be told of.

hear-ing ('ing), *n.* the sense of perceiving sound; audience.

hear-ken. Same as harken.

hear-say ('sā), *n.* rumor; *adj.* second hand.

hearse (hērs), *n.* a vehicle to carry the dead.

heart (härt), *n.* the organ which causes the blood to circulate; the vital part of anything; tenderness; affection; courage; spirit; resolution.

heart-ache ('āk), *n.* sorrow; pang; grief.

heart-burn ('bērn), *n.* an acrid sensation in the esophagus.

heart-en ('n), *v.t.* to give courage to; inspirit.

hearth (härth), *n.* a pavement of stone or brick in a room on which fire is made.

heart-i-ly ('-li), *adv.* cordially; energetically.

heart-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* cordiality; vigor.

heart-y (härt'i), *adj.* cordial; sincere; vigorous. *Syn.* earnest, energetic.

heat (hēt), *n.* the effect caused by a hot body; ardor; vehemence; hot weather: *v.t.* to make hot; excite with passion.

heat-er ('ēr), *n.* one who, or that which, heats.

heath (hēth), *n.* a small evergreen shrub; the heather; moorland.

hea-then (hē'*then*), *n.* a pagan; idolater.

hea-then-dom (-dom), *n.* the region inhabited by heathens.

hea-then-ish (-ish), *adj.* pertaining to heathens; rude; ignorant.

hea-then-ism (-izm), *n.* paganism; idolatry.

heath-er (*beth'*ēr), same as heath.

heave (hēv), *v.t.* to hoist or lift up; throw: *v.i.* to rise and fall alternately; struggle; pant: *n.* a lift upwards; the act of throwing.

heav-en (hev'n), *n.* the abode of the blessed; the firmament or sky.

heav-en-li-ness (-li-nes), *n.* supreme excellence.

heav-en-ly (-li), *adj.* resembling heaven; celestial; divine.

heav-i-ness (hev'i-nes), *n.* having weight; dejection; grief.

heav-y ('i), *adj.* weighty; oppressive; grievous; dull. *Syn.* burdensome, ponderous.

He-brew ('brōō), *n.* a Jew; the Hebrew language: *adj.* pertaining to the Hebrews.

hec-a-tomb ('ă-tōōm), *n.* a large sacrifice or slaughter.

heck-le (hek'l), *n.* an instrument for cleaning flax: *v.t.* to question severely.

hec-tic ('tik), *adj.* feverish: *n.* a remittent fever accompanying tuberculosis.

hec-tor ('tĕr), *v.t.* to bully or bluster.

hed-dles (hed'dlz), *n.pl.* the harness for guiding the warp threads in a loom.

hedge (hej), *n.* fence of shrubs: *v.t.* to inclose with a hedge; encircle; invest: *adj.* mean; contemptible.

he-don-ic (hē-don'ik), *adj.* pertaining to hedonism.

he-do-nism ('dō-nizm), *n.* the doctrine that pleasure is the chief end of life.

heed (hēd), *v.t.* to regard with care; give attention to: *n.* careful attention; caution.

heed-ful ('fool), *adj.* cautious; attentive.

heed-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* cautiously; attentively.

heel (hēl), *n.* the hinder part of the foot: *v.t.* to furnish with a heel.

heel-er ('ēr), *n.* a political hanger-on.

heel-tap ('tap), *n.* leather for a shoe-heel; liquor left in a glass after drinking.

heft (heft), *n.* a handle; an effort; weight.

heif-er (hef'ēr), *n.* a young cow.

height (hīt), *n.* altitude; elevation; an eminence; stature.

height-en ('en), *v.t.* to make higher; intensify; aggravate; improve. *Syn.* enhance, exalt, raise.

hei-nous (hā'nus), *adj.* atrocious; extremely wicked. *Syn.* flagitious, flagrant.

heir (ār), *n.* one who inherits property.

heir-ess ('es), *n.* a female inheritor.

heir-loom ('lōōm), *n.* any movable article that descends to the heir.

held (held), *p.t.* of hold.

he-li-ac (hē'li-ak), *adj.* pertaining to the sun.

hel-ic-al (hel'ik-al), *adj.* spiral-shaped.

hel-i-cop-ter (hel'i-kop-ter), a flying machine lifted by a vertical screw.

he-li-o-cen-tric (hē-li-ō-sen'-trik), *adj.* having the sun as the center.

he-li-o-grav-ure (-grāv'ūr), *n.* photo-engraving or -etching.

he-li-ol-a-try (-ol'å-tri), *n.* worship of the sun.

he-li-o-stat ('li-ō-stat), *n.* an instrument by which signaling is carried on.

he-li-ot-ro-pism (-ot'rō-pizm), *n.* the movements of flowers or leaves towards the sun.

he-li-o-type ('li-ō-tīp), *n.* an impression from a photograph taken on a gelatine plate.

he-li-um ('li-um), *n.* a gaseous element of recent discovery but wide distribution.

he-lix ('liks), *n.* a spiral line; a circumvolution; a genus of mollusks.

hell (hel) *n.* the place of punishment for the wicked after death.

helm (helm), *n.* the apparatus for steering a ship.

hel-met ('et), *n.* armor for the head.

hel-ot (hel'ot, or hē'lot), *n.* a slave in ancient Sparta; slave or serf.

hel-ot-ry (hel'ot-ri), *n.* the condition of a helot.

help (help), *v.t.* to aid; support; sustain; succor; remedy: *n.* assistance; relief; that which promotes; a hired servant. *Syn.* assist, relieve.

help-ful ('fool), *adj.* affording help.

help-less ('les), *adj.* destitute; past aid.

helve (helv), *n.* the handle of an axe, etc.

hem (hem), *n.* the edge of a garment; an ejaculatory sound: *v.t.* to form a hem on; to shut in.

hem-a-tin (hem'å-tin), *n.* the red color of blood.

hem-i-sphere (hem'i-sfēr), *n.* half a sphere.

hem-lock (hem'lok), *n.* a poisonous plant; hemlock spruce, an evergreen tree.

hem-mer ('ēr), *n.* an attachment to a sewing machine for hemming.

hem-o-glo-bin (hem-o-glō'-bin), *n.* the chief constituent of the red blood-corpuscles.

hem-or-rhage (hem'ō-raj), *n.* bleeding from the lungs, arteries, veins, etc.

hem-or-rhoids ('o-roidz), *n.pl.* bleeding piles.

hemp (hemp), *n.* a plant yielding the fibers used for cordage.

hemp-en ('en), *adj.* made of hemp.

hen (hen), *n.* a female bird or fowl.

hen-bane ('bān), *n.* a poisonous plant of the nightshade family.

hence (hens), *adv.* from this place, source, or time; in consequence of this: *interj.* away!

hence-forth (-forth), *adv.* from this time.

hen-na ('å), *n.* a tropical shrub yielding a reddish cosmetic paste.

hen-pecked ('pekt), *adj.* governed by one's wife.

he-pat-ic (hē-pat'ik), *adj.* pertaining to the liver.

hep-ta-gon ('tå-gon), *n.* a figure having seven sides and seven angles.

hep-tag-o-nal (-tag'o-nal), *adj.* having seven sides.

hep-ta-he-dron (-hē'dron), *n.* a solid figure with seven sides.

her (hēr), *pron.* the objective and possessive case of *she;* pertaining to a female.

her-ald (her'åld), *n.* one who proclaims; a precursor: *v.t.* to proclaim; usher in.

her-al-dic (he-ral'dik), *adj.* pertaining to heralds or heraldry.

her-al-dry (her'åld-ri), *n.* the office of a herald.

herb (ērb, or hērb), *n.* a plant with a succulent stem.

her-ba-ceous (her'-bā'shus), *adj.* pertaining to or feeding upon herbs.

herb-age ('ej), *n.* herbs collectively; grass; pasturage.

herb-al ('ål), *n.* a book descriptive of plants.

her-ba-ri-um (-bā'ri-um), *n.* a systematic collection of dried plants.

her-bif-er-ous (-bif'e-rus), *adj.* producing herbs.

her-biv-o-ra (-biv'o-rå), *n. pl.* mammals that feed on herbs or vegetables.

her-biv-o-rous ('o-rus), *adj.* feeding on herbs.

her-cu-le-an (-kū'le-ån), *adj.* of great strength; like Hercules.

herd (hērd), *n.* a collection of cattle; crowd; a keeper of cattle: *v.i.* to unite, as beasts; crowd together.

here (hēr), *adv.* in this place; on this occasion.

here-by (-bī'), *adv.* by virtue of this; near.

he-red-it-a-ble (he-red'it-å-bl), *adj.* that may be inherited.

her-e-dit-a-ment (her-e-dit'-å-ment), *n.* property inherited.

he-red-i-ta-ry ('i-ta-ri), *adj.* transmitted from parent to offspring.

he-red-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* the transmission of characteristics from parent to offspring.

here-in (hēr-in'), *adv.* in this.

her-e-sy (her'e-si), *n.* an opinion at variance with orthodox or generally accepted views.

her-e-tic ('e-tik), *n.* one who holds heretical opinions. *Syn.* schismatic, dissenter.

he-ret-ic-al (-ål), *adj.* pertaining to heresy.

here-to-fore (hēr-tōō-fōr'), *adv.* previously.

her-i-tage (her't-tej), *n.* a birthright or inheritance.

her-maph-ro-dite (hēr-maf'-rō-dīt), *adj.* having double sexual characteristics: *n.* an animal with both the male and female sexual organs.

her-met-ic (hēr-met'ik), *adj.* perfectly closed.

her-met-ic-al-ly (-ål-li), *adv.* in an air-tight manner.

her-mit ('mit), *n.* one who lives in solitude; an anchorite.

her-mit-age (-ej), *n.* the abode of a hermit.

her-nia ('ni-å), *n.* a protrusion of some internal organ; rupture.

her-ni-al ('ni-ål), *adj.* pertaining to hernia.

he-ro (hē'rō), *n.* a man of distinguished courage; the chief character in a play, etc.

he-ro-ic (hē-rō'ik), *adj.* having the qualities of a hero; larger than life; drastic.

he-ro-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* like a hero.

her-o-ine (her'ō-in), *n.* a female hero.

her-o-ism (her'ō-izm), *n.* the qualities of a hero.

her-on ('un), *n.* a wading bird with long neck and legs.

herr-ing ('ing), *n.* a small edible sea-fish.

her-self (-self'), *pron.* an emphasized form of *she.*

hes-i-tan-cy (hez'i-tan-si), *n.* hesitation; suspense.

hes-i-tate ('i-tāt), *v.i.* to pause; vacillate; stammer. *Syn.* falter, stutter.

hest (hest), *n.* a behest; command.

het-er-o-dox ('ēr-ō-doks), *adj.* deviating from accepted doctrines; heretical; opposed to orthodox.

het-er-o-ge-ne-ous (-ō-jē'ne-us), *adj.* dissimilar.

hew (hū), *v.t.* to cut or shape; hack; chop.

hex-a-gon ('å-gon), *n.* a plane figure having six angles and six sides.

hex-ag-on-al (-ål), *adj.* six-sided.

hex-a-he-dron (-å-hē'dron), *n.* a cubical solid.

hex-am-e-ter (-am'e-tēr), *n.* a verse consisting of six metrical feet.

hex-a-pod ('å-pod), *n.* an animal with six legs.

hi-a-tus (hī-ā'tus), *n.* a break; vacancy; gap.

hi-ber-nal (-bĕr'năl), *adj.* wintry.

hi-ber-nate ('bĕr-nāt), *v.i.* to pass the winter in a state of torpor.

hic-cough (hik'up), *n.* a short convulsive cough: *v.i.* to emit such a cough.

hick-o-ry ('ō-ri), *n.* an American nut-bearing tree of the genus Carya with very tough and elastic wood.

hid, *p.adj.* concealed; not known; secret. Also hidden.

hide (hīd), *v.t.* to conceal; secrete: *n.* an animal's skin. *Syn.* bury, screen, mask.

hide-bound ('bound), *adj.* prejudiced; bigoted.

hid-e-ous (hid'e-us), *adj.* offensive to the senses; dreadful; horrible. *Syn.* grim, ghastly, grisly.

hid-ing (hīd'ing) *n.* concealment; a beating.

hie (hī), *v.t.* to excite; speed: *v.i.* to hasten.

hi-er-arch ('ĕr-ärk), *n.* the chief of an ecclesiastical body.

hi-er-arch-y (-i), *n.* the clergy of a church; rank of holy beings, as angels.

hi-e-rat-ic (-e-rat'ik), *adj.* sacred; consecrated.

hi-er-o-glyph-ic (hī-ĕr-ō-glif'-ik), *n.pl.* the picture writings of the ancient Egyptians, etc.: *adj.* emblematic.

hig-gle (hig'l), *v.i.* to carry provisions about for sale; dispute about trifles.

high (hī), *adj.* elevated in place; exalted in quality; chief; head: *adv.* aloft; eminently. *Syn.* lofty, tall, elevated.

high-col-ored ('kul-ĕrd), *adj.* having a glaring color; flushed; vivid.

high-est ('est), *adj.* most high; above all others.

high-flown ('flōn), *adj.* elevated; inflated.

high-hand-ed ('hand'ed), *adj.* violent; arbitrary.

high-land ('land), *n.* a mountainous region.

high-ly ('li), *adv.* in a high manner; in a great degree.

high-ness ('nes), *n.* a title of honor applied to persons of princely rank.

high-priest ('prēst), *n.* a chief priest.

high-road ('rōd), *n.* a chief road; highway.

high-strung ('strung), *adj.* extremely sensitive.

high-toned ('tōnd), *adj.* high pitched; high principled; fashionable.

high-way ('wā), *n.* a public road.

high-way-man (-măn), *n.* a robber on the highway.

hi-la-ri-ous (hi-lā'ri-us), *adj.* merry; exhilarated.

hi-lar-i-ty (-lar'i-ti), *n.* noisy merriment; exhilaration.

hill (hil), *n.* an elevation of land; a small mount.

hill-ock ('ok), *n.* a small hill.

hill-y ('i), *adj.* abounding with hills; rugged.

hilt (hilt), *n.* a handle, especially of a sword.

him (him), *pron.* the objective case of he.

hind (hīnd), *n.* a female deer; a rustic: *adj.* backward.

hind-er (hīnd'ĕr), *adj.* on the rear.

hin-der (hin'dĕr), *v.t.* to obstruct or delay. *Syn.* impede, prevent.

hind-most (hīnd'mōst), *adj.* in the extreme rear.

hin-drance (hin'drăns), *n.* obstruction.

Hin-du ('dōō), *n.* a native of Hindustan.

hinge (hinj), *n.* the joint on which a door, gate, or shutter turns or swings.

hin-ny (hin'i), *v.i.* to neigh: *n.* the offspring of a horse and a she ass.

hint (hint), *v.t.* to suggest; mention casually: *n.* a distant allusion. *Syn.* allude, insinuate.

hip (hip), *n.* joint of the thigh; haunch; the fruit of the dog-rose.

hip-po-drome ('ō-drōm), *n.* an ancient Greek race-course; a circus.

hip-po-pot-a-mus (-pot'ă-mus), *n.* a large aquatic animal of Africa.

hire (hīr), *v.t.* to engage for pay; bribe: *n.* wages; bribe.

hire-ling (hīr'ling), *n.* one who serves for hire: *adj.* mercenary.

hir-sute (hĕr'sūt), *adj.* hairy; shaggy.

his (hiz), *pron. poss. case of* he.

hiss (his), *n.* a sibilant sound: *v.i.* to utter such a sound; condemn by hissing.

hist (hist), *interj.* silence! hark!

his-tol-o-gy (-tol'o-ji), *n.* microscopic anatomy.

his-to-ri-an (-tō'ri-ăn), *n.* a writer of history.

his-tor-ic (-tor'ik), *adj.* pertaining to history. Also historical.

his-to-ri-og-ra-pher (-og'rą-fĕr), *n.* a writer of history.

his-to-ry ('to-ri), *n.* a chronological narration of facts and events, with their causes and effects. *Syn.* account, annals.

his-tri-on-ic (-tri-on'ik), *ad.j* pertaining to the stage.

his-tri-on-ism (-izm), *n.* stage representation.

hit (hit), *v.t.* to strike; attain to; *n.* a stroke or blow; a lucky event.

hitch (hich), *n.* a catch; impediment; a jerking upwards: *v.i.* to move by jerks; to fasten.

hitch-ing ('ing), *n.* a fastening in harness.

hith-er (hi*th*'ĕr), *adv.* to this place: *adj.* nearest to the speaker.

hith-er-to (-tōō), to this time.

hive (hīv), *n.* a house for bees; a swarm of bees: *v.t.* to put into a hive; harbor: *v.i.* to live together.

hives (hīvz), *n.pl.* nettle-rash; croup.

ho (hō), *interj.* stop! hold!

hoar (hōr), *adj.* white; grey with age; ancient.

hoard (hōrd), *n.* a store laid up secretly; a treasure: *v.i.* to collect; amass.

hoard-ing ('ing), *n.* the act of storing up.

hoar-frost (hōr'frôst), *n.* frozen dew or moisture.

hoarse (hōrs), *adj.* rough and harsh in sound.

hoarse-ly ('li), *adv.* in a hoarse manner.

hoarse-ness ('nes), *n.* the state of being hoarse.

hoax (hōks), *n.* a sportive deception; practical joke: *v.t.* to delude in sport.

hob (hob), *n.* the flat part of a grate; a sprite or fairy.

hob-ble ('l), *v.i.* to walk with a limp: *v.t.* to embarrass; shackle: *n.* a limping or awkward step.

hob-by (hob'i), *n.* a favorite pursuit; an ambling nag; a hobby-horse.

hob-by-horse, child's wooden horse.

hob-gob-lin (-gob'lin), *n.* a goblin or sprite.

hob-nail ('nal), *n.* a short thick nail used in soles of heavy shoes.

hob-nob ('nob), *v.i.* to associate intimately; drink together.

hock (hok), *n.* the joint between the knee and the fetlock; any white Rhine wine.

hock-ey ('i), *n.* a ball game played with a hooked stick.

ho-cus (hō'kus), *v.t.* to cheat or deceive; to stupefy by drugged liquor in order to cheat or rob: *n.* a trick or juggle.

hod (hod), *n.* a tray for carrying mortar or bricks.

hodge-podge ('poj), *n.* a medley of ingredients.

hoe (hō), *n.* a tool for cutting weeds: *v.t.* to till with a hoe.

hog (hog), *n.* a swine; a grasping, gluttonous person.

hogs-head (hogz'hed), *n.* a large cask or barrel.

hoi-den (hoi'dn), *n.* a rude rustic girl; a romp. Also hoyden.

hoist (hoist), *v.t.* to raise with tackle; heave: *n.* an apparatus for lifting goods.

hold (hōld), *v.t.* to clutch; retain; keep; contain; celebrate: *v.i.* to cling; adhere; maintain an opinion: *n.* the act of holding; a grasp or clutch; that part of a vessel where the cargo is stored. *Syn.* detain, grasp, maintain.

hold-fast ('fąst), *n.* a hook or support.

hole (hōl), *n.* a cavity; hollow place; pit; perforation.

hol-i-day (hol'i-dā), *n.* a day of joy and festivity; a period of freedom from labor: *adj.* joyous; gay.

ho-li-ly (hō'li-li), *adv.* piously.

ho-li-ness ('li-nes), *n.* freedom from sin; moral purity; sacredness. *Syn.* sanctity.

hol-land (hol'ąnd), *n.* fine unbleached linen: *pl.* a kind of gin.

hol-loa (hol-lō'), *v.i.* to shout loudly: *n.* a shout.

hol-low ('ō), *adj.* having a void space; sunken; empty: *n.* a cavity; pit; space between hills; deep; low: *v.t.* to make hollow.

hol-low-ware (-wār), *n.* kitchen utensils, earthenware.

hol-ly ('li), *n.* a tree with glossy leaves and red berries.

holm (hōm), *n.* an evergreen oak; low, flat land.

hol-o-caust ('ō-kawst), *n.* a sacrifice wholly consumed by fire.

hol-ster (hōl'stĕr), *n.* a leather pistol-case.

holt (hōlt), *n.* a wooded hill; a hold or grasp.

ho-ly (hō'li), *adj.* pure; morally perfect; sinless; preëminently good. *Syn.* devout, pious, religious.

ho-ly day (dā), a religious festival.

hom-age (hom'ej), *n.* deference; reverence; worship.

home (hōm), *n.* a family residence; fatherland; habitat; a benevolent institution: *adj.* domestic; near; effective: *adv.* to the point.

home-li-ness ('li-nes), *n.* plainness; rudeness.

home-ly ('li), *adj.* plain-featured, lacking elegance. *Syn.* plain, ugly, coarse.

home-made ('mād), *adj.* made at home.

ho-me-o-path-ic (hō-me-ō-path'ik), *adj.* of or pertaining to homeopathy.

ho-me-op-a-thy (op'ă-thi), *n.* a system of medicine founded on the principle that a substance that will produce the symptoms of a disease will cure that disease.

home-sick (hōm'sik), *adj.* ill because of absence from home.

home-stead ('sted), *n.* a dwelling-house and its lands.

hom-i-ci-dal (hom'i-sī-dăl), *adj.* pertaining to homicide.

hom-i-cide ('i-sīd), *n.* the killing of a human being.

hom-i-let-ic (-i-let'ik), *adj.* pertaining to homiletics.

hom-i-let-ics ('iks), *n.pl.* that branch of theology which treats of sermons.

hom-i-ly ('i-li), *n.* a plain religious discourse.

hom-i-ny (hom'i-ni), *n.* coarsely ground or broken Indian corn.

ho-mo-ge-ne-i-ty (hō-mō-je-nē'i-ti), *n.* similarity.

ho-mo-ge-ne-ous (-je'ne-us), *adj.* uniform.

ho-mol-o-gous (-mol'o-gus), *adj.* identical.

ho-mol-o-gy ('-oji), *n.* affinity of structure.

ho-mo-nym ('mō-nim), *n.* a word alike in sound, but differing in meaning.

hone (hōn), *n.* a kind of fine whetstone: *v.t.* to sharpen on a hone.

hon-est (on'est), *adj.* upright; just; sincere; equitable. *Syn.* trustworthy, candid.

hon-est-y (-i), *n.* the quality of being honest. *Syn.* integrity, probity.

hon-ey (hun'i), *n.* a sweet substance collected by bees from flowers.

hon-ey-bee (-bē), *n.* the common hive-bee.

hon-ey-comb (-kōm), *n.* the cells made by bees to contain their honey, eggs, etc.: *v.t.* to fill with holes.

hon-ey-moon (-mōōn), *n.* the first month after marriage.

hon-or-a-ry ('ĕr-ă-ri), *adj.* conferred as an honor.

hon-or ('ĕr), *n.* respectful regard; esteem; exalted rank; fame; scorn of meanness; self-respect; chastity; *v.t.* to treat with respect, deference, or civility; bestow marks of honor upon. *Syn.* respect, reverence, esteem.

hon-or-a-ble (-ă-bl), *adj.* worthy of honor; distinguished in rank; high-minded; upright; a title of distinction.

hon-or-a-bly (-bli), *adv.* in an honorable manner.

hood (hood), *n.* a covering for the head; a folding cover for a carriage; a cowl: *v.t.* to cover with a hood.

hoo-doo (hōō'dōō), *n.* that which causes ill-luck: *v.t.* to bring ill-luck upon.

hood-wink (hood'wingk), *v.t.* to deceive; blindfold.

hoof (hōōf), *n.* the horny part of the foot of a horse, etc.

hook (hook), *n.* a curved piece of metal, bone, etc.; a fish-hook: *v.t.* to catch with a hook; to attack with the horns.

hooked (hookt), *p.adj.* curved like a hook.

hook-worm (hook'wurm), *n.* a parasitic worm which invades the human intestines and causes great debility.

hoop (hōōp, or hoop), *n.* a band around the staves of a cask, etc.: *v.t.* to secure with a hoop; encircle: *v.i.* to shout.

hoop-ing ('ing), *n.* material for making hoops.

hoop-ing-cough, a convulsive cough.

hoot (hōōt), *n.* a contemptuous shout: *v.t.* to jeer; shout at.

hop (hop), *v.i.* to leap over or along: *n.* a jump on one leg;

a dance; a bitter plant used to flavor beer.

hope (hōp), *n.* anticipation of good; confidence: *v.t.* to expect with confidence or desire: *v.i.* to trust confidently. *Syn.* expectation, trust.

hope-ful ('fool), *adj.* full of hope; promising success.

hope-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in a hopeful manner.

hop-per (hop'ĕr), *n.* one who hops; a wooden trough through which grain passes into a mill; a hop-picker; a name for leaping insects.

hop-ple ('l), *v.t.* to hobble.

horde (hôrd), *n.* a nomadic clan dwelling in tents; a vast multitude.

ho-ri-zon (hō-rī'zun), *n.* the circular line where the sky and earth appear to meet.

hor-i-zon-tal (hor-i-zon'tal), *adj.* parallel to the horizon; level: opposed to vertical. *Syn.* flat, level, plain.

hor-i-zon-tal-ly (-li), *adv.* in a horizontal direction.

horn (hôrn), *n.* a hard projection on the head of certain mammals; anything made of horn; a wind instrument of music.

horned (hôrnd), *adj.* having horns; horn-shaped.

hor-net (hôr'net), *n.* a wasp which inflicts a severe sting.

horn-pipe (hôrn'pīp), *n.* a lively dance.

hor-o-loge (hor'o-lōj), *n.* a mechanism for marking the hours.

ho-rol-o-gy (hō-rol'o-ji), *n.* the art of measuring time.

hor-o-scope (hor'o-skōp), *n.* the position of the stars at the hour of one's birth.

ho-ros-co-py (hō-ros'ko-pi), *n.* the art of determining the destiny of persons from a horoscope.

hor-ri-ble ('i-bl), *adj.* terrible; dreadful.

hor-ri-bly ('i-bli), *adv.* terribly; dreadfully.

hor-rid ('id), *adj.* dreadful; terrible; obnoxious; gloomy.

hor-rif-ic (-if'ik), *adj.* causing horror.

hor-ri-fy ('i-fī), *v.t.* to fill with horror.

hor-ror ('ĕr), *n.* a shuddering with fear; extreme dread; terror.

horse (hôrs), *n.* a domestic animal used for riding or drawing burdens; a framework for the support of anything: *v.t.* to get on horseback.

horse-laugh ('lăf), *n.* a coarse noisy laugh.

horse-pow-er ('pou-ĕr), *n.* the theoretical unit of work of a steam-engine.

horse-shoe ('shōō), *n.* a metal shoe to protect the hoof of a horse.

hor-ta-tive (hôr'tă-tiv), *adj.* inciting; giving exhortation.

hor-ti-cul-tu-ral (-ti-kul'tū-răl), *adj.* pertaining to horticulture.

hor-ti-cul-ture (-ti-kul'tūr), *n.* the art of cultivating gardens.

hor-ti-cul-tu-rist (-ist), *n.* one skilled in horticulture.

ho-san-na (hō-zan'ă), *n.* an exclamation of praise to God.

hose (hōz), *n.* coverings for the legs; stockings; flexible tubing for conveying water, etc.

ho-sier ('zhĕr), *n.* one who deals in hosiery.

ho-sier-y (-i), stockings, underclothing, etc.

hos-pit-a-ble ('pit-ă-bl), *adj.* kind to visitors; generous; liberal.

hos-pi-tal ('pi-tăl), *n.* an institution for the care of the sick.

hos-pi-tal-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* the practice of entertaining friends and strangers with liberality.

host (hōst), *n.* a multitude; army; one who entertains others; the landlord of an inn; the sacrifice of the mass.

hos-tage (hōs'tej), *n.* a person given as a pledge for the fulfillment of certain conditions; a pledge.

hos-tel-ry (-ri), *n.* an inn or lodging-house.

host-ess (hōst'es), *n.* a female host.

hos-tile (hos'til), *adj.* inimical; adverse; repugnant.

hos-til-i-ty (-til'i-ti), *n.* the state of being hostile; antagonism; enmity.

host-ler ('lĕr), *n.* one who takes charge of horses. Also ostler.

hot (hot), *adj.* burning; fiery; passionate; furious; pungent. *Syn.* ardent, eager, keen.

hot-bed ('bed), *n.* a bed of earth covered with glass for rearing plants.

ho-tel (hō-tel'), *n.* a superior inn or lodging-house.

hot-house (hot'hous), *n.* a heated building for rearing tender plants.

hot-press ('pres), *v.t.* to gloss paper or linen between heated rollers.

hound (hound), *n.* a breed of hunting dog; a mean fellow: *v.t.* to incite; set upon.

hour (our), *n.* the twenty-fourth part of a day.

hour-glass (our'glȧs), *n.* a device for measuring time.

hou-ri (hou' or hōō'ri), *n.* one of the dark-eyed nymphs of the Mohammedan paradise.

house (hous), *n.* place of abode; one of the divisions of a legislative body; a mercantile firm: (houz), *v.t.* to place in a house; shelter or lodge: *v.i.* hide; take shelter.

house-boat ('bōt), *n.* a covered boat used as a residence.

house-hold ('hōld), *n.* a family living together: *adj.* domestic.

hous-ing (houz'ing), *n.* a saddle cloth.

hov-el (hov'l), *n.* a mean habitation; hut or cabin.

hov-er (huv'ĕr), *v.i.* to flutter over; stand in suspense; move about.

how (hou), *adv.* in what manner; to what degree; for what reason.

how-be-it (-bē'it), *adv.* nevertheless.

how-dah (hou'dä), *n.* a seat for riding on an elephant or camel.

how-ev-er (-ev'ĕr), *adv.* in whatever manner or degree; at all events: *conj.* notwithstanding. *Syn.* nevertheless, yet.

how-itz-er ('itz-ĕr), *n.* a short cannon.

howl (houl), *n.* the cry of a dog or wolf; a loud cry of distress: *v.i.* to utter a prolonged cry; roar, like the wind.

howl-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* dreary; dismal; extreme.

how-so-ev-er (-so-ev'ĕr), *adv.* in what manner soever; although.

hub (hub), *n.* the nave of a wheel.

hub-bub (hub'bub), *n.* uproar; tumult.

huck-le (huk'l), *n.* the hip; a haunch.

huck-le-ber-ry (-ber-i), *n.* a low shrub bearing an edible berry of pleasant flavor; the whortleberry.

huck-ster ('stĕr), *n.* one who retails small articles; a mean tricky fellow.

huck-stress ('stres), *n.* a female huckster.

hud-dle (hud'), *v.t.* to crowd together; collect closely: *n.* confusion; crowd.

hue (hū), *n.* color tint; a shouting; clamor.

huff (huf), *v.t.* to puff or blow up; treat with insolence: *n.* a fit of petulance.

hug (hug), *n.* a close embrace: *v.t.* to embrace closely; fondle; hold fast.

huge (hūj), *adj.* vast; very large; enormous.

huge-ly ('li), *adv.* immensely; exceedingly.

huge-ness ('nes), *n.* vastness; enormous bulk.

hulk (hulk), *n.* the body of a dismasted ship.

hulk-ing ('ing), *adj.* unwieldy; bulky.

hull (hul), *n.* outer covering; the body or frame of a vessel: *v.t.* to peel off the husk of; to strike a ship's hull with a cannon shot.

hum (hum), *n.* the noise of bees and other insects in flight: *v.i.* to make such a noise: *v.t.* to sing in a low undertone; keep going in an energetic manner.

hu-man (hū'mȧn), *adj.* pertaining to mankind; not divine.

hu-mane (-mān'), *adj.* benevolent; kind; compassionate elevating. *Syn.* merciful, kind, pitying.

hu-mane-ly ('li), *adv.* in a humane manner.

hu-mane-ness ('nes), *n.* the quality of being humane.

hu-man-ize ('man-īz), *v.t.* to render human; soften in disposition.

hu-man-ism (-izm), *n.* human nature.

hu-man-ist (-ist), *n.* a student of the humanities.

hu-man-i-ta-ri-an (-i-tā'ri-ȧn), *n.* a philanthropist: *adj.* philanthropic.

hu-man-i-ty ('i-tī), *n.* mankind collectively; philanthropy; benevolence: *pl.* classical learning and literature.

hu-man-kind (-kīnd), *n.* the human species.

hu-man-ly (-li), *adv.* after the manner of men.

hum-ble (hum'bl), *adj.* modest; meek; lowly; obscure:

v.t. to subdue; bring low; *Syn.* submissive, plain.

hum-ble-bee (-bē), *n.* a bumble-bee.

hum-ble-pie (-pī), *n.* a pie made of the humbles, or entrails, of a deer; *to eat humble-pie;* to make humble apologies.

hum-bug ('bug), *n.* a fraud under fair pretenses; a sham; a plausible deceiver; *v.t.* to cheat or impose upon; hoax.

hum-drum ('drum), *adj.* dull; monotonous; commonplace.

hu-mer-us (hū'mĕr-us), *n.* the arm from the shoulder to the fore-arm.

hu-mid (hū'mid), *adj.* damp; moist.

hu-mid-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* dampness; moisture.

hu mil-i-ate (-mil'i-āt), *v.t.* to humble; abase.

hu-mil-i-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* the act of humiliating; mortification; abasement.

hu-mil i-ty (mil'i-ti), *n.* the state or quality of being humble; modesty; self-abasement.

hum-ming-bird ('ing-bĕrd), *n.* a very small bird with brilliant metallic plumage.

hum-mock ('ok), *n.* a large mass of floating ice; a mound; a hillock; a rounded knoll.

hu-mor (hū' or ū'mĕr), *n.* wit; merriment; caprice; proud conceit; peevishness: *v.t.* to indulge. *Syn.* mood, temper.

hu-mor-ist (-ist), *n.* a droll person; one whose writing or conversation is characterized by humor.

hu-mor-ous (-us), *adj.* full of humor; comical; diverting.

hu-mor-some (-sum), *adj.* characterized by humor; laughable; capricious.

hump (hump), *n.* a protuberance on the back.

hu-mus ('mus), *n.* vegetable mold.

hunch (hunch), *n.* a hump; lump; a thrust with the elbow: *v.t.* to push or jostle.

hun-dred (hun'dred), *n.* the number of 10 times 10.

hun-dredth ('dredth), *adj.* the ordinal of 100.

hun-dred-weight ('dred-wāt), *n.* the one-twentieth part of a ton.

hun-ger (hung'gĕr), *n.* keenness of appetite; a craving for food; strong desire: *v.i.* to desire food or anything earnestly.

hun-gri-ly 'gri-li), *adv.* in a hungry manner.

hun-gry ('gri), *adj.* having a keen appetite; eagerly desirous.

hunk (hungk), *n.* a lump or large piece.

hunt (hunt), *v.t.* to chase game; to follow closely; search after: *n.* pursuit of game; a search. *Syn.* seek, chase.

hunt-er ('ĕr), *n.* a huntsman; a horse or hound trained for hunting.

hunt-ing (hunt'ing), *n.* pursuit; search.

hunt-ing-watch (woch), *n.* a watch with protected face.

hunts-man ('z-mǎn), *n.* a hunter; one who controls a pack of hounds.

hur-dle (hĕr'dl), *n.* a frame of twigs; a fence used in steeple-chasing; a rude sledge.

hur-dy-gur-dy ('di-gĕr'di), *n.* a stringed instrument; a barrel organ.

hurl (hĕrl), *v.t.* to throw with violence.

hur-ly-bur-ly (hĕr'li-bĕr'li), *n.* tumult; bustle.

hur-rah (hōō-rä'), *interj.* a shout of joy, triumph, applause, etc.: *v.i.* to utter such a shout.

hur-ri-cane (hur'i-kān), *n.* a very violent gale.

hur-ried ('id), *p.adj.* exhibiting haste.

hur-ry ('i), *v.t.* to impel to greater speed; hasten; accelerate: *v.i.* to move with haste: *n.* haste; urgency.

hurt (hĕrt), *v.t.* to cause pain; wound; grieve; injure: *n.* a wound; injury.

hurt-ful ('fool), *adj.* injurious; harmful. *Syn.* noxious, pernicious.

hurt-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* so as to hurt.

hur-tle (hĕrt'l), *v.t.* to impel forcibly; clash; jostle.

hus-band (huz'bǎnd), *n.* a married man: *v.t.* to use with economy.

hus-band-man (-mǎn), *n.* a tiller of the soil; farmer.

hus-band-ry (-ri), *n.* agriculture; frugality. *Syn.* cultivation, tillage.

hush (hush), *interj.* be still! silence! *adj.* silent: *n.* quietness: *v.t.* to make silent; soothe.

husk (husk), *n.* the outer covering of certain fruits: *v.t.* to remove husks.

husk-i ly ('i-li), *adj.* hoarsely.

husk-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state of being husky.

husk-y ('ki), *adj.* like husks; worthless; hoarseness of voice.

hus-sar (huz-är'), *n.* a light-armed horse soldier.

hus-sy (huz'i), *n.* a worthless woman.

hust-ings (hust'ings), *n.pl.* a stage for speakers.

hus-tle (hus'l), *v.t.* to push roughly; jostle: *v.i.* exhibit energy.

hut (hut), *n.* a small house; a mean abode; a hovel.

hutch (huch), *n.* a rabbit box; chest; a coop or pen.

huz-zah. Same as hurrah.

hy-a-cinth (hī'å-sinth), *n.* a handsome flowering plant; a gem.

hy-a-cin-thine ('in), *adj.* pertaining to or resembling the hyacinth.

hy-a-line (hī'å-lin), *adj.* glassy; transparant.

hy-brid (hī'brid), *n.* a mongrel; a result of interbreeding of species or varieties; a word made up from different languages.

hy-brid-ize (-īz), *v.t.* to cause to interbreed.

Hy-dra (hī'drå), *n.* a fabled monster with many heads.

hy-drant ('drånt), *n.* an apparatus for raising water; a fire-plug.

hy-drau-lic (-draw'lik), *adj.* relating to moving water: *pl.* the science of water in motion.

hy-dro-car-bons (-kär'bonz), *n.pl.* a general name for bitumens, mineral resins, etc.

hy-dro-ceph-a-lus (-sef'å-lus), *n.* dropsy of the brain.

hy-dro-dy-nam-ic (-dī-nam'-ik), *adj.* pertaining to the pressure of water.

hy-dro-gen ('drō-jen), *n.* a gaseous element, the lightest of them all; a constituent of water.

hy-drog-ra-phy (-drog'rå-fi), *n.* the art of mapping the earth's water surface.

hy-drol-o-gy (-drol'o-ji), *n.* the science of water.

hy-drom-e-ter (-drom'e-tēr), *n.* an instrument for determining the strength, etc., of liquids.

hy-dro-path-ic (hī-drō-path'-ik), *adj.* pertaining to hydropathy.

hy-drop-a-thy (hī-drop'a-thi), *n.* the cure of disease by water treatment.

hy-dro-pho-bi-a (-fō'bi-å), *n.* a dread of water, a fatal disease of dogs.

hy-dro-plane ('dro-plān), *n.* an aeroplane adapted to move in water or air.

hy-dro-stat-ic (hī-drō-stat'ik), *adj.* pertaining to hydrostatics: *n.pl.* that branch of physics that treats of the pressure and equilibrium of fluids.

hy-dro-ther-a-py (-ther'å-pi), *n.* water-cure.

hy-e-na (-hī-ē'nå), *n.* a savage carnivorous quadruped.

hy-ge-ian (hī-jē'yan), *adj.* pertaining to health.

hy-giene (hī'ji-ēn), *n.* the science of health.

hy-gi-en-ic (-ji-en'ik), *adj.* pertaining to hygiene.

hy-grom-e-try (-grom'e-tri), *n.* the measurement of the moisture of the atmosphere.

hy-gro-scope ('grō-skōp), *n.* an apparatus for indicating atmospheric moisture.

hy-men ('men), *n.* the god of marriage.

hy-me-ne-al (-nē'ål), *p.adj.* pertaining to marriage.

hymn (him), *n.* a song of praise.

hym-nal ('nål), *n.* a collection of hymns.

hym-nol-o-gy (-nol'o-ji), *n.* the study of hymns.

hy-per-bo la (-pēr'bō-lå), *n.* one of the conic sections.

hy-per-bo-le ('bo-lē), *n.* an exaggeration.

hy-per-bol-ic (-bol'ik), *adj.* pertaining to hyperbole; exaggerated.

hy-per-bo-re-an (-bō're-ån), *adj.* arctic.

hy-phen (hī'fen), *n.* a mark (-) joining two words or syllables.

hyp-no-sis (hip-nō'sis), *n.* the hypnotic state.

hyp-not-ic (hip-not'ik), *adj.* producing hypnotism.

hyp-no-tize ('nō-tīz), *v.t.* subject to hypnotism.

hyp-no-tism ('nō-tizm), *n.* a method of inducing a trance-like sleep.

hyp-o-chon-dri-a (hip-ō-kon'-dri-å), *n.* a deep depression of spirits.

hyp-o-chon dri-ac ('dri-ak), *n.* one who is affected with hypochondria.

hyp-oc-ri-sy (-ok'ri-si), *n.* dissimulation; false profession. *Syn.* cant, pretense, sham.

hyp-o-crite ('o-krit), *n.* a dissembler; false pretender. *Syn.* impostor.

hy-po-der-mic (hī-po-dĕr'mik), *adj.* inserted under the skin: *n.* a medicine thus injected.

hyp-o-style (hip'o-stīl), *n.* a covered colonnade; pillared hall or court.

hy-pot-e-nuse (-pot'e-nūs), *n.* the longest side of a right-angled triangle. Also hypothenuse.

hy-poth-e-sis (-poth'e-sis), *n.* something assumed for the purpose of argument; supposition; conjecture. *Syn.* theory, suggestion.

hy-po-thet-ic (-pō-thet'ik), *adj.* conjectural.

hy-po-thet-ic-al-ly (-âl-li), *adj.* by hypothesis.

hys-sop (his'up), *n.* an aromatic garden plant.

hys-te-ri-a (his-tē'ri-å), *n.* a nervous affection of women, characterized by paroxysms of laughter and weeping and choking sensations.

hys-ter-i-cal (-ter'i-kål), *adj.* pertaining to hysterics; violently emotional.

hys-ter-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in a hysterical manner.

hys-ter-ics (his-ter'iks), *n.pl.* hysteria.

hys-ter-oid (-oid) *adj.* resembling hysteria.

hys-ter-ot-o-my (-ot'o-mi), *n.* the operation of cutting out, or into, the womb, for taking out the fœtus.

hys-trix (his'triks), *n.* the porcupine, a genus of rodent animals.

I

I (ī), *pron.* [*pl.* we (wē)], *nom. case, sing.* of the pronoun of the 1st person; the word by which a person denotes himself: *n.* the ego.

i-am-bic (ī-am'bik), *adj.* consisting of iambics.

i-am-bus ('bus), *n* a metrical foot consisting of two syllables, the first short, the second long.

i-bex ('beks), *n.* a genus of wild goats.

i-bis ('bis), *n.* a wading bird, having a long, curved beak.

ice (īs), *n.* frozen water; a frozen confection, as ice-cream.

ice-berg ('bĕrg), *n.* a large mass of floating ice.

ice-floe ('flō), *n.* a sheet of floating ice.

ice-pack ('pak), *n.* packed and drifting ice.

ich-nol-o-gy (-nol'o-ji), *n.* the study of fossil footprints.

ich-thy-ol-o-gy (-ol'o-ji), *n.* the science of fish life.

i-ci-cle (ī'si-kl), *n.* ice formed by the freezing of dripping water.

i-ci-ly ('si-li), *adv.* in an icy manner; coldly.

i-cing ('sing), *n.* a coating of concrete sugar.

i-con-o-clast (ī-kon'o-klåst), *n.* an image breaker.

i-cy (ī'si), *adj.* pertaining to or resembling ice; freezingly cold.

i-de-a (-dē'å), *n.* a mental image; conception; notion. *Syn.* thought, imagination.

i-de-al (-dē'ål), *adj.* imaginary; visionary; perfect: *n.* a standard of perfection.

i-de-al-ize (-īz), *v i.* to form ideals.

i-de-al-ism (-izm), *n.* the effort to realize the highest type in art; the doctrine of ideal existence.

i-de-al-is-tic (-is'tik), *adj.* pertaining to an ideal.

i-de-al-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* the quality of being ideal.

i-de-al-ly (-li), *adv.* according to an ideal; mentally.

i-den-ti-cal (ī-den'ti-kăl), *adj.* the same; not different.

i-den-ti-fy (-den'ti-fī), *v.t.* to prove to be the same.

i-den-ti-ty ('ti-ti), *n.* essential sameness.

i-de-o-graph (ī'dē-ō-grăf), *n.* a symbol, hieroglyph.

i-de-og-ra-phy (ī-dē-og'ră-fi), *n.* representation of ideas by symbols.

i-de-ol-o-gy ('o-ji), *n.* the science of ideas.

id-i-o-cy (id'i-o-si), *n.* mental imbecility. *Syn.* stupidity.

id-i-om ('i-um), *n.* an expression peculiar to a language; dialect.

id-i-o-mat-ic (-o-mat'ik), *adj.* peculiar to a language.

id-i-o-syn-cra-sy (-i-o-sin'krăsi), *n.* a peculiarity of temperament or mind.

id-i-ot ('i-ot), *n.* one of weak intellect; a foolish person.

id-i-ot-ic ('ik), *adj.* foolish, fatuous.

i-dle (ī'dl), *adj.* unemployed; useless; vain; lazy: *v.i.* to be inactive: *v.t.* to waste time.

i-dler (ī'dlĕr), *n.* a lazy person.

i-dol (ī-dol), *n.* an image worshipped as divine.

i-dol-a-ter ('ă-tĕr), *n.* an idol-worshipper.

i-dol-a-trous ('ă-trus), *adj.* pertaining to idolatry; excessively attached.

i-dol-a-try ('ă-tri), *n.* the worship of idols; undue admiration or love.

i-dol-ize (-īz), *v.t.* to make an idol of; love to excess.

i-dyl (ī'dil), *n.* a short pastoral poem.

i-dyl-lic ('lik), *adj.* resembling an idyl; pastoral.

if (if), *conj.* supposing that; whether.

ig-ne-ous ('nē-us), *adj.* pertaining to fire.

ig-nis fat-u-us ('nis fat'ū-us), *n.* a flitting light at night; a misleading influence.

ig-nite (-nīt'), *v.t.* to set on fire: *v.i.* to take fire.

ig-ni-tion (-nish'un), *n.* the act of taking fire.

ig-no-ble (-nō'bl), *adj.* of low birth; mean; base.

ig-no-bly ('bli), *adv.* in an ignoble manner; basely.

ig-no-min-i-ous (-nō-min'i-us), *adj.* shameful; despicable; disgraceful. *Syn.* scandalous, infamous.

ig-no-min-y (ig'no-min-i), *n.* disgrace; dishonor. *Syn.* shame, obloquy.

ig-no-ra-mus (-rā'mus), *n.* an ignorant person.

ig-no-rance (-răns), *n.* want of knowledge.

ig-no-rant (-rănt), *adj.* destitute of knowledge. *Syn.* unlearned, illiterate.

ig-nore (-nōr'), *v.t.* to disregard; treat as unimportant or false.

ill (il), *adj.* contrary to good; sick; diseased; not proper; vicious: *n.* evil; misfortune; disease; harm; mischief: *adv.* not easily.

il-lapse (il-laps'), *n.* a gliding into; inspiration.

il-le-gal (il-lē'gal), *adj.* contrary to law.

il-lic-it (-lis'it), *adj.* unlicensed; unlawful.

il-lim-it-a-ble (-lim'it-ă-bl), *adj.* immeasurable; vast; infinite. *Syn.* boundless, unlimited.

il-li-sion (-li'zhun), *n.* the act of striking into.

il-lit-er-a-cy (-lit'ĕr-ă-si), *n.* ignorance of letters; want of learning.

ill-ness ('nes), *n.* disease; sickness.

il-lude (-lūd'), *v.t.* to mock; deceive; delude.

il-lu-mi-nate ('i-nāt), *v.t.* to give light to; enlighten; illustrate.

il-lu-mi-na-tion (-nā'shun), *n.* supply of light; the act of giving light to; festive decoration with lights; an illustration; inspiration.

il-lu-mi-na-tor ('mi-nā-tĕr), *n.* that which gives light; an illuminant.

il-lu-sion ('zhun), *n.* deceptive appearance; false show; hallucination. *Syn.* fallacy, phantasm.

il-lu-sive ('siv), *adj.* deceptive; illusory.

il-lu-sive-ly (-li), *adv.* in an illusive manner.

il-lu-so-ry ('so-ri), *adj.* fallacious; deceptive. *Syn.* imaginary, visionary.

il-lus-trate (-us'trāt), *v.t.* to make clear; explain; elucidate.

il-lus-tra-ted (-ed), *p.adj.* having illustrations.

il-lus-tra-tion (-trā'shun), *n.* an explanation; a picture designed to elucidate the text.

il-lus-tra-tive ('trå-tiv), *adj.* tending to make evident.

il-lus-tra-tive-ly (-li), *adv.* by way of illustration.

il-lus-tri-ous ('tri-us), *adj.* distinguished by greatness; eminent; renowned; famous. *Syn.* celebrated, noble, honored.

im-age (im'ej), *n.* a likeness; a statue, effigy, or bust; a counterpart; a mental conception. *Syn.* picture, representation.

im-age-ry ('ej-ri), *n.* representation by images; figures in discourse; forms of the fancy.

im-ag-i-na-ble (-aj'i-nå-bl), *adj.* possible to be conceived.

im-ag-i-na-ry ('i-nå-ri), *adj.* existing only in imagination; unreal. *Syn.* ideal, fanciful, illusory.

im-ag-i-na-tion (-nā'shun), *n.* the power of forming mental pictures, especially as exercised in art and poetry; a conception or idea; fancy; invention.

im-ag-i-na-tive ('i-nå-tiv), *adj.* exhibiting imagination; inventive; fanciful.

im-ag-ine (-aj'in), *v.t.* to form a mental picture of; conceive: *v.i.* to fancy; surmise.

im-be-cile (im'be-sil), *adj.* feeble-minded; idiotic: *n.* one of feeble mind or body.

im-be-cil-i-ty (-sil'i-ti), *n.* mental or physical weakness. *Syn.* senility, dotage.

im-bibe (-bīb'), *v.t.* to drink in; absorb.

im-bri-cate ('bri-kāt), *v.t.* to lay in order, one lapping over another, like tiles or shingles: *adj.* overlapping like tiles or fish scales.

im-bro-glio (-brō'lyō), *n.* an intricate state of affairs; perplexity; strife.

im-brue (-brōō'), *v.t.* to wet or moisten; drench.

im-bue (-bū'), *v.t.* to tinge deeply; dye; instil.

im-i-ta-ble ('i-tå-bl), *adj.* that may be imitated.

im-i-tate ('i-tāt), *v.t.* to produce a semblance of; to take example by; copy. *Syn.* ape, mimic, mock.

im-i-ta-tion (-tā'shun), *n.* the act of imitating; a copy.

im-i-ta-tive ('i-tā-tiv), *adj.* aiming at imitation; formed after a model.

im-i-ta-tive-ly (-li), *adv.* in an imitative manner.

im-i-ta-tor ('i-tā-tēr), *n.* one who imitates.

im-mac-u-late (-mak'ū-lāt), *adj.* without blemish; undefiled; pure. *Syn.* unspotted, stainless.

im-mac-u-late-ness (-nes), *n.* spotless purity.

im-ma-ment (im'ma-nent), *adj.* inherent.

im-ma-te-ri-al (-må-tē'ri-å l), *adj.* spiritual; disembodied; unimportant.

im-ma-ture (-må-tūr'), *adj.* not ripe; crude.

im-ma-ture-ly (-tūr'li), *adv.* crudely.

im-ma-tur-i-ty (-tūr'i-ti), *n.* incompleteness.

im-meas-ur-a-ble ('ūr-å-bl), *adj.* not to be measured; limitless.

im-meas-ur-a-bly (-bli), *adv.* to an indefinite extent.

im-me-di-ate (-mē'di-āt), *adj.* without an intervening medium; direct; instant. *Syn.* pressing, proximate.

im-me-di-ate-ly (-li), *adv.* directly, instantly. *Syn.* forthwith, presently.

im-me-di-ate-ness (-nes), *n.* the state or quality of being immediate; promptness.

im-me-mor-i-al (-me-môr'i-å l), *adj.* extending beyond memory or tradition.

im-mense (-mens'), *adj.* boundless; vast; very great or large. *Syn.* enormous, huge.

im-mense-ly ('li), *adv.* exceedingly.

im-men-si-ty ('si-ti), *n.* immeasurableness; unlimited extension.

im-merge (-mērj'), *v.t.* to plunge into; immerse.

im-merse (-mērs'), *v.t.* to plunge into a fluid; sink; dip; baptize by immersion.

im-mer-sion (-mēr'shun), *n.* the act of immersing; baptism of the whole person.

im-mi-grant ('i-grånt), *adj.* passing or coming into: *n.* one who seeks a new country.

im-mi-grate ('i-grāt), *v.i.* to come into a new country.

im-mi-nence ('i-nens), *n.* nearness; impending evil or danger.

im-mi-nent ('i-nent), *adj.* near; impending, threatening.

im-mo-bil-i-ty (-mō-bil'i-ti), *n.* fixedness in place or state.

im-mod-er-ate (-mod'er-ate, *adj.* beyond just limit; extravagant.

im-mod-er-ate-ly (-li), *adv.* excessively.

im-mod-est (-mod'est), *adj.* indelicate; unchaste.

im-mod-es-ty (-mod'es-ti), *n.* want of delicacy; lack of chastity.

im-mo-late ('ō-lāt), *v.t.* to offer in sacrifice.

im-mor-al (-mor'ăl), *adj.* vicious; dissolute; unprincipled.

im-mo-ral-i-ty (-mō-ral'i-ti), *n.* the quality of being immoral.

im-mor-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in an immoral manner.

im-mor-tal (-môr'tăl), *adj.* not subject to death; ever-living: *n.* one who is immortal.

im-mor-tal-ize ('tăl-īz), *v.t.* to render immortal; bestow lasting fame upon.

im-mor-tal-i-ty (-tal'i-ti), *n.* unending existence.

im-mor-telle (-môr-tel'), *n.* a plant whose flowers do not wither.

im-mov-a-bil-i-ty (-mōōv-ă-bil'i-ti), *n.* fixedness.

im-mov-a-ble ('ă-bl), *adj.* that cannot be moved; steadfast; unchanging.

im-mune (-mūn'), *adj* exempt, as from a disease.

im-mu-ni-ty (-mū'ni-ti), *n.* exemption.

im-mun-ize (-mūn'īz), *v.t.* to render immune.

im-mure (-mūr'), *v.t.* to enclose within walls; confine.

im-mu-ta-bil-i-ty (-mū-tă-bil'i-ti), *n.* unchangeableness.

im-mu-ta-ble (-mū'tă-bl), *adj.* unalterable.

imp (imp), *n.* a little devil; a hobgoblin; a sprite; a pert child.

im-pact (im'pakt), *n.* collision; forcible contact.

im-pair (-pār'), *v.t.* to make worse; injure; weaken. *Syn.* diminish, decrease.

im-pair-ment ('ment), *n.* diminution; injury.

im-pale (-pāl'), *v.t.* to fix on a stake; to inclose.

im-pal-pa-ble (-pal'pă-bl), *adj.* that cannot be felt; not material; intangible.

im-pan-el (-pan'el), *v.t.* to enroll a jury.

im-par-i-ty (-par'i-ti), *n.* inequality.

im-part (-pärt'), *v.t.* to bestow; give; make known. *Syn.* reveal, divulge, disclose.

im-par-tial (-pär'shăl), *adj.* free from bias; equitable; fair; just.

im-par-ti-al-i-ty (-shi-al'i-ti), *n.* fairness.

im-par-tial-ly (-pär'shăl-li), *adv.* justly; fairly.

im-part-i-ble ('i-bl), *adj.* capable of being imparted.

im-pass-a-ble (-păs'ă-bl), *adj.* not to be passed; impervious.

im-pass-i-ble ('i-bl), *adj.* that cannot be passed; freedom from pain or suffering.

im-pas-sioned (-pash'und), *p.adj.* moved to strong feeling; excited. *Syn.* glowing, vehement.

im-pas-sive (-păs'iv), *adj.* apathetic.

im-pas-sive-ly (-li), *adv.* in an impassive manner.

im-pas-sive-ness (-nes), *n.* insensibility.

im-pa-tience (-pā'shens), *n.* restlessness.

im-pa-tient ('shent), *adj.* not able to want or endure; restless; uneasy; eager.

im-pawn (-pawn'), *v.t.* to deposit as security; pledge.

im-peach (-pēch'), *v.t.* to call in question; accuse. *Syn.* charge, arraign, censure.

im-peach-ment ('ment), *n.* a discrediting or calling in question.

im-pec-ca-bil-i-ty (-pek-ă-bil'i-ti), *n.* exemption from sin.

im-pec-ca-ble (-pek'ă-bl), *adj.* faultless.

im-pe-cu-ni-os-i-ty (-pe-kū-ni-os'i-ti), *n.* want of money; poverty.

im-pe-cu-ni-ous ('ni-us), *adj.* without money; destitute.

im-pede (-pēd'), *v.t.* to obstruct; hinder. *Syn.* retard, prevent.

im-ped-i-ment (-ped'i-ment), *n.* obstruction; obstacle; hindrance.

im-ped-i-men-tal ('tăl), *adj.* impeding.

im-pel (-pel'), *v.t.* to urge forward; drive; instigate. *Syn.* animate, induce, incite.

im-pel-lent ('ent), *adj.* driving; urging: *n.* a motive power.

im-pend (-pend'), *v.i.* to hang over; be at hand.

im-pend-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* overhanging; menace. *Syn.* imminent, threatening.

im-pen-e-tra-bil-i-ty (-pen-e-trā-bil'i-ti), *n.* incapability of being penetrated.

im-pen-e-tra-ble ('e-trā-bl), *adj.* not admitting entrance; impervious.

im-pen-i-tence (-pen'i-tens), *n.* hardness of heart; stubborn wickedness.

im-pen-i-tent ('i-tent), *adj.* not contrite; obdurate: *n.* a hardened sinner.

im-per-a-tive (-per'ă-tiv), *adj.* expressing command; peremptory; obligatory. *Syn.* despotic, authoritative.

im-per-a-tive-ly (-li), *adv.* peremptorily.

im-per-cep-ti-ble (-sep'ti-bl), *adj.* not to be perceived.

im-per-cep-ti-bly ('ti-bli), *adv.* so as not to be perceived.

im-per-fect ('fekt), *adj.* lacking in some particular; incomplete; defective; faulty.

im-per-fec-tion (-fek'shun), *n.* incompleteness. *Syn.* fault, blemish, defect.

im-per-fo-rate ('fō-rāt), *adj.* having no pores.

im-pe-ri-al (-pē'ri-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to an empire or emperor; royal; sovereign.

im-pe-ri-al-ism (-izm), *n.* the system of imperial government.

im-pe-ri-al-ist (-ist), *n.* one who favors imperialism.

im-pe-ri-al-is-tic (-is'tik), *adj.* pertaining to imperialism.

im-pe-ri-al-ly ('ri-ăl-li), *adv.* in an imperial manner.

im-per-il (-per'il), *v.t.* to put in peril; endanger. *Syn.* hazard, jeopardize.

im-pe-ri-ous (-pē'ri-us), *adj.* domineering, dictatorial, urgent. *Syn.* commanding, lordly.

im-per-ish-a-ble (-per'ish-ă-bl), *adj.* indestructible.

im-per-me-a-bil-i-ty (-pĕr-mē-ă-bil'i-ti), *n.* the property of being impermeable.

im-per-me-a-ble ('mē-ă-bl), *adj.* not permitting passage; impenetrable.

im-per-me-a-bly (-bli), *adv.* so as to be impermeable.

im-per-son-al ('sun-ăl), *adj.* wanting personality: *n.* an impersonal verb.

im-per-son-al-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* absence of individuality.

im-per-son-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in an impersonal manner.

im-per-son-ate ('sun-āt), *v.t.* to represent a personality on the stage or elsewhere; to embody; to act.

im-per-ti-nence ('ti-nens), *n.* forwardness; rudeness; intrusion.

im-per-ti-nent ('ti-nent), *adj.* not to the point; inapplicable; rude; uncivil: *n.* a forward, ill-mannered person. *Syn.* intrusive, meddling.

im-per-turb-a-bil-i-ty (-tĕrb-ă-bil'i-ti), *n.* coolness of mind.

im-per-turb-a-ble ('ă-bl), *adj.* not easily disturbed; self-contained; calm.

im-per-vi-ous ('vi-us), *adj.* not to be penetrated.

im-pet-u-os-i-ty (-ū-os'i-ti), *n.* vehemence.

im-pet-u-ous ('ū-us), *adj.* vehement in feeling; acting with sudden energy. *Syn.* violent, boisterous.

im-pe-tus ('pe-tus), *n.* force; impulse; momentum.

im-pi-e-ty (-pī'i-ti), *n.* want of piety; an act of wickedness.

im-pinge (-pinj'), *v.i.* to strike or dash; come in collision with.

im-pin-gent ('pin-jent), *adj.* striking upon.

im-pi-ous ('pi-us), *adj.* irreligious; wicked. *Syn.* profane, godless.

imp-ish (imp'ish), *adj.* like an imp; mischievous.

im-pla-ca-bil-i-ty (-plā-kă-bil'i-ti), *n.* a state of irreconcilable enmity.

im-pla-ca-ble (-plā'kȧ-bl), *adj.* not to be appeased; relentless.

im-pla-ca-bly (-blī), *adv.* with stubborn resentment.

im-plant (-plant'), *v.t.* to inflx; insert; ingraft.

im-ple-ment ('ple-ment), *n.* a tool; utensil; instrument.

im-pli-cate ('pli-kāt), *v.t.* to involve; entangle. *Syn.* embarrass, compromise.

im-pli-ca-tion (-kā'shun), *n.* entanglement; something implied; deduction.

im-plic-it (-plis'it), *adj.* implied; tacit; unreserved.

im-plore (-plōr'), *v.t.* to entreat earnestly: *v.i.* to beg; pray; supplicate.

im-plor-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* supplicating.

im-ply (-plī'), *v.t.* to contain by implication; mean; signify; insinuate. *Syn.* involve, comprise, infold.

im-pol-i-cy (-pol'i-si), *n.* want of policy; inexpediency.

im-po-lite (-pō-līt'), *adj.* wanting in good manners; boorish; coarse.

im-po-lite-ly (-li), *adv.* discourteously.

im-po-lite-ness (-nes), *n.* incivility; rudeness.

im-pol-i-tic (-pol'i-tik), *adj.* contrary to good policy; injudicious.

im-pon-der-a-ble (-pon'dĕr-ȧ-bl), *adj.* without weight: *n.* a term applied to the ether.

im-po-ros-i-ty (-pō-ros'i-ti), *n.* absence of pores.

im-po-rous (-pō'rus), *adj.* without pores.

im-port (-pōrt'), *v.t.* to bring into a country; imply; signify; concern: *n.* (im'pōrt), merchandise brought from abroad; meaning; purport; significance.

im-por-tance (-pōr'tȧns), *n.* high place in public estimation. *Syn.* significance, consequence, weight, moment.

im-por-tant ('tȧnt), *adj.* momentous; weighty; bearing weight or consequence; of high standing; pompous.

im-por-ta-tion (-tā'shun), *n.* the act of bringing merchandise into a country from abroad.

im-por-tu-nate (-pôr'tū-nāt), *adj.* persistent; urgent.

im-por-tune (-pôr-tūn'), *v.t.* to harass with petitions: *v.i.* to beg persistently.

im-por-tu-ni-ty (-tū'ni-ti), *n.* persistent solicitation or demand; urgency.

im-pose (-pōz'), *v.t.* to place upon; to palm off: *v.i.* to place a burden or tax; practice deception.

im-pos-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* commanding; impressive. *Syn.* striking, august, noble.

im-po-si-tion (-pō-zish'un), *n.* a laying upon; that which is imposed, levied, or enjoined; a trick, fraud, or deception.

im-pos-si-bil-i-ty (-pos-i-bil'i-ti), *n.* that which cannot be.

im-pos-si-ble (-pos'i-bl), *adj.* that cannot be done.

im-post ('pōst), *n.* a tax, tribute, or duty, especially on imports.

im-pos-tor (-pos'tĕr), *n.* a deceiver; cheat; pretender.

im-pos-ture ('pos-tūr), *n.* false pretension.

im-po-tence ('pō-tens), *n.* feebleness; want of capacity. *Syn.* infirmity, frailty.

im-po-tent ('pō-tent), *adj.* wanting in power; weak; deficient in capacity. *Syn.* feeble, helpless, infirm.

im-pound (-pound'), *v.t.* to restrain; shut up in a pen; confine.

im-pov-er-ish (-pov'ĕr-ish), *v.t.* to make poor; exhaust fertility.

im-pov-er-ish-ment (-ment), *n.* indigence; deterioration.

im-prac-ti-ca-bil-i-ty (-prak-ti-kȧ-bil'i-ti), *n.* the quality of being impracticable.

im-prac-ti-ca-ble ('ti-kȧ-bl), *adj.* not to be done; intractable.

im-pre-cate ('pre-kāt), *v.t.* to invoke an evil or curse upon; wish evil to.

im-pre-ca-to-ry ('pre-kȧ-to-ri), *adj.* invoking evil.

im-preg-na-ble ('nȧ-bl), *adj.* not to be captured; invincible.

im-preg-na-bly (-bli), *adv.* so as to defy attack.

im-preg-nate (-preg'nāt), *v.t.* to make pregnant; fecundate; fertilize; saturate.

im-press (-pres'), *v.t.* to mark or print by pressure; to stamp deeply on the mind: *n.* (im'pres) a mark made by pressure; an image or figure.

im-press-i-bil-i-ty (-i-bil'i-ti), *n.* the quality of being impressible.

im-press-i-ble ('i-bl), *adj.* susceptible of impressions.

im-pres-sion (-presh'un), *n.* the mark made by a stamp or mold; an image in the mind caused by something external to it; vague notion; a copy taken by pressure from type.

im-pres-sion-a-bil-i-ty (-ā-bil'i-ti), *n.* the quality of being impressionable.

im-pres-sion-a-ble (-ā-bl), *adj.* susceptible.

im-press-ive (-pres'iv), *adj.* capable of making impression. *Syn.* stirring, forcible.

im-press-ive-ly (-li), *adv.* in an affecting manner.

im-press-ment (-pres'ment), *n.* the act of seizing for public use.

im-pri-mis (-prī'mis), *adv.* in the first place.

im-print (-print'), *v.t.* to mark by pressure; to print; impress deeply: *n.* (im'print), an impression left by something.

im-pris-on (-priz'n), *v.t.* to put into a prison; confine. *Syn.* incarcerate, shut up.

im-pris-on-ment (-ment), *n.* confinement.

im-prob-a-bil-i-ty (-prob-ā-bil'i-ti), *n.* unlikelihood.

im-prob-a-ble ('ā-bl), *adj.* unlikely.

im-prob-a-bly (-bli), *adv.* in an unlikely manner.

im-prob-i-ty (-prob'i-ti), *n.* dishonesty.

im-promp-tu (-promp'tū), *adv.* without preparation; offhand.

im-prop-er (-prop'ĕr), *adj.* erroneous; unseemly.

im-pro-pri-e-ty (-prī'e-ti), *n.* unsuitableness.

im-prov-a-ble (-prōōv'ā-bl), *adj.* capable of being improved.

im-prove (-prōōv'), *v.t.* to make better; turn to account; *v.i.* to grow better. *Syn.* amend, reform, rectify.

im-prove-ment ('ment), *n.* advancement to a better state; profitable use.

im-prov-i-dence (-prov'i-dens), *n.* want of foresight or thrift.

im-prov-i-dent ('i-dent), *adj.* lacking foresight; careless.

im-prov-i-sa-tion (-sā'shun), *n.* the act of composing poetry or music extemporaneously.

im-pro-vise (-prō-vīz'), *v.t.* to compose extemporaneously; devise quickly.

im-pru-dence (-prōō'dens), *n.* want of prudence; carelessness; rashness.

im-pru-dent ('dent), *adj.* wanting prudence; indiscreet; injudicious.

im-pu-dence ('pū-dens), *n.* want of modesty; rudeness; forwardness. *Syn.* assurance, impertinence.

im-pu-dent ('pū-dent), *adj.* shameless; immodest; bold; disrespectful.

im-pugn (-pūn'), *v.t.* to contradict; gainsay.

im-pugn-a-ble ('ā-bl), *adj.* that may be gainsaid.

im-pulse ('puls), *n.* force communicated suddenly; a sudden determination; motive; instigation. *Syn.* incentive, incitement.

im-pul-sion (-pul'shun), *n.* the act of impelling.

im-pul-sive ('siv), *adj.* actuated by impulse; passionate. *Syn.* rash, hasty, forcible.

im-pul-sive-ly (-li), *adv.* by impulse.

im-pul-sive-ness (-nes), *n.* the quality of being impulsive.

im-pu-ni-ty (-pūn'i-ti), *n.* freedom from punishment or injury.

im-pure (-pūr'), *adj.* unclean; dirty; unchaste; lacking purity.

im-pure-ly ('li), *adv.* in an impure manner.

im-pu-ri-ty ('ti), *n.* uncleanness; a blemish.

im-pu-ta-ble (-pūt'ā-bl), *adj.* that may be charged or ascribed.

im-pu-ta-tion (-tā'shun), *n.* the act of imputing; censure; reproach; insinuation. *Syn.* blame, accusation.

im-pute (-pūt'), *v.t.* to charge upon; attribute.

in-ad-vert-ence (in-ad-vĕrt'-ens), *n.* negligence; oversight; mistake.

in-ad-vert-ent ('ent), *adj.* inattentive; heedless; careless.

in-a-lien-a-ble (-å-bl), *adj.* that cannot be alienated, or transferred to another.

in-a-lien-a-bly (-bli), *adv.* so as to be inalienable.

in-ane (-ân'), *adj.* empty; void; senseless; frivolous.

in-an-i-mate (in-an'i-māt), *adj.* dead; spiritless.

in-a-ni-tion (-å-nish'un), *n.* emptiness; exhaustion from hunger.

in-an-i-ty (-an'i-ti), *n.* emptiness; mental vacuity.

in-ap-pre-ci-a-ble (-prē'shi-å-bl), *adj.* not to be estimated; of no consequence.

in-ar-tic-u-late (in-är-tik'ū-lāt), *adj.* not uttered with distinctness; not jointed.

in-ar-tic-u-late-ly (-li), *adv.* in an inarticulate manner.

in-as-much (-az-much'), *adv.* seeing that; because.

in-au-gu-ral (-aw'gū-rål), *adj.* pertaining to an inauguration.

in-au-gu-rate ('gū-rāt), *v.t.* to induct into office with appropriate ceremonies; initiate a new policy; dedicate.

in-aus-pi-cious (-spish'us), *adj.* ill-omened; unlucky; unfavorable.

in-be-ing (-bē'ing), *n.* inherent existence.

in-board ('bōrd), *adv.* and *adj.* within the ship.

in-bred ('bred), *adj.* bred within; innate; natural.

in-cal-cu-la-ble (in-kal'kū-lå-bl), *adj.* beyond calculation.

in-cal-cu-la-bly (-bli), *adv.* immeasurably.

in-can-desce (-kan-des'), *v.i.* to glow with heat.

in-can-des-cence ('ens), *n.* white heat.

in-can-des-cent ('ent), *adj.* white with heat.

in-can-ta-tion (-kan-tā'shun), *n.* a magical charm or mystic words said or sung; enchantment.

in-ca-pac-i-tate (-kå-pas'i-tāt), *v.t.* to deprive of capacity; disqualify; disable.

in-ca-pac-i-ty (-ti), *n.* lack of power; legal disqualification.

in-car-cer-ate (-kär'sĕr-āt), *v.t.* to imprison.

in-car-cer-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* imprisonment.

in-car-nate ('nāt), *v.t.* to clothe with flesh: *adj.* embodied in flesh.

in-car-na-tion (-nā'shun), *n.* the act of clothing with flesh; embodiment in human form.

in-case. Same as encase.

in-cau-tious (-kaw'shus), *adj.* unwary.

in-cen-di-a-rism (-sen'di-å-rizm), *n.* house-burning.

in-cen-di-a-ry ('di-å-ri), *adj.* pertaining to arson; tending to excite violence; seditious: *n.* one guilty of arson; a seditious agitator.

in-cense (in-sens'), *v.t.* to provoke; irritate; (in'sens), to perfume with incense: *n.* any material which exhales perfume when burned.

in-cen-tive (-sen'tiv), *adj.* inciting; encouraging: *n.* incitement; motive; stimulus. *Syn.* inducement, impulse.

in-cep-tion (-sep'shun), *n.* reception; beginning.

in-cep-tive (-sep'tiv), *adj.* beginning.

in-ces-sant (-ses'ånt), *adj.* continuous.

inch (inch), *n.* 1-12th of a foot: *v.t.* to drive by small degrees; move slowly.

in-cho-ate ('kō-āt), *adj.* just begun.

in-cho-ate-ly (-li), *adv.* rudimentarily.

in-cho-a-tive ('å-tiv), *adj.* incipient: *n.* an inceptive.

in-ci-dence ('si-dens), *n.* the direction in which a ray of light or heat falls upon a surface.

in-ci-dent ('si-dent), *adj.* falling upon; apt to occur; casual; subordinate: *n.* occurrence; episode; event.

in-ci-dent-al ('ål), *adj.* casual; subordinate.

in-ci-dent-al-ly (-li), *adv.* casually.

in-cin-er-ate (-sin'ĕr-āt), *v.t.* to burn to ashes.

in-cin-er-a-tion (-ĕr-ā'shun), *n.* cremation.

in-cin-er-a-tor ('ĕr-ā-tĕr), *n.* a furnace for reducing substances to ashes.

in-cip-i-ence (-sip'i-ens), *n.* a beginning.

in-cip-i-ent ('i-ent), *adj.* beginning.

in-cise (in-cīse'), *v.t.* to cut in; to engrave.

in-cised (-sīzd'), *p.adj.* cut; engraved.

in-ci-sion (-sizh'un), *n.* a cut made with a sharp instrument.

in-ci-sive (-sī'siv), *adj.* sharp; trenchant; pertaining to the incisor teeth.

in-ci-sive-ly (-li), *adv.* cuttingly.

in-ci-sive-ness (-nes), *n.* the quality of being incisive.

in-ci-sor ('sĕr), *n.* a cutting tooth.

in-cite (-sīt'), *v.t.* to move to action; encourage. *Syn.* instigate, excite, impel.

in-cite-ment ('ment), *n.* incentive; impulse.

in-ci-vil-i-ty (-si-vil'i-ti), *n.* impoliteness.

in-clem-en-cy (-klem'en-si), *n.* severity of temper; storminess; adversity.

in-clem-ent ('ent), *adj.* unmerciful; tempestuous.

in-cli-na-tion (-cli-nā'shun), *n.* a leaning; tendency of the mind; propensity. *Syn.* slope, wish, desire.

in-cline (-klīn'), *v.i.* to lean; have a mental bent or tendency; be disposed: *n.* a slope; a gradient. *Syn.* slant, tend, bend, turn.

in-clined (-klīnd'), *p.adj.* having a tendency; sloping.

in-close (-klōz), *v.t.* to shut in; surround; put into an envelope. *Syn.* shut in, cover, wrap.

in-clo-sure ('zhūr), *n.* a closed in area of land; something inclosed with a letter in an envelope.

in-clude (-klōōd'), *v.t.* to confine within something; comprise or comprehend. *Syn.* contain, embrace, take in.

in-clud-ed ('ed), *p.adj.* inclosed; contained.

in-clu-sion (-klōō'zhun), *n.* the act of including.

in-clu-sive ('siv), *adj.* inclosing; comprehending the extremes of a sum.

in-clu-sive-ly (-li), *adv.* so as to include.

in-cog-ni-to (-kog'ni-tō), *adj.* unknown or disguised: *adv.* in disguise: *n.* a personage who travels under an assumed name and character.

in-co-her-ence (-kō-hēr'ens), *n.* looseness; want of connection; incongruity.

in-co-her-ent ('ent), *adj.* without cohesion; incongruous.

in-com-bus-ti-ble (-kom-bus'-ti-bl), *adj.* that will not burn by fire.

in-come ('kum), *n.* the sum gained daily or yearly by any person, from work, rent or interest on capital.

in-com-men-su-ra-ble ('sū-rā-bl), *adj.* having no common measure.

in-com-men-su-rate (-rāt), *adj.* not admitting of a common measure; inadequate.

in-com-mode (-kom-ōd'), *v.t.* to give inconvenience to; disturb. *Syn.* annoy, plague, molest.

in-com-mo-di-ous ('i-us), *adj.* troublesome: inconvenient.

in-com-mu-ni-ca-ble (-mū'-ni-kā-bl), *adj.* that cannot be communicated; unspeakable.

in-com-pa-ra-ble (-kom'pā-rā-bl), *adj.* not admitting of comparison; unequaled; peerless.

in-com-par-a-bly (-bli), *adv.* beyond comparison.

in-com-pat-i-bil-i-ty (-pat-i-bil'i-ti), *n.* inconsistency.

in-com-pat-i-ble ('i-bl), *adj.* inconsistent; incongruous.

in-com-pat-i-bly (-bli), *adv.* in an incompatible manner.

in-com-pe-tence (-kom'pe-tens), *n.* inability; insufficiency; inadequacy.

in-com-pe-tent ('pe-tent), *adj.* wanting ability; inadequate; inadmissible.

in-com-plete (-plēt'), *adj.* imperfect; defective.

in-com-plete-ly ('li), *adv.* imperfectly.

in-com-plete-ness ('nes), *n.* imperfection.

in-com-pre-hen-si-ble (-pre-hen'-si-bl), *adj.* inconceivable.

in-com-press-i-ble (-pres'i-bl), *adj.* resisting pressure.

in-con-ceiv-a-ble ('å-bl), *adj.* incapable of being conceived.

in-con-ceiv-a-bly (-bli), *adv.* beyond the power of conception.

in-con-clu-sive (-klōō'siv), *adj.* unconvincing; ineffective.

in-con-clu-sive-ly (-li), *adv.* in an inconclusive manner.

in-con-gru-i-ty (-grōō'i-ti), *n.* want of mutual fitness.

in-con-gru-ous (-kong'grōō-us), *adj.* unfit; inappropriate. *Syn.* conflicting.

in-con-se-quent (-kwent), *adj.* irrelevant.

in-con-sid-er-a-ble (-bl), *adj.* of little importance.

in-con-sis-ten-cy (-sis'ten-si), *n.* incongruity.

in-con-sis-tent ('tent), *adj.* lacking agreement; self-contradicting.

in-con-so-la-ble (-sō'lå-bl), *adj.* not to be consoled or comforted

in-con-spic-u-ous (-spik'ū-us), *adj* not easily perceived.

in-con-stan-cy ('stån-si), *n.* changeableness.

in-con-stant ('stånt), *adj.* subject to change.

in-con-test-a-ble (-test'å-bl), *adj.* not admitting of question.

in-con-tro-ver-ti-ble ('ti-bl), *adj.* not admitting of controversy.

in-con-ven-ience (-vēn'yens), *n.* unfitness; that which incommodes.

in-con-ven-ient ('yent), *adj.* disadvantageous.

in-con-vert-i-ble ('ti-bl), *adj.* incapable of being converted into something else.

in-cor-po-rate (-kôr'pō-rāt), *v.t.* to unite; associate.

in-cor-po-ra-tion (-pō-rā'shun), *n.* combination; formation of a body corporate.

in-cor-po-re-al (-pō're-ål), *adj.* not corporeal; immaterial.

in-cor-rect (-kor-ekt'), *adj.* not according to fact; inaccurate; improper.

in-cor-ri-gi-ble ('ri-ji-bl), *adj.* bad beyond amendment; irreclaimable.

in-cor-rupt (-kor-upt'), *adj.* free from taint; unimpaired; upright.

in-cor-rupt-i-ble ('i-bl), *adj.* incapable of corruption.

in-cor-rupt-i-bly ('i-bli), *adv.* in an incorruptible manner.

in-crease (-krēs'), *v.i.* to become greater; augment; multiply: *v.t.* to enhance; aggravate; enlarge: (in'krēs) increment; produce; profit; offspring. *Syn.* extend, enlarge, dilate.

in-cred-i-ble ('i-bl), *adj.* surpassing belief; inconceivable.

in-cred-i-bly (-bli), *adv.* in an incredible manner.

in-cre-du-li-ty (-kre-dū'li-ti), *n.* scepticism; disbelief.

in-cred-u-lous (-kred'ū-lus), *adj.* sceptical; unbelieving.

in-cre-ment ('kre-ment), *n.* increase; augmentation; produce.

in-crim-i-nate (-krim'i-nāt), *v.t.* to charge with a crime.

in-crust (in-krust'), *v.t.* to cover with a crust.

in-crus-ta-tion (-krus-tā'shun), *n.* a crust; covering.

in-cu-bate ('kū-bāt), *v.t.* to sit upon eggs; hatch out.

in-cu-ba-tor ('kū-bā-tēr), *n.* an apparatus for hatching eggs artificially.

in-cu-bus ('kū-bus), *n.* the nightmare; a heavy burden.

in-cul-cate (-kul'kāt), *v.t.* to impress upon the mind.

in-cum-ben-cy (-kum'neb-si), *n.* full possession and exercise of any office.

in-cum-bent ('bent), *adj.* lying upon; imposed as a duty: *n.* the holder of an office. *Syn.* obligatory.

in-cur (-kēr'), *v.t.* to become liable to; contract, as a debt.

in-cur-a-bil-i-ty (kūr-å-bil'i-ti), *n.* the state of being incurable.

in-cur-a-ble (-kūr'ȧ-bl), *adj.* beyond the power of skill or medicine

in-cur-a-bly (-bli), *adv.* without remedy.

in-cur-sion (in-kĕr'shun), *n.* an inroad; invasion.

in-cur-vate ('vāt), *p.adj.* bent inward; curved.

in-debt-ed (-det'ed), *p.adj.* being in debt.

in-de-cent ('sent), *adj.* violating propriety in language or behavior.

in-de-ci-sion (-dē-sizh'un), *n.* want of decision; lack of resolution.

in-de-ci-sive (-sī'siv), *adj.* inconclusive.

in-de-co-rous (-de-kō'rus or dek'o-rus), *adj.* violating decorum; unbecoming.

in-deed (-dēd'), *adv.* in fact; in truth.

in-de-fat-i-ga-ble ('i-gȧ-bl), *adj.* unremitting in labor or effort.

in-de-fea-si-ble ('zi-bl), *adj.* not to be defeated or made void.

in-de-fen-si-ble (-fen'si-bl), *adj.* that cannot be defended.

in-de-fi-na-ble (-fī'nȧ-bl), *adj.* that cannot be defined.

in-def-i-nite (-def'i-nit), *adj.* not defined; vague; having no particular limit. *Syn.* uncertain, unsettled.

in-def-i-nite-ly (-li), *adv.* to an indefinite degree.

in-del-i-ble ('i-bl), *adj.* not to be blotted out.

in-del-i-cate ('i-kat), *adj.* offensive to propriety; coarse; indecent.

in-dem-ni-fy ('ni-fī), *v.t.* to secure or insure against loss or damage.

in-dem-ni-ty ('ni-ti), *n.* security against loss; punishment.

in-dent (-dent'), *v.t.* to make a dent; cut into points; notch.

in-den-ta-tion (-den-tā'shun), *n.* a small hollow or depression.

in-dent-ed ('ed), *p.adj.* notched in the margin.

in-den-ture ('tūr), *n.* a covenant; to bind, as an apprentice.

in-de-pend-ence (-de-pend'ȧns), *n.* a competency; self-reliance.

in-de-pend-ent ('ent), *adj.* not supported or governed by another; having a competency.

in-de-struc-ti-ble ('ti-bl), *adj.* not to be destroyed.

in-de-ter-min-ate (-tĕr'min-āt), *adj.* not settled or fixed.

in-dex ('deks), *n.* that which points out or indicates; an alphabetical table of the contents of a book.

In-di-an ('di-ȧn), *adj.* pertaining to the East Indies, or to the American Indians.

In-di-an corn (kôrn), *n.* the maize.

In-di-an sum-mer (sum'ĕr), *n.* summer-like weather occurring in autumn.

in-di-a-rub-ber ('di-ȧ-rub'ĕr), *n.* an elastic gummy substance; caoutchouc.

in-di-cant ('di-kȧnt), *adj.* indicating.

in-di-cate ('di-kāt), *v.t.* to point out; suggest; hint.

in-di-ca-tion (-kā'shun), *n.* the act of indicating; token; sign; symptom.

in-dic-a-tive (-dik'ȧ-tiv), *adj.* pointing out; bringing to notice.

in-dict (-dīt'), *v.t.* to accuse of crime and present for trial.

in-dict-a-ble ('ȧ-bl), *adj.* liable to be indicted.

in-dict-ment ('ment), *n.* accusation by a grand jury.

in-dif-fer-ence (-dif'ĕr-ens), *n.* impartiality; unconcernedness; mediocrity. *Syn.* apathy, carelessness.

in-dif-fer-ent ('ĕr-ent), *adj.* unconcerned; unimportant; regardless.

in-di-gence ('di-jens), *n.* poverty; want. *Syn.* neediness, penury.

in-dig-e-nous (-dij'e-nus), *adj.* inherent; native.

in-di-gent ('di-jent), *adj.* destitute; needy.

in-di-gest-i-ble (-jest'i-bl), *adj.* not digestible.

in-di-ges-tion (-jes'chun), *n.* difficulty in digesting food; dyspepsia.

in-dig-nant (-dig'nȧnt), *adj.* affected with anger.

in-dig-na-tion (-nā'shun), *n.* anger mingled with contempt or disgust. *Syn.* wrath, resentment.

in-dig-ni-ty (-dig'ni-ti), *n.* contemptous treatment; insult. *Syn.* affront, outrage.

in-di-go ('di-gō), *n.* a plant yielding a blue dye.

in-di-rect (-di-rekt'), *adj.* not straightforward; circuitous; unfair.

in-dis-creet (-dis-krēt'), *adj.* imprudent.

in-dis-cre-tion (-dis-kresh'un), *n.* imprudence.

in-dis-crim-i-nate (-krim'i-nāt), *adj.* undistinguishing; promiscuous. *Syn.* indistinct, confused.

in-dis-crim-i-nate-ly (-li), *adv.* without distinction.

in-dis-crim-i-na-tive (-krim'i-nā-tiv), *adj.* making no distinction.

in-dis-pens-a-ble ('ā-bl), *adj.* absolutely necessary. *Syn.* essential, requisite.

in-dis-pose (-dis-pōz'), *v.t.* to disincline; unfit.

in-dis-posed (-pōzd'), *adj.* disinclined; slightly unwell.

in-dis-po-si-tion (-pō-zish'un), *n.* slight illness.

in-dis-pu-ta-ble (-tā-bl), *adj.* unquestionable. *Syn.* sure, infallible.

in-dis-pu-ta-bly (-bli), *adv.* unquestionably.

in-dis-so-lu-ble ('o-lū-bl), *adj.* not soluble.

in-dis-tinct (-dis-tingkt'), *adj.* undefined; confused.

in-dis-tin-guish-a-ble (-ting'gwish-ā-bl), *adj.* incapable of being perceived.

in-dite (-dīt'), *v.t.* to compose; write.

in-di-vid-u-al (-di-vij'ū-āl), *adj.* indicating one person or thing; single: *n.* a single person.

in-di-vid-u-al-ize ('ū-āl-īz), *v.t.* to distinguish.

in-di-vid-u-al-ism (-izm), *n.* absorption in self-interests; personal instead of state control of affairs.

in-di-vid-u-al-i-ty (-al'i-ti), *n.* separate existence; distinctive character.

in-di-vid-u-al-ly (-li), *adv.* personally.

in-di-vis-i-ble ('i-bl), *adj.* not separable into parts.

in-doc-ile (in-dos'il), *adj.* unteachable; intractable.

in-doc-tri-nate (-dok'tri-nāt), *v.t.* to imbue with learning or principles.

in-do-lence ('do-lens), *n.* love of ease; supineness.

in-do-lent (-lent), *adj.* avoiding labor; lazy.

in-dom-i-ta-ble (-dom'i-tā-bl), *adj.* untamable; invincible.

in-dorse (-dôrs'), *v.t.* to write on the back of; sanction; approve. Also endorse. *Syn.* ratify, confirm.

in-dorse-ment ('ment), *n.* approval; sanction.

in-du-bi-ta-ble (-dū'bi-tā-bl), *adj.* unquestionable.

in-du-bi-ta-bly (-bli), *adv.* beyond doubt.

in-duce (dūs'), *v.t.* to lead on; influence; prevail upon; to infer by induction.

in-duced (-dūst'), *p.adj.* caused by induction.

in-duce-ment (-dūs'ment), *n.* that which induces; motive.

in-duct (-dukt'), *v.t.* to install into an office.

in-duc-tion (-duk'shun), *n.* the introduction of a person into an office; inference from ascertained facts; electrical or magnetic influence without contact. *Syn.* deduction, inference.

in-duc-tive ('iv), *adj.* leading to inference; drawing conclusions from facts observed.

in-duc-tiv-i-ty (-tiv'i-ti), *n.* specific inductive capacity.

in-due (-dū'), *v.t.* to clothe or invest; supply; endow.

in-dulge (-dulj'), *v.t.* to gratify; humor; give free course to. *Syn.* foster, cherish.

in-dul-gence ('ens), *n.* forbearance from restraint; license; gratification.

in-dul-gent ('ent), *adj.* compliant; showing favor.

in-dul-gent-ly (-li), *adv.* with indulgence.

in-du-rate ('dū-rāt), *v.t.* to make hard or unfeeling; to render obdurate.

in-dus-tri-al (-dus'tri-āl), *adj.* pertaining to productive industry.

in-dus-tri-ous ('tri-us), *adj.* diligent; assiduous; hard-working. *Syn.* active, busy, diligent.

in-dus-try ('dus-tri), *n.* steady application; diligence

in-e-bri-ate (-ē'bri-āt), *v.t.* to intoxicate: *n.* an habitual drunkard.

in-e-bri-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* intoxication.

in-ef-fa-ble (-ef'å-bl), *adj.* too sacred for utterance.

in-ef-fa-bly (-bli), *adv.* unspeakably.

in-ef-fect-ive (-ef-ekt'iv), *adj.* producing no effect; useless.

in-ef-fect-ive-ly (-li), *adv.* without effect.

in-ef-fec-tu-al ('tū-ål), *adj.* unavailing. *Syn.* vain, useless, fruitless.

in-ef-fec-tu-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in vain.

in-ef-fi-ca-cy (-ef'i-kå-si), *n.* lack of efficacy.

in-ef-fi-cien-cy (-ish'en-si), *n.* incompetency.

in-ef-fi-cient ('ent), *adj.* incapable.

in-el-e-gant ('e-gånt), *adj.* offensive to good taste.

in-el-i-gi-ble ('i-ji-bl), *adj.* unsuitable; disqualified for choice.

in-el-i-gi-bly (-bli), *adv.* in an ineligible manner.

in-ept-ly (-ept'li), *adv.* unsuitably; foolishly.

in-e-qual-i-ty (-e-kwäl'i-ti), *n.* want of equality; unevenness. *Syn.* disparity, disproportion.

in-eq-ui-ta-ble (-ek'wi-tå-bl), *adj.* unjust.

in-eq-ui-ta-bly (-bli), *adv.* unjustly; unfairly.

in-eq-ui-ty ('wi-ti), *n.* injustice; unfairness.

in-ert (-ërt'), *adj.* sluggish; inactive.

in-er-tia (-ër'shi-å), *n.* inactivity; sluggishness; lack of energy.

in-es-ti-ma-ble (-es'ti-må-bl), *adj.* beyond measure or price; invaluable.

in-es-ti-ma-bly (-bli), *adv.* above estimation.

in-ev-i-ta-ble (-ev'i-tå-bl), *adj.* unavoidable.

in-ev-i-ta-bly (-bli), *adv.* unavoidably.

in-ex-act (-egz-akt'), *adj.* not precise or accurate.

in-ex-act-ness ('nes), *n.* want of precision.

in-ex-cu-sa-ble (-eks-kū'zå-bl), *adj.* unpardonable.

in-ex-cu-sa-bly (-bli), *adv.* without excuse.

in-ex-haust-i-ble (-egs-awst'i-bl), *adj.* unfailing.

in-ex-o-ra-ble ('o-rå-bl) *adj.* unyielding to entreaty; unrelenting.

in-ex-o-ra-bly (-bli), *adv.* inflexibly.

in-ex-pe-di-en-cy (-pē'di-en-si), *n.* unsuitableness.

in-ex-pe-di-ent ('di-ent), *adj.* inadvisable.

in-ex-pe-ri-enced (-enst), *adj.* lacking experience; unskilled.

in-ex-pert (-përt), *adj.* without skill.

in-ex-pi-a-ble ('pi-å-bl), *adj.* that cannot be atoned for.

in-ex-pli-ca-ble ('pli-kå-bl), *adj.* not to be explained.

in-ex-press-i-ble (-pres'i-bl), *adj.* unutterable.

in-ex-press-i-bly (-bli), *adv.* unspeakably.

in-ex-press-ive (-pres'iv), *adj.* lacking expression.

in-ex-ten-si-ble ('si-bl), *adj.* that cannot be extended.

in-ex-tin-guish-a-ble (-ting'-gwish-å-bl), *adj.* unquenchable.

in-ex-tri-ca-ble ('tri-kå-bl), *adj.* not to be extricated.

in-fal-li-bil-i-ty (-bil'i-ti), *n.* being incapable of error.

in-fal-li-ble (-fal'i-bl), *adj.* certain; unfailing.

in-fal-li-bly (-bli), *adv.* without error.

in-fa-mous ('få-mus), *adj.* notoriously bad. *Syn.* scandalous, shameful.

in-fa-mous-ly (-li), *adv.* shamefully.

in-fa-my ('få-mi), *n.* public disgrace.

in-fan-cy ('fan-si), *n.* early childhood; the beginning.

in-fant ('fånt), *n.* a young child; *adj.* pertaining to childhood.

in-fan-ti-cide ('ti-sīd), *n.* the murder of an infant.

in-fan-tile ('fån-til), *adj.* pertaining to infants; child-like.

in-fan-try (′fǎn-tri), *n.* foot soldiers.

in-fat-u-ate (-fat′ū-āt), *v.t.* to make very foolish; inspire with folly.

in-fat-u-a-tion (-ū-ā′shun), *n.* extreme folly.

in-fect (-fekt′), *v.i.* to taint with disease.

in-fec-tion (-fek′shun), *n.* communication of disease; an infectious disease; that which corrupts or contaminates.

in-fec-tious (′shus), *adj.* communicable by infection; sympathetic.

in-fe-lic-i-tous (-fe-lis′i-tus), *adj.* unhappy; inappropriate; ill-timed.

in-fe-lic-i-ty (-lis′i-ti), *n.* unhappiness.

in-felt (′felt), *adj.* felt within; heartfelt.

in-fer (-fēr′), *v.t.* to deduce as a consequence or fact.

in-fer-a-ble (′ǎ-bl), *adj.* that may be inferred.

in-fer-ence (′fēr-ens), *n.* the conclusion; deduction. *Syn.* corollary, consequence.

in-fer-en-tial (-en′shǎl), *adj.* deduced by inference.

in-fer-en-tial-ly (-li), *adv.* by way of inference.

in-fe-ri-or (′ri-ēr), *adj.* lower in place or quality; *n.* one who ranks below another.

in-fe-ri-or-i-ty (-ri-or′i-ti), *n.* a lower state.

in-fer-nal (-fēr′nǎl), *adj.* regions of the dead; pertaining to hell; diabolical. *Syn.* fiendish, devilish.

in-fest (-fest′), *v.t.* to attack; haunt; overrun. *Syn.* annoy, plague, harass.

in-fi-del (′fi-del), *adj.* rejecting religion; manifesting unbelief; *n.* an unbeliever.

in-fi-del-i-ty (-del′i-ti), *n.* disbelief in Christianity; breach of trust.

in-fil-tra-tion (-fil-trā′shun), *n.* the act of entering the pores.

in-fi-nite (′fi-nit), *adj.* unlimited; *n.* the Infinite Being; the Absolute.

in-fi-nite-ly (-li), *adv.* beyond conception; vastly.

in-fin-i-tes-i-mal (-fin-i-tes′i-mǎl), *adj.* infinitely small.

in-fin-i-tude (′i-tūd), *n.* unlimited extent.

in-fin-i-ty (′i-ti), *n.* the state of being infinite or unlimited.

in-firm (-fērm′), *adj.* feeble in body; irresolute; precarious. *Syn.* weak, feeble, enfeebled.

in-fir-ma-ry (′mǎ-ri), *n.* a hospital for the sick.

in-fir-mi-ty (′mi-ti), *n.* debility; imbecility.

in-fix (-fiks′), *v.t.* to fix or fasten in; implant.

in-flame (-flām′), *v.t.* to set on fire; excite; provoke. *Syn.* anger, irritate, chafe.

in-flamed (-flāmd′), *p.adj.* heated; exasperated.

in-flam-ma-ble (flam′ǎ-bl), *adj.* easily set on flame.

in-flam-ma-tion (-ā′shun), *n.* a morbid process, characterized by redness, heat, and swelling.

in-flam-ma-to-ry (′ǎ-to-ri), *adj.* tending to excite passion; tending to produce inflammation.

in-flate (-flāt′), *v.t.* to swell, or distend; puff up.

in-fla-tus (-flā′tus), *n.* inspiration; afflatus.

in-flect (flekt′), *v.t.* to bend; modulate; decline; conjugate.

in-flect-ed (′ed), *p.adj.* turned from a direct line; bent inward or downward.

in-flec-tion (-flek′shun), *n.* modulation of the voice; variation of nouns, etc.

in-flex (-fleks′), *v.t.* to inflect; curve inward.

in-flex-i-bil-i-ty (-fleks-i-bil′i-ti), *n.* obstinacy.

in-flex-i-ble (′i-bl), *adj.* not to be bent; inexorable; unalterable.

in-flex-i-bly (-bli), *adv.* rigidly; inexorably.

in-flict (-flikt′), *v.t.* to impose as a punishment; to lay upon.

in-flo-res-cence (-flō-res′ens), *n.* the mode of flowering.

in-flu-ence (′flū-ens), *n.* moving or directing power; sway; control: *v.t.* to move by moral force; persuade. *Syn.* bias, sway, prejudice.

in-flu-en-tial (-flū-en′shǎl), *adj.* exerting influence.

in-flu-en-za (-flū-en′zǎ), *n.* an epidemic catarrh.

in-flux (′fluks), *n.* an inflow; infusion.

in-form (-fôrm′), *v.t.* to animate; instruct; apprise: *v.i.* to give information.

in-form-al ('ăl), *adj.* not according to rule; irregular.

in-for-mal-i-ty (-mal'i-ti), *n.* want of regular form.

in-form-al-ly (-form'al-i), *adv.* in an informal manner.

in-form-ant ('ănt), *n.* one who gives information.

in-for-ma-tion (-fôr-mā'-shun), *n.* notice given; knowledge; intelligence.

in-form-er (-fôrm'ẽr), *n.* one making accusations, or giving information

in-frac-tion (-frak'shun), *n.* a violation; infringement.

in-fran-gi-ble (-fran'ji-bl), *adj.* that cannot be broken.

in-fre-quent ('kwent), *adj.* seldom occurring.

in-fringe (-frinj'), *v.t.* to break as a law: *v.i.* to encroach. *Syn.* invade, intrude.

in-fringe-ment ('ment), *n.* the breach of a law, patent, trade-mark, etc.

in-fu-ri-ate (-fū'ri-āt), *v.t.* to enrage; madden.

in-fuse (-fūz'), *v.t.* to pour in; inspire.

in-fu-si-ble (-fūz'i-bl), *adj.* that may be infused.

in-fu-sion (-fū'zhun), *n.* a pouring in; made by infusing; instillation, as of good principles; a liquid extract.

in-gen-ious (-jēn'ius), *adj.* having ingenuity; clever.

in-ge-nu-i-ty (in-je-nū'i-ti), *n.* cleverness; skill.

in-gen-u-ous (in-jen'ū-us), *adj.* frank; open; sincere; artless. *Syn.* generous, candid; plain.

in-glo-ri-ous (-glō'ri-us), *adj.* without glory; shameful.

in-got ('got), *n.* a cast mass of metal.

in-grain (-grān'), *v.t.* to dye with any deep, lasting color; impregnate deeply.

in-gra-ti-ate (-grā'shi-āt), *v.t.* to insinuate one's self into favor.

in-grat-i-tude (-grat'i-tūd), *n.* insensibility to kindness.

in-gre-di-ent (-grē'di-ent), *n.* a component part.

in-gress ('gres), *n.* entrance; power of entering.

in-gulf. Same as engulf.

in-hab-it (-hab'it), *v.t.* to dwell in; occupy.

in-hab-it-a-ble ('it-ă-bl), *adj.* fit for habitation.

in-hab-it-ant ('it-ănt), *n.* a permanent resident.

in-ha-lant (-hā'lănt), *n.* that which is inhaled.

in-ha-la-tion (-lā'shun), *n.* the act of inhaling.

in-hale (-hāl'), *v.t.* to draw into the lungs.

in-har-mo-ni-ous (-här-mō'-ni-us), *adj.* unmusical.

in-here (-hēr'), *v.i.* to be fixed in; be an essential part of.

in-her-ence ('ens), *n.* existence in something else.

in-her-ent ('ent), *adj.* existing in something.

in-her-it (-her'it), *v.t.* to possess from an ancestor; receive by nature from one's ancestors.

in-her-it-ance (-ăns), *n.* that which is inherited.

in-hib-it (-hib'it), *v.t.* to restrain; prohibit.

in-hos-pi-ta-ble (-hos'pi-tă-bl), *adj.* not hospitable; barren; cheerless.

in-hu-man (-hū'măn), *adj.* cruel; unfeeling. *Syn.* brutal, savage, barbarous.

in-hu-man-i-ty (-man'i-ti), *n.* cruelty.

in-hume (-hūm'), *v.t.* to bury; inter.

in-im-i-cal (-im'i-kăl), *adj.* hostile; adverse.

in-im-i-cal-ly (-li), *adv.* hostilely; adversely.

in-im-i-ta-ble ('i-tă-bl), *adj.* matchless.

in-im-i-ta-bly (-bli), *adv.* in an inimitable manner; matchlessly.

in-iq-ui-tous (ik'wi-tus), *adj.* wicked; unjust.

in-iq-ui-ty ('wi-ti), *n.* wickedness; crime; evil. *Syn.* injustice, wrong.

in-i-tial (-ish'ăl), *adj.* placed at the beginning: *n.* a letter at the beginning of a word; *pl.* the first letters of a person's name.

in-i-ti-ate ('i-āt), *v.t.* to instruct in rudiments; introduce.

in-i-ti-a-tion (-i-ā'shun), *n.* formal admission.

in-i-ti-a-tive ('i-ă-tiv), *adj.* introductory: *n.* first step or introduction.

in-i-ti-a-to-ry ('i-å-tō-ri), *adj.* introductory.

in-ject (-jekt'), *v.t.* to throw or cast in.

in-ju-di-cious (-jū-di'shus), *adj.* indiscreet.

in-junc-tion (-jungk'shun), *n.* command, order, or precept; a legal process.

in-jure ('jur), *v.t.* to hurt; harm; damage. *Syn.* wrong, aggrieve, spoil.

in-ju-ri-ous (-jōō'ri-us), *adj.* hurtful. *Syn.* baneful, pernicious.

in-ju-ry ('jōō-ri), *n.* detriment; loss; damage.

in-jus-tice (-jus'tis), *n.* violation of another's rights; injury; wrong. *Syn.* iniquity, grievance.

ink (ingk), *n.* a liquid used for writing, printing, etc.: *v.t.* to spread ink upon.

ink-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state of being inky.

ink-ling ('ling), *n.* an intimation; hint.

in-land (in'land), *adj.* remote from the sea; towards the interior.

in-lay (-lā'), *v.t.* to ornament by laying in pieces of ivory, wood, metal, etc.

in-let (-let'), *v.t.* to insert: *n.* (in'let), an entrance; a small bay or creek.

in-mate (in'māt), *n.* one who dwells with others in a house.

in-most ('mōst), *adj.* deepest within.

inn (in), *n.* a house for the entertainment of travelers.

in-nate ('nāt or -nāt'), *adj.* inborn; native.

in-ner ('ēr), *adj.* internal; interior.

in-no-cence ('o-sens), *n.* freedom from guilt; purity; mental imbecility.

in-no-cent ('o-sent), *adj.* free from guilt; blameless; pure in life; weak in intellect. *Syn.* guiltless, harmless, sinless, inoffensive.

in-noc-u-ous (-nok'ū-us), *adj.* harmless. *Syn.* safe, innocent.

in-no-vate ('no-vāt), *v.i.* to introduce new things.

in-no-va-tor ('no-vā-tēr), *n.* one who introduces new things.

in-nox-ious (-nok'shus), *n.* harmless.

in-nu-mer-a-ble ('mēr-å-bl), *adj.* that cannot be numbered.

in-nu-mer-a-bly (-bli), *adv.* without number.

in-nu-tri-tious (-trish'us), *adj.* not affording nourishment.

in-oc-u-late (-ok'ū-lāt), *v.t.* to communicate a disease by the insertion of infectious matter; graft on by the insertion of buds.

in-or-di-nate (-ôr'di-nāt), *adj.* immoderate. *Syn.* intemperate, irregular.

in-or-di-nate-ly (-li), *adv.* excessively.

in-or-gan-ic (-gan'ik), *adj.* destitute of organs.

in-quest ('kwest), *n.* a judicial inquiry.

in-quire (-kwīr'), *v.i.* to ask questions; seek into; investigate.

in-quir-y (-kwīr'i), *n.* a search by question; investigation. *Syn.* examination, research.

in-qui-si-tion (-kwi-zish'un), *n.* examination; a judicial inquiry.

in-quis-i-tive (-kwis'i-tiv), *adj.* given to asking questions; prying; curious.

in-quis-i-to-ri-al (-tō'ri-å-l), *adj.* pertaining to an inquisitor; prying.

in-road ('rōd), *n.* a hostile incursion.

in-sane (-sān'), *adj.* mentally deranged; mad. *Syn.* delirious, demented.

in-san-i-ty (-san'i-ti), *n.* derangement of mind. *Syn.* madness, lunacy.

in-sa-tia-ble ('shå-bl), *adj.* that cannot be appeased.

in-scribe (-skrīb'), *v.t.* to write upon; dedicate.

in-scrip-tion (-skrip'shun), *n.* that which is inscribed; a dedicatory address.

in-scru-ta-ble ('tå-bl), *adj.* unsearchable.

in-sect ('sekt), *n.* an articulate animal like the fly; anything minute or contemptible.

in-sensate (-sen'sāt), *adj.* brutish; stupid.

in-sen-si-bil-i-ty (-si-bil'i-ti), *n.* apathy.

in-sen-si-ble ('si-bl), *adj.* destitute of feeling; callous; senseless.

in-sert (-sērt'), *v.t.* to place in or among; introduce.

in-ser-tion (-sēr'shun), *n.* the act of inserting.

in-shore ('shōr), *adv.* near or along the shore.

in-side ('sīd), *adj.* interior; being within: *n.* inner part; contents.

in-sid-i-ous (-sid'i-us), *adj.* treacherous; deceitful.

in-sight ('sīt), *n.* penetration; intuition.

in-sig-ni-a (-sig'ni-å), *n.pl.* badges of office.

in-sig-nif-i-cance (-nif'i-kåns), *n.* unimportance; worthlessness.

in-sig-nif-i-cant ('i-kånt), *adj.* without meaning; trivial; contemptible.

in-sin-u-ate ('ū-āt), *v.t.* to ingratiate; suggest indirectly: *n.* gain the confidence or affection of another. *Syn.* hint, intimate, suggest.

in-sin-u-at-ing (-ing), *p.adj.* gently gaining favor; hinting slyly.

in-sin-u-a-tion (-ū-ā'shun), *n.* a sly hint.

in-sip-id (-sip'id), *adj.* without flavor; tasteless. *Syn.* dull, flat, vapid.

in-si-pid-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* want of taste.

in-sist (-sist'), *v.i.* to urge or press; be persistent.

in-sist-ence ('ens), *n.* the act of insisting.

in-sist-ent ('ent), *adj.* urgent; conspicuous.

in-so-bri-e-ty (-sō-brī'i-ti), *n.* intemperance.

in-so-lence ('so-lens), *n.* offensive impertinence; insulting behavior.

in-so-lent ('so-lent), *adj.* insulting; grossly rude. *Syn.* saucy, pert, abusive.

in-sol-u-ble ('ū-bl), *adj.* not soluble; inexplicable.

in-sol-ven-cy ('ven-si), *n.* inability to pay debts.

in-sol-vent ('vent), *adj.* unable to pay: *n.* one who cannot pay his debts.

in-som-ni-a (-som'ni-å), *n.* sleeplessness.

in-spect (-spekt'), *v.t.* to examine critically.

in-spec-tion (-spek'shun), *n.* examination.

in-spect-or ('ĕr), *n.* an examiner; an overseer.

in-spi-ra-tion (-spi'rā'shun), *n.* breathing in air; creative genius; divine infusion into the mind.

in-spire (-spīr'), *v.t.* to draw in breath; imbue with ideas; enliven. *Syn.* animate, exhilarate.

in-spir-it (-spir'it), *v.t.* to animate; cheer.

in-spis-sate (-spis'āt), *v.t.* to thicken by boiling.

in-sta-bil-i-ty (-stå-bil'i-ti), *n.* inconstancy. *Syn.* mutability, fickleness.

in-stall (-stawl'), *v.t.* to place in an office.

in-stal-la-tion (-å'shun), *n.* the act of installing.

in-stance ('stans), *v.t.* to refer to as an example: *n.* example; solicitation.

in-stant ('stant), *adj.* urgent; immediate: *n.* a moment of time; point of duration.

in-stan-ta-ne-ous (-stan-tā'-nē-us), *adj.* acting in a moment.

in-stant-ly ('stant-li), *adv.* at once.

in-state (-stāt'), *v.t.* to put in office or rank.

in-stead (-sted'), *adv.* in room or place of.

in-step ('step), *n.* the arched forepart of the foot.

in-sti-gate ('sti-gāt), *v.t.* to urge on; incite. *Syn.* persuade, animate.

in-sti-ga-tor (-gā'tĕr), *n.* one who instigates.

in-stil (-stil'), *v.t.* to insinuate gradually; pour in by drops. *Syn.* implant, inculcate.

in-stinct ('stingkt), *adj.* animated: *n.* natural impulse in animals.

in-stinc-tive (-stingk'tiv), *adj.* prompted by instinct; spontaneous.

in-sti-tute ('sti-tūt), *v.t.* to establish; originate; ordain: *n.* established law; scientific or literary society.

in-sti-tu-tion (-tū'shun), *n.* that which is established; a society for a special object.

in-sti-tu-tion-al (-ål), *adj.* elementary.

in-struct (-strukt'), *v.t.* to teach; direct. *Syn.* inform, educate.

in-struc-tion (-struk'shun), *n.* education; direction; an order.

in-struct-ive (-strukt'iv), *adj.* conveying instruction.

in-struct-or ('ĕr), *n.* one who instructs.

in-stru-ment ('strōō-ment), *n.* a tool; machine; implement; agent.

in-stru-men-tal (-men'tål), *adj.* pertaining to an instrument; conducive to some end. *Syn.* assistant, helping.

in-stru-men-tal-i-ty (-tal'i-ti), *n.* a subordinate agency; means.

in-sub-or-di-nate (-sub-ôr'di-nāt), *adj.* not submissive; mutinous.

in-sub-or-di-na-tion (-di-nā'-shun), *n.* resistance to authority.

in-suf-fer-a-ble (-suf'ĕr-ȧ-bl), *adj.* not to be borne.

in-suf-fer-a-bly (-bli), *adv.* intolerably.

in-su-lar ('sū-lăr), *adj.* pertaining to an island; isolated; narrow.

in-su-lar-i-ty (-lar'i-ti), *n.* narrowness of view.

in-su-late ('sū-lāt), *v.t.* to place alone; detach.

in-su-la-tion (-lā'shun), *n.* the act of insulating; state of being insulated.

in-sult ('sult), *n.* an affront or indignity; gross abuse: *v.t.* (in-sult') to treat with indignity. *Syn.* outrage, blasphemy.

in-su-per-a-ble (-sū'pĕr-ȧ-bl), *adj.* not to be overcome; invincible.

in-su-per-a-bly (-bli), *adv.* insurmountably.

in-sur-a-ble (-shūr'ȧ-bl), *adj.* that may be insured.

in-sur-ance ('ȧns), *n.* the act of insuring against loss; premium paid.

in-sure (-shūr'), *v.t.* make sure; contract for indemnity against loss.

in-sur-gent (-sĕr'jent), *adj.* rising against authority: *n.* a rebel.

in-sur-rec-tion (-rek'shun), *n.* rebellion.

in-tact (-takt'), *adj.* entire; uninjured.

in-te-ger (in'te-jĕr), *n.* a whole number.

in-te-gral ('te-grȧl), *adj.* constituting a whole; whole made up of parts.

in-te-grate ('te-grāt), *v.t.* to combine into a whole; give the sum total of.

in-teg-ri-ty (-teg'ri-ti), *n.* uprightness; honesty; soundness; virtue. *Syn.* probity, entirety.

in-teg-u-ment ('ū-ment), *n.* an external covering or skin.

in-tel-lect ('tel-ekt), *n.* the mind; intelligence; acquired knowledge. *Syn.* understanding, sense.

in-tel-lec-tu-al ('tū-ȧl), *adj.* pertaining to the intellect; mental; ideal.

in-tel-lec-tu-al-i-ty (-tū-al'i-ti), *n.* the state of being intellectual.

in-tel-lec-tu-al-ly ('tū-ȧl-li), *adv.* by means of the intellect.

in-tel-li-gence (-tel'i-jens), *n.* intellectual capacity; understanding; news.

in-tel-li-gent ('i-jent), *adj.* exhibiting knowledge; clever; discerning.

in-tel-li-gi-ble ('i-ji-bl), *adj.* comprehensible. *Syn.* clear, obvious, plain.

in-tel-li-gi-bly (-bli), *adv.* clearly.

in-tem-per-ance (-tem'pĕr-ans), *n.* excess; lack of restraint; drunkenness.

in-tem-per-ate ('pĕr-āt), *adj.* excessive; unrestrained; addicted to liquor drinking. *Syn.* immoderate, inordinate.

in-tend (-tend'), *v.t.* to purpose; mean.

in-tense (-tens'), *adj.* strained; forced; ardent; vehement. *Syn.* earnest, glowing, fervid.

in-ten-si-fy (-ten'si-fī), *v.t.* to heighten.

in-ten-si-ty ('si-ti), *n.* the force of any physical agent.

in-ten-sive ('siv), *adj.* serving to intensify.

in-tent (-tent'), *adj.* strongly fixed in purpose; anxiously diligent: *n.* purpose; aim. *Syn.* design, intention, drift.

in-ten-tion (-ten'shun), *n.* purpose; fixed design.

in-ter (-tĕr'), *v.t.* to bury.

in-ter-ca-late ('kȧ-lāt), *v.t.* to insert among.

in-ter-cede (-sēd'), *v.i.* to mediate; plead for another; interpose.

in-ter-cept (-sept'), *v.t.* to seize in the way; cut off; obstruct.

in-ter-ces-sion (-sesh'un), *n.* the act of interceding; mediation.

in-ter-course ('ter-kōrs), *n.* mutual exchange; familiarity; fellowship. *Syn.* commerce, connection.

in-ter-dict (-dikt'), *v.t.* to restrain or forbid. *Syn.* prohibit, proscribe.

in-ter-est ('tĕr-est), *v.t.* to engage the attention;

awaken concern in: *n.* advantage; influence; benefit; premium for money used.

in-ter-est-ing (-ing), *p.adj.* engaging the attention; exciting the feelings.

in-ter-fere (-fēr'), *v.i.* to interpose; come into collision.

in-ter-fer-ence ('ens), *n.* interposition.

in-ter-im ('tĕr-im), *n.* intervening period.

in-te-ri-or (-tē'ri-ŏr), *adj.* inner; internal; remote from the frontier: *n.* the inside; the inland.

in-ter-jec-tion (-tĕr-jek'shun), *n.* an exclamation.

in-ter-lin-e-ar (-lin'e-ăr), *adj.* written between lines.

in-ter-loc-u-to-ry (-lok'ū-to-rĭ), *adj.* conversational; intermediate.

in-ter-lo-per ('tĕr-lō-pĕr), *n.* an intrudcr.

in-ter-lude ('tĕr-lūd), *n.* a short entertainment given between acts of a play, etc.

in-ter-me-di-a-ry (-mē'di-ă-rĭ), *adj.* intervening: *n.* an agent; medium.

in-ter-me-di-ate ('di-āt), *adj.* existing in the middle; intervening.

in-ter-ment ('ment), *n.* burial.

in-ter-mis-sion (-mish'un), *n.* interruption; pause; temporary cessation.

in-ter-mit (-mit'), *v.t.* to interrupt; suspend.

in-ter-nal (-tĕr'năl), *adj.* pertaining to an interior; inward; domestic.

in-ter-nal-ly (-li), *adv.* inwardly.

in-ter-na-tion-al (-nash'un-ăl), *adj.* existing between nations.

in-ter-ne-cine (-nē'sīn), *adj.* mutually destructive; deadly.

in-ter-pel-late (-pel'āt), *v.t.* to question.

in-ter-po-late ('pō-lāt), *v.t.* to insert matter in writing or in a book.

in-ter-pose (-pōz'), *v.t.* to place between; interrupt. *Syn.* intercede, arbitrate.

in-ter-pret ('pret), *v.t.* to explain the meaning of. *Syn.* expound, elucidate.

in-ter-pre-ta-tion (-tā'shun,) *n.* explanation; translation.

in-ter-reg-num (-reg'num), *n.* the period between two reigns.

in-ter-ro-gate ('ō-gāt), *v.t.* to question.

in-ter-ro-ga-tion (-gā'shun), *n.* a question; inquiry.

in-ter-rog-a-tive (-rog'ă-tiv), *adj.* denoting a question or inquiry.

in-ter-rog-a-to-ry (-rog'ă-to-rĭ), *adj.* pertaining to questions.

in-ter-rupt (-rupt'), *v.t.* to stop or hinder by interfering; cause to be delayed.

in-ter-rupt-ed ('ed), *p.adj.* intermitted.

in-ter-rup-tion ('shun), *n.* hindrance; intervention; sudden cessation.

in-ter-sect (-sekt'), *v.t.* to cut or divide mutually.

in-ter-sec-tion (-sek'shun), *n.* place of crossing; point where two lines cut each other.

in-ter-stel-lar (-stel'ăr), *adj.* in the space between the stars.

in-ter-stice ('tĕr-stis, or -tĕr'-stis), *n.* a space between things; crevice.

in-ter-sti-tial (stish'al), *adj.* containing crevices.

in-ter-val ('tĕr-văl), *n.* time or space between.

in-ter-vene (-vēn'), *v.i.* to come between; interpose.

in-ter-ven-tion (-ven'shun), *n.* interposition.

in-ter-view ('tĕr-vū), *v.t.* to visit a public personage and report his remarks: *n.* a personal meeting.

in-tes-ta-cy (-tes'tă-si), *n.* dying without a will.

in-tes-tate ('tāt), *n.* one who dies without having made a will.

in-tes-ti-nal ('ti-năl), *adj.* pertaining to the intestines.

in-tes-tine ('tin), *adj.* internal; not foreign: *n.pl.* the bowels; entrails.

in-ti-ma-cy ('ti-mă-si), *n.* close friendship.

in-ti-mate ('ti-met), *adj.* close in friendship: *v.t.* (in-ti-māt'), to indicate; make known. *Syn.* hint, suggest.

in-ti-mate-ly (-li), *adv.* in an intimate manner.

in-ti-ma-tion (-mā'shun), *n.* an indirect suggestion; announcement.

in-tim-i-date (-tim'i-dāt), *v.t.* to make afraid. *Syn.* alarm, frighten, appal.

in-to ('tōō), *prep.* noting passage inwards.

in-tol-er-a-ble (-tol'ĕr-å-bl), *adj.* unbearable.

in-tol-er-ance ('ĕr-ans), *n.* inability to bear or endure.

in-tol-er-ant ('ĕr-ånt), *adj.* bigoted.

in-to-na-tion (-tō-nā'shun), *n.* manner of utterance; modulation of the voice.

in-tone (-tōn'), *v.t.* to recite in monotone.

in-tox-i-cate ('i-kāt), *v.t.* to make drunk; excite unduly.

in-tox-i-ca-tion (-kā'shun), *n.* inebriation.

in-trac-ta-ble (-trak'tå-bl), *adj.* unmanageable.

in-trac-tile ('til), *adj.* not extensible.

in-trench (-trench'), *v.t.* to surround with a trench: *v.i.* to encroach.

in-trep-id (-trep'id), *adj.* bold; fearless. *Syn.* brave, daring, dauntless.

in-tre-pid-i-ty (-tre-pid'i-ti), *n.* fearlessness.

in-tri-ca-cy ('tri-kå-si), *n.* entanglement.

in-tri-cate ('tri-kat), *adj.* entangled; involved.

in-trigue (in-trēg'), *v.i.* to carry on a secret plot: *n.* stratagem; secret love affair. *Syn.* conspiracy, artifice.

in-trin-sic (-trin'sik), *adj.* real; genuine. *Syn.* sterling, native, natural.

in-trin-sic-al-ly (-ål-li), *adv.* inherently.

in-tro-duce (-trō-dūs'), *v.t.* to bring in; insert; make acquainted.

in-tro-duc-tion (-duk'shun), *n.* the act of introducing; a preface.

in-tro-duc-to-ry ('to-ri), *adj.* serving to introduce.

in-tro-mis-sion (-tro-mish'un), *n.* insertion.

in-tro-mit (-mit'), *v.t.* to admit; insert.

in-trude (-trūd'), *v.i.* to thrust one's self in: *v.t.* force in.

in-tru-sion (-trū'zhun), *n.* encroachment.

in-trust (-trust'), *v.t.* to give in trust; confide.

in-tu-i-tion (-tū-ish'un), *n.* instinctive perception.

in-tu-i-tive ('i-tiv), *adj.* perceived immediately by the mind.

in-tu-i-tive-ly (-li), *adv.* without reasoning.

in-un-date (-un'dāt), *v.t.* to overflow; flood.

in-un-da-tion (-dā'shun), *n.* an overflow; flood.

in-ure (-ūr'), *v.t.* to habituate; accustom; toughen.

in-vade (-vād'), *v.t.* to enter in a hostile manner; infringe upon.

in-val-id (-val'id), *adj.* of no force or authority; null and void: *n.* (in'vå-lid), one who is weak in health; a disabled soldier or sailor.

in-val-i-date (-val'i-dāt), *v.t.* to destroy the force of. *Syn.* quash, cancel.

in-va-lid-i-ty (-lid'i-ti), *n.* want of legal force.

in-val-u-a-ble (-val'ū-å-bl), *adj.* priceless.

in-var-i-a-ble (-vār'i-å-bl), *adj.* constant.

in-var-i-a-bly (-bli), *adv.* constantly.

in-va-sion (-vā'zhun), *n.* hostile incursion. *Syn.* irruption, inroad.

in-vec-tive (-vek'tiv), *n.* a violent utterance of censure or sarcasm. *Syn.* reproach, railing, satire.

in-veigh (-vā'), *v.i.* to rail against; reproach.

in-vei-gle (-vē'gl), *v.t.* to entice; seduce; wheedle.

in-vent (-vent'), *v.t.* to find out something new; devise; contrive; originate. *Syn.* frame, discover, design.

in-ven-tion (-ven'shun), *n.* the act of inventing; discovery; fabrication.

in-vent-ive ('iv), *adj.* able to invent; ready in expedients.

in-vent-ive-ness (-nes), *n.* the inventive faculty.

in-vent-or ('ĕr), *n.* one who invents.

in-ven-to-ry ('ven-to-ri), *n.* a catalogue of goods, furniture, etc.; account: *v.t.* to draw up a catalogue.

in-verse (-vĕrs'), *adj.* contrary; reciprocal; inverted.

in-verse-ly ('li), *adv.* in an inverse order.

in-ver-sion (-vĕr'shun), *n.* contrary change of order, time, or place.

in-ver-sive ('siv), *adj.* pertaining to inversion.

in-vert (-vĕrt′), *v.t.* to turn upside down.

in-vest (-vest′), *v.t.* to lay out money; clothe; place in office; surround.

in-ves-ti-gate (′ti-gāt), *v.t.* to search; examine.

in-ves-ti-ga-tion (-gā′shun), *n.* inquiry. *Syn.* examination, search.

in-ves-ti-ga-tor (′tĕr), *n.* one who searches.

in-ves-ti-ture (′ti-tūr), *n.* the act of giving legal possession.

in-vest-ment (-vest′ment), *n.* placing money productively; money so placed; a blockade.

in-vest-or (-vest′ĕr), *n.* one who invests.

in-vet-er-a-cy (-vet′ĕr-å-si), *n.* obstinate continuance.

in-vet-er-ate (′ĕr-āt), *adj.* deep-rooted; habitual. *Syn.* confirmed, chronic.

in-vid-i-ous (-vid′i-us), *adj.* likely to provoke ill-will. *Syn.* envious, hateful.

in-vig-or-ate (-vig′or-āt), *v.t.* to strengthen. *Syn.* brace, harden, nerve.

in-vin-ci-ble (′si-bl), *adj.* unconquerable.

in-vi-o-la-bil-i-ty (-vī-o-lå-bil′i-ti), *n.* the quality of being inviolable.

in-vi-o-la-ble (′o-lå-bl), *adj.* that cannot be profaned or injured.

in-vis-i-bil-i-ty (-viz-i-bil′i-ti), *n.* the state of being invisible.

in-vis-i-ble (′i-bl), *adj.* that cannot be seen. *Syn.* unseen, imperceptible.

in-vi-ta-tion (-vi-tā′shun), *n.* an asking or solicitation.

in-vite (-vīt′), *v.t.* to ask, solicit, or request. *Syn.* call, bid, allure.

in-vit-ing (′ing), *p.adj.* tempting; seductive.

in-vo-ca-tion (-vō-kā′shun), *n.* the act of imploring.

in-voice (′vois), *n.* a list of goods with their prices, quantity, etc.: *v.t.* to insert in an invoice.

in-voke (-vōk′), *v.t.* to address in prayer; implore. *Syn.* appeal, refer, beseech.

in-vol-un-ta-ri-ly (-vol′un-tå-ri-li), *adv.* not willingly.

in-vol-un-ta-ry (-vol′un-tå-rī), *adj.* not done willingly.

in-vo-lute (′vō-lūt), *adj.* folded or rolled inwards; coiled spirally.

in-vo-lu-tion (-lū′shun), *n.* the act of infolding; complication.

in-volve (-volv′), *v.t.* to complicate; entangle. *Syn.* compromise, envelop.

in-vul-ner-a-ble (-vul′nĕr-å-bl), *adj.* that cannot be injured.

in-ward (′wȧrd), *adj.* situated within: *adv.* interior.

in-ward-ly (-li), *adv.* secretly.

in-wrought (-rawt′), *p.adj.* worked in; adorned with figures or patterns.

i-o-dine (ī′ō-din), *n.* a non-metallic element.

I-on-ic (ī-on′ik), *n.* an order of classic architecture.

i-o-ta (-ō′tå), *n.* something small or insignificant.

i-ras-ci-bil-i-ty (ī-ras-i-bil′i-ti), *n.* quality of being easily provoked.

i-ras-ci-ble (′i-bl), *n.* easily excited to anger.

i-ras-ci-bly (-bli), *adv.* in an irascible manner.

i-rate (-rāt′), *adj.* angry; enraged.

ire (īr), *n.* anger; wrath.

ir-i-des-cent (′ent), *adj.* colored like the rainbow.

i-ris (′ris), *n.* the pupil of the eye; the rainbow.

irk (ĕrk), *v.t.* to weary: *v.i.* to become tired.

irk-some (′sum), *adj.* tedious; wearisome. *Syn.* tiresome, annoying.

ir-on (ī′ĕrn), *n.* the most useful of the metals: *adj.* like iron; made of iron: *v.t.* to smooth clothes with a hot iron.

i-ron-i-cal (ī-ron′i-kål), *adj.* spoken in satire.

i-ro-ny (′rō-ni), *n.* subtle sarcasm; satiric speech. *Syn.* ridicule, raillery.

ir-ra-di-ance (ir-rā′di-åns), *n.* luster.

ir-ra-di-ant (-ånt), *adj.* emitting rays of light.

ir-ra-di-ate (′di-āt), *v.t.* to illuminate: *v.i.* emit rays of light.

ir-rad-i-cate (-rad′i-kāt), *v.t.* to root deeply.

ir-re-spec-tive (-re-spek′tiv), *adj.* regardless of.

ir-re-spec-tive-ly (-lī), *adv.* without regard.

ir-ri-gate ('i-gāt), *v.t.* to cause water to flow over by artificial means.

ir-ri-ta-ble ('i-tȧ-bl), *adj.* easily provoked to anger. *Syn.* excitable, irascible.

ir-ri-ta-bly (-bli), *adv.* with irritation.

ir-ri-tant ('i-tȧnt), *n.* anything which irritates.

ir-ri-tate ('i-tāt), *v.t.* to provoke or make angry. *Syn.* aggravate, worry.

ir-ri-ta-tion (-tā'shun), *n.* the act of exciting; exasperation; vexation.

ir-rup-tion (-rup'shun), *n.* a sudden invasion.

is (iz), *3rd p., sing., pres., indic.* of be.

i-sin-glass (ī'zin-glȧs), *n.* gelatine prepared from the air-bladders of fishes.

is-land (ī'land), *n.* a tract of land surrounded by water.

is-let (ī'let), *n.* a small island.

ism (izm), *n.* a system or theory.

i-so-late (ī'so-lāt), *v.t.* to place alone; insulate.

is-o-la-tion (-lā'shun), *n.* the state of being alone or isolated.

is-o-met-ric (-met'rik), *adj.* having equal measure.

i-sos-ce-les (ī-sos'e-lēz), *adj.* having equal sides.

i-so-therm ('sō-thĕrm), *n.* a line marking equality of temperature.

is-sue (ish'ū), *n.* egress; discharge; publication; offspring; result: *v.t.* to send out; publish: *v.i.* to flow; proceed. *Syn.* emerge, rise, emanate.

isth-mus ('mus), *n.* a neck of land connecting two larger portions.

I-tal-ic (ī-tal'ik), *adj.* pertaining to Italy; noting a sloping kind of type (*italic*).

i-tal-i-cize ('ī-sīz), *v.t.* to write or print in italics.

itch (ich), *n.* a cutaneous disease; a teasing desire: *v.i.* to have irritation in the skin; have a constant desire for.

i-tem (ī'tem), *n.* a separate article or particular; a newspaper paragraph.

it-er-ate (it'ĕr-āt), *v.t.* to repeat.

it-er-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* repetition.

it-er-a-tive ('ĕr-ȧ-tiv), *adj.* repeating.

i-tin-er-a-cy (ī-tin'ĕr-a-si), *n.* traveling about.

i-tin-er-an-cy ('ĕr-ȧn-si), *n.* a passing from place to place.

i-tin-er-ant ('ĕr-ȧnt), *adj.* wandering: *n.* one who travels about a country.

i-tin-er-a-ry ('ĕr-ȧ-ri), *adj.* done on a journey; traveling: *n.* a diary of a journey.

i-tin-er-ate ('ĕr-āt), *v.i.* to travel from place to place; to roam about.

i-vo-ry (ī'vō-ri), *n.* the hard, white tusk of the elephant, walrus, etc.; *adj.* made of ivory.

i-vy (ī'vi), *n.* a clinging evergreen plant of the genus Hedera.

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jab-ber ('ĕr), *v.i.* to chatter; prate.

jack (jak), *n.* a saucy fellow; a young pike; a sailor; a playing card; a spit; a contrivance for lifting; a leathern bottle.

jack-al ('awl), *n.* a dog-like carnivorous animal.

jack-a-napes ('ȧ-nāps), *n.* a conceited fellow.

jack-ass ('ȧs), *n.* the male ass; donkey.

jack-boots ('bōōtz), *n.pl.* very large boots.

jack-et ('et), *n.* a short tailless coat.

jade (jād), *n.* a tired horse; a vicious woman; an ornamental mineral: *v.t.* to exhaust by labor. *Syn.* harass, weary, tire.

jag (jag), *n.* a notch; a small load: *v.t.* to cut into notches or teeth.

jag-uar (jag-wär'), *n.* an American tiger-like animal.

jail (jāl), *n.* a prison; a penitentiary.

jail-er (jāl'ĕr), *n.* one who has care of a jail.

jam (jam), *n.* a conserve of fruit; a squeeze; crush: *v.t.* to

press in tightly; block up by crowding.

jamb (jam), *n.* side of a doorway, window, or fireplace.

jan-gle (jang'gl), *v.i.* to quarrel; sound discordantly: *n.* altercation; chatter.

jan-i-tor ('i-tĕr), *n.* a doorkeeper.

Jan-u-a-ry (jan'ū-â-ri), *n.* the first month of the year.

ja-pan (jâ-pan'), *n.* a kind of varnish; work done with it: *v.t.* to cover with this varnish.

Jap-an-ese (-ēz), *n.* the people of Japan.

jar (jär), *n.* an earthenware pot or vessel; a shake produced by a sudden shock; jolt; harsh sound; conflict of opinion: *v.t.* to jolt: *v.i.* to clash; emit a harsh sound.

jar-gon (jär'gon), *n.* confused talk; mixture of words from different languages.

jas-mine ('min), *n.* a plant with fragrant flowers.

jas-per ('pĕr), *n.* a variety of quartz.

jaun-dice (jän'dis), *n.* a disease which makes the skin yellow.

jaunt (jänt), *n.* a short excursion or ramble: *v.i.* to roam or ramble.

jaun-ti-ly ('ti-li), *adv.* in a jaunty manner.

jaun-ty ('ti), *adj.* airy; gay; showy.

jaw (jaw), *n.* the bones in which the teeth are placed; mouth: *v.t.* to scold.

jeal-ous (jel'us), *adj.* full of suspicion.

jeal-ous-y (-i), *n.* fear of being supplanted by a rival. *Syn.* suspicion, envy.

jean (jēn), *n.* twilled undressed cotton cloth.

jeer (jēr), *v.t.* to scoff at; ridicule: *n.* a scoff; derision.

Je-ho-vah (jē-hō'vâ), *n.* the Hebrew name of God.

je-june (je-jūn'), *adj.* empty; void of interest.

jel-ly ('i), *n.* a gelatinous substance; a fruit conserve: *v.i.* to become jelly.

jen-net (jen'et), *n.* a small Spanish horse.

jen-ny ('i), *n.* a machine for spinning.

jeop-ard (jep'ärd), *v.t.* to expose to loss or injury. *Syn.* hazard, peril, endanger.

jeop-ard-y (-i), *n.* hazard; peril; danger.

jerk (jĕrk), *v.t.* to pull suddenly; throw with a quick movement; cut and dry beef in the sun: *n.* a sudden quick pull.

jer-kin ('in), *n.* a short coat or jacket.

jest (jest), *n.* a joke; humorous pleasantry; fun: *v.i.* to joke; make merriment. *Syn.* divert, make game of.

jet (jet), *n.* a spouting stream of water; a deep black mineral; a gas branch: *v.t.* to spout out.

jet-sam ('sâm), *n.* part of a ship's cargo thrown overboard in case of peril.

jet-ti-son ('i-sun), *n.* the act of throwing goods overboard in case of peril: *v.t.* to throw overboard to lighten a vessel.

jet-ty ('i), *n.* a small pier: *v.i.* to jut out or project.

jew-el (jew'el), *n.* a valuable ornament; precious stone: *v.t.* to adorn with jewels.

jew-el-er ('ĕr), *n.* one who deals in jewels.

jew-el-ry ('ri), *n.* jewels collectively.

jib (jib), *n.* foremost sail of a ship; projecting arm of a crane: *v.i.* to move restlessly, as a horse.

jig (jig), *n.* a quick lively dance; music for same.

jilt (jilt), *n.* a coquette or flirt: *v.t.* a woman who trifles with her lover: *v.t.* to practice deception in love.

jim-my (jim'i), *n.* a burglar's tool.

jin-gle (jing'gl). *n.* a sharp tinkling sound; meaningless rhyme.

job (job), *n.* a piece of work: *v.t.* to let out for hire; buy up and retail goods: *v.i.* do small tasks.

job-ber (job'ĕr), *n.* a dealer in stocks; a middleman in trade; one who transacts public business for his own interests.

job-ber-y ('ĕr-i), *n.* low intriguing for private advantage.

jock-ey (jok'i), *n.* one who rides a horse in a race; a dealer in horses; cheat: *v.t.* to cheat or deceive; jostle against by riding unfairly.

jo-cose (jō-kōs'), *adj.* sportive; humorous.

joc-u-lar (jok'ū-lâr), *adj.* jocose; merry; sportive.

joc-u-lar-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* merriment.

joc-und ('und), *adv.* jovial; sportive; gay.

jog (jog), *v.t.* to push slightly; stimulate: *v.i.* to travel with

a slow motion: *n.* a slight push or shake; a slow trot.

join (join), *v.t.* to unite; associate; add or annex.

join-er ('ẽr), *n.* an artisan in woodwork.

joint (joint), *n.* articulation of limbs; place of uniting; node; hinge: *adj.* united in or sharing: *v.t.* to unite by joints.

join-ture ('tūr), *n.* an estate settled on a wife to belong to her after her husband's death.

joist (joist), *n.* a timber to which the boards of a floor or laths of a ceiling are fastened.

joke (jōk), *n.* something to excite mirth; jest; sport: *v.i.* to indulge in jokes.

jol-li-fi-ca-tion (jol-i-fi-kā'-shun), *n.* merry-making.

jol-li-ty ('i-ti), *n.* the state of being jolly.

jol-ly ('i), *adj.* full of life and mirth; gay; lively; merry.

jolt (jōlt), *v.t.* to shake by sudden jerks: *n.* a sudden jerk.

jos-tle ('l), *v.t.* to push against; elbow.

jot (jot), *v.t.* to make a memorandum of: *n.* a tittle.

jour-nal (jẽr'nâl), *n.* a record of events; diary; the bearing part of the shaft of a machine.

jour-nal-ism (-izm), *n.* newspaper or periodical literature.

jour-nal-ist (-ist), *n.* an editor, or contributor to a journal.

jour-ney (jẽr'ni), *n.* passage from one place to another: *v.i.* to travel from place to place. *Syn.* travel, tour, passage.

jour-ney-man (-mân), *n.* a mechanic who has served his apprenticeship.

joust (jōōst), *n.* a tournament; tilt: *v.t.* to indulge in a mock fight.

jov-i-al (jōv'i-âl), *adj.* convivial; merry.

jov-i-al-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* conviviality; mirth.

jo-vi-al-ly (-li), *adv.* with joviality.

joy (joi), *n.* gaiety; gladness; happiness: *v.i.* to rejoice or be glad. *Syn.* gladness, mirth, delight.

joy-ful ('fool), *adj.* full of joy.

ju-bi-lant (jōō'bi-lânt), *adj.* triumphant.

ju-bi-la-tion (-lā'shun), *n.* a shouting for joy; frolicking.

ju-bi-lee ('bi-lē), *n.* a periodical festival; a Jewish 50-year anniversary.

judge (juj), *n.* the presiding official in a court of law; arbitrator; connoisseur: *v.t.* to examine and pass sentence upon; distinguish; consider. *Syn.* justice, referee.

judg-ment ('ment), *n.* the act of judging; a judicial decision; intelligence; criticism; opinion.

ju-di-ca-ture ('di-kâ-tūr), *n.* power of dispensing justice.

ju-di-cial (-di'shâl), *adj.* pertaining to the administration of justice; impartial.

ju-di-cial-ly (-li), *adv.* in a judicial manner.

ju-di-ci-a-ry ('i-a-ri), *adj.* pertaining to courts of justice: *n.* judges collectively.

ju-di-cious ('shus), *adj.* prudent; discreet.

jug, *v.t.* to put into a jug: *n.* a vessel for liquids; a prison.

jug-gle (jug'l), *v.t.* to cheat by artifice: *v.i.* to conjure: *n.* a trick; imposture.

jug-gle-ry ('lẽr-i), *n.* legerdemain; imposture.

jug-u-lar ('ū-lâr), *adj.* pertaining to the throat.

juice (jōōs), *n.* sap of vegetables or fruits; animal fluids.

jui-cy (jōō'si), *adj.* full of juice.

ju-lep ('lep), *n.* a drink composed of spirits, water, and sugar.

Ju-ly (jū-lī'), *n.* the seventh month of the year.

jum-ble (jum'bl), *n.* a confused mass; a kind of thin cake: *v.t.* to mix; unite confusedly.

jump (jump), *n.* a spring or bound: *v.t.* to leap over: *v.i.* to spring upward or forward.

junc-tion (jungk'shun), *n.* the act of joining; place of union.

junc-ture ('tūr), *n.* the point at which two bodies are joined; joint; articulation; critical occasion.

June (jūn), *n.* the sixth month of the year.

jun-gle (jung'gl), *n.* a thicket of forest trees, brushwood, etc.

jun-ior (jōōn'yẽr), *adj.* younger; of lower standing: *n.* one younger or of lower status.

ju-ni-or-i-ty (-yor'i-ti), *n.* junior state.

ju-ni-per (jōō'ni-pẽr), *n.* a hardy evergreen shrub.

junk (jungk), *n.* a Chinese flat-bottomed vessel; old ropes; hard, salt beef.

jun-ket (jung'ket), *n.* a variety of sweetmeat; excursion; picnic.

jun-ta (jun'tȧ), *n.* a legislative council.

ju-rid-ic-al ('rid'ik-ȧl), *adj.* pertaining to law.

ju-ris-dic-tion (dik'shun), *n.* legal authority; extent of power.

ju-ris-pru-dence (-prōō'dens), *n.* legal science; system of laws of a country.

ju-rist ('rist), *n.* one skilled in legal science.

ju-ror ('rẽr), *n.* a juryman; member of a jury.

ju-ry ('ri), *n.* a body of men chosen to hear evidence and decide on questions of criminalty, etc.

just (just), *adj.* conformable to law; upright; impartial; faithful; exact: *adv.* exactly; barely.

jus-tice (jus'tis), *n.* rectitude in dealing with others; impartiality; a judge or magistrate. *Syn.* equity, right.

jus-ti-fi-a-ble ('ti-fī-ȧ-bl), *adj.* defensible.

jus-ti-fi-a-bly (-bli), *adv.* so as to be justifiable.

jus-ti-fi-ca-tion (-kā'shun), *n.* vindication; defense.

jus-ti-fy ('ti-fī), *v.t.* to prove to be just; vindicate; treat as just on the ground of faith and repentance.

jut (jut), *v.i.* to project beyond the main body.

jute (jōōt), *n.* a fiber like hemp, used in wearing coarse cloth.

ju-ve-nes-cence (jōō-ve-nes'ens), *n.* a growing young.

ju-ve-nes-cent ('ent), *adj.* becoming young.

ju-ve-nile ('ve-nil), *adj.* youthful; characteristic of youth: *n.* a young person.

ju-ve-nil-i-ty (-nil'i-ti), *n.* youthful age; the manners and habits of youth.

K

kai-ser (kī'zẽr), *n.* the title of the emperors of Germany and Austria.

kale (kȧl), *n.* a kind of cabbage; sea-kale.

kan-ga-roo (kang-gȧ-rōō'), *n.* a leaping herbivorous mammal peculiar to Australia.

ka-o-lin (kā'ō-lin), *n.* china or porcelain clay.

kar-at. Same as carat.

kedge (kej), *n.* a light anchor: *v.t.* to warp by aid of a kedge.

keel (kēl), *n.* the timber of a vessel or boat: *v.t.* to furnish with a keel.

keel-haul ('hawl), *v.t.* to drag under a ship's keel for punishment.

keen (kēn), *adj.* sharp; eager; piercing; bitter; acute.

keep (kēp), *v.t.* to have the care of; guard; preserve; fulfil; detain; confine: *n.* subsistence; the stronghold of a castle. *Syn.* preserve, save.

keep-ing ('ing), *n.* care; subsistence; congruity.

keep-sake ('sāk), *n.* a token of remembrance.

keg (keg), *n.* a small barrel.

kelp (kelp), *n.* the calcined ashes of sea-weeds for making glass; a coarse variety of sea-weed.

ken (ken), *n.* view; knowledge: *v.t.* to know; descry.

ken-nel ('el), *n.* a house for dogs; lair of a fox; street gutter; vile lodging: *v.t.* to confine in a kennel.

ker-chief ('chif), *n.* a square of fine linen to cover the head.

ker-nel ('el), *n.* a grain or seed; the edible substance of a nut or fruit stone; central part.

ker-o-sene ('ō-sēn), *n.* refined petroleum.

ker-sey ('zi), *n.* a coarse smooth-faced cloth.

ketch-up ('up), *n.* a sauce prepared from tomatoes, mushrooms, etc. Also catsup and catchup.

ket-tle (ket'l), *n.* a vessel for boiling liquids.

key (kē), *n.* an instrument for operating a lock; clef; solution; literal translation.

key-note ('nōt), *n.* the fundamental note.

key-stone ('stōn), *n.* central stone of an arch.

kha-ki (kä'ki), *n.* a light drab-colored cloth.

kick (kik), *n.* a blow with the foot: *v.t.* to strike with the foot.

kid (kid), *n.* the young of the goat; a child; a small wooden tub: *adj.* made of kid.

kid-nap ('nap), *v.t.* to get illegal possession, especially of children.

kid-ney ('ni), *n.* the animal organ which secretes the urine.

kill (kil), *v.t.* to deprive of life; destroy; slay. *Syn.* assassinate, murder.

kiln (kil), *n.* a furnace for burning, drying, or hardening.

kilt (kilt), *n.* a Highlander's short skirt.

ki-mo-no (ki-mō'nō), *n.* the loose outer robe of the Japanese.

kin (kin), *n.* consanguinity; relationship.

kind (kīnd), *adj.* benevolent; affectionate; sympathetic: *n.* genus or species; quality; variety; sort.

kin-der-gar-ten (kin'dĕr-gär-ten), *n.* a school in which young children are given object lessons, etc.

kin-dle (kind'l), *v.t.* to set fire to; inflame.

kind-li-ness (kīnd'li-nes), *n.* kindly disposition; benignity.

kind-ly ('li), *adj.* benevolent; sympathetic: *adv.* in a kindly manner.

kind-ness ('nes), *n.* goodness; sympathy; a kind act.

kin-dred (kin'dred), *adj.* of like nature: *n.* relationship by birth or marriage.

ki-net-o-phone (-fōn), *n.* an instrument which combines sight and sound in motion pictures.

ki-net-o-scope (-skōp), *n.* an instrument for the production of moving pictures.

king (king), *n.* a monarch; a playing card; chief piece in chess.

king-dom ('dum), *n.* the territory ruled by a king.

kink (kingk), *n.* a twist in a rope or thread; whim.

kins-folk (kins'fōk), *n.* relatives; family connections.

kip-per ('ĕr), *n.* salmon after spawning; salmon salted and dried.

kirk (kĕrk), *n.* a church; the Church of Scotland.

kir-tle (kĕr'tl), *n.* an upper garment; petticoat.

kiss (kis), *n.* a salute with the lips: *v.t.* to salute with the lips; touch slightly.

kit (kit), *n.* a small wooden tub; traveling necessaries; a sailor's outfit.

kitch-en (kich'en), *n.* a room for cooking: *adj.* pertaining to the kitchen.

kite (kīt), *n.* a bird of prey; a flying toy; an instrument to gauge conditions of the atmosphere.

kit-ten (kit'n), *n.* a young cat.

knack (nak), *n.* adroitness; dexterity.

knap-sack (nap'sak), *n.* a traveling case carried on the back.

knave (nāv), *n.* a dishonest person.

knav-er-y ('ĕr-i), *n.* dishonesty; fraud; deceit.

knav-ish ('ish), *adj.* dishonest; mischievous.

knead (nēd), *v.t.* to work into a mass, as dough; to mold.

knee (nē), *n.* the articulation of the leg and thigh bones.

kneel (nēl), *v.i.* to bend, or fall upon, the knees.

knell (nel), *n.* the sound of a bell, especially a funeral bell; an ill omen: *v.i.* to toll a funeral bell.

knife (nīf), *n.* a sharp-bladed cutting instrument.

knight (nīt), *n.* a title of honor; a mediæval champion: *v.t.* to confer the honor of knighthood upon.

knight-er-rant (-er'ânt), *n.* a knight roving in search of adventures.

knight-hood ('hood), *n.* the rank or dignity of a knight.

knit (nit), *v.t.* to tie, unite, or draw together; weave by needles; contract.

knit-ting ('ing), *n.* the work of a knitter.

knob (nob), *n.* the rounded handle of a door, etc.

knob-by ('i), *adj.* full of knobs; hard.

knock (nok), *n.* a hard blow; a rap: *v.t.* to strike, hit; dash against.

knoll (nōl), *n.* a rounded hillock; hilltop.

knot (not), *n.* a tie of thread or cord; entanglement; hard part in wood; a nautical mile: *v.t.* to tie in a knot; unite firmly or closely: *v.i.* form knots or joints.

knot-ty ('i), *adj.* full of knots; rugged; difficult.

know (nō), *v.t.* to understand clearly; have knowledge of; distinguish.

know-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* having knowledge; intelligent; shrewd.

knowl-edge (nol'ej), *n.* clear perception; information.

knuc-kle (nuk'l), *n.* the projecting joint of the fingers: *v.i.* to yield or submit.

ko-dak (ko'dak), *n.* a portable camera for taking instantaneous photographs.

kohl-ra-bi ('rȧ-bi), *n.* a variety of cabbage.

kou-miss (kōō'mis), *n.* a spirituous beverage made from fermented mare's milk. Also kumiss.

kraal (krawl), *n.* a kind of African village.

L

la (lä), *n.* the sixth note of the scale [Mus.].

la-bel (lā'bel), *n.* a small slip of paper, etc., attached to anything and containing an address or title: *v.t.* to mark or affix a label; classify.

la-bi-al (lā'bi-ȧl), *adj.* formed by the lips: *n.* a letter uttered by aid of the lips.

la-bor ('bĕr), *n.* toil; effort; travail: *v.i.* to work; toil; take pains; strive severely. *Syn.* effort, drudgery.

lab-or-a-to-ry (lab'or-ȧ-to-ri), *n.* a place for chemical or other research.

la-bo-ri-ous (lȧ-bō'ri-us), *adj.* difficult; toilsome.

lab-y-rinth (lab'i-rinth), *n.* a series of intricate winding passages.

lac (lak), *n.* a resin giving a fine dye.

lace (lās), *n.* work composed of fine threads; a plaited string: *v.t.* to fasten or trim with lace.

lac-er-ate (las'ĕr-āt), *v.t.* to rend; wound.

lac-er-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* the act of tearing; a rent.

lach-ry-mal (lak'ri-mȧl), *adj.* pertaining to tears.

lach-ry-mose ('ri-mōs), *adj.* tearful; sad.

lack (lak), *v.i.* to be deficient: *v.t.* to be destitute of: *n.* want; failure. *Syn.* need, scarcity, insufficiency.

lack-a-dai-si-cal (-ȧ-dā'zi-kȧl), *adj.* affectedly sentimental.

lack-ey ('i), *n.* a male servant; footman.

la-con-ic (-kon'ik), *adj.* brief; pithy; concise.

la-con-ic-al-ly (-ȧl-li), *adv.* briefly.

lac-quer (lak'ĕr), *n.* a kind of varnish: *v.t.* to varnish with this material.

lac-ta-tion (-tā'shun), *n.* the act of suckling.

lac-te-al ('te-ȧl), *adj.* pertaining to milk: *n.pl.* vessels conveying chyle.

la-cu-na (lȧ-kū'nȧ), *n.* a blank space; hiatus.

la-cus-trine (-kus'trin), *adj.* pertaining to a lake.

lad (lad), *n.* a boy or youth; comrade.

lad-der ('ĕr), *n.* a frame with steps for climbing.

lade (lād), *v.t.* to load; throw out liquid.

lad-ing ('ing), *n.* load; cargo; freight.

la-dle (lā'dl), *n.* a dipper or long-handled spoon.

la-drone (lȧ-drōn'), *n.* a robber; bandit; guerrilla.

la-dy (lā'di), *n.* mistress of a house; a well-bred woman; a title of respect.

lag (lag), *v.i.* to move slowly; loiter; stay behind.

lag-gard (lag'ĕrd), *n.* a slow person; a loiterer; *adj.* backward; slow.

la-goon (la-gōōn'), *n.* a shallow lake; marsh or fen.

la-ic (lā'ik), *adj.* pertaining to the laity.

lair (lār), *n.* the covert of a wild beast.

la-i-ty (lā'i-ti), *n.* the people, as distinguished from the clergy.

lake (lāk), *n.* a large body of water surrounded by land.

lamb (lam), *n.* the young of a sheep.

lam-bent ('bent), *adj.* playing about like flames.

lamb-kin ('kin), *n.* a little lamb.

lame (lām), *adj.* crippled in the limbs; not sound: *v.t.* to disable.

la-mel-la (la-mel'å), *n.* a thin scale or plate.

lame-ly (lām'li), *adv.* in a lame manner.

lame-ness ('nes), *n.* state of being lame.

la-ment (la-ment'), *v.t.* to mourn for; express sorrow. *Syn.* grieve, weep.

lam-en-ta-ble (lam'en-tå-bl), *adj.* mournful; pitiable.

lam-en-ta-bly (-bli), *adv.* in a mournful manner.

lam-en-ta-tion (-tā'shun), *n.* grief audibly expressed; outcry.

lam-i-na (lam'i-nå), *n.* a thin plate or scale; blade of a leaf.

lam-i-nar ('i-når), *adj.* made of thin plates.

lamp (lamp), *n.* a vessel for burning oil.

lamp-black ('blak), *n.* fine soot deposited by smoke.

lam-poon (lam-pōōn'), *n.* personal satire: *v.t.* to abuse with satire.

lam-prey ('pri), *n.* an eel-like fish.

lance (låns), *n.* a long spear: *v.t.* to pierce with a lance; open with a lancet.

lan-cer (lån'sẽr), *n.* a light cavalry soldier.

lan-cet ('set), *n.* a surgeon's knife.

land (land), *n.* the solid portion of the earth's surface; country; region; soil; real estate: *v.t.* to set on shore: *v.i.* disembark.

lan-dau ('dō), *n.* a kind of carriage.

land-lord ('lôrd), *n.* the keeper of a hotel; one who owns land or has tenants.

land-scape ('skāp), *n.* the aspect of a country.

lane (lān), *n.* a narrow street between hedges, walls, etc.

lan-guage (lang'gwej), *n.* human speech. *Syn.* dialect, idiom, tongue.

lan-guid ('gwid), *adj.* wanting energy; weak.

lan-guish ('gwish), *v.t.* to lose vigor; droop; pine away.

lank (langk), *adj.* lean; slender.

lank-y ('i), *adj.* tall and thin.

lan-tern (lan'tẽrn), *n.* a transparent case for carrying a light.

lan-yard ('yärd), *n.* a piece of rope, cord, etc.

lap (lap), *n.* the loose part of a garment; horizontal part of the body when seated: *v.t.* to bend over; lick up.

lap-el (la-pel'), *n.* part of a coat which laps over.

lap-i-da-ry (lap'i-da-ri), *n.* a cutter of or dealer in precious stones.

lap-pet ('et), *n.* a little loose flap.

lapse (laps), *v.i.* to glide; slip; fall by degrees; fail in duty: *n.* a passing away slowly; slight fault or mistake.

lar-board (lär'bōrd), *n.* the left side of a ship.

lar-ce-nous ('se-nus), *adj.* thievish.

lar-ce-ny ('se-ni), *n.* theft.

lard (lärd), *n.* the fat of swine: *v.t.* to cover with lard.

lar-der ('dẽr), *n.* a pantry; household provisions.

large (lärj), *adj.* bulky; wide; extensive. *Syn.* big, broad, huge, ample.

large-ly ('li), *adv.* to a large extent.

large-ness ('nes), *n.* the state of being large.

lar-gess ('jes), *n.* a gift or bounty.

lar-i-at (lar'i-at), *n.* a rope or lasso.

lark (lärk), *n.* a noted song-bird; a frolic.

lar-va (lär'vå), *n.* an insect in the grub or caterpillar stage.

lar-val ('vål), *adj.* pertaining to a larva.

lar-yn-ge-al (lar-in-jē'ål or 'jē-al), *adj.* pertaining to the larynx.

lar-ynx ('ingks), *n.* upper part of the windpipe.

las-civ-i-ous (-siv'i-s), *adj.* lustful; wanton.

lash (lash), *v.t.* to strike with a whip; scourge with satire; fasten with a rope: *n.* the thong of a whip; a scourge.

lass (lås), *n.* a young woman; girl.

las-si-tude ('i-tūd), *n.* weariness; languor.

las-so ('ō), *n.* a rope with a noose, used for catching wild horses and cattle: *v.t.* to catch with a lasso.

last (låst), *adj.* latest; utmost; least likely: *adv.* finally: *v.i.*

to endure: *n.* a wooden implement for shaping boots and shoes. *Syn.* final, latest, ultimate.

last-ing ('ing), *adj.* durable; permanent: *n.* a twilled fabric.

last-ly ('li), *adv.* in the last place.

latch (lach), *n.* a door catch: *v.t.* to fasten with a latch.

latch-et ('et), *n.* a shoe string.

late (lāt), *adj.* tardy; long delayed; recent; recently deceased: *adv.* after delay; recently.

late-ly ('li), *adv.* not long ago.

la-tent ('tent), *adj.* concealed; invisible.

lat-er-al (lat'ĕr-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to the side.

lath (lath), *n.* a strip of wood.

lathe (lāth), *n.* a machine for turning and polishing articles of wood, metal, etc.

lath-er (lath'ĕr), *n.* froth made by moistened soap: *v.t.* to cover with lather.

lat-i-tude ('i-tūd), *n.* distance on the earth's surface measured from the equator; breadth; extent; freedom from rules.

lat-i-tu-di-na-ri-an (-di-nā'-ri-ăn), *adj.* wide in range or scope; tolerant in opinions: *n.* one who holds broad views.

lat-ter ('ĕr), *adj.* the second of two; recent; modern.

lat-tice ('is), *n.* crossed open work: *v.t.* to form with cross bars.

laud (lawd), *v.t.* to praise highly; extol: *n.* praise in worship; commendation.

laud-a-ble ('ă-bl), *adj.* commendable; praiseworthy.

laud-a-num ('ă-num), *n.* a preparation of opium.

laud-a-tor ('ă-tĕr), *n.* one who praises.

laud-a-to-ry ('ă-to-ri), *adj.* expressing praise.

laugh (lăf), *n.* a sound expressive of merriment: *v.i.* to indicate merriment vocally.

laugh-ter ('tĕr), *n.* convulsive merriment.

launch (länch), *v.t.* to cause to slide into the water; hurl; dart; send forth: *n.* the act of launching a vessel; a ship's largest boat.

laun-dress (lawn'dres), *n.* a washer-woman.

laun-dry ('dri), *n.* a place where clothes are washed and ironed.

lau-re-ate (law'rē-āt), *adj.* invested with laurel: *n.* one crowned with laurel; a court poet.

lau-rel ('rel), *n.* an evergreen shrub.

lau-reled ('reld), *adj.* crowned with laurel.

la-va (lä'vä), *n.* molten volcanic matter.

lav-a-to-ry (lav'ă-to-ri), *n.* a place for washing.

lave (lāv), *v.t. & v.i.* to bathe or wash.

lav-en-der (lav'en-dĕr), an aromatic plant.

la-ver (lā'vĕr), *n.* a large vessel for washing in.

lav-ish (lav'ish), *adj.* profuse; extravagant: *v.t.* to squander; waste.

law (law), *n.* a rule of action; edict; jurisprudence; judicial process. *Syn.* code, edict, statute, decree.

law-ful ('fool), *adj.* conformable to law; just; legal. *Syn.* legitimate, licit.

law-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* legally; justly.

law-less ('les), *adj.* not according to law; ungoverned; unruly.

lawn (lawn), *n.* a plot of grass kept closely mown; fine cambric used in a bishop's gowns.

lawn-ten-nis ('ten-is), *n.* an out-door game played with rackets, balls, and a net.

law-suit ('sūt), *n.* an action at law.

law-yer ('yĕr), *n.* one skilled in legal knowledge.

lax (laks), *adj.* loose; vague; weak.

lax-a-tive ('ă-tiv), *adj.* loosening; purgative.

lax-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* the state of being lax.

lay (lā), *v.t.* to place; cause to lie down; settle; calm; wager: *v.i.* to produce eggs: *n.* a share of profits; a simple song: *adj.* pertaining to the people.

lay-er ('ĕr), *n.* a stratum; bed; shoot or twig.

lay-man ('mân), *n.* one of the people, as distinguished from a clergyman.

laz-a-ret-to (laz-ă-ret'o), *n.* a hospital for persons with infectious diseases.

la-zi-ly (lā'zi-li), *adv.* in a lazy manner.

la-zi-ness (-nes), *n.* indolence; sluggishness.

la-zy (lā'zi), *adj.* idle; indolent; slothful.

leach (lēch), *v.t.* to pass water through ashes to form lye.

lead (led), *n.* a soft metal; a plummet; a stick of plumbago: *adj.* consisting of lead: *v.i.* to furnish with lead.

lead (lēd), *v.t.* to guide; precede; allure; induce; *v.i.* to take precedence: *n.* guidance; precedence. *Syn.* conduct, guide.

lead-en ('en), *adj.* made of lead; heavy; sluggish.

lead-er (lēd'ĕr), *n.* one who leads; a chief editorial; a tendon.

lead-er-ship (-ship), *n.* the position of a leader; guidance.

leaf (lēf), *n.* a unit of plant foliage; anything thinly beaten; part of a book containing two pages.

leaf-age ('ej), *n.* leaves collectively.

leaf-let ('let), *n.* a small leaf; a folding circular.

leaf-y ('i), *adj.* full of leaves.

league (lēg), *n.* an alliance for mutual interests; 3 geographical miles: *v.t.* to combine; to confederate.

leak (lēk), *n.* a hole which lets in water: *v.i.* to let water through a hole.

leak-age ('ij), *n.* allowance for loss from a leak.

lean (lēn), *v.i.* to incline from an upright position: *adj.* thin; sterile; meager.

leap (lēp), *v.t.* to jump; spring over; vault: *n.* a jump; spring.

learn (lĕrn), *v.t.* to acquire knowledge of; fix in the mind.

learn-ed ('ed), *p.adj.* erudite; skilled; scholarly.

learn-ing ('ing), *n.* knowledge acquired by study.

lease (lēs), *n.* a written contract for the letting of land or tenements: *v.t.* to let by contract.

lease-hold ('hōld), *n.* property held by lease.

leash (lēsh), *n.* a leather thong; a band by which anything is held: *v.t.* to bind by a leash.

least (lēst), *adj.* smallest: *adv.* in the lowest degree.

leath-er (leth'ĕr), *n.* the tanned and curried skin of an animal.

leath-ern ('ĕrn), *adj.* made of leather.

leave (lēv), *n.* permission granted; departure; farewell: *v.t.* to depart from; forsake, abandon; bequeath. *Syn.* quit, relinquish, license.

leav-en (lev'n), *v.t.* to produce fermentation in; taint; imbue: *n.* ferment mixed with a body to render it light.

lech-er-y ('ĕr-i), *n.* lustfulness; lewdness.

lec-tion ('shun), *n.* reading.

lec-ture ('tūr), *n.* a discourse; reprimand: *v.i.* to deliver a discourse: *v.i.* to reprove.

ledge (lej), *n.* a shelf; ridge; layer; edge.

ledg-er ('ĕr), *n.* a chief book of accounts.

lee (lē), *n.* the side opposite to the wind; calm or sheltered side.

leech (lēch) *n.* an aquatic blood-sucking worm: *v.t.* to bleed with leeches.

leer (lēr), *n.* a sly, sidelong look.

lees (lēz), *n.pl.* dregs of liquor.

lee-ward (lōō'ĕrd), *n.* in the direction towards which the wind blows.

lee-way (lē'wā), *n.* the lateral drift of a vessel to leeward.

left (left), *adj.* opposite to *right*: *n.* the side opposite to *right*.

leg (leg), *n.* one of the limbs by which men and animals walk.

leg-a-cy ('â-si), *n.* a gift by will; bequest.

le-gal (lē'gâl), *adj.* pertaining to law; permitted by law.

le-gal-ize ('īz), *v.t.* to make lawful; sanction.

le-gal-i-ty ('-ti), *n.* conformity to law.

le-gal-ly ('li), *adv.* lawfully.

leg-ate (leg'āt), *n.* a papal ambassador; envoy.

le-ga-tion (le-gā'shun), *n.* an embassy; the suite or residence of an ambassador.

leg-end (lej'end), *n.* a romantic story of the past; myth.

leg-end-a-ry ('end-â-ri), *adj.* fabulous; mythical.

leg-er-de-main (-ĕr-de-mān'), *n.* sleight of hand.

leg-gings (leg'ingz), *n.pl.* long gaiters.

leg-i-bil-i-ty (lej-i-bil'i-ti), *n.* the state of being legible.

leg-i-ble ('i-bl), *adj.* capable of being read; clear; distinct; apparent.

leg-i-bly ('i-bli), *adv.* clearly; distinctly.

le-gion (lē′jun), *n.* a Roman division of soldiers; a great number.

le-gion-a-ry (′jun-ȧ-ri), *adj.* pertaining to legions; innumerable.

leg-is-late (lej′is-lāt), *v.i.* to enact a law: *v.t.* to effect by legislation.

leg-is-la-tion (-lā′shun), *n.* the act of making laws.

leg-is-la-tive (′is-lā-tiv), *adj.* pertaining to legislation.

leg-is-la-tor (-lā-tēr), *n.* a member of a legislative assembly.

leg-is-la-ture (-lā′tūr), *n.* that body in a state which makes laws.

le-git-i-ma-cy (le-jit′i-mȧ-si), *n.* lawfulness of birth.

le-git-i-mate (′i-māt), *adj.* lawful; born in wedlock; real; logically correct: *v.t.* to make, or sanction as, lawful.

le-git-i-mate-ly (-li), *adv.* in a legitimate manner.

lei-sure (lē′zhur), *n.* spare time; *adj.* free from business.

lei-sured (′zhurd), *adj.* having leisure.

lei-sure-ly (-li), *adj.* done at leisure; deliberate.

lem-on-ade (lem-on-ād′), *n.* a beverage of sweetened water flavored with lemon.

lend (lend), *v.t.* to grant to another for temporary use; accommodate: *v.i.* make a loan.

length (length), *n.* the extent from end to end; duration; reach.

length-en (′en), *v.t.* to make longer.

length-i-ly (′i-li), *adv.* at great length.

length-wise (′wīz), *adv.* in the direction of the length.

length-y (′i), *adj.* long and tiresome.

le-ni-en-cy (lē′ni-en-si), *n.* clemency.

le-ni-ent (′ni-ent), *adj.* mild; merciful.

len-i-tive (len′i-tiv), *adj.* assuaging; emollient.

len-i-ty (len′i-ti), *n.* mildness; humanity.

lens (lenz), *n.* a curved glass adapted for changing the direction of rays of light.

Lent (lent), *n.* a fast of 40 days before Easter.

Lent-en (lent′en), *adj.* pertaining to Lent.

len-tic-u-lar (len-tik′ū-lar), *adj.* doubly convex.

le-o-nine (le′o-nīn), *adj.* like a lion; powerful; kingly; noble.

lep-er (′ēr), *n.* one affected with leprosy.

lep-ro-sy (′ro-si), *n.* a chronic skin disease.

lep-rous (′rus), *adj.* infected with leprosy; unclean.

le-sion (lē′zhun), *n.* injury; morbid change in a function.

less (les), *adj.* not so much; smaller: *adv.* in a lower degree: *n.* a smaller quantity.

less-en (′en), *v.t.* to make less; reduce.

les-son (les′n), *n.* that which a pupil learns; instruction given at one time; exercise.

les-sor (′ēr), *n.* the grantor of a lease.

lest (lest). *conj.* that not; for fear that.

let (let), *v.t.* to permit; lease; give out on contract; suffer something to be done.

leth-al (lē′thȧl), *adj.* deadly; fatal.

le-thar-gic (le-thär′jik), *adj.* sluggish; drowsy.

leth-ar-gy (leth′ȧr-ji), *n.* morbid drowsiness; unnatural prolonged slumber.

let-ter (′ēr), *n.* an alphabetical character; a written message; a printing type; literal meaning: *pl.* knowledge; erudition.

let-tered (′ērd), *adj.* learned; marked with letters.

let-ter-ing (′ing), *n.* inscribing with letters.

lev-ee (lev′ē), *n.* a morning reception held by a personage of high position; a river embankment.

lev-el (′el), *n.* a flat surface; equality: *adj.* even; horizontal; smooth: *v.t.* to make even.

lev-er (lev′ēr or lē′vēr), *n.* a bar turning on a support for raising a weight.

lev-er-age (-ej), *n.* the power gained by using a lever; lever action.

lev-i-a-ble (′i-ȧ-bl), *adj.* that may be levied upon.

le-vi-a-than (le-vī′ȧ-thȧn), *n.* a large sea animal spoken of in the Bible.

lev-i-gate (lev′i-gāt), *v.t.* to reduce to a fine powder.

lev-i-ta-tion (lev-i-tā′shun), *n.* buoyancy.

lev-i-ty (lev′i-ti), *n.* inconsistency; trifling gaiety; lightness of weight.

lev-y ('ĭ), *v.t.* to raise or collect; seize in execution: *n.* the act of raising money or men.

lewd (lūd), *adj.* licentious; libidinous.

lex-i-cog-ra-pher (-kog'rȧ-fĕr), *n.* the editor or compiler of a lexicon.

lex-i-cog-ra-phy ('rȧ-fi), *n.* the art of compiling dictionaries or lexicons.

lex-i-con ('si-kon), *n.* a dictionary; a word book.

li-a-bil-i-ty (-ȧ-bil'i-ti), *n.* the state of being liable.

li-a-ble ('ȧ-bl), *adj.* exposed to damage; responsible.

li-ar (lī'ȧr), *n.* one addicted to falsehood.

li-ba-tion (-bā'shun), *n.* the offering of wine as a sacrifice.

li-bel ('bel), *n.* any public act or writing defaming the character of another: *v.t.* to defame through malice; attack through legal writ.

li-bel-ous (-us), *adj.* containing a libel.

li-ber ('bĕr), *n.* the innermost layer of bark.

lib-er-al (lib'ĕr-ȧl), *adj.* generous; tolerant; broad-minded: *n.* an advocate of freedom in political institutions.

lib-er-al-ize (-īz), *v.t.* to free from narrow views.

lib-er-al-i-ty (-al'i-ti), *n.* generosity; magnanimity; mental breadth; catholicity.

lib-er-ate ('ĕr-āt), *v.t.* to set free.

lib-er-a-tor (-ā-tĕr), *n.* one who liberates.

lib-er-tine ('ĕr-tin), *n.* a dissolute man: *adj.* licentious.

lib-er-tin-ism (-izm), *n.* debauchery; extreme opinions.

lib-er-ty ('ĕr-ti), *n.* freedom; immunity; permission. *Syn.* independence, license.

li-bid-i-nous (li-bid'i-nus), *adj.* lustful.

li-bra-ri-an (-brā'ri-ȧn), *n.* one in charge of a library.

li-bra-ry ('bra-ri), a building for keeping books; collection of books.

li-bra-tion (-brā'shun), *n.* the act of balancing.

li-bra-to-ry ('brȧ-tō-ri), *adj.* oscillating.

li-bret-to ('tō), *n.* a book containing the words of an opera.

lice (līs), *pl.* of louse.

li-cense (lī'sens), *n.* permission; leave; unrestrained liberty: *v.t.* to authorize by a legal permit.

li-cen-ti-ate (-sen'shi-āt), *n.* one licensed to preach or practice a profession

li-cen-tious ('shus), *adj.* unrestrained; lascivious.

li-chen (lī'ken or lich'en), *n.* an order of flowerless plants.

lick (lik), *v.t.* to pass the tongue over; lap up; vanquish; chastise: *n.* a quick stroke; a salt spring.

lic-o-rice (lik'o-ris), *n.* the root of the licorice plant.

lid (lid), *n.* cover of a box or vessel; top; eyelid.

lie (lī), *v.i.* to rest at full length; lean or press; remain; to utter a falsehood; make a false statement: *n.* a falsehood.

lief (lēf), *adv.* willingly; rather.

liege (lēj), *adj.* bound by tenure: *n.* a vassal; a sovereign.

li-en (lē'en, lī'en or lēn), *n.* a legal claim; security for payment.

lieu (lū), *n.* place; stead.

lieu-ten-an-cy (-ten'an-si), *n.* the rank of a lieutenant.

lieu-ten-ant ('ȧnt), *n.* an officer below a captain; a deputy.

life (lif), *n.* existence; vitality; energy; spirit. *Syn.* animation, vivacity

life-guard ('gärd), *n.* a body-guard.

lift (lift), *v.t.* to raise; elevate: *n.* the act of lifting; assistance in lifting; elevation; an elevator. *Syn.* erect, exalt.

lig-a-ment (lig'ȧ-ment), *n.* a strong tissue attached to bones; bond or tie.

lig-a-ture (lig'ȧ-tur), *n.* a bandage or tie.

light (līt), *n.* that by which we see; an illuminating agent; *adj.* clear; bright; not heavy; short in weight: *v.t.* to inflame; illuminate; guide by a light; rest or settle.

light-en ('en), *v.t.* to illuminate; flash out; render less heavy.

light-er ('ĕr), *n.* a barge for loading and unloading vessels.

light-house ('hous), *n.* a building with a light to direct mariners at night.

light-ning ('ning), *n.* a flash of electricity in the air.

lig-ne-ous (lig′ne-us), *adj.* woody.

lig-nite ('nīt), *n.* an imperfect kind of coal.

like (līk), *adj.* similar; resembling; disposed: *adv.* in the same manner: *v.t.* to approve; enjoy.

like-ly ('li), *adj.* probable; suitable: *adv.* probably. *Syn.* apt, credible.

like-ness ('nes), *n.* similarity; portrait. *Syn.* resemblance.

lik-ing ('ing), *n.* preference; fondness.

li-lac (lī′lak), *n.* a shrub with purple flowers; a color.

lil-li-pu-ti-an (lil-i-pū′shun), *adj.* very diminutive.

lil-y (lil′i), *n.* a bulbous plant with handsome flowers.

limb (lim), *n.* a part of the body; branch of a tree.

lim-ber ('bĕr), *adj.* pliant; easily bent: *v.t.* to make pliant.

lime (līm), *n.* a calcareous earth; a viscous substance; the linden tree; a fruit of the orange kind.

lime-light ('līt), *n.* a light of great brilliancy.

lime-stone ('stōn), *n.* a rock containing carbonate of lime.

lim-it (lim′it), *n.* a border; boundary; utmost extent: *v.t.* to confine within bounds; to restrict the significance of.

lim-i-ta-tion (i-tā′shun), *n.* restriction.

limn (lim), *v.t.* to paint or draw; illuminate.

lim-ou-sine (lim-ou-zin′), *n.* the body of a closed automobile.

limp (limp), *adj.* flexible; flaccid: *n.* a halt in walking: *v.i.* to walk with a halt.

lim-pet ('pet), *n.* a gastropod of the genus Patella, which adheres firmly to rocks by its foot sucker.

lim-pid (lim′pid), *adj.* clear; pure; transparent.

limp-sy ((limp′si), *adj.* flimsy; weak.

lim-y (līm′i), *adj.* containing, or like, lime.

linch-pin (linch′pin), *n.* the pin which keeps a wheel on the axle.

lin-den (lin′den), *n.* the lime tree.

line (līn), *n.* length without breadth; a string or cord; extended row; extent; direction; equator; *v.t.* to draw lines upon; to add an inner covering to.

lin-e-age (lin′e-āj), *n.* ancestral line of descent; family.

lin-e-al ('e-ăl), *adj.* composed of lines; in direct descent.

lin-e-al-ly (-li), *adv.* by direct descent.

lin-e-a-ment ('ē-ă-ment), *n.* feature; outline.

lin-e-ar ('ē-ăr), *adj.* like a line; straight; slender.

lin-e-ate ('ē-āt), *adj.* marked with lines.

lin-en ('en), *n.* a cloth made of flax: *adj.* made of linen.

li-ner (lī′nĕr), *n.* a steamship belonging to a packet company.

ling (ling), *n.* an edible cod-like fish; heather.

lin-ger ('gĕr), *v.i.* to delay; loiter; remain long. *Syn.* lag, tarry, saunter.

lin-ger-ie (lang-zhe-rē′), *n.* underclothing.

lin-go (ling′gō), *n.* language; dialect.

lin-gual ('gwăl), *adj.* pertaining to the tongue.

lin-guist ('gwist), *n.* one skilled in languages.

lin-guis-tic ('tik), *adj.* pertaining to linguistics.

lin-guis-tics ('tiks), *n.pl.* comparative philology.

lin-gu-late ('gū-lāt), *adj.* tongue-shaped.

lin-i-ment (lin′i-ment), *n.* a soft ointment.

lin-ing (līn′ing), *n.* an inside covering; contents.

link (lingk), *n.* a ring of a chain; part in a series; connection: *v.t.* to connect by a link.

lin-net (lin′et), a small singing bird.

lin-seed (lin′sēd), *n.* the seed of flax, yielding linseed oil.

lint (lint), *n.* scraped linen used for dressing wounds.

lin-tel (lin′tel), *n.* the top of a door frame.

li-on (lī′un), *n.* a large carnivorous mammal: *pl.* noted persons or places.

li-on-ize (-iz), *v.t.* to treat as an object of interest.

li-on's-share ('unz-shăr), *n.* the major part.

lip (lip), *n.* the border of the mouth; edge of anything.

lipped (lipt′), *adj.* having lips or rounded edges.

li-qua-tion (li-kwā′shun), *n.* the process of melting.

liq-ue-fa-ci-ent (lik-we-fā′-shi-ent), *adj.* serving to liquefy.

liq-ue-fac-tion (-fak′shun), *n.* the state of being melted.

liq-ue-fy ('we-fī), *v.t.* to melt or make liquid.

li-ques-cent (-kwes'ent), *adj.* becoming liquid.

liq-uid (lik'wid), *adj.* clear; not solid; readily flowing: *n.* a water-like substance.

liq-ui-date ('wi-dāt), *v.t.* to pay off as a debt.

liq-ui-da-tion (-dā'shun), *n.* the act of paying off.

liq-uor (lik'ĕr), *n.* an alcoholic beverage; a liquid.

liq-uor-ice. Same as licorice.

lisle (līl), *n.* a fine white thread; hand-made lace.

lisp (lisp), *v.i.* to pronounce imperfectly: *n.* the imperfect utterance of *s* and *z*.

lis-som (lis'um), *n.* supple; lithesome.

list (list), *n.* a catalogue; strip of cloth; inclination to one side: *pl.* an enclosing for a tournament: *v.t.* to catalogue; sew together; cause to tilt; listen to: *v.t.* to enlist; choose.

lis-ten (lis'n), *v.i.* to attend to; hearken. *Syn.* hark, hear, heed.

list-ing ('ing), *n.* the act of making a schedule.

list-less ('les), *adj.* indifferent; languid.

lit, *p.t.* & *p.p.* of light.

lit-a-ny (lit'â-ni), *n.* a solemn form of prayer.

lit-er-a-cy (lit'ĕr-â-si), *n.* ability to read and write.

lit-er-al ('ĕr-âl), *adj.* following the exact words.

lit-er-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in a literal sense.

lit-er-a-ry ('ĕr-â-ri), *adj.* pertaining to literature.

lit-er-ate ('ĕr-āt), *adj.* learned: *n.* a literary man.

lit-er-a-ti (-ā'tī), *n.pl.* the learned.

lit-e-ra-tim (-ĕr-ā'tim), *adv.* literally.

lit-er-a-ture ('ĕr-a-tūr), *n.* the literary productions of a country or period; literary work; learning.

lithe (lī*th*), *adj.* supple; pliant.

lithe-some ('sum), *adj.* nimble; lissom.

lith-ic (lith'ik), *adj.* pertaining to stone.

lith-o-graph (lith'o-gråf), *n.* a print reproduced from a drawing on stone.

lith-o-graph-ic ('ik), *adj.* pertaining to lithography.

lith-og-ra-phy (-og'rå-fi), *n.* the art of making a design on stone and printing this.

lit-i-gant (lit'i-gânt), *n.* one who contends in law: *adj.* inclined to litigation.

lit-i-gate ('i-gāt), *v.i.* to engage in a lawsuit.

lit-i-ga-tion (-gā'shun), *n.* contention in law.

li-tig-ious (li-tij'us), *adj.* inclined to lawsuits.

lit-ter (lit'ĕr), *n.* bedding for horses; a portable bed for the sick; state of untidiness; the young produced at one birth, as pigs, etc.: *v.t.* to cover with straw; scatter about carelessly: *v.i.* bring forth a litter of young.

lit-tle (lit'l), *adj.* small in size, quantity, or importance; insignificant; mean: *adv.* in a small degree; not much: *n.* small in size, quantity, etc. *Syn.* diminutive, small.

lit-to-ral ('o-râl), *adj.* pertaining to the shore: *n.* country lying near the shore.

li-tur-gic (li-tĕr'jik), *adj.* pertaining to a liturgy. Also liturgical.

lit-ur-gy (lit'ĕr-ji), *n.* the ritual for public worship.

live (liv), *v.i.* to exist; reside; endure: *adj.* (liv) having life; quick; energetic.

live-li-hood (līv'li-hood), *n.* means of living. *Syn.* subsistence, support.

live-li-ness (-nes), *n.* briskness; animation.

live-ly ('li), *adj.* active; brisk; sprightly; vivid. *Syn.* merry, sportive.

liv-er (liv'ĕr), *n.* the organ that secretes bile.

liv-er-y ('ĕr-i), *n.* a costume worn by servants; keeping for hire.

liv-id ('id), *adj.* discolored as by a bruise; ashy pale.

liv-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* having life; active; quickening: *n.* livelihood; mode of life.

liz-ard (liz'ârd), *n.* a small scaly reptile.

lo (lō), *interj.* behold! see! look! observe!

load (lōd), *v.t.* to burden; weigh down; embarrass; freight; charge, as a gun: *n.* a burden; weight; pressure. *Syn.* cargo, freight, encumbrance.

load-star ('stâr), *n.* the pole-star.

load-stone ('stōn), *n.* a native magnet. Also lodestone.

loaf (lōf), *v.i.* to idle away time: *n.* a large cake of bread.

loaf-er ('ĕr), *n.* a disreputable idler.

loam (lōm), *n.* rich vegetable mold; marl.

loan (lōn), *n.* money or goods lent: *v.i.* to lend.

loath (lōth), *adj.* unwilling; reluctant.

loathe (lōth), *v.t.* to regard with disgust; detest.

loath-ing ('ing), *n.* disgust; nausea.

loath-some ('sum), *adj.* exciting loathing.

lob (lob), *n.* a lumpy mixture; a lout: *v.t.* to pitch with deliberation.

lo-bate (lō'bāt), *adj.* lobe-like.

lob-by (lob'i), *n.* a small hall or waiting room; the part of a legislative hall free to the public: *v.i.* to solicit legislative votes.

lob-by-ist (-ist), *n.* a person who tries to influence the votes of legislators.

lobe (lōb), *n.* any rounded and projecting part; part of the ear or the lungs.

lob-scouse ('skous), *n.* a hash of meat and vegetables.

lob-ster ('stĕr), *n.* an edible marine crustacean.

lo-cal (lō'kăl), *adj.* pertaining to a place: *n.* a paragraph of local interest.

lo-cal-ism ('kăl-izm), *n.* anything restricted to a particular locality.

lo-cal-i-ty (-kal'i-ti), *n.* existence in place; position.

lo-cal-ize ('kăl-īz), *v.t.* to limit in place.

lo-cal-ly (-li), *adv.* with respect to place.

lo-cate (lō'kāt), *v.t.* to place; establish; mark the position of: *v.i.* to settle.

lo-ca-tion (-kā'shun), *n.* place; position.

lock (lok), *n.* fastening for a door; mechanism for firing a gun; part of a canal for lowering or lifting boats; a tuft of hair or wool: *v.t.* to fasten with a lock; shut up; confine. *Syn.* bar, bolt, hook, fastening.

lock-et ('et), *n.* a small gold or silver case.

lock-jaw ('jaw), *n.* a spasmodic contraction of the lower jaw; tetanus.

lock-out ('out), *n.* the exclusion of workmen from a factory: *v.t.* to close a factory against its operatives.

lock-smith ('smith), *n.* a maker of locks.

lock-up ('up), *n.* a temporary prison; jail.

lo-co-mo-tion (lō-kō-mō'shun), *n.* the act of moving from place to place.

lo-co-mo-tive ('tiv), *adj.* pertaining to locomotion: not stationary; *n.* a steam engine for drawing railway cars.

lo-co-mo-tor ('tĕr), *adj.* pertaining to locomotion.

lo-cust ('kust), *n.* a migratory and destructive insect; a tree of the bean family.

lo-cu-tion (-kū'shun), *n.* speech; phrase.

lode (lōd), *n.* a vein containing metallic ore.

lodge (loj), *v.i.* to reside for a time; be deposited: *n.* a gatekeeper's cottage; wild beast's den.

lodg-er ('ĕr), *n.* one who resides in lodgings.

lodg-ing ('ing), *n.* a place of temporary residence.

lodg-ment ('ment), *n.* the act of lodging.

loft (loft), *n.* a room directly beneath a roof.

loft-i-ly ('i-li), *adv.* in a lofty manner.

loft-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state of being lofty.

loft-y ('i), *adj.* very high; proud; stately; sublime.

log (log), *n.* an undressed piece of timber; an apparatus for ascertaining a ship's speed.

log-a-rithm ('ă-rithm), *n.* a series of numbers used in mathematical calculations.

log-a-rith-mic (-rith'mik), *adj.* pertaining to logarithms.

log-book ('book), *n.* a ship's diary recording its progress and daily events.

log-ger-head ('ĕr-hed), *n.* a blockhead; dolt.

log-ging (log'ing), *n.* cutting down timber.

log-ic (loj'ik), *n.* the science of correct reasoning.

log-ic-al (-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to logic.

log-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* by the rules of logic.

lo-gi-cian (lō-jish'un), *n.* one skilled in logic.

log-wood ('wood), *n.* a deep-red wood used in dyeing.

loin (loin), *n.* the lower part of an animal's back: *pl.* the reins.

loi-ter (loi'tĕr), *v.i.* to spend time idly; delay; linger.

loll (lol), *v.i.* to lounge at ease; hang out the tongue.

lone (lōn), *adj.* solitary; retired; by one's self.

lone-li-ness ('lī-nes), *n.* the state of being lonely.

lone-ly ('lī), *adj.* deserted; solitary; unfrequented.

lone-some ('sum), *adj.* secluded from society; unfrequented.

long (lông), *adj.* extended in time, or length; tedious; lingering: *adv.* for a length of time: *v.i.* to desire eagerly. *Syn.* extended, extensive.

long-boat ('bōt), *n.* the largest boat of a ship.

lon-gev-i-ty (lon-jev'i-ti), *n.* extended age.

long-hand (lông'hand), *n.* ordinary handwriting.

long-ing (long'ing), *n.* earnest desire.

lon-gi-tude (lon'ji-tūd), *n.* distance east and west on the earth's surface.

lon-gi-tu-di-nal (-tū'di-nal), *adj.* pertaining to longitude.

lon-gi-tu-di-nal-ly (-li), *adv.* lengthwise.

look (look), *v.t.* to search or seek for; turn the eyes upon: *n.* the act of looking; mien; aspect. *Syn.* appear, seem.

loom (lōōm), *n.* a machine for weaving cloth: *v.i.* to appear larger than in reality.

loop (lōōp), *n.* a folding or doubling of string, rope, etc; *v.t.* to form into loops.

loop-hole ('hōl), *n.* a narrow aperture for observation or defense; means of evasion.

loose (lōōs), *adj.* not fast; unbound; unconnected; lax in principles: *v.t.* to set free; unbind; relax.

loos-en (lōōs'n), *v.t.* to free from tightness; relax.

loot (lōōt), *v.t.* to pillage or plunder: *n.* booty; spoils.

lop (lop), *v.t.* to cut off; trim: *v.i.* to hang down.

lop-si-ded ('sī-ded), *n.* heavier on one side.

lo-qua-cious (lō-kwā'shus), *adj.* talkative.

lo-quac-i-ty (-kwas'i-ti), *n.* talkativeness.

lord (lôrd), *n.* a master; sovereign; a title of nobility: *v.t.* to preside over: *v.i.* to domineer.

lord-li-ness ('li-nes), *n.* lordly degree or rank; pride.

lord-ling ('ling), *n.* a little or would-be lord.

lord-ship ('ship), *n.* dominions; title of address to noblemen.

lore (lōr), *n.* learning; instruction.

lor-gnette (lôr-nyet'), *n.* an opera glass.

lorn (lôrn), *adj.* forsaken; forlorn.

lose (lōōz), *v.t.* to be deprived of; mislay; forfeit: *v.i.* to yield; be defeated.

loss (lôs), *n.* deprivation; failure; defeat. *Syn.* detriment, damage.

lost (lôst), *p.adj.* missing; forfeited; perplexed.

lot (lot), *n.* fortune; destiny; portion; great quantity.

lo-tion (lō'shun), *n.* a medicated wash.

lot-ter-y (lot'ĕr-i), *n.* a distribution of prizes by chance.

loud (loud), *adj.* high sounding; noisy: *adv.* loudly. *Syn.* clamorous, ostentatious.

loud-ly ('li), *adv.* in a loud manner; ostentatiously.

lounge (lounj), *v.i.* to spend time lazily; live indolently: *n.* a low-backed couch.

louse (lous), *n.* an insect parasitic on man and animals.

lou-sy (lou'zi), *adj.* infested with lice.

lout (lout), *n.* an awkward fellow.

lov-a-ble (luv'ȧ-bl), *adj.* worthy of love.

love (luv), *n.* a strong feeling of affection; devoted attachment to; a sweetheart: *v.t.* to regard with strong affection.

love-feast ('fēst), *n.* a religious feast.

love-li-ness ('li-nes), *n.* the quality of being lovely.

love-ly ('li), *adj.* exciting love; amiable; beautiful.

lov-er ('ĕr), *n.* one who loves; one deeply attached.

lov-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* devoted; affectionate.

low (lō), *adj.* depressed; subdued; cheap; moderate; vulgar; abject: *n.* the bellow of cattle: *adv.* deeply; softly; *v.i.* to bellow like cattle. *Syn.* abject, mean.

low-er ('ĕr), *v.t.* to bring down; reduce in price; weaken; humble: *v.i.* to sink; fall; (lou'er) to appear gloomy, or threatening.

low-er-ing (lou'ĕr-ing), *p.adj.* threatening a storm; gloomy.

low-er-most (lō'ĕr-mōst), *adj.* lowest.

low-ing ('ing), *n.* the bellow of cattle.

low-li-ness ('li-nes), *n.* the state of being lowly.

low-ly ('li), *adj.* low in rank or size; humble; modest.

loy-al (loi'ăl), *adj.* faithful to one's superior or country; true to plighted faith or duty.

loy-al-ist (-ist), *n.* one faithful to sovereign or country.

loy-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in a loyal manner.

loz-enge (loz'enj), *n.* a rhomb; a sweetmeat.

lub-ber (lub'ĕr), *n.* a clumsy fellow; a raw sailor.

lu-bri-cant (lū'bri-kănt), *n.* an oily substance.

lu-bri-cate (-kāt), *v.t.* to make smooth or slippery.

lu-cid ('sid), *adj.* clear; readily understood; shining; transparent.

lu-cid-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* the state of being lucid.

Lu-ci-fer ('si-fĕr), *n.* Venus, as the morning star; Satan; a match ignited by friction.

luck (luk), *n.* chance; accident; fortune, either good or bad; success.

luck-i-ly ('i-li), *adv.* in a lucky manner.

luck-y ('i), *adj.* having good fortune; successful; auspicious.

lu-cra-tive (lū'krā-tiv), *adj.* profitable.

lu-cra-tive-ly (-li), *adv.* profitably.

lu-di-crous ('di-krus), *adj.* exciting mirth; comical.

luff (luf), *n.* that part of a ship towards the wind: *v.i.* to steer nearer to the wind.

lug (lug), *v.i.* to drag; move heavily; pull laboriously: *n.* something difficult to move; a projecting part; the ear.

lug-gage ('ej), *n.* effects of a traveler; baggage.

lu-gu-bri-ous (-gū'bri-us), *adj.* mournful.

luke-warm ('wärm), *adj.* moderately warm.

lull (lul), *v.t.* to soothe; quiet: *v.i.* to become calm: *n.* abatement; temporary calm.

lull-a-by ('ă-bī), *n.* a cradle-song.

lum-ba-go (-bā'gō), *n.* rheumatism of the loins.

lum-ber ('bĕr), *n.* rubbish; rough timber: *v.t.* to fill with rubbish; heap in disorder.

lu-mi-na-ry (lōō'mi-na-ri), *n.* a body emitting light, especially a heavenly body.

lu-mi-nes-cence (lū-mi-nes'-ens), *n.* power of emitting light.

lu-mi-nif-er-ous (-nif'ĕr-us), *adj.* emitting light.

lu-mi-nous ('mi-nus), *adj.* bright; clear; perspicuous.

lump (lump), *n.* a shapeless mass; a swelling: *v.t.* to throw in the gross; heap indiscriminately.

lu-na-cy (lū'nă-si), *n.* mental unsoundness. *Syn.* insanity, mania, madness.

lu-nar ('när), *adj.* pertaining to the moon.

lu-nate ('nāt), *adj.* crescent-shaped.

lu-na-tic ('nă-tik), *adj.* affected with lunacy: *n.* one who is insane.

lu-na-tion (-nā'shun), *n.* a revolution of the moon.

lunch (lunch), *n.* food between breakfast and dinner. Also luncheon: *v.i.* to take lunch.

lu-nette (lū-net'), *n.* anything shaped like a half-moon.

lung (lung), *n.* an organ of respiration.

lunge (lunj), *n.* a sudden thrust with the sword; sudden lurch: *v.i.* to make a lunge.

lurch (lĕrch), *n.* a sudden roll of a ship; a forlorn position: *v.i.* to roll suddenly to one side.

lure (lūr), *v.t.* to allure: *n.* an enticement: bait.

lur-id ('id), *adj.* wan; ghastly; pale.

lurk (lĕrk), *v.i.* to lie in wait; be concealed.

lus-cious (lush'us), *adj.* sweet to excess.

lush (lush), *adj.* rich and juicy.

lust (lust), *n.* strong desire to enjoy: *v.i.* to desire strongly; have inordinate desires.

lust-ful ('fool), *adj.* sensual; robust.

lust-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in a lustful manner.

lust-i-ly ('i-li), *adv.* in a lusty manner.

lust-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state of being lusty.

lus-tral (lus'trăl), *adj.* pertaining to purification.

lus-tra-tion (-trā'shun), *n.* purification.

lus-ter ('tĕr), *n.* brightness; splendor; renown; a kind of chandelier.

lus-trous ('trus), *adj.* having a luster.

lust-y ('i), *adj.* robust; vigorous; healthy.

lute (lūt), *n.* a stringed musical instrument; a composition of clay.

lux-u-ri-ance (lug-zū'ri-åns), *n.* exuberant in growth.

lux-u-ri-ant ('ri-ånt), *adj.* superabundant; superfluous.

lux-u-ri-ate ('ri-āt), *v.i.* to indulge unrestrainedly.

lux-u-ri-ous ('ri-us), *adj.* pertaining to luxury.

lux-u-ry (luk'shu-ri), *n.* excessive indulgence in the pleasures of the senses, dress, etc.; a dainty; anything productive of enjoyment.

ly-ce-um (lī-sē'um), *n.* an academy; a literary association.

lye (lī), *n.* an alkaline solution.

ly-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* addicted to falsehood; being recumbent: *n.* untruthfulness.

lying-in (-in), pertaining to child-birth.

lymph (limf), *n.* a colorless alkaline nutritive fluid in animal bodies.

lym-pha-tic (lim-fat'ik), *adj.* pertaining to, containing, or conveying lymph; sluggish; *pl.* the minute ducts which convey lymph.

lynch (linch), *v.t.* to punish as a criminal without legal trial, or by what is known as lynch-law.

lynx (links), *n.* a fierce, cat-like animal, proverbial for its keenness of sight.

lyre (līr), *n.* a musical instrument of the harp kind; used by the ancients to accompany the voice.

lyre-bird ('bērd), *n.* an Australian bird with a long, wide-spread tail resembling in shape a lyre.

lyr-ic (lir'ik), *adj.* adapted to singing to a lyre: *n.* a lyric composition.

lyr-ic po-et-ry (pō'et-ri), *n.* poetry expressive of emotion.

lyr-ist (lir'ist), *n.* one who plays on the lyre; a composer of lyric poems.

M

ma (mä), *n.* contraction of mamma; a Hindu form of respectful address to a woman.

mac-ad-am-ize (mak-ad' åm-iz), *v.t.* to cover a road with small broken stone.

mac-a-ro-ni (-å-rō'ni), *n.* a paste composed of fine flour and made into long thin tubes.

mac-a-ron-ic (-ron'ik), *adj.* a burlesque composition consisting of a jumble of incongruous words.

ma-caw (må-kaw'), *n.* a large and handsome parrot.

mace (mās), *n.* a staff of official dignity; a spice; a club.

mac-er-ate (mas'ēr-āt), *v.t.* to soften by steeping in a fluid; make lean.

ma-che-te (må-chā'tā), *n.* a large heavy knife used for cutting through tropical forests and other purposes.

mach-i-na-tion (mak-i-nā'-shun) *n.* a plot; artifice. *Syn.* intrigue, conspiracy.

ma-chine (må-shēn'), *n.* any contrivance employing motive power; an engine; a political combination.

ma-chin-er-y ('ēr-i), *n.* machines collectively; parts of a machine.

ma-chin-ist ('ist), *n.* a constructor of machines; one who operates a machine.

mack-er-el (mak'ēr-el), *n.* an edible marine fish.

mack-in-tosh (mak'in-tosh), *n.* a water-proof overcoat.

mac-ro-cosm (mak'ro-kozm), *n.* the universe.

mad (mad), *adj.* mentally disordered; infatuated; furious.

mad-am ('åm), *n.* a complimentary form of address to a lady.

mad-cap ('kap), *n.* a wild, thoughtless person.

mad-den ('n), *v.t.* and *v.i.* to make or become mad.

mad-der ('ēr), *n.* a plant which yields a red dye.

mad-ding ('ing), *adj.* raging; furious.

made (mād), *adj.* artificially produced or formed.

mad-man ('man), *n.* an insane man.

mad-ness ('nes), *n.* mental derangement; folly.

Ma-don-na (mä-don'nä), *n.* a picture of the Virgin Mary.

mad-ri-gal ('ri-gäl), *n.* a light amorous song; a pastoral poem.

mag-a-zine (mag-ä-zēn'), *n.* a warehouse; military store-house; periodical publication.

ma-gen-ta (mä-jen'tä), *n.* a red aniline dye.

mag-got (mag'ot), *n.* the footless larva of a fly; grub; whim.

mag-got-y ('ot-i), *adj.* full of maggots; whimsical.

mag-ic (maj'ik), *n.* sorcery; witchcraft; enchantment: *adj.* enchanted. Also magical.

ma-gi-cian (mä-jish'ăn), *n.* one skilled in magic.

mag-ic lan-tern (maj'ik lan'-tērn), *n.* an optical instrument for magnifying small pictures on a screen in a dark room.

mag-is-te-ri-al (maj-is-tē'ri-äl), *adj.* authoritative. *Syn.* dignified, pompous, stately.

mag-is-tra-cy ('is-trä-si), *n.* the office of a magistrate.

mag-is-trate ('is-trāt), *n.* a civil officer with limited judicial and executive powers.

mag-na-nim-i-ty (mag-nä-nim'i-ti), *n.* greatness of mind; nobility.

mag-nan-i-mous (-nan'i-mus), *adj.* great of mind; generous; noble in thought.

mag-nate ('nāt), *n.* a person of rank or distinction.

mag-ne-si-a (-nē'zhi-ä), *n.* a white earthy powder.

mag-ne-si-um (-um), *n.* a metallic element, the base of magnesia.

mag-net ('net), *n.* the loadstone; a magnetized steel bar.

mag-net-ic ('ik), *adj.* possessing attractive properties.

mag-net-ism (-izm), *n.* that property by which iron and some other bodies are capable of attracting or repelling each other.

mag-net-ize ('net-īz), *v.t.* to communicate magnetic properties.

mag-nif-i-cence ('i-sens), *n.* grandeur; splendor; pomp.

mag-nif-i-cent ('i-sent), *adj.* grand in appearance; splendid; sublime.

mag-ni-fi-er ('ni-fī-ēr), *n.* that which magnifies.

mag-ni-fy ('ni-fī), *v.t.* to make greater; increase in apparent dimensions.

mag-nil-o-quent (-nil'ō-kwent), *adj.* pompous in style or speech; bombastic.

mag-ni-tude ('ni-tūd), *n.* comparative size; extent of dimensions; importance.

mag-num ('num), *n.* a large wine bottle.

mag-pie ('pī), *n.* a chattering bird of the crow genus.

ma-hat-ma (mä-hät'mä), *n.* a priest of the inner cult of Buddhism; a theosophist.

mahl-stick (mawl'stik), *n.* a stick used by painters as a rest for the hand while painting.

ma-hog-a-ny (mä-hog'ä-ni), *n.* a tree of tropical America yielding a handsome cabinet wood.

maid (mād), *n.* a young unmarried woman; a female servant.

maid-en ('en), *n.* an unmarried woman; virgin; girl; *adj.* pure; innocent; maidenlike.

maid-en-hair (-här), *n.* a delicate-leafed fern.

maid-en-ly (-li), *adj.* like a maiden; modest.

mail (māl), *n.* body armor of steel; system of conveying letters: *v.t.* to send by post.

mail-a-ble ('ä-bl), *adj.* admissible by post.

mail-ed ('d), *adj.* clad in mail; posted.

maim (mām), *v.t.* to disable a limb; cripple or mutilate: lameness; mutilation.

main (mān), *adj.* chief; principal: *n.* the ocean.

main-mast (mān'mäst), *n.* the middle mast.

main-sail (mān'sāl), *n.* the principal sail.

main-tain (-tān'), *v.t.* to support; vindicate; affirm; continue.

main-te-nance ('te-nāns), *n.* sustenance; support.

maize (māz), *n.* Indian corn.

ma-jes-tic (mȧ-jes'tik), *adj.* dignified; stately; noble.

ma-jes-tic-al-ly (-ȧl-li), *adv.* in a majestic manner.

maj-es-ty (maj'es-ti), *n.* sovereignty; grandeur; nobility.

ma-jor (mā'jẽr), *adj.* greater; elder: *n.* a military officer next above a captain.

ma-jor-do-mo (-dō'mō), *n.* a house steward.

ma-jor-gen-er-al (-jen'ẽr-ȧl), *n.* an officer next in rank above a brigadier-general.

ma-jor-i-ty (mȧ-jor'i-ti), *n.* a greater number; full legal age.

make (māk), *v.t.* to create; fashion; prepare for use: *n.* shape; construction. *Syn.* form, create, produce.

make-shift (māk'shift), *n.* a temporary expedient.

mal-a-droit (mal'a-droit), *adj.* clumsy; awkward.

mal-a-dy ('ȧ-di), *n.* a disease; sickness; ailment.

mal-a-pert ('ȧ-pẽrt), *adj.* pert; saucy.

mal-a-pro-pos (-ȧ-prō-pō'), *adv.* unseasonably [French].

ma-lar (mā'lȧr), *adj.* pertaining to the cheek.

ma-la-ri-a (mȧ-lā'ri-ȧ), *n.* a noxious exhalation; disease caused by the bite of malaria-infested mosquitoes; ague.

ma-la-ri-al ('ri-ȧl), *adj.* pertaining to malaria.

ma-la-ri-ous ('ri-us), *adj.* causing malaria.

mal-con-tent (mal'kon-tent), *adj.* discontented.

male (māl), *adj.* pertaining to the masculine sex; bearing stamens: *n.* one of the sex that begets young.

mal-e-dic-tion (mal-e-dik'-shun), *n.* denunciation of evil; curse. *Syn.* anathema, imprecation.

mal-e-fac-tor ('e-fak-tẽr), *n.* an evil doer; criminal.

mal-ev-o-lence (mȧl-ev'o-lens), *n.* spitefulness; ill-will.

mal-ev-o-lent, (-lent), malicious; spiteful. *Syn.* virulent, malignant.

mal-fea-sance (mal-fē'zans), *n.* an illegal act.

mal-for-ma-tion (-fôr-mā'-shun), *n.* irregular structure.

mal-ice (mal'is), *n.* deliberate mischief; spite. *Syn.* rancor, grudge, ill-will.

ma-li-cious (mȧ-lish'us), *adj.* spiteful; malignant. *Syn.* malevolent.

ma-lign (-lin), *v.t.* to slander: *adj.* hurtful; pestilential.

ma-lig-nant ('nȧnt), *adj.* malicious; virulent.

ma-lign-er (-lin'ẽr), *n.* one who maligns.

ma-lig-ni-ty (-lig'ni-ti), *n.* malice; virulence.

mal-i-son ('i-zn), *n.* a curse; execration.

mall (mawl), *n.* a heavy wooden mallet; a public walk.

mal-lard (mal'ȧrd), *n.* a wild drake.

mal-le-a-ble ('e-ȧ-bl), *adj.* that can be extended by hammering.

mal-let ('et), *n.* a wooden hammer.

malm-sey (mäm'zi), *n.* a rich grape; a strong sweet wine.

mal-prac-tice (mal-prak'tis), *n.* evil practice; illegal conduct.

malt (mawlt), *n.* barley steeped and dried for brewing: *adj.* made with malt: *v.t.* to make into malt.

malt-liq-uor (mawlt'lik-ẽr), *n.* an alcoholic liquor made from malt.

mal-treat (mal-trēt'), *v.t.* to treat ill or roughly.

mal-ver-sa-tion (-vẽr-sā'-shun) *n.* fraudulent practices.

ma-ma (mȧ-mä' or mä'mȧ) *n.* name for mother. Also mamma.

mam-mal ('ȧl) *n.* one of the Mammalia.

Mam-ma-li-a (-ā'li-ȧ) *n.pl.* the animals which suckle their young.

mam-ma-ry ('ȧ-ri) *adj.* pertaining to the breasts.

mam-mon (-un) *n.* wealth; worldly gain.

mam-moth ('moth) *n.* a huge fossil elephant: *adj.* gigantic.

man (man), *n.* a human being; an adult male; mankind; a husband: *v.t.* to furnish with men; guard.

man-a-cle ('ȧ-kl) *n.* a handcuff: *v.t.* to shackle.

man-age ('ej) *v.t.* to conduct; govern; train: *v.i.* to conduct affairs. *Syn.* contrive, concert, direct.

man-age-a-ble ('ej-å-bl), *adj.* easily managed; docile.

man-age-ment ('ej-ment), *n.* the art of managing; control; administration. *Syn.* direction, care, economy.

man-a-ger ('a-jẽr), *n.* a conductor; good economist.

man-a-ge-ri-al (-je'ri-ål), *adj.* pertaining to a manager or to management.

man-da-mus (-dā'mus), *n.* a kind of legal writ.

man-da-rin (-dā-rēn'), *n.* a Chinese official or governor; a variety of orange.

man-da-ta-ry ('dā-tā-ri), *n.* one given an order or mandate by the Pope.

man-date ('dāt), *n.* an order; command.

man-da-to-ry ('då-tō-ri), *adj.* enjoining.

man-di-ble ('di-bl), *n.* the jaw; in vertebrates the under jaw; in birds both jaws.

man-do-lin ('dō-lin), *n.* a musical instrument.

man-drel ('drel), *n.* instrument used by a turner.

mane (mān), *n.* the long hair on the neck of a horse or lion.

ma-nège (må-nāzh'), *n.* horsemanship; horse-training.

ma-nes (mā'nēz), *n.pl.* the spirits of the departed.

ma-neu-ver, ma-nœu-vre (må-nōō'vẽr) *n.* skilful management; stratagem: *v.i.* to perform movements with troops or war vessels.

man-ful (man'fool), *adj.* courageous; resolute.

man-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* bravely; resolutely.

man-ga-nese (-nēz), *n.* a metallic element.

mange (mānj), *n.* a skin disease of dogs, etc.

man-ger (mān'jẽr), *n.* a feeding trough for animals.

man-gi-ly ('ji-li), *adv.* in a mangy manner.

man-gi-ness ('ji-nes), *n.* the state of being mangy.

man-gle (mang'gl), *v.t.* to lacerate; mutilate; hack; to smooth with a mangle: *n.* a machine for smoothing linen. *Syn.* tear, cripple, maim.

man-gler (mang'glẽr), *n.* a meat-chopping machine.

man-gy (mān'ji), *adj.* affected with the mange.

man-hood (man'hood), *n.* human nature; manliness; virility.

ma-ni-a (mā'ni-å), *n.* violent insanity; intense excitement; excessive desire. *Syn.* madness, lunacy.

ma-ni-ac ('ni-ak), *adj.* raving: *n.* a madman.

man-i-cure (man'i-kūr), *n.* the care of the hands, nails, etc.

man-i-fest ('i-fest), *adj.* clear; plain; apparent: *v.t.* to place beyond doubt: *n.* the invoice of a cargo. *Syn.* evident, open, visible.

man-i-fes-to (-fes'tō), *n.* a public declaration.

man-i-fold ('i-fold), *adj.* various in kind or quality; numerous; multiplied: *adv.* many times. *Syn.* several, sundry, numerous.

man-i-oc (man'i-ok), *n.* the plant which yields tapioca and cassava.

ma-nip-u-late (må-nip'ū-lāt), *v.t.* to work with the hands; treat; control in action; falsify.

ma-nip-u-la-tion (-lā'shun), *n.* manual dexterity; falsification.

ma-nip-u-la-tive ('ū-lā-tiv), *adj.* pertaining to manipulation.

man-li-ness ('li-nes), *n.* state of being manly.

man-ly ('li), *adj.* courageous; noble; dignified; resolute. *Syn.* masculine, vigorous, heroic.

man-na ('å), *n.* the food supplied the Israelites in the wilderness; a medicinal plant juice.

man-ner ('ẽr), *n.* method; mode of action; mien; aspect: *pl.* deportment; behavior. *Syn.* habit, custom, appearance.

man-ner-ism (-izm), *n.* a peculiarity of style, action, or bearing.

man-ner-ly (-li), *adj.* polite; respectful.

ma-nœuvre (må-nōō'vẽr). See maneuver.

man-or (man'ẽr), *n.* estate of a lord.

ma-no-ri-al (må-nō'ri-ål), *adj.* pertaining to a manor.

man-sion (man'shun), *n.* a large dwelling house.

man-slaugh-ter ('slaw-tĕr), *n.* the killing of a person without malice or intention.

man-tel ('tel), *n.* a narrow slab above a fireplace. Also mantelpiece.

man-til-la (-til'ȧ), *n.* a lady's light cloak or hood.

man-tle (man'tl), *n.* a loose cloak or cape: *v.t.* to cover with a mantle; conceal.

man-u-al ('ū-ȧl), *adj.* performed by the hands: *n.* a handy compendium; the keyboard of an organ.

man-u-fac-to-ry (-fak'to-ri), *n.* a place where goods are made.

man-u-fac-ture ('tūr), *v.t.* to make by hand or machinery: *n.* the conversion of raw materials into useful articles.

man-u-fac-tur-ing (-ing), *adj.* pertaining to manufacture.

man-u-mis-sion (-ū-mish'un), *n.* freeing from slavery; emancipation.

man-u-mit (-mit'), *v.t.* to set free from slavery.

ma-nure (mȧ-nūr'), *n.* any substance that fertilizes the soil: *v.t.* to enrich with such substances.

man-u-script (man'ū-skript), *adj.* written: *n.* a book or paper written by hand.

man-y (man'i), *adj.* numerous: *n.* a great number; multitude.

map (map), *n.* a representation of the earth or heavens or some portion of them: *v.t.* to delineate in a map; sketch or plan.

ma-ple (mā'pl), *n.* a common shade tree; the tree from which maple sugar is extracted.

mar (mär), *v.t.* to disfigure; damage: *n.* a blemish or disfigurement. *Syn.* spoil, ruin.

ma-ras-mus (mȧ-raz'mus), *n.* atrophy.

ma-raud (-rawd'), *v.i.* to rove in search of plunder.

mar-ble (mär'bl), *n.* a hard limestone of great beauty of color and taking a fine polish: *adj.* made of marble.

March (märch), *n.* the third month of the year.

march (märch), *n.* a regular movement of soldiers; steady onward movement; frontier; borderland: *v.t.* to cause to move regularly, as troops. *Syn.* tramp, tread, walk, step.

mare (mär), *n.* the female of the horse.

mar-gin ('jin), *n.* border; the edge of a page; latitude: *v.t.* to furnish with a margin. *Syn.* rim, brink, verge.

mar-gin-al (-ȧl), *adj.* pertaining to a margin.

mar-gue-rite ('gē-rēt), *n.* the ox-eye daisy.

mar-i-gold (mar'i-gōld), *n.* a plant with showy yellow flowers.

ma-rine (mȧ-rēn'), *adj.* pertaining to the sea; naval; near the sea: *n.* a soldier who serves on a warship; the navy of a nation.

mar-i-ner (mar'i-nĕr), *n.* a sailor.

mar-i-tal ('i-tȧl), *adj.* pertaining to marriage.

mar-i-time ('i-tim), *adj.* pertaining to the sea; naval.

mark (märk), *n.* a stroke drawn; impression; target; indication; note: *v.t.* to notify by a sign; distinguish: *v.i.* to observe critically; take note. *Syn.* symptom, token, trace, vestige.

mark-ed-ly ('ed-li), *adv.* distinctly; publicly.

mar-ket (mär'ket), *n.* a public place for the sale of commodities; rate or price: *v.i.* to deal in a market.

mark-ing ('ing), *adj.* producing a mark: *n.* arrangement of marks.

marks-man (märks'mȧn), *n.* one skilful in shooting.

marl (märl), *n.* a rich calcareous earth used as a manure.

mar-line (mär'lin), *n.* a two-stranded cord.

mar-ly ('li), *adj.* containing, or like, marl.

mar-ma-lade ('mȧ-lād), *n.* a confection made of fruit.

mar-mot ('mot), *n.* the Alpine rat; prairie dog.

ma-roon (mȧ-rōōn'), *n.* formerly a fugitive negro slave: *v.t.* to abandon on a desert island: *adj.* of a brownish-crimson color.

mar-plot (mär'plot), *n.* one who frustrates some plan by officious interference.

marque (märk), *n.* a privateering license to a private vessel under a letter of marque commission.

mar-que-try ('ket-ri), *n.* inlaid work.

mar-quis ('kwis), *n.* a title of nobility.

mar-riage (mar'ej), *n.* the act of uniting a man and woman in wedlock. *Syn.* wedding, nuptials, matrimony.

mar-riage-a-ble ('ej-ă-bl), *adj.* fit in age or condition to be married.

mar-ried ('id), *p.adj.* united in wedlock; conjugal.

mar-row ('ō), *n.* an oily tissue in bones; the essence of anything.

mar-row-bone (-bōn), *n.* a bone containing marrow.

mar-ry ('i), *v.t.* to unite as husband and wife.

Mars (märz), *n.* one of the planets; the Roman god of war.

mar-seilles (-sālz'), *n.* a double cloth fabric, quilted in the loom.

marsh (märsh), *n.* a swampy tract of land.

mar-shal (mär'shăl), *n.* an official of high rank; the highest French military officer.

mar-shy ('shi), *adj.* swampy; growing in marshes.

mart (märt), *n.* a market; purchase and sale.

mar-ten ('ten), *n.* an animal of the weasel kind.

mar-text (mär-tekst) *n.* a blundering preacher.

mar-tial ('shăl), *adj.* pertaining to war; military. *Syn.* warlike, soldierly.

mar-tin ('tin), *n.* a bird allied to the swallow.

mar-tin-et (-et), *n.* a strict disciplinarian.

mar-tin-gale (-gāl), *n.* strap to curb a horse.

mar-tyr ('tĕr), *n.* one put to death for his belief; one who suffers acutely: *v.t.* to put to death for adherence to some belief; persecute.

mar-tyr-dom (dum), *n.* the death or sufferings of a martyr.

mar-tyr-ol-o-gy (-ol'o-ji), *n.* a history of martyrs.

mar-vel ('vel), *n.* something extraordinary; a prodigy: *v.i.* to wonder. *Syn.* wonderful, miraculous.

mar-vel-ous (-us), *adj.* exciting wonder; incredible.

mas-cot ('kot), *n.* a person or thing that brings good fortune.

mas-cu-line ('kū-lin), *adj.* having the characteristics of a man. *Syn.* male, manly, manful.

mash (mash), *n.* a soft or pulpy mass; a mixture of bran and water for horses: *v.t.* to mix with hot water in brewing.

mask (måsk), *n.* a cover to conceal the face; pretext or subterfuge: *v.t.* to disguise.

ma-son (mā'sn), *n.* a builder in stone; a Freemason.

ma-son-ry ('sn-ri), *n.* the art or occupation of a mason; materials used by masons; Freemasonry.

masque (måsk), *n.* a masquerade.

mas-quer-ade (mas-kĕr'ād), *n.* a gathering where masks are worn; a disguise.

mass (mås), *n.* a large quantity; lump; body of things collectively; a Roman Catholic service.

mas-sa-cre ('ă-kĕr), *n.* indiscriminate slaughter: *v.t.* to slaughter indiscriminately or with cruelty. *Syn.* carnage, butchery.

mas-sage ('ej or mă-säzh'), *n.* medical treatment by kneading the body.

mas-sive ('iv), *adj.* weighty; heavy; bulky. *Syn.* ponderous, solid, substantial.

mas-sive-ness (-nes), *n.* the state or quality of being massive.

mast (måst), *n.* a long piece of timber or iron tube, either entire or formed of parts, raised vertically on the keel of a vessel to support the sails; the fruit of the oak and beech.

mast-er ('ĕr), *n.* a director; employer; owner; head of an establishment; teacher; chief: *v.t.* to conquer; subdue: *v.i.* to excel.

mast-er-y (-i), *n.* dominion; pre-eminence; eminent skill. *Syn.* rule, sway.

mas-ti-cate ('ti-kāt), *v.t.* to grind with the teeth.

mas-ti-ca-tion (-kā'shun), *n.* the act of chewing.

mas-ti-ca-tor ('tĕr), *n.* a machine for cutting substances into small pieces.

mas-ti-ca-to-ry ('i-kā-to-ri), *adj.* adapted for chewing.

mas-tiff (mås'tif), *n.* a large variety of dog.

mat (mat), *n.* a texture of fibrous material; an ornamental article on which to place things at table.

match (mach), *n.* anything that readily ignites; a thing which agrees with another thing; an equal; game or contest; marriage: *v.t.* to be equal to; oppose as an equal: *v.i.* to agree with.

match-mak-er ('māk-ēr), *n.* one who seeks to arrange marriages.

mate (māt), *n.* a companion; an equal; a merchant; a ship officer below the captain: *v.t.* to match; be equal to; marry; an animal mated with another.

ma-te-ri-al ('ri-ål), *adj.* consisting of matter; corporeal; essential: *n.* the substance of which anything is made. *Syn.* bodily, physical, important.

ma-te-ri-al-ism (-izm), *n.* the doctrine that all spiritual phenomena result from material activities.

ma-te-ri-al-ize (-iz), *v.t.* to invest with material characteristics.

ma-te-ri-al-ist (-ist), *n.* one who holds the doctrine of materialism.

ma-te-ri-al-ly ('ri-ål-li), *adv.* essentially.

ma-ter-nal (-tēr'nål), *adj.* motherly.

ma-ter-nal-ly (-li), *adv.* like a mother.

ma-ter-ni-ty ('ni-ti), *n.* the state or relationship of a mother.

math-e-mat-ic-al (e-mat'ik-ål), *adj.* pertaining to calculations.

math-e-mat-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* by mathematics.

math-e-ma-ti-cian (-må-tish'ån), *n.* one skilled in mathematics.

math-e-mat-ics (-mat'iks), *n.* the science of number and space.

mat-in (mat'in), *adj.* pertaining to the morning: *n.pl.* morning prayer.

mat-ri-ci-dal (mat'ri-sī-dål), *adj.* pertaining to matricide.

mat-ri-cide ('ri-sīd), *n.* the murder of a mother by a son or daughter; one who murders his or her mother.

ma-tric-u-late (må-trik'ū-lāt), *v.t.* to admit to the membership of a college or university.

ma-tric-u-la-tion (-lā'shun), *n.* the act of admitting as a student.

mat-ri-mo-ni-al (mat-ri-mō'ni-ål), *adj.* pertaining to marriage; nuptial; connubial.

mat-ri-mo-ny ('ri-mō-ni), *n.* marriage.

ma-trix (mā'triks), *n.* the cavity in which anything is formed or cast; a mold; the rock in which a mineral is embedded.

ma-tron (mā'tron), *n.* a married woman, especially an elderly one; the lady superintendent of an institution.

ma-tron-ly (-li), *adv.* matron-like; elderly.

mat-ted (mat'ed), *adj.* covered with a mat; closely tangled together.

mat-ter ('ēr), *n.* the substance occupying space; material; a thing of importance: *v.i.* to signify; be of importance.

mat-ting ('ing), *n.* material for mats; ornamental mat-work.

mat-tock ('ok), *n.* a pickaxe with a flat end.

mat-tress ('res), *n.* a quilted bed.

mat-u-ra-tion (-ū-rā'shun), *n.* the process of ripening.

ma-ture (må-tūr'), *adj.* ripe; full-grown: *v.t.* to bring to maturity: *v.i.* to become ripe.

ma-ture-ly ('li), *adv.* in a mature manner.

ma-tur-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* ripeness; full development.

ma-tu-ti-nal (må-tū'tī-nål), *adj.* pertaining to the morning; early.

maud-lin (mawd'lin), *adj.* easily moved to tears; weakly; sentimental.

mau-gre (maw'gēr), *prep.* in spite of.

maul (mawl), *n.* a large wooden hammer: *v.t.* to handle roughly.

mau-so-le-um (maw-sō-lē'um), *n.* a stately tomb or monument.

mauve (mawv), *n.* a soft lilac or purple color.

ma-vis (mā'vis), *n.* the song-thrush.

maw (maw), *n.* the stomach of animals; a bird's craw.

mawk-ish (mawk'ish), *adj.* loathsome; affectedly sentimental.

max-il-la-ry ('il-å-ri), *adj.* pertaining to the jaw.

max-im (maks'im), *n.* an established principle; proverb; aphorism. *Syn.* adage, apothegm, saying.

max-i-mum ('i-mum), *n.* the greatest quantity attainable.

May (mā), *n.* the fifth month of the year.

may, *v. aux.* to be able; be allowed.

may-or (mā'ĕr), *n.* the chief magistrate of a city or borough.

may-or-al-ty (-ăl-ti), *n.* the office of a mayor.

May-pole ('pōl), *n.* a pole around which May festivities are held.

maze (māz), *n.* bewilderment; a labyrinth: *v.t.* to bewilder.

ma-zy (mā'zi), *adj.* intricate; bewildering; winding.

mead (mēd), *n.* a fermented liquor of honey, water and spices; a meadow [Poet.].

mead-ow (med'ō), *n.* a tract of rich pasture land.

mead-ow-y (-i), *adj.* containing meadows.

mea-ger (mē'gĕr), *adj.* thin; scanty; poor; lean. *Syn.* lank, emaciated, barren.

mea-ger-ly (-li), *adv.* thinly; poorly.

meal (mēl), *n.* edible ground grain; a repast.

mean (mēn), *adj.* wanting in dignity or honor; vulgar; humble; stingy: *n.* the middle point; average: *pl.* resources; property: *v.t.* to have in the mind; signify. *Syn.* low, abject, vile.

me-an-der (mē-an'dĕr), *v.t.* to wind or flow round: *v.i.* to have a winding course; be intricate.

mean-ing (mēn'ing), *n.* intention; sense. *Syn.* signification, import.

mean-time ('tīm), *adv.* in the intervening time.

mea-sles (mē'zlz), *n.* an eruptive disease.

meas-ur-a-ble (mezh'ĕr-ă-bl), *adj.* capable of being measured.

meas-ur-a-bly (-ă-bli), *adv.* in a limited degree.

meas-ure ('ĕr), *n.* the standard of volume or extent; dimensions of a thing; proportion; meter; law or statute: *v.t.* to ascertain the extent or volume of; mark out; estimate; allot.

meas-ured ('ĕrd), *adj.* determined by a standard; uniform.

meas-ure-ment ('ĕr-ment), *n.* the act of measuring; size; area; capacity.

meat (mēt), *n.* food obtained from animals.

me-chan-ic (me-kan'ik), *n.* a skilled workman: *pl.* the science of the laws of matter and motion.

me-chan-ic-al (-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to mechanics; produced by machinery; done automatically.

me-chan-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in a mechanical manner.

mech-a-ni-cian (mek-ă-nish'ăn), one skilled in mechanics.

mech-a-nism ('ă-nizm), *n.* parts or construction of a machine.

med-al (med'ăl), *n.* a piece of metal impressed with a device.

me-dal-lion ('yun), *n.* a large antique medal; a round or oval tablet.

med-dle (med'l), *v.i.* to interpose; interfere officiously.

med-dler ('lĕr), *n.* an officious person; busybody.

med-dle-some ('l-sum), *adj.* officiously intrusive.

me-di-an (mē'di-ăn), *adj.* pertaining to the middle of anything.

me-di-ate (-āt), *v.i.* to interpose between parties to effect a reconciliation.

me-di-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* the act of reconciling.

me-di-a-tor ('di-ā-tĕr), *n.* an intercessor.

me-di-a-to-ri-al (-ă-tō'ri-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to a mediator; intercessory.

med-i-cal (med'i-kăl), *adj.* pertaining to medicine.

med-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* according to medical rules.

med-i-ca-ment ('i-kă-ment), *n.* a healing application.

med-i-cate ('i-kāt), *v.t.* to impregnate with anything medicinal.

me-dic-i-nal (me-dis'i-năl), *adj.* having the properties of medicine.

me-dic-i-nal-ly (-nal-ly), *adj.* medically.

med-i-cine (med'i-sin), *n.* the science which relates to the treatment of disease; a specific for the cure of disease.

me-di-e-val (mē-di-ē'văl), *adj.* pertaining to the Middle Ages. Also mediæval.

me-di-o-cre (mē'di-ō-kĕr), *adj.* of medium excellence; ordinary.

me-di-oc-ri-ty (-ok'ri-ti), *n.* of moderate degree.

med-i-tate (med'i-tāt), *v.i.* to muse or ponder; think abstractedly: *v.t.* to design; purpose.

med-i-ta-tion (-tā'shun), *n.* deep thought.

med-i-ta-tive ('-itā-tiv), *adj.* disposed to deep thought.

med-i-ta-tive-ly (-li), *adv.* with consideration.

med-i-ta-tive-ness (-nes), *n.* the state of being meditative.

me-di-um (mē'di-um), *n.* middle term; a mean; space in which bodies exist; a person who claims to have intercourse with spirits. *Syn.* organ, channel.

med-ley ('li), *n.* confused mass of ingredients. *Syn.* mixture, variety, diversity.

me-dul-la (me-dul'ȧ), *n.* the marrow of bones; pith of plants.

med-ul-la-ry ('ȧ-ri), *adj.* pertaining to marrow.

meed (mēd), *n.* recompense; reward.

meek (mēk), *adj.* gentle; submissive; mild of temper; patient. *Syn.* unassuming, gentle.

meer-schaum ('shawm), *n.* a clay-like mineral from which pipes are made; a pipe of this material.

meet (mēt), *v.t.* to come together; confront; encounter; satisfy: *v.i.* to assemble: *adj.* fit; suitable; appropriate.

meet-ing ('ing), *n.* an assembling; junction.

mel-an-cho-li-a (mel-ȧn-kō'li-ȧ), *n.* a form of insanity characterized by great depression of spirits.

mel-an-chol-ic (-kol'ik), *adj.* depressed in spirits; dejected.

mel-an-chol-y ('ȧn-kol-i), *n.* great depression of spirits. *Syn.* dispirited, dreamy.

mê-lée (mā-lā'), *n.* a hand-to-hand conflict; scuffle; affray.

mel-io-rate (mēl'yō-rāt), *v.t.* to make better.

mel-io-ra-tion (-rā'shun), *n.* improvement.

mel-lif-lu-ent (mel-if'flōō-ent), smooth; sweetly flowing. Also mellifluous.

mel-low ('ō), *adj.* fully ripe; not harsh or rigid. *Syn.* mature, soft.

mel-low-y (-i), *adj.* soft; unctuous; loamy.

me-lo-di-ous ('di-us), *adj.* full of melody; musical. *Syn.* tuneful, musical, dulcet, sweet.

mel-o-dize ('dīz), *v.i.* to compose melodies.

mel-o-dra-ma (mel-o-drä'mȧ), *n.* a play characterized by sensational incidents.

mel-o-dy ('o-di), *n.* the arrangement of musical sounds for a single voice or instrument; tune.

mel-on ('un), *n.* a plant and edible fruit of the cucumber family.

melt (melt), *v.t.* & *v.i.* to dissolve; soften; become mild.

mem-ber (mem'bẽr), *n.* a limb of the body; one of an association.

mem-brane ('brān), *n.* a thin layer of tissue covering some part or organ.

mem-bra-nous ('bra-nus), *adj.* pertaining to membranes.

me-men-to (me-men'tō), *n.* a souvenir; memorial.

mem-oir (mem'wär), *n.* a history written from personal experience and knowledge.

mem-o-ra-bil-i-a (-o-rȧ-bil'i-ȧ), *n.pl.* things worthy of remembrance.

mem-or-a-ble ('or-ȧ-bl), *adj.* remarkable; notable. *Syn.* signal, marked.

mem-or-a-bly (-ȧ-bli), *adj.* so as to be remembered.

mem-o-ran-dum (-o-ran'dum), *n.* a note to assist the memory.

me-mo-ri-al (me-mō'ri-ȧl), *adj.* commemorative; held in memory: *n.* a statement of facts addressed to a public body, etc. *Syn.* monument, memento.

me-mo-ri-al-ize (-īz), *v.t.* to petition by means of a memorial.

mem-o-ry (mem'o-ri), *n.* that faculty of the mind by which it retains the knowledge of previous occurrences and thoughts.

men-ace (men'as), *n.* a threat: *v.t.* to threaten.

men-a-cing-ly ('ȧ-sing-li), *adv.* in a threatening manner.

men-ag-e-rie (-ȧzh'ẽr-i or -aj'e-ri), *n.* a place where wild animals are kept for exhibition.

mend (mend), *v.i.* to repair; make better; reform. *Syn.* amend, correct, improve, rectify, ameliorate.

men-da-cious (men-dā'shus), *adj.* given to deception; lying; false.

men-dac-i-ty (-das'i-ti), *n.* falsehood; habitual lying.

men-di-can-cy ('di-kăn-si), *n.* beggary. Also mendicity.

men-di-cant (-kănt), *adj.* reduced to beggary: *n.* a beggar.

me-ni-al (mē'ni-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to servants; mean; servile: *n.* a domestic servant.

men-ses (men'sēz), *n.pl.* the catamenial discharge.

men-stru-al ('strōō-ăl), *adj.* occurring monthly.

men-su-ra-ble ('shū-rā-bl), *adj.* measurable.

men-su-ra-tion (-rā'shun), *n.* the process of taking the dimensions of anything.

men-tal ('tăl), *adj.* pertaining to the mind.

men-tal-ly (-li), *adv.* in the mind; intellectually.

men-thol ('thol), *n.* a substance resembling camphor, used as a counter-irritant.

men-tion ('shun), *n.* a brief notice; casual remark: *v.t.* to speak briefly of. *Syn.* tell, name, communicate.

men-tor ('tĕr), *n.* a wise and faithful counselor.

me-nu (me-nū'), *n.* a bill of fare.

me-phit-ic (me-fĭt'ik), *adj.* poisonous; noxious.

mer-can-tile (mĕr'kăn-til), *adj.* commercial.

mer-ce-na-ry ('e-nă-ri), *n.* a soldier hired into foreign service; one who serves for pay; *adj.* venal; sordid.

mer-cer ('sĕr), *n.* a dealer in textile fabrics.

mer-chan-dise ('chăn-dīz), *n.* goods for sale.

mer-chant ('chănt), *n.* one who traffics on a large scale; a shopkeeper: *adj.* pertaining to trade.

mer-chant-man (-măn), *n.* a vessel engaged in traffic.

mer-ci-ful ('si-fool), *adj.* exercising mercy; tender-hearted; compassionate. *Syn.* lenient, clement, kind.

mer-ci-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* with compassion.

mer-ci-less (-les), *adj.* destitute of mercy; cruel. *Syn.* pitiless, remorseless.

mer-cu-ri-al (-kū'ri-ăl), *adj.* volatile; fickle; made of mercury.

mer-cu-ry, *n.* quicksilver; the innermost planet.

mer-cy ('si), *n.* pity; clemency; forbearance.

mere (mēr), *adj.* such and no more; simple; absolute.

mere-ly ('li), *adv.* simply; purely; only.

mer-e-tri-cious (mer-e-trish'-us), *adj.* alluring by false show.

merge (mĕrj), *v.t.* to absorb: *v.i.* to be lost in.

mer-ger (mĕr'jĕr), *n.* the consolidation of two estates or business interests.

me-rid-i-an (me-rid'i-ăn), *adj.* pertaining to midday: *n.* mid-day; noon; an imaginary great circle passing through the poles and cutting the equator at right angles.

me-rid-i-o-nal ('i-o-năl), *adj.* pertaining to the meridian.

me-ri-no (me-rē'nō), *n.* a breed of sheep with a fine wool: *adj.* cloth made from their wool.

mer-it (mer'it), *n.* excellence; worth; deserved reward: *v.t.* to earn; be deserving of.

mer-i-to-ri-ous (-i-tō'ri-us), *adj.* having merit.

mer-maid (mĕr'mād), *n.* a fabled being half woman and half fish.

mer-man ('măn), *n.* the male of the mermaid.

mer-ri-ly (mer'i-li), *adv.* in a merry manner.

mer-ri-ment, mirth; fun; frolic; gaiety. *Syn.* joviality, hilarity.

mer-ry ('i), *adj.* full of mirth; gay; sportive. *Syn.* cheerful, joyous, lively, jolly.

mesh (mesh), *n.* an interstice of a net.

mes-mer-ic (-mer'ik), *adj.* pertaining to mesmerism.

mes-mer-ism ('mĕr-izm), *n.* the art of inducing an abnormal state in another; hypnotism.

mes-mer-ist (-ist), *n.* one who practices mesmerism.

mess (mes), *n.* a company who eat together; confusion: *v.i.* to eat together.

mes-sage ('ej), *n.* a communication; an official notice.

mes-sen-ger ('en-jĕr), *n.* the carrier of a message: a herald or harbinger.

Mes-si-ah (-ī'ă), *n.* Christ the Anointed One.

Mes-si-an-ic (-i-an'ik), *adj.* pertaining to the Messiah.

met-al (met'ăl), *n.* an elementary substance having

luster, ductility, fusibility, etc.: *pl.* the rails of a railroad.

met-al-lif-er-ous (-lif'ēr-us), *adj.* yielding metal.

met-al-lur-gic (-ēr'jik), *adj.* pertaining to metallurgy. Also metallurgical.

met-al-lur-gy (met'al-ēr-ji), *n.* the art of refining and working metals.

met-a-mor-phic (-â-môr'fik), *adj.* pertaining to metamorphism.

met-a-mor-phism ('fizm), *n.* the process of change in character or structure of stratified rocks through heat, pressure, etc.

met-a-mor-phose ('fōz), *v.t.* to change into a different form.

met-a-mor-pho-sis ('fō-sis), *n.* change of form, shape, or structure.

met-a-phor ('â-fēr), *n.* the use of one word for another in a figurative sense; an ideal similarity.

met-a-phor-ic (-for'ik), *adj.* pertaining to a metaphor; figurative. Also metaphorical.

met-a-phys-ic-al (-fiz'ik-âl), *adj.* pertaining to metaphysics; abstract; ontological.

met-a-phys-ics (-fiz'iks), *n.* mental philosophy.

met-emp-sy-cho-sis (-si-kō'sis), *n.* transmigration of the soul into another body.

me-te-or (mē'te-ēr), *n.* a transient luminous body in the sky; something that excites temporary wonder.

me-te-or-ic (-or'ik), *adj.* like a meteor.

me-te-or-ite ('te-ēr-īt), *n.* a meteoric body that falls upon the earth.

me-te-or-o-log-ic (loj'ik), *adj.* pertaining to the atmosphere.

me-te-or-ol-o-gy (-ji), *n.* the science of the atmosphere and its phenomena.

me-ter (mē'tēr), *n.* an instrument for registering automatically the amount measured by it; measure; rhythm; verse; basis of the metric system.

meth-od (meth'od), *n.* regular arrangement; system; order; classification. *Syn.* way, manner, mode, process.

meth-od-ic-al ('ik-al), *adj.* characterized by method; systematic.

meth-od-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in a methodical manner.

met-ric (met'rik), *adj.* pertaining to the decimal system of weights and measures.

met-ric-al (-âl), *adj.* pertaining to measurement or rhythm.

met-ric-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in a metrical manner: rhythmically.

me-trop-o-lis (me-trop'o-lis), *n.* the capital or chief city of a country.

met-ro-pol-i-tan (-rō-pol'i-tân), *adj.* pertaining to a capital city: *n.* an archbishop.

met-tle (met'l), *n.* ardor; spirit; fortitude.

met-tle-some (-sum), *n.* high spirited.

mew (mū), *n.* the cry of a cat; a sea-gull: *pl.* stables for carriage horses: *v.i.* to cry like a cat.

mi-asm, mi-as-ma (mī-azm', mī-az'-ma), *n.* infectious matter in the air; malaria.

mi-ca (mī'kâ), *n.* a mineral divisible into thin transparent plates.

mi-crobe (mī'krōb), *n.* a minute organism found in the blood of animals; bacterium.

mi-cro-cosm ((-kosm), *n.* a small universe or community.

mi-crog-ra-phy (-krog'râ-fi), *n.* the description of microscopic objects.

mi-cro-phone ('krō-fōn), *n.* an instrument for intensifying very minute sounds.

mi-cro-scope ('krō-skōp), *n.* an optical instrument for magnifying minute objects.

mi-cro-scop-ic (-skop'ik), *adj.* pertaining to the microscope.

mi-cro-scop-ist (mī'krō-skō-pist or mī-kros'ko-pist), *n.* one skilled in microscopy.

mi-cros-co-py (mī-kros'ko-pi), *n.* the use of the microscope.

mid (mid), *adj.* situated between extremes; intervening; middle: *prefix*, as *mid*day.

mid-dle ('l), *adj.* equally distant from the extremes; intermediate: *n.* the midway point; central part.

mid-dling ('ling), *adj.* of middle size, or quality; moderate.

midge (mij), *n.* a small kind of fly; a gnat.

mid-ship-man ('ship-mǎn), *n.* a naval cadet.

midst (midst), *n.* the middle.

mid-wife (mid'wīf), *n.* a woman who assists at childbirth.

mien (mēn), *n.* external appearance; air; carriage. *Syn.* manner, aspect, appearance.

might (mīt), *n.* power; strength; force: *p.t.* of may.

might-i-ly ('i-li), *adv.* vehemently; powerfully.

might-i-ness (-nes), *n.* greatness; power.

might-y ('i), *adj.* powerful; strong; influential; huge.

mi-gnon-ette (min-yun-et'), *n.* a fragrant plant.

mi-grant (mī'grǎnt), *adj.* migratory.

mi-gra-to-ry ('grǎ-tō-ri), *adj.* disposed to travel; roving; nomad. *Syn.* strolling, wandering, vagrant.

milch (milch), *adj.* yielding milk.

mild (mīld), *adj.* gentle in disposition; soft; placid; moderate.

mil-dew (mil'dū), *n.* a fungous growth on leaves, cloth, etc.: *v.t.* to taint with mildew.

mile (mīl), *n.* a measure of length of 1760 yards; a nautical measure of 1–60th of a degree.

mile-age ('ej), *n.* an allowance for expenses per mile.

mil-i-tan-cy ('i-tǎn-si), *n.* warfare.

mil-i-tant ('i-tǎnt), *adj.* warlike; serving as a soldier.

mil-i-ta-rism ('i-tǎ-rizm), *n.* military spirit or policy.

mil-i-ta-ry ('i-tǎ-ri), *adj.* warlike; martial: *n.* soldiers; army.

mil-i-tate ('i-tāt), *v.i.* to be opposed to; operate against.

mi-li-tia (mi-lish'ǎ), *n.* citizens enrolled for defense.

milk (milk), *n.* a white fluid secreted by females to nourish their young.: *v.t.* to draw milk from the cow, etc.

milk-sop ('sop), *n.* an effeminate, weak person.

mill (mil), *n.* a machine for grinding; a manufactory: *v.t* to grind; stamp coin; full, as cloth.

mill-board ('bōrd), *n.* a kind of thick pasteboard.

mil-len-ni-al (mil-len'ni-ǎl), *adj.* of or pertaining to the millennium.

mil-len-ni-um ('i-um), *n.* a space of 1,000 years.

mil-ler ('ĕr), *n.* one who operates a flour mill.

mil-let ('et), *n.* a grain-bearing plant.

mil-li-ner ('i-nĕr), *n.* one who makes women's bonnets, etc.

mil-li-ner-y ('i-nĕr-i), *n.* the articles made by a milliner.

mill-ing ('ing), *n.* the act of grinding in a mill, or serrating the edge of a coin.

mil-lion ('yun), *n.* the number of ten hundred thousand.

mil-lion-aire (-ār'), *n.* a person possessing a million dollars.

mil-lionth ('yunth), *adj.* one of a million.

mill-race ('rās), *n.* a current of water that drives a mill.

mill-stone ('stōn), *n.* a stone for grinding grain.

mi-met-ic (mī-met'ik), *adj.* imitative.

mim-ic (mim'ik), *adj.* inclined to imitate: *n.* one who imitates: *v.t.* to imitate.

mim-ic-ry (-ri), *n.* imitation for sport or ridicule.

min-a-ret (min'ǎ-ret), *n.* a tall slender spire of a mosque.

min-a-to-ry ('ǎ-to-ri), *adj.* threatening.

mince (mins), *v.t.* to cut into minute pieces: *v.i.* to talk with affected elegance; walk in a prim manner.

mince-meat ('mēt), *n.* meat chopped very fine.

minc-ing ('ing), *adj.* affectedly elegant.

mind (mīnd), *n.* the intellectual faculty in man; memory; intention; opinion: *v.t.* to attend to; heed; obey.

mind-ed ('ed), *p.adj.* disposed or inclined.

mind-ful ('fool), *adj.* bearing in mind; attentive. *Syn.* heedful, thoughtful.

mine (min), *pron.* belonging to me: *n.* an excavation from which minerals are extracted; crude ironstone; a military tunnel: *v.i.* to carry on mining operations; practice secret methods.

min-er-al (min'ĕr-ăl), *n.* any inorganic body found in the earth: *adj.* pertaining to such a body.

min-er-al-ize (-īz), *v.t.* to convert into a mineral.

min-er-al-o-gist (-al'ō-jist), *n.* one versed in minerals.

min-er-al-o-gy (-al'ō-ji), *n.* the science of minerals.

min-gle (ming'gl), *v.t.* to intermix; combine; blend.

min-i-a-ture (min'i-ă-tūr), *n.* a very small portrait: *adj.* diminutive; minute.

min-im ('im), *n.* a musical note; a liquid measure.

min-i-mize (-īz), *v.t.* to reduce to a minimum.

min-i-mum ('i-mum), *n.* the least quantity; trifle.

min-ing (mīn'ing), *p.adj.* pertaining to mines.

min-ion (min'yun), *n.* a servile flatterer or dependent.

min-is-ter ('is-tĕr), *n.* a servant; agent; ambassador; a clergyman or pastor of a church: *v.t.* to supply; administer.

min-is-te-ri-al (-tē'ri-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to service, official or clerical.

min-is-trant ('is-trănt), *adj.* serving as a minister.

min-is-tra-tion (-trā'shun), *n.* administration; service.

min-is-try ('is-tri), *n.* the service of a minister of religion; the functions of a minister of state.

min-now (min'ō), *n.* a fresh-water fish of small size.

mi-nor (mī'nĕr), *adj.* smaller; less; inconsiderable: *n.* one who is under the age of 21.

mi-nor-i-ty (mi-nor'i-ti), *n.* the smallest number; the state of being a minor.

min-ster (-stĕr), *n.* a cathedral church.

min-strel ('strel), *n.* a medieval singer and harpist; a poet or musician.

min-strel-sy (-si), *n.* the occupation of minstrels.

mint (mint), *n.* the place where money is coined; source of unlimited supply; an odoriferous plant: *v.t.* to coin money.

mint-age ('ej), *n.* coin produced in a mint; duty paid for coining.

min-u-end (min'ū-end), *n.* that number from which another number is to be subtracted.

min-u-et ('ū-et), *n.* a slow graceful dance.

mi-nus (mī'nus), *n.* the sign (—) of subtraction.

min-ute (-nūt'), *adj.* very small; precise: *n.* (min'it), 1-60th part of an hour or of a degree; an official note; memorandum. *Syn.* little, exact, precise.

mi-nute-ly (mi-nūt'li), *adv.* in a minute manner.

mi-nute-ness ('nes), *n.* the quality of being minute.

mi-nu-ti-æ (mi-nū'shi-ē), *n.pl.* minor details.

minx (mingks), *n.* a pert, wanton girl.

mir-a-cle (mir'ă-kl), *n.* a supernatural occurrence; wonder or marvel.

mi-rac-u-lous (mi-rak'ū-lus), *adj.* wonderful: aside from nature's laws.

mi-rage (mi-räzh'), *n.* an optical illusion of water in the desert or objects seen in the air.

mire (mīr), *n.* deep mud; wet clayey earth: *v.t.* to soil with mire: *v.i.* to sink in mud.

mir-ror (mir'ĕr), *n.* a looking-glass; pattern: *v.t.* to reflect.

mirth (mĕrth), *n.* noisy gaiety; hilarity; jollity.

mirth-ful ('fool), *adj.* merry; festive.

mirth-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in a mirthful manner.

mi-ry ('ri), *adj.* abounding in mire.

mis-ad-ven-ture (mis-ad-ven'-tūr), *n.* a misfortune.

mis-al-li-ance (-ă-lī'ans), *n.* an improper alliance by marriage.

mis-an-thrope ('an-thrōp), *n.* a hater of mankind.

mis-an-throp-ic (-throp'ik), *adj.* hating mankind.

mis-an-thro-py ('thrō-pi), *n.* hatred of mankind.

mis-ap-pre-hend (-ap-rē-hend'), *v.t.* to misunderstand.

mis-car-riage (-kar'ej), *n.* failure; misbehavior; premature parturition.

mis-carry (-kar'i), *v.i.* to go wrong; have an abortion.

mis-cel-la-ne-ous ('nē-us), *adj.* consisting of several kinds; promiscuous. *Syn.* indiscriminate, mixed.

mis-cel-la-ny ('e-lā-ni), *n.* a mixture; a collection of literary material.

mis-chance (-chåns'), *n.* misfortune; mishap.

mis-chief ('chif), *n.* harm; injury; misfortune. *Syn.* damage, evil, hurt.

mis-chie-vous ('chi-vus), *adj.* causing damage; hurtful; inclined to mischief.

mis-ci-ble ('si-bl), *adj.* capable of being mixed.

mis-con-ceive (-kon-sēv'), *v.t.* to conceive wrongly.

mis-con-cep-tion (-sep'shun), *n.* false opinion.

mis-cre-ant ('kre-ånt), *n.* an unscrupulous villain; vile wretch. *Syn.* caitiff, ruffian.

mis-de-mean (-de-mēn'), *v.t.* to behave improperly.

mis-de-mean-or ('ēr), *n.* evil conduct; a minor crime.

mi-ser (mī'zĕr), *n.* a man covetous to excess.

mis-er-a-ble (miz'ĕr-å-bl), *adj.* wretched; worthless; despicable. *Syn.* unhappy, distressed, afflicted.

mis-er-a-bly (-bli), *adv.* in a miserable manner.

mis-er-y ('ĕr-i), *n.* extreme pain; great unhappiness. *Syn.* woe, destitution, penury.

mis-fit (mis'fit), *n.* non-fitting; a person in a wrong position.

mis-lay (mis-lā'), *v.t.* to lose.

mis-ly (miz'li), *adj.* raining in minute drops.

mis-place (mis-plās'), *v.t.* to put in a wrong place.

mis-pris-ion (-prizh'un), *n.* in law, an offense bordering upon a capital crime.

mis-rep-re-sent (-rep-re-zent'), *v.t.* to represent falsely or incorrectly.

miss, *n.* a young unmarried woman; a title of address to an unmarried woman; failure to hit or obtain: *v.t.* to fail to hit, etc.; feel the want of. *Syn.* lose, fail, miscarry.

mis-sile (mis'il), *n.* a weapon or thing thrown to injure another.

miss-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* lost; wanting.

mis-sion (mish'un), *n.* persons sent for religious or other purposes; embassy; delegation; commission.

mis-sion-a-ry (-å-ri), *n.* a person sent to propagate religion.

mis-sive ('iv), *n.* a letter or message.

mist (mist), *n.* visible watery vapor in the lower air; fog; anything that obscures the vision: *v.i.* to rain in minute drops.

mis-tak-a-ble (mis-tāk'å-bl), *adj.* liable to be mistaken.

mis-take (-tāk'), *v.t.* to misunderstand; misconceive; misjudge: *n.* an error in judgment; misconception.

mis-ti-ly ('ti-li), *adv.* obscurely; darkly.

mis-ti-ness (-nes), *n.* obscurity; dimness.

mis-tle-toe (miz'l-tō), *n.* an evergreen plant parasitic on trees.

mis-tress (mis'tres), *n.* a woman who governs; a woman skilled in anything.

Mis-tress (mis'tres), *n.* the style of address for a married woman; abbreviated *Mrs.* (mis'is).

mist-y ('i), *adj.* obscured with mist; dim; clouded.

mis-un-der-stand (-un-dĕr-stand'), *v.t.* to take in a wrong sense; misconceive.

mis-un-der-stand-ing ('ing), *n.* misconception; disagreement.

mite (mīt), *n.* a minute insect; a very small object or quantity.

mi-ter, mi-tre (mī'tĕr), *n.* a bishop's cap.

mit-i-gate (mit'i-gāt), *v.t.* to render less severe or painful; soften; alleviate. *Syn.* relieve, diminish, abate.

mit-i-ga-tion (-gā'shun), *n.* alleviation.

mit-i-ga-tive (mit'i-gā-tiv), *adj.* alleviating.

mit-i-ga-tor (-tĕr), *n.* that which mitigates.

mi-tral (mī'trål), *adj.* pertaining to, or shaped like, a miter.

mit-ten ('n), *n.* a fingerless winter glove.

mit-ti-mus (mit'i-mus), *n.* a warrant of commitment to prison.

mix (miks), *v.t.* to unite into one mass; join: *v.i.* to associate; mingle.

mix-ture ('tūr), *n.* a compound or mass formed by mixing.

miz-zle (miz'l), *v.i.* to rain in very minute drops: *n.* fine rain.

miz-zly ('li), *adj.* drizzling; misty.

mne-mon-ic (nē-mon'ik), *adj.* assisting the memory.

mne-mon-ics ('iks), *n.pl.* the art of memorizing.

moan (mōn), *v.i.* to utter a low sound from pain or sorrow: *n.* a low sound expressive of sorrow or pain.

moat (mōt), *n.* a ditch round a fortress.

mob (mob), *n.* a disorderly crowd; riotous assembly; rabble: *v.t.* to attack in a crowd.

mo-bile (mō'bil), *adj.* easily moved.

mo-bil-i-ty (-bil'i-ti), *n.* susceptibility of motion.

mo-bil-ize (-īz), *v.t.* to call into active service.

mob-oc-ra-cy (mob-ok'rå-si), *n.* the rule of the mob.

mock (mok), *v.t.* to ridicule; mimic in sport or derision; tantalize: *n.* derision; ridicule: *adj.* false; counterfeit.

mock-er-y ('ēr-i), *n.* derision; delusion; imitation.

mock-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* derisive; mimicking.

mo-dal (mō'dål), *adj.* pertaining to mode or form.

mode (mōd), *n.* form; custom; fashion; manner.

mod-el (mod'el) *n.* a pattern; example for imitation; standard copy; a person who poses for a painter or sculptor: *adj.* serving as a pattern: *v.t.* to form after a model. *Syn.* copy, design, mold.

mod-el-er (-ēr), *n.* one who models.

mod-el-ing (-ing), *n.* the art of making a model.

mod-er-ate (mod'ēr-āt), *v.t.* to keep within bounds; lessen; qualify: *v.i.* to become less violent; *adj.* restrained; frugal; reasonable. *Syn.* temperate, abstemious.

mod-er-ate-ly (-li), *adv.* in a moderate manner.

mod-er-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* freedom from excess; equanimity.

mod-ern ('ērn), *adj.* of the present time; recent..

mod-ern-ize (-īz), *v.t.* to render modern.

mod-est ('est), *adj.* diffident; decent; chaste. *Syn.* virtuous, bashful, reserved.

mod-es-ty ('es-ti), *n.* the state of being modest; propriety of behavior; diffidence.

mod-i-fi-ca-tion (-i-fi-kā'-shun), *n.* the act of modifying; slight change in form.

mod-i-fy ('i-fī), *v.t.* to change slightly; vary; qualify.

mod-u-late (mod'ū-lāt), *v.t.* to vary the sound of.

mod-u-la-tion (-lā'shun), *n.* the act of modulating; an agreeable harmony.

Mo-ham-me-dan (-ham'me-dan), *adj.* pertaining to Mohammedanism: *n.* an adherent of the Mohammedan faith.

Mo-ham-me-dan-ism (-izm), *n.* the religious system founded by Mohammed.

moi-e-ty (moi'e-ti), *n.* one of two equal parts; half.

moil (moil), *v.i.* to toil; drudge; work painfully.

moist (moist), *adj.* containing water; humid; damp.

mois-ten (mois'n), *v.t.* to make moist.

mois-ture (moist'ūr), *n.* moderate dampness.

mo-las-ses (-las'ez), *n.* the syrup left in sugar-making.

mold, mould (mōld), *n.* a rich soil; the matrix in which anything is shaped; a growth of minute fungi; character: *v.t.* to shape in a mold: *v.i.* to become moldy.

mold-er, mould-er ('ēr), *v.t.* to turn into dust by natural decay: *n.* one who molds.

mold-i-ness, mould-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state of being moldy.

mold-ing, mould-ing ('ing), *n.* the act of shaping in a mold; ornamental strip on a wall, etc.

mold-y, mould-y ('i), *adj.* covered with or affected by mold.

mole (mōl), *n.* a dark-colored spot on the skin; a small burrowing animal; a pier or breakwater.

mo-lec-u-lar (mō-lek'ū-lår), *adj.* pertaining to molecules.

mol-e-cule (mol'e-kūl), *n.* the smallest quantity of

an element or compound which can exist separately.

mo-lest (mo-lest'), *v.t.* to annoy; trouble; vex.

mol-es-ta-tion (mol-es-tā'shun), *n.* interference; annoyance.

mol-li-fi-er ('i-fī-ẽr), *n.* one who mollifies.

mol-li-fy ('i-fī), *v.t.* to calm; soften; assuage.

mol-lusk ('usk), *n.* a shell-bearing animal.

molt, moult (mōlt), *v.i.* to cast the feathers, hair, skin, etc.

molt-en (mōlt'en), *adj.* melted; made of melted metal.

mo-ment (mō'ment), *n.* an imperceptible portion of time; an instant; importance.

mo-men-ta-ri-ly (-tâ-ri-li), *adv.* for a moment.

mo-men-ta-ry ('men-tâ-ri), *adj.* lasting only an instant.

mo-men-tous (-men'tus), *adj.* very important.

mo-men-tum (-men'tum), *n.* the force of a moving body.

mon-ad (mon'ad), *n.* an ultimate atom; a primary constituent of matter.

mon-arch ('ârk), *n.* a supreme ruler; sovereign.

mon-ar-chic (-âr'kik), *adj.* pertaining to a monarch.

mon-arch-ist (-ist), *n.* an advocate for monarchy.

mon-arch-y ('ârk-i), *n.* government in which the supreme power is vested in a monarch.

mon-as-ter-y ('âs-ter-i), *n.* a home for religious retirement of men.

mon-as-tic (mon-as'tik), *adj.* pertaining to monks, their rules, etc.

Mon-day (mun'dā), *n.* the second day of the week.

mon-e-ta-ry (mun'e-te-ri), *adj.* pertaining to money.

mon-e-tize ('e-tīz), *v.t.* to convert into money; give a standard value to.

mon-ey ('i), *n.* coin; specie; gold, silver, or other metal used as currency.

mon-eyed ('id), *adj.* possessed of money; wealthy.

mon-ger (mung'gẽr), *n.* a dealer; a trader.

mon-grel (mung'grel), *adj.* of a mixed breed or kind: *n.* an animal of mixed breed, etc.

mo-ni-tion (mō-nish'un), *n.* admonition; warning.

mon-i-tive (mon'i-tiv), *adj.* admonitory.

mon-i-tor ('i-tẽr), *n.* one who admonishes; a subordinate instructor.

mon-i-to-ri-al (-tō'ri-âl), *adj.* pertaining to a monitor.

mon-i-to-ry ('i-to-ri), *adj.* giving monition.

monk (mungk), *n.* a man who belongs to a society of religious recluses.

mon-key ('ki), *n.* an animal of the ape kind.

monk-ish ('ish), *adj.* pertaining to a monk or monastic institutions.

mo-noc-u-lar (mō-nok'ū-lâr), *adj.* adapted for use for one eye; one-eyed.

mon-o-dy (mon'o-di), *n.* a plaintive song for one voice.

mon-og-a-my (mon-og'â-mi), *n.* marriage to one wife only.

mon-o-gram ('o-gram), *n.* a cipher composed of interwoven letters.

mon-o-graph ('o-grâf), *n.* a treatise written on some particular subject.

mon-o-lith ('o-lith), *n.* a column formed of a single stone.

mon-o-logue ('o-log), *n.* a dramatic scene in which only one person speaks.

mon-o-ma-nia (-mā'ni-â), *n.* mental derangement in regard to one subject only.

mon-o-met-al-lism (-met'âl-izm), *n.* the legalized use of one metal only as currency.

mo-nop-o-list (mō-nop'o-list), *n.* one who monopolizes.

mo-nop-o-lize ('o-līz), *v.t.* to acquire possession of the whole of some material.

mo-nop-o-ly ('o-li), *n.* an exclusive control of any industry.

mon-o-the-ism (mon'ō-the-izm), *n.* the doctrine of the existence of one God.

mon-o-tone (mon'o-tōn), *n.* recitation on a single note or key.

mo-not-o-nous (mō-not'ō-nus), *adj.*

continued in an unchanging tone; wearisome.

mo-not-o-ny ('o-ni), *n.* uniformity of tone; irksome sameness.

mon-soon (-sōōn'), *n.* a periodical wind in the Indian Ocean.

mon-ster ('stĕr), *n.* anything out of the usual course of nature; a very wicked person.

mon-stros-i-ty (-stros'i-ti), *n.* an unnatural production.

mon-strous ('strus), *adj.* wonderful; huge; horrible; enormous. *Syn.* shocking, dreadful, horrible.

month (munth), *n.* one of the twelve divisions of the year.

month-ly ('li), *adj.* happening in a month: *adv* once each month.

mon-u-ment (mon'ū-ment), *n.* a memorial erection. *Syn.* record, cenotaph.

mon-u-men-tal ('tal), *adj.* serving as a monument.

mood (mōōd), *n.* style; manner; temper of mind. *Syn.* humor, disposition.

mood-i-ly ('i-li), *adv.* in a moody manner.

mood-i-ness (-nes), *n.* moody disposition.

mood-y ('i), *adj.* abstracted and pensive; out of temper: sad; gloomy.

moon (mōōn), *n.* the satellite that revolves round the earth; any planetary satellite.

moon-shine ('shīn), *n.* moonlight; show without reality.

moon-struck ('struck), *adj.* lunatic.

moor (mōōr), *n.* waste land covered with heather, etc.: *v.t.* to secure a ship by a cable and anchor.

Moor, *n.* one of the dark race dwelling in Northern Africa.

moor-age ('ej), *n.* a mooring place.

moor-ing ('ing), *n.* the act of securing a vessel to a particular place; the place itself.

moose (mōōs), *n.* a large North American deer.

moot (mōōt), *v.t.* to propose for discussion: *n.* a discussion on a supposed case: *adj.* open for debate.

mop (mop), *n.* an instrument for washing floors, decks, etc.: *v.t.* to rub or dry with a mop.

mope (mōp), *v.i.* to be silent, dull, or dispirited.

mo-raine (mō-rān'), *n.* a line of rocks and gravel at the edges and base of glaciers.

mo-ral (mor'ăl), *adj.* pertaining to morality; conformed to right; virtuous: *n.* inner meaning: *pl.* moral philosophy or ethics; behavior.

mor-ale (mō-rāl'), *n.* moral condition; internal power of endurance.

mor-al-ist (mor'ă-list), *n.* one who teaches or practices the duties of life.

mor-al-ize (mor'ăl-īz), *v.t.* to apply in a moral sense; render moral: *v.i.* to make reflections on good or evil.

mo-ral-i-ty (mō-ral'i-ti), *n.* the doctrine of the duties of life; ethics; virtue.

mor-al-ly (mor'ăl-i), *adv.* ethically; virtuously; practically.

mo-rass (mō-răs'), *n.* a swamp; fen; low, wet ground.

mor-bid (môr'bid), *adj.* pertaining to disease; sickly; unhealthy. *Syn.* sick, ailing, diseased.

mor-bid-i-ty (-bid'i-ti), *n.* morbid state.

mor-bif-ic (-bif'ik), *adj.* producing disease.

mor-dant ('dănt), *adj.* biting into or fixing colors; sarcastic; caustic: *n.* a substance that serves to fix certain colors in dyeing.

more (mōr), *adj.* greater in number, quality, extent, etc.: *adv.* to a greater degree, etc.; again; besides.

mo-rel-lo (mo-rel'ō), *n.* a dark-red cherry.

more-o-ver (mōr-ō'vĕr), *adv.* besides; further.

mor-ga-nat-ic (môr-gă-nat'-ik), *adj.* noting the marriage of a man of royal rank with a woman of inferior degree.

morgue (môrg), *n.* a place where the bodies of persons unknown found dead are exposed for identification.

mor-i bund (mor'i-bund), *adj.* dying.

Mor-mon (môr'mun), *adj.* pertaining to a religious sect founded in 1830 and notable for polygamous practices; *n.* a member of this sect.

morn-ing (môrn'ing), *n.* the early part of the day.

mo-roc-co (mō-rok'ō), *n.* a fine kind of grained leather.

mo-rose (-rōs′), *adj.* sullen; austere; gloomy. *Syn.* fretful, crabbed, crusty.

mo-rose-ly (′li), *adv.* in a morose manner.

mor-phi-a (môr′fi-ȧ), *n.* the narcotic principle of opium. Also morphine.

mor-phol-o-gy (-fol′o-ji), *n.* the science of forms in animals and plants.

mor-row (′ō), *n.* the next day after the present.

mor-sel (môr′sel), *n.* a small piece.

mor-tal (môr′tȧl), *adj.* subject to death; causing death; fatal; punishable with death; pertaining to human beings: *n.* a human being; man, as subject to death. *Syn.* deadly, fatal, human.

mor-tal-i-ty (-tal′i-ti), *n.* the condition of being mortal; number of deaths in ratio to population.

mor-tal-ly (′tȧl-li), *adv.* so as to cause death.

mor-tar (′tẽr), *n.* a vessel in which substances are pounded; a kind of cannon; a building cement of lime, sand, and water: *v.t.* to plaster with mortar.

mort-gage (môr′gāj), *n.* a deed conveying property to a creditor as security for the payment of a debt: *v.t.* to pledge; make over to a creditor.

mor-ti-fi-ca-tion (ti-fi-kā′-shun), *n.* the act of mortifying; gangrene; subjugation of the appetites by abstinence; vexation; chagrin.

mor-ti-fy (′ti-fī), *v.t.* to produce gangrene in; subdue by penance; humble; chagrin.

mor-ti-fy-ing (-ing), *adj.* tending to mortify; humiliating; vexatious.

mor-tise (′tis), *n.* a hole made in wood to receive a tenon.

mor-tu-a-ry (′ū-ȧ-ri), *n.* a building for the dead pending burial: *adj.* pertaining to the burial of the dead.

mo-sa-ic (-zā′ik), *adj.* pertaining to mosaic work: *n.* a variety of artistic work, formed by the union of very minute pieces of glass, stone, etc.

mosque (mosk), *n.* a Mohammedan temple.

mos-qui-to (mus-kē′tō), *n.* a biting insect which causes pain and irritation and often infects with disease germs.

moss (mȯs), *n.* soft peaty moorland; a natural order of cryptogamous plants.

most (mōst), *adj.* greatest in number, quantity, or degree: *n.* the greatest number, part, quantity, or value.

mote (mōt), *n.* a very small particle.

moth (môth), *n.* a night-flying insect, species of which feed upon cloth, fur, etc.

moth-er (mu*th*′ẽr), *n.* a female parent; the female superior of a religious house: *adj.* native; producing others: *v.t.* to adopt as a son or daughter.

moth-er-in-law (-in-law), *n.* the mother of one's husband or wife.

mo-tion (mo′shun), *n.* the process of moving; passage of a body from one place to another; a proposition made in a deliberative assembly. *Syn.* proposal, movement.

mo-tive (′tiv), *adj.* causing motion; able to move: *n.* that which excites to action; inducement; reason; stimulus.

mot-ley (mot′li), *adj.* covered with parts of various colors; heterogeneous.

mo-tor (mō′tẽr), *n.* that which produces motion, or power, especially a machine which performs mechanical work: *adj.* imparting motion.

mo-tor car (kär), *n.* a vehicle propelled by means of petroleum, electricity, etc.

mot-tle (mot′l), *v.t.* to mark with spots of various colors; variegate.

mot-to (′ō), *n.* a concise sentence suggesting some guiding principle, etc.

mould. See mold.

moult. See molt.

mound (mound), *n.* an artificial bank of earth or stone; hillock: *v.t.* to furnish, or fortify, with a mound.

mount (mount), *n.* a hill or mountain; an elevation rising above the level of the surrounding land; cardboard on which a drawing is fixed: *v.t.* to raise on high; climb; ascend; bestride; furnish with horses.

moun-tain (′in), *n.* a large mass of rock or earth rising above the level of the adjacent country.

moun-tain-eer (-ēr′), *n.* one who dwells among mountains.

moun-tain-ous (-us), *adj.* full of, or resembling, mountains.

mount-e-bank ('e-bank), *n.* a quack-doctor; boastful pretender.

mount-ed ('ed), *p.adj.* seated on horseback; placed on a suitable support.

mount-ing ('ing), *n.* the act of mounting, embellishing, or equipping.

mourn (mōrn), *v.i.* to grieve; lament; be sorrowful. *Syn.* bemoan, grieve, sorrow.

mourn-er ('ēr), *n.* one who mourns.

mourn-ful ('fool), *adj.* causing sorrow; doleful; sad. *Syn.* grievous, heavy, sorrowful.

mourn-ful-ly ('lĭ), *adv.* in a mournful manner.

mourn-ing ('ing), *n.* an expression of grief; the dress of a mourner.

mouse (mous), *n.* a small rodent of the genus Mus, that infests houses, etc.: *v.i.* (mouz) to watch for, or catch, mice.

mous-tache. See mustache.

mouth (mouth), *n.* the opening in the head of an animal by which it receives food and utters sounds; entrance or opening: *v.t.* (mouth) to utter with an affected or pompous voice.

mouth-ful ('fool), *n.* the quantity the mouth can hold.

mouth-piece ('pēc), *n.* that part of an instrument which is applied to the mouth; a spokesman.

mov-a-bil-i-ty (mōōv-ȧ-bil'i-ti), *n.* the state of being movable.

mov-a-ble ('ȧ-bl), *adj.* capable of being moved or conveyed; changeable: *n.pl.* goods, wares, or furniture.

move (mōōv), *v.t.* to cause to change place or position; impel; set in motion; rouse to action; influence; propose formally: *v.i.* to go from place to place; stir; change residence: *n.* the act of moving. *Syn.* actuate, impel, induce, prompt.

move-ment ('ment), *n.* the act or manner of moving; change of place or position; mechanism of a watch or clock.

mov-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* causing motion, or change of position; stirring the passions or affections; pathetic: *n.* the act of changing one's residence.

mow (mō), *v.t.* to cut grass with a scythe.

mow (mou), *n.* a heap of hay, etc., stowed in a barn; the compartment in a barn where hay, etc., are stored.

mow-ing (mō'ing), *n.* the act of cutting grass with a scythe.

mown, *p.p.* of mow.

much (much), *adj.* great in quantity or amount; long in duration: *adv.* to a great degree or extent; often or long; nearly: *n.* a great quantity.

mu-ci-lage (mū'si-lej), *n.* a gummy or gelatinous substance.

mu-ci-lag-i-nous (-laj'i-nus), *adj.* pertaining to mucilage or gum.

muck (muk), *n.* moist dung; anything filthy or vile.

muck-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state of being mucky.

mu-cous (mū'kus), *adj.* pertaining to mucus; viscous.

mu-cus ('kus), *n.* the viscid fluid secreted by the mucous membrane.

mud (mud), *n.* soft wet earth; mire.

mud-dle ('l), *v.t.* to make a mess of or confuse; cloud or stupefy: *n.* a confused state; intellectual bewilderment.

muff (muf), *n.* a cover of fur, etc., to keep the hands warm in cold weather.

muf-fin ('in), *n.* a soft light spongy round cake.

muf-fle ('l), *v.t.* to wrap up closely and warmly; cover or conceal the face of.

muf-fler ('lĕr), *n.* a wrapper.

mug (mug), *n.* an earthenware or metallic drinking vessel.

mug-gi-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state of being muggy.

mug-gy ('i), *adj.* warm, damp, and close; moldy.

mu-lat-to (mū-lat'ō), *n.* the offspring of negro and white parents.

mul-ber-ry (mul'ber-i), *n.* the tree or fruit of the genus Morus.

mulch (mulch), *n.* half rotten straw, litter, etc., used to protect the roots of plants: *v.t.* to protect with mulch.

mulct (mulkt), *v.t.* to punish with a fine: *n.* a fine, especially for some misdemeanor.

mule (mūl), *n.* the offspring of a male ass and a mare; a stubborn, obstinate person.

mul-e-teer (-e-tēr'), *n.* a mule driver.

mu-lish (mūl'ish), *adj.* like a mule; stubborn.

mul-lion (mul'yun), *n.* an upright bar or division between the lights of windows, screens, etc., in a Gothic arch.

mul-ti-ple (mul'ti-pl), *adj.* consisting of many parts; repeated many times.

mul-ti-plex ('ti-pleks), *adj.* manifold.

mul-ti-pli-ca-tion (-kā'shun), *n.* the act or process of multiplying.

mul-ti-plic-i-ty (-plis'i-ti), *n.* the state of being manifold; a great number.

mul-ti-ply ('ti-plī), *v.t.* to cause to increase in number; make more by natural production or addition: *v.i.* to increase in number or extent.

mul-ti-tude ('ti-tūd), *n.* a great number; crowd; assembly; populace. *Syn.* throng, host, mob, swarm.

mul-ti-tu-di-nous (-tū'di-nus), *adj.* consisting of a multitude; numerous.

mum (mum), *adj.* silent: *n.* silence: *interj.* be silent!

mum-ble ('bl), *v.i.* & *v.i.* to mutter or speak indistinctly.

mum-mer ('ẽr), *n.* one who makes sport in disguise.

mum-mer-y ('ẽ-i), *n.* masquerading; buffoonery; hypocritical parade.

mum-my ('i), *n.* a dead body embalmed after the manner of the ancient Egyptians.

mump (mump), *v.i.* & *v.t.* to move the lips with the mouth nearly closed; nibble; cheat.

mumps ('s), *n.* a contagious febrile disease: *pl.* the sulks.

munch (munch), *v.t.* & *v.i.* to chew with a crunching noise.

mun-dane (mun'dān), *adj.* pertaining to the world.

mu-nic-i-pal (mū-nis'i-pal), *adj.* pertaining to a city, corporation.

mu-nic-i-pal-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* a corporate town or city.

mu-nic-i-pal-ly ('i-pal-i), *adv.* in a municipal manner.

mu-nif-i-cence (-nif'i-sens), *n.* the state of being munificent; liberality.

mu-nif-i-cent ('i-sent), *adj.* characterized by great liberality in giving; bountiful.

mu-ni-ment (mū'ni-ment), *n.* a stronghold or fortification; a legal record defending a title.

mu-ni-tions (-nish'unz), *n.pl.* military stores.

mu-ral ('ral), *adj.* pertaining to a wall.

mur-der (mẽr'dẽr), *n.* homicide with malice aforethought: *v.t.* to kill with premeditated malice. *Syn.* assassinate, slay, massacre.

mur-der-er (-ẽr), *n.* one who is guilty of murder.

mur-der-ous (-us), *adj.* pertaining to murder.

murk (mẽrk), *n.* darkness.

murk-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state of being murky.

murk-i-ly ('i-li), *adv.* darkly.

murk-y ('i), *adj.* dark; gloomy; obscure.

mur-mur (mẽr'mẽr), *n.* a low indistinct sound: *v.i.* to make a low continued noise like the hum of bees.

mus-ca-tel ('kā-tel), *n.* a variety of rich wine; the grapes from which it is made.

mus-cle ('l), *n.* a highly contractile organ of fibrous tissue by which movement in an animal body is effected.

mus-cu-lar ('kū-lar), *adj.* pertaining to muscles; strong; vigorous; brawny.

mus-cu-lar-i-ty (-lar'i-ti), *n.* the quality or state of being muscular.

muse (mūz), *v.i.* to study in silence; meditate; be absent-minded: *v.t.* to meditate on. *Syn.* contemplate, reflect, ponder.

mu-se-um (-zē'um), *n.* a collection of natural, scientific, or literary curiosities, or of works of art; the building containing such a collection.

mush (mush), *n.* boiled Indian corn meal.

mush-room ('rōōm), *n.* an edible fungus; an upstart: *adj.* upstart; ephemeral.

mu-sic (mū'zik), *n.* the art of harmonic sounds; musical score or composition.

mu-sic-al ('zik-al), *adj.* pertaining to music; harmonious; melodious. *Syn.* tuneful, dulcet, sweet.

mu-sic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in a musical manner.

mu-si-cian (-zish'an), *n.* one skilled in music.

mu-sing (mūz'ing), *n.* meditation: *adj.* meditative.

musk (musk), *n.* a strong-scented substance obtained from the male musk-deer; a small plant with a musk-like perfume.

mus-ket (mus'ket), *n.* the fire-arm formerly used by infantry.

mus-ket-eer (-ēr'), *n.* a soldier armed with a musket.

mus-lin (muz'lin), *n.* a fine thin cotton cloth or fabric: *adj.* made of muslin.

mus-qui-to. Same as mosquito.

muss (mus), *n.* a confused struggle; disorder: *v.t.* to disorder, as clothing.

mus-sel ('el), *n.* a marine edible bivalve.

must (must), *n.* unfermented expressed grape juice: *v.t.* to make moldy and sour: *v.i.* to be obliged morally or physically.

mus-tache (mus-tåsh'), *n.* hair worn on a man's upper lip. Also moustache.

mus-tang ('tang), *n.* the small, semi-wild horse of the prairies.

mus-tard ('tērd), *n.* a condiment made from the ground seed of the mustard plant.

mus-ter ('tēr), *n.* an assembly of troops for observation; assemblage; collection: *v.t.* to assemble, as troops for review or active service.

must-i-ly ('i-li), *adv.* in a musty condition.

must-i-ness (-nes), *n.* the state of being musty.

must-y ('i), *adj.* spoiled with damp, mold, or age; spiritless; antiquated.

mu-ta-bil-i-ty (mū-tå-bil'i-ti), *n.* instability.

mu-ta-ble ('tå-bl), *adj.* susceptible of change.

mu-ta-bly (-bli), *adv.* in a mutable manner.

mu-ta-tion (mū-tā'shun), *n.* alteration; change.

mute (mūt), *adj.* silent; dumb; not pronounced or sounded: *n.* one who is dumb or remains silent.

mute-ly ('li), *adv.* silently.

mute-ness ('nes), *n.* the state of being mute.

mu-ti-late (mū'ti-lāt), *v.t.* to cut off a limb or essential part of; render imperfect; maim. *Syn.* cripple, disable, disfigure.

mu-ti-la-tion (-lā'shun), *n.* the act of mutilating.

mu-ti-neer (ti-nēr'), *n.* one who is guilty of mutiny.

mu-ti-nous ('ti-nus), *adj.* disposed to, or guilty of, mutiny; seditious. *Syn.* insurgent, turbulent, riotous.

mu-ti-ny ('ti-ni), *n.* insurrection against constituted authority, especially of soldiers or sailors against their officers: *v.i.* to rise against authority.

mut-ter (mut'ēr), *v.i.* to utter words in a low voice with compressed lips; grumble; speak indistinctly; *n.* indistinct utterance; murmur.

mut-ton ('n), *n.* the flesh of sheep.

mu-tu-al (mū'tū-ål), *adj.* reciprocal. *Syn.* interchanged, correlative.

mu-tu-al-ly (-li), *adv.* reciprocally.

mu-tu-al-i-ty (-al'i-ti), *n.* reciprocation.

muz-zle (muz'l), *n.* the projecting mouth, lips, and nose of an animal; snout; the mouth of a gun, etc.; a fastening or cover for the mouth of a dog, etc., to prevent biting: *v.t.* to secure the mouth of an animal with a muzzle.

my (mī), *poss. pron.* belonging to me.

my-col-o-gy (-kol'o-ji), *n.* the branch of botany that treats of fungi or mushrooms.

myr-i-ad (mir'i-åd), *n.* the number of 10,000; a very large number: *adj.* innumerable; countless.

myr-mi-don, *n.* a brutal or unprincipled follower or subordinate.

myrrh (mēr), *n.* an aromatic gummy resin.

myr-tle (mēr'tl), *n.* a fragrant evergreen shrub.

my-self (mī-self'), *pron.* I or me in person; used emphatically or reflexively.

mys-te-ri-ous (-tē'ri-us), *adj.* not clear to the understanding; obscure; incomprehensible. *Syn.* dark, hidden, secret, mystic.

mys-ter-y ('tēr-i), *n.* something secret, obscure, or unexplained.

mys-tic ('tik), *adj.* pertaining to, or containing, mystery; emblematical; obscure, occult.

mys-tic-al-ly (-ål-li), *adv.* in a mystic manner.

mys-ti-cism (-sism), *n.* the doctrines of the mystics; obscurity of thought or teaching.

mys-ti-fy ('ti-fī), *v.t.* to involve in mystery; obscure; bewilder; puzzle. *Syn.* confuse, perplex.

myth (mith), *n.* a legend; poetic fiction; a fabulous narrative embodying religious ideas.

myth-ic ('ik), *adj.* pertaining to myths. Also mythical.

myth-o-log-ic-al (-o-loj'ik-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to mythology.

myth-ol-o-gist (-jist), *n.* a student of or one skilled in mythology.

myth-ol-o-gize (-jīz), *n.* to render mythical.

myth-ol-o-gy ('o-jī), *n.* the collected body or system of the traditions or legends of a people in which are embodied their beliefs concerning their origin, gods, heroes, etc.; the science of myths; a treatise on myths.

N

nab (nab), *v.t.* to catch or seize unexpectedly.

na-bob (nā'bob), *n.* one who has amassed wealth in India; a very wealthy man.

na-cre (nā'kĕr), *n.* mother-of-pearl.

na-dir (nā'dĕr), *n.* that part of the heavens directly under our feet, or directly opposite to the zenith.

nag (nag), *n.* a small saddle-horse: *v.t.* to scold or find fault with continually.

Na-iad (nā'yad), *n.* a water-nymph.

nail (nāl), *n.* the horny substance at the ends of the human fingers and toes; the claws of a bird or other animal; a pointed piece of metal for fastening woodwork, etc.: *v.t.* to fasten with nails; to hold down tightly, as to an argument.

na-ïve (nä-ēv'), *adj.* artless; ingenuous; unaffectedly simple.

na-ïve-té (nä-ēv'tā), *n.* natural, unaffected simplicity or ingenuousness [French].

na-ked (nā'ked), *adj.* unclothed; bare; exposed to view; plain; without addition or ornament. *Syn.* nude, uncovered, rough, simple.

nam-by-pam-by (nam'bi-pam'bi), *adj.* weakly sentimental or affectedly pretty or fine.

name (nām), *n.* that by which a person or thing is called; designation: *v.t.* to give an appellation to; nominate; specify; mention by name. *Syn.* title, cognomen, reputation, credit, repute, designation.

name-less ('les), *adj.* without a name; unknown; not fit to be mentioned.

name-ly ('li), *adv.* that is to say.

name-sake ('sāk), *n.* one having the same name.

nap (nap), *n.* a short slumber; doze; the woolly substance on the surface of cloth: *v.i.* to doze.

nape (nāp), *n.* the back of the neck.

nap-er-y (nāp'ĕr-i), *n.* table-linen; linen underclothing.

naph-tha (nap'thă), *n.* a liquid hydrocarbon exuding from the earth, or distilled from coal-tar.

nap-kin (nap'kin), *n.* a small cloth, specifically one used at table for wiping the hands, etc.

nap-py (nap'i), *adj.* covered with nap or pile; drowsy.

nar-co-sis (när-kō'sis), *n.* stupefaction from the effects of narcotic.

nar-cot-ic (-kot'ik), *adj.* producing coma or torpor: *n.* a medicine to alleviate pain and produce sleep.

nar-co-tine ('ko-tin), *n.* the narcotic principle of opium.

nard (närd), *n.* spikenard; an aromatic unguent.

nar-rate (nar-rāt'), *v.t.* to tell; recite; give an account of; write, as a story. *Syn.* relate, detail, recount, describe.

nar-ra-tion (-rā'shun), *n.* the act of narrating; statement, written or verbal.

nar-ra-tive ('ră-tiv), *adj.* pertaining to narration: *n.* recital of a story or event; tale.

nar-ra-tor (-rā'tĕr), *n.* one who narrates.

nar-row (nar'ō), *adj.* of little breadth or extent; limited; bigoted; ungenerous: *v.t.* to lessen the breadth or extent of; confine or contract; restrict: *v.i.* to become narrow: *n.pl.* a strait or narrow passage between two seas.

na-sal (nāz'ăl), *adj.* pertaining to the nose: *n.* a letter pronounced through the nose.

nas-cent (nas'ent), *adj.* beginning to grow or exist.

nas-ti-ly ('ti-li), *adv.* in a nasty manner; filthily; disagreeably.

nas-ti-ness (-nes), *n.* the quality or state of being nasty.

nas-ty ('ti), *adj.* dirty; nauseous; filthy; obscene; foul; serious. *Syn.* unclean, impure, gross, vile.

na-tal (nā'tăl), *adj.* pertaining to one's birth or birthday; indigenous.

na-tant ('tănt), *adj.* swimming; floating.

na-ta-tion (na-tā'shun), *n.* the act or art of swimming.

na-ta-to-ri-al (nā-tă-tō'ri-ăl), *adj.* swimming, or adapted for swimming. Also natatory.

na-tion (nā'shun), *n.* the inhabitants of one country or government; people ethnologically or linguistically allied. *Syn.* community, realm, state.

na-tion-al (na'shun-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to a nation; public; general.

na-tion-al-ism (-ăl-izm), *n.* the state of being national.

na-tion-al-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* national character, patriotism.

na-tion-al-ize (-ăl-īz), *v.t.* to render national.

na-tion-al-ly (-li), *adv.* as a nation.

na-tive (nā'tiv), *adj.* pertaining to the place of birth; produced by nature; not acquired; innate: *n.* one who is born in a certain country or place. *Syn.* indigenous, inborn, vernacular.

na-tiv-i-ty (-tiv'i-ti), *n.* time, place, and manner of birth.

na-tron (nā'tron), *n.* native carbonate of soda.

nat-ti-ly (nat'i-li), *adv.* tidily; neatly.

nat-ti-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the quality of being natty.

nat-ty ('i), *adj.* tidy; neat; smart.

nat-u-ral (nat'ū-răl), *adj.* produced by nature; inborn; not artificial; occurring in the ordinary course of things; unassumed. *Syn.* original, regular, normal.

nat-u-ral his-to-ry (his'to-ri), *n.* the scientific description of the earth and its various productions.

nat-u-ral-ism (-izm), *n.* mere state of nature; the denial of supernatural interference with natural laws; natural religion.

nat-u-ral-ist (-ist), *n.* one skilled in natural history.

nat-u-ral-is-tic (-is'tik), *adj.* realistic.

nat-u-ral-i-za-tion (-i-zā'shun), *n.* the act of investing a foreigner with the rights and privileges of a natural-born citizen.

nat-u-ral-ize (-iz), *v.t.* to make natural; acclimatize; invest with the privileges of a citizen or subject.

nat-u-ral-ly (-li), *adv.* according to nature; spontaneously.

nat-u-ral-ness (-nes), *n.* the state of being natural.

na-ture (nā'chĕr or nāt'ūr), *n.* the universe; essential qualities; constitution.

naught (nawt), *n.* nothing: *adj.* worthless: *adv.* in no degree.

naugh-ti-ly ('ti-li), *adv.* in a naughty manner.

naugh-ti-ness ('ti-nes), *n.* the state of being naughty; misbehavior.

naugh-ty ('ti), *adj.* bad; perverse or mischievous.

nau-se-a ('shi-ă), *n.* a strong sensation of sickness; sea-sickness; loathing or disgust.

nau-se-ate ('shi-āt), *v.t.* to affect with nausea; loathe: *v.i.* to feel disgust; be inclined to vomit.

nau-se-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* the state of being nauseated.

nau-seous ('shus), *adj.* loathsome; abhorrent.

nau-ti-cal (naw'ti-kăl), *adj.* pertaining to ships, sailors, or navigation. *Syn.* marine, naval, maritime.

na-val (nā'văl), *adj.* pertaining to ships or a navy; maritime.

nave (nāv), *n.* the middle or body of a church; the center of a wheel.

nav-el ('el), *n.* the depression in the lower part of the abdomen.

nav-i-ga-ble (nav'i-gȧ-bl), *adj.* capable of being navigated.

nav-i-gate ('i-gāt), *v. i.* to pass on the water by a ship or vessel.

nav-i-ga-tion (-gā'shun), *n.* the act or art of navigating.

nav-i-ga-tor ('i-gā-tẽr), *n.* one skilled in the science of navigation.

nav-vy (nav'i), *n.* a laborer employed in constructing railways, canals, etc.

na-vy (nā'vi), *n.* the ships of war belonging to a nation.

nay (nā), *adv.* no; not only so, but: *n.* a refusal or denial.

neap (nēp), *adj.* low: applied to low states of the tides.

near (nēr), *adj.* not far distant; close; intimate; dear; familiar; parsimonious: *adv.* at a little distance; almost: *prep.* close to: *v.t.* to approach; come near to.

neat (nēt), *adj.* tidy; trim and clean; simple and elegant. *Syn.* nice, prim, spruce.

neb (neb), *n.* a bird's beak; nose or snout.

neb-u-la ('ū-lȧ), *n.* a faint misty patch of light in the heavens; a film in the eye.

neb-u-lar ('ū-lȧr), *adj.* pertaining to the nebulæ.

neb-u-los-i-ty (-los'i-ti), *n.* the state of being nebulous.

neb-u-lous ('ū-lus), *adj.* pertaining to a nebula; cloudy; hazy.

nec-es-sa-ri-ly (nes-e-sa'ri-li), *adv.* by necessity.

nec-es-sa-ry ('e-sa-ri), *adj.* that cannot be otherwise; essential; indispensable. *Syn.* needful, expedient, essential.

ne-ces-si-tate (nē-ses'i-tāt), *v.t.* to make necessary; compel; render unavoidable; constrain. *Syn.* force, oblige.

ne-ces-si-tous ('i-tus), *adj.* very poor; destitute; needy.

ne-ces-si-ty ('i-ti), *n.* that which is unavoidable; compulsion; extreme poverty. *Syn.* need, occasion, exigency.

neck (nek), *n.* that part of the body between the head and trunk; a long narrow part, as of land or a vessel.

neck-lace ('les), *n.* a string of beads or ornaments.

nec-rol-o-gy (-rol'ō-ji), *n.* a register of the dead.

nec-ro-man-cer ('rō-man-sẽr), *n.* a conjurer.

nec-ro-man-cy (-si), *n.* the art of conjuration.

nec-ro-man-tic (-man'tik), *adj.* pertaining to necromancy.

nec-rop-o-lis (-rop'o-lis), *n.* a cemetery.

nec-ro-sis (-rō'sis), *n.* mortification and death of a bone.

nec-tar (nek'tȧr), *n.* in classic mythology, the wine of the gods; the honey of plants; any delicious beverage.

nec-ta-ri-al (-tȧ'ri-ȧl), *adj.* pertaining to nectar.

nec-ta-rine ('tȧ-rin), *n.* a variety of peach.

nec-ta-ry ('tȧ-ri), *n.* the honey cup of a flower.

need (nēd), *n.* necessity; urgent want; exigency; poverty: *v.t.* to want. *Syn.* distress, indigence, penury.

need-ful ('fool), *adj.* necessary; needy.

need-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* necessarily.

nee-dle ('l), *n.* a pointed instrument for sewing; the magnetic steel of the mariner's compass.

needs (nēdz), *adv.* necessarily; indispensably.

need-y (nēd'i), *adj.* very poor; necessitous.

ne'er (nār), *adv.* contraction of never.

ne-far-i-ous (ne-fār'i-us), *adj.* extremely wicked; vile; infamous.

ne-ga-tion (ne-gā'shun), *n.* denial; absence of certain qualities.

neg-a-tive (neg'ȧ-tiv), *adj.* implying negation; denying; refusing: *n.* a proposition or word expressing denial; a photograph with lights and shades reversed: *v.t.* to disprove; reject by vote.

neg-a-tive-ly (-li), *adv.* in a negative manner.

neg-lect (-lekt'), *n.* omission; negligence; disregard; carelessness: *v.t.* to omit by carelessness or design; disregard. *Syn.* default, remissness, carelessness.

neg-lect-ful ('fool), *adj.* accustomed to neglect; careless.

neg-lect-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* with neglect.

neg-li-gée (-li-zhā'), *n.* a loosely fitting dress or gown.

neg-li-gence ('li-jens), *n.* carelessness.

neg-li-gent ('li-jent), *adj.* careless.

neg-li-gi-ble ('li-ji-bl), *adj.* that may be neglected; of little account.

ne-go-ti-ate (ne-gō'shi-āt), *v.t.* to transact business; treat with; transfer for value.

ne-go-ti-a-bil-i-ty (-gō-shi-ā-bil'i-ti), *n.* the quality of being negotiable.

ne-go-ti-a-ble ('shi-ā-bl), *adj.* capable of being negotiated.

ne-go-ti-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* the act of transacting business; treaty.

ne-gro (nē'grō), *n.* an African black. *Fem.* negress: *adj.* pertaining to negroes.

ne-groid ('groid), *adj.* of the negro type.

neigh (nā), *v.i.* to utter the cry, or whinny, of a horse: *n.* the cry of a horse.

neigh-bor (nā'bĕr), *n.* one who dwells near to another: *adj.* adjacent: *v.t.* to adjoin: *v.i.* to be neighborly.

neigh-bor-hood (-hood), *n.* an adjacent district; vicinity; the state of being near. *Syn.* environs, proximity.

neigh-bor-ing (-ing), *adj.* living or being near.

neigh-bor-ly (-li), *adj.* like a neighbor; social; civil; friendly: *adv.* in the manner of a neighbor.

nei-ther (nē' or nī'*th*ĕr), *pron.* & *conj.* not either.

Ne-o-lith-ic (-ō-lith'ik), *adj.* pertaining to, or characteristic of, the later or polished Stone Age.

ne-ol-o-gism (-ol'ō-jizm), *n.* a new word or phrase introduced into a language.

ne-ol-o-gy (-ol'ō-ji), *n.* doctrines at variance with orthodox belief.

ne-o-phyte ('o-fīt), *n.* a novice; one recently baptized; a convert: *adj.* recently entered.

ne-o-plas-ty (-plas'ti), *n.* the restoration of tissue by granulation, or autoplasty.

ne-pen-the (ne-pen'the), *n.* a drug supposed by the ancient Greeks to have the power of causing forgetfulness of sorrow.

neph-ew (nev'ū), *n.* the son of a brother or sister.

ne-phri-tis (ne-frī'tis), *n.* inflammation of the kidneys.

nep-o-tism (nep'ō-tizm), *n.* a preference shown by bestowing patronage to one's relatives.

ner-va-tion (-vā'shun), *n.* arrangement of nerves.

nerve (nĕrv), *n.* one of the fibers which convey sensation and originate motion; manliness; the strong vein of a leaf: *v.t.* to invigorate or strengthen.

ner-vine (nĕr'vin), *n.* a tonic for the nerves.

ner-vous ('vus), *adj.* pertaining to nerves; having weak nerves; easily agitated; vigorous in style. *Syn.* timid, timorous, shaky.

nest (nest), *n.* the place where eggs are laid and hatched by birds; a cozy residence: *v.i.* to build and occupy a nest.

nest-egg ('eg), *n.* an egg left in a nest to keep the hen from forsaking it; money forming a nucleus.

nes-tle (nes'l), *v.i.* to lie close and snug; take shelter: *v.t.* to cherish.

nest-ling ('ling), *n.* a young bird in the nest: *adj.* recently hatched.

net (net), *n.* an instrument for catching birds, fish, etc.; snare: *adj.* clear of all charges or deductions; opposed to gross: *v.t.* to make into network; snare; produce as clear profit: *v.i.* to form network.

neth-er (*neth'*ĕr), *adj.* lower; belonging to the regions below.

net-tle (net'l), *n.* a stinging plant: *v.t.* to provoke or irritate.

net-tle-rash (-rash), *n.* a cutaneous eruption.

neu-ral (nū'rāl), *adj.* pertaining to the nerves.

neu-ral-gi-a (-ral'ji-ā), *n.* acute pain in a nerve.

neu-ral-gic ('jik), *adj.* pertaining to neuralgia.

neu-ras-the-ni-a (-rās-thē'ni-ā), *n.* brain and nerve exhaustion.

neu-ra-tion (-rā'shun), *n.* the venation of leaves and of insect wings; nerve distribution.

neu-ri-tis (-rī'tis), *n.* inflammation of a nerve.

neu-rol-o-gy (-rol'ō-ji), *n.* a scientific description of the nerves.

neu-ro-path-ic (-path'ik), *adj.* affecting the nerves.

neu-ro-sis (-rō'sis), *n.* nervous disease.

neu-rot-ic (-rot'ik), *adj.* pertaining to the nerves; characterized by a morbid hysterical style.

neu-ter ('tēr), *adj.* of neither sex; without gender.

neu-tral ('trâl), *adj.* unbiased; indifferent; taking no part in a contest.

neu-tral-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* the state of being neutral.

neu-tral-ize ('trâl-īz), *v.t.* to make neutral; render inactive.

neu-tral-ly ('trâl-i), *adv.* in a neutral manner.

nev-er (nev'ēr), *adv.* not at any time; in no degree.

nev-er-the-less (-*the*-les'), *adv.* notwithstanding; in spite of that.

new (nū), *adj.* recent in origin; novel; not previously used; fresh. *Syn.* modern, recent.

new-el ('el), *n.* the central upright pillar of a winding staircase.

new-fang-led (-fang'gld), *adj.* new-fashioned.

news (nūz), *n.* recent intelligence. *Syn.* tidings, information.

news-pa-per ('pā-pēr), *n.* a paper published periodically.

newt (nūt), *n.* an eft; salamander.

next (nekst), *adj.* nearest in time, place, degree, or rank: *adv.* immediately succeeding.

nib (nib), *n.* a bird's beak; the point of anything.

nib-ble ('l), *v.t. & v.i.* to bite by little at a time: *n.* a small bite.

nice (nīs), *adj.* fastidious; precise; squeamish; delicate; pleasing to the palate; scrupulously exact. *Syn.* accurate, good, particular.

nice-ly ('li), *adv.* in a nice manner.

nice-ness ('nes), *n.* the state of being nice.

ni-ce-ty ('e-ti), *n.* delicate management; precision; minute accuracy: *pl.* table delicacies.

niche (nich), *n.* a recess in a wall for a statue.

nick (nik), *n.* exact point of time: *v.t.* to cut in notches.

nick-el ('el), *n.* a grayish-white metal; a five-cent coin, made of nickel and copper alloy.

nick-name ('nām), *n.* a name given in derision or familiarity: *v.t.* to give a nickname to.

nic-o-tine ('o-tin), *n.* poisonous alkaloid extracted from tobacco. Also nicotin.

nidge (nij), *v.t.* to dress stones with a pick.

nid-i-fi-ca-tion (nid-i-fi-kā'-shun), *n.* the act of building a nest, rearing young, etc.

ni-dus (nī'dus), *n.* a nest or hatching place.

niece (nēs), *n.* the daughter of a brother or sister.

nig-gard (nig'ärd), *adj.* meanly covetous; miserly: *n.* a miser.

nig-gard-ly (-li), *adv.* like a niggard.

nigh (nī), *adj.* near; adjacent; closely allied: *adv.* near; almost: *prep.* near to.

nigh-ness ('nes), *n.* nearness; proximity.

night (nīt), *n.* the time from sunset to sunrise; darkness; death.

night-in-gale ('in-gāl), *n.* a small bird which sings with a sweet note at night; philomel.

night-ly ('li), *adj.* occurring every night: *adv.* night by night.

night-mare ('mār), *n.* a dreadful dream; an incubus.

ni-hil-ism (nī'hil-izm), *n.* scepticism in regard to knowledge of things; extreme communism.

ni-hil-ist (-ist), *n.* a supporter of nihilism.

nim-ble (nim'bl), *adj.* quick and active; alert; lively; brisk. *Syn.* quick, agile, prompt.

nim-bus (nim'bus), *n.* a rain-cloud; a halo around the head of divinities, etc.

nine (nīn), *adj.* containing one more than eight: *n.* the sum of 1 and 8.

nine-fold ('fōld), *adj.* nine times repeated.

nine-teen ('tēn), *adj.* consisting of 9 and 10: *n.* the sum of 9 and 10.

nine-teenth ('tēnth), *adj.* being one of 19 equal parts: *n.* a nineteenth part.

nine-ti-eth ('ti-eth), *adj.* next after 89th: *n.* a ninetieth part.

nine-ty ('ti), *adj.* containing 9 ten times: *n.* the number containing 9 times 10.

nin-ny (nin'i), *n.* a simpleton.

ninth (nīnth), *adj.* the ordinal of 9: *n.* one of 9 parts.

nip (nip), *n.* a pinch; a blast as by cold; a small drink: *v.t.* to pinch; check the growth of; blast or destroy.

nip-per ('ēr), *n.* one who nips: *pl.* small pincers.

nip-ping-ly ('ing-li), *adv.* keenly.

nip-ple (nip'l), *n.* that part of the breast from which milk is drawn by a child; a teat.

nit (nit), *n.* the egg of any small insect.

ni-tric (nī'trik), *adj.* related to or derived from nitre.

ni-trite ('trīt), *n.* a salt of nitrous acid.

ni-tro-gen (nī'tro-jen), *n.* a gas which, with argon, constitutes four-fifths by volume of the atmosphere, and which constitutes the basis of nitric acid.

ni-trog-en-ous ('en-us), *adj.* pertaining to, or containing nitrogen.

niv-e-ous (niv'e-us), *adj.* snow-like.

no (nō), *adv.* a word of denial or refusal: opposed to yes: *adj.* none.

nob (nob), *n.* a knob; the head; a fop.

nob-by ('i), *adj.* capital; spruce; stylish.

no-bil-i-ty (nō-bil'i-ti), *n.* noble birth; grandeur; dignity. *Syn.* greatness, peerage.

no-ble (nō'bl), *adj.* high in excellence or worth; illustrious; magnanimous; exalted in rank: *n.* peer or nobleman.

no-ble-man (-mån), *n.* a peer. *Fem.* noblewoman.

no-ble-ness (-nes), *n.* the state of being noble.

no-bly ('bli), *adv.* in a noble manner; of noble rank.

no-bod-y ('bod-i), *n.* no one; a person of no importance.

noc-tur-nal (nok-tēr'nål), *adj.* pertaining to night.

noc-tur-nal-ly (-li), *adv.* by or in the night.

nod (nod), *n.* a quick inclination of the head: *v.t.* to signify by a nod; incline or bend: *v.i.* be drowsy.

no-dal (nō'dål), *adj.* pertaining to nodes.

nod-dy ('i), *n.* a simpleton; a seafowl.

node (nōd), *n.* a knot; knob; point at which the orbit of a planet intersects the ecliptic.

nod-u-lar (nod'ū-lēr), *adj.* pertaining to a nodule.

nod-ule ('ūl), *n.* a little knot or lump.

nog-gin (nog'in), *n.* a small cup or mug.

noise (noiz), *n.* sound; clamor; outcry: *v.t.* to spread abroad by rumor. *Syn.* cry, clamor, din, uproar.

nois-i-ly ('i-li), *adv.* with noise; loudly.

nois-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state of being noisy.

noi-some (noi'sum), *adj.* injurious to health; noxious.

nois-y (noiz'i), *adj.* full of noise; turbulent.

nom-ad (nom'ad), *n.* one that leads a wandering life.

no-mad-ic (nō-mad'ik), *adj.* wandering; pastoral.

no-men-cla-ture (nō'men-klā-tūr), *n.* the words, terms, or language used in any art or science.

nom-i-nal (nom'i-nål), *adj.* pertaining to names; existing only in name.

nom-i-nal-ly (-li), *adv.* in name only.

nom-i-nate ('i-nāt), *v.t.* to propose for an office; appoint.

nom-i-na-tion (-nā'shun), *n.* the act of nominating; the state of being nominated.

nom-i-na-tive ('i-na-tiv), *adj.* noting in grammar the case of the subject: *n.* the first case of nouns.

nom-i-na-tor ('i-nā-tēr), *n.* one who nominates.

nom-i-nee (-i-nē'), *n.* one who is proposed for an office.

non-age (non'ej), *n.* minority in age.

non-a-gen-a-ri-an (-å-jen-ā'ri-ån), *n.* a person 90 years old.

non-cha-lance (nông-shå-långs'), *n.* coolness; indifference [French].

non-cha-lant (-länt'), *adj.* cool; indifferent.

non-de-script (non'de-skript), *n.* a person or thing that cannot be described: *adj.* abnormal; novel; odd.

none (nun), *adj.* not any; not one: *n.* & *pron.* no one; nothing.

non-en-ti-ty (non-en'ti-ti), *n.* a thing not existing.

non-pa-reil (-på-rel'), *adj.* without an equal: *n.* unequaled excellence; a kind of printing-type.

non-plus ('plus), *v.t.* to throw into perplexity; puzzle.

non-sense ('sens), *n.* language without meaning; anything absurd: *interj.* absurd!

non-sens-ic-al ('ik-ål), *adj.* absurd; unmeaning.

non-suit ('sūt), *n.* the withdrawal of a suit dur-

ing trial: *v.t.* to subject to a nonsuit.

nood-le (nōōd'l), *n.* a simpleton; a strip of dried dough, served in soup.

nook (nook), *n.* a small recess or secluded retreat; a corner.

noon (nōōn), *n.* the middle of the day, or 12 o'clock.

noon-day ('dā), *adj.* pertaining to noon: *n.* noon.

noose (nōōs), *n.* a running knot: *v.t.* to catch or tie; ensnare.

nor (nôr), *conj.* a negative particle correlative to *neither* or *not.*

nor-mal ('mâl), *adj.* according to rule; regular; perpendicular. *Syn.* usual, natural, common.

north (nôrth), *n.* one of the four cardinal points; the point opposite to the south: *adj.* pertaining to the north.

nor-thern ('*th*ĕrn), *adj.* in, from, or towards, the north. Also northerly.

north-ing (nôrth'ing), *n.* distance northward.

nose (nōz), *n.* the organ of smell; a snout; nozzle: *v.t.* to smell or scent.

nose-gay ('gā), *n.* a bouquet.

nos-tril (nos'tril), *n.* one of the openings in the nose.

nos-trum ('trum), *n.* a quack medicine.

not (not), *adv.* a word expressive of denial or refusal.

no-ta-bil-i-ty (nō-tâ-bil'i-ti), *n.* a person of note; the quality of being notable.

no-ta-ble (nō'tâ-bl), *adj.* worthy of notice; memorable; notorious; remarkable: *n.* a person of distinction. *Syn.* plain, evident, remarkable.

no-ta-bly (-bli), *adv.* in a notable manner.

no-ta-ri-al (nō-tā'ri-âl), *adj.* pertaining to, or done by, a notary.

no-ta-ry ('tâ-ri), *n.* an official who attests deeds and other documents.

no-ta-tion (-tā'shun), *n.* the act of recording by marks or symbols; a system of signs or symbols.

notch (noch), *n.* a small cut; indentation: *v.t.* to cut into small hollows.

note (nōt), *n.* a memorandum; brief explanation; short letter; a paper acknowledging a debt and promising payment: *v.t.* to make a note of. *Syn.* token, symbol, mark, sign.

not-ed ('ed), *p.adj.* well-known; celebrated; remarkable. *Syn.* distinguished, eminent.

noth-ing (nuth'ing), *n.* not anything; of no value; a cipher.

noth-ing-ness (-nes), *n.* nonexistence; worthlessness.

no-tice (nō'tis), *n.* observation; attention; remark; information; press criticism: *v.t.* to see or observe; make remarks upon. *Syn.* advice, mark, note.

no-tice-a-ble (-â-bl), *adj.* worthy of observation; remarkable.

no-ti-fi-ca-tion (-ti-fi-kā'shun), *n.* the act of giving notice; notice given.

no-ti-fy ('ti-fī), *v.t.* to give notice to; make known. *Syn.* publish, acquaint, apprise.

no-tion ('shun), *n.* an idea or conception; opinion. *Syn.* belief, sentiment.

no-tion-al (-âl), *adj.* pertaining to a notion; ideal; imaginary.

no-to-ri-e-ty (-tō-rī'i-ti), *n.* the state of being notorious.

no-to-ri-ous (-tō'ri-us), *adj.* publicly known; known in a bad sense. *Syn.* open, obvious, ill-famed.

not-with-stand-ing (-with-stand'ing), *prep.* in spite of: *conj.* although: *adv.* however, yet.

nought. Same as naught.

noun (noun), *n.* the name of anything; a substantive.

nour-ish (nur'ish), *v.t.* to feed or bring up; support; maintain. *Syn.* nurture, cherish, foster.

nour-ish-ment (-ment), *n.* that which nourishes. *Syn.* food, diet, nutrition.

nov-el (nov'el), *adj.* of recent origin or introduction; new; strange or unusual: *n.* a fictitious tale or romance. *Syn.* modern, fresh, strange, rare.

nov-el-ette (-et'), *n.* a short novel.

nov-el-ist ('el-ist), *n.* a writer of novels.

nov-el-ty ('el-ti), *n.* newness; something new.

No-vem-ber (nō-vem'bĕr), *n.* the eleventh month of the year.

nov-ice ('is), *n.* a beginner; one new in anything.

no-vi-ti-ate (nō-vish'i-āt), *n.* the state of a novice.

now (nou), *adv.* at the present time; quite recently.

no-wise (nō'wīz), *adv.* not in any manner or degree.

nox-ious (nok'shus), *adj.* harmful; pernicious; deadly. *Syn.* hurtful, poisonous, baneful.

noz-zle (noz'l), *n.* a projecting mouthpiece.

nub-bin (nub'in), *n.* an imperfect ear of corn.

nu-cle-ar (nū'klē-ăr), *adj.* pertaining to a nucleus.

nu-cle-ate ('klē-āt), *adj.* having a nucleus.

nu-cle-us ('klē-us), *n.* the central mass around which matter accretes or grows.

nude (nūd), *adj.* bare; naked; in art, the undraped body.

nude-ly ('li), *adv.* nakedly.

nude-ness ('nes), *n.* nakedness. Also nudity.

nudge (nuj), *v.t.* to touch gently; *n.* a gentle touch, as with the elbow.

nu-di-ty (nū'di-ti), *n.* nakedness; *pl.* naked parts.

nu-ga-to-ry ('gȧ-to-ri), *adj.* trifling; useless.

nug-get (nug'et), *n.* a lump or mass of metal, especially of gold.

nui-sance (nū'sȧns), *n.* anything offensive, or annoying.

null (nul), *adj.* of no legal force; void.

nul-li-fi-ca-tion (-i-fi-kā'shun), *n.* the act of nullifying.

nul-li-fy ('i-fī), *v.t.* to annul or render void. *Syn.* repeal, quash, cancel.

nul-li-ty ('i-ti), *n.* want of existence or validity.

numb (num), *adj.* deprived of sensation; torpid: *v.t.* to benumb.

num-ber ('bĕr), *n.* a unit; multitude; a collection of things: *v.t.* to count; mark with a number.

nu-mer-al (nū'mĕr-ȧl), *adj.* pertaining to or denoting number: *n.* a symbol expressing a number.

nu-mer-ate (-āt), *v.t.* to reckon; count in figures.

nu-mer-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* the art of numbering.

nu-mer-ous ('mĕr-us), *adj.* consisting of a great number.

nu-mis-mat-ic (-mis-mat'ik), *adj.* pertaining to coins or medals.

num-skull (num'skull), *n.* a blockhead.

nun (nun), *n.* a female devoted to a religious life.

nun-ci-o ('shi-ō), *n.* a papal ambassador.

nun-ner-y (nun'ĕr-i), *n.* a religious house for nuns.

nup-tial (nup'shȧl), *adj.* pertaining to marriage: *n.pl.* a marriage.

nurse (nĕrs), *n.* a woman who has the care of infants; one who tends the sick or infirm: *v.t.* to tend or suckle, as an infant; bring up; tend in sickness.

nurs-er-y ('ĕr-i), *n.* an apartment for young children; a place or garden for rearing young plants.

nurs-ling ('ling), *n.* an infant.

nur-ture (nĕr'tūr), *n.* that which nourishes; food; education: *v.t.* to bring up.

nut (nut), *n.* a fruit with a kernel inclosed in a hard shell; a small piece of metal with a groove inside for holding screws.

nut-meg (nut'meg), *n.* the aromatic kernel of an East Indian fruit.

nu-tri-ent (nū'tri-ent), *adj.* promoting growth.

nu-tri-ment (tri-ment), *n.* nourishment.

nu-tri-tion (-trish'un), *n.* that which nourishes food. *Syn.* diet, nutriment, nourishment.

nu-tri-tious ('us), *adj.* affording nutrition.

nu-tri-tive ('tri-tiv), *adj.* pertaining to nutrition.

nut-ty (nut'i), *adj.* abounding in, or tasting like, nuts.

nuz-zle ('l), *v.t.* to root up with the nose, as swine.

nymph (nimf), *n.* in classic mythology, a goddess of nature.

O

O (ō), *interj.* an exclamation of wonder, pain, etc.

oaf (ōf), *n.* a changeling; dolt.

oaf-ish ('ish), *adj.* simple; silly; doltish.

oak (ōk), *n.* a valuable lumber tree noted for its fruit, the acorn.

oak-ap-ple ('ap-l), *n.* a spongy excrescence on oak leaves or twigs.

oak-en ('en), *adj.* made of, or consisting of, oak.

oak-um ('um), *n.* old ropes untwisted and pulled into loose hemp.

oar (ōr), *n.* a broad-bladed pole for rowing a boat.

o-a-sis (ō-ā'sis), *n.* a fertile spot in a desert.

oast (ōst), *n.* a kiln for drying hops or barley.

oat (ōt), *n.* a grain-bearing plant of much economic value.

oat-en ('en), *adj.* made of oats.

oath (ōth), *n.* a solemn declaration of truth-telling with an appeal to God as witness. *Syn.* vow, blasphemy, cursing.

ob-du-ra-cy ('dū-rā-si), *n.* obstinacy.

ob-du-rate ('dū-rāt), *adj.* hardened in heart.

ob-du-rate-ly (-li), *adv.* stubbornly.

o-be-di-ence (ō-bē'di-ens), *n.* submission to authority; dutifulness.

o-be-di-ent ('di-ent), *adj.* submissive; dutiful. *Syn.* compliant, respectful.

o-bei-sance (-bā'sâns), *n.* act of reverence; bow.

ob-e-lisk (ob'e-lisk), *n.* a lofty, tapering stone pillar with pyramidal top.

o-bese (ō-bēs'), *adj.* corpulent. *Syn.* fat, adipose, fleshy.

o-bes-i-ty (-bes'i-ti), *n.* corpulence; fatness.

o-bey (-bā'), *v.t.* to submit to authority; comply with orders: *v.i.* to yield; do as bidden. *Syn.* conform, comply.

ob-fus-cate (ob-fus'kāt), *v.t.* to bewilder.

o-bit-u-a-ry (ō-bit'ū-e-ri), *n.* a register of deaths; an account of one deceased: *adj.* pertaining to deaths.

ob-ject (ob-jekt'), *v.t.* to urge against; oppose: *n.* (ob'jekt), anything placed before the mind or senses; motive; aim.

ob-jec-tion (-jek'shun), *n.* adverse reason; difficulty raised.

ob-jec-tion-a-ble (-å-bl), *adj.* open to objection; reprehensible.

ob-jec-tive ('tiv), *adj.* pertaining to an object; external to the mind.

ob-jec-tive-ly (-li), *adv.* in an objective manner.

ob-jur-gate (-jĕr'gāt), *v.t.* to chide or reprove.

ob-jur-ga-tion (-gā'shun), *n.* reproof.

ob-late (-lāt'), *adj.* flattened at the poles; orange-shaped.

ob-la-tion (-lā'shun), *n.* an offering or sacrifice.

ob-li-ga-tion (-li-gā'shun), *n.* the binding power of a vow, promise, or contract.

ob-li-ga-to-ry (ob'li-gâ-to-ri), *adj.* binding; coercive.

o-blige (ō-blīj'), *v.t.* to constrain; bind; gratify.

o-blig-ing (ō-blīj'ing), *p.adj.* complaisant; kind.

ob-lique (-lēk'), *adj.* deviating from a right line; not parallel.

ob-lique-ly ('li), *adv.* in an oblique manner or direction.

ob-lique-ness ('nes), *n.* slanting direction; moral error. Also obliquity.

ob-lit-er-ate (-lit'ĕr-āt), *v.t.* to efface or wear out.

ob-lit-er-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* the act of blotting out; effacement.

ob-liv-i-on (-liv'i-un), *n.* the state of being forgotten; forgetting.

ob-liv-i-ous ('i-us), *adj.* forgetful.

ob-long ('lông), *adj.* longer than broad: *n.* a figure of such shape.

ob-lo-quy ('lo-kwi), *n.* reproachful language; calumny.

ob-nox-ious (-nok'shus), *adj.* deserving of censure; offensive; unpopular.

ob-scene (-sēn'), *adj.* offensive to chastity; indecent.

ob-scene-ly ('li), *adv.* in an unchaste manner.

ob-scene-ness ('nes), *n.* impurity in language or action. Also obscenity.

ob-scure (-skur'), *adj.* without distinctness; dark; not easily understood; humble: *v.t.* to darken; disguise; make dim. *Syn.* undistinguished, unknown.

ob-scure-ly ('lĭ), *adv.* in an obscure manner.

ob-scure-ness ('nes), *n.* the state of being obscure. Also obscurity.

ob-se-crate ('se-krāt), *v.t.* to implore.

ob-se-quies ('se-kwiz), *n.pl.* funeral rites.

ob-se-qui-ous (-sē'kwi-us), *adj.* servile; compliant to excess.

ob-serv-a-ble (-zĕrv'ȧ-bl), *adj.* capable of being observed; worthy of observation.

ob-serv-ance ('ȧns), *n.* performance of rites; rule of practice.

ob-serv-ant ('ȧnt), *adj.* taking notice; attentive.

ob-ser-va-tion (-vā'shun), *n.* the act of observing; attention; remark.

ob-ser-va-tion-al ('shun-ȧl), *adj.* consisting of observations.

ob-serv-a-to-ry ('ȧ-to-rĭ), *n.* a building used for astronomical research.

ob-serve (-zĕrv'), *v.t.* to take notice of; practice ceremonially; mention.

ob-serv-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* giving particular attention to. Also observant.

ob-ses-sion (ob-sesh'un), *n.* persistent assault; complete control by an idea.

ob-sid-i-an (-sid'i-ȧn), *n.* glassy volcanic lava.

ob-so-les-cence (-so-les'ens), *n.* the state of becoming obsolete.

ob-so-les-cent ('ent), *adj.* becoming obsolete.

ob-so-lete ('so-lēt), *adj.* gone out of date; disused.

ob-sta-cle (ob'stȧ-kl), *n.* an obstruction; an impediment.

ob-stet-ric (-stet'rik), *adj.* pertaining to midwifery.

ob-sti-na-cy ('sti-nȧ-sĭ), *n.* stubbornness.

ob-sti-nate ('sti-nāt), *adj.* stubborn; self willed; fixed in opinion. *Syn.* contumacious, obdurate.

ob-sti-nate-ly (-lĭ), *adv.* in an obstinate manner.

ob-strep-er-ous (-strep'ĕr-us), *adj.* clamorously noisy; turbulent.

ob-struct (-strukt'), *v.t.* to impede; hinder from passing; interrupt.

ob-struc-tion (-struk'shun), *n.* an impediment.

ob-struct-ive ('iv), *adj.* causing obstruction.

ob-tain (-tān), *v.t.* to get possession of; gain; acquire.

ob-trude (-trōōd'), *v.t.* to thrust upon; urge with importunity: *v.i.* to enter uninvited.

ob-tru-sion (-trōō'zhun), *n.* the act of obtruding.

ob-tru-sive ('siv), *adj.* inclined to intrude.

ob-tru-sive-ly (-lĭ), *adv.* by way of obtrusion.

ob-tuse (-tūs'), *adj.* not pointed or acute; dull.

ob-tuse-ly ('lĭ), *adv.* in an obtuse manner.

ob-tuse-ness ('nes), *n.* bluntness; dulness.

ob-verse (-vĕrs'), *adj.* bearing the head: said of a coin; narrower at the base than the top: *n.* ('vĕrs), the side of a coin bearing the face or head.

ob-verse-ly ('lĭ), *adv.* in an obverse form.

ob-vert (-vĕrt'), *v.t.* to turn towards; face.

ob-vi-ate ('vi-āt), *v.t.* to remove; prevent.

ob-vi-ous ('vi-us), *adj.* evident; clear.

oc-ca-sion (ok-kā'zhun), *n.* occurrence; opportunity; cause; exigence: *v.t.* to cause; give rise to.

oc-ca-sion-al (-ȧl), *adj.* incidental or casual.

oc-ca-sion-al-ly (-lĭ), *adv.* incidentally.

Oc-ci-dent (ok'si-dent), *n.* the West; the countries west of Asia.

oc-ci-den-tal (-si-den'tȧl), *adj.* western.

oc-cip-i-tal (-sip'i-tȧl), *adj.* pertaining to the occiput.

oc-ci-put ('si-put), *n.* the hinder part of the head.

oc-cult (-kult'), *adj.* hidden; secret; invisible.

oc-cul-ta-tion (-kul-tā'shun), *n.* temporary concealment; act of hiding.

oc-cult-ed (-kult'ed), *adj.* hidden from the vision.

oc-cult-ism ('izm), *n.* Eastern theosophy.

oc-cu-pan-cy ('ū-pȧn-sĭ), *n.* the act of taking possession.

oc-cu-pant ('ū-pânt), *n.* one who has possession.

oc-cu-pa-tion (-pā'shun), *n.* the state of occupying; business; employment.

oc-cu-pi-er ('ū-pī-ĕr), *n.* one who occupies.

oc-cu-py ('ū-pī), *v.t.* to hold; keep; employ; fill.

oc-cur (-kĕr'), *v.i.* to take place; come to the mind.

oc-cur-rence (-kur'ens), *n.* an event or incident.

o-cean (ō'shun), *n.* a vast expanse of salt water; one of the chief divisions of the earth's liquid surface.

o-ce-an-ic (-she-ân'ik), *adj.* pertaining to the ocean.

o-chre ('kĕr), *n.* a yellow clay used as a pigment.

oc-ta-gon (ok'tâ-gon), *n.* a plane figure of 8 sides and 8 angles.

oc-tag-o-nal (-tag'o-nâl), *adj.* having 8 sides and 8 angles.

oc-tan-gu-lar (-tang'gū-lâr), *adj.* having 8 angles.

oc-tave ('tāv), *n.* consisting of eight; an interval in sound eight notes higher.

oc-ta-vo (-tā'vō), *n.* a sheet of printing paper folded in 8 leaves or 16 pages.

Oc-to-ber (oc-tō'bĕr), *n.* the tenth month of the year.

oc-to-ge-na-ri-an (-tō-je-nā'ri-ân), *n.* one who is 80 years old.

oc-to-pus ('to-pus), *n.* an animal having 8 arms, as the cuttlefish.

oc-to-roon (-to-rōōn'), *n.* the offspring of a white person and a quadroon.

oc-tu-ple ('tū-pl), *adj.* eightfold.

oc-u-lar ('ū-lâr), *adj.* pertaining to the eye.

oc-u-list ('ū-list), *n.* one skilled in eye diseases.

odd (od), *adj.* not even; not exactly divisible by 2; peculiar; eccentric.

od-di-ty ('i-ti), *n.* eccentricity; strangeness.

odds (odz), *n.pl.* inequality; advantage; superiority.

ode (ōd), *n.* a short song; lyric poem.

o-di-ous (ō'di-us), *adj.* offensive; unpopular.

o-di-um ('di-um), *n.* hatred; dislike.

o-dor-if-er-ous (-dĕr-if'ĕr-us), *adj.* fragrant.

o-dor-ous ('dĕr-us), *adj.* sweet scented; fragrant.

o-dor ('dĕr), *n.* a scent; estimation.

o-'er. Same as over.

œ-soph-a-gus. See esophagus.

of (ov), *prep.* from; out of; concerning; belonging to.

off (ôf), *adj.* most distant; on the farther side: *adv.* away from: *prep.* not on; distant from: *interj.* begone!

of-fal (of'âl), *n.* refuse; waste meat.

of-fend (-fend'), *v.t.* to displease; annoy; pain or shock: *v.i.* to transgress.

of-fense (-fens'), *n.* any cause of anger or displeasure; insult; injury; assault. *Syn.* affront, misdeed, trespass.

of-fen-sive (-fen'siv), *adj.* causing displeasure; annoying; used in attack. *Syn.* abusive, obnoxious.

of-fen-sive-ly (-li), *adv.* in an offensive manner.

of-fen-sive-ness (-nes), *n.* the state of being offensive.

of-fer ('ĕr), *v.t.* to present; proffer; bid as a price or reward: *n.* a proposal made; price offered.

of-fer-ing (-ing), *n.* that which is offered; a sacrifice; oblation.

of-fice (of'is), *n.* employment; function; act of kindness; service; place of business. *Syn.* charge, function.

of-fi-cer ('i-sĕr), *n.* a person holding a public office.

of-fi-cial (-fish'âl), *adj.* pertaining to public duty: *n.* one who holds a civil office.

of-fi-cial-ism (-izm), *n.* official routine.

of-fi-cial-ly (-li), *adv.* by the proper officer; in an official manner.

of-fi-ci-ate ('i-āt), *v.i.* to perform official duties.

of-fic-i-nal (-fis'i-nâl), *adj.* noting drugs officially recognized by the medical profession.

of-fi-cious (fish'us), *adj.* too forward in offering services; meddling.

off-ing (ôf'ing), *n.* that part of the sea with deep water off the shore.

off-scour-ing ('skour-ing), *n.* refuse material.

off-set ('set), *n.* a young shoot; an equivalent: *v.t.* to set one account against another.

off-spring ('spring), *n.* children; descendants. *Syn.* issue, progeny.

oft-en ('en), *adv.* many times; frequently.

o-gee (ō-jē'), *n.* a molding like the letter S.

o-gle ('gl), *v.t.* to look fondly at with a side glance: *n.* a side glance.

o-gre (ō'gĕr), *n.* an imaginary man-eating monster or giant.

o-gre-ish (-ish), *adj.* like an ogre.

oh (ō), *interj.* an exclamation of wonder, pain, or anxiety.

ohm (ōm), *n.* the unit of electrical resistance.

oil (oil), *n.* a fatty liquid of organic origin: *v.t.* to lubricate with oil.

oil-cloth ('klôth), *n.* painted canvas for floor covering.

oil-col-or ('kul-ĕr), *n.* a pigment made by grinding a coloring substance in oil; a painting executed in oil-colors.

oil-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* oily quality; greasiness.

oil-y ('i), *adj.* greasy; unctuous.

oint-ment (oint'ment), *n.* an unctuous substance used for wounds, etc.

o-ka-pi (ō-ka'pi), *n.* a recently discovered animal of western Africa. It is allied to the giraffe.

ok-ra (ok'rȧ), *n.* a West Indian plant, the pods of which are used in soups.

old (ōld), *adj.* aged; decayed; ancient; out of date; long practiced. *Syn.* antique, obsolete, old-fashioned.

old-en (ōld'en), *adj.* ancient; bygone.

o-le-ag-i-nous (ō-le-aj'i-nus), *adj.* oily; unctuous.

o-le-an-der (-an'dĕr), *n.* an evergreen shrub with fragrant flowers.

o-le-if-er-ous (-le-if'ĕr-us), *adj.* producing oil.

o-le-o-mar-gar-ine (ō mär'-gär-in), *n.* imitation butter made from milk and animal fat, etc.

ol-fac-to-ry (ol-fak'to-ri), *adj.* pertaining to or having the sense of smelling.

ol-i-gar-chy ('i-gär-ki), *n.* a government in which the supreme power is in the hands of a few; a state so governed.

ol-ive ('liv), *n.* a plant that yields oil; its fruit; a tawny yellow color: *adj.* pertaining to the olive.

ol-ive-branch (-brȧnch), *n.* the emblem of peace.

O-lym-pi-ad (ō-lim'pi-ad), *n.* in ancient Greece a period of four years.

O-lym-pic ('pik), *adj.* pertaining to Olympia in Elis, where the Olympic games were celebrated.

o-me-ga (ō-mē'gȧ), *n.* the last letter of the Greek alphabet; hence the last; end.

om-e-let (om'e-let), *n.* a kind of pancake of eggs, etc.

o-men (ō'men), *n.* a sign of some future event: *v.t.* to portend; predict. *Syn.* presage, prognostic.

om-i-nous (om'i-nus), *adj.* foreboding evil.

o-mis-sion (ō-mish'un), *n.* failure; neglect of duty; something omitted.

o-mit (-mit'), *v.t.* to leave out; neglect; fail to mention.

om-ni-bus (om'ni-bus), *n.* a public vehicle for passenger traffic.

om-nip-o-tence (-nip'o-tens), *n.* unlimited power.

om-nip-o-tent ('o-tent), *adj.* having unlimited power.

Om-nip-o-tent, *n.* God (with *the*).

om-ni-pres-ence (-ni-prez'-ens), *n.* universal presence.

om-nis-cience ('ens), *n.* universal knowledge.

om-nis-cient (-nish'ent), *adj.* knowing all things.

om-niv-o-rous (-niv'ĕr-us), *adj.* all-devouring.

on (on), *prep.* upon; at; near: *adv.* forward; onward; adhering: *interj.* go on!

on-a-ger (on'ȧ-jĕr), *n.* the wild ass.

once (wuns), *adv.* at one time; formerly.

one (wun), *adj.* single in number; individual: *n.* the number one; an individual.

on-er-ous (on'ĕr-us), *adj.* burdensome; oppressive.

on-ion (un'yun), *n.* a bulbous-rooted plant used in cookery.

on-ly (ōn'li), *adj.* single; one and no more: *adv.* singly; merely.

on-set (on'set), *n.* an assault; attack.

on-slaught ('slawt), *n.* a furious attack.

on-tol-o-gy (tol'o-ji), *n.* the logic of pure being; metaphysics.

o-nus (ō-nus), *n.* a burden; duty; obligation.

on-ward (on'wĕrd), *adj.* advancing; progressing: *adv.* in advance.

on-yx (on'iks), *n.* a variety of agate.

ooze (ōōz), *n.* soft mud or slime; gentle flow: *v.i.* to flow gently; percolate.

o-pac-i-ty (ō-pas'i-ti), *n.* opaqueness.

o-pal ('pāl), *n.* a precious stone of changeable colors.

o-pal-es-cence ('ens), *n.* the quality of being opalescent.

o-pal-es-cent ('ent), *adj.* resembling opal in its reflection of light.

o-paque (-pāk'), *adj.* not transparent; obscure.

o-paque-ness ('nes), *n.* the state of being opaque.

op-en ('n), *adj.* not shut; unfastened; expanded; clear; frank; sincere: *v.t.* to make open; explain; begin; break the seal of. *Syn.* candid, unreserved, fair.

o-pen-ing (-ing), *n.* an aperture; opportunity: *adj.* first in order.

op-er-a (op'ĕr-å), *n.* a musical drama.

op-er-ate ('ĕr-āt), *v.i.* to work; produce an effect; perform a surgical operation.

op-er-at-ic (-at'ik), *adj.* pertaining to the opera.

op-er-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* an agency; effect; manipulation. *Syn.* action, force, execution.

op-er-a-tive ('ĕr-a-tiv), *adj.* having power to act; efficacious; vigorous: *n.* an artisan.

op-er-a-tor ('ĕr-ā-tĕr), *n.* one who operates.

o-phid-i-an (ō-fid'i-ån), *adj.* pertaining to the serpents.

oph-thal-mi-a (of-thal'mi-å), *n.* inflammation of the eye.

oph-thal-mic ('mik), *adj.* pertaining to the eye.

oph-thal-mol-o-gy ('o-ji), *n.* the science that treats of the eye and its diseases.

o-pi-ate (ō'pi-āt), *n.* a medicine to induce sleep; narcotic; anything that soothes: *adj.* soothing; inducing sleep or quiet.

o-pine (ō-pīn'), *v.i.* to think; be of opinion.

o-pin-ion (-pin'yun), *n.* belief or judgment; estimation; persuasion. *Syn.* notion view.

o-pin-ion-a-ted (-ā-ted), *adj.* obstinate in one's opinions. *Syn.* conceited, egotistical.

o-pin-ion-a-tive (-ā-tiv), *adj.* given to preconceived ideas; self-conceited.

o-pi-um (ō'pi-um), *n.* the dried juice of the poppy.

op-o-del-doc (-del'dok), *n.* a soap liniment; plaster.

o-pos-sum (ō-pos'um), *n.* an American marsupial animal.

op-po-nent (op-pō'nent), *adj.* opposite; adverse; antagonistic: *n.* an adversary.

op-por-tune (-pĕr-tūn'), *adj.* well-timed; seasonable.

op-por-tune-ly ('li), *adv.* seasonably.

op-por-tune-ness ('nes), *n.* seasonableness.

op-por-tu-ni-ty (-tū'ni-ti), *n.* a convenient time.

op-po-sa-ble (-pōz'å-bl), *adj.* that may be opposed.

op-pose (-pōz'), *v.t.* to act against; resist; check. *Syn.* withstand, thwart.

op-po-site ('po-zit), *adj.* placed in front; contrary; adverse; antagonistic.

op-po-site-ly (-li), *adv.* in front; adversely.

op-po-si-tion (-zish'un), *n.* the act of resistance; contrariety; obstacle.

op-press (-pres'), *v.t.* to burden; crush by severity; lie heavily upon.

op-pres-sion (-presh'un), *n.* hardship; calamity; injustice; lassitude.

op-press-ive (-pres'iv), *adj.* burdensome; tyrannical; overpowering.

op-press-ive-ly (-li), *adv.* in a severe or tyrannical manner.

op-pro-bri-ous (-prō'bri-us), *adj.* reproachful; contemptuous; disgraceful.

op-pro-bri-um ('bri-um), *n.* reproach with contempt; ignominy.

op-ta-tive ('ta-tiv), *adj.* expressing desire or wish.

op-tic ('tik), *adj.* pertaining to vision. Also optical.

op-tic-al-ly (-ål-li), *adv.* by optics or vision.

op-ti-cian (-tish'un), *n.* one skilled in optics; one who deals in optical instruments.

op-ti-mism ('ti-mizm), *n.* the doctrine that everything is for the best.

op-ti-mist ('ti-mist), *n.* one who holds the doctrine of optimism.

op-ti-mis-tic (-mis'tik), *adj.* sanguine; hopeful.

op-tion ('shun), *n.* right of choice; wish; selection.

op-tion-al (-ål), *adj.* left to one's wish or choice.

op-tion-al-ly (-li), *adv.* at one's own option.

op-u-lence ('ū-lens), *n.* wealth. Also opulency.

op-u-lent ('ū-lent), *adj.* wealthy; rich.

o-pus (ō'pus), *n.* a work; musical composition.

or (ôr), *conj.* the correlative of *either*.

or-a-cle (or'å-kl), *n.* among the ancients, the response of a deity to some inquiry; a prophetic declaration; wisdom; an opinion deemed infallible.

o-rac-u-lar (ō-rak'ū-lår), *adj.* of the nature of an oracle; uttering oracles; ambiguous.

o-ral ('rål), *adj.* verbal; delivered by the mouth.

o-ral-ly (-li), *adv.* verbally.

or-ange (or'enj), *n.* a tree that bears a juicy fruit; the color of such fruit: *adj.* orange-colored.

or-ange-ry (-ri), *n.* an orange plantation.

o-rang-ou-tang (ō-rang'oo-tang), *n.* a great manlike ape of the far East.

o-ra-tion (-rā'shun), *n.* a formal public speech; harangue.

or-a-tor (or'å-tĕr), *n.* an eloquent speaker.

or-a-tor-ic-al (-tor'ik-ål), *adj.* rhetorical.

or-a-to-ri-o (-tō'ri-ō), *n.* a sacred theme set to music.

or-a-to-ry ('å-to-ri), *n.* the art of an orator; eloquence.

orb (ôrb), *n.* a circular body; sphere; the eye.

orbed (ôrbd), *adj.* spherical; orbiculate.

or-bic-u-lar (-bik'ū-lår), *adj.* orb-shaped.

or-bit ('bit), *n.* the cavity of the eye; the path of a heavenly body during its revolution.

or-bit-al (-ål), *adj.* pertaining to an orbit.

or-chard ('chĕrd), *n.* an inclosure of fruit trees.

or-ches-tra ('kes-trå), *n.* the place in a theater occupied by the musicians; the body of musicians.

or-ches-tral (-trål), *adj.* pertaining to an orchestra.

or-chid ('kid), *n.* a handsome flower, often of fantastic shape, of the genus Orchis.

Or-chis ('kis), *n.* a genus of plants with curiously-shaped roots and flowers.

or-dain (-dān'), *v.t.* to appoint; institute; decree.

or-deal ('de-ål), *n.* an ancient method of trial by fire, water, combat, etc., to determine the guilt or innocence of an accused person.

or-der ('dĕr), *n.* settled mode of procedure; rule; regulation; command; class; rank: commission to act for another; *v.t.* to regulate or manage; command; conduct; direct. *Syn.* method, rule, system.

or-der-ing ('dĕr-ing), *n.* arrangement; distribution.

or-der-ly ('dĕr-li), *adj.* well regulated; methodical; peaceable: *n.* a soldier who attends upon an officer to carry his orders.

or-din-al ('din-ål), *adj.* noting order: *n.* a book of rites.

or-di-nance ('di-nåns), *n.* an established rule, rite, or law.

or-di-na-ri-ly ('di-nā-ri-li), *adj.* according to established rule.

or-di-na-ry ('di-nā-ri), *adj.* usual; customary; commonplace; mediocre; plain.

or-di-na-tion (-nā'shun), *n.* the act of conferring holy orders.

ord-nance (ôrd'nåns), *n.* artillery.

ore (ōr), *n.* a mineral containing some metal; the metal itself.

or-gan (ôr'gån), *n.* an instrument; means of conveyance; a wind instrument; a functional part of the body.

or-gan-ic (-gan'ik), *adj.* pertaining to organs; instrumental. Also organical.

or-gan-ic-al-ly (-ål-li), *adv.* in an organic manner; by means of organs.

or-gan-ism ('gån-izm), *n.* organical structure.

or-gan-ist ('ist), *n.* a performer on the organ.

or-gan-i-za-tion (-i-zā'shun), *n.* organic structure; the act of organizing; a political combination.

or-gan-ize ('gân-īz), *v.t.* to furnish with organs; to arrange in effective order.

or-gasm ('gazm), *n.* immoderate excitement or action.

or-gy ('ji), *n.* a drunken revel, especially at night.

o-ri-el (ō'ri-el), *n.* a large bay window.

O-ri-ent ('ri-ent), *adj.* oriental: *n.* the East.

O-ri-en-tal (-en'tâl), *adj.* pertaining to the East: *n.* an inhabitant of Asia.

o-ri-en-tal (-en'tâl), *adj.* precious; pure; valuable: said of gems.

o-ri-en-tate (-tāt), *v.t.* & *v.i.* to turn towards the East.

o-ri-en-ta-tion (-tā'shun), *n.* the determination of the position of the east; the faculty possessed by certain birds of finding their way home from long distances.

or-i-fice (or'i-fis), *n.* a mouth or aperture.

or-i-gin ('i-jin), *n.* beginning; source; cause; derivation. *Syn.* occasion, source.

o-rig-i-nal (o-rij'i-nâl), *adj.* first in order; not copied: *n.* that from which anything is copied, etc.

o-rig-i-nal-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* original state.

o-rig-i-nal-ly (-li), *adv.* at first.

o-rig-i-nate (-rij'i-nāt), *v.t.* to bring into existence: *v.i.* to rise; commence.

o-rig-i-na-tion (-nā'shun), *n.* first production; source; method of production.

or-ig-i-na-tor ('i-nā-tĕr), *n.* one who originates.

or-lop (ôr'lop), *n.* the lowest deck of a ship.

or-mo-lu ('mō-lōō), *n.* bronze or copper gilt.

or-na-ment ('nâ-ment), *n.* anything that adorns; embellishment: *v.t.* to beautify or decorate.

or-na-ment-al-ly ('âl-li), *adv.* so as to adorn.

or-na-ment-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* decoration.

or-nate (-nāt'), *adj.* ornamented; adorned.

or-nate-ly ('li), *adv.* in an ornate manner.

or-ni-thol-o-gist (-thol'o-jist), *n.* one who studies bird life.

or-ni-thol-o-gy ('o-ji), *n.* the scientific study of birds.

o-ro-tund (ō'ro-tund), *adj.* characterized by fullness, clearness, strength, and smoothness: said of the voice or manner of utterance.

or-phan (ôr'fân), *n.* a child bereft of one or both parents.

or-phan-age (-ej), *n.* an institution for orphans.

or-re-ry (or'e-ri), *n.* an apparatus to illustrate the motions, etc., of the planets.

or-ris ('is), *n.* gold or silver lace; the iris.

or-tho-dox (ôr'thō-doks), *adj.* holding, or in accordance with, the accepted belief or doctrine.

or-tho-dox-y (-dok-si), *n.* conformity to orthodox opinion.

or-tho-e-py (-thō'e-pi), *n.* correct pronunciation.

or-thog-o-nal (-thog'o-nâl), *adj.* rectangular.

or-thog-ra-pher ('râ-fĕr), *n.* one skilled in orthography.

or-tho-graph-ic (-thō-grâf'ik), *adj.* pertaining to orthography.

or-thog-ra-phy (-thog'râ-fi), *n.* the art of spelling and writing words correctly.

os-cil-late (os'i-lāt), *v.i.* & *v.t.* to swing backwards and forwards; vibrate.

os-cil-la-tion (-lā'shun), *n.* a swinging backwards and forwards; vibration.

os-cu-late ('kū-lāt), *v.t.* & *v.i.* to kiss; touch.

os-cu-la-tion (-lā'shun), *n.* kissing; touching.

os-cu-la-to-ry ('kū-lâ-to-ri), *adj.* pertaining to kissing.

o-sier (ō'zhĕr), *n.* a willow, the twigs of which are used in basket-making.

os-prey (os'prā), *n.* the fish-hawk.

os-se-ous ('e-us), *adj.* consisting of bone.

os-si-cle ('i-kl), *n.* a little bone.

os-sif-er-ous (-if'ĕr-us), *adj.* containing bone.

os-si-fi-ca-tion (-fi-kā'shun), *n.* conversion of soft animal tissue into bone.

os-si-fy ('i-fī), *v.t.* to convert into bone; harden: *v.i.* to become bone.

os-ten-si-ble ('si-bl), *adj.* apparent; plausible; held forth to view.

os-ten-si-bly ('si-bli), *adv.* in appearance.

os-ten-ta-tion (-tā'shun), *n.* outward show; ambitious display. *Syn.* pomp, flourish, parade.

os-ten-ta-tious ('shus). *adj.* fond of show; gaudy.

os-te-ol-o-gist (-ol'ō-jist), *n.* one who is skilled in osteology.

os-te-ol-o-gy ('ō-ji), *n.* that part of anatomy treating of bones, their structure, etc.

os-te-o-path-ic (-o-path'ik), *adj.* pertaining to osteopathy.

os-te-op-a-thist (-op'å-thist), *n.* one who practices osteopathy.

os-te-op-a-thy (-op'å-thi), *n.* a system of therapeutics in which the treatment is by manipulation of the bones, muscles, and nerve centers.

os-tler (os'lĕr), *n.* a man who attends to horses at an inn.

os-tra-cism ('trå-sizm), *n.* banishment by ostracizing.

os-tra-cize ('trå-sīz), *v.t.* to banish by popular vote.

os-trich ('trich), *n.* a swift running African bird, valued for its feathers.

oth-er (*uth'*ĕr), *adj.* noting something besides; different; contrary.

oth-er-wise (-wīz), *adv.* in another manner; in other respects: *conj.* else.

ot-ter (ot'ĕr), *n.* an amphibious mammal of the weasel family, which feeds on fish.

Ot-to-man (ot'ō-mån), *adj.* pertaining to the Turks or their government: *n.* a Turk.

ot-to-man ('ō-mån), *n.* a cushioned seat; a movable cushioned footrest.

ought (awt), *v.i.* to be under obligation; be fit, necessary, or proper: *n.* anything.

ounce (ouns), *n.* a weight 1-16th of a pound avoirdupois; 1-12th of a pound troy; a carnivorous animal resembling the leopard.

our (our), *pron.* pertaining or belonging to us.

our-selves (our-selvz'), *pron.pl.* we or us, not others.

oust (oust), *v.t.* to eject; to cast out.

out (out), *adv.* without; not at home; abroad; at a loss; in an error; loudly: *interj.* begone!

out-break (out'brāk), *n.* a breaking out; an eruption.

out-cast ('kåst), *adj.* cast out; rejected: *n.* one who is driven out; an exile.

out-crop ('krop), *n.* the exposure of strata at the earth's surface: *v.i.* to crop out at the surface.

out-cry ('krī), *n.* clamor; tumult.

out-go (-gō'), *v.t.* to go beyond; surpass.

out-go-ings ('ings), *n.pl.* expenses.

out-land-ish (-land'ish), *adj.* foreign; extraordinary; vulgar.

out-law ('law), *n.* one deprived of the protection of the law: *v.t.* to deprive of legal benefits.

out-line ('līn), *n.* a line bounding or defining a figure; first sketch: *v.t.* to sketch out.

out-rage ('rāj), *n.* open and excessive violence; wanton abuse or mischief: *v.t.* to treat with violence; insult indecently.

out-rage-ous ('us), *adj.* violent; excessive; exceeding all bounds.

out-ri-der (out'rī-dĕr), *n.* an attendant on horseback before a carriage.

out-right ('rīt), *adv.* completely; at once.

out-side ('sīd), *n.* the external part of anything; utmost: *adj.* pertaining to the outside; exterior.

out-spo-ken (-spō'kn), *adj.* candid; free of speech.

out-stand-ing (-stand'ing), *adj.* projecting; unpaid; not collected.

out-ward ('wĕrd), *adj.* external; visible; extrinsic. *Syn.* outside, exterior.

out-wit (-wit'), *v.t.* to overreach by superior skill or cunning.

out-work ('wĕrk), *n.* a defense constructed beyond the main body of a fort, etc.

o-val (ō'vål), *adj.* shaped like an egg; elliptical: *n.* anything egg-shaped.

o-va-ri-an (-vā'ri-ån), *adj.* pertaining to the ovary.

o-va-ry ('vå-ri) *n.* the organ in a female animal in which the ova are formed; the hollow seed-case of a plant.

o-vate ('vāt). *adj.* egg-shaped.

o-va-tion (-vā'shun), *n.* an enthusiastic demonstration of public esteem; a form of triumph among the Romans.

ov-en (uv'n), *n.* a place for baking or heating.

o-ver (ō'vĕr), *prep.* superior; above; upon; across; more than: *adv.* from beginning to end; from side to side; throughout: *adj.* beyond; superior.

o-ver-alls (-awlz), *n.pl.* loose trousers worn to protect other clothing.

o-ver-haul (-hawl), *v.t.* to examine thoroughly; overtake; gain upon.

o-ver-plus ('vĕr-plus), *n.* excess.

o-ver-pow-er (-pou'ĕr), *v.t.* to bear down by superior force; vanquish.

o-ver-pro-duc-tion (-prō-duk'-shun), *n.* a supply in excess of the demand.

o-ver-seer (-sēr'), *n.* a supervisor.

o-ver-shoe ('shōō), *n.* a waterproof shoe, worn over another.

o-vert ('vĕrt), *adj.* open; public.

o-ver-take (ō-vĕr-tāk'), *v.t.* to catch by pursuit; take by surprise.

o-ver-throw (-thrō'), *v.t.* demolish; vanquish; destroy: *n.* ('vĕr-thrō), ruin; defeat.

o-ver-tones ('vĕr-tōnz), *n.pl.* harmonics.

o-ver-ture ('vĕr-tūr'), *n.* an offer or proposal; opening; music introductory to an opera.

o-ver-ween-ing (-wēn'ing), *adj.* conceited.

o-ver-whelm (-hwelm'), *v.t.* to crush or destroy utterly. *Syn.* defeat, vanquish.

o-ver-wise (-wiz'), *adj.* affectedly wise.

o-vic-u-lar (-vik'ū-lăr), *adj.* pertaining to an egg; oviform.

o-vip-a-rous (-vip'ă-rus), *adj.* producing young by eggs.

o-void ('void), *adj.* egg-shaped. Also ovoidal.

o-vule ('vūl), *n.* the rudiment of a seed.

o-vum ('vum), *n.* the germ in the ovary which develops in the fœtus; an egg-shaped ornament.

owe (ō), *v.t.* to be indebted to; be obliged to pay: *v.i.* to be in debt.

ow-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* due as a debt; ascribable to.

owl (oul), *n.* a raptorial nocturnal bird.

owl-et ('et), *n.* a young owl.

own (ōn), *adj.* belonging to; peculiar to: *v.t.* to hold by right; concede or acknowledge.

own-er ('ĕr), *n.* the lawful proprietor of any thing.

own-er-ship ('ĕr-ship), *n.* rightful possession.

ox (oks), *n.* an animal of the bovine genus.

ox-i-da-ble ('i-dă-bl), *adj.* capable of being converted into an oxide.

ox-i-da-tion (-dā'shun), *n.* the operation of converting into an oxide.

ox-ide ('īd), *n.* a compound of oxygen and a base.

ox-i-dize ('i-dīz), *v.t.* to convert into an oxide.

ox-lip ('lip), *n.* a variety of primrose.

ox-y-gen ('i-jen), *n.* a colorless inodorous gas, which forms a fifth part of the atmosphere, and supports life and combustion.

ox-y-gen-ate ('i-jen-āt), *v.t.* to combine with oxygen. Also oxygenize.

ox-y-gen-a-tion. Same as oxidation.

o-yer (ō'yĕr), *n.* a hearing of legal causes.

o-yes (ō'yes), *interj.* the call of an official crier demanding silence. Also oyez.

oys-ter (ois'tĕr), *n.* a bivalve mollusk of the genus Ostrea, much esteemed as a delicacy.

o-zone ('zōn), *n.* an allotropic form of oxygen present in the atmosphere.

o-zo-nize ('zō-nīz), *v.t.* to charge with ozone.

P

pab-u-lum (pab'ū-lum), *n.* food; nourishment.

pace (pās), *n.* a step; manner of walking; a measure varying from 30 in. to 60 in.: *v.t.* to measure by steps: *v.i.* to walk slowly; amble.

pa-cer (pā'sĕr), *n.* a horse that ambles, the two legs on one side moving together.

pach-y-der-ma-tous (pak-i-dĕr'-mȧ-tus), *adj.* thick-skinned.

pa-cif-ic (pȧ-sif'ik), *adj.* peace-making; conciliatory; mild; peaceful; tranquil.

pa-cif-i-ca-tion (-i-kā'shun), *n.* conciliation.

pac-i-fi-er (pas'i-fī-ĕr), *n.* one who pacifies.

pac-i-fy ('i-fī), *v.t.* to calm or appease; reconcile.

pack (pak), *n.* a bundle; load; burden; set of playing-cards; number of dogs kept for hunting: *v.t.* to press together, as goods for carriage; load: *v.i.* to become firmly pressed.

pack-age ('ej), *n.* a bundle or bale of goods.

pack-et ('et), *n.* a small parcel; a vessel sailing at regular intervals and conveying passengers, goods, etc.

pact (pakt), *n.* an agreement.

pad (pad), *n.* a soft cushion; a package of sheets of blotting paper, a slow-paced horse: *v.i.* to travel slowly: *v.t.* to stuff with padding.

pad-ding ('ing), *n.* material used for stuffing; matter used to extend a book or newspaper article.

pad-dle ('l), *v.i.* to row slowly; play in the water: *n.* a short broad oar.

pad-dock ('uk), *n.* a small enclosure for horses, etc.; a large toad or frog.

pad-lock (pad'lok), *n.* a lock with a link to pass through a staple or eye.

pæ-an (pē'ȧn), *n.* a triumphal song.

pa-gan (pā'gȧn), *n.* a heathen; idolater: *adj.* heathen; idolatrous.

pa-gan-ism (-izm), *n.* heathenism; idolatry.

pa-gan-ize (-īz), to convert to heathenism.

page (pāj), *n.* a boy attending on a person of distinction; attendant on a legislative body; one side of the leaf of a book: *v.t.* to mark or number in pages.

pag-eant (paj'ent), *n.* a theatrical spectacle; anything merely showy.

pag-eant-ry (-ri), *n.* ostentatious display.

pa-go-da (pȧ-gō'dȧ), *n.* a Buddhist temple; an idol; a Hindu coin.

pail (pāl), *n.* a vessel for carrying water, etc.

pail-ful ('fool), *n.* the quantity a pail will hold.

pain (pān), *n.* physical or mental suffering; penalty: *v.t.* to cause suffering; afflict; distress. *Syn.* pang, agony, anguish, qualm.

pain-ful ('fool), *adj.* full of, or causing, pain.

pain-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* so as to cause pain.

pain-ful-ness (-nes), *n.* state of being painful.

paint (pānt), *v.t.* to represent; depict; cover with color; dye: *v.i.* to practice painting: *n.* a coloring substance.

paint-er ('ĕr), *n.* one who paints; an artist skilled in depicting subjects in colors; a rope for fastening a boat.

paint-ing ('ing), *n.* the art of laying on colors; the representation of objects by delineation and colors; a picture.

pair (pār), *n.* two similar things used together; couple; a married couple: *v.t.* to join in couples.

pa-ja-mas (pȧ-jä'mȧz), *n.pl.* loose trousers of silk, etc.; a kind of sleeping costume.

pal (pal), *n.* an intimate friend; accomplice.

pal-ace (pal'es), *n.* a house used by a sovereign or bishop.

pal-a-din ('ȧ-din), *n.* a knight-errant.

pal-an-quin (pal-ȧn-kēn'), *n.* a covered conveyance borne on the shoulders of men.

pal-a-ta-ble ('ȧ-tȧ-bl), *adj.* agreeable to the taste; savory.

pal-ate ('at), *n.* the roof of the mouth; taste or relish.

pa-la-tial (pâ-lā'shăl), *adj.* pertaining to a palace; royal; magnificent.

pa-la-ver (pâ-lä'vĕr), *n.* a public conference; idle talk; chatter: *v.t.* to talk over; deceive by words.

pale (pāl), *adj.* of pallid complexion; wan; wanting in color: *n.* a narrow board used in fencing; a pointed stake; district or territory: *v.i.* to turn pale: *v.t.* to inclose with pales.

pa-le-on-tol-o-gy (pa-le-on-tol'o-ji), *n.* the science of fossil remains.

pal-ette (pal'et), *n.* a thin oval board used by painters for mixing colors.

pal-frey (pawl'fri), *n.* a saddle-horse for a lady's use.

pal-ing (pāl'ing), *n.* a fence constructed of pales; pales in general.

pal-i-sade (-i-sād'), *n.* a fortification formed of stakes: *v.t.* to inclose with stakes.

pall (pawl), *n.* a cloak or mantle; a coffin covering: *v.i.* to become insipid; lose strength.

pal-la-di-um (pal-ā-di'um), *n.* a statue of Pallas; an effectual safeguard; a metal found with platinum.

pal-let ('et), *n.* a palette; tools used in gilding, pottery, etc.; a small rough bed.

pal-li-ate ('i-āt), *v.t.* to excuse; extenuate; lessen or abate. *Syn.* cover, mitigate.

pal-li-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* extenuation; mitigation.

pal-li-a-tive ('i-ā-tiv), *adj.* tending to mitigate.

pal-lid ('id), *adj.* pale; wan; lacking color.

pal-lor (pal'ōr), *n.* paleness.

palm (päm), *n.* the inner part of the hand; a tropical tree: *v.t.* to conceal in the hand; impose upon by fraud.

pal-met-to (pal-met'ō), *n.* a species of palm-tree.

pal-mis-try ('mis-tri), *n.* the pretended art of foretelling the future from lines and marks on the hand.

palm-y (päm'i), *adj.* abounding in palms; flourishing.

pal-pa-ble (pal'pâ-bl), *adj.* easily perceived; obvious.

pal-pa-bly ('pâ-bli), *adv.* obviously.

pal-pi-tate ('pi-tāt), *v.i.* to beat or throb.

pal-pi-ta-tion (-tā'shun), *n.* abnormal throbbing of the heart.

pal-sied (pawl'zid), *p.adj.* affected with palsy.

pal-sy ('zi), *n.* paralysis: *v.t.* to paralyze.

pal-ter ('tĕr), *v.i.* to trifle; act insincerely.

pal-try ('tri), *adj.* worthless; contemptible.

pam-pas (pam'pâz), *n.pl.* treeless plains of South America.

pam-per ('pĕr), *v.t.* to feed luxuriously; gratify unduly; glut; satiate.

pam-phlet ('flet), *n.* a small unbound book.

pam-phlet-eer (-ēr'), *n.* a writer of pamphlets.

pan (pan), *n.* a broad, shallow vessel for cooking; hard stratum of earth.

pan-a-ce-a (pan-â-sē'â), *n.* a universal remedy or medicine.

pan-cake ('kāk), *n.* a thin cake of batter fried.

pan-cre-as ('krē-âs), *n.* a large gland (sweetbread).

pan-cre-at-ic (-at'ik), *adj.* secreted by the pancreas.

pan-dect ('dekt), *n.* a treatise containing the whole of any science.

pan-de-mo-ni-um (-de-mō'ni-um), *n.* a place of general disorder.

pan-der ('dĕr), *v.i.* to act as an agent for the gratification of the passions.

pane (pān), *n.* a square or sheet of glass.

pan-e-gyr-ic (-e-jir'ik), *n.* an eulogistic speech; encomium.

pan-el ('el), *n.* a piece of board inserted in a frame; a thin board on which a picture is painted; a jury roll: *v.t.* to form with panels.

pang (pang), *n.* a violent sudden pain; agony.

pan-ic ('ik), *n.* a sudden fright: *adj.* suddenly and violently alarming.

pan-ni-er ('ni-ĕr), *n.* a basket for market produce carried by a horse.

pan-o-ram-a (-ō-räm'â), *n.* a picture of several scenes unrolled before the spectator; a complete view.

pan-o-ram-ic (-ram'ik), *adj.* like a panorama.

pan-sy ('zi), *n.* the heart's-ease, a species of violet.

pant (pânt), *v.i.* to breathe rapidly; desire for ardently: *n.* rapid breathing.

pan-ta-loon ('ă-lōōn), *n.* a buffoon in a pantomime: *pl.* a pair of tight trousers.

pan-the-ism ('thē-izm), *n.* the doctrine that the universe in its totality is God.

pan-the-is-tic (-is'tik), *adj.* pertaining to pantheism.

Pan-the-on ('thē-on), *n.* a Roman temple dedicated to all the gods.

pan-ther ('thĕr), *n.* a fierce feline animal.

pan-to-graph ('tō-grȧf), *n.* an instrument for copying drawings, etc.

pan-to-mime ('tō-mīm), *n.* a representation in dumb show.

pan-to-mim-ic (-mim'ik), *adj.* pertaining to a pantomime.

pan-try ('tri), *n.* a provision closet.

pap (pap), *n.* soft food for infants; a nipple; pulp of fruit.

pa-pa (pȧ-pä', or pä'pȧ), *n.* a father; the Pope.

pa-pa-cy (pā'pȧ-si), *n.* the office of the Pope; popes collectively.

pa-pal ('pȧl), *adj.* pertaining to the Pope.

pa-paw (pa-paw'), *n.* an East Indian fruit tree.

pa-per (pā'pĕr), *n.* a thin flexible substance used for writing or printing upon; newspaper; a literary contribution: *adj.* made of paper; thin: *v.t.* to cover with paper.

pa-pil-la (-pil'ȧ), *n.* a small nipple: *pl.* minute elevations on the tongue, etc.

pa-py-rus (pȧ-pī'rus), *n.* a species of Egyptian reed, from which the ancients made paper.

par (pär), *n.* state of equality; equal value.

par-a-ble (par'ȧ-bl), *n.* an allegorical narrative conveying some truth; a comparison or similitude.

par-ab-o-la (-ab'ō-lȧ), *n.* one of the conic sections.

par-a-bol-ic (-ȧ-bol'ik), *adj.* formed like a parabola; allegorical.

par-a-chute ('ȧ-shōōt), *n.* an umbrella-shaped apparatus for descending from a balloon.

pa-rade (pȧ-rād'), *n.* ostentatious exhibition; military display; place for exercising troops: *v.t.* to marshal in military order; make a display of.

par-a-digm (par'ȧ-dim), *n.* an example or model.

par-a-dise ('ȧ-dīs), *n.* the garden of Eden; any place of happiness; heaven.

par-a-dox ('ȧ-doks), *n.* something apparently absurd, yet true.

par-a-gon ('ȧ-gon), *n.* a model or pattern of perfection.

par-a-graph ('ȧ-grȧf), *n.* a short passage; a reference mark (¶); an item of newspaper intelligence.

par-al-lel ('ȧl-lel), *adj.* lying side by side; equidistant at all points; corresponding: *n.* a line equidistant at all points from another line; resemblance or likeness.

par-al-lel-ism (-izm), *n.* the state of being parallel.

par-al-lel-o-gram ('o-gram), *n.* a plane four-sided figure whose opposite sides are parallel and equal.

pa-ral-y-sis (pȧ-ral'i-sis), *n.* loss of the power of sensation or motion in any part of the body; palsy.

par-a-lyt-ic (par-ȧ-lit'ik), *adj.* pertaining to paralysis: *n.* one who is palsied.

par-a-lyze ('ȧ-līz), *v.t.* to affect with paralysis; unnerve; render ineffective.

par-a-mount (par'ȧ-mount), *adj.* superior to all others; eminent or chief.

par-a-pet ('ȧ-pet), *n.* a wall breast-high; a protective rampart.

par-a-pher-na-li-a (-fĕr-nā'-li-ȧ), *n.pl.* apparel and ornaments; equipment; trappings.

par-a-phrase ('ȧ-frāz), *n.* a free translation or explanation: *v.t.* to make a free translation of a work; explain in many words.

par-a-site ('ȧ-sīt), *n.* a hanger-on; an animal or plant attached to and nourished by another.

par-a-sit-ic (-sit'ik), *adj.* meanly servile or fawning; living at the expense of another. Also parasitical.

par-a-sol ('ȧ-sol), *n.* a lady's sunshade.

par-boil (pär'boil), *v.t.* to boil partially.

par-cel ('sel), *n.* a small bundle or package: *v.t.* to divide into parts.

parch (pärch), *v.t.* to scorch; burn slightly; dry to excess.

parch-ment ('ment), *n.* the skin of a sheep, goat, etc., prepared for writing upon.

pard (pärd), *n.* a leopard; any spotted beast.

par-don (pär'dn), *v.t.* to forgive; absolve: *n.* forgiveness; absolution; remission of a penalty. *Syn.* absolution, mercy, acquittal.

pare (pär), *v.t.* to cut away little by little; reduce or diminish.

par-e-gor-ic (par-e-gor'ik), *n.* a medicine to assuage pain.

par-ent (pär'ent), *n.* a father or mother; origin.

par-ent-age (-ej), *n.* extraction; birth.

pa-ren-tal (-ren'tâl), *adj.* pertaining to parents; fond.

pa-ren-tal-ly (-li), *adv.* like a parent.

pa-ren-the-sis (pâ-ren'the-sis), *n.* an explanatory word or clause inserted in a completed sentence; indicated by the marks ( ).

par-en-thet-ic-al (par-en-thet'ik-âl), *adj.* expressed in a parenthesis.

par-e-sis (par'e-sis), *n.* insanity with general motor paralysis.

par-he-li-on (par-hē'li-on), *n.* a mock sun.

pa-ri-ah (pā'ri-ä), *n.* the lowest class of Hindus; outcast.

pa-ri-e-tal (pâ-rī'e-tâl), *adj.* pertaining to or forming a wall or side.

par-ish (par'ish), *n.* an ecclesiastical district; a district having its own officers for the care of the poor: *adj.* pertaining to a parish.

par-ish-ion-er ('on-ẽr), *n.* one who belongs to a parish.

par-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* equality; likeness.

park (pärk), *n.* a large piece of ground used as a place of recreation; a train of artillery; *v.t.* to inclose in a park.

par-lance (pär'lâns), *n.* conversation; idiom of common speech.

par-ley ('li), *n.* a conference, especially with an enemy: *v.i.* to speak, confer or treat with.

Par-lia-ment ('li-ment), *n.* the legislative assembly of Great Britain.

par-lia-men-ta-ri-an ('men-tā'ri-an), *n.* one versed in parliamentary law.

par-lia-men-ta-ry ('tâ-ri), *adj.* pertaining to parliament or its usages.

par-lor (lẽr), *n.* reception room; drawing room.

pa-ro-chi-al (pâ-rō'ki-al), *adj.* pertaining to a parish.

par-o-dist (par'o-dist), *n.* one who parodies.

par-o-dy ('o-di), *n.* a burlesque imitation of a serious poem: *v.t.* to imitate amusingly.

pa-role (pâ-rōl'), *n.* a word of honor; verbal promise; the daily password in a camp or garrison.

par-o-nym (par'ō-nim), *n.* a word of similar sound and origin but different spelling and meaning.

par-ox-ysm ('oks-izm), *n.* a fit of acute pain; sudden action or convulsion.

par-ox-ys-mal (-iz'mâl), *adj.* pertaining to paroyxsms.

par-quet-ry ('ket-ri), *n.* mosaic woodwork for floors.

par-ra-keet (par'â-kēt), *n.* a small long-tailed parrot. Also paraquet, paroquet.

par-ri-ci-dal (-i-sī'dâl), *adj.* pertaining to parricide.

par-ri-cide ('i-sīd), *n.* the murderer of a father or mother.

par-rot ('ot), *n.* a tropical bird of brilliant plumage and with power of imitating the human voice.

par-ry ('i), *v.t.* to ward off, as a blow.

parse (pärs), *t.t.* to divide a sentence into its parts of speech and show their mutual relations.

Par-see (pär-sē'), *n.* a descendant of the old Persians.

par-si-mo-ni-ous (-si-mō'-ni-us), *adj.* frugal to excess; penurious.

par-si-mo-ny ('si-mon-i), *n.* closeness in expenditure; niggardliness.

pars-ley (pärs'li), *n.* a culinary herb.

pars-nip ('nip), *n.* a plant with an edible root.

par-son (pär'sn), *n.* the incumbent of a parish; a clergyman.

par-son-age (-ej), *n.* the residence of a parson.

part (pärt), *n.* less than the whole; piece; portion: *v.t.*

to divide into pieces; distribute; separate: *v.i.* to take leave. *Syn.* division, portion, share, fraction.

par-take (pär-tāk'), *v.i.* to take a part in common with others.

par-tial ('shâl), *adj.* inclined to favor one side or party; biased.

par-tial-ly (-li), *adv.* in a partial manner.

par-ti-al-i-ty (-shi-al'i-ti), *n.* the state of being partial.

par-tic-i-pant (-tis'i-pânt), *adj.* sharing: *n.* one who shares or partakes.

par-tic-i-pate ('i-pāt), *v.i.* to partake: *v.t.* to have part of.

par-tic-i-pa-tion (-pā'shun), *n.* a sharing; distribution; companionship.

par-ti-cip-i-al (-ti-sip'i-âl), *adj.* having the nature of a participle.

par-ti-ci-ple ('ti-si-pl), *n.* a word partaking of the nature of a verb and an adjective.

par-ti-cle ('i-kl), *n.* an atom; the smallest part into which a body can be divided. *Syn.* grain, mite, scrap.

par-ti-col-ored (pär'ti-kul-ërd), *adj.* having various colors.

par-tic-u-lar (-tik'ū-lâr), *adj.* individual; peculiar or special; characteristic; exact. *Syn.* distinct, odd, strange.

par-tic-u-lar-i-ty (-lar'i-ti), *n.* circumstantiality.

par-tic-u-lar-ize ('ū-lâr-īz), *v.t.* to give the particulars of.

par-tic-u-lar-ly ('ū-lâr-li), *adv.* especially.

part-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* separating: *n.* division; separation; a taking leave.

par-ti-san (pär'ti-zân), *n.* an adherent of a party; a kind of halberd: *adj.* biased in favor of a party.

par-ti-san-ship (-ship), *n.* the state of being a partisan.

par-ti-tion (-tish'un), *n.* separation; distribution; a dividing wall.

par-ti-tive ('ti-tiv), *adj.* noting a part: *n.* a word that denotes a part.

part-ly (pärt'li), *adv.* in part.

part-ner ('nër), *n.* a business associate; a sharer; a husband or wife.

part-ner-ship (-ship), *n.* union of persons in the same business.

par-tridge (pär'trij), *n.* a well-known game-bird.

par-tu-ri-tion (-tū-rish'un), *n.* the act of bringing forth young.

par-ty ('ti), *n.* a number of persons united for some purpose; faction; one concerned in an affair; a select company.

pas-chal (pas'kâl), *adj.* pertaining to the feast of the Passover.

pa-sha (pa-shaw'), *n.* a Turkish official of high rank. Also pacha.

pas-quin-ade (pas-kwin-ād'), *n.* a lampoon or rude satire: *v.t.* to satirize.

pass (pâs), *v.i.* to move from one place to another; disappear; be enacted; be current: *v.t.* to omit; disregard; transfer; void: *n.* a narrow passage; defile; license or permission.

pass-a-ble ('â-bl), *adj.* that may be passed; tolerable.

pass-age ('ej), *n.* the act of passing; course or journey; entrance or exit; legal enactment; single clause of a book.

pass-book ('book), *n.* a book to enter goods sold on credit.

pass-en-ger ('en-jër), *n.* one who travels in a conveyance.

pass-ing (pâs'ing), *p.adj.* departing: *n.* the act of going by.

pas-sion (pash'un), *n.* violent agitation of mind in anger; strong feeling; love; ardor.

pas-sion-ate (-at), *adj.* moved by passion; excitable.

pas-sion-ate-ly (-li), *adv.* with passion.

pas-sive ('iv), *adj.* unresisting; not acting; submissive.

Pass-o-ver (pâs'ō-vër), *n.* an annual Jewish feast.

pass-port ('pōrt), *n.* a license to travel in a foreign country.

pass-word ('wërd), *n.* a word which serves to distinguish friends from foes or strangers.

past (pâst), *p.adj.* having formerly been; gone by; completed: *n.* the time gone by.

paste (pāst), *n.* a mixture of flour with water; dough prepared for pies, etc.: *v.t.* to fasten with paste.

paste-board ('bōrd), *n.* thick stiff paper.

pas-tel (pas'tel), *n.* a colored crayon.

pas-til ('til), *n.* a small cone of aromatic paste used for fumigating a room.

pas-time (pâs'tīm), *n.* diversion; sport.

pas-tor ('tĕr), *n.* a clergyman or minister of a church.

pas-tor-al (-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to shepherds, or to the care of a church; rural: *n.* a poem delineating incidents in rural life.

pas-tor-ate ('tĕr-āt), *n.* the jurisdiction of a pastor. Also pastorship.

pas-try (pās'tri), *n.* articles of food, as pies, etc., made of light puffy dough.

pas-tur-age ('tūr-ĕj), *n.* lands grazed by cattle.

pas-ture ('tūr), *n.* land for grazing cattle; grass for grazing: *v.t.* to supply with grass.

past-y (pāst'i), *adj.* like paste: *n.* a meat pie with a crust.

pat (pat), *n.* a light blow: *adj.* apt; exact: *adv.* fitly: *v.t.* to strike gently with the hand or fingers.

patch (pach), *n.* a piece of cloth to mend a rent; a plot of ground: *v.t.* to put a patch on.

pate (pāt), *n.* the head; crown of the head.

pat-ent (pat'ent, or pā'tent), *adj.* apparent; open to public; secured by letters patent: *n.* a privilege granted by letters patent, as the sole right in an invention: *v.t.* to secure by letters patent.

pat-en-tee (-ē'), *n.* one who has secured a patent.

pa-ter-nal (-tĕr'năl), *adj.* pertaining to a father; hereditary.

pa-ter-nal-ly (-li), *adv.* in a paternal manner.

pa-ter-ni-ty (-tĕr'ni-ti), *n.* paternal relation; authorship.

pa-ter-nos-ter (pa-tĕr-nos'tĕr), *n.* the Lord's Prayer.

path (pâth), *n.* a road; footway; track; course of conduct.

pa-thet-ic (pâ-thet'ik), *adj.* affecting the emotions; touching.

pa-thol-o-gy ('o-ji), *n.* the science of diseases.

pa-thos (pā'thos), *n.* expression of deep feeling.

pa-tience ('shens), *n.* the power of calmly enduring.

pa-tient ('shent), *adj.* suffering with calmness; persevering: *n.* a person under medical treatment. *Syn.* passive, submissive, meek.

pa-tri-arch (pā'tri-ärk), *n.* the founder of a family; a dignitary of the Greek Church.

pa-tri-arch-ate (-āt), *n.* the rank or jurisdiction of a patriarch.

pa-tri-cian (pâ-trish'ăn), *n.* a nobleman: *adj.* noble; not plebeian.

pat-ri-mo-ni-al (pat-ri-mō'ni-ăl), *adj.* inherited from ancestors.

pat-ri-mo-ni-al-ly (-li), *adv.* by inheritance.

pat-ri-mo-ny ('ri-mō-ni), *n.* an inherited family estate; an ecclesiastical endowment.

pa-tri-ot (pā'tri- or pat'ri-ot), *n.* one who loves his native country.

pa-tri-ot-ic (-ri-ot'ik), *adj.* characterized by patriotism.

pa-tri-ot-ic-al-ly (-ăl-li), *adv.* like a patriot.

pa-tri-ot-ism ('ri-ot-izm), *n.* love of one's country.

pa-tris-tic (pâ-tris'tik), *adj.* pertaining to the fathers of the Christian Church.

pa-trol (pâ-trōl'), *n.* a corporal's guard that marches round at night; a mounted policeman: *v.t.* to go round as a patrol.

pa-tron (pā'tron), *n.* a guardian or protector: *adj.* giving aid or exercising guardianship.

pat-ron-age (pat'ron-ej), *n.* special support; guardianship or protection.

pat-ron-ize (-īz), *v.t.* to protect; support; frequent as a customer.

pat-ro-nym-ic (pat-rō-nim'ik), *adj.* derived from the name of an ancestor: *n.* a name so derived.

pat-ter ('ĕr), *v.i.* to strike with quick succeeding sounds, as hail: *n.* the dialect of a class.

pat-tern ('ĕrn), *n.* model, sample, or specimen.

pat-ty ('i), *n.* a small pie.

pau-ci-ty (paw'si-ti), *n.* fewness; scarcity.

paunch (pänch, or pawnch), *n.* the belly.

pau-per (paw'pĕr), *n.* a person supported by charity.

pau-per-ism (-izm), *n.* the state of being a pauper.

pau-per-ize (-iz), *v.t.* to reduce to pauperism.

pause (pawz), *n.* cessation; temporary stop: *v.i.* to make a short stop; wait; hesitate.

pave (pāv), *v.t.* to lay with stones, bricks, etc.

pave-ment (pāv'ment), *n.* a paved roadway.

pa-vil-ion (pâ-vil'yun), *n.* an ornamental dome-shaped building; a large tent.

paw (paw), *n.* the foot of an animal with claws; the hand: *v.t.* to scrape with the forefoot.

pawn (pawn), *n.* a pledge deposited; a common piece at chess: *v.t.* to give in pledge; leave as security.

pawn-bro-ker ('brō-kĕr), *n.* one who lends money on the security of goods deposited.

pay (pā), *v.t.* to discharge a debt; compensate; reward: *n.* money given for service rendered.

pay-mas-ter ('mâs-tĕr), *n.* one who pays wages, etc., especially an officer in the army or navy who pays the officers and men.

pea (pē), *n.* a leguminous plant and its edible seed.

peace (pēs), *n.* tranquillity; calm; freedom from war or disturbance.

peace-a-ble ('â-bl), *adj.* disposed to peace; quiet. *Syn.* pacific, peaceful.

peace-a-ble-ness (-nes), *n.* the state of being peaceable. Also peacefulness.

peace-a-bly (-bli), *adv.* without agitation or tumult.

peace-ful ('fool), *adj.* pacific; quiet.

peace-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in a peaceful manner.

peach (pēch), *n.* a juicy and delicious fruit: *v.i.* to betray one's accomplices.

pea-cock (pē'kok), *n.* a gallinaceous bird with handsome plumage: *adj.* iridescent like the feathers of the peacock.

pea-jack-et ('jak-et), *n.* a seaman's heavy jacket.

peak (pēk), *n.* the summit of a hill; pointed end: *v.i.* to look pale and wan.

peak-ish ('ish), *adj.* having pale thin features.

peal (pēl), *n.* a loud sound; a set of musical bells, or the changes rung by them: *v.t.* to give forth loud or solemn sounds.

pear (pār), *n.* a tree and its juicy edible fruit.

pearl (pĕrl), *n.* an iridescent gem found in the mother-of-pearl oyster; a white speck in the eye; a small size of type: *adj.* formed of pearls.

pearl-ash ('ash), *n.* an impure carbonate of potash.

pearl-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the quality of being pearly.

pearl-y ('i), *adj.* resembling pearls; clear; translucent.

peas-ant (pez'ânt), *n.* a countryman; rustic laborer: *adj.* rural; rustic.

peas-ant-ry (-ri), *n.* peasants collectively.

pease (pēz), *n.pl.* peas collectively.

peat (pēt), *n.* turf cut out of bogs and used as fuel.

peb-ble (peb'l), *n.* a roundish stone.

peb-bly ('li), *adj.* full of pebbles.

pec-ca-bil-i-ty (pek-â-bil'i-ti), *n.* the state of being subject to sin.

pec-ca-ble ('â-bl), *adj.* liable to sin.

pec-ca-dil-lo (-dil'ō), *n.* a trifling fault.

pe-can (pe-kan'), *n.* a species of hickory and its fruit.

pec-can-cy (pek'ân-si), *n.* sinfulness.

peck (pek), *n.* 1-4th of a bushel; a quick sharp stroke with the beak: *v.t.* to strike with the beak; pick up with the beak; eat.

pec-to-ral ('to-râl), *adj.* pertaining to the chest; *n.* a medicine for chest complaints.

pec-u-late ('ū-lāt), *v.i.* to defraud the public; embezzle.

pec-u-la-tion (-lā'shun), *n.* embezzlement.

pe-cul-iar (pe-kūl'yâr), *adj.* appropriate; singular.

pe-cu-li-ar-i-ty (-li-ar'i-ti), *n.* something characteristic.

pe-cul-iar-ly ('yâr-li), *adv.* in a peculiar manner.

pe-cu-ni-a-ri-ly ('ni-â-ri-li), *adv.* as regards money.

pe-cu-ni-a-ry ('ni-â-ri), *adj.* pertaining to money.

ped-a-gog-ic (ped-â-goj'ik), *adj.* pertaining to a pedagogue or to teaching.

ped-a-gog-ics ('iks), *n.* the art of teaching.

ped-al (ped'âl), *adj.* pertaining to a foot: *n.* the foot keys of an organ, etc.

ped-ant ('ânt), *n.* one who makes an ostentatious display of his learning.

pe-dan-tic (pe-dan'tik), *adj.* characterized by pedantry.

ped-an-try ('ân-tri), *n.* ostentatious display of learning.

ped-dle ('l), *v.i.* to travel about selling small wares.

ped-dler, ped-ler, ped-lar ('lĕr), *n.* one who peddles.

ped-es-tal ('es-tâl), *n.* the base of a column, statue, etc.

pe-des-tri-an (pe-des'tri-ân), *adj.* going on foot; walking: *n.* one who journeys on foot.

pe-des-tri-an-ism (-izm), *n.* the practice of walking.

ped-i-gree ('i-grē), *n.* lineage; genealogy.

ped-i-ment ('i-ment), *n.* the ornamental facing over the entablature, etc., of a building.

ped-om-e-ter (ped-om'e-tĕr), *n.* an instrument for recording distances in walking.

ped-un-cle (-ung'kl), *n.* a flower-stalk.

peel (pēl), *v.t.* to strip the skin, bark, or rind from: *n.* skin or rind of fruit.

peep (pēp), *v.i.* to chirp or cry, as young birds; to look slyly; begin to appear: *n.* the cry of a chicken; a sly look; a beginning to appear.

peer (pēr), *n.* one of the same rank; an equal; associate; a nobleman: *v.i.* to look narrowly.

peer-age ('ej), *n.* the rank of a peer; peers collectively.

peer-ess ('es), *n.* a lady of noble rank.

peer-less ('les), *adj.* without an equal.

peev-ish (pēv'ish), *adj.* fretful; difficult to please.

peg (peg), *n.* a small wooden pin: *v.t.* to fasten or mark out with pegs.

pel-age (pel'ej), *n.* the hair of a mammal.

pe-lag-ic (-laj'ik), *adj.* pertaining to the ocean.

pelf (pelf), *n.* money; wealth: used in a bad sense.

pell (pel), *n.* a skin or hide; a roll of parchment.

pel-la-gra (pel'â-grâ, pel-ā'grâ), a contagious disease.

pel-let ('et), *n.* a little ball.

pel-li-cle ('i-kl), *n.* a thin skin or film.

pell-mell ('mel), *adv.* with confused violence.

pel-lu-cid (-ū'sid), *adj.* perfectly clear; transparent.

pelt (pelt), *n.* a raw hide; a blow from something thrown: *v.t.* to strike by something thrown or falling rain.

pel-try (pel'tri), *n.* skins of furred animals.

pel-vic (pel'vik), *adj.* pertaining to the pelvis.

pel-vis ('vis), *n.* the bony cavity in the lower part of the abdomen.

pem-mi-can (pem'i-kân), *n.* lean meat, dried, pounded, and pressed into cakes, as food for explorers, etc.

pen (pen), *n.* a small inclosure; coop; an instrument for writing: *v.t.* to shut up; write.

pe-nal (pē'nâl), *adj.* inflicting punishment for crime; punitive.

pen-al-ty (pen'âl-ti), *n.* punishment for crime; fine or forfeit.

pen-ance (pen'ans), *n.* self-imposed suffering for sin.

pence, *pl.* of penny.

pen-chant (päng-shäng'), *n.* a strong inclination or taste [French].

pen-cil (pen'sil), *n.* a small fine brush used by artists; a pointed instrument of black lead, etc.; a collection of rays of light: *v.t.* to write or draw.

pend-ant (pend'ânt), *n.* an ear-ring or locket; a pennant.

pend-en-cy ('en-si), *n.* suspense; indecision.

pend-ent ('ent), *adj.* hanging; projecting; swinging.

pend-ing ('ing), *adj.* undecided; hanging in suspense: *prep.* during.

pen-du-lous ('dū-lus), *adj.* hanging; oscillating.

pen-du-lum ('dū-lum), *n.* a body suspended and vibrating as in a clock.

pen-e-tra-ble ('e-trâ-bl), *adj.* that may be penetrated.

pen-e-trate ('e-trāt), *v.t.* to pierce into; enter; perforate.

pen-e-tra-ting (-ing), *p.adj.* piercing; acute; quick to understand.

pen-e-tra-tion (-trā'shun), *n.* the act of penetrating; mental acuteness. *Syn.* sagacity, discernment.

pen-in-su-la (pen-in'sū-lå), *n.* a portion of land nearly surrounded by water.

pen-in-su-lar ('sū-lår), *adj.* shaped like a peninsula.

pen-i-tence (pen'i-tens), *n.* sorrow for sin.

pen-i-tent ('i-tent), *adj.* suffering pain or sorrow for sin: *n.* one sorrowful for wrongdoing.

pen-i-ten-tial (-ten'shål), *adj.* pertaining to penitence.

pen-i-ten-tia-ry (-ten'shå-ri), *adj.* pertaining to penance: *n.* a penitent; a house of correction; a state prison.

pen-knife ('nīf), *n.* a small pocket-knife.

pen-man ('mån), *n.* an author; a good writer.

pen-man-ship (-ship), *n.* the art of writing.

pen-nant ('ånt), *n.* a long narrow flag or streamer.

pen-nate. Same as pinnate.

pen-ni-less (pen'i-les), *adj.* without money; destitute.

pen-ny (-i), *n.* 1-12 of a shilling (English): *pl.* pence.

pen-ny-weight (-wāt), *n.* a weight = 24 grains troy.

pe-nol-o-gy (-nol'o-ji), *n.* the scientific study of prison management, etc.

pen-sile ('sil), *adj.* hanging; pendulous.

pen-sion ('shun), *n.* a stated allowance paid for past services: *v.t.* to grant a pension to.

pen-sion-er ('shun-ẽr), *n.* one who receives a pension, especially a discharged soldier.

pen-sive ('siv), *adj.* thoughtful; sad.

pen-sive-ly (-li), *adv.* in a thoughtful manner.

pent, *p.t. & p.p.* of pen: *adj.* shut up; closely confined.

pen-ta-gon (pen'tå-gon), *n.* a figure of five sides and five angles.

pen-tam-e-ter ('e-tẽr), *n.* a verse consisting of five feet.

Pen-ta-teuch ('tå-tūk), *n.* the first five books of the Old Testament.

Pen-te-cost ('te-kost), *n.* a Jewish festival; Whitsuntide, commemorative of the descent of the Holy Ghost.

pent-house ('hous), *n.* a shed sloping from a main building.

pe-nult (pe-nult' or pē'nult), *n.* the last syllable of a word but one.

pe-nult-i-mate ('i-māt), *adj.* last but one.

pe-num-bra (-num'brå), *n.* a partial shadow in an eclipse.

pe-nu-ri-ous (-nū'ri-us), *adj.* miserly; sordid.

pen-u-ry (pen'ū-ri), *n.* indigence; poverty.

peo-ple ('pl), *n.* persons generally; community; inhabitants: *v.t.* to stock with inhabitants. *Syn.* nation, folks.

pep-per (pep'ẽr), *n.* a hot spice made of the seeds of a plant.

pep-per-mint (-mint), *n.* an aromatic herb.

pep-per-y (-i), *adj.* like pepper; fiery; pungent.

pep-sin ('sin), *n.* a ferment in gastric juice.

pep-tic ('tik), *adj.* pertaining to digestion.

per-ad-ven-ture (pẽr-ad-ven'tūr), *adv.* by chance.

per-am-bu-la-tion (-am-bū-lā'shun), *n.* the act of passing through.

per-ceiv-a-ble (-sē'vå-bl), *adj.* discernible.

per-ceiv-a-bly (-bli), *adv.* perceptibly.

per-ceive (-sēv'), *v.t.* to see; feel; discern. *Syn.* note, observe, distinguish.

per-cent-age (-sent'ej), *n.* the rate per hundred.

per-cep-ti-ble ('ti-bl), *adj.* that may be perceived.

per-cep-ti-bly (-bli), *adv.* so as to be perceived.

per-cep-tion (-sep'shun), *n.* the act of perceiving. *Syn.* conception, notion, idea.

per-cep-tive ('tiv), *adj.* able to perceive.

perch (pẽrch), *n.* a fresh-water fish; a measure of length; a rod or roost: *v.i.* to sit or roost: *v.t.* to place on a perch.

per-cip-i-ence (-sip'i-ens), *n.* the act of perceiving.

per-cip-i-ent ('i-ent), *adj.* perceiving: *n.* one who perceives.

per-co-late ('kō-lāt), *v.i.* to pass through small spaces.

per-co-la-tion (-lā'shun), *n.* filtration.

per-cus-sion (-kush'un), *n.* violent collision; shock produced by collision.

per-cus-sive (-kus'iv), *adj.* striking against.

per-di-tion (-dish'un), *n.* total destruction; ruin; loss of happiness in a future state.

per-e-grin-a-tion (-e-grin-ā'-shun), *n.* the act of traveling about.

per-emp-to-ri-ly ('emp-tor-i-li), *adv.* in a peremptory manner.

per-emp-to-ry ('emp-tor-i), *adj.* positive; decisive; authoritative.

per-en-ni-al (-en'i-ăl), *adj.* lasting through the year; perpetual.

per-fect ('fekt), *adj.* complete; faultless; possessing every excellence: *v.t.* (per'fect or per-fect'), to make perfect; complete or finish. *Syn.* correct, entire, sinless.

per-fect-i-bil-i-ty (-fekt-i-bil'i-ti), *n.* the capacity for becoming perfect.

per-fect-i-ble (-fekt'i-bl), *adj.* capable of being made perfect.

per-fec-tion (fec'shun), *n.* the state of being perfect.

per-fid-i-ous (-fid'i-us), *adj.* false to trust; faithless.

per-fi-dy ('fi-di), *n.* breach of faith; treachery.

per-fo-rate ('fo-rāt), *v.t.* to pierce through.

per-fo-ra-tion (-rā'shun), *n.* the act of boring through; a hole bored.

per-force (-fōrs'), *adv.* by force; violently.

per-form (-fôrm'), *v.t.* to execute; achieve; fulfil: *v.i.* to act a part.

per-form-ance ('ăns), *n.* the act of performing; deed or feat; an entertainment.

per-fume (-fūm'), *v.t.* to give a pleasant odor; scent: *n.* (per'fūm), a pleasing scent.

per-fu-mer-y ('ĕr-i), *n.* perfumes in general.

per-func-to-ri-ly (-fungk'to-ri-li), *adv.* carelessly.

per-func-to-ri-ness (-nes), *n.* carelessness.

per-func-to-ry ('to-ri), *adj.* done carelessly.

per-haps (-haps'), *adv.* possibly; by chance.

pe-ri (pē'ri), *n.* a fairy; an exiled spirit.

per-i-car-di-um (-kär'di-um), *n.* the membrane that surrounds the heart.

per-i-carp ('i-kärp), *n.* the seed-vessel of a plant.

per-i-cra-ni-um (-krā'ni-um), *n.* the membrane that surrounds the cranium.

per-i-he-li-on (-hē'li-on), *n.* that point in the orbit of a planet which is nearest the sun.

per-il ('il), *n.* exposure to injury; danger; risk: *v.t.* to expose to danger. *Syn.* pitfall, snare.

per-il-ous (-us), *adj.* full of peril; hazardous.

pe-ri-od (pē'ri-od), *n.* a circuit; interval of time; conclusion; a dot [.] to mark the end of a sentence.

pe-ri-od-ic-al ('ik-ăl), *adj.* occurring at regular intervals: *n.* a publication issued at fixed intervals.

pe-ri-od-ic-al-ly (-li), *adv.* at stated intervals.

per-i-os-te-um ('te-um), *n.* the membrane which covers the bones.

per-i-pa-tet-ic (-pă-tet'ik), *adj.* walking about: *n.* one accustomed to walk.

per-iph-er-y ('ĕr-i), *n.* the circumference of a circle or curved figure.

per-iph-ra-sis (-if'ră-sis), *n.* circumlocution.

per-ish ('ish), *v.i.* to decay or die; be destroyed.

per-ish-a-ble (per'ish-ă-bl), *adj.* liable to perish; mortal.

per-i-style ('i-stīl), *n.* a row of columns around an edifice.

per-i-to-ne-um (to-nē'um), *n.* a membrane which covers the abdominal viscera.

per-i-to-ni-tis (-nī'tis), *n.* inflammation of the peritoneum.

per-i-wig (per'i-wig), *n.* a small wig.

per-i-win-kle (-wing'kl), *n.* a creeping plant; a small mollusk.

per-jure (pĕr'jūr), *v.i.* to swear falsely.

per-jur-y (-i), *n.* the act of giving false testimony.

perk (pĕrk), *v.t.* to make trim or smart: *v.i.* to hold up the head in a saucy manner.

per-ma-nence ('mâ-nens), *n.* duration.

per-ma-nent (-nent), *adj.* lasting; durable.

per-me-a-bil-i-ty (-me-â-bil'i-ti), *n.* the state of being permeable.

per-me-a-ble ('me-â-bl), *adj.* that may be passed through.

per-me-ate ('me-āt), *v.t.* to pass through pores.

per-mis-si-ble (-mis'i-bl), *adj.* that may be permitted.

per-mis-sion (-mish'un), *n.* the act of permitting; leave; license. *Syn.* consent, permit.

per-mit (-mit'), *v.t.* to allow; consent to; tolerate: *n.* (per'mit), a written license; permission. *Syn.* allow, tolerate.

per-mu-ta-ble (-mū'tâ-ble), *adj.* interchangeable.

per-mu-ta-tion (-mū-tā'shun), the exchange of one thing for another.

per-ni-cious (-nish'us), *adj.* highly injurious or hurtful; destructive.

per-o-ra-tion (-ō-rā'shun), *n.* the concluding part of an oration.

per-pen-dic-u-lar (-pen-dik'ū-lâr), *adj.* perfectly upright; crossing at right angles: *n.* in a directly upright line.

per-pe-trate ('pe-trāt), *v.t.* to commit; perform (in a bad sense).

per-pe-tra-tion (-trā shun), *n.* the act of perpetrating.

per-pet-u-al (-pet'ū-âl), *adj.* never ceasing.

per-pet-u-al-ly (-li), *adv.* continually.

per-pet-u-ate ('ū-āt), *v.t.* to make perpetual.

per-pe-tu-i-ty (-pe-tū'i-ti), *n.* endless duration.

per-plex (-pleks'), *v.t.* to make anxious; puzzle; embarrass or confuse.

per-plex-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* embarrassment; doubt; intricacy. *Syn.* confusion, bewilderment.

per-qui-site ('kwi-zit), *n.* a gift in addition to regular wages.

per-se-cute ('se-kūt), *v.t.* to harass or ill-treat; annoy with importunity.

per-se-cu-tion (-kū'shun), *n.* state of being persecuted; annoyance.

per-se-cu-tor (-tĕr), *n.* one who persecutes.

per-se-ve-rance (-vē'rans), *n.* the act or state of persevering.

per-se-vere (-se-vēr'), *v.i.* to persist in any enterprise; continue steadfastly.

per-sim-mon (-sim'un), *n.* an American plum-like fruit; the date-plum.

per-sist (-sist'), *v.i.* to continue in any course; persevere.

per-sist-ence (-sist'ens), *n.* obstinacy; duration. Also persistency.

per-sist-ent ('ent), *adj.* constant; persevering.

per-son ('sn), *n.* a human being or individual.

per-son-age (-ej), *n.* a person of some distinction.

per-son-al (-âl), *adj.* pertaining to men or women; done in person.

per-son-al-i-ty (-al'i-ti), *n.* that which constitutes distinction of person; remarks offensive to a person.

per-son-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in person; individually.

per-son-ate (-āt), *v.t.* to counterfeit; assume the character of; represent.

per-son-i-fy ('i-fī), *v.t.* to represent as endowed with personal qualities.

per-spec-tive (pĕr-spek'tiv), *adj.* relating to vision: *n.* a vista or view; the art of representing objects on a plane surface as they appear to the eye.

per-spi-ca-cious (-spi-kā'shus), *adj.* mentally acute; quick-sighted.

per-spi-cu-i-ty (-kū'i-ti), *n.* clearness in statement.

per-spic-u-ous (-spik'ū-us), *adj.* easily understood; evident; clear.

per-spi-ra-tion (-spi-rā'shun), *n.* excretion by the skin; sweat.

per-spire (-spīr'), *v.i.* to excrete by the pores of the skin; sweat.

per-suade (-swād'), *v.t.* to influence by argument, advice, etc.; induce; prevail upon. *Syn.* allure, entice.

per-sua-sion ('zhun), *n.* the act of persuading.

per-sua-sive ('siv), *adj.* having the power to persuade.

pert (pĕrt), *adj.* saucy; forward.

per-tain (pĕr-tān′), *v.i.* to belong, or have relation.

per-ti-na-cious (-ti-nā′shus), *adj.* obstinate; resolute; tenacious.

per-ti-nence (′ti-nens), *n.* suitableness; fitness.

per-ti-nent (′ti-nent), *adj.* appropriate; relevant.

per-turb (-tĕrb′), *v.t.* to agitate; disturb; disquiet.

per-tur-ba-tion (-tĕr-bā′shun), *n.* mental agitation; an irregularity in a planet's orbital movement.

pe-ru-sal (pe-rōō′zăl), *n.* the act of reading.

pe-ruse (-rōōz′), *v.t.* to read with care and attention.

per-vade (pĕr-vād′), *v.t.* to penetrate; permeate.

per-va-sion (-vā′zhun), *n.* the act of pervading.

per-verse (-vĕrs′), *adj.* obstinate; untractable; petulant. *Syn.* contrary, stubborn.

per-verse-ly (′li), *adv.* in a perverse manner.

per-verse-ness (′nes), *n.* a cross disposition; tendency to thwart or annoy. Also perversity.

per-ver-sive (-vĕr′siv), *adj.* tending to pervert.

per-vert (-vĕrt′), *v.t.* to turn from the true end; misapply: *n.* (per′vert), one who has been perverted.

per-vi-ous (′vi-us), *adj.* admitting passage; permeable.

pes-si-mism (pes′i-mizm), *n.* the tendency to exaggerate the evils of life: opposed to optimism.

pes-si-mist (-mist), one who looks on the worst side of everything.

pest (pest), *n.* a fatal epidemic disease; plague; anything very annoying or injurious.

pes-ter (pes′tĕr), *v.t.* to annoy; harass; perplex.

pes-tif-er-ous (-tif′ĕr-us), *adj.* conveying pestilence.

pes-ti-lence (′ti-lens), *n.* an infectious or contagious disease.

pes-ti-lent (′ti-lent), *adj.* noxious to health or morals.

pes-ti-len-tial (-len′shăl), *adj.* pertaining to pestilence; pernicious.

pes-tle (pes′l), *n.* an instrument for pounding substances in a mortar.

pet (pet), *n.* any person or animal that is fondled; a fit of peevishness: *adj.* favorite: *v.t.* to fondle or indulge.

pet-al (′ăl), *n.* a separate part or leaf of a flower.

pe-tard (pe-tärd′), *n.* a bell-shaped explosive machine used in bombardment.

pet-i-ole (pet′i-ōl), *n.* the footstalk of a leaf.

pe-ti-tion (pe-tish′un), *n.* a supplication or prayer; a paper containing a written request: *v.t.* to solicit earnestly.

pet-ri-fac-tion (-ri-fak′shun), *n.* conversion into stone; a fossil.

pet-ri-fac-tive (′tiv), *adj.* having power to petrify.

pet-ri-fy (′ri-fī), *v.t.* to change into stone.

pe-trol (pe′trōl), *n.* a contraction of petroleum, used by motor operators.

pe-tro-le-um (-trō′le-um), *n.* a bituminous subterraneous liquid; mineral oil.

pe-trol-o-gy (pe-trol′o-ji), *n.* the scientific study of rocks.

pet-ti-coat (′i-kōt), *n.* a woman's loose underskirt.

pet-ti-fog-ger (′i-fog-ĕr), *n.* a petty lawyer.

pet-ti-ness (′i-nes), *n.* smallness; unimportance.

pet-ty (′i), *adj.* trifling; small; unimportant.

pet-u-lance (′ū-lăns), *n.* peevishness; caprice.

pet-u-lant (′ū-lănt), *adj.* peevish; capricious.

pew (pū), *n.* an inclosed seat in a church.

pew-ter (pū′tĕr), *n.* an alloy of tin, lead, antimony, etc.: *adj.* made of pewter.

pha-e-ton (fā′e-ton), *n.* an open four-wheeled carriage.

pha-lanx (fā′langks), *n.* a compact body of soldiers: *pl.* the small bones of the fingers and toes.

phan-tasm (fan′tazm), *n.* a vision or specter.

phan-tas-ma-go-ri-a (-taz-mă-gō′-ri-ă), *n.* a magic lantern representation; group of shadowy figures.

phan-tom (′tom), *n.* an apparition; fancied vision.

phar-i-sa-ic (far-i-sā′ik), *adj.* formally religious; hypocritical.

Phar-i-see ('i-sē), *n.* a Jew strict in the forms of religion; one who is self-righteous.

phar-ma-ceu-tics (fär-mä-sū'tiks), *n.* the art of preparing medicines. Also pharmacy.

phar-ma-ceu-tist ('tist), *n.* one who prepares medicines. Also pharmacist.

phar-ma-cy ('mȧ-si), *n.* the art of compounding medicines; a drug-store.

pha-ros (fā'ros), *n.* a lighthouse.

phase (fāz), *n.* aspect; appearance; the illuminated surface of the moon or a planet.

pheas-ant (fez'ȧnt), *n.* a species of birds with brilliant plumage.

phe-nix (fē'niks), *n.* a fabulous bird which has become an emblem of immortality. Also phœnix.

phe-nom-en-al (-nom'en-ȧl), *adj.* pertaining to phenomena.

phe-nom-en-on ('en-on), *n.* an appearance, especially one of unusual occurrence; anything remarkable.

phi-al (fī'ȧl), *n.* a small glass vessel. Also vial.

phil-an-throp-ic (fil-ȧn-throp'ik), *adj.* loving mankind; benevolent. Also philanthropical.

phil-an-thro-pist (-an'thrō-pist), *n.* one who seeks to benefit mankind.

phil-an-thro-py (-pi), *n.* love of mankind; benevolence.

phil-har-mon-ic (-här-mon'-ik), *adj.* loving harmony; noting a musical society.

phi-lip-pic (fi-lip'ik), *n.* a speech of vehement invective.

phil-o-log-ic-al (-o-loj'ik-ȧl), *adj.* pertaining to philology.

phil-ol-o-gist (-ol'o-jist), *n.* one skilled in philology.

phil-ol-o-gy (-ol'o-ji), *n.* the scientific study of languages.

phil-os-o-pher (-os'o-fẽr), *n.* a student of philosophy.

phil-o-soph-ic (-o-sof'ik), *adj.* pertaining to philosophy; rational; wise. Also philosophical.

phil-os-o-phize (-os'o-fīz), *v.i.* to reason like a philosopher.

phil-os-o-phy ('o-fi), *n.* the knowledge of the general laws and principles of nature; calmness of temper.

phil-ter, phil-tre ('tẽr), *n.* a love charm.

phle-bot-o-my (flē-bot'o-mi), *n.* the practice of opening a vein to let blood.

phlegm (flem), *n.* mucus secreted in the throat; coldness; sluggishness.

phleg-mat-ic (fleg-mat'ik), *adj.* sluggish; dull.

phœ-nix. Same as phenix.

pho-net-ic (fō-net'ik), *adj.* pertaining to the voice or sounds; *n.pl.* the science of sounds, especially of the human voice.

phon-ics (fon'iks), *n.pl.* the science of sounds.

pho-no-graph (fō'no-gråf), *n.* an instrument to record and reproduce articulate speech or sounds.

pho-nog-ra-phy (-nog'rȧ-fi), *n.* a system of shorthand, by which every sound is represented by a separate character or mark.

phos-phate (fos'fāt), *n.* a salt of phosphoric acid.

phos-phite ('fīt), *n.* a salt of phosphorous acid.

phos-pho-resce (-fo-res'), *v.i.* to emit light like phosphorus.

phos-pho-res-cence ('ens), *n.* emission of light without heat.

phos-pho-res-cent ('ent), *adj.* luminous.

phos-phor-us ('for-us), *n.* a yellowish inflammable, non-metallic element.

pho-to-graph (fō'to-gråf), *n.* a photographic picture; *v.t.* to take a picture by means of photography.

pho-to-graph-ic (-gråf'ik), *adj.* pertaining to photography.

pho-tog-ra-phy (-tog'rȧ-fi), *n.* the art of producing pictures by the action of light on sensitized substances.

pho-to-sphere (fō'to-sfer), *n.* the luminous envelope of the sun.

pho-to-type ('to-tīp), *n.* a block produced by photography from which engravings, etc., can be printed.

phrase (frāz), *n.* a part of a sentence; brief pithy ex-

pression; idiom; style or manner: *v.t.* to express in peculiar words.

phras-e-ol-o-gy (-e-ol'o-ji), *n.* style of expression.

phre-nol-o-gist (fre-nol'ō-jist), *n.* one skilled in phrenology.

phre-nol-o-gy ('o-ji), *n.* the study of the functions of the different parts of the brain, claimed to be indicated by the shape of the cranium.

phthis-ic (tiz'ik), *n.* asthma; phthisis.

phthi-sis (thī'sis), *n.* pulmonary consumption.

phys-ic (fiz'ik), *n.* the art of healing; medicine; a cathartic: *v.t.* to administer medicine.

phys-ic-al ('ik-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to nature; perceptible to the senses. *Syn.* corporeal, bodily, material.

phy-si-cian (fi-zish'ăn), *n.* one who practices the medical art.

phys-i-cist ('i-sist), *n.* a student of natural science.

phys-ics ('iks), *n.pl.* physical science; the energies of matter.

phys-i-og-no-mist (-i-og'nō-mist), *n.* one who is skilled in physiognomy.

phys-i-og-no-my (-mi), *n.* the art of discerning the character of the mind from the features; the face; outward appearance.

phys-i-o-log-ic-al (-i-ō-loj'ik-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to physiology.

phys-i-ol-o-gist (i-ol'ō-jist), *n.* one who is skilled in physiology.

phys-i-ol-o-gy (-ol'ō-ji), *n.* the science that treats of the vital functions of animals and plants.

phy-sique (fi-zēk'), *n.* physical organization.

pi-an-ist (pi-an'ist), *n.* a performer on the piano.

pi-an-o-for-te (-fôr-te), *n.* a stringed and keyed musical instrument. Also piano.

pi-an-o-la (-ō-la), *n.* a mechanical device for playing the piano.

pi-az-za (-az'ă), *n.* a walk under a roof supported by pillars.

pi-broch (pē'brokh), *n.* the martial music of the Scottish bagpipe.

pic-co-lo ('ō-lō), *n.* a small flute with notes an octave higher than the ordinary flute.

pick (pik), *n.* a sharp pointed iron tool; choice or selection: *v.t.* to strike with a sharp instrument; pierce; choose or select: *v.i.* to act fastidiously; to pilfer.

pick-ax, pick-axe ('aks), *n.* a tool with pointed end for digging.

pick-et ('et), *n.* a pointed stake; pale of a fence; a military guard: *v.t.* to place as a picket; fasten to a picket.

pick-le ('l), *n.* brine for preserving food; food pickled; embarrassment or difficulty: *v.t.* to preserve in pickle.

pic-nic ('nik), *n.* a pleasure party in the country carrying food for outdoor meals.

pic-to-ri-al (pik-tō'ri-ăl), *adj.* illustrated by pictures.

pic-ture ('tūr), *n.* a painting or drawing representing a person or thing; vivid representation. *Syn.* engraving, image.

pic-tur-esque (-esk'), *adj.* graphic; wild and beautiful; romantic.

pie (pī), *n.* printer's type confusedly mixed; baked fruit or meat in crusts; the magpie.

pie-bald ('bawld), *adj.* having varied colors.

piece (pēs), *n.* a part; certain quantity; literary or artistic composition; coin; gun: *v.t.* to enlarge by adding a piece; to patch.

piece-meal ('mēl), *adj.* made of pieces; single: *adv.* in pieces or parts.

pied (pīd), *adj.* variegated or spotted.

pier (pēr), *n.* masonry supporting an arch, bridge, etc.; mole or jetty; wharf.

pierce (pērs), *v.t.* to penetrate; affect deeply; explore.

pierc-ing ('ing), *adj.* penetrating; keen.

pi-e-ty (pī'e-ti), *n.* reverence for, and duty towards, God.

pig (pig), *n.* the young of swine; pork; an oblong mass of metal.

pig-eon (pij'un), *n.* a bird of the dove family.

pig-eon-hole (-hōl), *n.* a compartment for papers, etc.

pig-ment ('ment), *n.* paint; coloring matter.

pig-my. Same as pygmy.

pike (pīk), *n.* a lance; a voracious fresh-water fish.

pi-las-ter (pi-las'tĕr), *n.* a square column or pillar.

pile (pīl), *n.* a large beam driven into the ground; mass or heap; accumulation: *pl.* hemorrhoids: *v.t.* to heap up; collect in a mass; accumulate.

pil-fer (pil'fĕr), *v.t.* to steal in small quantities.

pil-grim ('grim), *n.* a traveler to sacred places; a wanderer.

pil-grim-age (-ej), *n.* a journey, especially to some sacred place.

pill (pil), *n.* medicine in the form of a small ball.

pil-lage ('ej), *n.* the act of plundering; spoil: *v.t.* to plunder; lay waste

pil-lar ('ăr), *n.* a column to support a structure.

pil-lion ('yun), *n.* a cushion for a woman to ride on; a soft, low saddle.

pil-lo-ry ('or-i), *n.* a wooden frame to confine criminals by head and hands: *v.t.* to place in a pillory; expose to public disgrace.

pil-low ('ō), *n.* a cushion to support the head: *v.t.* to place on a pillow.

pi-lot (pī'lot), *n.* one who conducts a vessel in difficult navigation; a guide: *v.t.* to direct as a pilot.

pim-ple (pim'pl), *n.* a small pustule.

pin (pin), a pointed instrument to fasten articles together; anything driven to hold parts together: *v.t.* to fasten with a pin.

pin-a-fore (pin'ă-fōr), *n.* a loose apron for children.

pinch (pinch), *v.t.* to squeeze or nip: *v.i.* to be straitened; be mean or niggardly: *n.* a squeeze or nip; distress, or difficulty.

pinch-beck ('bek), *n.* an alloy of copper and zinc: *adj.* noting jewelry of inferior make.

pinch-ers (pinch'ĕrz), *n.* an instrument for drawing out nails, etc.; nippers. Also pincers.

pine (pīn), *n.* a cone-bearing tree: *v.i.* to waste away from distress, anxiety, etc.

pine-ap-ple (pīn'ap-l), *n.* a tropical plant and its juicy edible fruit.

pin-ion ('yun), *n.* a wing; the smaller of two geared wheels: *v.t.* to bind or secure; confine or fetter.

pink (pingk), *n.* a light red color; a flower: *adj.* of the color of a pink: *v.t.* to stab; pierce with small holes; work in eyelet holes.

pin-mon-ey (pin-mun'i), *n.* the pocket-money of a wife.

pin-nace (pin'nes), *n.* a small vessel; an eight-oared boat.

pin-na-cle ('ă-kl), *n.* a turret, a high point.

pin-nate ('āt), *adj.* shaped like a feather; with leaflets.

pin-o-cle (pin'o-kl), *n.* a game of cards.

pint (pīnt), *n.* one-eighth of a gallon.

pin-tle ('tl), *n.* a bolt; a rudder hook.

pi-o-neer (pī-o-nēr'), *n.* one who goes before to prepare the way; a soldier with this duty.

pi-ous ('us), *adj.* dutiful to God; religious; devout.

pip (pip), *n.* the seed of certain fruit; a disease in fowls; a spot on a playing card: *v.i.* to chirp.

pipe (pīp), *n.* any long hollow tube; a tube for smoking tobacco; a wine measure: *v.t.* to play on a pipe.

pip-ing ('ing), *adj.* feeble; weak; shrill.

pip-kin (pip'kin), *n.* a glazed earthen pot.

pip-pin ('in), *n.* a variety of apple.

pi-quan-cy (pē'kăn-si), *n.* sharpness; severity.

pi-quant ('kănt), *adj.* pungent; severe.

pique (pēk), *n.* slight anger; wounded pride: *v.t.* to irritate; displease; wound one's pride. *Syn.* offense, resentment.

pi-ra-cy (pī'ră-si), *n.* sea robbery; literary theft.

pi-rate ('rāt), *n.* a robber on the high seas: *v.t.* to take without permission.

pi-rogue (pi-rōg'), *n.* a canoe made by hollowing a log.

pis-ca-to-ri-al (pis-ka-tō'ri-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to fishing. Also piscatory.

pis-ci-cul-ture ('i-kul-tūr), *n.* the artificial breeding of fishes.

pish (pish), *interj.* a contemptuous exclamation.

pis-mire (pis'mīr), *n.* an ant or emmet.

pis-til ('til), *n.* the seed-bearing organ of a flower.

pis-tol ('tol), *n.* the smallest of firearms; a hand weapon.

pis-tole (-tōl), *n.* a Spanish gold coin.

pis-ton ('tun), *n.* a small cylinder moving in the barrel of a pump, or the cylinder of a steam-engine.

pit (pit), *n.* a deep hole; an abyss; area for cock-fighting; ground floor of a theater: *v.t.* to mark with small hollows; set in competition.

pitch (pich), *n.* a resinous substance obtained from boiled tar; a casting forward or down; slope; the degree of acuteness or graveness of a musical note: *v.t.* to smear with pitch; throw; set to a key-note: *v.i.* to fall headlong; encamp; rise and fall, as a ship.

pitch-er ('ĕr), *n.* a vessel for holding water; in baseball, the player who throws the ball.

pitch-fork ('fôrk), *n.* a pronged fork for pitching hay or straw.

pit-e-ous (pit'e-us), *adj.* exciting pity; sorrowful; sad.

pit-fall ('fawl), *n.* a pit lightly covered, as a trap for wild beasts.

pith (pith), *n.* the soft spongy substance in plants; energy or force.

pith-i-ly (pith'i-li), *adv.* with energy.

pith-y ('i), *adj.* full of pith; forcible.

pit-i-a-ble (pit'i-ȧ-bl), *adj.* deserving pity.

pit-i-a-bly ('i-ȧ-bli), *adv.* in a pitiable manner.

pit-i-ful ('i-fool), *adj.* moving compassion; insignificant.

pit-i-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in a pitiful manner.

pit-i-less ('i-les), *adj.* without pity or compassion; heartless.

pit-tance ('ȧns), *n.* a small allowance.

pit-ted ('ed), *p.adj.* marked with small hollows.

pit-y ('i), *n.* sympathy with distress; compassion: *v.t.* to sympathize with. *Syn.* compassion, sympathy.

piv-ot (piv'ot), *n.* a pin on which anything turns: *v.t.* to place on a pivot.

pla-ca-ble (pla'kȧ-bl), *adj.* that may be appeased or pacified; forgiving.

plac-ard (plak'ärd), *n.* a printed paper pasted on a wall, etc.: *v.t.* (pla-kärd'), to advertise by a placard.

place (plās), *n.* a special locality; residence; passage in a book; precedence: *v.t.* to put in any locality; ascribe; settle; establish; invest. *Syn.* site, position, situation.

place-man ('mȧn), *n.* a government official.

plac-er (plās'ĕr), *n.* a mineral deposit which is not a vein.

plac-id (plas'id), *adj.* calm; peaceful; mild.

pla-cid-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* the state of being placid.

pla-gi-a-rist (plā'ji-a-rist), *n.* one who steals from the writings of another; literary fraud.

pla-gi-a-rize (-īz), *v.t.* to steal from the writings of another.

plague (plāg), *n.* a malignant epidemic; anything very annoying: *v.t.* to infest with disease; trouble; vex.

plaid (plad), *n.* a checkered woolen cloth.

plain (plān), *adj.* level; smooth; evident; easily understood; not luxurious; devoid of beauty: *n.* level ground; any flat expanse. *Syn.* open, manifest.

plaint (plānt), *n.* lamentation; a mournful song.

plain-tiff (plān'tif), *n.* one who commences a lawsuit.

plain-tive ('tiv), *adj.* expressing grief; sad.

plain-tive-ly (-li), *adv.* in a sorrowful or pitiable manner.

plait (plāt), *n.* a flat fold; braid: *v.t.* to fold or braid; interweave. Also pleat.

plan (plan), *n.* a drawing, as of a building, etc.; scheme or project: *v.t.* to make a plan or sketch of; scheme; contrive.

plan-chette (pläng-shet'), *n.* a heart-shaped board used by spiritualists.

plane (plān), *adj.* flat; level; even: *n.* a level surface; a carpenter's tool for smoothing wood: *v.t.* to make level; make smooth with a plane.

plan-et (plan'et), *n.* a heavenly body revolving round the sun.

plan-et-a-ry ('et-a-ri), *adj.* pertaining to; produced by planets.

plan-i-sphere ('i-sfēr), *n.* a sphere projected on a plane surface.

plank (plangk), *n.* a piece of sawn timber thicker than a board; an item in a political platform: *v.t.* to cover with planks.

plant (plant), *n.* any vegetable organism; sprout or sapling; the tools, etc., of trade or

business; a swindle: *v.t.* to put into the ground for growth; fix in the mind; establish.

plan-tain ('tān), *n.* a tropical tree and its fruit.

plan-ta-tion (-tā'shun), *n.* a place planted with trees; a large cultivated estate; a colony.

plant-er ('ẽr), *n.* the owner of a plantation.

plaque (plak), *n.* a plate upon which flowers, figures, etc., are enameled or painted.

plash (plash), *n.* a puddle; pond: *v.t.* to splash or dash with water.

plas-ter (tẽr), *n.* a composition of lime, sand, and water for coating walls; an adhesive salve: *adj.* made of plaster: *v.t.* to cover with plaster.

plas-tic ('tik), *adj.* capable of being molded; giving form.

plas-tic-i-ty (-tis'i-ti), *n.* the quality of taking form.

plate (plāt), *n.* a thin piece of metal; a small shallow dish; household articles of gold or silver: *v.t.* to coat with a more valuable metal.

pla-teau (plå-tō'), *n.* broad, flat, elevated land; tableland; a large ornamental center-dish.

plate-glass (plāt'glâs), *n.* a fine kind of glass cast in thick plates.

plat-form ('fôrm), *n.* a floor raised above the level of the ground; political program or policy.

plat-ing (plāt'ing), *n.* the art of overlaying with metal.

plat-i-num ('i-num), *n.* the heaviest of the known metals.

plat-i-tude ('i-tūd), *n.* insipidity; dulness; a weak, trite remark.

Pla-ton-ic (plå-ton'ik), *adj.* pertaining to Plato; free from carnal desires.

plat-ter (plat'ẽr), *n.* a large flat dish.

plau-dit (plaw'dit), *n.* applause; approbation.

plau-si-bil-i-ty (-zi-bil'i-ti), *n.* speciousness.

plau-si-ble ('zi-bl), *adj.* specious; superficially pleasing.

plau-si-bly (-bli), *adv.* in a plausible manner.

play (plā), *n.* exercise for amusement; diversion; pastime; drama; gaming: *v.i.* to engage in some exercise for amusement; perform upon, as a musical instrument; to personate a character; gamble. *Syn.* game, sport, amusement.

play-ful (plā'fool), *adj.* sportive; lively.

play-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in a playful manner.

play-ful-ness (-nes), *n.* playful disposition.

pla-za (plä'zâ), *n.* an open square or market place.

plea (plē), *n.* an excuse or apology; the defendant's answer in a lawsuit; urgent entreaty.

plead (plēd), *v.i.* to argue in support of a cause; argue before a court of law; supplicate earnestly. *Syn.* urge, beseech, entreat.

pleas-ant (plez'ânt), *adj.* gratifying; delightful; agreeable.

pleas-ant-ry (-ri), *n.* merriment; lively talk; a laughable joke.

please (plēz), *v.t.* to gratify; give satisfaction. *Syn.* pacify, delight.

pleas-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* affording pleasure; agreeable.

pleas-u-ra-ble (plezh'ū-rå-bl), *aaj.* gratifying; delightful.

pleas-u-ra-bly (-bli), *adv.* in a pleasurable manner.

pleas-ure ('ūr), *n.* gratification; agreeable emotions; sensual enjoyment. *Syn.* charm, delight, joy.

ple-be-ian (ple-bē'ân), *adj.* pertaining to the common people; low; vulgar: *n.* one of the common people.

pledge (plej), *n.* a security; pawn; hostage; a health in drinking: *v.t.* to give as security or guarantee; deposit in pawn; drink to the health of.

ple-na-ry (plē'nå-ri), *adj.* full; complete.

plen-i-po-ten-ti-a-ry (plen-i-pō-ten'shi-a-ri), *adj.* having full power: *n.* an ambassador with full diplomatic power.

plen-i-tude (plen'i-tūd), *n.* fulness.

plen-te-ous ('te-us), *adj.* abundant; amply sufficient.

plen-ti-ful ('ti-fool), *adj.* yielding abundance; copious.

plen-ti-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* abundantly.

plen-ty ('ti), *n.* full or adequate supply; abundance; fruitfulness.

pleth-o-ra (pleth'o-rȧ), *n.* fulness of blood; overabundance.

pleu-ra (plōō'rȧ), *n.* a delicate membrane covering the thorax and lungs.

pleu-ri-sy ('ri-si), *n.* inflammation of the pleura.

plex-us (plek'sus), *n.* a network of veins, nerves, etc.

pli-a-bil-i-ty (plī-ȧ-bil'i-ti), *n.* the state of being pliable.

pli-a-ble ('ȧ-bl), *adj.* easily bent; flexible; easily persuaded.

pli-an-cy ('ȧn-si), *n.* pliant quality.

pli-ant ('ȧnt), *adj.* flexible; yielding.

pli-ers ('ĕrz), *n.* a kind of small pinchers.

plight (plīt), *n.* a dangerous or distressed condition; predicament; pledge: *v.t.* to pledge, as one's faith.

plinth (plinth), *n.* the lowest part of the base of a column.

plod (plod), *v.i.* to travel laboriously; drudge; study closely.

plot (plot), *n.* a secret scheme; intrigue; chain of incidents in a play or novel: *v.t.* to devise: *v.i.* to conspire; form a plan.

plov-er (pluv'ẽr), *n.* a wading bird.

plow, plough (plou), *n.* an agricultural implement for turning up the soil: *v.t.* to turn up with a plow; furrow.

plow-share, plough-share ('shȧr), *n.* the iron cutting part of a plow.

pluck (pluk), *v.t.* to pull off or up; snatch; pick or gather: *n.* a pull; the heart, liver, and lungs of an animal; courage.

pluck-y ('i), *adj.* having courage or pluck.

plug (plug), *n.* the stopper of a hole in a vessel or cask: *v.t.* to stop with a plug.

plum (plum), *n.* a fruit tree and its fruit; a raisin.

plum-age (plūm'ej), *n.* a bird's feathers.

plumb (plum), *n.* a weight hung on a line: *adj.* perpendicular: *adv.* perpendicularly: *v.t.* to adjust by a plumb-line; sound the depth of water.

plum-ba-go (-bā'gō), *n.* black lead; graphite.

plumb-ing ('ing), *n.* the art or occupation of putting pipes, traps, etc., into buildings.

plumb-line ('līn), *n.* a perpendicular line.

plume (plōōm), *n.* a feather; a crest: *v.t.* to adjust the feathers of; adorn with plumes; boast.

plum-met (plum'et), *n.* a leaden weight used for sounding depths, etc.

plump (plumb), *adj.* round and sleek; in good condition; downright: *adv.* with a sudden or heavy fall: *v.t.* to make plump; fatten.

plun-der (plun'dĕr), *n.* booty; pillage: *v.t.* to take by open force; spoil; rob.

plunge (plunj), *v.t.* to put suddenly into water; immerse; rush into: *n.* the act of plunging; sudden fall.

plung-er ('ẽr), *n.* one who plunges; the piston of a pump; one who bets heavily.

plu-ral ('rȧl), *adj.* consisting of more than one.

plu-ral-i-ty (plōō-ral'i-ti), *n.* the majority; the greatest of three or more numbers; the excess vote of a candidate over the one next below him.

plus (plus), *n.* the sign (+) used to denote addition.

plush (plush), *n.* a kind of shaggy cloth; woolen velvet.

plu-toc-ra-cy (plōō-tok'rȧ-si), *n.* government by the rich.

plu-to-crat (plōō'tō-krat), *n.* one who exercises political power by virtue of his wealth.

plu-to-ni-an (-tō'ni-ȧn), *adj.* in the older geology the agency of fire; igneous. Also plutonic.

plu-vi-al ('vi-ȧl), *adj.* rainy; wet; humid.

ply (plī), *v.t.* to work on closely; practice diligently; urge or solicit: *v.i.* to run regularly between two ports.

pneu-mat-ic (nū-mat'ik), *adj.* pertaining to air.

pneu-mat-ics ('iks), *n.pl.* the science that treats of the air and other elastic fluids.

pneu-mo-nia (-mō'ni-ȧ), *n.* acute inflammation of the lungs.

pneu-mon-ic (-mon'ik), *adj.* pertaining to the lungs.

poach (pōch), *v.i.* to steal game from preserves: *v.t.* plunder by stealth; cook eggs by breaking them into boiling water.

pock (pok), *n.* a pustule on the skin in smallpox.

pock-et ('et), *n.* a small bag in a garment for carrying small articles: *v.t.* to conceal in the pocket.

pod (pod), *n.* the seed vessel of certain plants, as the pea, etc.: *v.i.* to produce pods.

po-em ('em), *n.* a metrical composition; a poetic conception.

po-e-sy ('e-si), *n.* the art of composing poems.

po-et ('et), *n.* one gifted in the production of poetry.

po-et-ic (-et'ik), *adj.* pertaining to poetry. Also poetical.

po-et-ic-al-ly (-ål-li), *adv.* in a poetic manner.

po-et-ry ('et-ri), *n.* a metrical composition displaying creative imagination; poems collectively. *Syn.* meter, numbers, rhyme, verse.

poign-an-cy (poi'nån-si), *n.* pointedness.

poign-ant ('nånt), *adj.* keen; sharp; pungent; very painful.

point (point), *n.* a sharp end; mark or dot; punctuation mark; spot; place; expression or force: *v.t.* to sharpen; direct or aim: *v.i.* to indicate; show clearly.

point-blank ('blangk), *adj.* horizontal; direct.

point-ed ('ed), *p.adj.* sharpened; direct; telling; personal.

point-er ('ër), *n.* that which points; a variety of dog.

poise (poiz), *n.* weight; balance; equilibrium: *v.t.* to balance.

poi-son (poi'zn), *n.* anything noxious or destructive; venom: *v.t.* to administer poison to.

poi-son-ous (-us), *adj.* injurious to health; deadly.

poke (pōk), *n.* a thrust or push; a bag or sack: *v.t.* to thrust or push against.

pok-er ('ër), *n.* a metal bar for stirring fires; a card game.

po-lar ('lår), *adj.* pertaining to the poles of the earth.

po-lar-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* the property in certain bodies of drawing or repelling other bodies or influencing their direction.

po-lar-i-za-tion (-i-zā'shun), *n.* the state of being polarized.

po-lar-ize (-īz), *v.t.* to communicate polarity to.

pole (pōl), *n.* a long staff; a measure; one of the extremities of the axis of the earth; one of the points in a magnet from which the attractive or repellent force acts.

po-lem-ic (pō-lem'ik), *n.* a controversialist: *pl.* the art of controversy.

po-lem-ic-al ('ik-ål), *adj.* controversial.

pole-star (pōl'stär), *n.* the north star; a guide.

po-lice (pō-lēs'), *n.* an organized force of civil officers for preserving order.

pol-i-cy (pol'i-si), *n.* the art or method of government; management of public affairs; sagacity in management; prudence; cunning.

pol-ish ('ish), *v.t.* to make smooth by friction; make polite or refined: *n.* a smooth, glossy surface; elegance of manners.

Po-lish (pō'lish), *adj.* pertaining to Poland.

po-lite (-līt'), *adj.* well-bred; refined in manner. *Syn.* gracious, polished, courteous.

po-lite-ness ('nes), *n.* good-breeding; courtesy.

po-lite-ly ('li), *adv.* in a polite manner.

pol-i-tic ('i-tik), *adj.* shrewd; specious; adapted to promote the welfare of the state: *n.pl.* the art of administering public affairs.

po-lit-i-cal (pō-lit'i-kål), *adj.* pertaining to politics; derived from government.

pol-i-ti-cian ('i-tish-un), *n.* one skilled in politics.

pol-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* constitution of civil government.

poll (pōl), *n.* the head; register of voters; number of votes at an election; place where votes are cast: *v.t.* to lop; clip or shear; enroll in a register; bring to the voting place.

pol-len ('en), *n.* the fertilizing powder in flowers.

poll-tax (pōl'taks), *n.* a capitation tax.

pol-lute (pol-lūt'), *v.t.* to defile; render unclean; corrupt; violate.

pol-lu-tion (-lū'shun), *n.* the act of polluting; defilement.

po-lo (pō'lō), *n.* a game played on horseback.

pol-troon (pol'trōōn'), *n.* a coward.

po-lyg-a-mist (po-lig'å-mist), *n.* one who practices polygamy.

po-lyg-a-my ('å-mi), *n.* the custom of having more than one wife at the same time.

pol-y-glot (pol'i-glot), *adj.* containing many languages: *n.* a book in several languages.

pol-y-gon ('i-gon), *n.* a figure having many angles.

pol-yp ('ip), *n.* an extensive group of radiated animals.

pol-y-pus ('pus), *n.* a fleshy tumor in the nose or uterus; a polyp.

pol-y-syl-la-ble (sil'å-bl), *n.* a word consisting of three or more syllables.

pol-y-tech-nic (-tek'nik), *adj.* denoting instruction in the arts and sciences.

pol-y-the-ism ('i-thē-izm), *n.* the doctrine of a plurality of gods.

po-made (pō-mād'), *n.* an ointment for the hair. Also pomatum.

pome-gran-ate (pom-gran'et), *n.* a tree yielding an edible fruit.

pom-mel (pum'el), *n.* the knob on a sword-hilt; the high part of a saddle-bow: *v.t.* to beat; bruise.

po-mol-o-gy (pō-mol'o-ji), *n.* the art of cultivating fruit-trees.

pomp (pomp), *n.* ostentatious display; grandeur.

pom-pous (pom'pus), *adj.* stately; self-important; ostentatious.

pond (pond), *n.* a pool of standing water.

pon-der (pon'dĕr), *v.t.* to weigh mentally: *v.i.* to deliberate.

pon-der-a-ble ('dĕr-å-bl), *adj.* capable of being weighed.

pon-der-ous ('dĕr-us), *adj.* very heavy; weighty; important; dull.

pon-iard (pon'yärd), *n.* a small dagger.

pon-tiff ('tif), *n.* a high priest; the Pope.

pon-tif-ic-al ('ik-ål), *adj.* pertaining to a pontiff: *n.* a book of rites and ceremonies: *pl.* the full dress of a pontiff.

pon-toon (pon-tōōn'), *n.* a bridge of boats; a lighter.

po-ny (pō'ni), *n.* a small horse; often used adjectively to denote something small of its kind, as a *pony* engine.

pool (pōōl), *n.* a small body of water; a kind of billiard-board game; the stakes in certain games: *v.t.* to unite together as in mercantile risks, etc.

poop (pōōp), *n.* the stern of a ship: *v.t.* to strike a ship's stern, as a heavy wave.

poor (pōōr), *adj.* necessitous; destitute of riches; without strength; humble; lean; without fertility.

poor-ly ('li), *adv.* with scant success: *adj.* delicate in health.

pop (pop), *n.* a smart, quick sound: *v.t.* to thrust suddenly: *v.i.* to make a short, quick sound; move quickly; come suddenly into view.

pope (pōp), *n.* the head of the Roman Catholic Church.

pope-dom ('dum), *n.* the office, dignity, or jurisdiction of the Pope.

pop-in-jay ('in-jā), *n.* a parrot; a woodpecker; a fop; a coxcomb.

pop-lar (pop'lâr), *n.* a tree of rapid growth and soft wood.

pop-py ('i), *n.* the plant from which opium is obtained.

pop-u-lace ('ū-las), *n.* the common people.

pop-u-lar ('ū-lâr), *adj.* pertaining to the common people; easily understood; plebeian.

pop-u-lar-i-ty (-lar'i-ti), *n.* the state of being popular; general esteem.

pop-u-lar-ize (-īz), *v.t.* to render popular.

pop-u-late ('ū-lāt), *v.t.* to furnish with inhabitants.

pop-u-la-tion (lā'shun), *n.* the inhabitants of a country, town, etc.

pop-u-lous ('ū-lus), *adj.* thickly peopled.

porce-lain (pōrs'lān or pôrs'-lān), *n.* the finest kind of earthenware.

porch (pōrch), *n.* a vestibule supported by pillars; portico.

por-cine (pōr'sin), *adj.* pertaining to swine.

pore (pōr), *n.* a minute hole in the skin through which perspiration passes to the surface: *v.i.* to read with close attention.

pork (pōrk), *n.* the flesh of swine.

por-os-i-ty (pōr-os'i-ti), *n.* the state of being porous.

por-ous ('us), *adj.* having pores.

por-phy-ry ('fi-ri), *n.* a fine variegated rock.

por-poise (pôr'pus), *n.* a swimming mammal of the whale family.

por-ridge (por'ij), *n.* oatmeal boiled until it thickens.

por-ring-er ('in-jĕr), *n.* a small metal dish.

port (pōrt), *n.* a harbor; deportment; the left side of a ship; porthole; gate; Oporto wine: *v.t.* to turn to the left side of a ship: as, to *port* the helm.

port-a-bil-i-ty (-ȧ-bil'i-ti), *n.* state of being portable.

port-a-ble ('ȧ-bl), *adj.* that may be easily carried.

port-age ('ej), *n.* carriage; cost of carriage; a place along a stream where goods have to be carried.

port-al ('ȧl), *n.* a gate or entrance.

por-tend (pōr-tend'), *v.t.* to presage; forebode.

por-tent ('tent), *n.* an omen, especially of ill.

por-tent-ous ('us), *adj.* ominous; foreshadowing evil.

por-ter (pōr'tĕr), *n.* a door- or gate-keeper; a kind of beer; one who carries for hire.

por-ter-age (-ej), *n.* money charged for carriage.

port-fo-li-o (-fō'li-ō), *n.* a portable case for loose papers.

port-hole ('hōl), *n.* an opening in the side of a ship for air, cannon, etc.

por-ti-co (pōr'ti-kō), *n.* a columned porch.

por-tion ('shun), *n.* a piece or part; allotment; dowry; share of an estate: *v.t.* to divide; allot; endow with a fortune. *Syn.* parcel, part, share.

port-li-ness ('li-nes), *n.* state of being portly.

port-ly ('li), *adj.* stately of mien; corpulent.

port-man-teau (-man'tō), *n.* a bag for carrying clothes in traveling.

por-trait ('trāt), *n.* a likeness of a person; a graphic description in words.

por-trai-ture ('tra-tūr), *n.* the art of making or painting portraits.

por-tray (-trā'), *v.t.* to paint or draw the likeness of; to describe in words.

pose (pōz), *n.* attitude or position: *v.i.* to assume an attitude: *v.t.* to puzzle or perplex.

po-si-tion (pō-zish'un), *n.* situation; attitude; social status.

pos-i-tive (poz'i-tiv), *adj.* clearly expressed; actual; direct; dogmatical. *Syn.* absolute, peremptory, decided.

pos-i-tive-ly (-li), *adv.* absolutely; expressly.

pos-i-tive-ness (-nes), *n.* the state of being positive.

pos-se (pos'e) *n.* an improvised force of men.

pos-sess (pō-zes'), *v.t.* to have as an owner; be master of; occupy.

pos-sessed (-zest'), *p.adj.* owned; mad.

pos-ses-sion (-zesh'un), *n.* the holding of property; the thing possessed; property or estate.

pos-sess-ive (zes'iv), *adj.* noting possession.

pos-sess-or ('ĕr), *n.* owner; one who possesses.

pos-set (pos'et), *n.* milk curdled with wine, etc.

pos-si-bil-i-ty (-i-bil'i-ti), *n.* the state of being possible.

pos-si-ble ('i-bl), *adj.* that may happen or exist. *Syn.* practical, practicable.

pos-si-bly ('i-bli), *adv.* by possibility; perhaps.

post (pōst), *n.* a piece of timber, set erect; a messenger or postman; established system of conveying letters; the mail; a postoffice; a relay of horses; situation or office: *v.t.* to set or station; transmit by post; carry to the ledger; inform fully: *v.i.* to travel with speed.

post-age ('ej), *n.* the fee for the conveyance of letters.

post-al ('ȧl), *adj.* pertaining to the mail service.

post-er ('ĕr), *n.* a large advertising bill.

pos-te-ri-or (pos-tē'ri-ĕr), *adj.* subsequent in time or place: *n.pl.* the hinder parts of an animal.

pos-ter-i-ty (-ter'i-ti), *n.* succeeding generations; descendants.

pos-tern (pōs'tĕrn), *n.* a small gate or door; private entrance: *adj.* behind; private.

pos-thu-mous (pos'tū-mus), *adj.* born after the death of the father; published after the death of an author.

pos-til-ion (pōs-til'yun), *n.* the rider on the near leader in a carriage.

post-mas-ter (pōst'mȧs-tĕr), *n.* the superintendent of a postoffice.

post-me-rid-i-an (-me-rid'i-ȧn), *adj.* after noon.

post-pone (pōn'), *v.t.* to delay; defer.

post-pone-ment ('ment), *n.* the act of deferring; temporary delay.

post-script ('skrĭpt), *n.* a paragraph added to a letter after the writer's signature; appendix to a book.

pos-tu-late (pos'tū-lāt), *v.t.* to assume without proof; *n.* a position assumed as self-evident.

pos-ture ('tūr), *n.* attitude; position; state.

po-sy (pō'zi), *n.* a bunch of flowers; a motto on a ring.

pot (pot), *n.* a vessel for holding liquids, etc.; a quart; a vessel for flowers: *v.t.* to plant in pots.

po-ta-ble (pō'tȧ-bl), *adj.* drinkable.

pot-ash (pot'ash), *n.* an alkali obtained from the ashes of plants.

po-ta-tion (pō-tā'shun), *n.* a drinking bout; a draught.

po-ta-to (-tā'tō), *n.* an edible tuber.

po-ten-cy ('ten-si), *n.* power, physical or mental.

po-tent ('tent), *adj.* powerful; efficient; having great authority or influence.

po-ten-tate ('ten-tāt), *n.* one who possesses great power.

po-ten-tial (-ten'shȧl), *adj.* existing in possibility, not in reality.

po-ten-ti-al-ly ('shȧl-li), *adv.* in a potential manner; commandingly.

poth-er (poth'ĕr), *n.* confusion; bustle.

po-tion (pō'shun), *n.* a draft; dose.

pot-sherd (pot'shĕrd), *n.* a fragment of a broken pot.

pot-tage ('ej), *n.* a kind of soup.

pot-ter ('ĕr), *n.* a maker of pottery.

pot-ter-y ('ĕr-i), *n.* the shop or wares of a potter.

pouch (pouch), *n.* a small bag; pocket; cartridge-box; protuberant stomach.

poul-tice (pōl'tis), *n.* a soothing preparation for sores: *v.t.* to apply a poultice to.

poul-try ('tri), *n.* domestic fowls.

pounce (pouns), *n.* a fine powder; the talon or claw of a bird of prey: *v.i.* to fall upon and seize with the claws.

pound (pound), *n.* a weight = 16 ounces avoirdupois, or 12 ounces troy; a British coin unit = 20 shillings; an inclosure for confining stray cattle: *v.t.* to beat; pulverize as in a mortar.

pound-age ('ej), *n.* an allowance of so much in the pound.

pour (pōr), *v.t.* to empty, as a liquid, out of a vessel; send forth; give vent to.

pout (pout), *n.* a sullen look; fit of sullenness: *v.i.* to thrust out the lips in displeasure; look sulky.

pov-er-ty (pov'ĕr-ti), *n.* the state of being poor; indigence; necessity; penury. *Syn.* need, want.

pow-der ('dĕr), *n.* any dry substance in fine particles; gunpowder; facepowder: *v.t.* to reduce to powder.

pow-er (pou'ĕr), *n.* the faculty of doing; ability; energy; force; strength; rule or authority; influence; state or nation.

pow-er-ful (-fool), *adj.* mighty; forcible; strong; efficacious. *Syn.* potent, vigorous.

pow-er-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in a strong manner.

pox (poks), *n.* an eruptive disease; syphilis.

prac-ti-ca-ble ('ti-kȧ-bl), *adj.* that can be done; feasible; possible.

prac-ti-ca-bly ('ti-kȧ-bli), *adv.* so that it may be done, as to be practicable

prac-ti-cal ('ti-kȧl), *adj.* pertaining to action or use; capable of applying theory to practice.

prac-ti-cal-ly (-li), *adv.* in a practical manner.

prac-tice (prak'tis), *n.* customary action; dexterity acquired by habit; use; exercise of any profession: *v.t.* to do habitually; perform; exercise a profession.

prac-ti-tion-er (-tish'un-ĕr), *n.* one engaged in the exercise of any profession.

prai-rie (prā'ri), *n.* an extensive treeless tract of land.

praise (prāz), *n.* approbation; commendation; applause; *v.t.* to honor; worship; glorify. *Syn.* commend, extol, laud.

prance (prans), *n.* a spring or bound: *v.i.* to bound;

ride ostentatiously; strut about in a lively manner.

prank (prangk), *n.* a frolic; a mischievous trick: *v.t.* to dress up in a showy style.

prate (prāt), *v.i.* to prattle; talk idly; be loquacious: *n.* trifling talk.

prat-tle (prat'l), *n.* childish or empty talk: *v.i.* to chatter.

pray (prā), *v.t.* & *v.i.* to address or petition; ask with reverence; supplicate. *Syn.* entreat, implore, invoke.

prayer (prār), *n.* a solemn address to the Supreme Being; entreaty. *Syn.* petition, request, suit.

preach (prēch), *v.i.* to pronounce a public discourse on a sacred subject.

pre-am-ble (prē'am-bl), *n.* introduction spoken or written; preface; the opening clauses of a statute.

pre-ca-ri-ous (pre-kā'ri-us), *adj.* uncertain. *Syn.* risky, dubious, perilous.

pre-cau-tion (pre-kaw'shun), *n.* caution in advance; preventive measure.

pre-cede (prē-sēd'), *v.t.* to go before.

pre-ce-dence (-sē'dens), *n.* the act of going before; priority; relative rank in social etiquette.

pre-ce-dent ('dent), *adj.* going before; anterior: *n.* (pres'e-dent) something previously said or done; a parallel case in the past.

pre-ce-ding (pre-sēd'ing), *p.adj.* going before; antecedent; former.

pre-cept (prē'sept), *n.* an authoritative command; rule of action; maxim.

pre-cep-tor ('tēr), *n.* an instructor or teacher.

pre-ces-sion (-sesh'un), *n.* a going forward.

pre-cinct (prē'singkt), *n.* an outward limit; minor territorial district.

pre-cious (presh'us), *adj.* of great price or value; costly; highly esteemed.

prec-i-pice (pres'i-pis), *n.* a steep descent; one nearly or quite perpendicular.

pre-cip-i-tance (pre-sip'i-tāns), *n.* haste in resolving or acting. Also precipitancy.

pre-cip-i-tant ('i-tānt), *adj.* falling headlong; hasty: *n.* a chemical substance that causes dissolved matter to fall as a solid.

pre-cip-i-tate (-sip'i-tāt), *v.t.* to throw headlong; urge on violently; throw to the bottom of a vessel: *adj.* headlong; over hasty; rash; *n.* a substance precipitated.

pre-cip-i-tate-ly (-li), *adv.* in a rash and hasty manner.

pre-cip-i-ta-tion (-tā'shun), *n.* rash haste.

pre-cise (prē-sīs'), *adj.* exact; strict; accurate; punctilious.

pre-cise-ly ('li), *adv.* in a precise manner.

pre-ci-sion ('zhun) *n.* exactness; accuracy.

pre-clude (-klōōd'), *v.t.* to shut out; hinder from access; obviate; prevent.

pre-clu-sion (-klōō'zhun), *n.* the act of precluding.

pre-clu-sive ('siv), *adj.* tending to preclude.

pre-co-cious (-kō'shus), *adj.* prematurely ripe or developed; pertly forward.

pre-coc-i-ty (-kos'i-ti), *n.* premature development.

pre-cog-ni-tion (-kog-nish'un), *n.* previous knowledge or thought.

pre-cur-sor (-kēr'sēr), *n.* one who precedes; forerunner.

pre-cur-so-ry ('sō-ri), *adj.* indicating something to follow.

pre-da-cious (dā'shus), *adj.* living by prey.

pred-a-to-ry (pred'ā-tō-ri), *adj.* plundering.

pre-de-ces-sor (prē-dē-ses'ēr), *n.* one who has preceded; an ancestor.

pre-des-ti-na-tion (prē-des-ti-nā'shun), *n.* the doctrine that God has decreed whatever comes to pass. *Syn.* fate, necessity, foreknowledge.

pred-i-ca-ble ('i-kā-bl), *adj.* that may be affirmed.

pre-dic-a-ment (pre-dik'ā-ment), *n.* a peculiar situation; critical condition or state.

pred-i-cate ('i-kāt), *v.t.* to affirm one thing of another; *n.* that which is affirmed or denied.

pred-i-ca-tion (-kā'shun), *n.* affirmation.

pred-i-ca-tive (-tiv), *adj.* affirmative.

pre-dic-tion (pre-dik'shun), *n.* the declaration of a future event; prophecy.

pre-di-lec-tion (prē-di-lek'-shun), *n.* prepossession; partiality.

pre-dis-pose (-dis-pōz'), *v.t.* to incline beforehand.

pre-dis-po-si-tion (-pō-zish'-un), *n.* previous propensity; prejudice.

pre-dom-i-nant ('i-nânt), *adj.* superior; controlling.

pre-dom-i-nate ('i-nāt), *v.i.* to rule over; prevail; be ascendant.

pre-ëmpt (prē-empt'), *v.t.* to establish a right or claim to before others.

pre-ëmp-tion (-emp'shun), *n.* the act or right of purchasing before others.

pref-ace (pref'ęs), *n.* the introduction to a book, etc.; preamble: *v.t.* to introduce by preliminary remarks.

pref-a-to-ry ('ȧ-to-ri), *adj.* introductory.

pre-fect (prē'fekt), *n.* a civil magistrate or governor.

pre-fer (-fẽr'), *v.t.* to esteem more than something else; place in advance.

pref-er-ence (pref'ẽr-ens), *n.* choice of one thing more than another; predilection.

pref-er-en-tial (-en'shȧl), *adj.* having a preference.

pre-fer-ment (prē-fẽr'ment), *n.* promotion.

pre-fix (prē'fiks), *n.* a letter or syllable used to begin a word: *v.t.* (prē-fiks'), to place before.

preg-nan-cy (preg'nȧn-si), *n.* the state of being pregnant.

preg-nant ('nânt), *adj.* being with young; fruitful; full of importance.

pre-hen-sile (prē-hen'sil), *adj.* adapted for seizing.

pre-hen-sion ('shun), *n.* a taking hold.

prej-u-dice (prej'ū-dis), *n.* previous bias; judgment without due examination; detriment; injury: *v.t.* to bias unduly: create a prejudice against. *Syn.* unfairness, preconception.

prej-u-di-cial (-dish'ȧl), *adj.* disadvantageous.

prel-a-cy (prel'ȧ-si), *n.* the office of a prelate.

prel-ate ('at), *n.* an ecclesiastical dignitary, bishop or archbishop.

pre-lim-i-na-ry (-lim'i-nā-ri), *adj.* that which precedes; introductory: *n.* an introduction.

pre-lude (prel'ūd, or prē'lūd), *n.* a short piece of music introducing a larger piece: *v.t.* (prē-lūd'), to serve as an introduction to; precede.

pre-lu-so-ry (prē-lū'sō-ri), *adj.* introductory.

pre-ma-ture (prē-mȧ-tūr'), *adj.* ripe too soon; too hasty; too early.

pre-med-i-tate (-med'i-tāt), *v.t.* to design or deliberate beforehand.

pre-med-i-ta-tion (-tā'shun), *n.* previous deliberation.

prem-i-er (prem'i-ẽr), or prē'mi-ẽr), *adj.* first; chief: *n.* a prime minister.

pre-mise (pre-miz'), *v.t.* to explain previously; lay down as propositions to reason from: *n.* (prem'is), a proposition antecedently assumed: *pl.* (prem'is-ez), a building and its adjuncts; statements of a deed of conveyance.

pre-mi-um (prē'mi-um), *n.* a reward; bounty; payment for insurance; value above the original price of stock.

pre-mo-ni-tion (prē-mō-nish'-un), *n.* previous notice or warning.

prep-a-ra-tion (prep-ȧ-rā'-shun), *n.* the act of making ready; state of being prepared.

pre-par-a-tive (pre-par'ȧ-tiv), *adj.* tending to prepare or make ready.

pre-par-a-to-ry (-par'ȧ-to-ri) *adj.* introductory.

pre-pare (prē-pār'), *v.t.* to make ready; to provide.

pre-pense (-pens'), *adj.* premeditated.

pre-pon-der-ance (-pon'dẽr-ȧns), *n.* superiority of weight, power, etc.

pre-pon-der-ant (-ȧnt), *adj.* outweighing.

pre-pon-der-ate ('dẽr-āt), *v.t.* to outweigh; exceed in power.

prep-o-si-tion (prep-o-zish'un), *n.* a part of speech expressing a relation between words.

pre-pos-i-tive (prē-pos'i-tiv), *adj.* placed before.

pre-pos-sess (prē-poz-es'), *v.t.* to occupy beforehand; bias.

pre-pos-sess-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* tending to secure favor; attractive.

pre-pos-ses-sion (-zesh'un), *n.* prior possession; preconceived opinion.

pre-pos-ter-ous (-pos'tĕr-us), *adj.* absurd.

pre-rog-a-tive (-rog'ȧ-tiv), *n.* an exclusive or peculiar privilege.

pres-age (pres'ăj), *n.* a presentiment: *v.t.* (prē-sāj'), to forebode; predict.

pres-by-ter (pres'bi-tĕr), *n.* a church elder, minister, or priest.

Pres-by-te-ri-an (-bi-tē'ri-ȧn), *n.* one of a religious body governed by presbyters.

Pres-by-te-ri-an-ism (-izm), *n.* the system of church government by presbyters.

pres-by-ter-y ('bi-tĕr-i), *n.* a body of pastors and ruling elders.

pre-sci-ence (prē'shi-ens), *n.* foreknowledge.

pre-sci-ent ('shi-ent), *adj.* foreknowing.

pre-scribe (-skrīb'), *v.t.* to set down authoritatively; direct medically; appoint.

pre-script ('skript), *n.* a direction; prescription.

pre-scrip-tion (-skrip'shun), *n.* a written direction for the preparation of a medicine; recipe; claim based on use or possession.

pres-ence (prez'ens), *n.* the state of being present; approach face to face; appearance; readiness.

pres-ent ('ent), *adj.* being in a certain place; at hand; at this time: *n.* the present time; a gift or donation: *v.t.* (pre-zent') to introduce; exhibit to view; offer; give formally; lay before for consideration.

pres-en-ta-tion (prez-en-tā'-shun), *n.* the act of presenting; representation.

pre-sen-ti-ment ('ti-ment), *n.* apprehension of something about to happen.

pres-ent-ly (prez'ent-li), *adv.* ere long; soon.

pre-sent-ment (pre-zent'-ment), *n.* the act of presenting; the thing presented; representation; accusation by a grand jury.

pres-erv-a-tion (prez-ĕr-vā'-shun), *n.* the act of preserving.

pre-ser-va-tive (prē-zĕr'vȧ-tiv), *adj.* having the power of preserving: *n.* that which preserves.

pre-serve (-zĕrv'), *v.t.* to keep from injury; defend; uphold; save; keep in a sound state: *n.* fruit kept by use of sugar; a place to keep game.

pre-side (prē-zīd'), *v.i.* to direct or control; superintend.

pres-i-den-cy (prez'i-den-si), *n.* the jurisdiction of a president.

Pres-i-dent ('i-dent), *n.* the chief magistrate of the United States.

pres-i-dent ('i-dent), *n.* one who presides over a republic or a social body.

pres-i-den-tial (-den'shȧl), *adj.* pertaining to a president.

press (pres), *v.t.* to urge; squeeze or crush; compel; crowd upon; distress; make smooth: *n.* a machine for compression; a printing machine; periodical literature; urgency; a closet with shelves; wine vat.

press-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* urgent; importunate.

press-ure (presh'ĕr), *n.* a constraining force.

pres-tige ('tij, or -tēzh'), *n.* influence due to past achievements.

pre-sume (pre-zum'), *v.t.* to take for granted; suppose: *v.i.* to venture without leave; behave with overconfidence.

pre-sump-tion (-zump'shun), *n.* strong probability; arrogance; forward conduct.

pre-sump-tive ('tiv), *adj.* taken by previous supposition.

pre-sup-pose (prē-sup-ōz'), *v.t.* take for granted; to imply as antecedent.

pre-tend (-tend'), *v.t.* to allege falsely; make a show of; simulate: *v.i.* to put forward a claim.

pre-tend-ed (-tend'ed), *p.adj.* ostensible; feigned.

pre-tend-er ('ĕr), *n.* one who falsely lays claim or makes a false show.

pre-tense (-tens'), *n.* false profession; unfounded claim; pretext. *Syn.* subterfuge.

pre-ten-sion (-ten'shun), *n.* a claim, true or false; assumed right.

pre-ten-tious ('shus), *adj.* assuming an air of superiority.

pret-er-it (pret'ĕr-it), *adj.* perfectly past. Also preterite: *n.* the past tense.

pre-text (prē'tekst), *n.* a pretense or excuse.

pret-ti-ly (prit'i-li), *adv.* neatly; pleasingly.

pret-ti-ness (-nes), *n.* the quality of being pretty.

pret-ty ('i), *adj.* pleasing; neatly arranged or ornamented; moderately large or excellent; fine; *adv.* in some degree.

pre-vail (prē-vāl'), *v.i.* to overcome; operate effectually; persuade.

prev-a-lence (prev'ȧ-lens), *adj.* preponderance; general diffusion.

prev-a-lent (-lent), *adj.* powerful; most general.

pre-var-i-cate (pre-var'i-kāt), *v.i.* to evade the truth; quibble.

pre-var-i-ca-tion (-kā'shun), *n.* deviation from truth or fair dealing.

pre-vent (prē-vent'), *v.t.* to hinder or impede; obviate; precede.

pre-ven-tion (-ven'shun), *n.* hindrance or obstruction.

pre-ven-tive ('tiv), *adj.* tending to prevent: *n.* that which prevents.

pre-vi-ous ('vi-us), *adj.* going before; anterior to. *Syn.* antecedent, preliminary.

pre-vi-sion (-vizh'un), *n.* foreknowledge.

prey (prā), *n.* plunder; booty; spoil: *v.i.* to take booty; seize an animal as prey; weigh heavily.

price (prīs), *n.* cost; value; recompense. *Syn.* expense, outlay, worth.

price-less ('les), *adj.* invaluable.

prick (prik), *n.* a puncture; a stinging pain; thorn; goad: *v.t.* to pierce; puncture; spur or incite: *v.i.* to dress for show; ride quickly.

prick-le ('l), *n.* a sharp point; a thorn.

pride (prīd), *n.* great self-esteem; haughtiness; elation; dignity.

priest (prēst), *n.* one in holy orders; a clergyman.

priest-hood ('hood), *n.* the priestly order.

priest-ly ('li), *adj.* pertaining to a priest; sacerdotal.

prig (prig), *n.* a conceited fellow; *v.t.* to dress up; primp.

prim (prim), *adj.* precise; affectedly nice; formally neat: *v.t.* to deck with nicety.

pri-ma-cy (prī'mȧ-si), *n.* the office of a primate.

pri-ma-don-na (prē'mȧ don'ȧ), *n.* the principal female singer in an opera.

pri-ma-ri-ly (prī'mȧ-ri-li), *adv.* in the first place.

pri-ma-ry ('mȧ-ri), *adj.* chief; original; principal; preparatory: *n.* that which comes first.

pri-mate ('māt), *n.* the dignity of an archbishop.

prime (prīm), *adj.* first; original; early; excellent: *n.* the spring of life; best part; *v.t.* to prepare for firing, as a gun; lay the first coat in painting.

prim-er (prim'ẽr), *n.* a first school book for children.

pri-me-val (pri-mē'vȧl), *adj.* of the earliest age or time. *Syn.* ancient, primordial.

prim-i-tive (prim'i-tiv), *adj.* pertaining to the beginning; original; old-fashioned.

prim-i-tive-ly (-li), *adv.* originally.

pri-mor-di-al (-môr'di-ȧl), *adj.* existing from the beginning; original.

primp (primp), *v.t.* to deck one's self in an affected manner; prink.

prince (prins), *n.* a ruler or sovereign; the son of a sovereign..

prince-ly ('li), *adj.* befitting a prince; royal; high-born; magnificent.

prin-cess (prin'ses), *n.* the daughter of a sovereign.

prin-ci-pal (prin'si-pȧl), *adj.* highest in rank; chief in character; importance; essential: *n.* a chief person or thing; one who takes the lead; money put at interest.

prin-ci-pal-i-ty (-si-pal'i-ti), *n.* the territory of a prince.

prin-ci-pal-ly ('si-pȧl-li), *adv.* chiefly. *Syn.* mainly, essentially.

prin-ci-ple ('si-pl), *n.* source or origin; fundamental truth; reason; foundation of morality; uprightness. *Syn.* motive, rectitude, integrity.

prink (pringk), *v.t.* to dress in a showy fashion; arrange with nicety.

print (print), *n.* impression of type; any mark made by pressure; anything produced by printing: *pl.* engravings; printed cotton cloth: *v.t.* to impress: *v.i.* to practice the art of printing.

print-ing ('ing), *n.* typography; the business of a printer.

pri-or (prī'ĕr), *adj.* coming before in time: *adv.* previously: *n.* the head of a priory or monastery. *Fem.* prioress.

pri-or-i-ty (-or'i-ti), *n.* the state of being first in rank, time, or place; first claim.

pri-or-y ('ĕr-i), *n.* a religious house below an abbey in dignity.

prism (prizm), *n.* a solid whose bases are similar, equal, and parallel, and whose sides are parallelograms; an instrument of solid glass with triangular ends.

pris-mat-ic (priz-mat'ik), *adj.* formed by prisms.

pris-on (priz'n), *n.* a jail; place of confinement: *v.t.* to imprison.

pris-tine (pris'tin), *adj.* first; original; primitive.

pri-va-cy (prī'vȧ-si, or priv'ȧ-si), *n.* a state of retirement; place of seclusion.

pri-vate (prī'vat), *aaj.* peculiar to one's self; alone; secret: *n.* a common soldier.

pri-vate-ly (-li), *adv.* in a private manner.

pri-va-teer (-vȧ-tēr'), *n.* a private vessel licensed by the government to seize an enemy's vessels.

pri-va-tion (-vā'shun), *n.* destitution; hardship; absence.

priv-et (priv'et), *n.* a shrub used in hedges, etc.

priv-i-lege ('i-lej), *n.* a peculiar advantage, right, or immunity; prerogative: *v.t.* to invest with a privilege; exempt. *Syn.* advantage, prerogative.

priv-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* joint knowledge; secrecy.

priv-y ('i), *adj.* private; secret; clandestine: *n.* a necessary house.

prize (prīz), *n.* a reward gained in a competition; that which is taken from an enemy in war; a lever used for raising heavy bodies: *v.t.* to value; esteem; force with a lever.

prob-a-bil-i-ty (prob-ȧ-bil'i-ti), *n.* likelihood.

prob-a-ble (-bel), *adj.* likely to exist or happen.

prob-a-bly (-li), *adv.* with appearance of truth; likely.

pro-bate (prō'bāt), *n.* the official proof of wills.

pro-ba-tion (-bā'shun), *n.* proof; moral trial.

pro-ba-tion-a-ry (-ȧ-ri), *adj.* serving for probation or trial.

probe (prōb), *n.* a surgical instrument: *v.t.* to examine with a probe.

prob-i-ty (prob'i-ti), *n.* integrity; sincerity. *Syn.* rectitude, uprightness.

prob-lem ('lem), *n.* a question for solution; a proposition to be demonstrated.

prob-lem-at-ic-al (-at'ik-ȧl), *adj.* questionable; doubtful. *Syn.* uncertain, dubious, disputable.

pro-bos-cis (prō-bos'is), *n.* the trunk of an elephant, etc.

pro-ce-dure (-sē'dūr), *n.* conduct; process.

pro-ceed (-sēd'), *v.i.* to go forward; advance; make progress.

pro-ceed-ing ('ing), *n.* a transaction; measure; operation.

proc-ess (pros'es), *n.* progressive course; series of changes; legal proceedings.

pro-ces-sion (prō-sesh'un), *n.* a train of persons in a formal march.

pro-ces-sion-al (-ȧl), *adj.* pertaining to a procession.

pro-claim (-klām'), *v.t.* to announce officially; publish; make widely known.

proc-la-ma-tion (prok-lȧ-mā'-shun), *n.* an official announcement to the public; edict.

pro-cliv-i-ty (prō-kliv'i-ti), *n.* an inclination; tendency.

pro-cras-ti-nate (-kras'ti-nāt), *v.t.* to put off; defer: *v.i.* to be dilatory.

pro-cras-ti-na-tion (-nā'-shun), *n.* delay; postponement.

pro-cre-ate ('krē-āt), *v.t.* to generate; beget.

pro-cre-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* the production of young.

proc-tor (prok'tĕr), *n.* an attorney in an ecclesiastical court; a university official.

pro-cum-bent (-kum'bent), *adj.* lying down.

pro-cu-ra-ble (-kū'rȧ-bl), *adj.* obtainable.

proc-u-ra-tor ('ū-rā-tĕr), *n.* one who manages another's affairs.

pro-cure (prō-kur'), *v.t.* to get or obtain; cause.

prod (prod), *n.* a goad; prick: *v.t.* to goad.

prod-i-gal ('i-găl), *adj.* lavish; wasteful: *n.* a spendthrift.

prod-i-gal-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* extravagance; lavishness.

pro-dig-ious (-dij'us), *adj.* enormous; adapted to excite wonder. *Syn.* huge, vast, wonderful.

prod-i-gy (prod'i-ji), *n.* anything extraordinary; a miracle; portent.

pro-duce (prō-dūs'), *v.t.* to exhibit; bring forth; manufacture; extend: *n.* (prod'ūs), that which is brought forth; result.

pro-duc-i-ble (prō-dūs'i-bl), *adj.* capable of being produced.

prod-uct (prod'ukt), *n.* that which is produced; result; sum.

pro-duc-tion (prō-duk'shun), *n.* act of producing; fruit; result.

pro-duc-tive ('tiv), *adj.* generative; fertile.

pro-duc-tive-ness (-nes), *n.* quality of being productive.

pro-em ('em), *n.* a preface or introduction.

prof-a-na-tion (prof-ă-nā'-), *n.* desecration.

pro-fane (prō-fān'), *adj.* secular; irreverent; irreligious; blasphemous: *v.t.* to desecrate; put to an improper use.

pro-fane-ly ('li), *adv.* in a profane manner.

pro-fane-ness (-nes), *n.* irreverence; blasphemy.

pro-fess (-fes'), *v.t.* to acknowledge or avow; declare publicly.

pro-fessed (-fest'), *p.adj.* openly declared.

pro-fes-sion (-fesh'un), *n.* an open declaration or avowal; calling or vocation; body of persons in a profession. *Syn.* trade, occupation, vocation.

pro-fes-sion-al (-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to a profession: *n.* one who makes his living by his art.

pro-fes-sion-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in a professional manner.

pro-fess-or ('ĕr), *n.* one who teaches any branch of knowledge; one who declares his faith in any religion.

prof-fer (prof'ĕr), *v.t.* to offer for acceptance; tender: *n.* an offer made. *Syn.* volunteer, propose.

pro-fi-cien-cy (prō-fish'en-si), *n.* advancement in any branch of knowledge.

pro-fi-cient ('ent), *adj.* thoroughly qualified: *n.* an expert.

pro-file ('fīl), *n.* a side view outline of a face or structure.

prof-it (prof'it), *n.* pecuniary gain; benefit or advantage; emolument: *v.t.* to benefit; improve.

prof-it-a-ble (-ă-bl), *adj.* lucrative; advantageous.

prof-it-a-bly (-bli), *adv.* with profit.

prof-li-ga-cy ('li-gă-si), *n.* a profligate course of life.

prof-li-gate ('li-gāt), *adj.* abandoned to vice; dissolute; openly vicious. *Syn.* depraved, corrupt, demoralized.

pro-found (prō-found'), *adj.* deep in skill or knowledge; abstruse; deep; intense. *Syn.* fathomless, penetrating, solemn, recondite.

pro-fun-di-ty (fun'di-ti), *n.* depth of place, knowledge, skill, etc.

pro-fuse (-fūs'), *adj.* liberal to excess; exuberant. *Syn.* lavish, copious, plentiful, improvident.

pro-fu-sion (-fū'zhun), *n.* lavishness; excess.

pro-gen-i-tor (-gen'i-tĕr), *n.* a forefather.

pro-gen-i-ture ('i-tūr), *n.* a birth or begetting.

prog-e-ny (proj'en-i), *n.* offspring; descendants.

prog-nos-tic (-nos'tik), *adj.* foretelling: *n.* an omen or prediction.

prog-nos-ti-cate ('ti-kāt), *v.t.* to foretell.

pro-gram, pro-gramme (prō'gram), *n.* an outline of a public entertainment; a course of action announced beforehand.

prog-ress (prog'res), *n.* a moving forward; advancement; proficiency: *v.i.* (prō-gres') to move forward; advance.

pro-gres-sion (prō-gresh'un), *n.* motion onwards; intellectual advance.

pro-gress-ive ('iv), *adj.* moving forward; making progress; improving.

pro-gress-ive-ly (-li), *adv.* in a progressive manner.

pro-hib-it (-hib'it), *v.t.* to forbid; hinder.

pro-hi-bi-tion (-hi-bish'un), *n.* an interdict; forbidding the sale of intoxicating liquors.

proj-ect (proj'ect), *n.* a design or scheme: *v.t.* (prō-jekt'), to throw or cast forward; plan or scheme: *v.i.* to jut out.

pro-ject-ile (prō-jekt'il), *n.* a body thrown forward: *adj.* impelling forward.

pro-jec-tion (-jek'shun), *n.* the act of projecting; that which juts out; a delineation.

pro-lapse (laps'), *n.* a falling down of some part of the body: *v.i.* to fall down or out.

pro-le-ta-ri-an (-le-tā'ri-ăn), *adj.* pertaining to the common people: *n.* a workman; laborer.

pro-lif-er-ous (-lif'e-rus), *adj.* producing another by budding.

pro-lif-ic (-lif'ik), *adj.* productive; fertile. *Syn.* generative, fruitful, teeming.

pro-lix (prō-liks' or prō'liks), *adj.* tedious; protracted. *Syn.* diffuse, long, tiresome.

pro-lix-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* verbosity; minute detail.

pro-logue ('log), *n.* an introduction or preface, especially to a play.

pro-long (-lŏng'), *v.t.* to lengthen; extend.

pro-lon-ga-tion (-lon-gā'shun), *n.* extension in time or space; delay.

prom-en-ade (prom-e-nād' or näd'), *n.* a walk for pleasure, or exercise; a public place for walking: *v.i.* to walk for pleasure, etc.

prom-i-nence (prom'i-nens), *n.* the state of being prominent; a projection.

prom-i-nent ('i-nent), *adj.* projecting; conspicuous; chief; protuberant. *Syn* eminent, marked, important.

pro-mis-cu-ous (prō-mis'kū-us), *adj.* confused; mingled; indiscriminate. *Syn.* mixed, mingled.

prom-ise (prom'is), *n.* an engagement to act in some way; basis for expectation: *v.t.* to afford reason to expect; to give assurance of.

prom-is-so-ry ('is-o-ri), *adj.* containing a promise.

prom-on-to-ry ('on-to-ri), *n.* a high cape; headline; projection into the sea.

pro-mote (prō-mōt'), *v.t.* to advance or elevate; raise to higher rank.

pro-mo-tion (-mō'shun), *n.* advancement; preferment.

prompt (prompt), *adj.* ready; quick; immediate; done without delay: *v.t.* to incite to action. *Syn.* See punctual.

prompt-i-tude (prompt'i-tūd), *n.* quickness of action; readiness; alacrity.

pro-mul-gate (prō-mul'gāt), *v.t.* to publish.

pro-mul-ga-tion (-gā'shun), *n.* publication.

prone (prōn), *adj.* not erect; inclined; lying face downward; disposed.

prong (prŏng), *n.* the spike of a fork.

pro-nom-i-nal (-nom'i-năl), *adj.* of the nature of a pronoun.

pro-noun ('noun), *n.* a word which refers to, or is used in the place of, a noun.

pro-nounce (-nouns'), *v.t.* to speak distinctly; articulate; utter rhetorically; affirm.

pro-nounce-a-ble ('ă-bl), *adj.* that may be pronounced.

pro-nounced (-nounst'), *p.adj.* strongly marked.

pro-nun-ci-a-tion (-si-ā'shun), *n.* the manner of articulating words or syllables.

proof (prōōf), *n.* testimony; evidence; test or experiment; demonstration; capability of resistance; an impression taken from type for correction.

prop (prop), *n.* a support or stay: *v.t.* to support; sustain.

prop-a-gate ('ă-gāt), *v.t.* to generate; multiply; extend. *Syn.* spread, circulate.

prop-a-ga-tion (-gā'shun), *n.* the act of propagating.

pro-pel (prō-pel'), *v.t.* to drive forward.

pro-pel-ler ('ĕr), *n.* one who propels; a screw wheel for moving a vessel.

pro-pen-si-ty (-pen'si-ti), *n.* natural tendency.

prop-er (prop'ĕr), *adj.* peculiar; fit or suitable; correct; appropriate. *Syn.* right, just, fair, equitable.

prop-er-ty ('ĕr-ti), *n.* a peculiar quality; anything owned; estate; goods; attribute common to a class.

proph-e-cy (prof'e-si), *n.* a prediction.

proph-e-sy ('e-sī), *v.t.* to foretell future events: *v.i.* to utter prophecies.

proph-et ('et), *n.* one who foretells future events.

pro-phet-ic (prō-fet'ik), *adj.* pertaining to prophecy.

pro-pin-qui-ty (prō-ping'kwi-ti), *n.* nearness.

pro-pi-ti-ate (-pish'i-āt), *v.t.* to conciliate; atone.

pro-pi-ti-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* atonement.

pro-pi-tious (-pish'us), *adj.* favorable; disposed to be merciful.

pro-por-tion (prō-pôr'shun), *n.* comparative relation; ratio; rate; equal or just share: *v.t.* to form symmetrically; apportion.

pro-por-tion-al (-ăl), *adj.* having the same ratio.

pro-por-tion-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in proportion.

pro-pos-al (-pōz'ăl), *n.* anything offered for consideration or acceptance. *Syn.* bid, offer, overture.

pro-pose (-pōz'), *v.t.* to offer for consideration: *v.i.* to make an offer of marriage.

prop-o-si-tion (prop-ō-zish'un), *n.* an offer of terms; a problem for solution.

pro-pound (prō-pound'), *v.t.* to offer for consideration; put as a question.

pro-pri-e-ta-ry (-prī'e-tă-ri), *adj.* belonging to a proprietor: *n.* a possessor in his own right.

pro-pri-e-tor ('e-tĕr), *n.* one who has a legal right to anything; owner.

pro-pri-e-ty ('e-ti), *n.* conformity to custom; decorum; fitness.

pro-pul-sion (-pul'shun), *n.* the act of propelling.

pro-pul-sive ('siv), *adj.* having power to propel.

pro-rogue (-rōg'), *v.t.* to terminate a session of; to postpone.

pro-sa-ic (-zā'ik), *adj.* like prose; commonplace; uninteresting.

pro-scribe (-skrib'), *v.t.* to outlaw; interdict.

pro-scrip-tion (-skrip'shun), *n.* the act of outlawry; interdiction.

pro-scrip-tive ('tiv), *adj.* pertaining to proscription.

prose (prōz), *n.* ordinary spoken or written language: unmetrical composition: *v.i.* & *v.t.* to write or speak tediously.

pros-e-cute (pros'e-kūt), *v.t.* to follow or pursue; accuse of a crime before a legal tribunal: *v.i.* to carry on a lawsuit.

pros-e-cu-tion (-ku'shun), *n.* the act of prosecuting; the carrying on of a legal suit.

pros-e-lyte ('e-līt), *n.* a convert to some belief or party.

pro-si-ly (prō'zi-ly), *adv.* in a prosy manner.

pro-si-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state of being prosy.

pro-sing ('zing), *n.* tedious minuteness; dull talk.

pros-o-dy (pros'ō-di), *n.* that part of grammar that treats of quantity, accent, and the laws of versification.

pros-pect ('pekt), *n.* a view; scene; expectation: *v.t.* (prō-spekt') to search or explore.

pro-spec-tive (-spek'tiv), *adj.* looking forward; acting with foresight; in prospect.

pros-pec-tor (pros-pek'tĕr), *n.* one who searches for valuable minerals.

pro-spec-tus (prō-spek'tus), *n.* an outline of a proposed undertaking.

pros-per (pros'pĕr), *v.t.* to render successful; favor: *v.i.* to thrive; succeed. *Syn.* flourish, thrive, advance.

pros-per-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* successful progress; good fortune.

pros-per-ous ('us), *adj.* successful; thriving.

pros-ti-tute ('ti-tūt), *v.t.* to devote to infamous or improper purposes: *n.* a woman who indulges in lewdness for hire.

pros-ti-tu-tion (-tū'shun), *n.* the act of prostituting the person to lewd purposes.

pros-trate ('trāt), *adj.* lying at full length: *v.t.* to lay flat; throw down; bow in reverence.

pros-tra-tion (-trā'shun), *n.* the act of prostrating; great depression; exhaustion of the vital powers.

pro-sy (prō'zi), *adv.* tedious; dull.

pro-tect (-tekt'), *v.t.* to cover over; defend; shield; shelter; support.

pro-tec-tion ('shun), *n.* the act of protecting; defense; shelter; security; encouragement of home industry by duties on imports, bounties, etc.

pro-tect-ive ('iv), *adj.* serving to protect; defensive.

pro-tect-or ('ër), *n.* one who protects; guardian; defender; supporter.

pro-tect-or-ate (-āt), *n.* government or defense by a protector.

pro-test (-test'), *v.i.* to affirm with solemnity; remonstrate: *v.t.* to declare a note to be insufficiently provided for by deposit or payment: *n.* (prō'test) a solemn declaration of opinion against something.

Prot-es-tant (prot'es-tânt), *n.* a member of any church that protests against the spiritual supremacy of the Church of Rome.

Prot-es-tant-ism (-izm), *n.* the doctrines of Protestants.

prot-es-ta-tion (-tā'shun), *n.* a formal declaration of dissent; solemn affirmation.

pro-thon-o-ta-ry (-thon'o-tâ-ri), *n.* a chief clerk or notary.

pro-to-col ('tō-kol), *n.* the rough draft of a treaty, diplomatic despatch, etc.

pro-to-plasm ('tō-plazm), *n.* a substance regarded as the ultimate basis of organized tissues.

pro-to-type ('tō-tīp), *n.* the original from which others are copied.

pro-tract (-trakt'), *v.t.* to prolong; defer.

pro-trac-tion ('shun), *n.* the act of lengthening; delay.

pro-trude (-trūd'), *v.t.* to thrust or push forward.

pro-tru-sion (-trū'zhun), *n.* the act of protruding.

pro-tu-ber-ance (-tū'bër-âns), *n.* a swelling; a prominence; a tumor.

proud (proud), *adj.* having excessive self-esteem; arrogant; ostentatious; haughty.

prov-a-ble (prōōv'â-bl), *adj.* capable of being proved.

prove (prōōv), *v.t.* to try by experiment; ascertain by argument; experience; endure; demonstrate the accuracy of.

prov-en-der (prov'en-dër), *n.* dry food for horses, cattle, etc.

prov-erb (ërb), *n.* a short pithy saying; adage.

pro-ver-bi-al (prō-vër'bi-âl), *adj.* pertaining to proverbs; widely spoken of.

pro-vide (prō-vīd'), *v.t.* to make ready beforehand; furnish; supply.

pro-vid-ed ('ed), *conj.* on condition.

prov-i-dence (prov'i-dens), *n.* timely care; prudence; foresight and care of God for his creatures.

prov-i-dent ('i-dent), *adj.* prudent; economical.

prov-i-den-tial (-den'shâl), *adj.* proceeding from Divine providence

prov-i-den-tial-ly (-li), *adv.* in a providential manner.

prov-ince ('ins), *n.* a division of an empire or state; a dependent country; proper office or business.

pro-vin-cial (prō-vin'shâl), *adj.* characteristic of a province; rustic: *n.* one who belongs to a province.

pro-vin-cial-ism (-izm), *n.* an idiom or custom peculiar to a province.

pro-vi-sion (-vizh'un), *n.* things provided; measures taken beforehand; *pl.* food.

pro-vi-sion-al (-âl), *adj.* provided for present use; temporary.

pro-vi-so (-vī'zō), *n.* a stipulation in a deed.

pro-vi-so-ry ('zo-ri), *adj.* conditional.

prov-o-ca-tion (prov'o-kā'-shun), *n.* that which causes resentment.

pro-voke (-vōk'), *v.t.* to stir to action; irritate; exasperate.

prov-ost (prov'ust, or prō-vō'), *n.* the head of a college; superintendent or president.

prow (prou), *n.* the bow of a ship.

prow-ess ('es), *n.* bravery; valor; daring.

prowl (proul), *v.i.* to wander stealthily, as for prey or plunder.

prox-i-mate (proks'i-māt), *adj.* immediate.

prox-i-mate-ly (-li), *adv.* immediately.

prox-im-i-ty (-im'i-ti), *n.* immediate nearness.

prox-i-mo ('i-mō), *adv.* denoting the coming month.

prox-y ('i), *n.* the agency of a substitute. *Syn.* representative, delegate, deputy.

prude (prōōd), *n.* a woman of affected modesty.

pru-dence (prōō'dens), *n.* wisdom applied to practice. *Syn.* judgment, discretion.

pru-dent ('dent), *adj.* careful; judicious; cautious; circumspect.

pru-den-tial (-den'shăl), *adj.* proceeding from prudence.

pru-der-y (prōō'dĕr-i), *n.* affected niceness or reserve.

pru-dish (prōō'dish), *adj.* affectedly precise or scrupulous.

prune (prōōn), *n.* a dried plum: *v.t.* to cut off branches; trim.

pru-ri-ent ('ri-ent), *adj.* having an eager desire. *Syn.* itching, craving, longing.

pry (prī), *v.i.* to inspect closely: *v.t.* to raise with a lever.

psalm (sälm), *n.* a sacred song.

psalm-ist ('ist), *n.* a composer of psalms.

psalm-o-dy ('ō-di), *n.* the art of singing psalms.

pseu-do-nym (sū'dō-nim), *n.* a fictitious name.

pshaw (shaw), *interj.* an expression of contempt, etc.

psy-chi-cal (sī'ki-kăl), *adj.* pertaining to the soul or mind.

psy-cho-log-ic-al (-loj'ik-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to psychology.

psy-chol-o-gist ('o-jist), *n.* one skilled in psychology.

psy-chol-o-gy (-kol'o-ji), *n.* the science that treats of mental phenomena.

pu-ber-ty ('bĕr-ti), *n.* the age at which the generative powers appear.

pub-lic (pub'lik), *adj.* pertaining to a community: common to all; open to general use: *n.* the people in general.

pub-li-can ('li-kăn), *n.* an innkeeper; a collector of tolls.

pub-li-ca-tion (-li-kā'shun), *n.* the act of publishing.

pub-lic-house ('lik-hous), *n.* an inn; tavern; hotel.

pub-li-cist ('li-sist), *n.* a writer on current topics.

pub-lic-i-ty ('lis-i-ti), *n.* state of being public.

pub-lic-ly ('lik-li), *adv.* in a public manner.

pub-lish ('lish), *v.t.* to make known; proclaim; put into circulation.

puck-er ('ĕr), *v.t.* & *v.i.* to gather into folds; wrinkle: *n.* a small fold or wrinkle.

pud-ding (pood'ing), *n.* a kind of food made of flour, fruit, etc.

pud-dle (pud'l), *n.* a small pool of dirty water: *v.t.* to make muddy; convert cast into wrought iron.

pu-er-ile (pū'ĕr-il), *adj.* boyish; trifling. *Syn.* youthful, juvenile, childish.

pu-er-il-i-ty (-il'i-ti), *n.* childishness.

puff (puf), *n.* a short quick blast; sudden forcible breath; a light kind of tart; exaggerated praise: *v.t.* to expel air sharply from the mouth; swell with air; *v.t.* to praise in exaggerated terms.

pug (pug), *n.* a monkey; a small dog with bull-dog face.

pugh (pōō), *interj.* an exclamation of contempt or disdain.

pu-gil-ism (pū'jil-izm), *n.* the art of fighting with the fists.

pu-gil-ist (-ist), *n.* a prize-fighter; boxer.

pu-gil-ist-ic ('ik), *adj.* pertaining to pugilism.

pug-na-cious (pug-nā'shus), *adj.* disposed to fight.

pug-nac-i-ty (-nas'i-ti), *n.* inclination to fight; quarrelsomeness.

pu-ling (pū'ing), *adj.* whining; infantile.

pull (pool), *v.t.* to draw; pluck; tear; haul: *n.* the act of pulling; struggle; contest.

pul-let ('et), *n.* a young hen.

pul-ley ('li), *n.* a small wheel having a groove in which a rope works.

pul-mon-a-ry (pul'mon-ĕr-i), *adj.* pertaining to the lungs.

pul-mon-ic (-mon'ik), *adj.* affecting the lungs.

pulp (pulp), *n.* the soft part of fruit: *v.t.* to reduce to a soft mass.

pul-pit (pool'pit), *n.* an elevated desk in a church from which the sermon is delivered.

pulp-y (pulp'i), *adj.* pulp; soft; succulent.

pul-sate (pul'sāt), *v.i.* to throb or beat.

pul-sa-tion (-sā'shun), *n.* a throb or beat.

pulse (puls), *n.* the beating of the heart or arteries; vibration; leguminous plants; as peas, beans, etc.

pul-ver-i-za-tion (pul-vĕr-i-zā'-shun), *n.* the act of pulverizing.

pul-ver-ize ('vĕr-īz), *v.t.* to reduce to powder.

pum-ice (pum'is), *n.* a spongy, volcanic lava.

pump (pump), *n.* a machine for raising water or other liquid; a light low shoe: *v.t.* to raise by means of a pump.

pump-kin ('kin), *n.* a plant of the gourd family and its fruit.

pun (pun), *n.* a play upon words: *v.i.* to play upon words similar in sound but different in meaning.

punch (punch), *n.* a tool for perforating; a spirituous drink; a blow or thrust; a buffoon: *v.t.* to perforate with a punch; to strike with the fist.

punc-til-i-ous ('-us), *adj.* very precise in conduct or ceremony; exact to excess. *Syn.* nice, formal.

punc-tu-al ('tū-ål), *adj.* exact; strict; prompt.

punc-tu-al-i-ty (-al'i-ti), *n.* the quality of being punctual.

punc-tu-al-ly ('tū-ål-i), *adv.* in a punctual manner.

punc-tu-ate ('tū-āt), *v.t.* to mark sentences with points.

punc-tu-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* the art of dividing sentences by points or stops.

punc-ture ('tūr), *n.* a small hole: *v.t.* to pierce with a pointed instrument.

pun-gent (pun'jent), *adj.* stinging; piercing; caustic; sharp.

pun-ish (pun'ish), *v.t.* to inflict pain to anyone as a penalty; chastise; correct.

pun-ish-ment (-ment), *n.* pain or penalty, inflicted for a crime or fault.

pu-ni-tive (pū'ni-tiv), *adj.* pertaining to punishment.

pun-ster (pun'stĕr), *n.* one addicted to punning.

punt (punt), *n.* a flat-bottomed boat for fishing.

pu-ny (pū'ni), *adj.* inferior in size; weak; feeble.

pu-pil ('pil), *n.* a scholar; ward; the opening through which rays of light enter the eye.

pup-pet (pup'et), *n.* a small doll or image; under the influence of another.

pup-py ('i), *n.* a whelp; young dog; a conceited young man.

pur-blind (pĕr'blīnd), *adj.* seeing obscurely.

pur-chase (pĕr'chas), *v.t.* to buy; obtain by effort or outlay; raise by aid of mechanical power: *n.* the act of purchasing; power of a lever.

pure (pūr), *adj.* free from defilement; chaste; unadulterated; clean.

pure-ly ('li), *adv.* in a pure manner; absolutely.

pur-ga-tion (pĕr-gā'shun), *n.* the act of cleansing.

pur-ga-tive ('gà-tiv), *adj.* serving to purge.

pur-ga-to-ri-al (-tō'ri-âl), *adj.* pertaining to purgatory.

pur-ga-to-ry (pĕr'ga-to-ri), *n.* the state after death in which the souls are supposed to be purified from venial sins: *adj.* cleansing; expiatory.

purge (pĕrj), *v.t.* to cleanse or free from impurities; clear from accusation; defecate: *n.* a cathartic medicine.

purg-ing ('ing), *n.* looseness of the bowels.

pu-ri-fi-ca-tion (pū-ri-fi-kā'-shun), *n.* the act of purifying; cleansing from guilt.

pu-ri-fy ('ri-fī), *v.t.* to render pure; free from guilt; free from impurities.

pur-ist (pūr'ist), *n.* one nice in the choice of words.

Pu-ri-tan ('ri-tân), *n.* a dissenter from the Church of England.

pu-ri-ty ('ri-ti), *n.* chastity; cleanness; freedom from adulteration.

purl (pĕrl), *n.* a warm spiced ale; a stitch in knitting; the murmur of a shallow stream: *v.t.* to fringe with a waved edging: *v.i.* to ripple or flow.

pur-lieus (pĕr'lūz), *n.pl.* adjacent districts.

pur-loin (-loin'), *v.t.* to steal.

pur-ple ('pl), *n.* red tinged with blue; robe of an emperor or cardinal: *adj.* regal; livid.

pur-port ('pōrt), *n.* meaning; design; signification: *v.t.* to mean or signify.

pur-pose ('pus), *n.* design; end or aim desired: *v.t.* to resolve; design.

pur-pose-ly (-li), *adv.* intentionally.

purr (pĕr), *n.* the low murmur of a cat: *v.t.* to signify by purring: *v.i.* utter a low murmuring sound.

purse (pĕrs), *n.* a small bag for money; sum of money; treasury: *v.t.* to pucker or wrinkle.

purs-er ('ĕr), *n.* paymaster of a ship.

pur-su-ant (pĕr-sū'ânt), *adj.* done in consequence of anything; agreeable.

pur-sue (-sū'), *v.t.* to follow for some end; prosecute; chase; seek.

pur-su-er ('ĕr), *n.* one who pursues.

pur-suit (-sūt'), *n.* prosecution; chase; course of business; occupation.

pu-ru-lence (pū'roo-lens), *n.* generation of pus.

pu-ru-lent (-lent), *adj.* consisting of pus.

pur-vey (pĕr-vā'), *v.t.* to provide; procure.

pur-vey-ance ('âns), *n.* the procuring of provisions.

pur-vey-or ('ĕr), *n.* one who provides provisions.

pus (pus), *n.* the matter secreted in sores, etc.

push (poosh), *v.t.* to press against with force; urge; impel: *n.* a thrust; force applied; persistent endeavor.

push-ing ('ing), *adj.* enterprising; energetic.

pu-sil-la-nim-i-ty (pū-sil-â-nim'i-ti), *n.* cowardice.

pu-sil-lan-i-mous (-an'i-mus), *adj.* cowardly.

puss (poos), *n.* a cat; hare; pet name for a child or girl.

pus-tule ('tūl), *n.* a small elevation of the skin, or pimple containing pus.

put (poot), *v.t.* to place in any state; apply; lay or deposit; throw in; state in language.

pu-ta-tive (pū'ta-tiv), *adj.* reputed.

pu-tre-fac-tion (pū-tre-fak'-shun), *n.* decomposition; rottenness.

pu-tre-fy ('tre-fī), *v.t.* to rot or decay by the decomposition of organic bodies. *Syn.* decompose, corrupt, decay.

pu-tres-cence (-tres'ens), *n.* a putrid state.

pu-tres-cent ('ent), *adj.* becoming rotten.

pu-trid (pū'tred), *adj.* corrupt; rotten.

pu-trid-i-ty (-trid'i-ti), *n.* a putrid state.

put-ty ('i), *n.* a compound of whiting and linseed oil used in glazing: *v.t.* to cement with putty.

puz-zle (puz'l), *n.* something that perplexes: *v.t.* to be puzzled: *v.t.* to perplex; entangle.

Pyg-my ('mi), *n.* one of the dwarfish race of Africa; a dwarf.

pyr-a-mid (pir'â-mid), *n.* a solid body with triangular sides terminating in a point at the apex; *pl.* sepulchral monuments of such shape, as in Egypt.

pyr-am-i-dal (-am'i-dâl), *adj.* shaped like a pyramid.

pyre (pīr), *n.* a funeral pile.

py-ro-tech-nic (pī-rō-tek'nik), *adj.* pertaining to fireworks.

py-ro-tech-nics ('niks), *n.* fireworks.

py-thon (pī'thon), *n.* a large nonvenomous serpent nearly allied to the boa.

py-thon-ic (-thon'ik), *adj.* pertaining to prophecy; oracular.

Q

quack (kwak), *n.* the cry of the duck; a pretender to medical skill; charlatan: *v.i.* to cry like a duck; *adj.* pertaining to quackery. *Syn.* impostor, pretender.

quack-er-y ('ĕr-i), *n.* false pretensions to any art; imposture; empiricism.

quad-ran-gle (kwod'rang-gl), *n.* an open square surrounded by buildings; a plane figure with four equal sides.

quad-ran-gu-lar ('gū-lâr), *adj.* having the form of a quadrangle.

quad-rant ('rânt), *n.* the fourth part of a circle; an

arc of 90°; an instrument for taking elevations.

quad-rat-ic (-rat'ik), *adj.* pertaining to a square.

quad-ren-ni-al (-ren'i-ăl), *adj.* comprising, or occurring, every four years.

quad-ren-ni-al-ly (-li), *adv.* once in four years.

quad-ri-lat-er-al (-ri-lat'ĕr-ăl), *n.* a plane figure with four sides.

qua-drille (ka- or kwȧ-dril'). *n.* a dance by four sets of couples; a game at cards.

quad-roon (rōōn'), *n.* the offspring of a mulatto and a white.

quad-ru-ped ('rōō-ped), *n.* a four-footed animal.

quad-ru-ple ('rōō-pl), *adj.* fourfold: *v.i.* to increase four-fold.

quaff (kwȧf), *v.t.* to drink in large quantities.

quag-mire (kwag'mīr), *n.* wet, boggy ground yielding under the feet.

quail (kwāl), *v.i.* to sink in spirit; lose heart; cower: *n.* a bird allied to the partridge.

quaint (kwānt), *adj.* singular and antique; odd; neat. *Syn.* artful, curious, fanciful.

quake (kwāk), *v.i.* to tremble or shake with cold or fear; be agitated: *n.* a shake; shudder.

Qua-ker ('ĕr), *n.* one of the society of Friends.

quak-ing ('ing), *adj.* trembling; shaking: *n.* a tremor.

qual-i-fi-ca-tion (kwal-i-fi-kā'-shun), *n.* fitness for an office; legal requisite; limitation; restriction.

qual-i-fy ('i-fī), *v.t.* to render fit or suitable; render legally capable; moderate; limit: *v.i.* to become qualified.

qual-i-ta-tive ('i-ta-tiv), *adj.* pertaining to quality.

qual-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* peculiar property; attribute; disposition; superior birth. *Syn.* rank, distinction.

qualm (kwȧm), *n.* nausea; scruple of conscience.

quan-da-ry (kwon'dȧ-ri), *n.* a state of difficulty or perplexity.

quan-ti-ta-tive ('ti-ta-tiv), *adj.* pertaining to quantity.

quan-ti-ty ('ti-ti), *n.* bulk, weight, or number; large portion, sum, or mass.

quar-an-tine (kwor'ȧn-tēn), *n.* prohibition of intercourse in case of infectious disease: *v.t.* to place under quarantine.

quar-rel ('el), *n.* an angry dispute; petty fight; altercation: *v.i.* to dispute violently; disagree.

quar-rel-some (-sum), *adj.* inclined to quarrel; contentious.

quar-ried ('id), *p.adj.* dug from a quarry.

quar-ry ('i), *n.* a place where stones are dug for building; game pursued by hawks or hounds: *v.t.* to take from a quarry.

quart (kwôrt), *n.* two pints or one-fourth of a gallon.

quar-ter (kwôr'tĕr), *n.* a fourth part; 28 lbs. avoirdupois; 8 bushels; part of the globe; mercy to a captive; afterpart of a ship's side: *pl.* lodgings, especially for soldiers: *v.t.* to divide into four equal parts; furnish with lodgings, as soldiers; station.

quar-ter-deck (-dek), *n.* that part of a ship which is abaft the mainmast.

quar-ter-ly ('li), *adj.* occurring every three months; *adv.* once each quarter of the year: *n.* a publication issued every quarter.

quar-tet (-tet'), *n.* anything in fours; musical composition in 4 parts. Also quartette.

quar-to ('tō), *n.* a book having the sheet folded into four leaves.

quartz (kwôrts), *n.* a mineral compound of pure silica.

quash (kwosh), *v.t.* to crush; subdue; annul.

qua-ver (kwā'vĕr), *v.t.* to shake or tremble; vibrate: *n.* a vibration of the voice; a musical note.

quay (kē), *n.* a wharf for loading or unloading vessels.

quean (kwēn), *n.* a worthless woman.

quea-sy (kwē'zi), *adj.* affected with nausea.

queen (kwēn), *n.* a female sovereign; consort of a king; queen-bee; a playing card; a piece in chess.

queen-li-ness ('li-nes), *n.* queenly character or attributes.

queen-ly ('li), *adj.* like, or befitting, a queen.

queen's-ware ('wār), *n.* cream-colored earthenware.

queer (kwer), *adj.* odd; singular; droll; strange.

quell (kwel), *v.t.* to crush; put an end to; allay.

quench (kwench), *v.t.* to put out or extinguish; check.

que-rist (kwē'rist), *n.* one who asks questions.

quer-u-lous (kwēr'ū-lus), *adj.* complaining; discontented. *Syn.* doubting, repining, fretting.

que-ry (kwē'ri), *n.* a question; a mark of interrogation: *v.i.* to ask questions; doubt.

quest (kwest), *n.* search; inquiry: *v.t.* to search or seek for.

ques-tion (kwes'chun), *n.* an inquiry; act of asking; interrogation; doubt: *v.t.* to ask or interrogate; treat as doubtful. *Syn.* query, inquiry.

ques-tion-a-ble (-ā-bl), *adj.* that may be questioned; doubtful; suspicious.

ques-tion-a-bly (-ā-bli), *adv.* in a questionable manner.

queue (kū), *n.* the tail of a wig.

quib-ble (kwib'l), *n.* a petty evasion or cavil: *v.i.* to evade the truth by artifice; play on words. *Syn.* evade, shuffle.

quick (kwik), *adj.* rapid; hasty; nimble; sharp in discernment; living; pregnant: *adv.* quickly: *n.* the living flesh.

quick-en ('en), *v.i.* to impart life; vivify: *v.t.* increase the speed of; resuscitate; stimulate.

quick-lime ('līm), *n.* lime burnt and unslaked.

quick-ly ('li), *adv.* soon; swiftly.

quick-ness ('nes), *n.* speed; activity.

quick-sand ('sand), *n.* sand readily yielding to pressure; anything treacherous.

quick-set ('set), *n.* a living shrub set to grow, as for a hedge.

quick-sil-ver ('sil-vēr), *n.* fluid mercury.

quid-di-ty (kwid'i-ti), *n.* a trifling nicety; captious question.

quid-nunc ('nungk), *n.* one who is curious to know everything.

qui-es-cence (kwī-es'ens), *n.* repose or rest; mental quietude.

qui-es-cent ('ent), *adj.* reposing; calm; silent.

qui-et (kwī'et), *adj.* free from motion or alarm; still; calm; subdued: *v.t.* to calm or pacify: *v.i.* to become quiet.

qui-et-ude ('et-ūd), *n.* repose; tranquillity.

qui-e-tus (ē'tus), *n.* rest; death; heavy blow.

quill (kwil), *n.* the large strong feather of a bird's wing; a porcupine's spine.

quilt (kwilt), *n.* a coverlet: *v.t.* to stitch together two pieces of cloth, with a soft material between.

quilt-ing ('ing), *n.* the act of making a quilt.

qui-nine (kwī'nin or kwi-nīn'), *n.* an alkaline substance used as a febrifuge and tonic.

quin-sy ('zi), *n.* inflammation of the tonsils.

quin-tal ('tăl), *n.* a weight of 100 or 112 lbs.

quin-tes-sence (kwin-tes'ens), *n.* the pure essence of anything.

quin-tu-ple ('tū-pl), *v.t.* to make fivefold: *adj.* fivefold.

quip (kwip), *n.* a short sarcastic turn or retort; jeer: *v.i.* to scoff; jeer.

quire (kwīr), *n.* 24 sheets; an obsolete form of choir.

quirk (kwērk), *n.* an artful evasion; subterfuge.

quit (kwit), *v.t.* to depart from; give up; forsake: *adj.* set free.

quit-tance (kwit'ăns), *n.* discharge from a debt or obligation.

quite (kwīt), *adj.* wholly; completely.

quiv-er (kwiv'ēr), *n.* a case for arrows; a trembling or shivering: *v.i.* to tremble or shiver.

quix-ot-ic (kwiks-ot'ik), *aaj.* romantic to extravagance.

quiz (kwiz), *n.* a puzzling question; one who quizzes others: *v.t.* to puzzle; make fun of; banter; peer at.

quiz-zic-al ('ik-ăl), *adj.* given to quizzing; comical.

quoin (kwoin or koin), *n.* a wedge used to support a stone or raise a gun; external angle of a building.

quoit (kwoit), *n.* a circular ring of iron to be pitched at a fixed object: *pl.* the game thus played.

quo-rum (kwō'rum), *n.* the number of a corporation competent to transact business.

quo-ta (kwō'tă), *n.* the part or share assigned to each.

quo-ta-ble (kwō′ta-bl), *adj.* that which deserves to be quoted or cited.

quo-ta-tion (-tā′shun), *n.* that which is quoted; current price.

quote (kwōt), *v.t.* to adduce a passage from some author or speaker; give the current price of. *Syn.* note, repeat, cite, adduce.

quo-tid-i-an (kwō-tid′i-ân), *adj.* recurring daily: *n.* appearing every day, as a fever with daily paroxysms.

quo-tient (′shent), *n.* the number resulting from the division of one number by another.

R

rab-bet (rab′et), *n.* a groove cut in the edge of a board, so that another may fit into it: *v.t.* to groove and unite by a rabbet.

rab-bi (′i or ī), *n.* a Jewish doctor or interpreter of the law.

rab-bit (′it), *n.* a burrowing rodent animal.

rab-ble (′l), *n.* a noisy crowd of low people; a mob.

rab-id (′id), *adj.* mad; enthusiastic to excess. *Syn.* furious, raging, frantic.

ra-bi-es (rā′bi-ēz), *n.* canine madness; hydrophobia.

rac-coon (rak-ōōn′), *n.* a badger-like North American animal, allied to the bear.

race (rās), *n.* a rapid course or current; contest of speed; descent or lineage, breed: *v.i.* to run swiftly; contend in running. *Syn.* course, career, family, pedigree.

ra-ceme (rā-sēm′), *n.* a flower cluster.

ra-ci-al (rā′si-âl), *adj.* pertaining to race or lineage.

rack (rak), *n.* an instrument for stretching; an engine of torture; a framework; a grating for holding hay; thin, vapory clouds; entire ruin: *v.t.* to torture; wrest; perplex; exhaust; strain off. *Syn.* agonize, distress, harass.

rack-et (′et), *n.* a clattering noise; a bat used in tennis; a snow-shoe. Also racquet.

ra-coon. Same as raccoon.

ra-cy (rā′si), *adj.* having a strong flavor; mentally exciting; piquant. *Syn.* spicy, pungent, vivacious.

ra-di-al (rā′di-âl), *adj.* a ray or radius.

ra-di-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in a radial manner.

ra-di-ance (′di-âns), *n.* brightness shooting in rays; splendor. *Syn.* brilliance, lustre, glare.

ra-di-ant (′di-ânt), *adj.* emitting rays of light; shining; brilliant.

ra-di-ate (′di-āt), *v.t.* to send out as rays.

ra-di-a-tion (-ā′shun), *n.* the diffusion of rays of light or heat.

rad-i-cal (rad′i-kâl), *adj.* fundamental; original; extreme: *n.* the root form of a word; base of a chemical compound. *Syn.* organic, innate, complete.

rad-i-cal-ly (′i-kâl-i), *adv.* essentially; entirely.

ra-di-o-tel-e-graph-y (-tel-e-grâf′i or te-leg′rā-fi), *n.* wireless telegraphy.

ra-di-o-tel-e-pho-ny (-tel-e-fō′ni or tel-ef′o-ni), *n.* wireless telephony.

rad-ish (rad′ish), *n.* a plant with an edible root.

ra-di-um (rā′di-um), *n.* an element which emits luminous and actinic rays or is radio-active, also gives off heat without apparent loss of energy.

ra-di-us (rā′di-us), *n.* the semi-diameter of a circle.

raff (raf), *n.* a jumble; refuse; the rabble.

raf-fle (′l), *n.* a kind of lottery: *v.t.* to dispose of by raffle.

raft (râft), *n.* a floating mass or framework of timber; *v.t.* to carry on a raft.

raft-er (′ēr), *n.* an inclined beam supporting the roof of a house.

raft-ing (′ing), *n.* the business of floating rafts.

rag (rag), *n.* a torn piece of cloth: *pl.* worn-out or tattered garments.

rag-a-muf-fin ('ă-muf-in), *n.* a low, mean, or ragged, disreputable fellow.

rage (rāj), *n.* uncontrolled anger; fury; extreme desire: *v.i.* to be furious; prevail fatally, as a disease; ravage.

rag-ged (rag'ed), *adj.* rent or worn into rags; clothed in tattered garments.

rag-ing (rāj'ing), *p.adj.* acting with fury.

ra-gout (rȧ-gōō'), *n.* a dish of stewed and highly seasoned meat.

raid (rād), *n.* a hostile or predatory incursion: *v.t.* to make a raid upon.

rail (rāl), *n.* a bar of timber or metal; a fence; a railway; a wading bird: *v.i.* to use abusive language; scoff: *v.t.* to inclose with rails.

rail-ing ('ing), *n.* material for rails; fence made of posts and rails: *n.* insulting.

rail-ler-y ('ĕr-i), *n.* good-humored irony or satire; banter.

rai-ment (rā'ment), *n.* clothing.

rain (rān), *n.* water in drops discharged from the clouds: *v.i.* to fall in drops from the clouds.

rain-bow ('bō), *n.* the bright-colored arc formed by the refraction or reflection of the sun's rays.

raise (rāz), *v.t.* to lift up; elevate; produce; construct; collect.

rai-sin (rā'zn), *n.* a dried grape.

ra-jah (rä'jä), *n.* a Hindu king, prince, or chief.

rake (rāk), *n.* a gardener's tool; a rascal; libertine: *v.t.* to smooth with a rake; collect together; *v.i.* to slope from the perpendicular.

rak-ish (rāk'ish), *adj.* dissolute; debauched.

ral-ly ('i), *v.t.* to collect and arrange; re-unite; attack with raillery: *n.* the act of recovering order, or of regaining strength; good-humored satire.

ram (ram), *n.* a male sheep; a military engine for battering; a hydraulic engine: *v.t.* to push or press with force.

ram-ble ('bl), *v.i.* to wander or rove about; be desultory: *n.* a roving from place to place.

ram-i-fi-ca-tion (ram-i-fi-kā'shun), *n.* a division; branches; manner of producing branches.

ram-i-fy ('i-fī), *v.t.* to divide into branches; become sub-divided.

ramp (ramp), *v.i.* to climb like a plant; spring: *n.* a leap or bound.

ram-page (ram'pāj), *v.i.* to prance about in fury: *n.* a state of excitement.

ram-pant ('pănt), *adj.* overleaping bounds.

ram-part ('pärt), *n.* a mound or wall surrounding a fortified place.

ram-rod ('rod), *n.* a rod used in loading a gun.

ram-shack-le ('shak-l), *adj.* loose; out of repair.

ran, *p.t.* of run.

ranch (ranch), *n.* a cattle-farm. Also ranche, rancho [Mexican].

ran-cid (ran'sid), *adj.* having a rank smell; sour or musty. *Syn.* fetid, sour, tainted.

ran-cid-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* rancid condition.

ran-cor (rang'kĕr), *n.* implacable enmity; deep spite. *Syn.* malignity, animosity, illwill.

ran-cor-ous (-us), *adj.* malignant; spiteful.

ran-dom ('dum), *n.* want of direction or method; chance: *adj.* done at haphazard; left to chance.

rang, *p.t.* of ring.

range (rānj), *v.t.* to set in a row; place in proper order; rove over: *n.* a rank or row; space for excursion; an extended kitchen grate; distance to which a missile can be projected.

ran-ger ('ĕr), *n.* a rover; the keeper of a park or forest.

rank (rangk), *n.* a line of soldiers; station or position; grade; dignity; eminence: *v.t.* to draw up in line: include in a particular class; *adj.* luxuriant in growth; coarse; rancid. *Syn.* order, degree, nobility.

ran-kle ('l), *v.i.* to become disquieted or irritated.

ran-sack (ran'sak), *v.t.* to search minutely; to plunder. *Syn.* rummage, pillage. overhaul, explore.

ran-som ('sum), *v.t.* to free by a payment; atone for: *n.* price paid to redeem a person or goods from an enemy.

rant (rant), *v.i.* to rave in extravagant language: *n.* noisy, empty declamation. *Syn.* bombast, fustian, cant.

rap (rap), *v.t.* to strike sharply; knock: *n.* a quick, sharp blow.

ra-pa-cious (rȧ-pā'shus), *adj.* given to plunder; greedy; avaricious. *Syn.* ravenous, voracious.

ra-pac-i-ty (-pas'i-ti), *n.* disposition to plunder.

rape (rāp), *n.* an assailing or carrying away by force; a plant of the cabbage family yielding an oil.

rap-id (rap'id), *adj.* very quick or swift: *n.pl.* a swift current in a river where the channel is descending.

ra-pi-er (rā'pi-ēr), *n.* a long thin sword.

rap-ine (rap'in, or 'īn), *n.* pillage; violence.

rap-scal-lion (rap-scal'yun), *n.* a rascal.

rapt (rapt), *p.adj.* transported; ravished. *Syn.* ecstatic, entranced, charmed.

rap-ture ('tūr), *n.* extreme pleasure; ecstasy; bliss.

rare (rār), *adj.* scarce; unusual; excellent; almost raw. *Syn.* singular, uncommon.

rar-e-fac-tion (rar-e-fak'shun), *n.* the act of rendering less dense.

rar-e-fy (rar'e-fī), *v.t.* to make thin or less dense; expand.

rare-ly (rār'li), *adv.* seldom; not often.

rare-ness ('nes), *n.* the state of being rare.

rar-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* a rare article; exceptional excellence.

ras-cal (ras'kȧl), *n.* a mean fellow; a scoundrel. *Syn.* rogue, knave, scamp.

ras-cal-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* petty villainy or dishonesty.

rash (rash), *adj.* acting without caution or reflection: *n.* a slight cutaneous eruption. *Syn.* foolhardy, reckless, careless.

rash-er ('ēr), *n.* a thin slice of bacon.

rasp (rȧsp), *v.t.* to rub with a rough instrument: *n.* a rough file; a grater.

rasp-ber-ry (raz'bēr-i), *n.* a shrub and its well-known fruit.

rat (rat), *n.* a house-infesting rodent; a deserter; a man who works during a strike.

rat-a-ble (rāt'ȧ-bl), *adj.* liable to be assessed.

ratch (rach), *n.* a toothed bar into which a click drops.

ratch-et ('et), *n.* a check for a toothed wheel.

rate (rāt), *n.* ratio or proportion; price stated; degree; assessment; speed of action: *v.t.* to estimate; fix the value of; scold; classify. *Syn.* value, compute.

rath-er (rȧth'ēr), *adv.* more willingly; on the contrary; preferably to the other.

rat-i-fi-ca-tion (rat-i-fi-kā'shun), *n.* confirmation.

rat-i-fy ('i-fī), *v.t.* to approve and sanction; settle; establish. *Syn.* confirm, sanction.

ra-ti-o (rā'shi-ō), *n.* the relation of one thing or quantity to another.

ra-ti-oc-i-na-tion (rash-i-os-i-nā' shun), *n.* the act or process of reasoning.

ra-tion (rā'shun), *n.* an allowance: *pl.* regular allowance of provisions.

ra-tion-al (rash'un-ȧl), *adj.* endowed with or agreeable to reason; wise; judicious. *Syn.* reasonable, sagacious.

ra-tio-na-le (rash-o-nā'le), *n.* reasons assigned for any opinion, action, etc.

ra-tion-al-i-ty (-al'i-ti), *n.* the quality of being rational; power of reasoning.

ra-tion-al-ly ('ȧl-li), *adv.* in a rational manner; in accordance with reason.

rats-bane (rats'bān), *n.* poison for rats.

rat-tan (rat-an'), *n.* reed-like stem of a kind of palm; walking stick made from it.

rat-tle (rat'l), *v.t.* to clatter; speak rapidly or noisily: *n.* a succession of sharp noises; rapid, empty talk; a child's toy.

rau-cous (raw'kus), *adj.* hoarse; harsh.

rav-age (rav'ej), *v.t.* to lay waste; pillage; plunder: *n.* destruction by violence. *Syn.* desolate, despoil, destroy.

rave (rāv), *v.i.* to be delirious; talk wildly.

rav-el (rav'l), *v.t.* to unweave or untwist.

rav-el-ings ('el-ingz), *n.pl.* threads detached by untwisting.

ra-ven (rā'vn), *n.* a large bird of the crow family.

rav-en (rav'n), *v.t.* to seize by violence: *n.* plunder; prey.

rav-en-ous ('n-us), *adj.* devouring with rapacity.

ra-vine (rȧ-vēn'), *n.* a long hollow between hills; mountain gorge.

rav-ish (rav'ish), *v.t.* to carry away by force; trans-

port with delight; violate. *Syn.* enrapture, enchant, charm.

rav-ish-ment ('ish-ment), *n.* rape; abduction; rapture.

raw (raw), *adj.* uncooked; crude; sore; unripe; cold and damp.

raw-hide ('hīd), *n.* a cowhide whip.

ray (rā), *n.* a line of light; perception; a kind of flat fish: *v.t.* to shoot forth, as a ray.

raze (rāz), *v.t.* to level to the ground; blot out; efface. *Syn.* destroy, ruin, dismantle.

ra-zor ('zēr), *n.* an instrument for shaving.

reach (rēch), *v.t.* to arrive at; gain; penetrate to: *n.* the power of attaining; distance that can be reached; stretch of water or stream. *Syn.* touch, stretch, attain.

read (rēd), *v.t.* to peruse; study; apprehend written or printed matter.

read (red), *adj.* well-informed or acquainted with books.

read-a-ble (rēd'ȧ-bl), *adj.* worth reading; legible.

read-i-ly (red'i-li), *adv.* quickly; easily.

read-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* promptness; cheerfulness.

read-ing (rēd'ing), *n.* perusal of books; public recital; interpretation of a particular passage.

read-y (red'i), *adj.* prepared; quick; prompt; dexterous. *Syn.* apt, adroit, handy.

real (rē'ȧl), *adj.* actually existing; not fictitious.

re-al-ism ('ȧl-izm), *n.* the representation of nature or life as it actually appears.

re-al-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* actual existence; fact; truth.

re-al-i-za-tion (-i-zā'shun), *n.* the act of realizing.

re-al-ize ('ȧl-īz), *v.t.* to bring into act or being; experience; achieve. *Syn.* gain, acquire, comprehend.

re-al-ly ('ȧl-li), *adv.* with actual existence; in truth.

realm (relm), *n.* royal jurisdiction; kingdom; state.

re-al-ty ('ȧl-ti), *n.* real or fixed property.

ream (rēm), *n.* 20 quires, or 480 sheets of paper.

reap (rēp), *v.t.* to cut with a sickle; gather in a crop; receive as a reward.

rear (rēr), *n.* the part behind the rest; last in order: *v.t.* raise; exalt; build; educate; bring to maturity: *v.i.* to assume an erect posture: *adj.* pertaining to the hinder part.

rea-son (rē'zn), *n.* the faculty of judging; cause for opinion or act: *v.t.* to infer conclusions from premises: *v.t.* to persuade by reasoning. *Syn.* motive, design, end.

rea-son-a-ble (-ȧ-bl), *adj.* endowed with reason; rational; equitable; fair. *Syn.* wise, right, just.

rea-son-a-bly (-ȧ-bli), *adv.* in a reasonable manner.

rea-son-ing (-ing), *n.* reasons adduced or employed.

re-bate (-bāt'), *v.t.* to make blunt; abate or diminish: *n.* a return to shippers of part of freight charges.

reb-el (reb'el), *n.* one who revolts from authority: *adj.* rebellious: *v.i.* (re-bel') to take up arms and resist lawful authority; revolt.

re-bel-lion ('yun), *n.* open opposition to constituted authority. *Syn.* insurrection, revolt.

re-bel-lious ('yus), *adj.* opposing authority.

re-bound (re-bound'), *v.i.* to leap back; to reverberate: *n.* the act of leaping or flying back.

re-buff (-buf'), *n.* a beating back; sudden check; refusal: *v.t.* to repel; check; refuse.

re-buke (-būk'), *n.* reprimand; chiding: *v.t.* to reprimand or chide.

re-bus (rē'bus), *n.* a kind of riddle.

re-but (re-but'), *v.t.* to beat back; repel.

re-but-tal ('ȧl), *n.* the act of rebutting.

re-cal-ci-trant (-kal'si-trant), *adj.* refractory.

re-call (-kawl'), *v.t.* to call back; remember; revoke: *n.* a revocation.

re-cant (-kant'), *v.t.* to retract; abjure. *Syn.* recall, revoke.

re-can-ta-tion (-kan-tā'shun), *n.* a declaration recalling a former one.

re-ca-pit-u-late (-kȧ-pit'ū-lāt), *v.t.* to repeat in the form of a summary.

re-cede (-sēd'), *v.i.* to fall back; retreat. *Syn.* retire, withdraw.

re-ceipt (-sēt'), *n.* a reception; a receiving; a recipe; written acknowledgment of any-

thing received: *v.t.* to sign in acknowledgment of.

re-ceiv-a-ble (-sēv'ȧ-bl), *adj.* that may be received.

re-ceive (-sēv'), *v.t.* to take or obtain; accept; entertain; take in, as stolen goods.

re-ceiv-er ('ĕr), *n.* one who receives; one who buys stolen goods.

re-cen-cy (rē'sen-sĭ), *n.* lateness of time; newness.

re-cent (rē'sent), *adj.* new; modern; of late occurrence.

re-cep-ta-cle (re-sep'tȧ-kl), *n.* a vessel or place to receive or keep things in.

re-cep-tion ('shun), *n.* the act of receiving; welcome; entertainment. *Syn.* levee, receipt, admission.

re-cep-tive ('tĭv), *adj.* having the quality of receiving.

re-cess (-ses'), *n.* withdrawal; retirement; seclusion; niche in a room. *Syn.* retreat, vacation, intermission.

re-ces-sion (-sesh'un), *n.* the act of receding.

rec-i-pe (res'i-pē), *n.* a medical prescription; formula for compounding anything.

re-cip-i-ent (re-sip'i-ent), *n.* one who receives: *adj.* receiving.

re-cip-ro-cal ('rō-kȧl), *adj.* mutual; alternating.

re-cip-ro-cal-ly (-li), *adv.* mutually.

re-cip-ro-cate ('rō-kāt), *v.t.* to give and receive mutually.

rec-i-proc-i-ty (res-i-pros'i-ti), *n.* reciprocal obligation or right.

re-ci-tal (-sī'tȧl), *n.* the act of reciting; narrative.

rec-i-ta-tion (res-i-tā'shun), *n.* a public reading.

re-cite (re-sīt'), *v.t.* to repeat aloud from memory; enumerate; rehearse.

reck (rek), *v.t.* & *v.i.* to care for; heed.

reck-less ('les), *adj.* heedless of consequences.

reck-less-ness (-nes), *n.* heedless.

reck-on ('n), *v.t.* to count; compute; number; estimate: *v.i.* to calculate; make up accounts; think or suppose.

reck-on-ing (-ing), *n.* computation; statement of accounts; bill of charges.

re-claim (re-klām'), *v.t.* to call back; demand; reform; bring under cultivation.

re-cline (-klīn'), *v.t.* to lie back; lean to one side: *v.i.* to rest or repose.

re-cluse (re-klōōs'), *n.* one who lives in retirement; hermit; anchorite: *adj.* solitary.

rec-og-ni-za-ble (rek'og-nīz-ȧ-bl), *adj.* capable of being recognized.

re-cog-ni-zance (re-kog'ni-zȧns or re-kon'i-zȧns), *n.* avowal; acknowledgment; a legal obligation.

rec-og-nize (rek'og-nīz), *v.t.* to know again; acknowledge; avow.

rec-og-ni-tion (rek-og-nish'un), *n.* remembrance; recollection; formal avowal.

rec-ol-lect (-ol-ekt'), *v.t.* to call to memory; (rē-kol-ekt'), to gather together again.

rec-ol-lec-tion (rek-ol-ek'-shun), *n.* remembrance.

rec-om-mend (-om-end'), *v.t.* to commend to another; advise.

rec-om-men-da-tion (-en-dā'-shun), *n.* favorable introduction.

re-com-mit (rē-kom-it'), *v.t.* to commit anew.

rec-om-pense (rek'om-pens), *n.* an equivalent or payment; reward; compensation: *v.t.* to make amends for; repay or requite.

rec-on-ci-la-ble (-on-sil'ȧ-bl), *adj.* capable of being reconciled.

rec-on-cile ('on-sīl), *v.t.* to restore to friendship; adjust; harmonize.

rec-on-cil-i-a-tion (-sil-i-ā'-shun), *n.* the act of reconciling; renewal of friendship.

rec-on-dite ('on-dīt), *adj.* deep; abstruse; secret.

re-con-nais-sance (re-kon'ā-sȧns), *n.* the act of reconnoitering [French].

rec-on-noi-ter, rec-on-noi-tre (rek-on-noi'tĕr), *v.t.* to make a survey of, especially for military purposes [French].

re-cord (re-kōrd'), *v.t.* to register; enroll: *n.* (rek'ĕrd) memorial; register; copy of an official document: *pl.* public documents. *Syn.* entry, account, history.

re-cord-er (-kōrd'ĕr), *n.* one who records.

re-count (re-kount'), *v.t.* to narrate in detail.

re-coup (re-kōōp'), *v.t.* to indemnify or make good.

re-course (re-kōrs′), *n.* a going to for aid; application for a particular purpose.

re-cov-er (-kuv′ĕr), *v.t.* to regain; retrieve; cure; obtain as compensation: *v.i.* to regain health or any former state; be successful in a lawsuit. *Syn.* heal, recruit, restore.

re-cov-er-y (′ĕr-i), *n.* restoration to health; a regaining of something lost.

rec-re-ant (rek′re-ănt), *adj.* cowardly; mean-spirited; apostate; false: *n.* a coward; an apostate.

rec-re-ate (′re-āt), *v.t.* to refresh after toil; gratify: *v.i.* (rē-krē-āt′) to create anew.

rec-re-a-tion (rek-re-ā′shun), *n.* refreshment after toil, etc.; amusement: *n.* (rē-krē-ā′shun), the act of creating anew; a new creation. *Syn.* sport, pastime.

re-crim-i-nate (re-krim′i-nāt), *v.t.* to accuse in return.

re-crim-i-na-tion (-nā′shun), *n.* the act of retorting an accusation.

re-cru-des-cence (-krōō-des′ens), *n.* becoming sore again; a sharp relapse.

re-cruit (-krōōt′), *v.t.* to supply with new soldiers; restore to health; repair by fresh supplies: *n.* a soldier newly enlisted; supply of any want.

rec-tan-gle (rek′tang-gl), *n.* a four-sided figure with four right angles.

rec-tan-gu-lar (′gū-lăr), *adj.* right-angled.

rec-ti-fi-a-ble (′ti-fī-ă-bl), *adj.* capable of being rectified.

rec-ti-fy (′ti-fī), *v.t.* to set right; adjust; refine by distillation.

rec-ti-lin-e-al (-ti-lin′e-ăl), *adj.* bounded by straight lines.

rec-ti-tude (′ti-tūd), *n.* honesty; moral integrity.

rec-tor (′tĕr), *n.* a clergyman who has charge of a parish.

rec-tum (′tum), *n.* the lowest part of the great intestine.

re-cum-bent (′bent), *adj.* reclining; idle.

re-cu-per-ate (-kū′pĕr-āt), *v.t.* & *v.i.* to recover.

re-cu-per-a-tion (-ā′shun), *n.* recovery.

re-cu-per-a-tive (′pĕr-ā-tiv), *adj.* pertaining to recovery.

re-cur (-kĕr′), *v.i.* to return to the mind; happen at a stated interval; have recourse.

re-cur-rence (-kur′ens), *n.* return; resort.

re-cur-rent (′ent), *adj.* returning repeatedly.

rec-u-san-cy (rek′ū-zăn-si), *n.* nonconformity.

rec-u-sant (′ū-zănt), *adj.* refusing to conform to a state religion: *n.* a nonconformist.

red (red), *n.* one of the primary colors: *adj.* red-colored.

red-breast (red′brest), *n.* the robin.

re-deem (re-dēm′), *v.t.* to ransom from bondage; rescue; atone for; repurchase; make amends for. *Syn.* ransom, recover, rescue, deliver, save, free.

re-deem-er (′ĕr), *n.* one who redeems; the Saviour.

re-demp-tion (-demp′shun), *n.* repurchase; release; ransom.

red-o-lence (′ō-lens), *n.* perfume; fragrance.

red-o-lent (′ō-lent), *adj.* emitting a sweet smell; fragrant.

re-doubt (re-dout′), *n.* a military fieldwork.

re-doubt-a-ble (′ă-bl), *adj.* formidable; valiant.

re-dound (-dound′), *v.i.* to tend or contribute.

re-dress (-dres′), *v.t.* to set right; compensate; relieve from: *n.* the reparation of wrong; relief. *Syn.* remedy, repair, remission.

re-duce (re-dūs′), *v.t.* to lower; degrade; diminish; conquer. *Syn.* abate, lessen, decrease.

re-du-ci-ble (′si-bl), *adj.* capable of being reduced.

re-duc-tion (-duk′shun), *n.* the act of reducing; conquest or subjugation.

re-dun-dance (-dun′dăns), *n.* superfluity; excess. Also redundancy.

re-dun-dant (′dănt), *adj.* superfluous.

re-du-pli-cate (-dū′pli-kāt), *v.t.* to double again.

re-du-pli-ca-tion (-kā′shun), *n.* the act of redoubling.

reed (rēd), *n.* a large grass with jointed hollow stems; a pastoral pipe; an arrow.

reef (rēf), *n.* part of a sail; a chain of rocks lying near the surface of the water: *v.t.* to take in and roll up part of a sail.

reek (rēk), *n.* smoke; steam: *v.i.* to emit smoke or steam.

reel (rēl), *n.* a frame for winding yarn, etc.; bobbin; a stagger; a lively Scotch dance: *v.t.* to wind on a reel: *v.i.* to stagger.

reeve (rēv), *n.* a bailiff or steward: *v.t.* to pass the end of a rope through any hole.

re-fec-tion (re-fek'shun), *n.* a light repast.

re-fec-to-ry ('to-ri), *n.* an eating room or hall.

re-fer (-fĕr'), *v.t.* to submit to the judgment of another: *v.i.* to allude; appeal; hint.

ref-er-able (ref'ĕr-ȧ-bl), *adj.* that may be referred.

ref-er-ee (ref-ĕr-ē'), *n.* one to whom anything is referred; an umpire.

ref-er-ence ('ĕr-ens), *n.* the act of referring; allusion.

ref-er-en-dum (ref'ĕr-en-dum), *n.* the referring of a legislative act to the decision of a vote of the people.

re-fine (-fīn'), *v.t.* to separate from impurities; clear from dross; educate or improve.

re-fine-ment ('ment), *n.* high culture; elegance; purity of taste, mind, morals, etc.

re-fin-er-y ('ĕr-i), *n.* a place where anything is refined.

re-fit (-fit'), *v.t.* to make fit for use again: *v.i.* to repair damages of ships, etc.

re-flect (-flekt'), *v.t.* to throw back, as rays of light; to consider in the mind; cast reproach upon. *Syn.* think, ponder, muse.

re-flect-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* making reflection; thoughtful.

re-flec-tion (-flek'shun), *n.* the act of reflecting; attentive consideration; reproach or censure.

re-flect-or ('ĕr), *n.* a polished surface reflecting rays of light or heat.

re-flex (rē'fleks), *adj.* bent back; directed backwards.

re-flex-i-ble ('i-bl), *adj.* capable of being reflected.

re-flux ('fluks), *n.* a flowing back.

re-form (-fôrm'), *v.t.* to make better; repair; amend; correct: *v.i.* to abandon evil for that which is good: *n.* amendment; change for the better, especially political change. *Syn.* restore, improve.

ref-or-ma-tion (ref-ôr-mā'-shun), *n.* the act of reforming; amendment; political redress.

re-form-a-tive ('ȧ-tiv), *adj.* forming again.

re-formed (-fôrmd'), *p.adj.* restored to a previous good state.

re-form-er ('ĕr), *n.* one who effects a reformation.

re-fract (-frakt'), *v.t.* to break the direct course of; bend from a straight line.

re-fract-ed ('ed), *p.adj.* bent from a direct course.

re-frac-tion (-frak'shun), *n.* the deviation of a ray of light from a direct course.

refract-ive ('iv), *adj.* pertaining to refraction.

re-frac-to-ri-ly ('to-ri-li), *adv.* in a refractory manner.

re-frac-to-ry ('to-ri), *adj.* sullenly or perversely obstinate; difficult of fusion, etc.

re-frain (-frān'), *v.t.* to restrain: *v.i.* to forbear; abstain from action: *n.* burden of a song.

re-fran-gi-ble ('ji-bl), *adj.* capable of being refracted.

re-fresh (-fresh'), *v.t.* to revive; reinvigorate; restore.

re-fresh-ing ('ing), *adj.* reanimating; reinvigorating; cooling.

re-fresh-ment ('ment), *n.* that which refreshes, as food or rest.

re-frig-er-ant (-frij'ĕr-ȧnt), *adj.* cooling; refreshing: *n.* a substance or medicine that cools.

re-frig-er-ate ('ĕr-āt), *v.t.* to cool, or keep cool.

re-frig-er-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* act of cooling.

re-frig-er-a-tor ('ĕr-ā-tĕr), *n.* an apparatus for cooling things by means of ice.

ref-uge (ref'ūj), *n.* protection from danger; asylum; stronghold; resource. *Syn.* asylum, harbor, retreat.

ref-u-gee (-jē'), *n.* one who flees for protection.

re-ful-gence (re-ful'jens), *n.* brightness; splendor; brilliancy.

re-ful-gent ('jent), *adj.* brilliant; splendid.

re-fund (-fund'), *v.t.* to pay back again.

re-fu-sal ('sȧl), *n.* the act of refusing; rejection; option.

re-fuse (-fūz′), *v.t.* to deny or reject: *v.i.* to decline to accept; not to comply: *n.* (ref′-ūs), waste or worthless matter; rubbish: *adj.* worthless.

ref-u-ta-tion (ref-ū-tā′shun), *n.* that which is refuted.

re-fute (re-fūt′), *v.t.* to prove to be false or erroneous; repel; disprove.

re-gain (-gān′), *v.t.* to recover possession of; get back; reach again.

re-gal (rē′gal), *adj.* pertaining to a king; royal.

re-gale (-gāl′), *v.t.* to delight the senses; feast sumptuously.

re-ga-lia (-gā′liȧ), *n.pl.* the ensigns of sovereignty; decorations of an order or office.

re-gard (re-gärd′), *v.t.* to observe; heed; esteem; consider: *n.* attention; respect; consideration: *pl.* good wishes. *Syn.* mind, heed, notice.

re-gard-ful ('fool), *adj.* taking notice.

re-gard-ing ('ing), *prep.* concerning.

re-gat-ta (-gat′ȧ), *n.* a sailing or rowing match.

re-gen-cy (rē′jen-sī), *n.* the office of a regent.

re-gen-er-ate ('ĕr-āt), *v.t.* to renew the moral nature; produce anew: *adj.* renewed; reformed.

re-gen-er-a-tion (-ā′shun), *n.* the act of regenerating; formation of new tissue.

re-gen-er-a-tive ('ĕr-ā-tiv), *adj.* renewing.

re-gent (rē′jent), *adj.* exercising vicarious authority: *n.* one who governs in the place of a sovereign.

reg-i-cide (rej′i-sīd), *n.* the murder, or murderer, of a king.

ré-gime (rā-zhēm′), *n.* mode, system or rule of government [French].

reg-i-men (rej′i-men), *n.* regulation of diet or habit; rule; orderly government.

reg-i-ment (rej′i-ment), *n.* a body of troops under the command of a colonel.

reg-i-ment-al ('ȧl), *adj.* pertaining to a regiment.

re-gion (rē′jun), *n.* a tract of land; country.

reg-is-ter (rej′is-tĕr), *n.* a written record; the book containing such record; a list of persons entitled to vote; an organ stop; musical compass or range.

reg-is-tra-tion (-trā′shun), *n.* the act of inserting in a register.

reg-nant ('nȧnt), *adj.* reigning; prevalent.

re-gres-sion (re-gresh′un), *n.* retrogression.

re-gret (-gret′), *n.* mental sorrow for past conduct; remorse: *v.t.* to remember with sorrow, bewail the loss of. *Syn.* grief, lamentation, repentance.

re-gret-ful ('fool), *adj.* full of regret.

re-gret-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* with regret.

reg-u-lar (reg′ū-lär), *adj.* according to rule; consistent; uniform; exact; *n.* a soldier belonging to a standing army.

reg-u-lar-i-ty (-lar′i-ti), *n.* conformity to rule; uniformity; method.

reg-u-late ('ū-lāt), *v.t.* to make regular; adjust by rule.

reg-u-la-tion (-lā′shun), *n.* order; method; rule.

re-gur-gi-tate (re-gĕr′ji-tāt), *v.i.* to be thrown or poured back.

re-hear-sal (rē-hĕr′sȧl), *n.* a recital prior to a public performance.

re-hearse (-hĕrs′), *v.t.* to repeat; tell; narrate; recite before public performance.

reign (rān), *v.i.* to rule; be predominant: *n.* supreme power or influence.

re-im-burse (rē-im-bĕrs′), *v.t.* to refund. *Syn.* repay, indemnify.

rein (rān), *n.* the strap of a bridle; power: *pl.* the kidneys, or parts about them; loins; *v.t.* to govern with a bridle; restrain; control.

rein-deer ('dĕr), *n.* a large Arctic deer.

re-in-force (rē-in-fôrs′), *v.t.* to supply with new strength or assistance.

re-in-force-ment ('ment), *n.* additional support.

re-in-state (-in-stāt′), *v.t.* to replace in possession; restore to a former state.

re-it-er-a-tion (-it-ĕr-ā′shun), *n.* repetition.

re-ject (re-jekt′), *v.t.* to throw away as useless; refuse; renounce; discard.

re-jec-tion ('shun), *n.* the act of rejecting.

re-joice (-jois′), *v.i.* to be glad; make joyful; exult.

re-joic-ing ('ing), *n.* expression of joy or gladness.

re-join (-join'), *v.t.* to join again: *v.i.* to answer a reply.

re-join-der ('dẽr), *n.* an answer to a reply.

re-lapse (-laps'), *v.i.* to fall back from a state of convalescence: *n.* a falling into a former bad state.

re-laps-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* subject to relapse.

re-late (-lāt'), *v.t.* to tell; describe; recite.

re-la-ted (-lā'ted), *p.adj.* allied by kindred.

re-la-tion (-lā'shun), *n.* mutual connection between two or more things; proportion or ratio; connection by birth or marriage.

re-la-tion-ship (-ship), *n.* the state of being related.

rel-a-tive (rel'ȧ-tiv), *adj.* having relation; pertinent; relating to a word or clause: *n.* that which has relation to something else; a person connected by kinship.

rel-a-tive-ly (-li), *adv.* comparatively.

rel-a-tive-ness (-nes), *n.* the state of being relative.

re-lax (rē-laks'), *v.t.* to slacken; render less tense; divert, as the mind; make languid.

re-lax-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* diminution of tension; diversion or recreation.

re-lay (-lā'), *v.t.* to lay a second time: *n.* fresh post-horses or hunting dogs to relieve others; new supply.

re-lease (-lēs'), *v.t.* to set free; discharge: *n.* liberation from restraint, penalty, pain, etc.

rel-e-gate (rel'e-gāt), *v.t.* to banish; consign.

rel-e-ga-tion (-gā'shun), *n.* the act of relegating.

re-lent (rē-lent'), *v.i.* to grow less hard or severe; yield.

rel-e-van-cy (rel'e-vȧn-si), *n.* applicability; pertinence.

rel-e-vant ('e-vȧnt), *adj.* applicable; related; pertinent. *Syn.* fit, proper, suitable.

re-li-a-ble (re-lī'ȧ-bl), *adj.* trustworthy.

re-li-ance ('ȧns), *n.* confidence; trust. *Syn.* hope, dependence, confidence.

rel-ic (rel'ik), *n.* memorial or souvenir; remains of a person deceased.

re-lief (rē-lēf'), *n.* that which mitigates; release from duty; assistance to the poor; aid; redress. *Syn.* succor, redress, alleviation.

re-lieve (-lēv'), *v.t.* to free from pain, etc.; mitigate; alleviate; help.

re-lig-ion (re-lij'un), *n.* any system of faith or worship; piety.

re-lig-ious ('us), *adj.* pertaining to religion; pious; devotional.

re-lin-quish (-ling'kwish), *v.t.* to forsake; quit; give up; desist from. *Syn.* forsake, resign.

re-lin-quish-ment (-ment), *n.* abandonment.

rel-i-qua-ry (rel'i-kwȧ-ri), *n.* a depository for relics.

rel-ish (rel'ish), *v.t.* to like the taste of; use with pleasure; enjoy: *n.* sensation of flavor; taste; enjoyment.

re-luc-tance (re-luk'tȧns), *n.* unwillingness; disinclination.

re-luc-tant ('tȧnt), *adj.* unwilling; disinclined.

re-ly (-lī'), *v.i.* to lean upon with confidence.

re-main (-mān'), *v.i.* to continue; stay; endure; be left: *n.pl.* a dead body; ruins.

re-mand (-mȧnd'), *v.t.* to send back; remit in custody to a future time: *n.* the act of remanding.

re-mark (-märk'), *v.t.* to note or observe; express; say: *n.* notice; comment. *Syn.* observation, utterance.

re-mark-a-ble ('ȧ-bl), *adj.* worthy of notice; extraordinary; strange.

re-mark-a-bly (-li), *adv.* in a remarkable manner.

re-me-di-a-ble (re-mē'di-ȧ-bl), *adj.* admitting remedy.

re-me-di-al ('di-ȧl), *adj.* affording a remedy.

re-me-di-al-ly (-li), *adv.* by way of remedy.

rem-edy ('e-di), *n.* that which cures a disease; a restorative; an efficacious medicine: *v.t.* to repair or remove something evil from. *Syn.* help, relief, redress, cure.

re-mem-ber (rē-mem'bẽr), *v.t.* to recall to mind; attend to.

re-mem-brance ('brȧns), *n.* power of remembering; memory.

re-mind (-mīnd′), *v.t.* to bring to remembrance; put in mind.

rem-i-nis-cence (rem-i-nis′-ens), *n.* recovery of ideas; memory; that which is remembered.

rem-i-nis-cent (′ent), *adj.* having recollection.

re-miss (rē-mis′), *adj.* careless; heedless; dilatory.

re-mis-sion (-mish′un), *n.* pardon; abatement; relaxation.

re-mit (-mit′), *v.t.* to pardon; transmit, as money, bills, etc.; send back.

re-mit-tal (′āl), *n.* surrender; transmission.

re-mit-tance (′ans), *n.* that which is remitted; the sending of money, etc., in payment; the sum so transmitted.

re-mit-tent (′ent), *adj.* increasing and abating alternately.

rem-nant (rem′nânt), *n.* that which is left; remainder.

re-mon-strance (rē-mon′-stråns), *n.* expostulation.

re-mon-strate (′strāt), *v.i.* to urge strong reasons against some act or course; expostulate.

re-morse (re-môrs′), *n.* anguish of conscience; sympathetic sorrow; compunction.

re-morse-ful (′fool), *adj.* full of remorse.

re-morse-less (′les), *adj.* cruel; merciless. *Syn.* pitiless, relentless, ruthless.

re-mote (-mōt′), *adj.* distant in time or space; alien; foreign. *Syn.* distant, far, secluded.

re-mote-ly (′li), *adv.* at a distance.

re-mote-ness (′nes), *n.* distance.

re-mov-a-ble (′å-bl), *adj.* capable of being removed.

re-mov-al (′ål), *n.* the act of removing; change of place; dismissal.

re-move (-mōōv′), *v.t.* to put from its place; withdraw; cut off, or kill: *v.i.* to change residence.

re-moved (-mōōvd′), *p.adj.* remote; displaced.

re-mu-ner-ate (-mū′nĕr-āt), *v.t.* to reward; recompense.

re-mu-ner-a-tion (-ā′shun), *n.* payment for service; recompense.

re-nas-cent (re-nas′ent), *adj.* coming again into being.

rend (rend), *v.t.* to tear apart with violence; split; lacerate. *Syn.* break, sever, sunder.

ren-der (ren′dĕr), *v.t.* to return; pay back; restore; deliver; translate.

ren-der-ing (-ing), *n.* a translation; version.

ren-dez-vous (rän′dā-vōō or ren′de-vōō), *n.* appointed place of meeting.

ren-di-tion (ren-dish′un), *n.* surrender; translation.

ren-e-gade (ren′e-gād), *n.* an apostate; a deserter.

re-new (rē-nū′), *v.t.* to make new; restore; renovate.

re-new-al (′āl), *n.* renovation; revival.

re-nounce (re-nouns′), *v.t.* to disown; reject; repudiate. *Syn.* abandon, discard, disown.

ren-o-vate (ren′ō-vāt), *v.t.* to make new again.

ren-o-va-tion (-vā′shun), *n.* renewal.

re-nown (re-noun′), *n.* celebrity; fame; distinction.

re-nowned (-nound′), *p.adj.* celebrated; illustrious.

rent (rent), *n.* a tear; fissure; payment for the use of property: *v.t.* to lease property.

re-nun-ci-a-tion (re-nun-shi-ā′shun), *n.* disavowal; rejection.

rep (rep), *n.* a dress fabric with a corded surface.

re-pair (rē-pār′), *v.i.* to go to; resort: *v.t.* to restore after injury; mend; renovate.

rep-a-ra-ble (rep′å-rå-bl), *adj.* capable of being repaired.

rep-a-ra-tion (-å-rā′shun), *n.* restoration to a good condition; restitution.

rep-ar-tee (rep-är-tē′), *n.* a ready, witty reply.

re-past (rē-pâst′), *n.* a meal; victuals.

re-peal (-pēl′), *v.t.* to revoke or abrogate: *n.* revocation.

re-peat (-pēt′), *v.t.* to do or speak a second time; quote; recite.

re-peat-er (′ĕr), *n.* one who repeats; a watch that strikes the hours.

re-pel (-pel′), *v.i.* to drive back; resist; check.

re-pel-lent (′ent), *adj.* driving back; repulsive.

re-pent (-pent′), *v.i.* something done or left undone; to regret; feel sorrow for sin; change from past evil.

re-pent-ance (-pent′ăns), *n.* contrition; remorse.

re-pent-ant (′tănt), *adj.* penitent.

rep-er-to-ry (rep′er-to-rĭ), *n.* a store-house.

rep-e-ti-tion (-e-tish′un), *n.* the act of repeating.

re-pine (re-pīn′), *v.i.* to fret one's self; feel discontent.

re-plen-ish (-plen′ish), *v.t.* to fill up again; supply.

re-plete (-plēt′), *adj.* completely filled; full.

re-ple-tion (-plē′shun), *n.* fullness; surfeit.

re-plev-in (-plev′in), *n.* an action to recover goods wrongfully seized.

rep-li-ca-tion (rep-li-kā′shun), *n.* a reply; echo; repetition.

re-ply (-plī′), *v.i.* to answer; respond: *n.* an answer made.

re-port (-pōrt′), *v.t.* to give an account of; circulate publicly; take notes for the press: *n.* an official statement of facts; rumor; hearsay; noise. *Syn.* recital, account, tale.

re-port-er (′ĕr), *n.* one who reports what has happened.

re-pos-al (-pōz′ăl), *n.* state of repose.

re-pose (-pōz′), *v.t.* to lay to rest; put trust in: *v.i.* to sleep; recline: *n.* sleep; rest.

re-pos-i-to-ry (-poz′ĭ-to-rĭ), *n.* a place for the storing of goods; warehouse.

rep-re-hend (rep-re-hend′), *v.t.* to censure.

rep-re-hen-si-ble (-hen′si-bl), *adj.* culpable.

rep-re-hen-sive (′siv), *adj.* containing reproof.

rep-re-sent (rep-re-zent′), *v.t.* to show; describe; personate or act for.

rep-re-sen-ta-tion (-zen-tā′shun), *n.* likeness; image or picture; dramatic performance; statement of reasons.

rep-re-sen-ta-tive (′tă-tiv), *adj.* exhibiting likeness; typical: *n.* one authorized to act for another or others; deputy or delegate; elected member of Congress or of a state legislature.

re-press (-pres′), *v.t.* to check or restrain; crush; quell.

re-pres-sion (-presh′un), *n.* the act of repressing.

re-press-ive (-pres′ĭv), *adj.* serving to repress.

re-prieve (-prēv′), *v.t.* to grant a respite to: *n.* temporary suspension of a criminal sentence.

rep-ri-mand (rep′ri-mănd), *v.t.* to reprove severely: *n.* a severe reproof.

re-pris-al (re-prīz′ăl), *n.* something seized in retaliation for an injury.

re-proach (-prōch′), *v.t.* to censure severely; upbraid: *n.* censure, shame or disgrace.

re-proach-ful (′fool), *adj.* expressing reproach.

re-proach-ful-ly (-lĭ), *adv.* in a reproachful manner.

rep-ro-bate (rep′rō-bāt), *v.t.* to condemn strongly; disown: *adj.* wholly given up to sin; abandoned; depraved: *n.* a profligate person.

rep-ro-ba-tion (-bā′shun), *n.* condemnation.

re-proof (-prōōf′), *n.* censure; rebuke. *Syn.* blame, chiding.

re-prove (-prōōv′), *v.t.* to censure or blame; reprimand.

rep-tile (rep′til), *n.* a creeping animal; a mean, groveling person.

rep-til-i-an (til′ĭ-ăn), *adj.* like a reptile.

re-pub-lic (re-pub′lik), *n.* a country governed by representatives elected by popular vote.

re-pub-lic-an (′lik-ăn), *adj.* pertaining to a republic: *n.* one who favors republican government.

re-pu-di-ate (-pū′di-āt), *v.t.* to disown or disclaim; disavow. *Syn.* discard, renounce.

re-pu-di-a-tion (-ā′shun), *n.* disavowal.

re-pug-nance (-pug′năns), *n.* aversion; reluctance; dislike.

re-pug-nant (′nănt), *adj.* distasteful; hostile.

re-pulse (-puls′), *v.t.* to drive back; beat off; repel: *n.* refusal; denial.

re-pul-sive (′siv), *adj.* tending to repel; forbidding; disgusting. *Syn.* odious, disagreeable, revolting.

re-pul-sive-ly (-lĭ), *adv.* in a repulsive manner.

rep-u-ta-ble (rep'ū-tȧ-bl), *adj.* esteemed; honorable; respectable.

rep-u-ta-bly ('ū-tȧ-bli), *n.* creditably.

rep-u-ta-tion (-tā'shun), *n.* good name or character; honor; credit.

re-pute (-pūt'), *v.t.* to estimate; deem: *n.* estimation; character; reputation.

re-quest (-kwest'), *n.* desire expressed; petition; entreaty: *v.t.* to ask for.

re-qui-em (rē'kwi-em), *n.* a hymn or prayer for the dead.

re-quire (re-kwīr'), *v.t.* to ask for as a right; demand; need.

re-quire-ment ('ment), *n.* demand; necessity.

req-ui-site (rek'wi-zit), *adj.* needful; indispensable: *n.* anything necessary.

req-ui-site-ly (-li), *adv.* in a requisite manner.

req-ui-si-tion (-wi-zish'un), *n.* the act of requiring; demand, especially a written one: *v.t.* to demand.

re-qui-tal (-kwīt'ȧl), *n.* retaliation.

re-quite (-kwīt'), *v.t.* to recompense; retaliate; revenge.

re-scind (re-sind'), *v.t.* to annul; revoke.

re-scis-sion (-sizh'un), *n.* the act of annulling.

re-script (rē'skript), *n.* an edict or decree.

res-cue (res'kū), *v.t.* to deliver; liberate: *n.* deliverance from danger, restraint, or violence.

re-search (re-serch'), *n.* careful inquiry: *v.t.* to investigate diligently.

re-sem-blance (-zem'blȧns), *n.* likeness.

re-sem-ble (-zem'bl), *v.t.* to have a likeness to.

re-sent (zent'), *v.t.* to consider as an injury.

re-sent-ful ('fool), *adj.* easily provoked to anger; full of resentment.

re-sent-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* with resentment.

re-sent-ment ('ment), *n.* sense of injury.

res-er-va-tion (rez-ẽr-vā'shun), *n.* anything kept back; public land reserved for some particular use.

re-serve (re-sẽrv'), *v.t.* to keep in store; retain: *n.* that which is kept back; caution; taciturnity; modesty.

res-er-voir (rez'ẽr-vwär), *n.* a place where anything is stored up for use.

re-side (rē-zīd'), *v.i.* to dwell or inhabit; live.

res-i-dence (rez'i-dens), *n.* place of abode; domicile.

res-i-dent (-dent), *adj.* dwelling in a place: *n.* a residing agent.

res-i-den-tial ('shȧl), *n.* pertaining to residents.

re-sid-u-al (re-zid'ū-ȧl), *adj.* remaining after a part has been taken away.

re-sid-u-a-ry ('ū-ȧ-ri), *adj.* pertaining to the residue.

res-i-due (rez'i-dū), *n.* remainder; what is left.

re-sign (-zīn'), *v.t.* to give up; surrender; withdraw from; submit calmly.

res-ig-na-tion (rez-ig-nā'shun), *n.* the act of resigning; calm submission; patience.

re-sil-i-ent (re-zil'i-ent), *adj.* springing back.

res-in (rez'in), *n.* an inflammable substance obtained from various trees.

res-i-nous (-us), *adj.* consisting of resin.

re-sist (re-zist'), *v.t.* to oppose; withstand; thwart.

re-sist-ance (-zist'ȧns), *n.* opposition; hindrance.

re-sist-ant ('ȧnt), *adj.* offering resistance.

re-sist-less ('les), *n.* that cannot be withstood.

res-o-lute ('o-lūt), *adj.* determined; firm; steady.

res-o-lute-ly ('li), *adv.* in a resolute manner.

res-o-lute-ness (-nes), *n.* the state or quality of being resolute.

res-o-lu-tion (-lū'shun), *n.* the act of resolving; constancy of purpose; formal proposal in a public meeting.

re-sol-va-ble ('vȧ-bl), *adj.* capable of being resolved.

re-solve (-zolv'), *v.t.* to reduce to constituent parts; analyze; free from doubt; solve; decide; determine by vote.

re-solved (-zolvd'), *p.adj.* determined; firm.

res-o-nance (rez'ō-nȧns), *n.* reverberation of sound.

res-o-nant ('ō-nȧnt), *adj.* an echoing back.

re-sort (-zôrt′), *v.i.* to betake one's self to; go often; have recourse: *n.* a place much frequented.

re-sound (-zound′), *v.i.* & *v.t.* to reverberate; echo; spread the fame of.

re-source (-sōrs′), *n.* source of help or supply; expedient: *pl.* money; means of any kind.

re-source-ful (fool), *adj.* fertile in expedients.

re-spect (re-spekt′), *n.* regard; deference: *pl.* expression of good-will: *v.t.* to honor or esteem; have relation to.

re-spect-a-bil-i-ty (-ă-bil′i-ti), *n.* the state of deserving respect.

re-spect-a-ble (′ă-bl), *adj.* worthy of respect; held in good repute.

re-spect-ful (′fool), *adj.* characterized by respect.

re-spect-ive (′iv), *adj.* relating to a particular person or thing; relative.

re-spir-a-ble (′ă-bl), *adj.* that may be breathed.

res-pi-ra-tion (res-pi-ra′shun), *n.* the act of breathing; inhaling and respiring air.

res-pi-ra-to-ry (′pi-rā-to-ri), *adj.* pertaining to respiration.

re-spire (-spīr′), *v.t.* to breathe; inhale air.

res-pite (res′pit), *n.* delay; interval of rest; reprieve: *v.t.* to suspend execution.

re-splen-dence (re-splen′dens), *n.* brilliant luster.

re-splen-dent (′dent), *adj.* shining brilliantly.

re-spond (-spond′), *v.i.* to answer or reply.

re-spond-ent (′ent), *adj.* giving response: *n.* one who answers to a suit at law.

re-sponse (re-spons′), *n.* an answer; reply.

re-spon-si-ble (′si-bl), *adj.* answerable; liable.

re-spon-si-bly (′si-bli), *adv.* in a responsible manner.

rest (rest), *n.* cessation from motion; quiet; peace; repose; remainder: *v.i.* to cease from motion; repose; be quiet.

res-tau-rant (res′tō-rânt, or -tō-räng), *n.* a house for refreshment; an eating-house.

rest-ful (′fool), *adj.* full of rest; quiet.

rest-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in a restful manner.

res-ti-tu-tion (-ti-tū′shun), *n.* act of restoring; compensation; amends.

rest-ive (rest′iv), *adj.* stubborn; obstinate; uneasy. *Syn.* fidgety, impatient.

rest-ive-ness (-nes), *n.* the state or quality of being restive.

res-to-ra-tion (res-tō-rā′shun), *n.* renewal; repair.

re-stor-a-tive (re-stōr′ă-tiv), *adj.* capable of restoring: *n.* a reinvigorating medicine.

re-store (-stōr′), *v.t.* to bring back; repair; rebuild; heal; re-invigorate.

re-strain (-strān′), *v.t.* to check; repress. *Syn.* bridle, curb, hold.

re-straint (-strānt′), *n.* check; hindrance; limitation.

re-strict (-strikt′), *v.t.* to confine or limit.

re-stric-tion (-strik′shun), *n.* limitation; confinement.

re-strict-ive (′iv), *adj.* imposing restraint.

re-strict-ive-ly (-li), *adv.* with restriction.

result (-zult′), *v.i.* to follow as a consequence; ensue; decree: *n.* conclusion or consequence.

re-sult-ant (′ânt), *adj.* following as a result: *n.* combination of two or more forces.

re-sult-ing (′ing), *p.adj.* following as a result.

re-sume (-zūm′), *v.t.* to take up again; take back.

re-sump-tion (re-zump′shun), *n.* the act of resuming.

res-ur-rec-tion (rez-ĕr′ek′-shun), *n.* a rising from the dead.

re-sus-ci-tate (re-sus′i-tāt), *v.t.* to revive from apparent death.

re-sus-ci-ta-tion (-tā′shun), *n.* state of being resuscitated.

re-tail (rē-tāl′), *v.t.* to sell in small quantities: *n.* (rē′-tāl) sale of goods in small quantities.

re-tain (-tān′), *v.t.* to keep in possession; detain; engage by a fee prepaid.

re-tain-er (′ēr), *n.* a dependent; attendant; retaining fee paid to counsel.

re-tal-i-ate (-tal′i-āt), *v.t.* to return like for like.

re-tal-i-a-tion (-ā′shun), *n.* the act of retaliating; requital; retribution.

re-tal-i-a-tive (′i-ā-tiv), *adj.* vindictive.

re-tard (-tärd′), *v.t.* to obstruct; delay; keep back.

re-tar-da-tion (-tär-dā′shun), *n.* hindrance.

retch (rech), *v.i.* to try to vomit; strain in vomiting.

re-ten-tion (re-ten′shun), *n.* the act of holding back.

re-ten-tive (′tiv), *adj.* having the power to retain.

re-ten-tive-ly (-li), *adv.* with retentiveness.

ret-i-cence (ret′i-sens), *n.* silence; reserve.

ret-i-cent (′i-sent), *adj.* silent; reserved.

re-tic-u-lar (-tik′ū-lär), *adj.* formed like a net.

re-tic-u-late (′ū-lāt), *adj.* resembling network.

ret-i-cule (ret′i-kūl), *n.* a lady's handbag or workbag.

ret-i-na (ret′i-nä), *n.* a coat of the eye in which the nerves terminate.

ret-i-nue (′i-nū), *n.* the attendants of a person of distinction.

re-tire (rē-tīr′), *v.i.* to withdraw; retreat; recede; to go to bed.

re-tired (-tīrd′), *adj.* secluded from society; withdrawn from business.

re-tire-ment (-tīr′ment), *n.* the act of retiring. tired; privacy; solitude.

re-tir-ing (′ing), *adj.* reserved, not obtrusive.

re-tort (-tôrt′), *v.t.* to return a sharp answer: *n.* a sharp reply; a vessel used in distilling.

re-touch (-tuch′), *v.t.* to improve by new touches.

re-tract (-trakt′), *v.t.* to take back; recall.

re-tract-i-ble (′i-bl), *adj.* capable of being retracted.

re-treat (-trēt′), *n.* a place of privacy; shelter; withdrawal of troops: *v.i.* to withdraw to seclusion; retire before an enemy.

re-trench (-trench′), *v.t.* to curtail; economize.

re-trench-ment (′ment), *n.* curtailment.

ret-ri-bu-tion (ret-ri-bū′-shun), *n.* reward or punishment suitable to an action.

re-trib-u-tive (re-trib′ū-tiv), *adj.* rewarding or punishing.

re-triev-a-ble (-trēv′ä-bl), *adj.* capable of being retrieved.

re-trieve (-trēv′), *v.t.* to recover; restore; regain.

re-tro-cede (re-tro-sēd′), *v.t.* to cede or grant back.

re-tro-ces-sion (-sesh′un), *n.* the act of going or ceding back.

ret-ro-grade (ret′ro-grād), *adj.* going backwards; declining morally: *v.i.* to go backwards.

re-tro-gres-sion (re-tro-gresh′-un), *n.* the act of going backward.

ret-ro-spect (ret′rō-spect), *n.* a review of the past.

ret-ro-spec-tion (ret-ro-spek′-shun), *n.* the act of looking back on the past.

re-turn (re-tērn′), *v.i.* to come or go back; revisit; retort: *v.t.* to repay; restore: *n.* a going back; repayment; restitution; official report.

re-un-ion (rē-ūn′yun), *n.* a festive gathering; act of reuniting.

re-u-nite (-ū-nīt′), *v.t.* to unite again; reconcile after variance.

re-veal (re-vēl′), *v.t.* to make known; disclose.

rev-eil-le (rev-el-ē′ or re-vāl′ye) *n.* the morning call by drum or bugle to awaken soldiers.

rev-el (rev′el), *n.* a noisy feast: *v.i.* to carouse.

rev-e-la-tion (-ā′shun), *n.* the act of disclosing; divine communication.

rev-el-ry (-ri), *n.* boisterous festivity.

re-venge (re-venj′), *v.t.* to inflict pain for injury received; exact retribution for; avenge: *n.* retaliation; malice. *Syn.* vengeance, retribution.

re-venge-ful (′fool), *adj.* vindictive.

re-venge-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* vindictively.

rev-e-nue (rev′e-nū), *n.* income of a state; annual profits. *Syn.* proceeds, fruits, wealth.

re-ver-ber-ate (re-vĕr′bĕr-āt), *v.t.* to send back, as sound; re-echo.

re-ver-ber-a-tion (-ā′shun), *n.* the act of reverberating.

re-vere (-vēr′), *v.t.* to regard with respect and affection; reverence.

rev-er-ence (rev′ĕr-ens), *n.* veneration; honor; respect: *v.t.* to regard with rever-

ence. *Syn.* deference, homage, worship.

rev-er-end (-end), *adj.* worthy of reverence: *n.* a title given to the clergy.

rev-er-ent (-ent), *adj.* humble; submissive.

rev-er-en-tial (-en′shâl), *adj.* respectful.

rev-er-ie ('ĕr-i), *n.* deep musing; irregular train of thought or fancy.

re-ver-sal (re-vĕr′sâl), *n.* overthrow or annulment; repeal.

re-verse (-vĕrs′), *adj.* turned backward: *v.t.* to turn upside down; change entirely: *n.* the contrary or opposite; vicissitude; defeat.

re-vers-i-ble ('i-bl), *adj.* capable of being reversed.

re-ver-sion ('shun), *n.* right to future possession.

re-vert (-vĕrt′), *v.t.* to turn back; *v.i.* to return to the original owner or his heirs.

re-view (-vū′), *v.t.* to consider again; revise; inspect; write a critical notice of: *n.* the act of reviewing; re-examination; criticism; inspection of troops, etc.

re-vile (-vīl′), *v.t.* to abuse; vilify; reproach.

re-vise (-vīz′), *v.t.* to review and amend: *n.* a careful examination; second proof-reading.

re-vi-val (-vī′vâl), *n.* recovery; renewal of life; renewed performance of.

re-vive (-vīv′), *v.i.* to recover life; return to activity: *v.t.* to renovate; reproduce. *Syn.* refresh, renew, animate.

re-viv-i-fy (-viv′i-fī), *v.t.* to reanimate; quicken.

rev-o-ca-ble (rev′o-kâ-bl), *adj.* that may be revoked.

rev-o-ca-tion (-kā′shun), *n.* recall; repeal.

re-voke (-vōk′), *v.t.* to recall; repeal; annul.

re-volt (-vōlt′, -volt′), *n.* rebellion against constituted authority; insurrection: *v.i.* to turn away in disgust; rebel.

re-volt-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* disgusting; repellent.

rev-o-lu-tion (-lū′shun), *n.* rotation; motion of a point about a center; recurrence or succession; radical change in the government of a country. *Syn.* confusion, disorder, mutiny, rebellion, anarchy.

rev-o-lu-tion-a-ry (-â-ri), *adj.* pertaining to a revolution.

rev-o-lu-tion-ist ('shun-ist), *n.* one who takes part in a revolution.

rev-o-lu-tion-ize ('shun-īz), *v.t.* to cause an entire change.

re-volve (re-volv′), *v.i.* to turn round; rotate: *v.t.* to meditate or reflect upon.

re-volv-er (-volv′ĕr), *n.* a pistol with revolving chambers.

re-vul-sion (-vul′shun), *n.* a violent change, especially of feeling.

re-ward (-wärd′), *n.* recompense; gift in token of approved merit; retaliation: *v.t.* to give in return for good or ill received.

rhap-so-dy (rap′sō-di), *n.* any unconnected or rambling composition.

rhe-o-stat (rē′ō-stat), *n.* an apparatus for regulating an electric current.

rhet-o-ric (ret′o-rik), *n.* the art of speaking with elegance and force.

rhe-tor-i-cal (re-tor′i-kal), *adj.* pertaining to rhetoric; figurative.

rhet-o-ri-cian (ret-o-rish′ân), *n.* one skilled in rhetoric; an orator.

rheum (rōōm), *n.* a thin fluid secretion from the glands.

rheu-mat-ic (-mat′ik), *adj.* affected by rheumatism.

rheu-ma-tism ('mâ-tizm), *n.* a painful disease of the muscles and joints.

rhi-no-plas-ty (rī′nō-plas-ti), *n.* a surgical operation by which a new nose is formed.

Rho-do-den-dron (rō-dō-den′-dron), *n.* a genus of ornamental evergreen shrubs.

rhomb. Same as rhombus.

rhom-bus ('bus), *n.* a 4-sided figure with equal parallel sides but not right-angled.

rhu-barb (rōō′bärb), *n.* a plant whose leaf-stalks are used as food and its roots as a purgative.

rhyme (rīm), *n.* correspondence in sound of words or syllables at the end of verses: *v.i.* to accord in sound; make verses or rhymes. Rime (more correctly).

rhythm (rithm), *n.* harmonious flow of vocal sounds.

rhyth-mic (rith′mik), *adj.* harmonical; periodical.

rib (rib), *n.* one of the curved bones of the chest; anything resembling a rib; a piece of timber to strengthen the side of a ship; the main vein of a leaf: *v.t.* to inclose with ribs; form with grooves.

rib-ald ('ăld), *adj.* low; obscene; filthy: *n.* a vulgar, licentious fellow.

rib-ald-ry (-ri), *n.* obscenity.

rib-bon ('on), *n.* a fillet or strip of silk, etc.; narrow strip.

rice (rīs), *n.* a valuable food grain of hot countries.

rich (rich), *adj.* wealthy; opulent; fertile; high-flavored; sweet or harmonious in sound: *n.* rich people collectively: *pl.* wealth; affluence. *Syn.* ample, abundant, plentiful, superb, gorgeous.

rick (rik), *n.* a pile or heap, as of hay or corn.

rick-ets ('ets), *n.* a disease affecting children.

rick-et-y ('et-i), *adj.* feeble in the joints; unsteady.

ric-o-chet ('-o-shā' or -o-shet'), *n.* the rebounding of a shot or shell: *v.i.* to bound by touching the earth or water and glancing off, as a cannon-ball.

rid (rid), *v.t.* to set free; deliver; clear by violence.

rid-dance ('ăns), *n.* the act of clearing away; deliverance.

rid-dle ('l), *n.* an enigma; puzzling question; a large sieve: *v.t.* to sift by a riddle; perforate with shot: *v.i.* to speak ambiguously. *Syn.* problem, puzzle.

ride (rīd), *v.i.* & *v.t.* to be borne on horseback or in a vehicle; practice horsemanship: *n.* an excursion in a vehicle; a road adapted to horseback riding.

ridge (rij), *n.* a range of hills; crest of a roof: *v.t.* to furnish with a ridge; wrinkle.

rid-i-cule (rid'i-kūl), *n.* banter; mockery; satire: *v.t.* to treat or address with mockery; laugh at contemptuously.

ri-dic-u-lous (ri-dik'u-lus), *adj.* deserving ridicule; preposterous; absurd.

rife (rīf), *adj.* prevalent, common.

riff-raff (rif'raf), *n.* refuse; the rabble.

ri-fle (rī-fl), *n.* a musket with the barrel spirally grooved: *v.t.* to groove spirally; pillage.

rift (rift), *n.* an opening or split in anything; fissure: *v.t.* to cleave or split.

rig (rig), *n.* a practical joke or frolic; dress: *v.t.* to furnish a vessel with rigging; dress.

rig-ging ('ing), *n.* the cordage or ropes supporting the masts and sails of a vessel.

right (rīt), *adj.* correct; fit; true; exact; most convenient: *adv.* in a right line; justly: *n.* uprightness; truth; justice; rectitude; legal claim; the right side: *v.t.* to set upright; correct; do justice to. *Syn.* claim, liberty, privilege.

right-an-gle ('an-gl), *n.* angle of 90°.

right-eous ('yus), *adj.* just; equitable; virtuous.

right-eous-ness (-nes), *n.* holiness; justice; moral integrity.

right-ful ('fool), *adj.* having a just claim.

right-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in a right manner.

rig-id (rij'id), *adj.* not pliant; stiff; strict; severely just.

ri-gid-i-ty (ri-jid'i-ti), *n.* stiffness; resistance to change.

rig-or ('ĕr), *n.* stiffness or severity; exactitude; severity of climate.

rig-or-ous (rig'ĕr-us), *adj.* characterized by vigor; stern; inflexible.

rill (ril), *n.* a small stream or rivulet.

rim (rim), *n.* a border or margin; raised border: brim: *v.t.* to furnish with a rim.

rime (rīm), *n.* hoar-frost; another form of rhyme: *v.i.* to congeal into hoar-frost.

rim-ple (rim'pl), *n.* a fold: *v.t.* to become wrinkled.

ri-my (rī'mi), *adv.* frosty; white with hoar-frost.

rind (rīnd), *n.* the outer covering of fruit, etc.; bark: *v.t.* to strip the rind from.

ring (ring), *n.* anything circular in form; small hoop worn on the finger; a metallic sound: *v.i.* to sound as a bell; practice the art of ringing bells.

ring-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* sounding like a bell; resonant.

ring-lea-der ('lē-dĕr), *n.* the head of a riotous body or faction.

ring-let ('let), *n.* a little ring; curl.

rink (ringk), *n.* a long clear space on the ice used for curling; space for skating upon.

rinse (rins), *v.t.* to cleanse lightly with clean water; give a final cleansing to after washing.

ri-ot (rī'ot), *n.* uproar; tumult; noisy revelry; luxurious excess: *v.i.* to raise an uproar.

ri-ot-ing ('ot-ing), *n.* reveling; uproar.

ri-ot-ous (-us), *adj.* indulging in riot or excess; turbulent; seditious.

rip (rip), *v.t.* to divide by tearing or cutting; undo the seam of: *n.* a rent or tear.

ri-pa-ri-an (rī-pā'ri-ăn), *adj.* pertaining to the banks of a river.

ripe (rīp), *adj.* brought to maturity; fit for use; complete.

ri-pen ('pen), *v.t.* to make ripe; bring to perfection.

ripe-ness (-nes), *n.* the state of being ripe.

rip-ple (rip'l), *n.* a small curling wave on the surface of water: *v.t.* to cover with such waves.

rip-pling ('ling), *n.* the breaking of, or sound made by, ripples.

rise (rīz), *v.i.* to ascend; get up; grow upward; spring; appear above the horizon; come in view; be promoted: *n.* the act of rising; elevated place; origin; source; increase of price. *Syn.* arise, issue, flow.

ris-i-bil-i-ty (riz-i-bil'i-ti), *n.* inclination to laughter.

ris-i-ble ('i-bl), *adj.* inclined to laugh.

ri-sing (rī'zing), *n.* the act of getting up or ascending; insurrection: *adj.* increasing, as of wealth or influence.

risk (risk), *n.* hazard; peril; danger: *v.t.* to hazard; venture upon.

risk-y ('i), *adj.* hazardous; dangerous.

rite (rīt), *n.* a solemn religious act or ceremony.

rit-u-al (rit'ū-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to rites: *n.* a book of rites, or manner of service.

rit-u-al-ism (-izm), *n.* a system of prescribed forms of religion.

ri-val (rī'văl), *n.* one competing with another in the same object or pursuit: *adj.* having the same claims; emulous: *v.t.* to strive to equal or excel. *Syn.* antagonist, opponent, competitor.

ri-val-ry (-ri), *n.* competition; emulation.

rive (rīv), *v.t.* to be split or torn asunder.

riv-er ('ĕr), *n.* a large running stream of water.

riv-et ('et), *n.* a short metal bolt clinched by hammering: *v.t.* to secure with a rivet; clinch.

riv-u-let (riv'ū-let), *n.* a little stream.

road (rōd), *n.* a public way for traveling; highway: *pl.* a place for ships at anchor. *Syn.* route, course, roadstead.

road-ster ('stĕr), *n.* a horse suited for traveling.

roam (rōm), *v.i.* to wander about; ramble; range. *Syn.* rove, stray, stroll.

roan (rōn), *adj.* of a dark color with reddish spots.

roar (rōr), *n.* a loud noise; cry of a large animal; sound of the wind or sea: *v.i.* to cry loudly: bellow; bawl.

roast (rōst), *v.t.* to cook before a fire; criticise severely: *n.* that which is roasted.

rob (rob), *v.t.* to steal; plunder; deprive.

rob-ber ('ĕr), *n.* a thief; burglar; plunderer.

rob-ber-y (-i), *n.* theft; plundering.

robe (rōb), *n.* a loose outer garment; ceremonial dress: *v.t.* to invest with a robe; dress; array.

rob-in (rob'in), *n.* a bird, the redbreast.

ro-bust (rō-bust'), *adj.* hardy; strong; vigorous. *Syn.* lusty, sturdy, stalwart.

rock (rok), *n.* a large mass of stone; a movement backwards and forwards: *v.t.* to cause to move from side to side.

rock-et ('et), *n.* a firework which is projected through the air.

rock-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state of being rocky.

rock-y ('i), *adj.* full of rocks; very hard; inflexible.

rod (rod), *n.* a long twig; a wand; a fishing-rod; measure of length, 5½ yards.

rode, *p.t.* of ride.

ro-dent (rō'dent), *adj.* gnawing: *n.* an animal that gnaws.

rod-o-mon-tade (rod-ō-mon-tād'), *n.* bluster; brag.

roe (rō), *n.* a species of deer; the female of the hart; the spawn of fishes.

ro-ga-tion (-gā'shun), *n.* a litany; supplication.

rogue (rōg), *n.* a dishonest person; knave; a sly person; wag.

ro-guer-y (rō'gĕr-i), *n.* knavery; dishonesty; waggish conduct.

ro-guish (ro'gish), *adj.* fraudulent; dishonest; somewhat mischievous or sly.

roil (roil), *v.t.* to render turbid; vex or irritate.

rôle (rōl), *n.* a part or character in a play, etc.

roll (rōl), *v.i.* to turn; revolve; move in a circular direction: *v.t.* to move on wheels; spread flat under a roller: *n.* the act of rolling; an official document; list or register; kind of bread; continued deep sound, as of thunder; twist of tobacco.

rol-ler ('ēr), *n.* that which rolls; a cylinder used for grinding, etc.; long heavy wave.

rol-lick-ing (-ing), *adj.* jovial; swaggering.

rol-ling (rōl'ing), *adj.* moving on wheels; undulating.

Ro-man ('mân), *adj.* pertaining to Rome, or to the Church of Rome; the type usually used in printing, as opposed to *italic*.

ro-mance (-mâns'), *n.* a work of fiction or adventure: *v.i.* to tell fictitious stories; exaggerate.

ro-man-tic (-man'tik), *adj.* pertaining to romance; extravagant; fanciful.

romp (romp), *n.* a boisterous girl; rough play or frolic: *v.i.* to play in a boisterous manner.

rood (rōōd), *n.* 40 square poles or perches; a crucifix.

roof (rōōf), *n.* the cover of a building; shelter; canopy; palate of the mouth: *v.t.* to cover with a roof.

rook (rook), *n.* a bird of the crow family; a swindler; the castle in chess.

rook-er-y ('ēr-i), *n.* a group of rooks' nests; place of low resort.

room (rōōm), *n.* extent; space; apartment of a house; opportunity: *v.i.* to lodge.

room-y ('i), *adj.* spacious; with ample room.

roost (rōōst), *n.* the place where a bird rests: *v.i.* to sit upon a perch; lodge.

roost-er ('ēr), *n.* the domestic cock.

root (rōōt), *n.* the underground section of a plant; basis, or origin; primitive or basic word: *v.t.* to fix by the root; plant in the earth; implant deeply.

rope (rōp), *n.* a thick twisted cord of several strands; small cable: *v.t.* to fasten with a rope: *v.i.* to draw into viscous threads.

ro-sa-ry ('zâ-ri), *n.* a garland or chaplet; a string of beads by which prayers are counted.

rose (rōz), *n.* a favorite plant and flower; rose-color; rosette: *p.t.* of rise.

ro-se-ate (rō'ze-āt), *adj.* rose-colored; blooming.

rose-ma-ry (rōz'mâ-ri), *n.* a fragrant shrub.

ro-sette (rō-zet'), *n.* a rose-like cluster of ribbons.

ros-i-ly ('i-li), *adv.* with a rosy glow.

ros-in (roz'in), *n.* another form of resin; thickened turpentine: *v.t.* to rub with rosin.

ros-ter ('tēr), *n.* a military list or muster-roll.

ros-tral ('trâl), *adj.* resembling a beak.

ros-trum ('trum), *n.* the beak of a bird; prow of an ancient war vessel; platform for speakers.

ros-y (rōz'i), *adj.* like a rose; rose-colored; blooming.

rot (rot), *v.i.* to putrefy; decay: *n.* putrefaction; nonsense.

ro-ta-ry (rō'tâ-ri), *adj.* turning on an axis.

ro-tate ('tāt), *v.t.* to revolve on an axis; cause to turn: *adj.* wheel-shaped.

ro-ta-tion (-tā'shun), *n.* the act of turning like a wheel; regular succession.

ro-ta-to-ry (rō'tā-to-ri), same as rotary.

rote (rōt), *n.* repetition of words by memory.

rot-ten (rot'n), *adj.* putrefied; unsound; corrupt.

ro-tund (rō-tund'), *adj.* round; spherical.

ro-tun-da (-tun'dâ), *n.* a circular domed building.

rouge (rōōzh), *n.* a red cosmetic used on the cheeks and lips.

rough (ruf), *adj.* lacking smoothness; rugged; uneven; unpolished; unfeeling; violent; boisterous: *adv.* roughly.

rough-en ('en), *v.t.* to make or become rough.

rou-leau (rōō-lō'), *n.* a little roll of coins in paper.

round (round), *adj.* circular; spherical; cylindrical; corpulent: *adv.* on all sides; circularly: *n.* a circle or globe; circuit or tour; routine; step of a ladder; constantly recurring series; accustomed walk; volley of firearms: *prep.* about; around: *v.t.* to make round; pass round: *v.i.* to grow or become round.

round-ly ('li), *adv.* openly; boldly.

rouse (rouz), *v.t.* to awaken; stir to action; excite.

rous-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* stirring; exciting; startling.

rout (rout), *n.* defeat of an army; uproar; a large evening party: *v.t.* to put to flight. *Syn.* discomfit, overthrow, scatter.

route (rōōt), *n.* course; journey; march. *Syn.* road, way, direction.

rou-tine (rōō-tēn'), *n.* regular habit or practice.

rove (rōv), *v.i.* to ramble: *v.t.* draw through an eye.

ro-ver ('vĕr), *n.* a robber; wanderer; fickle person.

row (rō), *n.* line of persons or things; excursion in a row-boat; *v.i.* to labor with an oar: *v.t.* to impel with oars.

row (rou), *n.* a riot; a broil; noisy disturbance.

row-dy (rou'di), *n.* a rough fellow: *adj.* riotous.

row-dy-ism (-izm), *n.* rude, riotous conduct.

row-el ('el), *n.* the little wheel of a spur.

row-lock (rŏ'lok), *n.* the pins between which an oar is worked.

roy-al (roi'ăl), *adj.* majestic; kingly; magnificent. *Syn.* regal, princely.

roy-al-ist (-ist), *n.* an adherent of a king.

roy-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in a royal manner.

roy-al-ty ('ăl-ti), *n.* the status or person of a king; a percentage for the use of a patent or copyright.

rub (rub), *v.t.* to clean or scour; wipe; polish: *n.* friction; obstruction.

rub-ber ('ĕr), *n.* india-rubber; coarse file; in card-playing, two games out of three.

rub-bers (ĕrz), *n.* overshoes made of india-rubber.

rub-bish ('ish), *n.* waste fragments; ruins of buildings; anything of no value; nonsense.

rub-ble ('l), *n.* rough undressed stone; builders' rubbish.

ru-bi-cund (rōō'bi-kund), *adj.* inclined to redness.

ru-bric ('brik), *n.* the directions for use in prayer-books.

ru-by ('bi), *n.* a precious stone of red color.

ruck (ruk), *v.t.* to wrinkle or crease: *n.* a wrinkle; a heap; a fag-end.

rud-der ('ĕr), *n.* the frame by which a vessel is steered; anything that directs.

rud-di-ness ('i-nes), *n.* redness of complexion.

rud-dy ('i), *adj.* approaching to redness; florid.

rude (rōōd), *adj.* rough; uncultivated; harsh; unpolite; robust; crude. *Syn.* rugged, uncouth, churlish.

rude-ly ('li), *adv.* in a rude manner.

rude-ness ('nes), *n.* incivility; unskilfulness.

ru-di-ment ('di-ment), *n.* first principle; original state.

ru-di-men-ta-ry (-men'tâ-ri), *adj.* pertaining to an undeveloped state; containing first principles.

rue (rōō), *v.t.* to lament; repent of: *n.* an herb of bitter taste.

rue-ful ('fool), *adj.* mournful; sad.

rue-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* mournfully; sadly.

ruff (ruf), *n.* a large frilled collar; anything plaited: *v.t.* to disorder or ruffle.

ruf-fi-an ('i-ăn), *n.* a brutal, boisterous fellow.

ruf-fle ('l), *v.t.* to wrinkle or disarrange; furnish with ruffles; annoy or vex: *n.* a plaited article of dress; agitation; low roll of a drum.

rug (rug), *n.* an adjustable floor covering; a coarse woolen cloth.

rug-ged (rug'ed), *adj.* rough; shaggy; uncouth; crabbed.

ru-in (rōō'in), *n.* overthrow; destruction; downfall; ruined buildings, etc.: *v.t.* to destroy, overthrow, or impoverish.

ru-ined ('ind), *adj.* demolished; destroyed; decayed.

ru-in-ous (us), *adj.* decayed; destructive; hurtful.

rule (rōōl), *n.* standard or guide; precept; government; canon; an instrument for drawing lines: *v.t.* to govern; settle; manage; establish by a decision; mark with lines. *Syn.* sway, system, law, maxim.

rul-er ('ĕr), *n.* one who governs; an instrument for ruling lines.

rul-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* having control; marking with lines; predominant.

rum (rum), *n.* spirit distilled from molasses.

rum-ble ('bl), *v.i.* to make a low, continued sound: *n.* a rumbling sound.

rum-bling ('bling), *adj.* making a rumble.

ru-mi-nant ('mi-nânt), *adj.* chewing the cud.

ru-mi-nate ('mi-nāt), *v.i.* to chew the cud; meditate.

rum-mage (rum'ej), *v.t.* to search carefully for; ransack.

ru-mor (rōō'mĕr), *n.* popular report; current story: *v.t.* to circulate by report. *Syn.* hearsay, talk, bruit.

rump (rump), *n.* the end of the backbone; buttocks.

rum-ple (rum'pl), *n.* a fold or plait: *v.t.* to make uneven.

rum-pus ('pus), *n.* a great disturbance.

run (run), *v.i.* to move faster than a walk; flee for escape; contend in a race: *v.t.* to fuse or melt; start as a candidate: *n.* the act of running; the course run; a small stream.

run-a-gate ('å-gāt), *n.* a fugitive; renegade.

run-a-away ('å-wā), *n.* a deserter; fugitive.

run-dle ('dl), *n.* the step of a ladder.

rung (rung), *p.t.* of ring: *n.* step of a ladder; spar.

run-let (run'let), *n.* a rivulet; a small barrel.

run-ner ('ĕr), *n.* one who runs; racer; messenger.

run-ning ('ing), *adj.* moving swiftly; continuous; discharging pus: *n.* the act of moving swiftly; discharge of pus.

runt (runt), *n.* a dwarf animal; stump.

rup-ture (rup'tūr), *n.* the act of bursting or breaking; breach or interruption of friendly relations; hernia: *v.t.* to burst or break.

ru-ral (rōō'rål), *adj.* characteristic of the country; rustic.

ruse (rōōz), *n.* a trick; stratagem.

rush (rush), *v.i.* to press forward vigorously; enter hastily: *n.* a driving forward with eagerness; a plant growing on wet ground.

rusk (rusk), *n.* a kind of light biscuit.

rus-set (rus'et), *adj.* reddish-brown: *n.* russet color; homespun cloth.

rust (rust), *n.* the red crust on iron; red oxide of iron; mildew on cereals: *v.i.* to contract rust: *v.t.* to impair by time or inactivity.

rus-tic ('tik), *adj.* rural; artless: *n.* a countryman; peasant. *Syn.* plain, uncouth.

rus-ti-cate ('ti-kāt), *v.i.* to reside in the country.

rus-tic-i-ty (-tis'i-ti), *n.* rural simplicity.

rus-tle (rus'l), *v.i.* to make a soft sound, rubbing of silk or dry leaves; to bestir one's self: *n.* a rustling.

rus-tling ('ling), *n.* the soft whispering sound made by rubbing silk or leaves.

rust-y (rust'i), *adj.* covered with rust; impaired by inactivity.

rut (rut), *n.* the sexual desire of certain animals; the track of a wheel; groove or hollow.

ruth (rōōth), *n.* pity; compassion; sorrow.

ruth-less ('les), *adj.* cruel; pitiless. *Syn.* savage, barbarous, merciless.

rye (rī), *n.* a hardy esculent plant closely allied to wheat.

S

Sab-ba-ta-ri-an (sab-å-tā'ri-ån), *adj.* relating to the Sabbath: *n.* a rigid observer of the Sabbath.

Sab-bath ('åth), *n.* the seventh day of the week, from sunset on Friday to sunset on Saturday; the Christian Sunday; the day of religious rest.

sa-ber, sa-bre (sā'bĕr), *n.* a cavalry sword.

sa-ble (sā'bl), *n.* a kind of weasel valued for its fur: *pl.* mourning dress: *adj.* black.

sa-bot (så-bō'), *n.* a wooden shoe worn in parts of Europe.

sa-bo-tage (bō-tåj'), *n.* the wilful injury of machinery or materials by workmen.

sac (sak), *n.* a bag or membranous receptacle; cyst.

sac-cha-rine ('å-rin), *adj.* pertaining to sugar; having the taste of sugar.

sac-er-do-tal (sas-ĕr-dō'tål), *adj.* priestly.

sa-chem (sā'chem), *n.* an American Indian chief.

sa-chet (sȧ-shā'), *n.* a small bag filled with perfume.

sack (sak), *n.* a bag or pouch; loose garment or cloak; a Spanish wine; plunder or pillage by soldiers; dismissal: *v.t.* to plunder; ravage; put into sacks; dismiss from service.

sack-cloth ('klôth), *n.* coarse material for making sacks, used for mourning.

sack-ing ('ing), *n.* coarse material for sacks.

sac-ra-ment ('rȧ-ment), *n.* a religious ordinance, as Baptism, the Eucharist, etc. *Syn.* service, rite, communion.

sac-ra-ment-al (-ment'ȧl), *adj.* pertaining to a sacrament; solemnly pledged.

sa-cred (sā'kred), *adj.* pertaining to religious uses; consecrated; inviolable. *Syn.* holy, divine, dedicated.

sac-ri-fice ('ri-fīs), *n.* an offering to a deity; giving up one thing for another; goods sold at a loss: *v.t.* (-fīz), to offer to a deity in worship; devote with loss; kill; sell at a loss.

sac-ri-fi-cial (-ri-fish'ȧl), *adj.* pertaining to sacrifice.

sac-ri-lege ('ri-lej), *n.* violation of things held sacred.

sac-ri-le-gious (-lē'jus), *adj.* guilty of sacrilege; profane.

sac-ris-tan (sak'ris-tȧn), *n.* one who has the care of church vessels.

sac-ris-ty ('ris-ti), *n.* the vestry room in a church.

sad (sad), *adj.* full of grief; sorrowful; sober or sedate.

sad-den ('n), *v.t.* to make sad or sorrowful.

sad-dle ('l), *n.* a seat for riding on horseback: *v.t.* to place a saddle upon; burden.

sad-dler-y ('lẽr-i), *n.* the business of a saddler.

safe (sāf), *adj.* free from danger; secure; sound: *n.* a fire- or burglar-proof iron chest; cupboard. *Syn.* harmless, trustworthy, reliable.

safe-guard ('gärd), *n.* that which guards or protects; defense: *v.t.* to guard or protect safely.

safe-ly ('li), *adv.* in a safe manner.

safe-ty ('ti), *n.* freedom from danger or damage.

safe-ty-valve (-valv), *n.* an automatic valve in a boiler.

sag (sag), *v.i.* to sink down; yield; incline.

sa-ga-cious (sȧ-gā'shus), *adj.* mentally quick; judicious; wise. *Syn.* apt, keen, shrewd.

sa-gac-i-ty (-gas'i-ti), *n.* a readiness of apprehension; acute practical judgment.

sage (sāj), *adj.* wise; discerning; discriminating: *n.* a man of age and wisdom; an aromatic herb.

sage-ly ('li), *adv.* in a sage manner.

sa-go (sā'gō), *n.* granulated starch made from palm.

said (sed), *p.t. & p.p.* of say.

sail (sāl), *n.* a ship's canvas; ship or vessel; an excursion in some vessel: *v.t.* to travel in a ship; navigate.

sail-ing ('ing), *n.* the art of navigation.

sail-or ('ẽr), *n.* a mariner; seaman.

saint (sānt), *n.* a person eminent for piety and virtue; one canonized; one blessed in heaven.

saint-ed ('ed), *adj.* pious; holy; departed to heaven.

saint-ly ('li), *adj.* like, or befitting, a saint.

sake (sāk), *n.* end; purpose; cause; reason.

sal-a-ble (sāl'ȧ-bl), *adj.* marketable.

sa-la-cious (sȧ-lā'shus), *adj.* lustful; impure.

sa-lac-i-ty (-las'i-ti), *n.* lustfulness.

sal-ad (sal'ȧd), *n.* raw herbs cut up and dressed with vinegar, oil, etc.

sal-a-man-der ('ȧ-man-dẽr), *n.* a species of lizard fabled to live in fire.

sal-a-ry ('ȧ-ri), *n.* recompense for services rendered.

sale (sāl), *n.* the act of selling; disposal of goods for a price. *Syn.* bargain, barter, deal.

sa-li-ent ('li-ent), *adj.* leaping; prominent; projecting.

sa-lif-er-ous (sȧ-lif'ẽr-us), *adj.* yielding salt.

sa-line (sā'līn), *adj.* containing salt: *n.* a salt-spring.

sa-li-va (sȧ-lī'vȧ), *n.* the watery fluid in the mouth.

sal-i-vate (sal'i-vāt), *v.t.* to produce an abnormal secretion in the mouth.

sal-low ('ō), *adj.* of a pale yellow color; a kind of willow.

sal-ly ('i), *n.* a sudden rushing forth of troops; outburst of wit or fancy: *v.i.* to rush out, as troops from a besieged town.

sal-ly-port (-pōrt), *n.* a passage or postern gate for troops to sally out.

sal-ma-gun-di (-mȧ-gun'di), *n.* chopped meats and seasoning; medley.

salm-on (sam'un), *n.* a valuable food fish.

sa-lon (sȧ-lông'), *n.* a saloon; fine art gallery.

sa-loon (sȧ-lōōn'), *n.* a hall or state apartment; large reception room; barroom or grog-shop.

salt (sawlt), *n.* chloride of sodium, used for seasoning; wit; piquancy; a sailor: *v.t.* to sprinkle with salt: *adj.* seasoned or impregnated with salt.

salt-ish (sawlt'ish), *adj.* somewhat salt.

sa-lu-bri-ous (sȧ-lōō'bri-us), *adj.* healthful.

sa-lu-bri-ty ('bri-ti), *n.* healthfulness.

sal-u-ta-ry ('ū-tā-ri), *adj.* healthful; wholesome; beneficent.

sal-u-ta-tion (-ū-tā'shun), *n.* act of saluting.

sa-lute (-lūt'), *n.* a mark of military respect; a kiss; greeting: *v.t.* to address with kind wishes; welcome; honor by a salvo of artillery, etc.

sal-vage ('vej), *n.* reward for saving a vessel or cargo at sea; the goods or vessel saved.

sal-va-tion (-vā'shun), *n.* preservation from destruction; rescue; spiritual deliverance from sin.

salve (sȧv), *n.* a healing ointment; a soothing application.

sal-ver (sal'vēr), *n.* a tray for presenting things.

sal-vo ('vō), *n.* a discharge of artillery as a salute.

same (sām), *adj.* identical in kind or degree; exactly alike.

same-ness ('nes), *n.* identity; similarity.

samp (samp), *n.* hulled Indian corn.

sam-ple ('pl), *n.* a specimen; model; pattern: *v.t.* to take a sample of. *Syn.* specimen, illustration.

sam-pler ('plēr), *n.* a pattern of work.

san-a-tive-ness ('ȧ-tiv-nes), *n.* power of healing.

san-a-to-ri-um (-tō'ri-um), *n.* a health retreat.

san-a-to-ry ('ȧ-to-ri), *adj.* conducive to health.

sanc-ti-fi-ca-tion (sangk-ti-fi-kā'shun), *n.* the act of sanctifying; consecration.

sanc-ti-mo-ni-ous (-ti-mō'ni-us), *adj.* affecting sanctity; hypocritical.

sanc-tion ('shun), *n.* ratification; authority: *v.t.* to authorize; ratify. *Syn.* confirm, countenance.

sanc-ti-tude ('ti-tūd), *n.* holiness.

sanc-ti-ty ('ti-ti), *n.* purity; sacredness.

sanc-tu-a-ry ('tū-ȧ-ri), *n.* a consecrated place; shelter; refuge.

sanc-tum ('tum), *n.* a sacred or private place.

sand (sand), *n.* fine particles of crushed or worn rock: *v.i.* to sprinkle with sand.

san-dal (san'dȧl), *n.* a kind of loose shoe.

sand-wich ('wich), *n.* two thin slices of bread with ham, etc., between.

sand-y ('i), *adj.* abounding in sand, unstable.

sane (sān), *adj.* mentally sound or healthy. *Syn.* sober, lucid, rational.

san-guif-er-ous (-gwif'ēr-us), *adj.* conveying blood.

san-gui-na-ry ('gwi-nȧ-ri), *adj.* bloodthirsty; murderous; cruel.

san-guine ('gwin), *adj.* ardent in temper; hopeful; confident.

san-guin-e-ous (-gwin'e-us), *adj.* pertaining to blood; of a blood color.

san-i-ta-ri-an (san-i-tā'ri-ȧn), *adj.* pertaining to the laws of health: *n.* an advocate of sanitary measures.

san-i-ta-ri-um (-tā'ri-um), *n.* a health retreat.

san-i-ta-ry (san'i-tȧ-ri), *adj* pertaining to or tending to promote health.

san-i-ta-tion (-tā'shun), *n.* hygiene.

san-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* saneness.

sank, *p.t.* of sink.

San-skrit (san'skrit), *n.* the ancient language of the Hindus. Also Sanscrit.

sap (sap), *n.* the vital juice of plants: *v.t.* to deprive of vitality; undermine.

sap-id ('id), *adj.* savory.

sa-pi-ence (sā'pi-ens), *n.* knowledge; wisdom.

sa-pi-ent ('pi-ent), *adj.* wise; sagacious.

sap-ling (sap'ling), *n.* a young tree.

sap-o-na-ceous (-o-nā'shus), *adj.* resembling soap; unctuous.

sa-pon-i-fy ('i-fī), *v.t.* to convert into soap.

sap-o-rif-ic (sap-o-rif'ik), *adj.* producing taste.

sap-phire (saf'īr), *n.* a precious stone of a blue color.

sar-casm (sär'kazm), *n.* a bitter, satirical expression.

sar-cas-tic (-kas'tik), *adj.* bitterly satirical.

sar-code ('kōd), *n.* animal protoplasm.

sar-co-ma (-kō'mȧ), *n.* a fleshy tumor. Also sarcosis.

sar-coph-a-gus (-kof'ȧ-gus), *n.* a stone coffin.

sard (särd), *n.* a precious stone of blood-red color.

sar-dine (-dēn'), *n.* a small fish preserved in oil for exportation; ('din), a precious stone.

sar-don-ic (-don'ik), *adj.* forced, heartless: said of a malignant laugh.

sar-sa-pa-ril-la (-sȧ-pȧ-ril'ȧ), *n.* a medicinal plant.

sar-to-ri-al (-tō'ri-ȧl), *adj.* pertaining to a tailor.

sash (sash), *n.* an ornamental scarf; a window frame.

sas-sa-fras ('ȧ-fras), *n.* a tree allied to the laurel.

sat, *p.t.* of sit.

Sa-tan (sā'tȧn), *n.* the diabolical enemy of mankind.

sa-tan-ic (-tan'ik), *adj.* pertaining to Satan; diabolical; malicious.

satch-el (sach'el), *n.* a small bag for carrying books or other articles.

sate (sāt), *v.t.* to satisfy the appetites or desires of.

sat-el-lite (sat'el-it), *n.* a small planet revolving round a larger one; an obsequious attendant.

sa-ti-a-ble (sā'shi-ȧ-bl), *adj.* that may be gratified.

sa-ti-ate ('shi-āt), *v.t.* to gratify fully; surfeit.

sa-ti-e-ty (-tī'e-ti), *n.* fulness of gratification; repletion.

sat-in (sat'in), *n.* a closely woven glossy silk.

sat-in-et (in-et'), *n.* a thin kind of satin.

sat-ire (sat'īr), *n.* a discourse or poem dealing with vice or folly; sarcasm; ridicule.

sa-tir-ic (sȧ-tir'ik), *adj.* pertaining to satire. Also satirical.

sat-i-rize ('i-rīz), *v.t.* to assail or ridicule with satire.

sat-is-fac-tion (sat-is-fak'-shun), *n.* the state of being satisfied; gratification; payment.

sat-is-fac-to-ry ('to-ri), *adj.* giving content; making redress.

sat-is-fy ('is-fī), *v.t.* to please fully; free from doubt; pay in full; discharge. *Syn.* content, satiate, suffice.

sa-trap (sā'trap), *n.* the ruler of a province in ancient Persia.

sat-u-ra-ble (sat'ū-rȧ-bl), *adj.* that can be saturated.

sat-u-rate ('ū-rāt), *v.t.* to soak or imbue.

sat-u-ra-tion (-rā'shun), *n.* the act of being filled.

Sat-ur-day ('ĕr-dā), *n.* the seventh day of the week.

Sat-ur-na-li-a (-ĕr-nā'li-ȧ), *n.* a Roman festival free to all classes: hence unrestrained revelry.

sat-ur-nine (-nīn), *adj.* dull; morose; phlegmatic.

Sat-yr ('ĕr), *n.* a sylvan deity—half man, half goat.

sauce (saws), *n.* a liquid seasoning for food; pertness: *v.t.* to render pungent; treat with pertness.

sau-cer ('sĕr), *n.* a shallow vessel to hold a tea or coffee cup.

sau-ci-ly (saw'si-li), *adv.* in a saucy manner.

sau-ci-ness ('si-nes), *n.* impudent pertness or boldness.

sau-cy ('si), *adj.* pert; rude; impudent.

sauer-kraut (sour'krout), *n.* a kind of pickled cabbage.

saun-ter (sän'tĕr or sawn'tĕr), *v.i.* to wander about idly; loiter; linger: *n.* an idle walk.

sau-sage (saw'sej), *n.* minced meat seasoned and stuffed into a skin.

sav-age (sav'ej), *adj.* wild; cruel; enraged: *n.* a fierce, brutal or uncivilized person.

sav-age-ly (-li), *adv.* in a savage manner.

sav-age-ness (-nes), *n.* the state of being savage.

sav-age-ry ('ej-ri), *n.* the state of being wild or uncivilized; barbarism.

sa-van-nah (sȧ-van'ȧ), *n.* a grassy plain. Also savanna.

sa-vant (-väng'), *n.* a man of learning or science.

save (sāv), *v.t.* to preserve; rescue; lay by; take advantage of: *v.i.* to be economical: *prep.* except.

sav-ing (sāv'ing), *adj.* frugal; parsimonious: *n. pl.* money, etc., saved: *prep.* excepting.

sav-ing-ly (-li), *adv.* in a saving manner.

Sa-vior, Sa-viour, *n.* Jesus Christ, the Redeemer.

sa-vor (sā'vĕr), *n.* flavor; taste; relish: *v.i.* to have a particular flavor or smell.

sa-vor-i-ness (-i-nes), *n.* the quality of being savory.

sa-vor-y ('vĕr-i), *n.* an aromatic plant; tasteful.

saw (saw), *n.* a steel instrument to cut wood; a wise saying: *v.t.* to cut with a saw: *p.t.* of see.

saw-yer ('yĕr), *n.* one who saws timber into planks.

Sax-on (saks'n), *adj.* pertaining to the Saxons or their language.

say (sā), *v.t.* to utter in words; declare; speak.

say-ing ('ing), *n.* something said; a maxim.

scab (skab), *n.* an incrustation over a wound; a disease of sheep; a workman who refuses to join a strike or replaces a striker.

scab-bard ('ȧrd), *n.* the sheath of a sword.

scab-by ('i), *adj.* covered with or full of scabs.

sca-brous ('brus), *adj.* rough to the touch; scaly.

scaf-fold (skaf'old), *n.* a stage for workmen; a platform for the execution of a criminal.

scaf-fold-ing (-ing), *n.* materials for scaffolds.

scald (skawld), *v.t.* to burn with hot liquid: *n.* a burn from a hot liquid or steam; scab or scurf on the head.

scald-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* burning as with a hot liquid or steam.

scale (skāl), *n.* the dish of a balance; a machine for weighing; small plates covering a fish or reptile; a graduated measure; series of musical tones: *v.t.* to clear of scales; mount on a ladder; clamber up: *v.i.* to come off in thin layers.

scal-lop (skol'op), *n.* a marine bivalve with curve-edged shell: *v.t.* to cut the edge of in curves.

scalp (skalp), *n.* the skin on the top of the head: *v.t.* to deprive of the scalp.

scalp-el ('el), *n.* a small keen-edged surgeon's knife.

sca-ly (skāl'i), *adj.* covered with scales; mean; caddish.

scamp (skamp), *n.* a rascal; worthless fellow: *v.t.* to do work imperfectly.

scam-per (skam'pĕr), *v.i.* to run with speed: *n.* a hasty flight.

scan (skan), *v.t.* to examine carefully; count metrical feet or syllables.

scan-dal ('dȧl), *n.* offense; opprobrium; defamation; disgrace.

scan-dal-ize (-īz), *v.t.* to offend; defame. *Syn.* calumniate, traduce, malign.

scan-dal-ous (-us) *adj.* disgraceful; defamatory.

scant (skant), *adj.* not full; scarcely sufficient: *v.t.* to stint; limit.

scant-i-ly ('i-li) *adv.* in a scanty manner.

scant-ling ('ling), *n.* a small piece of timber.

scant-y ('i), *adj.* narrow; barely sufficient. *Syn.* pinched, slender, meager.

scape-goat ('gōt), *n.* one who bears the blame for others.

scape-grace ('grās), *n.* an unprincipled fellow.

scap-u-la ('ū-lȧ), *n.* the shoulder blade.

scap-u-lar ('ū-lȧr), *adj.* pertaining to the scapula or shoulder.

scar (skär), *n.* a mark caused by a wound; blemish: *v.t.* to form a scar.

scarce (skārs), *adj.* not common; not plentiful; rare.

scarce-ly ('li), *adv.* seldom; rarely; with difficulty.

scare (skār), *v.t.* to terrify; frighten: *n.* a sudden fright.

scare-crow ('krō), *n.* anything to scare away birds; a vain cause of terror.

scarf (skärf), *n.* a light handkerchief for the neck; sash: *v.t.* to throw on loosely; dress with a scarf; join timbers.

scarf-ing ('ing), *n.* joining of two pieces of timber.

scarf-skin ('skin), *n.* the cuticle or epidermis.

scar-i-fi-ca-tion (skar-i-fi-kā'-shun), *n.* the act of scarifying.

scar-i-fy ('i-fī), *v.t.* to scratch or cut the skin; to prepare the soil for planting.

scar-let ('let), *n.* a bright red color: *adj.* colored with this tint or hue.

scarp (skärp), *n.* the inner slope of a ditch below a parapet.

scathe (skā*th*), *v.t.* to injure or hurt: *n.* injury or harm.

scath-ing ('ing), *adj.* injurious; very severe or bitter.

scat-ter (skat'ĕr), *v.t.* to throw loosely about; disperse or dissipate. *Syn.* strew, spread, dispel.

scav-eng-er (-ĕr), *n.* one employed to clean streets; a refuse-eating bird or animal.

sce-na-ri-o (sha-nā'ri-o), *n.* a sketch of the plot of a play.

scene (sēn), *n.* the conditions under which anything occurs; part of a play; to take place; spectacle; exhibition.

scen-er-y ('ĕr-i), *n.* aspect of a landscape; painted representation on a stage.

scen-ic ('ik), *adj.* pertaining to scenery; dramatic.

scent (sent), *n.* odor; perfume; smell: *v.t.* to smell; perfume: *v.i.* to hunt animals by the sense of smell.

scep-ter, scep-tre (sep'tĕr), *n.* a staff borne by a sovereign as the emblem of authority.

scep-tic. Same as skeptic.

sched-ule (sked'ūl), *n.* a list or inventory of property.

scheme (skēm), *n.* a plan; contrivance; purpose; plot: *v.t.* to design; plot.

schism (sizm), *n.* a split or division in a church.

schis-mat-ic (siz-mat'ik), *adj.* pertaining to schism.

schol-ar (skol'ĕr), *n.* a student; disciple; man of letters. *Syn.* pupil, savant, learner.

schol-ar-ly (-li), *adj.* like a scholar.

schol-ar-ship ('ĕr-ship), *n.* learning; erudition; maintenance for a scholar.

scho-las-tic (sko-las'tik), *adj.* pertaining to a scholar; formal.

school (skōōl), *n.* a place where instruction is given; pupils collectively; disciples of a particular teacher; a shoal of fish: *v.t.* to instruct; admonish.

school-ing ('ing), *n.* education; instruction.

schoon-er (skōōn'ĕr), *n.* a vessel with two or more masts, rigged fore and aft.

sci-at-ic (sī-at'ik), *adj.* affecting the hip.

sci-at-i-ca ('i-kȧ), *n.* neuralgia of the sciatic nerve.

sci-ence ('ens), *n.* systematized knowledge of natural conditions; accepted facts as demonstrated by observation or experiment.

sci-en-tif-ic (-en-tif'ik), *adj.* pertaining to science.

sci-en-tif-ic-al-ly (-ȧl-i), *adv.* in a scientific manner.

sci-en-tist ('en-tist), *n.* one skilled in science.

scin-til-late (sin'til-āt), *v.i.* to emit sparks; twinkle.

scin-til-la-tion (-lā'shun), *n.* a spark or flash.

sci-o-lism (sī'ō-lizm), *n.* superficial knowledge.

sci-on (sī'on), *n.* the sprout of a plant; a descendant.

scis-sors (siz'ĕrz), *n.pl.* small shears for household use

scoff (skof), *n.* ridicule; derision: *v.t.* to treat with scorn or derision.

scold (skōld), *v.i.* to chide sharply or rudely; rebuke: *n.* one who habitually scolds.

sconce (skons), *n.* a bulwark; small fort; hanging candlestick; the head.

scoop (skōōp), *n.* a large ladle; deep shovel: *v.t.* to take up with a scoop; ladle out.

scoot (skōōt), *v.i.* to walk or run hastily.

scope (skōp), *n.* room for free outlook; intention; design.

scorch (skôrch), *v.t.* to burn slightly; parch or shrivel with heat.

score (skôr), *n.* a notch made as a reckoning; the number 20; account; behalf; copy of a small musical work: *v.t.* to notch; keep record; to make a score in a game.

scorn (skôrn), *n.* extreme contempt; disdain: *v.t.* to hold in contempt.

scorn-ful ('fool), *adj.* full of scorn; contemptuous.

scor-pi-on (skôr'pi-un), *n.* a poisonous insect; a painful scourge.

Scotch (skoch), *adj.* pertaining to Scotland.

scotch, *n.* a wedge to prevent slipping or rolling; a slight cut: *v.t.* to wound superficially.

scoun-drel (skoun'drel), *n.* a low, worthless, dishonorable fellow.

scour (skour), *v.t.* to clean by friction; make bright; pass swiftly along; purge.

scourge (skĕrj), *n.* a whip with thongs: *v.t.* to whip severely; harass greatly.

scout (skout), *n.* one sent out to obtain information of an enemy's movements.

scow (skou), *n.* a large flat-bottomed boat.

scowl (skoul), *v.i.* to wrinkle the brows in displeasure; a look of sullenness; frown.

scrab-ble (skrab'l), *v.i.* to scrawl or scribble.

scrag (skrag), *n.* anything thin, lean, or rough.

scrag-gi-ness ('i-nes), *n.* scraggy state or quality.

scrag-gy ('i), *adj.* lean, thin, and rough.

scram-ble (skram'bl), *v.i.* to clamber with the hands and feet: *v.t.* to mix and cook in a confused mass: *n.* a rude, eager struggle.

scrap (skrap), *n.* a small piece; fragment; a scrimmage.

scrape (skrāp), *v.t.* to make a grating noise on; rub with something sharp; clean by rubbing; collect slowly: *n.* the act or effect of scraping; difficulty.

scrap-er ('ĕr), *n.* an instrument for scraping.

scratch (skrach), *v.t.* to tear the surface of with something pointed; erase; *v.i.* to use the nails or claws in tearing; made by scratching; a superficial wound.

scrawl (skrawl), *v.t.* & *v.i.* to write or draw irregularly; scribble: *n.* hasty or illegible writing.

scream (skrēm), *n.* a shrill cry as of fear or pain: *v.i.* to utter such a cry.

screech (skrēch), *n.* a harsh, shrill cry: *v.i.* to shriek.

screen (skrēn), *n.* a movable partition; coarse sieve; *v.t.* to shelter; protect; pass through a coarse sieve.

screw (skrōō), *n.* a round piece of metal grooved spirally; a screw-propeller: *v.t.* to apply a screw to; twist; oppress by exactions.

scrib-ble (skrib'l), *v.t.* to write hastily and carelessly: *n.* careless writing.

scrib-bler ('lĕr), *n.* a literary hack, or petty, unskillful author.

scribe (skrīb), *n.* a writer; clerk; amanuensis: *v.t.* to adjust.

scrim-mage ('aj), *n.* a general quarrel or fight.

scrimp (skrimp), *v.t.* to make small or short; limit; stint: *v.i.* to be miserly: *adj.* short; narrow; curtailed.

scrip (skrip), *n.* a satchel; schedule; certificate of stock.

script (skript), *n.* a piece of writing; printing in written characters; original document or instrument.

scrip-tur-al ('tūr-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to the Scriptures.

scrip-ture ('tūr), *n.* sacred writing: *pl.* the books of the Old and New Testaments.

scriv-e-ner (skriv'e-nĕr), *n.* one who draws up contracts, etc.

scrof-u-la (skrof'ū-lă), *n.* a disease affecting the glands.

scroll (skrōl), *n.* a roll of paper or parchment; a convoluted spiral ornament.

scrub (skrub), *v.t* to rub hard; wash with a wet brush: *v.i.* to clean or scour: *n.* a mean drudge; a wornout brush: *adj.* mean or small; contemptible.

scrub-by ('i), *adj.* stunted in growth; covered with brushwood.

scru-ple (skrōō'pl), *n.* a weight of 20 grains; hesitation; doubt: *v.i.* to hesitate from conscientious motives.

scru-pu-lous ('pū-lus), *adj.* full of scruples; conscientious; exact; strict.

scru-ti-nize ('ti-nīz), *v.t.* to examine closely.

scru-ti-ny ('ti-ni), *n.* close inspection; minute inquiry.

scud (skud), *v.i.* to run quickly; run before a gale of wind: *n.* loose, vapory clouds driven by the wind.

scuf-fle (skuf'l), *v.i.* to struggle confusedly; *n.* a fight with close grappling; confused conflict.

scull (skul), *n.* short oar: *v.i.* to impel a boat with an oar at the stern.

scul-ler-y ('ĕr-i), *n.* a place for kitchen utensils.

scul-lion ('yun), *n.* a servant employed in dish and pot cleaning.

sculp-tor (skulp'tĕr), *n.* an artist in sculpture.

sculp-ture ('tūr), *n.* the art of carving stone, etc., into images of men, animals, etc.; carved work or figure.

sculp-tur-esque (-esk'), *adj.* resembling sculpture.

scum (skum), *n.* impurities on the surface of liquids; anything worthless or vile; the dregs of the population: *v.i.* to form a scum: *v.t.* to clear off impurities.

scup-per (skup'ĕr), *n.* a hole in the side of a ship to carry off deck water.

scurf (skĕrf), *n.* flaky scales formed on the skin; dandruff.

scur-rile (skur'il), *adj.* befitting a vulgar jester; jocosely indecent.

scur-ril-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* vulgar or indecent jocularity.

scur-ril-ous ('il-us), *adj.* using low, indecent language; mean; foul-mouthed; vile.

scur-ry (skur'i), *v.i.* to hasten: *n.* a hurried movement.

scur-vi-ly (skĕr'vi-li), *adv.* in a scurvy manner.

scur-vy ('vi), *adj.* affected by scurvy; scabby; mean; paltry: *n.* a disease caused by deficiency of vegetable food.

scutch-eon ('un), *n.* an escutcheon; shield for a keyhole.

scut-tle (skut'l), *v.i.* to hasten or hurry: *v.t.* to cut holes for sinking a ship: *n.* a quick or short run; a pan for holding coals; door closing an opening in a roof.

scythe (sīth), *n.* an instrument for mowing grass.

sea (sē), *n.* an expanse of salt water less in extent than an ocean.

sea-far-er ('fā-rĕr), *n.* a sailor.

sea-far-ing ('fār-ing), *adj.* following the occupation of a sailor.

sea-gage ('gāj), *n.* the draught of a ship.

seal (sēl), *n.* a carnivorous marine mammal; a stamp or die engraved with some device; impressed with a seal: *v.t.* to fasten with a seal; set or affix a seal to; ratify or confirm.

seam (sēm), *n.* the line joining two edges of cloth; narrow vein between two thicker strata; thin layer: *v.t.* to join with a seam; scar: *v.i.* to crack open.

seam-stress (sēm'stres), *n.* a needlewoman.

seam-y ('i), *adj.* showing, or like, seams.

seam-y-side (-sīd), *n.* the worst side.

sé-ance (sā-ängs'), *n.* a session as of some deliberative body.

sear (sēr), *v.t.* to burn to dryness on the surface; cauterize; brand.

search (sĕrch), *v.t.* to seek for; explore; inspect: *n.* the act of seeking; investigation; pursuit; quest.

search-war-rant ('wor-ânt), *n.* a warrant authorizing a police officer to search a house.

seared (sĕrd), *adj.* hardened; callous; cauterized.

sea-son ('zn), *n.* one of the four divisions of the year: *v.t.* to mature; prepare by drying and hardening; render palatable; spice moderately.

sea-son-a-ble (-â-bl), *adj.* occurring or done in proper time; opportune.

sea-son-a-bly (-bli), *adv.* opportunely.

sea-son-ing (-ing), *n.* that which is added to give relish or piquancy to food.

seat (sēt), *n.* a chair; bench; place of sitting; station; site; residence: *v.t.* to cause to sit down; establish; place in any position; instal; fix.

se-cede (sē-sēd'), *v.i.* to withdraw from fellowship, communion, or association.

se-ced-er ('ĕr), *n.* one who secedes.

se-ces-sion (-sesh'un), *n.* withdrawal or separation from association of others.

se-clude (-klōōd'), *v.t.* to keep apart from others.

se-clu-sion (-klōō'zhun), *n.* separation or withdrawal; privacy.

se-clu-sive ('siv), *adj.* keeping in seclusion.

sec-ond (sek'und), *adj.* following the first; next in importance; inferior; subordinate; *n.* one next to the leader in rank or place; a backer; the sixtieth part of a minute of time or of a degree: *pl.* coarse flour: *v.t.* to follow; assist; support the proposer of a motion.

sec-ond-ar-i-ly ('und-â-ri-li), *adv.* in a secondary manner.

sec-ond-a-ry ('ünd-a-ri), *adj.* next in order to the first; of second place; subordinate; inferior.

se-cre-cy (sē'kre-si), *n.* the state of being hidden; concealment; retirement; discretion.

se-cret ('kret), *adj.* hidden or concealed; removed from sight; silent; private: *n.* something unknown or undisclosed. *Syn.* clandestine, hidden.

sec-re-ta-ry ('re-tā-ri), *n.* a person employed to assist in conducting correspondence, etc.; an escritoire.

sec-re-ta-ry-ship (-ship), *n.* the office, or term of office, of a secretary.

se-crete (sē-krēt'), *v.t.* to hide or conceal; separate from the blood, sap, etc.

se-cre-tion (-krē'shun) *n.* the act of separating from a circulating fluid; any substance or fluid secreted.

se-cre-tive ('tiv), *adj.* given to secrecy.

sect (sekt), *n.* a number of persons united in religious or other beliefs.

sec-ta-ri-an (sek-tā'ri-ân), *adj.* characteristic of a sect: *n.* a member of a sect.

sec-ta-ri-an-ism (-ân-izm), *n.* the spirit or principles of a sect.

sec-tile (sek'til), *adj.* capable of being cut.

sec-tion ('shun), *n.* the act of cutting; part or division; slice; distinct part of a country; vertical plan of any structure.

sec-tion-al-ism ('shun-âl-izm), *n.* local patriotism; devotion to sectional interests.

sec-tion-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in a sectional manner.

sec-u-lar ('ū-lâr), *adj.* not spiritual; worldly; temporal: *n.* a layman; a church official connected with the choir.

sec-u-lar-ist (-ist), *n.* one who objects to religious teaching in elementary schools; one who maintains that the duties of this present life should be man's chief concern.

sec-u-lar-ize ('ū-lâr-īz), *v.t.* to convert to secular or common use; render worldly or unspiritual.

se-cund (sē'kund), *adj.* arranged on one side only; unilateral.

se-cure (se-kūr'), *adj.* free from fear or danger; safe; protected; confident: *v.t.* to make safe; guarantee; gain possession of.

se-cure-ly ('li), *adv.* in a secure manner.

se-cur-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* freedom from danger; assurance; certainty; pledge; evidence of debt or property. *Syn.* bail, surety, earnest.

se-dan (-dan'), *n.* a portable covered chair used in the 18th century, and carried by two men. Also sedan-chair.

se-date (sē-dāt'), *adj.* calm; composed; unruffled.

se-date-ly ('li), *adv.* in a sedate manner.

se-date-ness ('nes), *n.* tranquillity; composure.

sed-a-tive (sed'â-tiv), *adj.* allaying irritation; assuaging pain: *n.* a quieting medicine.

sed-en-ta-ry ('en-tār-i), *adj.* much given to sitting; remaining in one place; inactive.

sedge (sej), *n.* a coarse grass growing in swamps.

sed-i-ment (sed'i-ment), *n.* the matter which settles at the bottom of a liquid; dregs; lees.

sed-i-ment-a-ry ('â-ri), *adj.* pertaining to sediment.

se-di-tion (sē-dish'un), *n.* an offense against the state; tumult; assembling in disregard of legal right.

se-di-tious ('us), *adj.* engaged in sedition.

se-duce (dūs'), *v.t.* to entice into evil ways; mislead; corrupt. *Syn.* allure, attract, decoy, deprave.

se-du-cer ('ēr), *n.* one who seduces or leads into vice.

se-duc-tion (-duk'shun), *n.* enticement from virtue.

se-duc-tive ('tiv), *adj.* tending to lead astray; enticing.

se-duc-tive-ly (-li), *adv.* in a seductive manner.

se-du-li-ty (sē-dū'li-ti), *n.* steady diligence.

sed-u-lous (sed'ū-lus), *adj.* steadily industrious; diligent; untiring.

see (sē), *n.* the authority of the papal court; diocese of a bishop: *v.t.* [*p.t.* saw, *p.p.* seen] to perceive by the eye; observe; visit: *v.i.* to discern; examine.

seed (sēd), *n.* that part of a plant that contains the embryo of the future plant; semen; source; offspring; descendants: *v.t.* to sow, or shed the seed.

seed-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* shabbiness; exhaustion or wretchedness.

seed-y ('i), *adj.* abounding with seeds; shabby; miserable.

see-ing (sē'ing), *n.* the power of sight: *conj.* since.

seek (sēk), *v.t.* to go in search of; look for; resort to.

seem (sēm), *v.i.* to appear; resemble truth; pretend.

seem-ing ('ing), *adj.* apparent; specious: *n.* appearance.

seem-li-ness ('li-nes), *n.* propriety; comeliness.

seem-ly ('li), *adj.* fit or becoming; proper; comely.

seen, *p.p.* of see; perceived; beheld.

seer (sēr), *n.* one who foresees future events; a prophet.

see-saw ('saw), *n.* a reciprocating motion: *v.i.* to move up and down on a plank.

seethe (sēth), *v.t.* to boil; decoct; *v.i.* to be hot; be in a boiling state.

seg-ment ('ment), *n.* a part divided or set off; section.

seg-men-ta-tion (-men-tā'-shun), *n.* the act of dividing into segments.

seg-re-gate (seg'rē-gāt), *v.t.* to separate from others.

seg-re-ga-tion (-gā'shun), separation from others.

sei-gnior (sēn'yĕr), *n.* a title of honor in use in Southern Europe.

sei-gnior-age ('yĕr-ej), *n.* a royal right or prerogative.

seine (sān), *n.* a large fishing-net.

seis-mic (sīs'mik), *adj.* pertaining to earthquakes.

seis-mo-graph ('mō-gråf), *n.* an instrument for recording earth movements.

seis-mol-o-gy ('o-ji), *n.* the scientific study of earthquakes.

seiz-a-ble (sēz'å-bl), *adj.* capable of being seized.

seize (sēz), *v.t.* to take forcibly; grasp; snatch; comprehend.

seiz-in ('in), *n.* the act of taking possession; thing possessed.

seiz-ure ('ūr), *n.* the act of seizing; sudden attack.

sel-dom (sel'dum), *adv.* rarely; not often.

se-lect (se-lekt'), *adj.* more valuable; nicely chosen; choice; *v.t.* to take by preference; choose.

se-lec-tion (-lek'shun), *n.* the act of selecting; the thing selected.

sel-e-ni-um (-ē'ni-um), *n.* a non-metallic elementary substance resembling lead.

sel-e-nog-ra-phy (sel-e-nog'rå-fi), *n.* a description of the moon's surface.

self (self), *n.* one's own person; personal interest; identity: *adj.* very; particular.

self-ish ('ish), *adj.* attentive only to one's own interests; egotistical.

sell (sel), *v.t.* to transfer property, goods, etc., for money; make a bargain of; vend; betray for a reward: *n.* a hoax; an imposition.

sel-vage (sel'vej), *n.* the edge of cloth; woven border.

selves, *pl.* of self.

sem-a-phore (sem'å-fōr), *n.* an apparatus for making visible signals.

sem-blance ('blåns), *n.* likeness; appearance.

se-men (sē'men), *n.* sperm; seed of plants.

sem-i-col-on (sem'i-'kōl-on), *n.* a mark in punctuation (;).

sem-i-nal ('i-nål), *adj.* pertaining to seed; original.

sem-i-na-ry (sem'i-na-ri), *n.* a place of education; academy.

Sem-ite (sem'īt), *n.* one of the Semitic race.

Se-mit-ic (se-mit'ik), *adj.* pertaining to the Hebrew and allied races and languages.

semp-stress (semp'stres), *n.* a woman who does needlework.

Sen-ate (sen'åt), *n.* the upper house of Congress or of a state legislature; a legislative body.

sen-a-tor ('å-tĕr), *n.* a member of a senate.

sen-a-to-ri-al (-tō'ri-ål), *adj.* pertaining to a senator or a senate.

send (send), *v.t.* to throw or impel; cause to go: *v.i.* to dispatch a messenger; pitch, as a vessel. *Syn.* project, discharge.

se-nile (sē'nīl or nil), *adj.* pertaining to old age.

se-nil-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* the state of being senile; old age.

sen-ior (sēn'yĕr), *adj.* prior in age or office; elder: *n.*

one older than another; one preceding in rank or office.

sen-ior-i-ty (-yor'i-ti), *n.* priority in age or office.

sen-sate (sen'sāt), *adj.* perceived through the senses.

sen-sa-tion (-sā'shun), *n.* perception by the senses; spiritual or physical affections; excited feeling.

sen-sa-tion-al (-ăl), *adj.* fitted to excite interest.

sen-sa-tion-al-ism (-izm), *n.* sensational writing or language.

sense (sens), *n.* the faculty by which objects are perceived; discernment; correct judgment; meaning; signification. *Syn.* appreciation, perception, feeling.

sense-less ('les), *adj.* unconscious; foolish; stupid; nonsensical; opposed to reason.

sen-si-bil-i-ty (sen-si-bil'-i-ti), *n.* the quality of being sensible; acuteness of perception; delicacy of feeling.

sen-si-ble ('si-bl), *adj.* perceptible; easily affected; delicate; reasonable; intelligent. *Syn.* wise, sound, conscious, aware.

sen-si-bly (-bli), *adv.* perceptibly; with good sense; appreciably.

sen-si-tive ('si-tiv), *adj.* having keen sense or feeling; easily affected.

sen-si-tive-ness (-nes), *n.* the quality of being sensitive.

sen-so-ri-um (-sen-so'ri-um), *n.* the central seat of sensation; the brain.

sen-su-al ('shū-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to the senses; carnal; voluptuous.

sen-su-al-ism (-izm), *n.* sensuality; subjugation to sensual desires.

sen-su-al-i-ty (al'i-ti), *n.* the state of being sensual; carnal indulgence.

sent, *p.t. & p.p.* of send.

sen-tence ('tens), *n.* judgment or decision; a series of words conveying a complete thought: *v.t.* to condemn by judgment of a court.

sen-ten-tious (-ten'shus), *adj.* short and energetic; terse; abounding in axioms.

sen-ti-ence ('shi-ens), *n.* the state of being sentient.

sen-ti-ent ('shi-ent), *adj.* having the faculty of sensation and perception.

sen-ti-ment ('ti-ment), *n.* a thought prompted by feeling; opinion; sensibility; feeling; maxim; a toast.

sen-ti-men-tal (-men'tăl), *adj.* appealing to sentiment rather than reason; affectedly tender; romantic.

sen-ti-men-tal-ism (-izm), *n.* the quality of being sentimental.

sen-ti-men-tal-ly (-li), *adv.* in a sentimental manner.

sen-ti-nel ('ti-nel), *n.* a soldier on guard; a sentry.

sen-try ('tri), *n.* one who watches or keeps guard.

sep-a-ra-bil-i-ty (-ă-rā-bil'i-ti), *n.* the quality of being separable.

sep-a-ra-ble ('ă-rā-bl), *adj.* capable of being divided.

sep-a-rate ('ă-rāt), *v.t.* to part or divide; disunite; disconnect; withdraw: *adj.* divided from the rest; distinct.

sep-a-rate-ly (-li), *adv.* in a separate manner.

sep-a-ra-tion (-rā'shun), *n.* disconnection; legal disunion of married persons.

sep-sis ('sis), *n.* a putrefactive condition.

Sep-tem-ber (sep-tem'ber), *n.* the ninth month of the year.

sep-ten-a-ry ('ten-a-ri), *adj.* consisting of seven years.

sep-tic (sep'tik), *adj.* having the power to promote putrefaction: *n.* a substance having such an effect.

sep-ti-ce-mi-a, (-ti-sē'mi-ă), *n.* blood-poisoning.

sep-tu-ag-e-na-ri-an (-tū-aj-e-nā'ri-ăn), *n.* a person 70 years old.

sep-tu-ple ('tū-pl), *adj.* sevenfold.

se-pul-chral (sē-pul'krăl), *adj.* pertaining to a sepulcher; grave or hollow toned.

sep-ul-cher, sep-ul-chre (sep'ul-kēr), *n.* a grave or tomb: *v.t.* to bury.

sep-ul-ture ('ul-tūr), *n.* burial.

se-quel (sē'kwel), *n.* succeeding part or result; consequence.

se-quence ('kwens), *n.* order of succession; series; result.

se-quent ('kwent), *adj.* following; consequent.

se-ques-ter (-kwes'tér), *v.t.* to separate from the owner; withdraw; seclude.

se-ques-tered ('tērd), *adj.* secluded; retired.

Se-quoi-a (se-kwoi'ȧ), *n.* a genus of gigantic trees comprising the redwood and "big tree" of California.

se-ra-pe (sā-rȧ'pā), *n.* a Mexican blanket or shawl worn by men.

ser-aph (ser'áf), *n.* an angel of the highest order.

ser-aph-ic (sē-raf'ik), *adj.* sublime; angelic.

sere (sēr), *adj.* dry; wiltered [Poet.].

ser-e-nade (ser'e-nād), *n.* evening music in the open air; music under a lady's window at night: *v.t.* to entertain in this way.

se-rene (sē-rēn'), *adj.* calm; unclouded; placid.

se-rene-ly ('li), *adv.* unruffled; calmly.

se-ren-i-ty (-ren'i-ti), *n.* calmness of mind; composure.

serf (sērf), *n.* one in servitude.

serge (sērj), *n.* a twilled woolen stuff.

ser-gean-cy (sär'jen-si), *n.* the office of a sergeant.

ser-geant ('jent), *n.* a non-commissioned officer ranking next above a corporal.

se-ri-al (sē'ri-ȧl), *adj.* consisting of a series; published in successive parts: *n.* a periodical; work issued in parts.

se-ri-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in a series.

se-ri-a-tim (-ā'tim), *adv.* in regular order.

ser-i-cul-ture (ser'i-kul-tūr), *n.* the culture of silkworms.

se-ries (sē'rēz), *n.* related things or events coming in order; sequence.

se-ri-ous ('ri-us), *adj.* grave; in earnest; weighty; solemn.

ser-mon (sēr'mun), *n.* a discourse on a text of Scripture.

ser-mon-ize (-īz), *v.i.* to compose a sermon; preach.

se-rous (sē'rus), *adj.* pertaining to serum; thin; watery.

ser-pent (ser'pent), *n.* a creeping reptile with a long body and no feet; a musical instrument.

ser-pen-tine ('pen-tīn), *adj.* moving or winding like a serpent; zigzag; subtle: *n.* a variety of mineral susceptible of a fine polish.

ser-rate (ser'āt), *adj.* notched on the edge like a saw. Also serrated.

ser-ried ('id), *adj.* crowded; pressed together.

se-rum (sē'rum), *n.* the thin part of the blood or of milk.

serv-ant (sērv'ȧnt), *n.* one who serves another; a domestic; subordinate.

serve (sērv), *v.t.* to work for; wait on; yield obedience to; worship; supply with, as food, etc.: *v.i.* to be employed in labor; suit; be in subjection.

serv-ice (sērv'is), *n.* the work of a servant; naval or military duty; spiritual obedience; course of dishes at table; waiting at table; assistance to another.

serv-ice-a-ble ('is-ȧ-bl), *adj.* useful; beneficial.

serv-ice-a-bly (-bli), *adv.* in a serviceable manner.

serv-ile ('īl or 'il), *adj.* obsequious; cringing; fawning.

ser-vil-i-ty (sēr-vil'i-ti), *n.* mean submission or obsequiousness; baseness.

ser-i-tude ('i-tūd), *n.* the condition of a servant or slave; bondage.

ses-sile ('il), *adj.* without a foot-stalk.

ses-sion (sesh'un), *n.* a stated meeting of a public body; time of assemblage.

set (set), *v.t.* to put in position; fix; spread, as sails; sharpen; regulate or adjust; assign or prescribe; compose, as type, etc.: *v.i.* to sink below the horizon; strike root; apply one's self: *adj.* established; regular; determined; formal; obstinate; immovable: *n.* the act of setting; direction; number of persons associated together; clique.

set-tee (-tē'), *n.* a long seat with a back.

set-ter ('ēr), *n.* a species of hunting-dog.

set-ting ('ing), *n.* direction of a current of wind; that which sets or holds, as the mounting of a jewel; hardening.

set-tle (set'l), *v.t.* to place in a fixed state; establish; cause to sink; free from uncertainty; compose; fix by a legal act; pay; clear of dregs; colonize: *v.i.* to grow calm or clear; sink to the bottom; cease from agitation; adjust accounts; establish

a home. *Syn.* arrange, adjust, regulate.

set-tle-ment (-ment), *n.* the state of being settled; liquidation; adjustment; subsidence; a colony newly settled.

set-tler ('lẽr), *n.* a colonist; that which decides a contest.

sev-en (sev'n), *n.* the sum of six and one: *adj.* consisting of one more than six.

sev-en-fold (-fold), *adv.* seven times as much.

sev-en-teen (-tẽn), *adj.* one more than sixteen.

sev-en-teenth (tẽnth), *adj.* noting the next after the sixteenth.

sev-enth (sev'nth), *adj.* next in order after the sixth.

sev-en-ti-eth ('n-ti-eth), *adj.* next in order after the sixty-ninth.

sev-en-ty (-ti), *n.* the sum of 10 times 7.

sev-er (sev'ẽr), *v.t.* to separate with violence; cut open or through; keep distinct.

sev-er-al (-ål), *adj.* distinct; separate; consisting of more than two, but not many. *Syn.* sundry, divers, many.

sev-er-al-ly (-li), *adv.* separately; individually.

sev-er-al-ty (-ti), *n.* a state of separation.

sev-er-ance (-åns), *n.* separation; partition.

se-vere (se-vẽr'), *adj.* strict; austere; harsh; grave; inclement; painful; critical. *Syn.* harsh, stern, stringent.

se-vere-ly ('li), *adv.* in a severe manner.

se-ver-i-ty (-ver'i-ti), *n.* harshness; rigor; strictness; inclemency.

sew (sõ), *v.t.* to unite with a needle and thread.

sew-age (sũ'ej), *n.* the foul matter carried off by a sewer.

sew-er ('ẽr), *n.* a channel to carry off water and foul matter from a town.

sew-er-age (-ej), *n.* the system of sewers of a city, town, etc.

sex (seks), *n.* the distinction between male and female.

sex-a-ge-na-ri-an (-å-je-nã'riån), *n.* one who is sixty years old.

sex-less (seks'les), *adj.* destitute of sex; neuter.

sex-tant ('tånt), *n.* the sixth part of a circle; an instrument for measuring angular distances of the sun, moon, etc.

sex-ton ('tun), *n.* an official of a church whose duty it is to attend to burials, take care of the church, etc.

sex-u-al ('ũ-ål), *adj.* characteristic of sex; pertaining to the organs of generation.

sex-u-al-i-ty (-al'i-ti), *n.* the state of being distinguished by sex.

sex-u-al-ly ('ũ-al-li), *adv.* with reference or relation to sex.

shab-bi-ly (shab'i-li), *adv.* in a shabby manner.

shab-bi-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state of being shabby.

shab-by ('i), *adj.* threadbare or worn, as clothes; mean in appearance or conduct; despicable.

shack (shak), *n.* shabby old house; hut; log cabin.

shack-le (shak'l), *n.* fetters; handcuffs; the bar of a padlock: *v.t.* to fetter; embarrass or hinder.

shad (shad), *n.* a valuable American food fish.

shade (shãd), *n.* interception of the rays of light; a shady place; screen or cover; the soul after death: *v.t.* to screen from light or heat; darken or obscure; shelter; paint in obscure colors.

sha-di-ly ('di-li), *adv.* in a shady manner.

shad-ow (shad'õ), *n.* shade caused by intercepting the rays of light; dark part of a picture; obscurity: *v.t.* to shade; darken or cloud; conceal or screen.

shad-ow-y ('i), *adj.* full of shadows; dim; unreal.

sha-dy (shã'di), *adj.* causing shade; sheltered from light; dubious; equivocal.

shaft (shåft), *n.* an arrow; the entrance to a mine; carriage-pole; handle; straight part of a column.

shaft-ing ('ing), *n.* a system of shafts for transmitting power.

shag (shag), *n.* a kind of tobacco; rough, woolly hair; a bushy mass.

shag-gi-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the quality of being shaggy.

shag-gy ('i), *adj.* rough with long hair or wool.

sha-green (shå-grẽn'), *n.* the skin of sharks, horses, etc., prepared as leather: *adj.* made of shagreen.

shah (shä), *n.* the sovereign of Persia.

shake (shāk), *v.t.* to cause to shiver; agitate; give a tremulous note: *v.i.* to tremble or quake. *Syn.* shudder, quiver, quake.

shak-o (shak'ō), *n.* a kind of military cap.

shak-y (shāk'i), *adj.* feeble; full of cracks; unsound.

shale (shāl), *n.* a husk; a slaty rock.

shall (shal), *v.i.* & *auxil.* [*p.t.* should], to be under obligation: used in the future tense of the verb.

shal-loon (-ōōn'), *n.* a kind of twilled worsted stuff.

shal-lop ('op), *n.* a schooner-rigged two-masted boat; a small boat or canoe.

shal-low ('ō), *adj.* not deep; empty; trifling; a place where the water is not deep. *Syn.* superficial, flimsy, slight.

sham (sham), *n.* a false pretense; imposture; counterfeit: *adj.* feigned; false; unreal: *v.i.* to make false pretenses.

sham-ble (sham'bl), *v.i.* to walk unsteadily; shuffle: *n.pl.* a slaughter-house.

sham-bling ('bling), *n.* an awkward, unsteady pace.

shame (shām), *n.* sense of guilt or dishonor; reproach incurred or suffered; modesty or decorum: *v.t.* to make ashamed; cover with disgrace. *Syn.* disgrace, dishonor.

shame-faced ('fāst), *adj.* bashful.

shame-ful ('fool), *adj.* causing shame; disgraceful; indecent.

shame-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in a shameful manner.

shame-less ('les), *adj.* destitute of shame.

sham-poo (-pōō'), *v.t.* to rub and press the limbs after a hot bath; to cleanse and rub the head with soap, etc.: *n.* the act of shampooing.

sham-rock ('rok), *n.* a trefoil clover plant; the Irish national emblem.

shank (shangk), *n.* the leg from the knee to the ankle; long part of any instrument.

shan-ty (shan'ti), *n.* a rude hut.

shape (shāp), *n.* the form of a thing; external appearance; pattern: *v.t.* to form; fashion; mould.

shape-ly ('li), *adj.* well-formed; symmetrical.

shard (shärd), *n.* a potsherd; a fragment.

share (shār), *n.* an allotted part; dividend; plowshare: *v.t.* to divide; possess in common; use with others. *Syn.* portion, lot, quota.

shark (shärk), *n.* a large voracious fish; a rapacious fellow.

sharp (shärp), *adj.* having a thin edge or fine point; keen; acute; subtle: *n.* a character (♯) in music.

sharp-en ('en), *v.t.* to make sharp; give edge or point to.

sharp-er ('ēr), *n.* a cheat; swindler.

shat-ter (shat-ēr), *v.t.* to break into pieces; overthrow; dissipate.

shave (shāv), *v.t.* to cut or pare off; cut in thin slices; skim near the surface; plunder or fleece: *n.* the process of shaving.

shav-ing ('ing), *n.* a thin slice pared off.

shawl (shawl), *n.* a square cloth to cover the shoulders, etc.: *v.t.* to wrap with a shawl.

sheaf (shēf), *n.* a quantity of grain bound together; a bundle; a quiver of arrows: *v.t.* to gather or bind into sheaves.

shear (shēr), *v.t.* to cut or clip; reap: *v.i.* to use shears: *n.pl.* a cutting instrument operating like scissors; an apparatus to raise heavy weights.

sheath (shēth), *n.* a scabbard; a case.

sheathe (shē*th*), *v.t.* to put into a sheath or scabbard; cover for security.

sheave (shēv), *n.* a grooved wheel in a pulley over which the rope runs.

shed (shed), *v.t.* to pour out or diffuse; emit: *v.i.* to let fall or cast off seed: *n.* a slight building.

sheen (shēn), *n.* brightness; splendor: *adj.* bright; glittering.

sheep (shēp), *n.* a domestic animal valued for its wool and flesh; a foolish, bashful fellow.

sheer (shēr), *adj.* pure; unmixed; very thin or transparent; precipitous: *v.i.* to deviate from a course.

sheet (shēt), *n.* linen to cover a bed; broad piece of paper; letter; newspaper; broad expanse of surface; rope attached to a sail to extend it.

shelf (shelf) *n.* a flat ledge or board for holding anything; a sandbank or ledge of rock.

shell (shel), *n.* a hard covering; any framework; a hollow

projectile; lightly constructed boat: *v.t.* to strip off the shell of; take out of the shell; separate from the ear or cob, as corn; throw bombs into a place.

shel-lac ('ăk), *n.* crude resin lac in thin plates.

shel-ter ('tĕr), *n.* security; asylum; harbor; defense: *v.t.* to protect from injury or violence; conceal. *Syn.* cover, defend, protect, shield.

shelve (shelv), *v.t.* to place on a shelf; furnish with a shelf; put aside: *v.i.* to incline gradually; slope.

shelv-ing ('ing), *n.* materials for shelves.

shep-herd (shep'ĕrd), *n.* one who tends sheep; a pastor.

sher-bet (shĕr'bet), *n.* water and fruit juices.

sherd (shĕrd), *n.* a fragment; a potsherd.

sher-iff (sher'if), *n.* the chief executive officer of a county.

sher-iff-al-ty (-ăl-ti), *n.* the jurisdiction of a sheriff.

sher-ry ('i), *n.* a Spanish wine.

shield (shēld), *n.* a defensive sheet of armor; defense or protection; an escutcheon: *v.t.* to ward off or avert.

shift (shift), *n.* a change; substitution; chemise: *v.t.* to change the place of; dress in fresh clothes: *v.i.* resort to expedients.

shift-less ('les), *adj.* destitute of expedients; lazy; improvident.

shift-y ('i), *adj.* full of expedients; changeable.

shil-ling ('ing), *n.* a silver British coin.

shim-mer (shim'ĕr), *v.t.* to shine tremulously; flicker: *n.* a tremulous gleam.

shin (shin), *n.* the forepart of the leg above the ankle; shank.

shin-dy ('di), *n.* an uproar; spree; fancy.

shine (shīn), *v.i.* to emit rays of light; be bright or beautiful; be conspicuous: *n.* sunshine; row; prank. *Syn.* glare, glitter, radiate, sparkle.

shin-gle (shing'gl), *n.* a thin board used for roofing; loose pebbles or gravel: *pl.* a cutaneous disease which spreads round the body: *v.t.* to roof with shingles.

shin-ing (shīn'ing), *adj.* emitting light; radiant; eminent; distinguished.

shin-y (shīn'i), *adj.* diffusing light; bright.

ship (ship), *n.* a large vessel with three masts and square-rigged: *v.t.* to place on board a ship; carry by water: *v.i.* engage for service on board ship.

ship-board ('bōrd), *n.* the deck of a ship

ship-shape ('shāp), *adj.* in good order: *adv.* neatly.

shirk (shĕrk), *v.t.* to avoid; get off from duty.

shirt (shĕrt), *n.* a man's under garment.

shoal (shōl), *n.* a sand bank or bar; a throng, as of fishes: *adj.* shallow; *v.i.* to grow shallow.

shock (shok), *n.* a sudden shake; offense: *v.t.* to strike with disgust or terror.

shock-ing ('ing), *adj.* causing to shake or tremble; extremely offensive or disgusting.

shod, *p.t.* of shoe.

shod-dy (shod'i), *n.* cloth made of refuse from old woolen goods: *adj.* made of shoddy; not genuine; sham.

shoe (shōō), *n.* a covering for the foot; anything in the shape of a shoe: *v.t.* to furnish with shoes.

shone, *p.t.* & *p.p.* of shine.

shook (shook), *p.t.* of shake: *n.* a bundle of staves.

shoot (shōōt), *v.t.* to discharge as a gun; strike with a shot; emit; cause to grow forth: *v.i.* to protrude or project; rush along; sprout: *n.* a young branch or growth; chute.

shoot-ing ('ing), *n.* wounding and killing with a firearm; sensation of darting pain.

shop (shop), *n.* a building for making or selling goods: *v.i.* to visit shops for buying goods.

shop-lift-ing ('lift-ing), *n.* stealing goods from a shop or store.

shore (shōr), *n.* the coast adjacent to the sea, etc.; a prop or support: *v.t.* to support by props.

shorn, *p.t.* of shear.

short (shôrt), *adj.* not long; inadequate; deficient; abrupt; petulant; brittle: *adv.* abruptly; quickly. *Syn.* brief, concise, succinct.

short-en ('n), *v.t.* to make shorter; to lessen.

short-hand ('hand), *n.* writing by abbreviated symbols.

short-ly ('li), *adv.* soon; quickly, curtly.

shot (shot), *n.* discharge of a firearm, etc.; bullet or ball; small balls of lead for killing game; a marksman.

should, *p.t.* of shall.

shoul-der (shōl'dĕr), *n.* the joint articulation connecting the arm or fore-leg with the body; a prominence; support: *v.t.* to take on the shoulder; assume the responsibility of.

shout (shout), *n.* a loud cry of joy, triumph, encouragement, etc.: *v.i.* to cry loudly.

shove (shuv), *n.* a forcible push: *v.t.* to push along; drive before one.

shov-el ('l), *n.* an implement for lifting and throwing coal, etc.: *v.t.* to throw with a shovel.

show (shō), *v.t.* to present to view; display; disclose; make clear; direct: *v.i.* to appear; manifest one's self: *n.* exposure to sight; ostentatious display; pretense. *Syn.* indicate, mark, exhibit.

show-er (shou'ĕr), *n.* a brief fall of rain; copious supply of anything: *v.t.* to bestow liberally: *v.i.* to rain in showers.

show-er-y ('ĕr-i), *adj.* abounding in showers.

show-i-ly (shō'i-li), *adv.* in a showy manner.

show-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* ostentation; parade.

show-y ('i), *adj.* ostentatious; gay; fine.

shrank, *p.t.* of shrink.

shred (shred), *n.* a small piece torn or cut off; piece or fragment: *v.t.* to tear into small pieces.

shrew (shrōō), *n.* a scolding, vexatious woman; a small, insectivorous animal.

shrewd (shrōōd), *adj.* of nice discernment; sagacious; sly; astute.

shrew-ish (shrōō'ish), *adj.* like a shrew.

shriek (shrēk), *v.i.* to utter a shrill cry: *n.* a sharp, shrill outcry.

shriev-al-ty (shrēv'ăl-ti), *n.* the office of a sheriff.

shrift (shrift), *n.* confession to a priest; absolution.

shrill (shril), *adj.* sharp and piercing in tone.

shrimp (shrimp), *n* a small shell-fish; a dwarf.

shrine (shrīn), *n.* a case for sacred relics; any sacred place or hallowed object; an altar.

shrink (shringk), *v.i.* to contract; become wrinkled; recoil.

shrink-age ('ej), *n.* the contraction; decrease in value.

shrive (shrīv), *v.t.* to hear or receive confession.

shriv-el (shriv'l), *v.i.* to be drawn into wrinkles; contract.

shroud (shroud), *n.* a covering for the dead: *pl.* a set of large ropes supporting a ship's masts: *v.t.* to cover with a shroud; conceal.

shrove, *p.t.* of shrive.

shrub (shrub), *n.* a woody plant of less size than a tree.

shrub-ber-y ('ĕr-i), *n.* a collection or plantation of shrubs.

shrug (shrug), *v.t.* to draw up the shoulders as expressing doubt or contempt: *n.* a contracting of the shoulders.

shrunk, *p.t.* & *p.p.* of shrink.

shrunk-en (shrungk'en), *p.adj.* shriveled up.

shud-der (shud'ĕr), *n.* a trembling with fear or horror; cold shivering: *v.i.* to tremble or shiver from fear or horror.

shud-der-ing (-ing), *p.adj.* trembling as with fear or horror.

shuf-fle (shuf'l), *v.t* to push from one to another; change the relative positions of: *v.i.* to change the order of cards in a pack; evade fair questions; prevaricate: *n.* artifice or evasion; slovenly, irregular gait.

shuf-fling ('ling), *adj.* moving with a slovenly gait.

shun (shun), *v.t.* to avoid; keep clear of; escape from; neglect.

shunt (shunt), *v.t.* to turn off the main line of rails: *n.* a turning off to a side rail; a railroad siding.

shut (shut), *v.t.* to close; bar; exclude: *v.i.* to become closed.

shut-ter ('ĕr), *n.* a movable screen for a window.

shut-tle ('l), *n.* an instrument used in weaving.

shut-tle-cock (-kok), *n.* a toy used with a battledore.

shy (shī), *adj.* timid; shunning approach; reserved; suspi-

cious: *v.i.* to start aside from fear: *v.t.* to fling: *n.* a starting aside; a side throw.

shy-ly ('li), *adv.* in a shy manner.

shy-ness ('nes), *n.* the state of being shy.

sib-i-lant ('i-lânt), *adj.* making a hissing sound: *n.* a sibilant letter, as *s*, *z*.

sib-yl ('il), *n.* a fortune teller; prophetess.

sic (sik), *adj.* such [Scotch]: *adv.* thus [Latin].

sic-cate (sik'ât), *v.t.* to dry for preservation.

sick (sik), *adj.* ill in health; affected with nausea; inclined to vomit; indisposed. *Syn.* diseased, sickly, unhealthy.

sick-en ('n), *v.i.* to become sick; be filled with disgust.

sick-en-ing (-ing), *adj.* making sick; nauseating; disgusting.

sick-le ('l), *n.* a reaping hook.

sick-ly ('li), *adj.* ailing; weak; indisposed.

sick-ness ('nes), *n.* the state of being in bad health; illness; diseased condition.

side (sīd), *n.* the broad part of a solid; edge; part of an animal between shoulder and hip; slope or declivity: *v.i.* to become a partisan in politics, etc.

side-board ('bôrd), *n.* a piece of dining-room furniture.

side-long ('lông), *adv.* obliquely: *adj.* lateral.

si-de-re-al (sī-dē'rē-âl), *adj.* pertaining to the stars.

sid-ing ('ing), *n.* a railroad track for switching, etc.: *p.adj.* taking sides.

sid-le ('l), *v.i.* to go or move side foremost.

siege (sēj), *n.* the investing of a fortified place; continued endeavor to obtain possession.

si-er-ra (sē-er'â), *n.* a chain of mountains with serrated ridges.

si-es-ta (-es'tâ), *n.* midday or after-dinner nap.

sieve (siv), *n.* a utensil for sifting ashes, etc.

sift (sift), *v.t.* to separate with a sieve; scrutinize.

sigh (sī), *v.i.* to emit breath audibly; grieve; lament: *n.* the act of sighing.

sight (sīt), *n.* the act of seeing; perception; spectacle; view; a guide for aiming on a gun.

sight-li-ness ('li-nes), *n.* the state of being sightly.

sight-ly ('li), *adj.* pleasing to the eye.

sign (sīn), *n.* a token or symbol; visible representation; indication; the twelfth part of the zodiac; wonder; signboard: *v.t.* to affix a signature to: *v.i.* to make a sign or signal.

sig-nal (sig'nâl), *n.* a sign for giving notice: *adj.* memorable; remarkable: *v.t.* to make signals to.

sig-nal-ize (-īz), *v.t.* to make conspicuous.

sig-na-ture ('nâ-tūr), *n.* name of a person written by himself; sign-manual.

sig-net (sig'net), *n.* a state or royal seal; private seal.

sig-nif-i-cance (-nif'i-kâns), *n.* meaning or import; consequence.

sig-nif-i-cant (-kânt), *adj.* suggestive; important. *Syn.* expressive, material.

sig-nif-i-ca-tion (-kā'shun), *n.* the act of signifying; meaning. *Syn.* import, sense.

sig-ni-fy ('ni-fī), *v.t.* to denote; make known; involve: *v.i.* to be of consequence.

si-lage. Same as ensilage.

si-lence (sī'lens), *n.* absence of sound; taciturnity; oblivion: *v.t.* to make silent.

si-lent ('lent), *adj.* noiseless; taciturn; quiet. *Syn.* dumb, mute, speechless.

sil-hou-ette (sil-ōō-et'), *n.* an outline or profile filled in with black.

sil-i-ca ('i-kâ), *n.* the oxide of the element silicon; quartz; flint.

silk (silk), *n.* the fine thread spun by the silkworm; cloth or garment made of silk: *adj.* pertaining to silk.

silk-en ('en), *adj.* made of, or like silk.

silk-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the quality of being silky.

silk-y ('i), *adj.* resembling silk; silken.

sill (sil), *n.* the foundation of timber or stone at the bottom of a door or window or of a house.

sil-li-bub ('i-bub), *n.* a beverage made of cream, wine, or cider. Also sillabub; syllabub.

sil-li-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state of being silly.

sil-ly ('i), *adj.* weak in intellect; foolish; indiscreet.

si-lo (sī'lō), *n.* a store pit for green fodder, potatoes, etc.

silt (silt), *n.* mud or sand deposited by water: *v.t.* to fill up with silt.

sil-ver (sil'vĕr), *n.* a soft, white metal used for money, etc.: *adj.* made of silver: *v.t.* to cover or coat with silver.

sil-ver-ing (-ing), *n.* the process of covering with silver.

sil-ver-y (-i), *adj.* covered with, containing, or like, silver; soft and clear in sound.

sim-i-an (sim'i-ăn), *n.* an ape or monkey: *adj.* apelike.

sim-i-lar ('i-lăr), *adj.* having a general likeness.

sim-i-lar-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* resemblance.

sim-i-le ('i-lē), *n.* a similitude; comparison.

sim-mer ('ĕr), *v.t.* & *v.i.* to boil gently.

sim-o-ny (sim'o-ni), *n.* the crime of buying or selling ecclesiastical preferment.

si-moom (si-mōōm'), *n.* a hot, dry, suffocating, desert wind. Also simoon.

sim-per (sim'pĕr), *v.i.* to smile in a silly manner: *n.* affected or silly smile.

sim-ple (sim'pl), *adj.* single; undivided; not compounded; plain; unadorned; unaffected; weak in intellect; *n.* something unmixed; a medicinal herb. *Syn.* plain, artless.

sim-ple-ton (-tun), *n.* one of weak intellect.

sim-plic-i-ty (-plis'i-ti), *n.* artlessness; absence of ornament; clearness; innocence; folly.

sim-pli-fy ('pli-fī), *v.t.* to make simple or plain.

sim-ply ('pli), *adv.* only; plainly; merely; foolishly.

sim-u-late ('ū-lāt), *v.t.* to counterfeit; imitate. *Syn.* dissemble, pretend.

sim-u-la-tion (-lā'shun), *n.* the act of feigning.

sim-ul-ta-ne-ous (-ul-tā'nē-us), *adj.* happening, or existing at the same time.

sin (sin), *n.* violation of the laws of morality and religion; transgression; iniquity: *v.i.* to trangress or offend.

since (sins), *adv.* from that time; *prep.* after: *conj.* because; considering that.

sin-cere (sin-sēr'), *adj.* true; honest; unfeigned; frank; upright. *Syn.* candid, hearty, real.

sin-cere-ly (-li), *adj.* in a sincere manner.

sin-cer-i-ty (-ser'i-ti), *n.* freedom from hypocrisy or pretense. Also sincereness.

si-ne-cure (sī'ne-kūr), *n.* an office with salary but little or no work.

sin-ew (sin'ū), *n.* a tendon; anything supplying strength.

sin-ew-y (-i), *adj.* vigorous; tough.

sin-ful ('fool), *adj.* full of sin; wicked; impious.

sin-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in a sinful manner.

sing (sing), *v.i.* to utter melodious sounds; celebrate in verse.

singe (sinj), *v.t.* to burn slightly on the surface: *n.* a slight burn.

sin-gle (sing'gl), *adj.* alone; separate; unmarried; sincere; honest: *v.t.* to select; separate.

sin-gle-ness (-nes), *n.* the state of being single; sincerity.

sin-gly ('gli), *adv.* individually; particularly.

sin-gu-lar ('gū-lĕr), *adj.* noting one person or thing; uncommon; strange; peculiar; odd; unique.

sin-gu-lar-i-ty (-lar'i-ti), *n.* peculiarity; oddity.

sin-is-ter ('is-tĕr), *adj.* inauspicious; ill-omened; corrupt; dishonest; on the left hand or side.

sink (singk), *v.i.* to fall to the bottom; descend; decline; subside: *v.t.* to lower in value or amount: *n.* a drain to carry off kitchen water.

sin-ner (sin'ĕr), *n.* one who sins; an offender.

sin-u-os-i-ty (sin-ū-os'i-ti), *n.* a wavy line.

sin-u-ous ('ū-us), *adj.* bending in and out; winding; crooked.

si-nus (sī'nus), *n.* a bay or recess; cavity; fistula.

sip (sip), *v.t.* to imbibe in small quantities; draw into the mouth; taste: *n.* the act of sipping.

si-phon (sī'fon), *n.* a bent pipe or tube used for drawing and transferring liquids.

Sir (sĕr), *n.* the title of a baronet or knight; a term of respect.

sire (sīr), *n.* a term of respect to a king; father; head of a family; male of beasts.

si-ren (sī'ren), *n.* a fabled singing nymph; a fascinating, wily woman; a foghorn; *adj.* like a siren; bewitching.

sir-loin (sĕr'loin), *n.* the loin of beef.

si-roc-co (si-rok'ō), *n.* a hot wind from the Libyan deserts.

sir-rah (sir'ȧ), *n.* a term of reproach or contempt.

sis-ter (sis'tĕr), *n.* a female born of the same parents as another person.

sis-ter-hood (-hood), *n.* a religious society of women.

sit (sit), *v.i.* to repose on a seat; perch; occupy a seat officially; incubate; hold a session.

site (sīt), *n.* local position; ground-plot.

sit-ting (sit'ing), *adj.* resting on the haunches; perching; incubating: *n.* a seat in a church, etc.; a session; set of eggs for incubation.

sit-u-a-ted (sit'ū-ā-ted), *adj.* placed, or fixed.

sit-u-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* position; locality; circumstances; office; employment. *Syn.* condition, plight, state.

six (siks), *adj.* one more than 5: *n.* the number greater by one than 5.

six-teen ('tēn), *adj.* 15 and one more.

six-teenth (tēnth), *adj.* next in order after the fifteenth.

sixth (sīksth), *adj.* first after the fifth.

six-ti-eth (siks'ti-eth), *adj.* next in order after the fifty-ninth.

six-ty ('ti), *n.* the product of 6 and 10; *adj.* 10 times 6.

siz-a-ble (īz'ȧ-bl), *adj.* of considerable size.

size (sīz), *n.* a thin glue; magnitude or bulk: *v.t.* to prepare with size; adjust according to bulk. *Syn.* greatness, magnitude, dimension.

siz-zle (siz'l), *v.i.* to make a hissing sound.

skate (skāt), *n.* a kind of flat fish; a metallic runner for sliding over ice: *v.i.* to slide on skates.

skein (skān), *n.* a quantity of thread, silk, etc., coiled together.

skel-e-ton (skel'e-tun), *n.* the bones of an animal set in natural position; framework of anything; outline.

skep-tic (skep'tik), *n.* one who doubts; an adherent of philosophical doubt. *Syn.* deist, doubter, infidel.

skep-tic-al ('ȧl), *adj.* characterized by skepticism; given to doubt.

skep-ti-cism ('ti-sizm), *n.* incredulity; doubt; unbelief in any special doctrine or system.

sketch (skech), *n.* an outline; rough draft; preliminary study: *v.t.* to draw the outline of: *v.i.* to make sketches. *Syn.* design, draft, plan.

sketch-i-ly ('i-li), *adv.* in a sketchy manner.

sketch-y ('i), *adj.* outlined; unfinished.

skew (skū), *adj.* oblique: *adv.* obliquely.

skew-er ('ĕr), *n.* a pin of wood or metal to fasten meat: *v.t.* to fasten with a skewer.

ski (skē), *n.pl.* long wooden runners used as snowshoes.

skid (skid), *n.* a wheel wedge to retard the motion of a vehicle; a fender to protect the side of a ship: *v.t.* to retard by a skid: *v.i.* to slip along obliquely.

skiff (skif), *n.* a small, light boat.

skill (skil), *n.* expertness; aptitude; dexterity.

skill-ed (skil'd), *adj.* having knowledge and ability arising from experience.

skill-et ('et), *n.* a small culinary vessel.

skill-ful (skil'fool), *adj.* having skill; expert in any art; clever; dexterous. *Syn.* adroit, apt, clever.

skim (skim), *v.t.* to remove the scum from; brush lightly: *v.i.* read superficially.

skim-mer ('ĕr), *n.* a perforated ladle.

skimp (skimp), *v.t.* to do anything superficially: *v.i.* to be parsimonious: *adj.* scanty.

skin (skin), *n.* the covering of an animal body; hide; bark or rind: *v.t.* to strip the skin from; flay; fleece.

skin-flint ('flint), *n.* a niggard.

skin-ny ('i), *adj.* consisting only of skin; very lean.

skip (skip), *v.t.* to leap lightly over; omit: *v.i.* to leap or bound lightly: *n.* a light leap or bound; omission.

skip-per ('ĕr), *n.* one who skips; the cheese maggot; the master of a merchant vessel.

skir-mish (skĕr'mish), *n.* a slight combat; contest: *v.i.* to fight in small parties.

skirr (skĕr), *v.t.* to pass over rapidly.

skirt (skĕrt), *n.* the lower and loose part of a garment; part below the waist; upper petticoat; midriff; margin or border: *v.t.* to cover with a skirt; pass along the edge of.

skirt-ing ('ing), *n.* material for skirts; a narrow board round the margin of a floor.

skit (skit), *n.* a brief satire; burlesque.

skit-tish ('ish), *adj.* shy; easily frightened; vivacious.

skulk (skulk), *v.i.* to lurk; avoid work; hide.

skull (skul), *n.* the bony case inclosing the brain.

skunk (skungk), *n.* a fetid carnivorous animal; a vile, contemptible fellow.

sky (skī), *n.* the apparent vault of the heavens: *v.t.* to raise in the air; hang very high.

sky-lark ('lärk), *n.* a species of lark that sings as it soars.

sky-lark-ing (-ing), *n.* frolicking.

slab (slab), *n.* a flat piece of stone; a puddle: *adj.* thick; glutinous.

slab-ber ('ĕr), *v.i.* to let saliva fall from the mouth.

slack (slak), *adj.* relaxed or loose; inattentive; not busy; backward: *n.* the part of a rope that hangs loose.

slack-en ('n), *v.t.* to relax in firmness; be less diligent; languish.

slag (slag), *n.* the dross of a metal; vitrified cinders.

slake (slāk), *v.t.* to quench; extinguish; mix with water.

slam (slam), *v.t.* to shut violently; put down noisily: *v.i.* to strike violently or noisily: *n.* a violent and noisy banging.

slan-der (slan'dĕr), *n.* a false or malicious report; verbal defamation: *v.t.* to defame or calumniate. *Syn.* libel, malign, revile.

slan-der-ous (-us), *adj.* defamatory.

slang (slang), *n.* a colloquial language; jargon of a trade, game, class, etc.

slant (slânt), *n.* an inclined plane; *v.t.* to give a sloping direction to: *adj.* sloping.

slant-ing ('ing), *adj.* oblique; inclining.

slap (slap), *n.* a blow given with the open hand: *v.t.* to strike with the open hand.

slash (slash), *n.* a long cut; random cut: *v.i.* to strike violently and at random.

slash-ing ('ing), *adj.* sarcastic; severe.

slat (slat), *n.* a narrow strip of wood or metal.

slate (slāt), *n.* any rock that splits into thin plates; thin stone for roofing; tablet of stone for writing upon: *v.t.* to cover with slate.

slat-tern ('ĕrn), *n.* a careless, slovenly woman.

slat-tern-ly (-li), *adj.* slovenly; untidy.

slat-y (slāt'i), *adj.* like slate.

slaugh-ter (slaw'tĕr), *n.* destruction of life by violence; carnage; killing of oxen, etc., for food: *v.t.* to kill with violence; kill for the market.

slave (slāv), *n.* a person held in bondage; a serf; drudge: *v.i.* to work like a slave; drudge.

slav-er (slav'ĕr), *v.t.* to let saliva dribble from the mouth.

slav-er (slāv'ĕr), *n.* a vessel or trader engaged in the slave trade.

slav-er-y ('ĕr-i), *n.* bondage; subjugation; compulsory service. *Syn.* enthrallment, thralldom.

slav-ish ('ish), *adj.* befitting a slave.

slaw (slaw), *n.* sliced cabbage served as a salad.

slay (slā), *v.t.* to kill with a weapon; destroy with violence.

sled (sled), *n.* a carriage on runners used in snow travel; a boy's plaything for snow-sliding. Also sledge: *v.t.* to convey on a sled.

sled-ding ('ing), *n.* the act of conveying by a sled.

sledge (slej), *n.* a large, heavy hammer. Another form of sled.

sleek (slēk), *adj.* smooth; glossy.

sleek-y ('i), *adj.* of a sleek appearance; fawning.

sleep (slēp), *n.* slumber; rest; death: *v.i.* to take rest in sleep. *Syn.* doze, drowse, nap, slumber.

sleep-er ('ĕr), *n.* one who sleeps; a piece of timber supporting a railway track; a sleeping car.

sleep-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state of being sleepy.

sleep-y ('i), *adj.* inclined to sleep; drowsy; sluggish.

sleet (slēt), *n.* rain mingled with snow or hail: *v.i.* to hail or snow with rain.

sleeve (slēv), *n.* the part of a garment that covers the arm: *v.t.* to furnish with sleeves.

sleigh (slā), *n.* a carriage with runners for travel over snow. Also sled and sledge.

sleight (slīt), *n.* dexterity; cunning; artful trick.

slen-der (slen'dĕr), *adj.* thin and long; feeble; slim; moderate.

slept, *p.t. & p.p.* of sleep.

sleuth (slōōth), *n.* the track of a man or beast as known by the scent.

sleuth-hound ('hound), *n.* a blocdhound.

slew, *p.t.* of slay.

slice (slīs), *n.* a thin piece of anything; a thin broad knife; a spatula: *v.t.* to cut into thin broad pieces.

slick (slik), *adj.* smooth; oily; greasy; dexterous in movement.

slid, *p.t.* of slide.

slide (slīd), *v.i.* to pass smoothly over a surface; slip: *n.* a smooth surface of ice; smooth declivity; picture on glass for screen display.

slight (slīt), *adj.* feeble; inconsiderable; unimportant; slender: *n.* neglect; oversight: *v.t.* to disregard; neglect.

sli-ly. Same as slyly.

slim (slim), *adj.* slender and long; unsubstantial.

slime (slīm), *n.* glutinous mud; any viscous substance.

slim-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state of being slimy.

slim-y (slīm'i), *adj.* consisting of or like slime.

sling (sling), *n.* an instrument for throwing stones; a throw; a hanging bandage: *v.t.* to hurl with a sling; hang so as to swing.

slink (slingk), *v.i.* to creep away; sneak off; to miscarry: said of beasts: *adj.* of a starved appearance; too immature to be eaten.

slip (slip), *v.i.* to glide or slide; miss one's foothold; fall down; escape observation; enter by oversight; depart or escape: *v.t.* to convey secretly; omit: *n.* the act of slipping; an oversight or omission; indiscretion; twig from a stock; scion.

slip-per ('ĕr), *n.* a kind of loose shoe.

slip-per-y ('ĕr-i), *adj.* non-adhesive; without firm hold; unstable; smooth; cunning.

slip-shod ('shod), *adj.* wearing shoes or slippers down at the heel; slovenly.

slit (slit), *v.t.* to cut into long strips; *n.* a long cut; narrow opening.

sliv-er (sliv'ĕr or slīv'ĕr), *v.t.* to cut into pieces: *n.* a splinter.

sloe (slō), *n.* a small bitter plum.

slo-gan ('gân) *n.* the war-cry of a Highland clan.

sloop (slōōp) *n.* a one-masted vessel with a fore-and-aft rig.

slop (slop) *n.* water carelessly spilled; puddle; poor liquid food: *pl.* dirty water; ready-made clothing: *v.t.* to make a puddle.

slope (slōp), *n.* an oblique direction; incline; declivity: *v.t.* to form with a slope; incline or slant: *v.i.* to run off.

slop-py slop'i), *adj.* wet; muddy; splashed.

slot (slot), *n.* a broad wooden bar; narrow aperture; mortise: *v.t.* to groove.

sloth (slōth), *n.* idleness; habitual indolence; a slothful arboreal quadruped.

sloth-ful ('fool), *adj.* lazy; inactive.

sloth-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* lazily; indolently.

slouch (slouch), *n.* a hanging down; clownish gait; awkward, dull fellow: *v.t.* to hang down; depress at the side: *v.i.* to walk in a clumsy manner.

slough (slou). *n.* a deep muddy place; bog.

slough (sluf), *n.* the cast-off skin of a serpent; the part that separates from a foul sore: *v.i.* to come off, as the matter formed over a sore.

slough (slōō), *n.* drainage-stream in a prairie.

slov-en (sluv'en), *n.* one untidy in dress; negligent of order and neatness.

slov-en-li-ness (-li-nes), *n.* the state of being slovenly.

slow (slō), *adj.* not rapid in motion; dilatory; behind in time; dull. *Syn.* dilatory, tardy.

sludge (sluj), *n.* slush; mire; melting snow or ice.

slue (slōō), *v.t.* to turn about a fixed point, as a spar, etc.; twist round.

slug (slug), *n.* a kind of snail; a kind of oval bullet.

slug-gard ('ĕrd), *n.* one who is lazy and idle.

slug-gish ('ish), *adj.* dull; slow; lazy.

sluice (slōōs), *n.* a gate to regulate the passage of water; a flood-gate; a stream through a flood-gate.

slum (slum), *n.* a low, dirty district of a city: *v.i.* to visit slums for purposes of investigation or reform.

slum-ber ('bĕr), *v.i.* to sleep lightly; doze.

slump (slump), *n.* gross amount; a bog; a sudden fall, as of shares, etc.: *v.t.* to throw into a single lot: *v.i.* fall or sink suddenly.

slung, *p.t.* of sling.

slur (slĕr), *v.t.* to sully; soil; contaminate; pass over superficially; disparage; pronounce indistinctly: *n.* a stain; stigma.

slush (slush), *n.* half-melted snow; a greasy lubricating mixture.

slut (slut), *n.* a dirty, untidy woman.

slut-tish ('ish), *adj.* untidy and dirty.

sly (sli), *adj.* artfully cunning; crafty; meanly insidious.

sly-ly ('li), *adv.* in a sly manner; insidiously.

sly-ness ('nes), *n.* the state of being sly

smack (smak), *n* a quick, smart blow; loud kiss; sharp noise with the lips; flavor; taste; a one-masted coasting vessel: *v.t.* to kiss with a quick, sharp noise; strike sharply.

small (smawl), *adj.* little in quantity or degree; of little worth; narrow-minded; mean: *n.* the slender part of anything.

small-pox ('poks), *n.* an eruptive contagious disease.

smart (smärt), *adj.* poignant; sharp; clever; witty; showy; brisk: *n.* a quick, pungent pain; poignant grief: *v.i.* to feel a pungent pain; endure punishment.

smart-en ('n), *v.t.* to make smart or spruce.

smash (smash), *v.t.* to break in pieces; crush: *v.i.* to become bankrupt: *n.* a breaking to pieces; bankruptcy.

smat-ter (smat'ĕr), *v.i.* to talk superficially; have a slight knowledge of anything.

smat-ter-ing (-ing), *n.* superficial knowledge.

smear (smēr), *v.t.* to overspread; daub; pollute: *n.* a blot or stain.

smell (smel), *v.t.* to perceive by the nose; *v.i.* to exercise the sense of smell: *n.* odor; scent. *Syn.* fragrance, perfume.

smelt (smelt), *n.* a small salmonoid fish: *v.t.* to fuse, as an ore.

smi-lax (smī'laks), *n.* a plant of the lily family.

smile (smil), *v.i.* to express pleasure by the countenance; look gay, cheerful, or happy: *n.* the act of smiling; a look of pleasure.

smirch (smĕrch), *v.t.* to smear; make dirty.

smirk (smĕrk), *v.i.* to smile affectedly: *n.* an affected smile.

smite (smīt), *v.t.* to strike; kill; blast; chasten.

smith (smith), *n.* one who forges metal; worker in metals.

smith-ing ('ing), *n.* the art of forging metals.

smith-y ('i), *n* a smith's workshop.

smock (smok), *n.* a chemise; smock-frock.

smock-frock ('frok), *n.* a farm worker's loose outer shirt.

smoke (smōk), *n.* the vapor that escapes when a substance is burned; exhalation; act of smoking pipe or cigar: *v.t.* to hang up in smoke; expel by smoke: *v.i.* to emit smoke; inhale and puff out smoke.

smoke-less (smōk'les), *adj.* without smoke.

smok-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* emitting smoke.

smok-y ('i), *adj.* giving out smoke; tarnished with smoke.

smol-der (smōl'dĕr), *v.i.* to burn slowly without vent; exist in a stifled condition.

smooth (smōōth), *adj.* notrough; even surfaced; gently flowing; glossy; soothing; flattering: *v.t.* to make smooth; calm; regulate. *Syn.* even, level, mild.

smote, *p.t.* of smite.

smoth-er (smuth'ĕr), *v.t.* to suffocate; stifle; conceal: *v.i.* to be suffocated: *n.* stifling smoke or thick dust.

smoul-der. Same as smolder.

smudge (smuj), *n.* a smear or stain; a smoldering fire of damp combustibles: *v.t.* to smear or stain; blacken with smoke.

smug (smug), *adj.* affectedly precise or prim; neat.

smug-gle ('l), *v.t.* to import or export without paying duties; introduce clandestinely.

smut (smut), *n.* a spot or stain made by soot; a fungus affecting grain; obscenity.

smut-ti-ly ('i-li), *adv.* in a smutty manner.

smut-ty ('i), *adj.* soiled or stained with smut; obscence.

snack (snak), *n.* a slight, hasty repast.

snaf-fle (snaf'l), *n.* a kind of bridle.

snag (snag), *n.* a short rough branch; knot; a projecting tooth.

snail (snāl), *n.* a slimy, slow-creeping animal: hence any slow-moving person; a drone.

snake (snāke), *n.* a serpent: *v.t.* to wind round spirally; to draw out.

snak-y ('i), *adj.* pertaining to a snake; deceitful; sly; insinuating.

snap (snap), *v.i.* to break short; produce a sharp, sudden sound; miss fire: *v.t.* to crack; bite suddenly: *n.* the act of snapping: *adj.* brisk; offhand; unfair.

snap-pish ('ish), *adj.* eager to bite; sharp in retorting; peevish; easily irritated.

snare (snār), *n.* a running noose for catching an animal; anything that entraps; *v.t.* to catch with a snare.

snarl (snärl), *v.i.* to growl like an angry dog; speak surlily: *v.t.* to entangle, as thread or hair: *n.* growl; angry contention; an entanglement of hair, etc.

snatch (snach), *v.t.* to seize abruptly: *n.* a hasty catch.

snath (snā*th*), *n.* the handle of a scythe.

sneak (snēk), *v.i.* to creep away privately; slink; act with servility; steal: *n.* a mean, servile fellow; petty thief.

sneer (snēr), *v.i.* to show contempt by look or word; scoff: *n.* an indirect expression of scorn. *Syn.* mock, taunt, jeer.

sneeze (snēz) *v.i.* to emit a violent rush of air through the nose audibly and convulsively: *n.* the act of sneezing.

snick-er (snik'ēr) *n.* a half-suppressed laugh; a giggle *v.i.* to laugh slyly; giggle.

sniff (snif) *v.i.* to draw air audibly through the nose: *v.t.* to smell or scent: *n.* the act of sniffing.

snig-ger. Same as snicker.

snip (snip) *v.t.* to cut; clip off: *n.* a single cut with scissors; small piece.

sniv-el (sniv'el) *v.i.* to run at the nose; cry as a child: *n.* mucus running from the nose.

sniv-el-er ('ēr) *n.* one who snivels.

snob (snob) *n.* a vulgar person who apes gentility.

snob-bish ('ish), *adj.* like a snob.

snob-bish-ness (-nes), *n.* vulgar or ostentatious show.

snooze (snōōz), *v.i.* to nap: *n.* a short sleep.

snore (snōr), *v.i.* to breathe with noise in sleep: *n.* a noisy breathing in sleep.

snort (snort), *v.i.* to force air noisily through the nose.

snout (snout), *n.* the projecting nose of a beast.

snow (snō), *n.* frozen vapor in the form of white feathery flakes: *v.i.* to fall in snow.

snow-fall ('fâl), *n.* the quantity of snow which falls during a given time.

snow-y ('i), *adj.* white like snow; covered with snow.

snub (snub), *v.t.* to check or reprimand with sarcasm; treat with contempt: *n.* an intended slight.

snuff (snuf), *v.t.* to draw in through the nose; smell or scent: *n.* powdered tobacco inhaled through the nose; charred part of a candle-wick.

snuf-fle ('l), *v.i.* to speak through the nose: *n.* nasal twang.

snuf-fy ('i), *adj.* soiled with snuff.

snug (snug), *adj.* concealed; lying close and warm: *v.i.* to lie close and warm.

snug-ger-y ('ēr-i), *n.* a warm, cosy place.

snug-gle ('l), *v.i.* to lie close for warmth and comfort.

so (sō), *adv.* in a like manner or degree; as has been stated; therefore: *conj.* on condition that; if; therefore.

soak (sōk), *v.t.* to cause to suck in moisture; steep in a fluid; wet thoroughly. *Syn.* drench, imbrue, steep.

soap (sōp), *n.* a compound of oil and alkali used for washing: *v.t.* to wash with soap.

soap-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the quality of being soapy.

soap-y ('i), *adj.* covered with or like soap.

soar (sōr), *v.i.* to fly aloft, as a bird; mount upwards with wings; rise in imagination: *n.* a lofty flight.

sob (sob), *v.i.* to sigh convulsively: *n.* a convulsive sigh; lamentation.

so-ber (sō'bĕr), *adj.* temperate in the use of liquors; self-possessed; calm; steady; sedate: *v.i.* to become sober.

so-bri-e-ty (-brī'e-ti), *n.* habitual temperance; calmness; seriousness.

so-cia-bil-i-ty (sō-shā-bil'i-ti), *n.* the state of being social.

so-cia-ble ('shā-bl), *adj.* disposed to associate with others; companionable; affable: *n.* a social gathering.

so-cia-bly (-bli), *adv.* in a sociable manner.

so-cial ('shal), *adj.* pertaining to society; inclined to friendly intercourse; convivial; living in communities. *Syn.* friendly, communicative.

so-cial-ism (-izm), *n.* a theory for the reconstruction of society, on a co-operative and communal basis; collectivism; mutual ownership of productive property.

so-cial-ist (-ist), *n.* an advocate of socialism.

so-cial-is-tic (-is'tik), *adj.* pertaining to socialism.

so-ci-al-i-ty (-shi-al'i-ti), *n.* the state or quality of being social.

so-ci-al-ize ('shal-īz), *v.t.* to render social; regulate according to socialistic principles.

so-ci-e-ty (-sī'i-ti), *n.* union of persons in a common interest; fraternity; company; social intercourse.

so-ci-o-log-ic-al (-shi-o-loj'ik-al). *adj.* pertaining to sociology.

so-ci-ol-o-gist (-ol'o-jist), *n.* a student of sociology.

so-ci-ol-o-gy ('o-ji), *n.* the science of the constitution and development of human society.

sock (sok), *n.* a light shoe worn by classic actors; a short stocking; warm inner sole.

sock-et ('et), *n.* a hollow into which something is fitted.

sod (sod), *n.* turf; sward: *v.t.* to cover with sod.

sod-den (sod'n), *adj.* boiled; saturated: *v.t.* to be soaked or seethed.

so-di-um ('di-um), *n.* a metallic element.

so-fa (sō'fā), *n.* an ornamental stuffed seat.

soft (sôft), *adj.* easily yielding; malleable; effeminate; mild; kind; somewhat weak in intellect.

soft-en (sôf'n), *v.t.* to make soft; tone down; palliate; make effeminate: *v.i.* to become soft.

sog-gy (sog'i), *adj.* soaked; wet.

soil (soil), *n.* the top stratum of the earth's surface; land; dirt; stain: *v.t.* to make dirty: *v.i.* to become soiled.

soi-rée (swä-rā'), *n.* an evening party; a public evening entertainment.

so-journ (sō'jĕrn or sō-jĕrn'). *v.i.* to dwell for a time: *n.* a temporary residence.

sol-ace (sol'es), *n.* comfort in sorrow; consolation: *v.t.* to comfort in sorrow.

so-lar ('lâr), *adj.* pertaining to the sun.

sold, *p.t. & p.p.* of sell.

sold-er (sod'ĕr or sol'dĕr) *n.* a metallic alloy for uniting metals: *v.t.* to unite by solder.

sol-dier (sōl'jĕr), *n.* a person engaged in military service: *v.i.* to serve as a soldier

sole (sōl), *n.* the underside of the foot or shoe: *v.t.* to furnish with a sole: *adj.* alone; being of acting by one's self; unmarried.

sol-e-cism (sol'e-sizm), *n.* a breach of the idiom of a language; impropriety; absurdity.

sole-ly (sōl'li), *adv.* alone; singly.

sol-emn (sol'em), *adj.* inspiring awe; serious; devout; formal.

sol-em-ni-ty ('ni-ti), *n.* a religious rite or ceremony; gravity; impressiveness.

sol-em-ni-za-tion (-ni-zā'-shun), *n.* the act of solemnizing.

sol-em-nize ('em-nīz), *v.t.* to make serious; celebrate.

sol-fa (sōl-fä'), *v.i.* to sing the notes of the gamut.

so-lic-it (sō-lis'it), *v.t.* to ask for with earnestness; entreat; invite: *v.i.* to canvass. *Syn.* importune, urge.

so-lic-i-ta-tion (-i-tā'shun), *n.* importunity.

so-lic-it-or ('it-ĕr), *n.* one who solicits; an attorney; a canvasser.

so-lic-i-tous ('i-tus), *adj.* eager; anxious; apprehensive; concerned.

so-lic-i-tude ('i-tūd), *n.* concern; anxiety; carefulness.

sol-id (sol'id), *adj.* compact; dense; heavy; weighty: *n.* a firmly compacted body.

sol-i-dar-i-ty (-i-dar'i-ti), *n.* community of interests.

sol-id-i-fy (-id'i-fī), *v.t.* to make solid: *v.i.* to harden.

sol-id-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* density; compactness; stability.

so-lil-o-quize (sō-lil'o-kwīz), *v.i.* to utter a soliloquy.

so-lil-o-quy ('o-kwi), *n.* a talking to one's self.

sol-i-taire (sol-i-tār'), *n.* a game played by one person; a stud; a hermit.

sol-i-ta-ri-ly ('i-tā-ri-li), *adv.* in a solitary manner.

sol-i-ta-ry ('i-tā-ri), *adj.* living by one's self; lonely; remote; unoccupied. *Syn.* sole, only, single.

sol-i-tude ('i-tūd), *n.* loneliness; seclusion; desert.

so-lo (sō'lō), *n.* a musical piece for a single voice or instrument.

so-lo-ist (-ist), *n.* one who performs or sings a solo.

sol-stice (sol'stis), *n.* that point in the ecliptic at which the sun is farthest from the equator.

sol-u-bil-i-ty (-ū-bil'i-ti), *n.* the degree of being soluble.

sol-u-ble ('ū-bl), *adj.* capable of solution.

so-lu-tion (-lū'shun), *n.* the act of dissolving in a fluid; deliverance; explanation.

solv-a-bil-i-ty (solv-ȧ-bil'i-ti), *n.* the state of being solvable; solvency.

solv-a-ble ('ȧ-bl), *adj.* capable of being solved.

solve (solv), *v.t.* to explain; clear up; remove.

solv-en-cy ('en-si), *n.* the state of being solvent.

solv-ent (solv'ent), *n.* any liquid that dissolves a substance: *adj.* able to pay debts; having the power of dissolving.

som-ber (som'bĕr), *adj.* dull; dark; gloomy.

some (sum), *adj.* more or less; expressing an indeterminate number; about.

some-bod-y ('bod-i), *n.* some person; a person of importance.

some-how ('how), *adv.* in one way or another; by some means.

som-er-sault ('ĕr-sawlt), *n.* a leap in which a person turns heels over head.

some-thing ('thing), *n.* a thing not specified; part or portion; indefinite quantity: *adv.* in some degree.

some-time ('tīm), *adv.* at an indefinite period; formerly; once.

some-what ('hwot), *n.* more or less: *adv.* in some degree.

some-where ('hwār), *adv.* in one place or another.

som-nam-bu-lism (som-nam'-bū-lizm), *n.* the act or practice of walking in sleep.

som-nam-bu-list (-list), *n.* a sleep-walker.

som-nif-er-ous (-nif'ĕr-us), *adj.* causing sleep.

som-no-lence ('no-lens) *n.* sleepiness; drowsiness.

som-no-lent ('no-lent), *adj.* inclined to sleep.

son (sun), *n.* a male child or descendant.

so-nant (sō'nȧnt), *adj.* sounding; vocal.

so-na-ta (-nä'tȧ) *n.* a musical composition for one instrument.

song (sông), *n.* a lyrical poem for singing; poetical strain; ballad; notes of birds.

song-ster ('stĕr), *n.* one skilled in singing; a singing bird.

son-net (son'et), *n.* a short lyric poem of fourteen lines.

son-net-eer (-et-ēr'), *n.* a composer of sonnets.

so-no-rous (sō-nō'rus), *adj.* giving a clear sound when struck; resonant.

soon (sōōn), *adv.* in a short time; quickly; without delay.

soot (soot), *n.* finely divided carbon.

sooth (sōōth), *n.* truth; reality.

soothe (sōō*th*), *v.t.* to please or calm with soft words; comfort; pacify; assuage.

sooth-say (sōōth'sā), *v.i.* to predict or foretell.

sooth-say-er (-ĕr), *n.* one who foretells or prognosticates.

sooth-say-ing (-ing), *n.* the art of foretelling, or making predictions.

soot-i-ness (soot'i-nes), *n.* the state of being sooty.

soot-y ('i), *adj.* pertaining to soot; dusky; black.

sop (sop), *n.* anything steeped in a liquid; something given to pacify: *v.t.* to steep or dip in a liquid.

soph-ism (sof'izm), *n.* a fallacious argument; fallacy.

soph-ist ('ist), *n.* a fallacious or captious reasoner.

so-phis-tic-al (sō-fis'tik-ăl), *adj.* fallaciously subtle; quibbling.

soph-is-try (sof'is-tri), *n.* specious but fallacious reasoning; unsound argument.

soph-o-more ('ō-mōr), *n.* a student in his second academic year.

so-po-rif-ic (sō-po-rif'ik), *adj.* tending to induce sleep: *n.* an opiate or anodyne.

so-pra-no (sō-prä'nō), *n.* the highest kind of female voice; a singer with this kind of voice

sor-cer-er (sôr'sĕr-ĕr), *n.* a magician, wizard or enchanter.

sor-cer-y (-i), *n.* divination by the aid of evil spirits; witchcraft; magic.

sor-did ('did), *adj.* mean; vile; meanly avaricious.

sore (sōr), *adj.* painful to the touch; inflamed; sensitive; grievous; severe; distressing: *adv.* grievously; severely: *n.* a painful part in an animal body; ulcer; wound.

sore-ly ('li), *adv.* in a sore manner.

sore-ness ('nes), *n.* the state of being sore.

sor-ghum (sôr'gum), *n.* a cane-like grass yielding sugar; syrup made from its juice.

so-ro-sis (so-rō'sis), *n.* a woman's club or association.

sor-rel (sor'el), *n.* a dock-like plant; a reddish-brown color.

sor-ri-ly ('i-li), *adv.* in a sorry manner.

sor-ri-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state of being sorry.

sor-row ('ō), *n.* mental pain caused by loss, disappointment, etc.; grief; distress; unhappiness: *v.i.* to feel mental pain; grieve; lament.

sor-row-ful (-fool), *adj.* full of sorrow; sad.

sor-row-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in a sorrowful manner.

sor-ry ('i), *adj.* feeling regret; vexed; pained; mean; worthless. *Syn.* grieved, paltry.

sort (sôrt), *n.* species; class; order; manner; degree: *v.t.* to separate; arrange; put in divisions; select.

sor-tie (sôr'tē), *n.* a sally of troops from a besieged place.

sot (sot), *n.* a habitual drunkard.

sot-tish ('ish), *adj.* like a sot; stupid; drunken.

sou-brette (-bret'), *n.* a female attendant; in comedies an intriguing lady's maid.

sough (sou, or suf), *n.* a hollow murmur or whistling as of the wind.

sought, *p.t. & p.p.* of seek.

soul (sōl), *n.* the spiritual part in man; intellect; life; inspiring power; a human being.

soul-ful ('fool), *adj.* full of soul or feeling.

soul-less ('les), *adj.* without a soul; spiritless; dull.

sound (sound), *adj.* whole; healthy; founded on truth; solvent; firm; valid: *n.* impression on the sense of hearing; noise; report; a narrow passage of water; air bladder of a fish: *v.t.* to ascertain the depth of; cause to make a noise; examine or try; probe.

sound-ing ('ing), *n.* ascertaining the depth of water: *adj.* causing sound; resonant.

soup (sōōp), *n.* a kind of broth; decoction of meat, vegetables, etc.

sour (sour), *adj.* having an acid taste; disagreeable; morose: *v.t.* to make acid: *v.i.* become peevish or discontented.

source (sōrs), *n.* a spring or fountain; first cause; original.

sour-ish (sour'ish), *adj.* somewhat sour.

souse (sous), *n.* a pickle made with salt; a plunging in water: *v.t.* to steep in pickle; plunge into water: *v.i.* to make a sudden attack.

south (south), *n.* the cardinal point opposite the north: *adj.* in a southern direction: *adv.* toward the south.

South, *n.* the southern portion of the United States (with *the*).

south-ern (su*th*'ĕrn), *adj.* pertaining to the south.

sou-ve-nir (sōō-ve-nēr'), *n.* a memento or keepsake.

sov-er-eign (sov' or suv'ĕr-in), *adj.* supreme in power; effectual: *n.* a king, emperor, or queen; a British gold coin = 20s.

sov-er-eign-ty (-ti), *n.* supreme power.

sow (sou), *n.* a female pig; an oblong piece of metal.

sow (sō), *v.t.* to scatter, as seed upon the earth; disseminate.

spa (spä), *n.* a spring of mineral water.

space (spās), *n.* extension; room; interval: *v.t.* to make intervals between words and lines in printing.

spa-cious ('shus), *adj.* extending far and wide; roomy.

spade (spād), *n.* an implement for digging; a suit of cards: *v.t.* to work with a spade.

span (span), *n.* the reach of the outspread fingers; nine inches; a short space of time; yoke of oxen or horses: *v.t.* to measure by the span of the hand; limit; confine.

span-gle (spang'gl), *n.* a small boss of shining metal; a glittering ornament for a dress: *v.t.* to adorn with spangles.

span-iel ('yel), *n.* a variety of dog.

Span-ish ('ish), *adj.* pertaining to Spain, its language, or its inhabitants.

spank (spangk), *v.t.* to strike with the open hand; slap: *v.i.* to move quickly: *n.* a sounding slap.

spank-er ('ẽr), *n.* one who spanks; a ship's after-sail.

spank-ing ('ing), *adj.* moving with a lively step; dashing; stout.

span-ner (span'ẽr), *n.* a wrench for tightening nuts on screws.

spar (spär), *n.* a lustrous mineral; a long piece of timber, as a mast, etc.; a boxing or verbal contest: *v.t.* to box; contest in words.

spare (spār), *v.t.* to part with without inconvenience; omit; treat tenderly: *v.i.* to live frugally; forbear: *adj.* thin or lean; scanty; additional; held in reserve.

spar-ing ('ing), *adj.* frugal; abstemious.

spark (spärk), *n.* a particle of fire; transient light; gay young fellow; beau.

spark-le ('l), *v.i.* to emit sparks; glisten; scintillate.

spark-ling ('ling), *adj.* emitting sparks; brilliant.

spar-row (spar'ō), *n.* a well-known small bird.

sparse (spärs), *adj.* thinly scattered; not dense. *Syn.* scanty, thin.

sparse-ly ('li), *adv.* in a sparse manner.

Spar-tan (spär'tân), *adj.* pertaining to Sparta; hardy; undaunted; severe.

spasm (spazm), *n.* a sudden, involuntary contraction of the muscles.

spas-mod-ic (spaz-mod'ik), *adj.* consisting in spasms; convulsive.

spas-mod-ic-al-ly (-âl-i) *adv.* in a spasmodic manner.

spat (spat), *n.* the spawn of shell-fish; a sharp blow with the open hand: *v.i.* to engage in a petty quarrel; to fall with a light sound.

spat-ter (spat'ẽr), *v.t.* to sprinkle with a liquid: *n.* a small splash.

spat-u-la (spat'ū-lâ), *n.* a broad, flat knife for spreading plasters, paints, etc.

spav-in (spav'in), *n.* a disease of horses causing lameness.

spawn (spawn), *n.* the ova of fishes, oysters etc.; offspring or product: *v.i.* to deposit spawn.

speak (spēk), *v.i.* to utter articulate sounds: talk; make mention; convey ideas: *v.t.* to declare or pronounce. *Syn.* converse, talk, confer.

speak-er ('ẽr), *n.* one who speaks; the presiding officer of a legislative body; a chairman.

speak-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* uttering speech; life-like.

spear (spēr) *n.* a pointed weapon of war and the chase; a barbed lance for fishing; a shoot, as of grass: *v.t.* to pierce with a spear.

spe-cial (spe'shâl), *adj.* designed for a particular purpose; distinctive; appropriate; limited in range or extent. *Syn.* particular, specific.

spe-cial-ist (-ist), *n.* one who devotes himself to a particular branch of study or labor.

spe-ci-al-i-ty (-i-al'i-ti), *n.* the distinctive mark of a person or thing; special department, etc.

spe-cial-i-za-tion (shâl-i-zā'-shun), *n.* application to a special function.

spe-cial-ly ('shâl-i), *adv.* in a special manner; particularly.

spe-cie (spē'shi), *n.* gold, silver, or other metallic coin.

spe-cies ('shēz), *n.* a sub-division of a genus; kind; sort.

spe-cif-ic (-sif'ik), *adj.* pertaining to a species; definite or particular: *n.* a remedy for a particular disease.

spe-cif-ic-al-ly (-ål-li), *adv.* in a specific manner.

spec-i-fi-ca-tion (spes-i-fi-kā'-shun), *n.* a detailed statement of particulars.

spec-i-fy ('i-fī), *v.t.* to mention or name particularly; designate verbally.

spec-i-men ('i-men), *n.* a sample; a distinctive part.

spe-cious (spē'shus), *adj.* appearing well at first sight; plausible; pleasing.

speck (spek), *n.* a spot; flaw; stain; small particle: *v.t.* to spot.

speck-le ('l), *n.* a small speck in anything: *v.t.* to mark with spots.

spec-ta-cle ('tå-kl), *n.* something exhibited; pageant; exhibition: *pl.* glasses to assist the vision.

spec-tac-u-lar (-tak'ū-lår), *adj.* pertaining to shows; adapted to excite wonder by scenic effect.

spec-ta-tor (-tā'tēr), *n.* a beholder.

spec-ter, spec-tre (spek'tr), *n.* a ghost or apparition.

spec-tral ('trål), *adj.* ghostly; pertaining to the spectrum.

spec-tro-scope ('tro-skōp), *n.* an optical instrument for forming and examining spectra.

spec-trum ('trum), *n.* the colored and other rays of light separated by refraction through a prism. (*pl.* spectra.)

spec-u-lar ('ū-lår), *adj.* having a smooth reflecting surface, as a mirror or speculum.

spec-u-late ('ū-lāt), *v.i.* to meditate on any problem; to buy in expectation of a rise in price.

spec-u-la-tion (-lā'shun), *n.* intellectual examination; theory; purchase in hope of an enhanced value.

spec-u-la-tive ('ū-lā-tiv), *adj.* given to speculation; theoretical; risky.

spec-u-la-tor (-tēr), *n.* one who engages in speculation.

spec-u-lum ('ū-lum), *n.* a glass that reflects images; a mirror.

sped, *p.t. & p.p.* of speed.

speech (spēch), *n.* expression of thought in words; particular language or dialect; formal discourse; oration. *Syn.* talk, address, utterance.

speed (spēd), *n.* velocity; swiftness; success: *v.i.* to make haste: *v.t.* to prosper; favor; despatch quickly.

speed-i-ly ('i-li), *adv.* quickly.

speed-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state or quality of being speedy.

speed-y ('i), *adj.* prompt; quick; hasty.

spell (spel), *n.* a charm or incantation; time of work; duration: *v.i.* to name the letters in a word.

spell-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* pertaining to naming the letters of a word: *n.* orthography.

spenc-er (spens'ēr), *n.* a kind of short jacket; a sail.

spend (spend), *v.t.* to dispose of, as money; consume; drain of force or strength. *Syn.* expend, exhaust, consume.

spend-thrift ('thrift), *adj.* prodigal; extravagant: *n.* one who is lavish in expenditure.

sperm (spērm), *n.* the seminal fluid of animals; spermaceti; spawn of frogs and fishes.

sper-ma-ce-ti (spēr-må-sē'ti), *n.* a waxy substance from the head of the sperm-whale.

sper-mat-ic (-mat'ik), *adj.* pertaining to semen.

spew (spū), *v.i.* to vomit.

sphere (sfēr), *n.* a globe; orb; expanse of the heavens; circuit of knowledge, etc.; place of existence; social position.

spher-ic-al (sfer'ik-ål), *adj.* globular.

spher-ic-al-ly (-i), *adv.* in the form of a sphere.

sphe-roid (sfē'roid), *n.* a body resembling a sphere but not quite round.

sphinx (sfingks), *n.* a fabled monster having the head of a woman and the body of a lioness; a person of enigmatical character or policy.

spice (spīs), *n.* any aromatic and pungent vegetable used for seasoning food; relish: *v.t.* to season or flavor with spice.

spi-ci-ly ('si-li), *adv.* in a spicy manner.

spi-ci-ness ('si-nes), *n.* the state or quality of being spicy.

spic-ule (spik'ūl), *n.* a slender sharp-pointed body.

spi-cy (spī'si), *adj.* flavored with spice; aromatic; fragrant; pungent; racy.

spi-der ('dēr), *n.* an insect-eating animal that spins webs to ensnare its prey.

spig-ot (spig'ot), *n.* a peg to stop the opening in a cask.

spike (spīk), *n.* a large kind of nail; ear of grain: *v.t.* to fasten with spikes.

spike-nard ('närd), *n.* an aromatic plant yielding an oil.

spill (spil), *n.* a thin strip of paper or wood for lighting a lamp, etc.; a tumble or overthrow: *v.t.* to allow to run out: *v.i.* to fall out.

spin (spin), *v.t.* to draw out and twist into threads; protract; cause to whirl rapidly.

spin-ach ('ej), *n.* an esculent vegetable.

spin-dle (spin'dl), *n.* a rod to twist thread on; any axis of revolution.

spine (spīn), *n.* in vertebrates, the backbone.

spin-et (spin'et), *n.* a keyed musical instrument no longer used.

spin-ster (spin'stẽr), *n.* an unmarried woman.

spin-y (spīn'i), *adj.* full of spines.

spir-a-cle (spir'ȧ-kl), *n.* a breathing hole in insects.

spi-ral (spī'rȧl), *adj.* winding like the thread of a screw; tapering like a spire.

spi-ral-ly (-li), *adv.* in a spiral form.

spire (spīr), *n.* a slender stalk or blade; a tapering body; winding line; steeple; top.

spir-it (spir'it), *n.* the immortal part of man; life; disembodied soul; apparition; courage; vivacity; any liquid produced by distillation; alcohol: *pl.* intoxicants, as brandy, etc.; liveliness; natural vivacity.

spir-it-ed (-ed), *adj.* full of spirit or life.

spir-it-less (-les), *adj.* without spirit; dejected.

spir-it-u-al (spir'it-ū-ȧl), *adj.* incorporeal; not material; possessing the nature of a spirit.

spir-it-u-al-ism (-izm) *n.* the philosophical doctrine that nothing is real except soul or spirit; the belief that the spirits of the dead exist and can manifest themselves.

spir-it-u-al-ist (-ist), *n.* a believer in spiritualism.

spir-it-u-al-is-tic (-is'tik), *adj.* pertaining to spiritualism.

spir-it-u-al-i-ty (-al'i-ti), *n.* the state or quality of being spiritual; that which belongs to the church or religion.

spir-it-u-al-ly (-ū-ȧl-li), *adv.* in a spiritual manner.

spir-it-u-ous (spir'it-ū-us), *adj.* having the quality of spirit; immaterial; alcoholic; ardent.

spit (spit), *n.* a long pointed rod on which meat is roasted; small point of land running into the sea; saliva: *v.t.* to thrust a spit through; impale: [*p.t.* spit or spat], eject or throw out: *v.i.* eject saliva from the mouth.

spite (spīt), *n.* ill-will or hatred toward another; petty malice; grudge.

spite-ful ('fool), *adj.* full of spite; malicious; malignant.

spite-ful-ly (-i), *adv.* in a spiteful manner.

spit-fire (spit'fīr), *n.* a very violent person.

spit-tle ('l), *n.* saliva; sputum.

splash (splash), *v.t.* to spatter with water, mud, etc.: *n.* water or slush thrown upon anything; a noise as from falling water.

splat-ter (splat'ẽr), *v.t.* to splash.

spleen (splēn), *n.* a vascular organ near the stomach; ill-humor; melancholy.

splen-dent (splen'dent), *adj.* brilliant.

splen-did ('did), *adj.* magnificent; very bright; celebrated; sumptuous.

splen-dor ('dẽr), *n.* great brightness; magnificence.

sple-net-ic (sple-net'ik), *adj.* fretful; peevish; melancholy.

splen-ic (splen'ik), *adj.* pertaining to the spleen.

splice (splīs), *v.t.* to unite, as two ropes; connect, as pieces of wood or metal: *n.* the union of ropes, etc.

splint (splint), *n.* a splinter; a thin piece of wood to keep a broken bone, etc., in position.

splin-ter (splin'tẽr), *n.* a thin piece of wood, etc., split or rent off lengthwise; fragment: *v.t.* to split or rend into thin pieces.

split (split), *v.t.* to divide lengthwise; tear asunder violently; cleave; disunite.

splut-ter (splut'ẽr), *v.i.* to speak confusedly; scatter ink upon a paper, as with a bad pen: *n.* a stir; commotion.

spoil (spoil), *v.t.* to take by force; plunder; corrupt; vitiate; destroy: *v.i.* to become useless; decay: *n.* pillage; plunder; booty.

spoke (spōk), *n.* one of the bars of a wheel; round of a ladder: *p.t.* of speak.

spok-en ('n), *adj.* uttered in speech: *p.p.* of speak.

spo-li-a-tion (spō-li-ā'shun), *n.* the act of plundering; especially in time of war.

sponge (spunj), *n.* the porous framework of a marine animal; a mop for cleansing a gun; parasite: *v.i.* to suck in like a sponge; live upon others: *v.t.* cleanse with a sponge.

spon-gi-ness (spun'ji-nes), *n.* the state of being spongy.

spon-gy (spun'ji), *adj.* flexible and full of small cavities; wet and soft.

spon-sor (spon'sẽr), *n.* a surety; a godfather or godmother.

spon-sor-ship ('ship), *n.* state or position of being a sponsor.

spon-ta-ne-i-ty (-tȧ-nē'i-ti), *n.* the quality of being spontaneous.

spon-ta-ne-ous (-tā'ne-us), *adj.* acting by internal impulse or natural law. *Syn.* free, impulsive, voluntary.

spool (spōōl), *n.* a hollow cylinder to reel thread on: *v.t.* to wind on a spool.

spoon (spōōn), *n.* a small implement for sipping up liquids; a simpleton: *v.t.* to take up in a spoon.

spoon-ful ('fool), *n.* as much as a spoon will hold.

spoor (spōōr), *n.* the trail of any wild animal.

spo-rad-ic (spō-rad'ik), *adj.* occurring separately; single.

spore (spōr), *n.* a minute ovoid body in certain organisms from which new organisms develop.

sport (spōrt), *n.* diversion; jest; mirth; play; outdoor recreation; an animal or plant of abnormal constitution: *v.i.* to play or frolic; practice field diversions.

sport-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* pertaining to sports.

sport-ive ('iv), *adj.* frolicsome; merry.

sport-ive-ly (-li), *adv.* in a sportive manner.

sports-man (spōrts'mȧn), *n.* one fond of field sports, as hunting, etc.

sports-man-ship (-ship), *n.* skill or practice in field sports.

spot (spot), *n.* a blot or mark; stain; blemish; place; *v.t.* to mark with spots; discolor; stain.

spot-less ('les), *adj.* free from spots.

spou-sals (spou'zȧls), *n.pl.* marriage; nuptials.

spouse (spouz), *n.* a married person.

spout (spout), *n.* the projecting mouth of a vessel; a pipe: *v.t.* to pour out forcibly, as from a pipe; pawn.

sprain (sprān), *n.* an excessive strain of the muscles or ligaments of a joint: *v.t.* to overstrain these.

sprang, *p.t.* of spring.

sprat (sprat), *n.* a small fish of the herring family.

sprawl (sprawl), *v.i.* to lie with the limbs spread out ungracefully.

spray (sprā), *n.* a small shoot of a tree; small particles of water dashed in the air: *v.t.* to throw spray upon.

spread (spred), *v.t.* to extend; propagate; unfurl; scatter: *n.* extent; table furnished with provisions. *Syn.* disperse, diffuse, scatter.

spree (sprē), *n.* a drunken frolic; carousal.

sprig (sprig), *n.* a small twig or shoot; headless brad or nail.

spright-li-ness (sprīt'li-nes), *n.* vivacity.

spright-ly ('li), *adj.* vivacious; brisk; animated: *adv.* with vivacity.

spring (spring), *v.i.* to arise; shoot up; leap; rise up suddenly; fly back; warp: *v.t.* to start or rouse; cause to close suddenly; leap over: *n.* a leap or bound; an elastic body; source; a fountain of water; one of the four seasons of the year.

spring-i-ness (spring'i-nes), *n.* elasticity; wetness or sponginess, as of land.

spring-ing ('ing), *n.* the act of leaping; growth.

spring-tide ('tīd), *n.* the tide at new and full moon; springtime.

spring-y ('i), *adj.* elastic; light; spongy.

sprin-kle (spring'kl), *v.t.* to scatter in small drops: *v.i.* to rain finely.

sprink-ling (spring'ling), *n.* the act of scattering in small drops; a scattered body of people, or things.

sprint (sprint), *n.* a run for a short distance at full speed: *v.i.* to run at full speed.

sprout (sprout), *v.i.* to germinate and shoot out, as a seed: *n.* a shoot; bud.

spruce (sprōōs) *n.* an evergreen tree: *adj.* smart; trim; neat: *v.t.* to dress with affected neatness.

spruce-ness ('nes), *n.* the state of being spruce.

sprung, *p.t. & p.p.* of spring.

spry (sprī), *adj.* nimble; sharp.

spume (spūm), *n.* froth; foam: *v.i.* to foam.

spun, *p.t. & p.p.* of spin.

spunk (spungk), *n.* touchwood; mettle.

spur (spĕr), *n.* a rowel with sharp points used by horsemen; any incentive to action; largest root of a tree; sharp spine on a cock's leg, etc.: *v.t.* to prick with a spur; incite to action; hasten.

spu-ri-ous (spū'ri-us), *adj.* not genuine; false.

spurn (spĕrn), *v.t.* to reject with contempt; treat with disdain.

spurt (spĕrt), *v.i.* to throw out suddenly; make a sudden brief effort: *n.* a forcible ejection of a liquid; brief, sudden effort.

sput-ter (sput'ĕr), *v.i.* to throw out moisture in scattered drops; speak rapidly and indistinctly.

spy (spī), *v.t.* to discover, especially at a distance; gain sight of; detect; examine secretly: *n.* a secret emissary in time of war; one who keeps watch on others; secret agent. *Syn.* detective, scout.

spy-glass ('glăs), *n.* a small telescope.

squab (skwob), *n.* a person of short, fat figure; nestling of a pigeon: *adj.* short and fat; bulky.

squab-ble ('l), *v.i.* to wrangle or dispute noisily: *n.* a wrangle; dispute.

squad (skwod), *n.* a small party of soldiers for drill.

squad-ron ('run), *n.* a division of a regiment of cavalry; detachment of war vessels.

squal-id (skwol'id), *adj.* extremely dirty; foul.

squall (skwawl), *n.* a sudden gust of wind; a loud scream: *v.i.* to scream or cry violently.

squal-or (skwol'ĕr or skwā'lôr), *n.* foulness; dirt.

squan-der (skwon'dĕr), *v.t.* to spend lavishly or wastefully; dissipate.

square (skwār), *n.* a right-angled figure with four equal sides; an area of four sides having houses on each side; square body of troops; a carpenter's measuring tool; product of a number multiplied by itself: *adj.* having four equal sides and four right angles; having a straight front; true; upright; honest: *v.t.* to form into a square; multiply by itself; adjust; regulate, make even.

square-ly ('li), *adv.* in a square form.

square-ness ('nes), *n.* the state of being square.

squash (skwosh), *v.t.* to crush into a flat mass or pulp: *n.* something unripe and soft; a plant allied to the pumpkin; sudden fall of a soft body.

squash-y ('i), *adj.* easily crushed; soft.

squat (skwot), *v.i.* to sit down on the hams or heels; cover or lie close, as an animal; *adj.* crouching: *n.* the posture of one who squats.

squat-ter ('ĕr), one who settles on new or unoccupied land without a title.

squaw (skwaw), *n.* a North American Indian woman.

squawk (skwawk), *v.i.* to utter a loud, harsh noise: *n.* a harsh squeak.

squeak (skwēk), *v.i.* to utter a short, shrill, sharp cry; break silence; confess: *n.* a sharp disagreeable noise.

squeal (skwēl), *v.i.* to cry with a shrill, prolonged sound; to turn informer: *n.* a shrill, prolonged sound.

squeam-ish (skwēm'ish), *adj.* easily disgusted; nice to excess in taste; fastidious; scrupulous.

squeeze (skwēz), *v.t.* to press between two bodies; crush; compress: *v.i.* to press; push between close bodies: *n.* compression between bodies; a forcible embrace.

squelch (skwelch), *v.t.* to crush; silence: *n.* a heavy blow.

squib (skwib), *n.* a kind of firework; petty lampoon: *v.i.* to contend in petty dispute.

squint (skwint), *adj.* looking obliquely: *v.i.* to look obliquely; have the vision distorted: *n.* the act of squinting.

squirm (skwĕrm), *v.i.* to wriggle; writhe.

squir-rel (skwĕr'el), *n.* a small rodent with a long bushy tail.

squirt (skwĕrt), *v.t.* to eject fluid from a small orifice; spurt: *n.* a small jet; an instrument for ejecting water, etc.

stab (stab), *v.t.* to pierce with a pointed weapon; kill or wound; injure secretly: *n.* a wound with a sharp-pointed weapon; a malicious injury done secretly.

sta-bil-i-ty (sta-bil'i-tĭ), *n.* the state of being stable; firmness; fixedness.

sta-ble (stā'bl), *adj.* fixed; constant: *n.* a building for lodging horses, cows, etc.: *v.t.* to keep in a stable.

sta-bling ('bling) *n.* the act of putting into a stable.

stack (stak), *n.* a circular or regular pile of hay, corn, wood, etc.: a tall chimney: *v.t.* to pile into a stack.

staff (stăf), *n.* a stick for support in walking; prop; wand as a badge of office; stanza; the five lines and four spaces for writing music; flagstaff; officers attached to an army or its commander; officials of a department. *Syn.* prop, support, stay.

stag (stag), *n.* the male of the red deer.

stage (stāj), *n.* an elevated platform; place of scenic representations; the theatrical profession; field of action; degree of progress; coach: *v.t.* to put on the stage, as a play.

sta-ger (stā'jĕr), *n.* a person of experience.

stag-ger (stag'ĕr), *v.i.* to totter or reel; begin to give way; hesitate: *n.* a sudden reeling or tottering.

stag-nan-cy (stag'nan-si), *n.* the state of being stagnant.

stag-nant ('nant), *adj.* not flowing; motionless; torpid; dull.

stag-nate ('nāt), *v.i.* to cease to flow or run; be motionless; become inactive; become impure or foul.

stag-na-tion (-nā'shun), *n.* the state of being stagnant.

sta-gy (stā'jĭ), *adj.* characteristic of the stage; unreal.

staid (stād), *adj.* sober; sedate; regular; steady.

stain (stān), *v.t.* to blot; tinge with color; soil with guilt or infamy; tarnish; pollute: *v.i.* to take stains: *n.* discoloration; spot or blot; taint of guilt; cause of reproach. *Syn.* soil, sully, tarnish.

stain-less ('les), *adj.* free from stain.

stair (stār), *n.* steps for ascending.

stake (stāk), *n.* a sharpened stick fixed in the ground; palisade; that which is pledged or wagered: *v.t.* to support with stakes; mark out limits with stakes; wager or pledge.

stal-ac-tite (stal-ak'tīt), *n.* an icicle-like deposit of lime carbonate hanging from a cave roof.

stal-ag-mite (-ag'mīt), *n.* a cone of carbonate of lime, etc., formed from drops falling on the floor of a cavern.

stale (stāl), *adj.* not fresh or new; vapid; tasteless; trite; decayed; past the prime.

stale-ness ('nes), *n.* the state or quality of being stale.

stalk (stawk), *v.t.* to pursue game stealthily: *v.i.* to walk with high and proud steps: *n.* the stem of a plant or attachment to the branch of a flower or fruit; proud, stately step.

stall (stawl), *n.* that part of a stable where a horse or ox is kept and fed; a bench where goods are exposed for sale: *v.t.* to keep in a stall: *v.i.* to kennel, as dogs.

stal-lion (stal'yun), *n.* a male horse kept for breeding.

stal-wart (stawl'wĕrt), *adj.* sturdy; strong; brave; daring.

sta-men (stā'men), *n.* the male organ of a flower.

stam-in-a (stam'in-ȧ), *n.pl.* vigor of the animal system; power of endurance.

stam-mer (stam'ĕr), *v.i.* to hesitate or falter in speaking; stutter: *n.* a difficulty in speaking; a stutter.

stamp (stamp), *v.t.* to strike downward with the foot; crush or pulverize; impress; fix deeply; make valid by a stamp; coin: *n.* the act of stamping; die; postage stamp; character or reputation; authority.

stam-pede (stam-pēd'), *n.* a sudden panic of

horses, cattle, etc.; any sudden flight or rush: *v.i.* to cause to take to sudden flight.

stan-chion (stan'shun), *n.* a support or post of iron or wood.

stand (stand), *v.i.* to be erect; be at rest or fixed; continue; be firm; become a candidate; continue in force: *v.t.* to endure; abide by: *n.* a stop or halt; raised platform for spectators; small table; resistance.

stand-ard ('ërd), *n.* an ensign or flag; established rule or model; criterion.

stand-ing ('ing), *n.* being erect on the feet; duration; reputation; rank or status: *adj.* remaining erect; lasting; fixed.

stan-nic ('ik), *adj.* pertaining to, or got from, tin.

stan-za ('zȧ), *n.* a number of lines in a poem containing all its variations of measure.

sta-ple (stā'pl), *n.* the chief production of a country; settled market or emporium; principal element or topic; unmanufactured or raw material: *adj.* chief; regularly produced.

star (stär), *n.* a visible celestial body; an asterisk (*); a leading actor: *v.t.* to adorn with stars: *v.i.* to be preëminent; appear as a principal actor.

star-board ('bôrd), *n.* the right-hand side of a ship.

starch (stärch), *n.* a vegetable substance used for laundry purposes, etc.: *v.t.* to stiffen with starch; make stiff.

starched (stärcht), *adj.* stiffened with starch; formal; precise.

stare (stär), *n.* a fixed look; a steady gaze: *v.i.* to look with eyes wide open.

stark (stärk), *adj.* stiff; strong: *adv.* wholly or completely.

starred (stärd), *p.adj.* decorated with stars.

star-ry ('i), *adj.* abounding in stars; star-shaped.

start (stärt), *v.i.* to be moved suddenly; shrink; set out; commence a race, career, etc.: *v.t.* to originate or set going: *n.* a sudden motion or twitch; quick spring; starting post.

start-le (stärt'l), *v.i.* to move suddenly, as by an alarm: *v.t.* to frighten suddenly; shock.

star-va-tion (stär-vā'shun), *n.* the state of being starved.

starve (stärv), *v.i.* to suffer extreme hunger; perish with hunger or cold.

starve-ling ('ling), *adj.* hungry; weak; lean: *n.* a weak, pining animal or plant.

state (stāt) *n.* circumstances or condition; situation; pomp; a body of people united under one government; civil power: *adj.* pertaining to the body politic; ceremonial: *v.t.* to express the details of; narrate. *Syn.* commonwealth realm.

State, *n.* one of the federated commonwealths composing the United States.

stat-ed ('ed), *adj.* fixed; regular.

state-li-ness ('li-nes), *n.* majestic appearance.

state-ly ('li), *adj.* grand; majestic; dignified.

state-ment ('ment), *n.* that which is stated; narrative or recital.

states-man (stāts'mȧn), *n.* one skilled in public affairs.

states-man-ship (-ship), *n.* the qualification of a statesman.

stat-ic (stat'ik), *adj.* pertaining to bodies at rest: *n.pl.* that branch of mechanics which treats of bodies at rest.

stat-ic-al-ly ('ik-ȧl-li), *adv.* in a statical manner.

sta-tion (stā'shun), *n.* position; rank or condition of life; a railroad stopping place: *v.t.* to place in a certain post, rank or situation; appoint or assign.

sta-tion-a-ry (-a-ri), *adj.* fixed; not moving; not improving.

sta-tion-er ('shun-ẽr), *n.* one who sells paper, writing materials, etc.

sta-tion-er-y (-ẽr-i), *n.* stationer's articles.

sta-tis-tic (stȧ-tis'tik), *adj.* pertaining to statistics.

stat-is-ti-cian (stat-is-tish'ȧn), *n.* one skilled in statistics.

sta-tis-tics (stȧ-tis'tiks), *n.* a collection of facts and figures about the people of a country, etc.

stat-u-a-ry (stat'ū-a-ri), *n.* a sculptor; the art of carving statues; statues collectively.

stat-ue ('ū), *n.* the representation of a living being sculptured or modeled in some solid material.

stat-u-esque (-ū-esk'), *adj.* having the characteristics of a statue; immobile.

stat-u-ette (-ū-et'), *n.* a little statue

stat-ure ('ūr), *n.* the natural height.

sta-tus (stā'tus), *n.* condition; social standing or place; rank.

stat-ute (stat'ūt), *n.* a law enacted by the legislature of a country or state; written law.

stat-u-to-ry ('ū-to-ri), *adj.* enacted by statute.

staunch (stânch), *adj.* firm; constant; zealous: *v.t.* to stop the flowing of, as blood. Also stanch.

stave (stāv), *n.* one of the thin narrow strips of wood forming the sides of a cask; lines and spaces for writing musical notes; a staff; a stanza: *v.t.* to break or burst; delay or put off.

stay (stā), *n.* a large rope which supports a mast; stop or stand; prop or support; continuance in a place: *pl.* pair of corsets: *v.t.* to hold up; sustain; restrain; delay: *v.i.* to remain; stand still; continue; cease.

stead (sted), *n.* the place or room of another; turn.

stead-fast ('fâst), *adj.* firmly fixed; constant.

stead-i-ly ('i-li), *adv.* in a steady manner.

stead-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state of being steady.

stead-y ('i), *adj.* fixed; regular; constant in purpose; uniform: *v.t.* to make or keep firm; regulate.

steak (stāk), *n.* a slice of beef, etc., for broiling.

steal (stēl), *v.t.* to take by theft; gain secretly and gradually; *v.i.* to slip in and out unperceived.

stealth (stelth), *n.* secret means; underhand procedure.

stealth-i-ly ('i-li), *adv.* in a stealthy manner.

stealth-y ('i), *adj.* performed by stealth; clandestine.

steam (stēm), *n.* the vapor from boiling water: *v.i.* to emit steam; move by steam.

steam-boat (bōt), *n.* a vessel propelled by steam.

steam-y ('i), *adj.* consisting of, or like, steam.

steam-tur-bine (tur'bin), *n.* a steam engine in which the motion of a turbine replaces that of a piston.

steed (stēd), *n.* a horse, especially a spirited one.

steel (stēl), *n.* iron combined with a small quantity of carbon; any instrument of steel; anything of extreme hardness: *adj.* made of steel: *v.t.* to make hard.

steel-y ('i), *adj.* made of, or like, steel; hard; inflexible.

steel-yard ('yärd), *n.* a kind of balance for weighing.

steep (stēp), *adj.* greatly inclined; precipitous: *n.* a precipitous place: *v.t.* to soak in a liquid. *Syn.* high, sharp.

stee-ple (stē'pl), *n.* a tapering tower; spire.

stee-ple-chase (-chās), *n.* a horse race across country.

steer (stēr), *n.* a young male ox; bullock: *v.t.* to direct a vessel with the helm; control; guide.

steer-age ('ej), *n.* the practice of steering; the forepart of a vessel.

stel-lar (stel'är), *adj.* pertaining to stars; starry.

stel-late ('āt), *adj.* star-like; radiated.

stem (stem), *n.* the stalk of a plant; branch of a family; prow of a ship: *v.t.* to resist or check; dam up.

stench (stench), *n.* a strong, offensive odor.

sten-cil (sten'sil), *n.* a cut-out pattern in metal for marking, etc.: *v.t.* to mark with a stencil.

ste-nog-ra-pher (ste-nog'rå-fēr), *n.* a shorthand writer.

ste-nog-ra-phy (ste-nog'rå-fi), *n.* the art of writing in shorthand.

sten-to-ri-an (-tō'ri-ăn), *adj.* extremely loud.

step (step), *n.* a pace; small distance; footstep; procedure; stair; round of a ladder: *v.i.* to move the foot forward; walk.

ster-e-op-ti-con (-op'ti-kon), *n.* a magic-lantern showing photographic slides as if in relief.

ster-e-o-scope (ster'ē-o-skōp), *n.* an optical instrument through which two pictures appear as one.

ster-e-o-type ('ē-o-tīp), *n.* a metal plate cast from a mold taken from a page of movable types: *v.t.* to cast or print in stereotype.

ster-ile ('il), *adj.* barren; unfruitful.

ster-il-i-ty (-il'i-ti), *n.* barrenness; infecundity.

ster-il-ize ('il-īz), *v.t.* to make sterile; render incapable of reproduction.

ster-ling ('ling), *adj.* pure; genuine; of high merit.

stern (stērn), *adj.* severe in countenance; austere; un-

relenting: *n.* the after part of a vessel.

ster-num ('num), *n.* the breast bone.

ster-to-rous (stĕr'to-rus), *adj.* characterized by deep snoring.

steth-o-scope ('o-skōp), *n.* an instrument to distinguish sounds in the thorax.

steve (stēv), *v.t.* to stow in a ship's hold.

stev-e-dore ('e-dōr), *n.* one who loads or unloads a vessel in port.

stew (stū), *v.t.* to boil slowly: *v.i.* to be boiled gently: *n.* a dish prepared by stewing; confusion.

stew-ard ('ĕrd), *n.* one who manages the affairs of another or of an institution; person employed to superintend culinary affairs; a fiscal agent.

stew-ard-ship (-ship), *n.* the office of a steward; management.

stick (stik), *n.* a small piece of wood; staff; printer's composing-stick: *v.t.* to stab or thrust; pierce; fasten: *v.i.* to remain; cleave; adhere.

stick-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state of being sticky.

stick-le ('l), *v.i.* to wrangle or contend on unimportant matters.

stick-y ('i), *adj.* adhesive; glutinous; viscous.

stiff (stif), *adj.* not easily bent; rigid; stubborn; violent; constrained; formal.

stif-fen ('n), *v.t.* to make stiff; make torpid: *v.i.* to become stiff.

sti-fle (stīf'l), *v.t.* to suffocate; suppress or conceal: *v.i.* to be suffocated: *n.* the first joint above a horse's thigh, next the buttock. *Syn.* choke, smother.

stig-ma (stig'mȧ), *n.* a mark made with a branding-iron; mark of infamy; the top of the pistil of a flower.

stig-ma-tize ('mȧ-tīz), *v.t.* to mark with a stigma or brand; hold up to disgrace, reproach, or infamy.

stile (stīl), *n.* a set of steps to cross a fence or wall.

sti-let-to (sti-let'ō), *n.* a small dagger with pointed blade.

still (stil), *adj.* at rest; quiet; silent: *adv.* to this time; nevertheless: *v.t.* to make still: *n.* an apparatus for distilling liquids.

stilt (stilt), *n.* a pole of wood with a rest for the foot, used in walking.

stilt-ed ('ed), *adj.* inflated; pompous.

stim-u-lant (stim'ū-lȧnt), *adj.* serving to stimulate: *n.pl.* a medicine increasing vital action.

stim-u-late ('ū-lāt), *v.t.* to excite or rouse; animate; encourage.

stim-u-lus ('ū-lus), *n.* that which stimulates; incentive; stimulant.

sting (sting), *n.* the poisonous weapon of defense of certain insects; anything that gives acute pain; the thrust of a sting: *v.t.* to wound with a sting; cause acute pain to.

sting-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* piercing; acutely painful; pungent.

stin-gy (stin'ji), *adj.* close and covetous; miserly; niggardly.

stink (stingk), *v.i.* to emit a strong, offensive odor: *n.* a disgusting smell.

stink-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* emitting a stink.

stint (stint), *v.t.* to restrain within limits: *n.* a limit; quantity assigned.

sti-pend (stī'pend), *n.* salary, especially clerical income.

sti-pen-di-a-ry (-pen 'di-ȧ-ri), *adj.* receiving a stipend: *n.* one who performs services for a salary.

stip-ple (stip'l), *v.t.* to engrave or paint by means of dots.

stip-u-late ('ū-lāt), *v.t.* to covenant; bargain.

stip-u-la-tion (-ū-lā'shun), *n.* a contract or bargain; a condition in a contract.

stir (stĕr), *v.t.* to move; incite; rouse; instigate; change place: *n.* bustle; agitation.

stirps (stĕrps), *n.* family; race; stem; root.

stir-ring ('ing), *n.* the act of moving: *adj.* busy; bustling.

stir-rup (stir'up or stĕr'up), *n.* an iron support for a horseman's foot.

stitch (stich), *n.* a single pass of a needle and thread; sharp local pain *v.t.* to unite by stitches; to sew.

stive (stīv), *v.t.* to make close, hot, or sultry; stuff up.

stock (stok), *n.* the trunk of a plant; log; a blockhead; race or lineage; capital; share of a public debt; store; cattle; stiff cravat: *pl.* a wooden frame in which the legs of criminals were

confined; public funds; shares in a corporate company: *v.t.* to store up; fill; supply: *adj.* kept in stock; standard; permanent.

stock-ade (ād′), *n.* a line of posts used as a barrier: *v.t.* to surround with, or defend by, a stockade.

stock-ing (′ing), *n.* a covering for the foot and leg.

stock-job-ber (′job-ēr), *n.* one who deals in stocks and shares.

sto-ic (stō′ik), *n.* one who affects indifference to pleasure or pain: *adj.* indifferent to pleasure or pain. Also stoical.

sto-i-cism (stō′i-sizm), *n.* real or assumed insensibility to pleasure or pain.

stoke (stōk), *v.t.* to keep up a fire: *v.i.* to act as a stoker.

stok-er (′ēr), *n.* one who attends to the furnace of an engine; a fireman.

stole (stōl), *n.* a long scarf worn by bishops, priests, and deacons: *p.t.* of steal.

sto-len, *p.p.* of steal.

stol-id (stol′id), *adj.* stupid; dull; impassive.

stol-id-i-ty (′i-ti), *n.* intellectual dulness.

stom-ach (stum′ăk), *n.* the principal organ of digestion in the body; appetite; liking; desire: *v.t.* to resent; put up with.

sto-mach-ic (sto-mak′ik), *adj.* strengthening the stomach: *n.* a strengthening medicine for the stomach.

stone (stōn), *n.* a hard mass of earthy or mineral matter; gem; nut shell; calculus; a weight of varying value: *v.t.* to pelt with stones; free from stones, as fruit.

stone-ware (′wār), *n.* a coarse kind of pottery baked hard and glazed.

ston-i-ly (′i-li), *adv.* in a stony manner.

ston-i-ness (′i-nes), *n.* the state of being stony.

ston-y (′i), *adj.* like stone; rocky; hard; inflexible; pitiless.

stood, *p.t.* of stand.

stool (stōōl), *n.* a seat without a back; evacuation of the bowels.

stoop (stōōp), *v.i.* to bend downward and forward; descend from dignity; condescend; sweep down on prey: *n.* act of stooping; condescension; porch with seats.

stop (stop), *v.t.* to hinder, check, or impede; intercept; desist from; suspend: *n.* state of being stopped; cessation; mark used in punctuation: *interj.* stay! cease!

stop-page (′ej), *n.* hindrance; obstruction.

stop-per (ēr), *n.* that which closes a vent or hole.

stop-ple (′l), *n.* a cork or plug for a bottle.

stor-age (stôr′ej), *n.* safe keeping of goods in a warehouse, etc.; price for keeping.

store (stôr), *n.* a great quantity; stock accumulated; abundance; warehouse; shop: *pl.* naval and military supplies; *v.t.* to furnish with stores; gather in quantities; accumulate.

storm (stôrm), *n.* a violent atmospheric disturbance; tempest; violent commotion; tumult; assault on a fortified place: *v.t.* to attack with violence: *v.i.* to blow violently; be very angry. *Syn.* agitation, disturbance.

storm-i-ly (′i-li), *adv.* in a stormy manner.

storm-ing (′ing), *n.* the taking of a fortified place by a vigorous assault: *p.adj.* violently angry or raging.

storm-y (′i), *adj.* characterized by storms; tempestuous; violent.

sto-ry (stō′ri), *n.* a fictitious narrative; short romance; stage or floor of a building. *Syn.* account, legend, tale, myth.

stout (stout), *adj.* corpulent; thick-set; brave; resolute.

stove (stōv), *n.* an iron inclosure or box for a fire: *p.t.* of stave.

stow (stō), *v.t.* to fill by packing closely; lay up; pack.

stow-age (′ej), *n.* the act of stowing; accommodation for goods; money paid for keeping goods.

strad-dle (strad′l), *v.t.* to sit astride of: *v.i.* to stand or walk with the legs wide apart: *n.* the act of standing or walking with wide parted legs.

strag-gle (strag′l), *v.i.* to wander; ramble; go beyond limits; be dispersed.

strag-gler (′lēr), *n.* a wanderer; vagabond.

straight (strāt), *adj.* not crooked; direct; upright.

straight-en (′en), *v.t.* to make straight.

straight-way (′wā), *adv.* at once; immediately.

strain (strān), *n.* stock; lineage; tune or melody; a violent effort; injury by over-exertion: *v.t.* draw out with force; injure by overtasking; filter.

strain-er ('er), *n.* an apparatus for filtering.

strait (strāt), *adj.* narrow; confined; difficult: *n.pl.* a narrow passage of water connecting two seas.

strait-en ('en), *v.t.* to make narrow; contract; embarrass: *v.i.* to become narrow.

strait-jack-et ('jak-et), *n.* a garment for confining delirious persons.

strait-laced ('lāst), *adj.* laced tightly; straight in manners or morals.

strand (strand), *n.* shore or beach; a twist of a rope: *v.t.* to run aground.

strange (strānj), *adj.* novel; unusual; unfamiliar.

strange-ly ('li), *adv.* in a strange manner.

strange-ness ('nes), *n.* the state of being strange.

strang-er ('ēr), *n.* a foreigner; one not known.

stran-gle (strang'gl), *v.t.* to choke; suppress or stifle.

stran-gu-la-tion (-gū-lā'shun), *n.* the act of strangling; suffocation.

strap (strap), *n.* a long piece of leather or cloth: *v.t.* to bind with a strap; beat with a strap.

strap-ping ('ing), *adj.* tall; strong; well-made.

strat-a-gem (strat'ă-jem), *n.* a device for defeating an enemy; artifice; trick.

stra-teg-ic (strā-tej'ik), *adj.* pertaining to strategy or artifice.

strat-e-gy (strat'e-ji), *n.* use of artifice.

strat-i-fied ('i-fīd), *adj.* arranged in layers.

strat-i-fy ('i-fī), *v.t.* to deposit, or arrange, in strata or layers.

stra-tum (strā'tum), *n.* [*pl.* strata], a bed of earth or rock, usually in layers.

straw (straw), *n.* the stalk of grain; anything proverbially worthless; mere trifle.

straw-ber-ry ('ber-i), *n.* a creeping plant and its edible fruit.

stray (strā), *v.i.* to wander; deviate; err: *adj.* gone astray; wandering.

streak (strēk), *n.* a differing line of color; stripe: *v.t.* to mark with stripes.

streak-y ('i) *adj.* having streaks; with layers of fat and lean.

stream (strem) *n.* a current of water; river, rivulet, or brook; drift or tendency: *v.i.* to issue forth abundantly; run freely.

stream-er ('ēr), *n.* a long narrow flag; a beam of light.

stream-let ('let), *n.* a little stream; a rivulet.

street (strēt), *n.* a way or road in a city or town.

strength (strength), *n.* the state of being strong; muscular force; vigor; power of endurance; numbers of an army; intensity; legal or moral force.

strength-en ('en), *v.t.* to cause to increase in power: *v.i.* to become stronger. *Syn.* fortify, invigorate.

stren-u-ous (stren'ū-us), *adj.* urgent; eagerly pressing; ardent; vigorous.

stress (stres), *n.* urgency; strain; pressure; force; importance.

stretch (strech), *v.t.* to draw out; strain; exaggerate: *n.* strain; extension.

stretch-er ('ēr), *n.* a footboard used in rowing; a frame or litter for carrying the sick or dead.

strew (strōō), *v.t.* to spread by scattering.

strick-en (strik'en), *p.adj.* far advanced: *p.p.* of strike.

strict (strikt), *adj.* exact; severe; careful; rigidly interpreted.

stric-ture ('tūr), *n.* a morbid contraction of any passage of the body; censure or adverse criticism.

stride (strīd), *n.* a long step; straddle: *v.i.* to walk with long steps.

stri-dent (strī'dent), *adj.* harsh; shrill; grating.

strife (strīf), *n.* contention; conflict; enmity; war.

strike (strīk), *v.t.* to hit with force; dash; lower or take down; affect strongly; make, as a bargain: *v.i.* to pay homage, as by lowering a flag or sail; surrender; cease from work: *n.* cessation of work for higher wages or other purpose.

strik-ing ('ing), *adj.* impressive; surprising.

string (string), *n.* a small cord or line; series of things filed or connected: *v.t.* to put in tune; thread on a string; file.

strin-gen-cy (strin'jen-si), *n.* the state of being stringent.

strin-gent (strin'jent), *adj.* severe; rigid; strict.

string-y (string'i), *adj.* filamentous; viscid.

strip (strip), *v.t.* to make naked; deprive of; skin or peel; pillage; take away; milk dry: *n.* a long narrow piece.

stripe (strīp), *v.t.* to variegate with lines of different colors; lash or whip: *n.* a line of a different color; weal made by a whip; party badge.

strip-ling (strip'ling), *n.* a youth.

strive (strīv), *v.i.* to make efforts; labor hard; aim; struggle; contend.

strode, *p.t.* of stride.

stroke (strōk), *n.* a blow; calamity; sudden effect; touch of a pencil; sound of a clock: *v.t.* to rub gently with the hand; soothe.

stroll (strōl), *v.i.* to wander on foot; ramble: *n.* a leisurely walk.

strol-ler ('ẽr), *n.* an itinerant player; vagrant.

strong (strŏng), *adj.* having strength; robust; healthy; muscular; well-fortified. *Syn.* robust, sturdy, powerful.

strong-hold ('hōld), *n.* a fortress.

strop (strop), *n.* a strip of leather for sharpening razors: *v.t.* to sharpen on a strop.

strove, *p.t.* of strive.

struck, *p.t. & p.p.* of strike.

struct-u-ral (strukt'ū-rȧl), *adj.* pertaining to structure.

struct-ure ('ūr), *n.* an edifice or building; form; arrangement of parts in a plant or animal.

strug-gle (strug'l), *v.i.* to use violent efforts; strive; contend: *n.* a violent effort with contortions of the body: pain or agony; labor; contest.

strum (strum), *v.t & v.i.* to play badly and noisily on a stringed instrument.

strum-pet (strum'pet), *n.* a prostitute.

strung, *p.t. & p.p.* of string.

strut (strut), *v.i.* to walk with affected dignity: *n.* a proud step with head erect; a support of timber.

strych-nine ('nin), *n.* a poisonous alkaloid.

stub (stub), *n.* the stump of a tree; a stub-nail: *v.t.* to grub up by the roots; strike against some fixed obstacle.

stub-ble ('l), *n.* stumps of grain and straw left in the ground.

stub-born ('ẽrn), *adj.* inflexibly headstrong; obstinate; refractory.

stuc-co (stuk'ō), *n.* plaster used for internal decorations or walls; work executed in stucco: *v.t.* to cover with stucco.

stuck, *p.t. & p.p.* of stick.

stud (stud), *n.* an ornamental knob or button; an upright beam; collection of breeding horses: *v.t.* to adorn with studs.

stud-ding ('ing), *n.* material for joists.

stu-dent (stū'dent), *n.* one who is engaged in study; a systematic observer.

stud-ied ('id), *adj.* qualified by study; well-read; premeditated.

stu-di-o (stū'di-ō), *n.* an artist's workroom.

stu-di-ous ('di-us), *adj.* devoted to the acquisition of knowledge; diligent; deliberate; designed; careful (with *of*).

stud-y (stud'i), *n.* application to books or subjects of attention; a room set apart for a study: *v.i.* to apply the mind to a subject; endeavor diligently: *v.t.* to devote one's thoughts to.

stuff (stuf), *n.* materials for manufacture; textile fabrics; refuse matter; nonsense: *v.t.* to fill by crowding something into; press or pack.

stuff-y ('i), *adj.* close or ill-ventilated; sulky.

stul-ti-fy ('ti-fī), *v.t.* to render foolish; make nugatory.

stum-ble (stum'bl), *v.i.* to trip or fall in walking; discover by chance: *n.* a trip; blunder.

stump (stump), *n.* that part of a tree left after the trunk is cut down; part remaining after amputation.

stump-speech ('spēch), *n.* an electioneering speech.

stun (stun), *v.t.* to render senseless by a blow; confuse with noise; surprise completely; astonish.

stung, *p.t. & p.p.* of sting.

stunk, *p.t. & p.p.* of stink.

stun-ning ('ing), *adj.* remarkably fine or large.

stunt (stunt), *v.t.* to check in growth or progress: *n.* a

check in growth; an allotted task.

stu-pe-fac-tion (-fak'shun), *n.* insensibility; torpor; stupidity.

stu-pe-fy ('e-fī), *v.t.* to deprive of sensibility; make stupid.

stu-pen-dous (-pen'dus), *adj.* astonishing in size or height; wonderful.

stu-pid ('pid), *adj.* deficient in understanding; dull; silly. *Syn.* foolish, obtuse.

stu-pid-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* dullness of intellect; folly. *Syn.* apathy, slowness, obtuseness.

stu-por ('pēr), *n.* numbness; lethargy; torpor.

stur-di-ly (stēr'di-li), *adv.* in a sturdy manner.

stur-di-ness ('di-nes), *n.* the state of being sturdy.

stur-dy ('di), *adj.* hardy; robust; strong; vigorous.

stur-geon ('jun), *n.* a large fish, the roes of which are made into caviare.

stut-ter (stut'ēr), *v.i.* to speak with hesitation: *v.t.* to utter in a stammering manner: *n.* hesitation in speech.

sty (stī), *n.* a pen for swine; a filthy or mean place; a kind of boil upon the eyelid.

style (stīl), *n.* a pointed instrument used by the ancients for writing; title; literary method; manner of speaking; social custom; fashion: *v.t.* to designate or name.

sty-lish ('lish), *adj.* fashionable; modish.

styp-tic (stip'tik), *adj.* stopping bleeding.

sua-sion (swā'zhun), *n.* persuasion.

sua-sive ('siv), *adj.* persuasive.

suave (swāv), *adj.* pleasant in manner.

suav-i-ty (swav'i-ti), *n.* urbanity; gentleness.

sub-ac id (sub-as'id), *adj.* slightly acid.

sub-al-tern (-awl'tērn), *n.* a commissioned officer under the rank of captain: *adj.* inferior.

sub-due (-dū), *v.t.* to conquer; tame; soften.

sub-ja-cent (sub-jā'sent), *adj.* lying under; situated lower but not directly beneath.

sub-ject ('jekt), *adj.* under the control of another; subordinate; disposed; liable: *n.* one under the power of another; theme; topic; a dead body for dissection: *v.t.* (sub-jekt') to bring under the power or control of; render subordinate; subjugate. *Syn.* liable, obnoxious, inferior.

sub-jec-tion (-jek'shun), *n.* state of being subjected.

sub-jec-tive ('tiv), *adj.* derived from one's own consciousness. *Syn.* objective.

sub-jec-tive-ly (-li), *adv.* in a subjective manner.

sub-jec-tive-ness (-nes), *n.* the quality of being subjective.

sub-join (-join'), *v.t.* to affix.

sub-ju-gate ('jū-gāt), *v.t.* to conquer by force.

sub-ju-ga-tion (-gā'shun), *n.* the act of subjugating.

sub-junc-tive (-jungk'tiv), *adj.* added to something spoken or written.

sub-li-mate ('li-māt), *v.t.* to refine by heat.

sub-lime (-līm') *adj.* high in place or excellence; elevated in manner or style: *n.* the lofty or grand in style or conception.

sub-lime-ly ('li), *adv.* in a sublime manner.

sub-lim-i-ty (-lim'i-ti), *n.* loftiness of style or sentiment; elevation.

sub-ma-rine (sub-mă-rēn'), *adj.* under water.

sub-merge (-mērj'), *v.t.* to place under water.

sub-mis-sion (-mish'un), *n.* the act of yielding; obedience.

sub-miss-ive (-mis'iv), *adj.* yielding to authority.

sub-miss-ive-ly (-li), *adv.* in a submissive manner.

sub-mit (-mit'), *v.t.* to yield to another; surrender; resign; refer to judgment.

sub-or-di-nate (-ôr'di-nāt), *adj.* inferior in rank, etc.: *n.* one who is inferior: *v.t.* to place in a lower order; render subject.

sub-or-di-nate-ly (-li), *adv.* in a subordinate manner.

sub-orn (-ôrn'), *v.t.* to induce to commit perjury.

sub-or-na-tion (-ôr-nā'shun), *n.* the act of inducing a person to commit perjury.

sub-pœ-na (-pē'nȧ), *n.* a writ commanding the attendance of a person in court: *v.i.* to serve with a subpœna.

sub-scribe (-skrīb'), *v.t.* to annex one's name to a paper or document; give or promise a sum of money: *v.i.* to give consent.

sub-scrip-tion (-skrip'shun), *n.* the act of subscribing; signature; sum of money subscribed.

sub-se-quence ('sē-kwens), *n.* the state of being subsequent.

sub-se-quent ('sē-kwent), *adj.* following in time or order; posterior. *Syn.* succeeding, following.

sub-serve (-sĕrv'), *v.t.* to promote; serve instrumentally.

sub-side (-sīd'), *v.i.* to sink to the bottom; tend downwards; abate; become calm.

sub-si-dence ('dens), *n.* the act of subsiding; downward tendency.

sub-sid-i-a-ry ('i-ȧ-ri), *adj.* furnishing additional supplies; *n.* an auxiliary.

sub-si-dize ('sī-dīz), *v.t.* to furnish with a subsidy.

sub-si-dy ('sī-di), *n.* pecuniary aid granted by one government to another; grant or subvention to aid an enterprise for public convenience. *Syn.* bonus, bounty, grant, tribute.

sub-sist (-sist'), *v.i.* to have existence; inhere; have the means of livelihood.

sub-sist-ence ('ens), *n.* means of support; maintenance; livelihood.

sub-stance ('stȧns), *n.* matter or material; essential part of anything; purport; wealth.

sub-stan-tial (-stan'shȧl), *adj.* solid; material; having considerable wealth or property.

sub-stan-ti-ate ('shi-āt), *v.t.* to establish the truth of by proof.

sub-stan-tive ('stȧn-tiv), *adj.* expressing existence; real: *n.* that part of speech which expresses existence: a noun.

sub-sti-tute ('stĭ-tūt), *v.t.* to put in the place of another: *n.* one who takes the place of another.

sub-sti-tu-tion (-tū'shun), *n.* the act of substituting.

sub-tend (-tend'), *v.t.* to extend under; be opposite to.

sub-ter-fuge ('tĕr-fūj), *n.* an evasion or artifice; trick; shift.

sub-ter-ra-ne-an (rā'ne-ȧn), *adj.* below the surface or beneath the earth.

sub-tile (sub'til or sut'l), *adj.* thin; fine; delicate; acute; cunning; artful.

sub-tile-ly (-li), *adv.* in a subtile manner.

sub-tle (sut'l), *adj.* artful; insinuating; crafty.

sub-tle-ty (-ti), *n.* acuteness of intellect; cunning.

sub-tract (-trakt'), *v.t.* to withdraw or take away; deduct.

sub-trac-tion (-trak'shun), *n.* the act of subtracting or deducting.

sub-urb (sub'ĕrb), *n.* an outlying district of a city or town; environs.

sub-ur-ban (-ĕr-bȧn), *adj.* pertaining to the suburbs.

sub-ven-tion (-ven'shun), *n.* a government grant.

sub-ver-sion (-vĕr'shun), *n.* overthrow; ruin.

sub-ver-sive ('siv), *adj.* tending to subvert.

sub-vert (-vĕrt'), *v.t.* to turn upside down; ruin; corrupt. *Syn.* destroy, overturn, supplant.

sub-way ('wā), *n.* an underground passage used for a railway or other purpose.

suc-ceed (suk-sēd'), *v.t.* to take the place of: *v.i.* to follow in order; obtain one's wishes; prosper. *Syn.* win, achieve, attain.

suc-cess (-ses'), *n.* the prosperous termination of any enterprise; prosperity.

suc-cess-ful ('fool), *adj.* ending in success; prosperous; fortunate.

suc-cess-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in a successful manner.

suc-ces-sion ('shun), *n.* the act of following in order; lineage; rotation, as of crops.

suc-ces-sive ('iv), *adj.* following in order; legitimate; consecutive.

suc-ces-sive-ly (-li), *adv.* consecutively.

suc-ces-sor ('ĕr), *n.* one who succeeds another.

suc-cinct (-singkt'), *adj.* tersely expressed.

suc-cor ('ĕr), *v.t.* to relieve when in distress: *n.* relief: aid.

suc-co-tash ('ō-tash), *n.* a dish of green maize and beans boiled together.

suc-cu-lence ('ū-lens), *n.* juiciness.

suc-cu-lent ('ū-lent), *adj.* juicy: full of juice.

suc-cumb (-kum'), *v.i.* to yield; submit.

such (such), *adj.* the same that; of like kind; the same in quality.

suck (suk), *v.t.* to draw in with the mouth; imbibe: *n.* the act of sucking.

suck-er ('ēr), *n.* the piston of a pump; a tube through which anything is drawn; shoot of a plant from the lower part of the stem; a parasite.

suck-le ('l), *v.t.* to nurse at the breast.

suck-ling ('ling), *n.* an unweaned child or animal.

suc-tion (suk'shun), *n.* the act of sucking.

sud-den (sud'n), *adj.* happening unexpectedly; without notice; quick.

su-dor-if-ic (-if'ik), *adj.* causing perspiration: *n.* a medicine producing this effect.

suds (sudz), *n.pl.* soapy water.

sue (sū), *v.t.* to prosecute at law: *v.i.* to entreat; petition; pay court.

su-et ('et), *n.* the hard fat of sheep and oxen.

suf-fer (suf'ēr), *v.t.* to undergo; bear; be affected by; allow: *v.i.* to feel pain; endure loss or injury.

suf-fer-a-ble (-å-bl), *adj.* permissible.

suf-fer-ance ('fēr-åns), *n.* patience under pain; toleration; permission.

suf-fer-ing (-ing), *n.* the state of enduring pain; distress.

suf-fice (-īs'), *v.i.* to be sufficient: *v.t.* to satisfy.

suf-fi-cien-cy (-fish'en-si), *n.* a full supply; competence.

suf-fi-cient ('ent), *adj.* adequate; competent; equal to a desired purpose.

suf-fix ('iks), *n.* a letter or syllable added at the end of a word: *v.t.* (suf-iks') to add in this way.

suf-fo-cate ("o-kāt), *v.t.* to choke by stopping respiration; smother; stifle.

suf-fo-ca-tion (-kā'shun), *n.* the state of being suffocated.

suf-frage ('rej), *n.* the right to vote; franchise.

suf-fra-gette (suf'ra-jet), *n.* an advocate of woman suffrage.

suf-fuse (-fūz'), *v.t.* to spread over as with a fluid or a color.

suf-fu-sion (-fū'zhun), *n.* the act of suffusing.

sug-ar (shoog'ēr), *n.* a sweet crystalline substance obtained from the sugar-cane, beet, etc.: *adj.* made of sugar; sweet: *v.t.* to sweeten; flatter.

sug-gest *v.t.* to introduce indirectly to the mind; hint; insinuate.

sug-ges-tion (-jes'chun), *n.* the act of suggesting. *Syn.* hint, innuendo.

sug-gest-ive ('iv), *adj.* full of suggestion.

sug-gest-ive-ly (-li), *adv.* by way of suggestion.

su-i-ci-dal (sū'i-sī-dål), *adj.* pertaining to suicide; fatal to one's own interests.

su-i-cide ('i-sīd), *n.* a person who kills himself; self-murder.

suit (sūt), *n.* a set of corresponding things; petition or prayer; courtship; one of four sets of a pack of cards; an action or process at law: *v.t.* to be fitted to; fall in with; accommodate: *v.i.* to correspond; agree.

suit-a-ble ('å-bl), *adj.* fitting; appropriate.

suit-a-bly ('å-bli), *adv.* in a suitable manner.

suite (swēt), *n.* a retinue or company; series; set, as of rooms, furniture, etc.

suit-or (sūt'ēr), *n.* a petitioner; lover; party to a lawsuit.

sulk (sulk), *v.i.* to be sulky.

sulk-i-ly ('i-li), *adv.* in a sulky manner.

sulk-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state of being sulky.

sulk-y ('i), *adj.* silently sullen: *n.* a kind of two-wheeled carriage.

sul-len (sul'en), *adj.* morosely silent; dismal; heavy.

sul-ly ('i), *v.t.* to tarnish or soil; dirty; stain.

sul-phur ('fēr), *n.* a non-metallic yellow element.

sul-phu-ric (-fū'rik), *adj.* containing sulphur.

sul-tan ('tån), *n.* the title of a Mohammedan sovereign.

sul-tan-ate ('tăn-āt), *n.* the dominion of a sultan.

sul-tri-ness (-nes), *n.* the state of being sultry.

sul-try ('tri), *adj.* very hot, close, and oppressive.

sum (sum), *n.* the whole amount; total; quantity of money; compendium; utmost degree; problem in figures: *v.t.* to add into one amount; condense into few words.

sum-ma-ri-ly (sum'ȧ-ri-li), *adv.* in a short way or method; concisely.

sum-ma-rize ('ȧ-rīz), *v.t.* to state concisely.

sum-ma-ry ('ȧ-ri), *adj.* brief; laconic; done in a short way: *n.* an abridgment; compendium.

sum-ma-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* the act of forming a total; aggregate.

sum-mer ('ẽr), *n.* that part of the year which comprises the hottest months, June, July, and August: *v.i.* to pass the summer.

sum-mit ('it), *n.* the top or highest point.

sum-mon ('un), *v.t.* to call by authority; command to appear; invite; rouse to exertion.

sump-tu-a-ry (sump'tū-ȧ-ri), *adj.* pertaining to expense.

sump-tu-a-ry laws (lawz), *n.pl.* laws to limit excessive expenditure.

sump-tu-ous ('tū-us), *adj.* expensive; costly; luxurious.

sun (sun), *n.* the luminous body around which the earth and other planets revolve; the source of light and heat to the earth; any center of a system of worlds: *v.t.* to expose to the sun's rays.

Sun-day ('dā), *n.* the first day of the week, the Christian Sabbath, or Lord's Day: *adj.* pertaining to Sunday.

sun-der ('dẽr), *v.t.* to divide or rend.

sun-dries ('driz), *n.pl.* miscellaneous articles.

sun-dry ('dri), *adj.* various; several.

sung, *p.p.* of sing.

sunk, *p.t. & p.p.* of sink.

sun-ni-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the quality of being sunny.

sun-ny ('i), *adj.* pertaining to, or proceeding from, the sun; bright; warm; cheerful.

sun-shine ('shīn), *n.* the light of the sun.

sup (sup), *v.t.* to take into the mouth; sip: *v.i.* to take supper: *n.* a small mouthful, as of a liquid.

su-per-an-nu-ate (sū-pẽr-an'ū-āt), *v.t.* to lay off on a pension.

su-perb (sū-pẽrb'), *adj.* grand; proud; stately.

su-per-car-go (sū-pẽr-kȧr'gō), *n.* one in charge of a cargo.

su-per-cil-i-ous ('i-us), *adj.* proud; disdainful; overbearing.

su-per-er-o-ga-tion (-ẽr-ō-gā'shun), *n.* the performance of more than is required by duty.

su-per-fi-cial (-fish'ȧl), *adj.* being on the surface; slight; unlearned. *Syn.* flimsy, shallow, untrustworthy.

su-per-fi-cies (-fish'ēz), *n.* superficial area or exterior face of a body.

su-per-flu-i-ty (-flōō'i-ti), *n.* superabundance.

su-per-flu-ous ('flōō-us), *adj.* more than enough or necessary; excessive.

su-per-in-duce (-in-dūs'), *v.t.* to bring in or upon as an addition.

su-per-in-tend (-in-tend'), *v.t.* to direct or control.

su-per-in-tend-ence (-tend'ens), *n.* oversight.

su-per-in-tend-ent ('ent), *n.* one who superintends; overseer.

su-pe-ri-or (sū-pē'ri-or), *adj.* higher in any way; stronger; preferable: *n.* one who is above or beyond others.

su-pe-ri-or-i-ty (-ri-or'i-ti), *n.* preëminence; advantage.

su-per-la-tive (-pẽr'la-tiv), *adj.* highest in degree.

su-per-la-tive-ly (-li), *adv.* in a highest degree.

su-per-nal ('nȧl), *adj.* pertaining to a higher region; celestial.

su-per-nat-u-ral (-nat'ū-rȧl), *adj.* exceeding the powers or laws of nature. *Syn.* miraculous, preternatural.

su-per-num-er-a-ry (-nūm'ẽr-ȧ-ri), *n.* a person or thing beyond the required number: *adj.* exceeding the number necessary.

su-per-pose (pōs), *v.t.* to lay or be placed upon.

su-per-scribe (-skrīb′), *v.t.* to write or inscribe on the outside or top.

su-per-scrip-tion (-skrip′-shun), *n.* the address or direction.

su-per-sede (-sēd′), *v.t.* to set aside; come into, or take, the place of.

su-per-sti-tion (-stish′un), *n.* belief in the supernatural; faith in omens; extreme observance of religious ceremonies.

su-per-sti-tious ('us), *adj.* addicted to superstition; overscrupulous in religious rites.

su-per-struc-ture (-struk′tūr), *n.* anything built on something else.

su-per-vene (-vēn′), *v.i.* to come upon; occur.

su-per-vise (-vīz′), *v.t.* to oversee; inspect.

su-per-vi-sion (-vizh′un), *n.* superintendence.

su-per-vis-or (-vīz′ēr), *n.* an overseer.

su-pine (sū-pīn′), *adj.* lying on the back; indolent; careless; negligent.

su-pine-ly ('li), *adv.* in a supine manner.

sup-per (sup′ēr), *n.* the evening meal.

sup-plant (-plant′), *v.t.* to displace and take the place of; supersede.

sup-ple ('l), *adj.* flexible; yielding; servile: *v.t.* to make pliant.

sup-ple-ment ('lē-ment), *v.t.* to fill up or supply: *n.* something added to; appendix.

sup-ple-men-tal (-men′tăl), *adj.* additional.

sup-ple-ness (sup′l-nes), *n.* pliancy; flexibility.

sup-pli-ant (sup′li-ănt), *adj.* beseeching; entreating; suing: *n.* one who supplicates.

sup-pli-cate (-kāt), *v.t.* to ask or beg humbly and earnestly; beseech; implore.

sup-pli-ca-tion (-kā′shun), *n.* humble and earnest prayer or entreaty.

sup-pli-er (-lī′ēr), *n.* one who, or that which, supplies.

sup-ply (-lī′), *v.t.* to furnish; provide: *n.* the act of supplying; thing supplied.

sup-port (-pōrt′), *v.t.* to sustain; bear up; endure; provide for or nourish: *n.* that which supports; maintenance; aid. *Syn.* bear, keep, maintain, prop.

sup-pose (-pōz′), *v.t.* to imagine; admit without proof; assume as true. *Syn.* guess, surmise, think.

sup-po-si-tion (-pō-zish′un), *n.* assumption.

sup-pos-i-ti-tious (-poz-i-tish′-us), *adj.* supposed or imaginary; not genuine.

sup-press (-pres′), *v.t.* to subdue; quell; conceal; restrain the issue of.

sup-pres-sion (-presh′un), *n.* stoppage; concealment; omission.

sup-pu-rate ('ū-rāt), *v.i.* to generate pus.

sup-pu-ra-tion (-rā′shun), *n.* pus generated in a sore.

su-prem-a-cy (sū-prem′ă-si), *n.* highest authority; loftiest position.

su-preme (-prēm′), *adj.* highest in power; most excellent; extreme; utmost.

su-preme-ly ('li), *adv.* in the highest degree.

sur-cin-gle (sur′sing-gl), *n.* a girth or belt to fasten a saddle on a horse.

sur-coat ('kōt), *n.* a coat worn over another garment.

sure (shōōr), *adj.* certain; reliable; firm; safe: *adv.* certainly; securely.

sure-ly ('li), *adv.* certainly; without risk or doubt.

sure-ness ('nes), *n.* the state of being sure.

sure-ty ('ti), *n.* certainty; security against loss; guarantee; hostage.

surf (sĕrf), *n.* the swell of the sea that breaks and foams upon the shore.

sur-face (sĕr′fes), *n.* the exterior part or upper face of anything.

sur-feit (sĕr′fit), *n.* excess in eating or drinking: *v.t.* to feed to excess; cloy.

surge (sĕrj), *n.* a large wave or billow; great roll: *v.i.* to roll or rise high.

sur-geon (sĕr′jun), *n.* a medical practitioner who performs surgical operations.

sur-ger-y ('jĕr-i), *n.* the art of treating injuries or diseases by manual operations.

sur-li-ly (sĕr′li-li), *adv.* in a surly manner.

sur-li-ness ('li-nes), *n.* surly behavior.

sur-ly ('li), *adj.* rough; uncivil; churlish; ill-natured.

sur-mise (-mīz'), *n.* to guess or conjecture; suspect: *v.t.* to imagine without certainty.

sur-mount (-mount'), *v.t.* to rise above; overcome; vanquish; exceed.

sur-name ('nām), *n.* a name added to the baptismal names; family name.

sur-pass (-pȧs'), *v.t.* to exceed; excel; go beyond.

sur-plice ('plis), *n.* a white garment worn by clergymen.

sur-plus ('plus), *n.* that which remains beyond what is needed; excess: *adj.* exceeding what is required.

sur-prise (-prīz'), *n.* taking unawares; astonishment; sudden perplexity: *v.t.* to take unawares; assail unexpectedly; astonish.

sur-pris-ing (-prīz'ing), *adj.* causing surprise or astonishment; extraordinary.

sur-ren-der (-ren'dĕr), *v.t.* to give up on compulsion; cede; resign: *v.i.* to yield: *n.* a yielding or giving up. *Syn.* relinquish, abandon.

sur-rep-ti-tious (-rep-tish'us), *adj.* done by stealth; unauthorized.

sur-round (-round'), *v.t.* to enclose on all sides; encompass; invest. *Syn.* encircle, environ.

sur-veil-lance (-vāl'yȧns), *n.* watch; oversight; inspection.

sur-vey (-vā'), *v.t.* to inspect; examine; measure and estimate, as land: *n.* (sĕr'vā), measuring land; special examinations.

sur-vey-ing ('ing), *n.* the business of measuring land.

sur-vey-or ('ōr), *n.* a land measurer.

sur-vi-val (-vī'vȧl), *n.* state of living beyond another; continuance of some ancient custom, etc.

sur-vive (-vīv'), *v.t.* to live longer than: *v.i.* to remain alive.

sur-vi-vor ('vĕr), *n.* one who outlives another.

sus-cept-i-bil-i-ty (sus-sept-i-bil'i-ti), *n.* impressibility; sensibility; capability.

sus-cept-i-ble ('i-bl), *adj.* impressible; sensitive; open to influence.

sus-pect (-pekt'), *v.t.* to have a suspicion of; conjecture; mistrust: *n.* (sus'pekt), a person thought to be guilty of some crime.

sus-pend (-pend'), *v.t.* to cause to hang downward; delay; interrupt; debar temporarily.

sus-pend-er ('ĕr), *n.* one who suspends: *pl.* braces.

sus-pense (-pens'), *n.* a state of uncertainty; indecision; temporary cessation of a claim or right.

sus-pens-i-ble ('i-bl), *adj.* capable of being suspended.

sus-pen-sion (-pen'shun), *n.* the act of suspending; uncertainty; delay; interruption.

sus-pen-so-ry ('so-ri), *adj.* that which suspends.

sus-pi-cion (-pish'un), *n.* distrust; want of confidence; doubt on slight grounds.

sus-pi-cious ('us), *adj.* inclined to suspicion; doubtful.

sus-tain (-tān), *v.t.* to maintain; keep; support; nourish; bear. *Syn.* strengthen, endure.

sus-ten-ance ('ten-ȧns), *n.* that which supports life; food: maintenance.

sut-ler (sut'lĕr), *n.* a person who follows an army and sells provisions, liquor, etc., to the troops.

su-tu-ral (sū'tū-rȧl), *adj.* pertaining to a suture.

su-ture ('tūr), *n.* the sewing together of the edges of a wound; lines of junction of the bones of the skull.

su-ze-rain (sū'ze-rān), *n.* a feudal lord; paramount ruler.

swab (swob), *n.* a mop for cleaning decks, floors, etc.; clumsy person or lubber: *v.t.* to clean with a swab.

swad-dle (swod') *v.t.* to swathe or bind tightly, especially infants.

swad-dling ('ling), *adj.* binding tightly.

swag (swag), *v.i.* to sink down by its own weight; hang heavily: *n.* hobbling motion; thieves' booty.

swag-ger ('ĕr), *v.i.* to bully or bluster; strut haughtily: *n.* an insolent manner of walking; noisy boastfulness.

swain (swān), *n.* a peasant; rustic lover; sweetheart.

swal-low (swol'ō), *n.* a common passerine bird; the throat: *v.t.* to take into the stomach through the esophagus; absorb; engulf; retract; put up with.

swam, *p.t.* of swim.

swamp (swomp), *n.* wet, soft, spongy land saturated with water: *v.t.* to plunge, overwhelm, or sink in a swamp; fall into serious difficulties.

swamp-y ('i), *adj.* consisting of, or like, a swamp.

swan (swon), *n.* a swimming bird with a very long neck and noted for grace of movement.

swap (swop), *v.t.* to exchange or barter: *n.* an exchange of money, blows, etc.

sward (swawrd), *n.* the grassy surface of land.

sward-ed ('ed), *adj.* covered with sward.

swarm (swawrm), *vi.* to throng together in a crowd; collect and rise from the hive, said of bees: *n.* a cluster of insects, especially bees; multitude in motion.

swarth-i-ly (swôrth'i-li), *adv.* with a swarthy hue.

swarth-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state or quality of being swarthy.

swarth-y ('i), *adj.* of a dark or tawny hue; dark-skinned.

swash (swosh), *n.* a splashing of water: *v.i.* to dash or splash water about.

swash-ing ('ing), *adj.* crushing; slashing.

swath (swawth), *n.* a line of grass or grain as cut down by the mower.

swathe (swā*th*), *v.t.* to bind with a bandage or roller; wrap: *n.* a bandage or roller.

sway (swā), *v.t.* to move backwards and forwards; influence; bias; govern: *v.i.* to incline on one side: *n.* the sweep of a weapon; cast of the balance; rule; dominion; authority; inclination on one side.

swear (swār), *v.i.* to affirm the truth of something by appealing to God; give evidence on oath; use profane language.

sweat (swet), *n.* the moisture which exudes from the skin; toil; exertion: *v.i.* to exude moisture through the pores; perspire; drudge.

sweep (swēp), *v.t.* to brush, or clean with a broom, etc.; drive or carry along; strike with a long stroke; touch in passing: *n.* the act of sweeping; range; extent; a large oar.

sweep-stakes ('stāks), *n.pl.* the whole money staked at a horse-race, or in gaming.

sweet (swēt), *adj.* pleasing to the senses; tasting like sugar; luscious; fragrant; melodious; fresh; not salted.

sweet-bread ('bred), *n.* a calf's pancreas.

sweet-bri-ar ('brī-ēr), *n.* a thorny shrub of the rose kind.

sweet-en ('n), *v.t.* to make sweet; render pleasing; palliate.

sweet-heart ('hart), *n.* a lover; one beloved.

sweet-meat ('mēt), *n.* a confection made of sugar.

swell (swel), *v.i.* to expand or enlarge; increase in bulk; heave; be inflated; *v.t.* to heighten; dilate: *n.* extension of bulk; increase of sound; succession of large waves; gradual elevation of land; a foppish person.

swell-ing ('ing) *p. adj.* becoming inflated; turgid: *n.* a tumor or any morbid enlargement.

swel-ter ('tēr), *v.t.* to perspire profusely; faint with excessive heat.

swept, *p.t. & p.p.* of sweep.

swerve (swẽrv), *v.i.* to turn aside; deviate; incline.

swift (swift), *adj.* rapid; quick; moving with celerity: *adv.* rapidly: *n.* a bird allied to the swallow.

swill (swil), *v.t.* to drink greedily or grossly; inebriate: *n.* drink taken in excessive quantities; liquid food for swine.

swim (swim), *v.i.* to move progressively in the water by the hands and feet; float; glide smoothly.

swim-ming ('ing), *n.* the act of floating or moving in the water.

swim-ming-ly ('ing-li), *adv.* in a smooth, easy, gliding manner; without hindrance.

swin-dle (swin'dl), *v.t.* to cheat under pretense of fair dealing: *n.* a gross fraud.

swin-dling ('dling), *adj.* cheating grossly.

swine (swīn), *n.* a pig; hogs collectively.

swing (swing), *v.i.* to vibrate to and fro; oscillate; float round with the tide: *v.t.* to wave

loosely; brandish: *n.* contrivance for swinging to and fro; full course.

swinge (swinj), *v.t.* to whip or thrash soundly.

swin-gle (swing'gl), *v.t.* to cleanse flax by beating.

swi-nish (swī'nish), *adj.* swine-like; gross; bestial.

swipe (swīp), *n.* a sweeping blow; *pl.* thin or small beer: *v.i.* & *v.t.* to deliver a strong blow; to take and carry away.

swirl (swĕrl), *v.i.* to rush along in, or form, eddies: *n.* a whirling or eddying motion.

swish (swish), *v.i.* to lash; flog.

Swiss (swis), *adj.* pertaining to Switzerland.

switch (swich), *n.* a flexible rod; a movable rail on a railroad line; a tress of false hair: *v.t.* to lash or flog; shunt.

swiv-el (swiv'l), *n.* a twisting link in a chain; a kind of small cannon which turns on a pivot.

swol-len, *p.p.* of swell.

swoon (swōōn), *v.i.* to sink into a fainting fit: *n.* the act of swooning; syncope.

swoon-ing ('ing), *n.* the act of fainting.

swoop (swōōp), *v.t.* to sweep down upon as prey: *v.i.* to catch prey while on the wing: *n.* a sudden falling upon and seizing.

sword (sôrd), *n.* a weapon for cutting and thrusting; emblem of authority or vengeance.

swore, *p.t.* of swear.

sworn, *p.p.* of swear: *adj.* bound by an oath.

syc-a-more ('å-môr), *n.* a tree of Syria allied to the fig; a name often given to the American buttonwood.

syc-o-phan-cy (sik'ō-fân-si), *n.* obsequious or servile flattery.

syc-o-phant ('ō-fânt), *n.* a mean or servile flatterer.

syl-lab-ic (sil-ab'ik), *adj.* pertaining to, or consisting of, a syllable.

syl-la-ble ('å-bl), *n.* that part of a word which can be uttered distinctly by a single effort of the voice.

syl-la-bus ('å-bus), *n.* a table of contents; abstract.

syl-lo-gism ('o-jizm), *n.* an argument, consisting of three propositions; a logical statement.

sylph (silf), *n.* an imaginary being inhabiting the air.

syl-van (sil'vân), *adj.* pertaining to a wood or groove; rustic; woody; shady.

sym-bol ('bol), *n.* an emblem or sign representing something else; type; emblem.

sym-bol-ic ('ik), *adj.* of the nature of a symbol.

sym-bol-ize (-iz), *v.t.* to represent by a symbol.

sym-met-ric-al (-met'rik-âl), *adj.* harmonious; proportionate.

sym-met-ry ('et-ri), *n.* the due proportion of the several parts of a body to each other.

sym-pa-thet-ic (-pâ-thet'ik), *adj.* expressing sympathy; compassionate.

sym-pa-thize ('pâ-thīz), *v.i.* to have a mutual feeling with another.

sym-pa-thy ('pâ-thi), *n.* mutual feeling of pleasure or pain; compassion. *Syn.* commiseration, condolence.

sym-phon-ic (-fon'ik), *adj.* agreeing in sound.

sym-pho-ny ('fo-ni), *n.* harmony of sound; a musical composition for a full band of instruments.

sym-po-si-um (-pō'zi-um), *n.* a banquet; merry-making.

symp-tom (simp'tom), *n.* that which indicates a disease or secret condition; token or sign.

symp-to-mat-ic (-to-mat'ik), *adj.* indicating a symptom.

symp-to-mat-ic-al-ly (-âl-li), *adv.* by symptoms.

syn-a-gogue ('sin'å-gog), *n.* a religious assembly of Jews for worship; Jewish place of worship.

syn-chro-nism (sing'krō-nizm), *n.* concurrence in time of two or more events.

syn-chro-nize ('krō-nīz), *v.t.* to cause to agree in time.

syn-chro-nous ('krō-nus), *adj.* happening at the same time.

syn-co-pe ('ko-pē), *n.* the omission of letters from the middle of a word; fainting caused by interruption of the heart's action.

syn-cre-tism ('kre-tizm), *n.* the attempt to blend opposite and contradictory tenets into one system.

syn-di-cal-ism ('di-cal-izm), *n.* a system of labor-unionism marked by revolutionary methods and acts of violence.

syn-di-cate ('di-kāt), *n.* a combination of capitalists to promote some special undertaking.

syn-od ('od), *n.* a council or meeting of ecclesiastics for consultation on religious matters.

syn-o-nym ('o-nim), *n.* a word having nearly the same signification as another.

syn-op-sis (-op'sis), *n.* a general or collective view of any subject; summary.

syn-op-tic (-op'tik), *adj.* giving a general view of any subject.

syn-tac-tic (-tak'tik), *adj.* pertaining to the rules of syntax.

syn-tax ('taks), *n.* that part of grammar which teaches of the proper arrangement of words in a sentence.

syn-the-sis ('the-sis), *n.* composition or putting of two or more things together; deducing complex ideas from simple ones.

syn-thet-ic (-thet'ik), *adj.* pertaining to synthesis.

syph-i-lis (sif'i-lis), *n.* venereal disease.

sy-phon. Another form of siphon.

sy-ren. Another form of siren.

Syr-i-ac (sir'i-ak), *adj.* pertaining to Syria.

syr-inge (sir'inj), *n.* a small tube worked like a pump: *v.t.* to inject or cleanse with a syringe.

syr-up (sir'up), *n.* a saturated solution of sugar in water; liquid refuse of sugar.

sys-tem (sis'tem), *n.* combniation of parts in a whole; orderly arrangement; collection of rules and principles; method of transacting business. *Syn.* method, plan, order.

sys-tem-at-ic (-at'ik), *adj.* methodical; according to system. *Syn.* orderly, regular.

sys-tem-at-ic-al-ly (-ål-i), *adv.* in a systematic manner.

sys-tem-a-tize ('tem-å-tīz), *v.t.* to reduce to a system.

sys-to-le ('to-lē), *n.* the shortening of a long syllable; contraction of auricles and ventricles of the heart.

sys-to-lic (sis-tol'ic), *adj.* pertaining to systole; contracting.

T

tab (tab), *n.* a shoe latchet; tag; a cap border.

tab-ard ('ård), *n.* a short mantle; herald's coat.

tab-by ('i), *adj.* brindled: *n.* a kind of wavy or watered silk; mixture of stone or shell with mortar; tabby-cat: *v.t.* to water or cause to look wavy.

tab-by-cat ('i-kat), *n.* a brindled cat.

tab-er-nac-le ('ēr-nak-l), *n.* a temporary dwelling or tent; a place of worship: *v.i.* to abide for a term.

ta-bes (tā'bez), *n.* a decline; wasting away.

ta-ble (tā'bl), *n.* a flat smooth board, furnished with legs; flat surface; entertainment; index or syllabus: *pl.* a scheme; schedule; synopsis; inscription: *v.t.* to set down in order; postpone some subject.

ta-bleau (tab'lō, tå-blō'), *n.* a vivid representation.

ta-ble-land (tā'bl-land), *n.* a plateau.

tab-let (tab'let), *n.* small table; a disc-shaped pill; a flat surface for memoranda; small flat cake, as of soap, sweetmeats, etc.

ta-boo (tå-bōō'), *n.* ban; prohibition: *v.t.* to forbid approach to; hold sacred. Also tabu.

tab-u-lar (tab'ū-lär), *adj.* in the form of a table; set down or arranged in tables or schedules.

tab-u-late ('ū-lāt), *v.t.* to reduce to tables or synopses.

tac-it (tas'it), *adj.* implied, but not expressed verbally.

tac-i-turn ('i-tērn), *adj.* habitually silent. *Syn.* close, mute, reticent.

tac-i-turn-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* habitual silence.

tack (tak), *n.* a small nail; direction of a vessel: *v.t.* to fasten with tacks; attach: *v.i.* to change the course of a vessel by shifting the position of her sails.

tack-le ('l), *n.* the ropes, rigging, etc., of a vessel; apparatus for raising or lowering heavy weights: *v.t.* to harness; seize; attack vigorously.

tact (takt), *n.* nice discernment and delicate skill in speech and behavior.

tac-ti-cian (-tish'ăn), *n.* one skilled in tactics.

tac-tics ('tiks), *n.* naval and military evolutions; science in maneuvering forces for battle.

tac-tile ('til), *adj.* perceptible by the touch.

tac-til-i-ty (-til'i-ti), *n.* perceptibility by touch.

tac-tu-al (tak'tū-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to touch.

tad-pole (tad'pōl), *n.* the aquatic larva of the frog.

taf-fe-ta (taf'e-tă), *n.* a glossy silken fabric.

taff-rail ('rāl), *n.* the upper part of a ship's stern.

taf-fy ('i), *n.* a kind of molasses candy; flattery.

tag (tag), *n.* metal at the end of a string or a lace; a slight appendage; a label; a children's game: *v.t.* to fix a tag to; follow closely and persistently.

tail (tāl), *n.* the loose end of an animal's back-bone; hinder part of anything.

tail-or ('ẽr), *n.* one whose business is to cut out and make clothes.

taint (tānt), *n.* corruption; infection; disgrace: *v.t.* to impregnate with anything noxious; infect; corrupt.

take (tāk), *v.t.* to lay hold of; obtain; capture; choose; assume; conduct or lead; transport: *v.i.* to have recourse; have the intended effect; please. *Syn.* accept, receive.

tak-ing ('ing), *adj.* attractive; pleasing; infectious: *n.* the act of gaining possession; seizure; agitation.

talc (talk), *n.* a foliated magnesium mineral.

tale (tāl), *n.* a narrative or story; fable; anecdote; reckoning; number reckoned.

tal-ent (tal'ent), *n.* among the ancients, a weight, coin, or sum of money; mental capacity; eminent ability.

tal-ent-ed ('ent-ed), *adj.* endowed with eminent ability.

tal-is-man ('is-măn), *n.* a magical figure cut in metal or stone; a charm.

tal-is-man-ic ('ik), *adj.* pertaining to a talisman; magical.

talk (tawk), *v.i.* to utter words; speak familiarly; converse: *n.* familiar converse; rumor; conference.

talk-a-tive ('ă-tiv), *adj.* addicted to much talking. *Syn.* garrulous, loquacious.

talk-a-tive-ly (-li), *adv.* in a talkative manner; loquaciously.

talk-ing ('ing), *n.* the act of conversing: *adj.* loquacious.

tall (tawl), *adj.* high in stature; lofty; extravagant.

tal-low (tal'ō), *n.* the melted fat of oxen and sheep; candle-grease.

tal-ly ('i), *n.* a stick notched for keeping accounts; one thing made to match another: *v.t.* to make to correspond: *v.i.* to be fitted; match.

tal-ly-ho (-hō), *interj.* & *n.* the huntsman's cry; a four-in-hand coach.

Tal-mud ('mud), *n.* the book which contains the whole body of the Jewish laws and traditions.

tal-on ('on), *n.* the claw of a bird of prey.

ta-lus (tā'lus), *n.* the ankle-bone; sloping part of a work; sloping heap of débris at the foot of a cliff.

tam-a-ble ('tām'ă-bl), *adj.* capable of being tamed.

tam-a-rind (tam'ă-rind), *n.* a lofty tropical tree and its acid fruit.

tam-bour ('bẽr), *n.* a drum-like frame for embroidering; a small drum.

tam-bour-ine (-ēn'), *n.* a small hand-drum with little cymbals inserted in the hoop.

tame (tām), *adj.* domesticated; spiritless; insipid: *v.t.* to reclaim from wildness; subdue.

tame-less ('les), *adj.* not capable of being tamed.

tamp (tamp), *v.t.* to block up the blasthole in a rock; drive in by repeated gentle strokes.

tam-per ('pẽr), *v.i.* to meddle with; use bribery; try small experiments.

tan (tan), *n.* bark used for tanning hides: *adj.* tan-colored: *v.t.* to convert a hide into leather

by steeping it in an infusion of bark or tannin; make brown by exposure to the sun.

tan-dem ('dem), *adv.* one before the other, as horses: *n.* a vehicle with two horses harnessed one before the other.

tang (tang), *n.* a strong taste or flavor; sound or tone: *v.i.* to make a ringing sound.

tan-gen-cy ('jen-si), *n.* a contact or touching.

tan-gent ('jent), *adj.* touching: *n.* a straight line that touches without crossing a circle or curve.

tan-gen-tial (-jen'shăl), *adj.* in the direction of a tangent.

tan-gi-bil-i-ty (tan-ji-bil'i-ti), *n.* the state of being tangible.

tan-gi-ble ('ji-bl), *adj.* perceptible to the touch; evident; real.

tan-gle (tang'gl), *v.t.* to implicate; embarrass; entangle; complicate: *n.* a knot of things interwoven confusedly; complication; perplexity.

tank (tangk), *n.* a large cistern for storing water or other liquid.

tank-ard ('ĕrd), *n.* a drinking vessel with a lid.

tan-ner ('ĕr), *n.* one who tans hides.

tan-ner-y (-i), *n.* a place where hides are tanned.

tan-nin ('nin), *n.* the astringent substance of bark active in tanning.

tan-ning ('ing), *n.* the process of converting hides into leather.

tan-sy ('zi), *n.* a bitter aromatic plant with small yellow flowers.

tan-tal-ize ('tăl-īz), *v.t.* to torment with false hopes; tease; provoke.

tan-tal-iz-ing (-ing), *adj* teasing; tormenting; annoying.

tan-ta-mount ('tă-mount), *adj.* equivalent in value or signification.

tan-trum ('trum), *n.* a fit of ill-humor.

tap (tap), *v.t.* to strike or touch lightly; broach a vessel to let out a fluid; bore into: *n.* a gentle blow, or touch; pat; pipe through which liquor is drawn from a cask.

tape (tāp), *n.* a narrow band of linen or cotton cloth.

ta-per (tā'pĕr), *n.* a small wax candle: *adj.* growing smaller towards the point: *v.t.* to narrow to a point.

ta-per-ing (-ing), *adj.* gradually diminishing towards a point.

tap-es-try (tap'es-tri), *n.* a textile fabric ornamented with a raised design, figures, etc.

tap-i-o-ca (tap-i-ō'kă), *n.* a farinaceous food.

tap-ping ('ing), *n.* act of tapping; a surgical operation for the relief of dropsy.

tap-root ('rōōt), *n.* the main root of a plant.

tap-ster ('stĕr), *n.* one whose business is to draw liquor from a cask.

tar (tär), *n.* a thick oily substance obtained from pine, or fir trees, coal, etc.; a sailor: *v.t.* to smear with tar.

tar-an-tu-la ('tū-lă), *n.* a large species of spider.

tar-di-ly ('di-li), *adv.* slowly; deliberately.

tar-di-ness ('di-nes), *n.* slowness of pace or motion; reluctance.

tar-dy ('di), *adj.* moving with a slow pace; dilatory; reluctant; late.

tare (tär), *n.* a troublesome weed; allowance in commerce for the weight of casks or bags containing goods.

tar-get (tär'get), *n.* a small shield; mark set up for rifle and artillery practice.

tar-iff (tar'if), *n.* a schedule of dutiable goods, specifying the customs rates to be paid on articles of merchandise; a duty levied according to such a schedule.

tarn (tärn), *n.* a small mountain lake; marsh.

tar-nish (tär'nish), *v.t.* to diminish the luster of; sully: *v.i.* to lose luster; become dull.

tar-pau-lin (-paw'lin), *n.* stout water-proof canvas.

tar-ry (tar'i), *v.i.* to stay behind; delay; linger.

tar-sus ('sus), *n.* the instep, consisting of several bones.

tart (tärt), *adj.* sharp to the taste; acid; keen: *n.* small open pie.

tar-tan (tär'tăn), *n.* woolen cloth, checkered with various colors.

tar-tar ('tär), *n.* a white concretion on the teeth.

Tar-tar, *n.* an inhabitant of Tartary; a person of irritable temper.

task (tăsk), *n.* business or study imposed; lesson to be

learned; burdensome employment: *v.t.* to impose a task upon; burden.

tas-sel ('l), *n.* a pendent ornament of silk, wool, etc.; the flower head of the maize.

tas-seled ('ld), *p.adj.* adorned with tassels.

taste (tāst), *v.t.* to perceive by the tongue and palate; test by sipping a little: *v.i.* to try by the palate; have a flavor; *n.* the sensation produced on the tongue and palate by something taken into the mouth; flavor; relish; intellectual discernment of the sublime or beautiful. *Syn.* flavor, relish, savor.

taste-ful ('fool), *adj.* savory; showing good taste. *Syn.* dainty, delicate, nice.

taste-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* in a tasteful manner.

tast-y ('i), *adj.* showing taste; savory.

tat-ter ('ēr), *n.* a loose hanging rag: *pl.* rags: *v.t.* to make ragged; rend.

tat-ting ('ing), *n.* a kind of narrow lace for edging.

tat-tle ('l), *v.i.* to talk idly or triflingly; tell tales or secrets: *n.* idle talk.

tat-too (-tōō'), *n.* a drum beat at the hour for sleep; figures made by puncturing the skin with a needle and rubbing a dye into the wounds: *v.t.* to mark permanently in this way.

tat-too-ing ('ing), *n.* the operation or practice of making tattoo marks on the body.

taught, *p.t.* & *p.p.* of teach.

taunt (tänt or tawnt), *n.* bitter or sarcastic reproach; scoff; insulting invective: *v.t.* to reproach with insulting language; revile.

taut (tawt), *adj.* tight; stretched; snug; secure.

tau-to-log-ic-al (-to-loj'ik-ăl), *adj.* of the nature of tautology.

tau-tol-o-gy (-tol'o-ji), *n.* repetition of the same thing or idea in different words.

tav-ern (tav'ērn), *n.* an inn or public-house.

taw (taw), *v.t.* to dress skins to make them into leather: *n.* a game at marbles.

taw-dri-ly ('dri-li), *adv.* gaudily.

taw-dri-ness ('dri-nes), *n.* the state of being tawdry.

taw-dry ('dri), *adj.* showy without elegance; gaudily dressed.

taw-ny ('ni), *adj.* of a yellowish-brown color.

tax (taks), *n.* a rate or duty on income or property; excise; impost; burdensome duty: *v.t.* to impose a rate or duty for state or municipal purposes; burden or oppress; accuse. *Syn.* custom, duty, toll, assessment.

tax-a-ble ('ă-bl), *adj.* subject to taxation.

tax-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* the act of taxing; system of raising revenues.

tax-i-cab (tax'i-cab), *n.* a motor cab with a device for registering time and distance traversed.

tax-i-der-mist ('i-dēr-mist), *n.* one skilled in taxidermy.

tax-i-der-my ('i-dēr-mi), *n.* the art of stuffing and arranging specimens of natural history.

tea (tē), *n.* the prepared leaves of the tea plant; an infusion of the dried leaves; afternoon repast at which tea is served; an infusion of other substances, as beef.

teach (tēch), *v.t.* to impart knowledge to; instruct; inform: *v.i.* to give instruction. *Syn.* drill, educate, train.

teach-ing ('ing), *n.* instruction; training.

team (tēm), *n.* horses harnessed together for work; number of persons forming a side in a game.

team-ster ('stēr), *n.* the driver of a team.

tear (tēr), *n.* a watery fluid flowing from the eye

tear (tār), *n.* a rent: *v.t.* to separate by violence; lacerate.

tear-ful (tēr'fool), *adj.* shedding tears.

tease (tēz), *v.t.* to comb or unravel; separate the fibers of; irritate or annoy: *n.* one who teases. *Syn.* taunt, tantalize.

teas-el ('l), *n.* a bur used in dressing cloth.

teat (tēt), *n.* the nipple of the female breast; mammilla.

tech-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state of being techy.

tech-nic (tek'nik), *adj.* pertaining to the mechanical arts. Also technical: *n.pl.* those branches of learning which relate to the arts.

tech-nique (-nēk'), *n.* artistic execution.

tech-no-log-ic-al (-no-loj'ik-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to technology.

tech-nol-o-gist (-nol'o-jist), *n.* one skilled in technology.

tech-nol-o-gy ('o-ji), *n.* the science of the industrial arts.

tech-y (tech'i), *adj.* peevish; irritable.

tec-ton-ics (tek-ton'iks), *n.* the science or art of construction.

te-di-ous (tē'di-us), *adj.* wearisome by repetition.

te-di-um ('di-um), *n.* weariness.

teem (tēm), *v.i.* to be stocked to overflowing.

teem-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* prolific; abundant.

teens (tēns), *n. pl.* years of age between twelve and twenty.

teeth, *pl.* of tooth.

teeth-ing (tē*th*'ing), *n.* dentition.

tee-to-tal (tē-tō'tăl), *adj.* pertaining to teetotalism.

tee-to-tal-er (-ĕr), *n.* a total abstainer.

tee-to-tal-ism (-izm), *n.* entire abstinence from intoxicating liquors.

tee-to-tum (-tō'tum), *n.* a child's toy used in games of chance.

teg-u-ment ('ū-ment), *n.* natural covering; skin.

tel-e-gram ('e-gram), *n.* a telegraphic message.

tel-e-graph ('e-grăf), *n.* an apparatus for communicating intelligence by signals, especially by means of electricity: *v.t.* to convey by telegraph: *v.i.* to send a telegraphic message.

tel-e-graph-er (tel'e-grăf-er or te-leg'rä-fĕr), *n.* one who sends telegraphic messages; telegraphist.

tel-e-graph-ic (tel-e-graf'ik), *adj.* pertaining to the telegraph.

tel-e-graph-y (tel'e-grăf-i or te-leg'rä-fi), *n.* the art of constructing and working telegraphs.

tel-e-ol-o-gy (tel-e-ol'o-ji), *n.* the doctrine of the final causes of things.

tel-ep-a-thy (tel-ep'ä-thi), *n.* the transference of thought from mind to mind without speech.

tel-e-phone (tel'e-fōn), *n.* an instrument for transmitting sound to a distance by means of electricity: *v.t.* & *v.i.* to communicate by telephone.

tel-e-phon-ic (-fon'ik), *adj.* pertaining to the telephone.

tel-e-pho-ny (tel'e-fō-ni or tel-ef'o-ni), *n.* the art of transmitting sounds to a distance.

tel-e-scope (tel'e-skōp), *n.* an optical instrument for viewing objects at a distance.

tel-e-scop-ic (-skop'ik), *adj.* visible by a telescope.

tel-e-scop-ic-al-ly (-äl-i), *adv.* by means of a telescope.

tel-e-sco-pist ('e-skō-pist), *n.* one who is skilled in using the telescope.

tel-e-sco-py ('e-skō-pi), *n.* the art of using a telescope.

tell (tel), *v.t.* to express by words; narrate; communicate; confess.

tell-er ('ĕr), *n.* one who tells or communicates; a bank clerk whose duty is to receive and pay money over the counter.

tell-ing ('ing), *n.* the act of relating: *adj.* effective.

tell-tale ('tāl), *n.* an officious informer: *adj.* telling tales.

te-mer-i-ty (te-mer'i-ti), *n.* foolhardiness; rashness. *Sm.* audacity, hastiness.

tem-per (tem'pĕr), *v.t.* to modify or regulate; qualify; assuage; calm: *n.* due proportion of different ingredients; state of a metal as to its hardness or elasticity; mental disposition; mood; irritation.

tem-per-a-ment ('pĕr-ä-ment), *n.* natural constitution of the body or mind.

tem-per-ance ('pĕr-äns), *n.* moderation of the appetites or passions; patience; sobriety; total abstinence from intoxicating liquors.

tem-per-ate ('pĕr-et), *adj.* abstemious; calm; not liable to excess of heat or cold.

tem-per-ate-ly (-li), *adv.* moderately.

tem-per-a-ture ('pĕr-ä-tūr), *n.* state of a body with respect to sensible heat.

tem-pered ('pĕrd), *adj.* constitutionally disposed; hardened.

tem-pest ('pest), *n.* violent wind, often with severe rain or hail; hurricane.

tem-pes-tu-ous (-pes'tū-us), *adj.* very stormy; violent.

tem-ple ('pl), *n.* an edifice for the worship of a deity or deities; place of public worship; the flat part of either side of the head above the cheek-bones.

tem-po-ral ('po-rål), *adj.* pertaining to time; secular; civil or political.

tem-po-ra-ri-ly ('po-rå-rĭ-li), *adv.* for a time.

tem-po-ra-ry (-rĭ), *adj.* continuing for a limited time; transient. *Syn.* fleeting, transient, transitory.

tem-po-rize ('po-rīz), *v.i.* to comply with the times; yield to current opinion; parley; delay.

tempt (tempt), *v.t.* to put to trial; test; persuade to evil.

temp-ta-tion (temp-tā'shun), *n.* the act of tempting; enticement, especially to evil.

tempt-er (tempt'ĕr), *n.* one who tempts.

tempt-ing ('ing), *adj.* alluring; seductive.

ten (ten), *adj.* one more than 9; twice 5: *n.* the sum of 5 and 5; ten units.

ten-a-ble ('å-bl), *adj.* capable of being held, maintained, or defended.

te-na-cious (te-nā'shus), *adj.* holding fast or firmly; cohesive; tough; obstinate. *Syn.* pertinacious, retentive.

te-nac-i-ty (-nas'ĭ-ti), *n.* the state of being tenacious; cohesiveness.

ten-an-cy (ten'ån-si), *n.* the holding of land or tenements on certain conditions; tenure.

ten-ant ('ånt), *n.* one who holds lands or tenements on certain conditions; an occupant.

ten-ant-ry (-rĭ), *n.* tenants collectively.

tend (tend), *v.t.* to care for; attend; watch over or protect: *v.i.* to move in a particular direction.

tend-en-cy (tend'en-si), *n.* inclination; aim; direction or course. *Syn.* drift, scope.

ten-der ('dĕr), *adj.* easily impressed or injured; sensitive; soft; weak and feeble; compassionate; careful: *n.* a fuel attached to a locomotive; smaller vessel attending a larger one; proposal for acceptance: *v.t.* to offer for acceptance.

ten-der-ness (-nes), *n.* kindness; sensibility; soreness.

ten-don ('dun), *n.* the bundle of fibers which connects the muscles to the bones.

ten-dril ('drĭl), *n.* the twining part of a climbing plant.

ten-e-ment ('e-ment), *n.* a house, shop, land, etc., held by a tenant; dwelling house; suite of rooms.

ten-et ('et), *n.* a doctrine or opinion, maintained as true. *Syn.* position, view, conviction.

ten-fold ('fōld), *adj.* & *adv.* ten times as much or as many.

ten-nis ('is), *n.* a game played with rackets.

ten-on ('un), *n.* the end of a timber fitted into a mortise.

ten-or ('ĕr), *n.* manner of continuity; general tendency; purport; the highest of adult male voices: *adj.* adapted for tenor voice.

ten-pins ('pins), a game played in a bowling alley in which ten upright wooden pins are used.

tense (tens), *adj.* drawn tightly; rigid: *n.* inflection of a verb to express time.

ten-sile (ten'sĭl), *adj.* ductile; capable of extension.

ten-sion ('shun), *n.* the act of stretching or straining; strong excitement of feeling; expansive or elastic force.

tent (tent), *n.* a temporary movable shelter or habitation; plug or roll of lint for dilating a wound.

ten-ta-cle (ten'tå-kl) *n.* an organ in certain animals used for feeling, prehension or motion.

ten-tac-u-lar (-tak'ū-lăr), *adj.* pertaining to tentacles.

ten-ta-tive ('tå-tĭv), *adj.* experimental.

ten-ta-tive-ly (-li), *adv.* by experiment.

tenth (tenth), *adj.* next in order after the ninth; the ordinal of ten.

te-nu-i-ty (te-nū'i-ti), *n.* thinness; rarity.

ten-u-ous (ten'ū-us), *adj.* slender; not dense.

ten-ure ('ūr), *n.* conditions under which a tenement is held; manner and term of holding.

tep-e-fac-tion (tep-e-fak'shun), *n.* the act of warming or making tepid.

tep-e-fy ('e-fī), *v.t.* to make tepid; *vi.* to become tepid.

tep-id ('id), *adj.* moderately warm; lukewarm.

ter-giv-er-sa-tion (ter-jiv-ĕr-sā'-shun), *n.* evasion; subterfuge.

term (tĕrm), *n.* a limit or boundary; limited time; a word or expression with peculiar significance: *pl.* conditions or stipulations: *v.t.* to name, designate, or express. *Syn.* boundary, limit, period.

ter-ma-gant (tĕr'mȧ-gȧnt), *adj.* noisy and violent: *n.* a noisy, violent woman.

ter-mi-nal ('mi-nȧl), *adj.* pertaining to the end: *n.* a limit or boundary; end.

ter-mi-nate ('mi-nāt), *v.t.* to limit or bound; end.

ter-mi-na-tion (-nā'shun), *n.* the act of terminating; a bound or limit; conclusion or result.

ter-mi-nol-o-gy (-mi-nol'o-ji), *n.* the definition of technical terms.

ter-mi-nus ('mi-nus), *n.* a limit or boundary; station at the end of a railway.

ter-race ('es), *n.* a raised level bank of earth with sloping sides; a gallery; a flat roof: *v.t.* to form into a terrace.

ter-ra cot-ta (kot'ȧ), *n.* a composition of fine clay and sand.

ter-ra-pin ('ȧ-pin), *n.* a species of fresh-water tortoise, esteemed for food.

ter-res-tri-al (-res'tri-ȧl), *adj.* pertaining or belonging to the earth.

ter-ri-ble (ter'i-bl), *adj.* exciting or causing fear or awe; dreadful.

ter-ri-bly (-bli), *adv.* violently; dreadfully.

ter-ri-er ('i-ĕr), *n.* a breed of small dogs.

ter-ri-fy ('i-fī), *v.t.* to frighten or alarm greatly.

ter-ri-to-ri-al (-i-tō'ri-ȧl), *adj.* pertaining to a territory.

ter-ri-to-ry ('i-to-ri), *n.* the extent of land within the jurisdiction of a state, etc.; large tract of land; a section of the United States under Federal authority, not ready for statehood.

ter-ror ('ĕr), *n.* extreme fear; great dread; fright.

ter-ror-ism (-izm), *n.* government by terror; intimidation.

ter-ror-ize (-īz), *v.t.* to coerce by terror.

terse (tĕrs), *adj.* elegantly and forcibly concise. *Syn.* brief, pithy, short.

terse-ly ('li), *adv.* in a terse manner.

terse-ness ('nes), *n.* quality of being concise.

ter-tian (tĕr'shȧn), *adj.* occurring every third day: *n.* an intermittent fever thus recurring.

ter-ti-a-ry ('shi-ȧ-ri), *adj.* of the third order.

test (test), *n.* anything by which the nature of a substance is tried; standard; discrimination; proof: *v.t.* to put to the proof; compare with a standard; examine critically.

tes-ta-ceous (-tā'shus), *adj.* having a hard shell.

tes-ta-ment ('tȧ-ment), *n.* the will of a deceased person; one of the two divisions of the Bible.

tes-ta-men-ta-ry (-men'tȧ-ri), *adj.* pertaining to a will.

tes-ta-tor (-tā'tĕr), *n.* one who makes a will.

tes-ti-cle ('ti-kl), *n.* a generative organ of male animals.

tes-ti-fy ('ti-fī), *v.i.* to bear witness; give evidence: *v.t.* declare solemnly on oath.

tes-ti-ly ('ti-li), *adv.* in a testy manner.

tes-ti-mo-ni-al (-ti-mō'ni-ȧl), *n.* a certificate of character; a present given as a token of respect; acknowledgment of services rendered, etc.

tes-ti-mo-ny ('ti-mō-ni), *n.* evidence; proof; statement of a witness upon oath; a public declaration upon some point.

test-i-ness (test'i-nes), *n.* peevishness.

tes-ty (tes'ti), *adj.* peevish; morose; irritable.

tet-a-nus (tet'ȧ-nus), *n.* lockjaw; spasms with rigidity.

tête-à-tête (tāt-ȧ-tāt'), *n.* private conversation; a kind of settee.

teth-er (teth'ĕr), *n.* a rope for confining an animal; scope or freedom allowed: *v.t.* to confine within certain limits.

tet-ra-he-dron (-hē'dron), *n.* a solid figure bounded by four triangles.

tet-ram-e-ter (tet-ram'e-tĕr), *n.* a verse or line consisting of four measures.

tet ter ('ĕr), *n.* an itching cutaneous disease.

Teu-ton-ic ('ik), *aaj.* pertaining to the Teutonic race, languages, etc.

text (tekst), *n.* original words of an author; verse, etc., of Scripture forming the subject of a sermon; words commented on; topic.

text-book ('book), *n.* a standard book of instruction.

tex-tile (teks'til), *adj.* formed by weaving; capable of being woven.

tex-tu-al ('tū-ăl), *adj.* contained in a text.

tex-ture ('tūr), *n.* manner of weaving; anything woven; web; tissue; relation between the parts of a body.

than (*th*an), *conj.* used after the comparative degree of adjectives and adverbs expressing diversity or comparison.

thane (thān), *n.* a title of honor or dignity among the Anglo-Saxons.

thank (thangk), *v.t.* to express gratitude for a favor.

thank-ful ('fool), *adj.* grateful; obliged.

thank-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* gratefully.

thank-less ('les), *adj.* ungrateful. *Syn.* ungracious, profitless.

thanks (thangks), *n.pl.* an expression of gratitude or obligation.

thanks-giv-ing (thangks-giv'ing), *n.* the act of giving thanks; a public celebration of divine goodness; a day set apart for this purpose.

that (*th*at), *pron.* & *adj.* [*pl.* those (*th*ōz)], not this but the other: *conj.* because; since.

thatch (thach), *n.* straw, reeds, etc., used for roofing: *v.t.* to cover with thatch.

thau-ma-tur-gy (thaw'mă-tĕr-ji), *n.* the act of performing miracles; legerdemain.

thaw (thaw), *v.i.* to melt, as ice or snow: *v.t.* to dissolve: *n.* the melting of ice or snow by rise of temperature.

the-a-ter, the-a-tre (the'ă-tĕr), *n.* a public building where dramatic representations are given; scene or sphere of action.

the-at-ric-al (-at'rik-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to, or adapted for, scenic representations; histrionic; pompous.

the-at-ric-al-ly (-li), *adv.* in a manner adapted for the stage.

thee (*th*ē), *pron.* objective case of thou.

theft (theft), *n.* the act of stealing; robbery.

theirs (*th*ārz), *pron.pl.* possessive case of they.

the-ism (thē'izm), *n.* the belief in the existence of a God: opposed to atheism.

the-ist ('ist), *n.* one who believes in the existence of a God.

the-ist-ic ('ik), *adj.* pertaining to theism or theists.

them (*th*em), *pron.* the objective case of they.

theme (thēm) *n.*, the topic of a discourse or dissertation. *Syn.* subject, text, essay.

then (*th*en), *conj.* in consequence; therefore: *adv.* next; at that or another time.

thence (*th*ens), *adv.* from that place or time.

the-oc-ra-cy (the-ok'ră-si), *n.* government of a state by the immediate direction of God; the state thus governed.

the-o-crat-ic (-krat'ik), *adj.* pertaining to a theocracy; under deific control.

the-o-lo-gi-an (-o-lō'ji-ăn), *n.* one versed in theology; professor of divinity; a divine.

the-o-log-ic-al (-loj'ik-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to theology.

the-ol-o-gy (-ol'o-ji), *n.* the science that treats of God and subjects relating to divinity.

the-o-rem ('o-rem), *n.* a proposition to be proved; an established principle.

the-o-ret-ic-al (-o-ret'ik-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to theory; not practical; speculative.

the-o-rist ('o-rist), *n.* one who theorizes.

the-o-rize ('o-rīz), *v.i.* to form a theory; speculate.

the-o-ry ('o-ri), *n.* an exposition of the abstract principles of a science or art; philosophical explanation of phenomena. *Syn.* speculation, hypothesis, conjecture.

the-os-o-phy ('o-fi), *n.* a system of philosophy which claims to attain a direct knowledge of God.

ther-a-peu-tic (ther-ă-pū'tik), *adj.* curative: *n.pl.* the art of curing diseases.

there (*th*ār), *adv.* in that place; at that point or stage.

there-fore (*thăr'* or *thĕr'*fôr), *adv.* & *conj.* for that or this reason. *Syn.* accordingly, consequently, hence.

ther-mal (thĕr'mal), *adj.* pertaining to heat; warm.

ther-mom-e-ter (-mom'e-tĕr), *n.* an instrument for measuring the temperature of bodes.

ther-mo-met-ric (-mō-met'-rik), *adj.* pertaining to a thermometer.

ther-mo-stat ('mō-stat), *n.* an automatic apparatus for regulating temperature.

ther-mot-ic (-mot'ik), *adj.* pertaining to heat.

the-sau-rus (the-saw'rus), *n.* a storehouse or treasury; lexicon or dictionary.

these, *pl.* of this.

the-sis (thē'sis), *n.* a subject set a student on which to write prior to granting him a degree; the exercise itself; an essay; dissertation; theme.

thews (thūz), *n.pl.* muscles; strength.

they, *pl.* of he, she, or it.

thick (thik), *adj.* compact; dense; misty; dull; very intimate; closely set; crowded: *adv.* closely; indistinctly: *n.* the thickest part. *Syn.* close, solid, turbid.

thick-en ('n), *v.t.* to make thick; render dense: *v.i.* become thick.

thick-et ('et), *n.* a close wood or cluster of trees.

thick-set ('set), *adj.* closely planted; having a thick body: *n.* a close, thick hedge.

thief (thēf), *n.* one who takes unlawfully what is not his own.

thieve (thēv), *v.t.* & *v.i.* to steal.

thiev-ish ('ish), *adj.* addicted to theft; dishonest.

thigh (thī), *n.* the part of the leg above the knee.

thill (thil), *n.* the shaft of a cart or other vehicle; floor of a coal mine.

thim-ble (thim'bl), *n.* a cup-shaped metal cover for the finger in sewing.

thin (thin), *adj.* slim; slender; slight; meager; not full or well grown: *adv.* not thickly: *v.t.* to make thin; attenuate: *v.i.* to grow thin. *Syn.* slight, flimsy, lean, scraggy.

thine (*thīn*), *pron.* & *adj.* belonging to thee.

thing (thing), *n.* whatever is distinct from intelligent beings; inanimate matter; any non-living substance; an object of pity and contempt.

think (thingk), *v.i.* to be active mentally; reason; imagine; recollect; consider or reflect; presume. *Syn.* cogitate, consider, reflect.

think-ing ('ing), *adj.* having the faculty of thought; capable of a train of ideas: *n.* meditation; judgment.

thin-ness (thin'nes), *n.* the state of being thin.

third (thĕrd), *adj.* the next after the second: the ordinal of three: *n.* a third part of anything.

thirst (thĕrst), *n.* the sensation of a desire to drink; great desire for drink; drought: *v.i.* to be thirsty.

thirst-i-ly ('i-li), *adv.* in a thirsty manner.

thirst-y ('i), *adj.* feeling thirst; eagerly desirous.

thir-teen (thĕr'tēn), *adj.* 10 and 3: *n.* the number of 10 and 3.

thir-teenth ('tēnth), *adj.* next in order after the twelfth; the ordinal of thirteen.

thir-ti-eth ('tieth), *adj.* next in order after the twenty-ninth.

thir-ty ('ti), *adj.* three times more than 10: *n.* the sum of three tens.

this (*this*), *pron.* & *adj.* that which is present; denoting a particular person or object.

this-tle (this'l), *n.* a plant with a prickly stem and leaves.

thith-er (*thith'*ĕr), *adv.* to that place or end.

thole (thōl), *n.* a pin set in the gunwale of a boat to serve as a fulcrum for the oar.

thong (thông), *n.* a thin leather strap for fastening; striking part of a whip.

thorac-ic (thō-ras'ik), *adj.* pertaining to the thorax.

tho-rax ('raks), *n.* the cavity of the chest.

thorn (thôrn), *n.* a prickle or spine; prickly tree or shrub; anything that troubles or annoys.

thorn-y ('), *adj.* full of thorns; harassing; annoying.

thor-ough (thur'ō), *adj.* passing through; perfect; finished; complete. *Syn.* trustworthy, reliable.

thor-ough-bred (-bred), *adj.* of pure and unmixed breed; high-spirited.

thor-ough-fare (-fār), *n.* a passage from one street opening to another; an unobstructed way for traffic.

thor-ough-ly (-li), *adv.* completely; fully.

those, *pl.* of that.

thou (*thou*), *pron.* [*pl.* you], 2d *per. sing.* of I.

though (*thō*), *conj.* admitting; allowing that: *adv.* nevertheless; however.

thought (thawt), *n.* the act of thinking; that which is active in consciousness; meditation; study: *p.t. & p.p.* of think. *Syn.* idea, conception, imagination, fancy, deliberation.

thought-ful ('fool), *adj.* full of thought; contemplative; attentive; considerate for others. *Syn.* careful, reflective, cautious, heedful.

thought-ful-ly ('i), *adv.* in a thoughtful manner; with contemplation.

thought-less ('les), *adj.* unthinking; heedless; inattentive. *Syn.* inconsiderate, rash, heedless.

thou-sand (thou'zȧnd), *adj.* consisting of ten hundred: *n.* ten hundred.

thou-sandth ('zȧndth), *adj.* the ordinal of 1,000.

thral-dom (thrawl'dum), *n.* serfdom; slavery.

thrall (thrawl), *n.* a slave; serf: *v.t.* to enslave.

thrash (thrash), *v.t.* to beat out grain; flog soundly.

thrash-ing ('ing), *n.* the operation of separating grain from the husk; a sound flogging.

thread (thred), *n.* a thin cord of flax, cotton, etc., used for sewing; a filament; uniform tenor; spiral part of a screw: *v.t.* to pass through the eye of a needle.

thread-bare ('bār), *adj.* worn to the threads; poverty-stricken; hackneyed.

threat (thret), *n.* a menace: *v.t. & v.i.* to menace.

threat-en ('n), *v.i.* to use threats; to menace.

threat-en-ing (-ing), *adj.* indicating an impending evil.

three (thrē), *adj.* noting the sum of 2 and 1: *n.* a number the sum of 2 and 1.

thren-o-dy (thren'o-di), *n.* a dirge; funeral song.

thresh. Same as thrash.

thresh-old (thresh'ōld), *n.* the sill of a door; point of entrance.

threw, *p.t.* of throw.

thrice (thrīs), *adv.* three times; repeatedly.

thrift (thrift), *n.* frugality; economical management; good husbandry.

thrift-i-ly ('i-li), *adv.* in a thrifty manner.

thrift-i-ness ('-nes), *n.* the state of being thrifty.

thrift-y ('i), *adj.* characterized by economy and good management; frugal.

thrill (thril), *v.t.* to pierce; affect strongly: *v.i.* to feel a sharp tingling or exquisite sensation: *n.* a thrilling sensation; quiver.

thrive (thrīv), *v.i.* to prosper by industry; grow vigorously or luxuriantly; increase or flourish.

thriv-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* prosperous; flourishing.

throat (thrōt), *n.* the fore-part of the neck.

throb (throb), *v.i.* to beat, as the pulse, with unusual force; palpitate: *n.* a strong pulsation.

throe (thrō), *n.* agony; extreme pain; death pang: *v.i.* to be in agony.

throne (thrōn), *n.* a chair of state; sovereign power and dignity: *v.t.* to place upon a throne; exalt.

throng (thrōng), *n.* a multitude; crowd: *v.t.* to press together; annoy with numbers: *v.i.* to come in multitudes. *Syn.* host, jam, concourse.

thros-tle (thros'l), *n.* the song-thrush; a machine for spinning wool and cotton.

throt-tle (throt'l), *v.t.* to strangle or choke: *n.* the windpipe.

through (thrōō), *prep.* from end to end; from side to side; by the agency of: *adv.* from beginning to end.

throve, *p.t.* to thrive.

throw (thrō), *v t.* to fling; cast; propel; twist or wind: *n.* the act of flinging or hurling.

thrum (thrum), *n.* the end of a weaver's thread; coarse yarn: *v.t.* to fringe or put tufts on; play idly or unskilfully on a stringed instrument.

thrush (thrush), *n.* a sweet-songed bird; mouth ulcers in infants.

thrust (thrŭst), *v.t.* to push or drive with force; urge or impel; attack with a pointed weapon: *n.* a sudden push; stab.

thrust-ing ('ing), *n.* the act of pushing with force or violence.

thud (thud), *n.* a dull sound produced by a fall on a soft substance.

thumb (thum), *n.* the short, thick digit of the human hand: *v.t.* to handle awkwardly; soil with the thumb.

thump (thump), *n.* a hard, heavy blow: *v.t.* to strike or beat: *v.i.* to fall with a dull, heavy blow.

thun-der (thun'dĕr), *n.* the noise accompanying a flash of lightning; loud noise: *v.i.* to produce thunder; make a loud noise.

thun-der-bolt (-bōlt), *n.* a shaft of lightning; daring or irresistible hero; dreadful and unexpected censure or denunciation.

thunder-struck (-struk), *p.-adj.* astonished by sudden amazement, etc.

Thurs-day (thĕrz'dā), *n.* fifth day of the week.

thus (*th*us), *adv.* in this or that manner; to this degree or extent; so.

thwack (thwak), *v.t.* to strike with something flat and heavy; thump: *n.* a heavy blow.

thwart (thwawrt), *adj.* cross-wise; oblique: *prep.* & *adv.* across: *n.* a seat in a boat extending from side to side: *v.t.* to oppose; frustrate.

thy (*th*ī), *pron. poss. case* of thou.

thyme (tīm), *n.* a common aromatic herb.

thy-self, emphatic for thy.

ti-a-ra (tī-ā'rȧ), *n.* the triple crown worn by the Pope; diadem.

tib-i-a (tib'i-ȧ), *n.* the inner and larger of the two leg bones.

tic (tik), *n.* neuralgia. Also tic-douloureux.

tick (tik), *n.* a name for various annoying parasites; a case for holding feathers, etc.; small mark; quick sound or beat; credit: *v.i.* to make a slight, quick sound; go on credit: *v.t.* to mark off by a tick.

tick-et ('et), *n.* a card entitling to some right or privilege; printed list of candidates at an election: *v.t.* to distinguish by a ticket.

tick-ing ('ing), *n.* cloth used for bed-ticks.

tick-le ('l), *v.t.* to excite a thrilling sensation, usually causing laughter, by the touch; gratify and amuse.

tick-lish ('lish), *adj.* sensible to slight touches; critical; precarious; delicate to handle.

tid-al (tīd'ȧl), *adj.* pertaining to the tides; ebbing and flowing like the tides.

tide (tīd), *n.* the regular rising and falling of the sea, rivers, etc.; season; turning-point; tendency.

ti-di-ly ('di-li), *adv.* in a tidy manner.

ti-di-ness ('di-nes), *n.* neatness; cleanliness.

ti-dings ('dingz), *n.pl.* news; information.

ti-dy ('di), *adj.* trim; neat; orderly: *n.* an ornamental cover for the back of a chair, etc.: *v.t.* to make neat; put in proper order.

tie (tī), *n.* a knot or fastening; bond; obligation; equality in numbers: *v.t.* to fasten with a cord; bind; restrict: *v.i.* to make an equal score. *Syn.* restrain, restrict, secure, unite.

tier (tēr), *n.* two or more rows placed one above the other.

tierce (tērs), *n.* a cask of 42 gallons.

tiff (tif), *n.* a slight quarrel; small draught of liquor.

ti-ger (tī'gĕr), *n.* a rapacious quadruped of the cat tribe.

tight (tīt), *adj.* close; tenacious; fitting close to the body; taut; parsimonious; drunk.

tight-en ('en), *v.t.* to make more tight.

ti-gress (tī-gres), *n.* the female of the tiger.

ti-grish ('grish), *adj.* resembling a tiger; fierce.

tile (tīl), *n.* a thin slab of baked clay, used for roofing, etc.: *v.t.* to cover with tiles.

till (til), *n.* a money drawer; a glacial deposit of clay, sand, gravel: *prep.* to the time of: *adv.* to the time when: *conj.* until: *v.t.* to prepare land for seed; cultivate.

till-age ('ej), *n.* land prepared for crops; agriculture.

till-er ('ĕr), *n.* a husbandman; handle of a rudder.

tilt (tilt), *n.* a tent; covering of a wagon or boat; a thrust; a medieval military exercise; a tilt-hammer; upheaval of strata: *v.t.* to cover with an awning; thrust with a lance; forge with a tilt-hammer; raise on end; incline.

tilth (tilth), *n.* cultivated land; tillage ground.

tim-ber (tim'bĕr), *n.* the stem a tree; wood suitable for building; wooded land: *v.t.* to furnish with timber.

tim-bre ('bĕr), *n.* tone or character of musical sound.

time (tīm), *n.* measure of duration; period during which anything occurred; present life; era; epoch; leisure; musical measure of sounds: *v.t.* to adapt to the occasion; do at the proper season; regulate or measure: *v.i.* to keep or beat time. *Syn.* duration, period, age, date.

time-li-ness ('lī-nes), *n.* seasonableness.

time-ly ('lī), *adj.* occurring in time; opportune.

tim-id (tim'id), *adj.* wanting in courage; faint-hearted.

ti-mid-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* want of courage.

tim-or-ous (tim'ĕr-us), *adj.* fearful of danger; full of scruples.

tin (tin), *n.* a soft, white metal; thin plates of iron covered with tin; a cylindrical vessel of tin; *v.t.* to cover with tin; put into tins for preservation.

tinc-ture (tingk'tūr), *n.* a shade of color; slight taste or quality; solution of a medicine in spirits of wine: *v.t.* to dye or color; tinge.

tin-der ('dĕr), *n.* any inflammable material used to kindle a fire.

tin-foil (tin'foil), *n.* tin beaten into thin leaf.

tinge (tinj), *v.t.* to stain or color; impregnate; dye: *n.* a slight degree of some color, taste, or quality.

tin-gle (ting'gl), *v.i.* to feel a thrilling sensation, or pain: *n.* a thrilling sensation.

tink-er (tink'ĕr), *n.* a mender of metal pots, kettles, etc.: *v.t.* to patch up: *v.i.* meddle in an officious manner.

tin-kle ('kl), *n.* a small, sharp, ringing sound: *v.i.* to make such a sound.

tinned (tind), *adj.* covered with tin; packed in tins.

tin-plate ('plāt), *n.* iron-plate coated with tin.

tin-sel ('sel), *n.* cloth overlaid or interwoven with gold and silver; thin metallic plate; anything showy but of little value; superficial and gaudy: *adj.* showy to excess; superficial.

tint (tint), *n.* a slight coloring; hue or shade: *v.t.* to color slightly.

ti-ny (tī'ni), *adj.* very small; puny.

tip (tip), *n.* a point or top of anything small; end; ferrule or nozzle; gentle stroke; small present; private hint: *v.t.* to form a point to; strike lightly; give private hint to; give a small present to; tilt up. *Syn.* lean, dip, careen, incline.

tip-pet ('et), *n.* a covering for the neck or shoulders.

tip-ple ('l), *v.i.* to drink strong liquors habitually; drink frequently in small quantities: *n.* liquor.

tip-si-ness ('si-nes), *n.* the state of being tipsy.

tip-staff ('stăf), *n.* a constable.

tip-sy ('si), *adj.* intoxicated.

tip-top ('top), *n.* the highest point or degree; best of anything: *adj.* most excellent.

ti-rade (ti-rād'), *n.* a violent, declamatory speech; strain of censure or reproof.

tire (tīr), *n.* a band of iron or rubber for a wheel: *v.t.* to weary or fatigue; exhaust the patience of: *v.i.* to become weary. *Syn.* exhaust, harass, fag.

tire-some ('sum), *adj.* wearisome; tedious; fatiguing.

tis-sue (tish'ōō), *n.* a woven fabric; any thin or delicate texture; organic substance; connected series.

tit (tit), *n.* a morsel or bit; small horse; titmouse.

ti-tan-ic (tī-tan'ik), *adj.* huge; of enormous strength; resembling the fabled Titans.

tit-bit ('bit), *n.* a choice morsel.

tithe (*tīth*), *n.* the tenth part of anything; small part: *v.t.* to tax or levy a tithe of.

tit-il-late (tit'i-lāt), *v.t.* to tickle.

tit-il-la-tion (-lā'shun), *n.* a tickling; a slight pleasure.

ti-tle (tī'tl), *n.* an inscription; name; appellation of dignity, rank, etc.: *v.t.* to entitle

tit-mouse (tit'mous), *n.* a small, active, perching bird. Also tit.

tit-ter (tit'ĕr), *v.i.* to laugh with restraint; giggle; see-saw: *n.* a restrained laugh.

tit-tle (tit'l), *n.* a small particle; iota.

tit-u-lar ('ū-lăr), *adj.* existing in name or title only; nominal.

to (tōō), *prep.* noting motion towards; in accordance with.

toad (tōd), *n.* a reptile, resembling the frog.

toad-stool ('stōōl), *n.* a fungous plant, often poisonous.

toad-y ('i), *n.* a sycophant: *v.t.* to fawn upon as a sycophant.

toast (tōst), *n.* bread browned before the fire; one who is named when a health is drunk: *v.t.* to brown or heat at the fire; drink to the health of.

to-bac-co (to-bak'ō), *n.* a narcotic plant, the dried leaves of which are used for smoking or chewing.

to-bog-gan (-bog'ăn), *n.* a kind of sledge for sliding down snow-covered inclines.

toc-sin (tok'sin), *n.* an alarm-bell.

tod-dle (tod'l), *v.i.* to walk with tottering steps like a child.

tod-dy ('i), *n.* a mixture of spirit and water sweetened.

to-day (to-dā'), *n.* the present day.

toe (tō), *n.* one of the separated extremities of the foot.

to-ga (tō'gȧ), *n.* the outer garment worn by the ancient Romans.

to-geth-er (tōō-*geth'*ĕr), *adv.* in company or association; mutually.

toil (toil), *n.* oppressive labor; fatiguing exertion; snare; net: *v.i.* to work with fatigue.

toi-let ('let), *n.* a dressing-room table; style of dressing; attire.

toil-some ('sum), *adj.* laborious; wearisome.

toil-some-ly (-li), *adv.* in a toilsome manner

to-ken ('kn), *n.* a mark or sign; a symbol of good faith or authenticity.

told, *p.t. & p.p.* of tell.

tol-er-a-ble (tol'ĕr-ȧ-bl), *adj.* endurable; supportable; fairly good.

tol-er-a-bly (-bli), *adv.* passably; moderately well.

tol-er-ance ('ĕr-ȧns), *n.* endurance; toleration.

tol-er-ant ('ĕr-ȧnt), *adj.* disposed to toleration.

tol-er-ate ('ĕr-ȧt), *v.t.* to endure; permit. *Syn.* allow, suffer, abide.

tol-er-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* the act of tolerating; sufferance; recognition of the right of private judgment; freedom from bigotry.

toll (tōl), *n.* the sound of a bell slowly repeated; tax collected from travelers along a public road or bridge; tax for some privilege: *v.i.* to sound or ring slowly, as a bell.

tom-a-hawk (tom'ȧ-hawk), *n.* an Indian hatchet; *v.t.* to strike with a tomahawk.

to-ma-to (to-mā' or to-mä'tō), *n.* a plant and its edible fruit.

tomb (tōōm), *n.* a grave, or vault; monument erected to the memory of the dead.

tomb-stone ('stōn), *n.* a memorial stone over a grave.

tome (tōm), *n.* a large volume; a book.

to-mor-row (to-mor'ō), *n.* the day after the present; next coming day.

ton (tun), *n.* 20 hundredweight; 40 cubic feet in ship measurement; prevailing fashion (tōng).

tone (tōn), *n.* character of sound; note; accent; quality of the voice; functional state of the body; harmony of the colors of a painting; interval of sound; *v.t.* to bring to a required shade of color; mitigate.

tongs (tôngs), *n.pl.* a metal instrument with two jointed limbs for handling fire or hot metals.

tongue (tung), *n.* the chief instrument of speech, and the organ of taste; dialect; idiom; clapper of a bell: *v.i.* to chide; scold: *v.t.* talk; prate.

ton-ic (ton'ik), *adj.* pertaining to sounds; strengthening: *n.* a strengthening medicine.

ton-nage (tun'ej), *n.* the weight of goods carried in a ship; carrying capacity of a vessel; duty or toll on vessels.

ton-neau (to-nō'), *n.* the rounded rear body of an automobile.

ton-sils (ton'silz), *n.pl.* two almond-shaped glands situated at the root of the tongue.

ton-so-ri-al (ton-sō'ri-ȧl), *adj.* pertaining to shaving or to a barber.

ton-sure ('shūr), *n.* the act of shaving the crown of the head.

ton-tine (-tēn'), *n.* loan raised on life annuities with benefit accruing to the last survivor.

too (tōō), *adv.* more than enough, likewise; in addition; over and above; also.

took, *p.t.* of take.

tool (tōōl), *n.* an instrument of manual operation; a hireling. *Syn.* utensil, weapon, implement.

toot (tōōt), *v.t.* to sound, as a horn or flute: *n.* a blast on a horn.

tooth (tōōth), *n.* one of the hard bony processes growing in the jaws used for biting and chewing; a tine or prong: *v.t.* to indent or form into teeth.

tooth-some ('sum), *adj.* palatable.

top (top), *n.* the highest part; upper side or surface; a child's toy: *v.t.* to surpass; excel; cut off the top of. *Syn.* summit, apex, head.

to-paz ('paz), *n.* a mineral used as a gem.

top-ic (top'ik), *n.* a subject of discourse or argument; theme. *Syn.* question, issue, matter.

top-ic-al (-ål), *adj.* pertaining to a topic; relating to a place; local.

top-ic-al-ly (-i), *adv.* in a topical manner; locally.

top-mast ('måst), *n.* the second mast from the deck of a ship.

to-pog-ra-pher (tō-pog'rå-fẽr), *n.* one who describes places in writing.

to-pog-ra-phy (tō-pog'rå-fi), *n.* the scientific description of a particular place.

top-ple (top'l), *v.t.* to overturn: *v.i.* to fall forward.

top-sail ('sāl), *n.* the sail second from the deck.

torch (tôrch), *n.* a light formed of combustible matter and carried in the hand; a flambeau.

tore, *p.t.* of tear.

tor-ment (tôr'ment), *n.* extreme pain; torture; anguish: *v.t.* (tôr-ment'), to put to extreme pain; torture; harass; distress; afflict.

torn (tôrn), *p.t.* of tear.

tor-na-do (tôr-nā'dō), *n.* a violent tempest or whirlwind.

tor-pe-do (tôr-pē'dō), *n.* a submarine apparatus for destroying ships by explosion; kind of firework; the cramp-fish.

tor-pes-cent (-pes'ent), *adj.* becoming torpid.

tor-pid ('pid), *adj.* numb; inactive.

tor-pid-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* inactivity; insensibility.

tor-por ('pẽr), *n.* numbness; inactivity.

tor-rent (tor'ent), *n.* a violent and rapid stream; heavy fall, as of rain.

tor-rid ('id), *adj.* extremely hot; burning; parching. *Syn.* scorching, sultry.

tor-sion (tôr'shun), *n.* the act of turning or twisting.

tort (tôrt), *n.* in law, any wrong, injury, or damage.

tor-toise (tôr'tis), *n.* a reptile with very hard shell and horny jaws in place of teeth.

tor-tu-ous ('tū-us), *adj.* crooked; twisted; underhand; indirect; deceitful. *Syn.* winding, crooked.

tor-ture ('tūr), *n.* agony of mind or body; excruciating pain: *v.t.* to punish with torture; vex. *Syn.* torment, anguish, agony.

To-ry (tō'ri), *n.* in English politics, a Conservative; a royalist in the American Revolution.

toss (tos), *v.t.* to throw with the hand; throw upward; put into violent motion: *v.i.* to roll or tumble: *n.* a throwing upward or with a jerk.

tot (tot), *n.* anything small or insignificant; a term of endearment: *v.t.* to add; count up.

to-tal (tō'tål), *adj.* whole; complete; full: *n.* the whole sum; completeness.

to-tal-i-ty (-tal'i-ti), *n.* entire quantity, amount, or sum.

to-tal-ly ('tål-i), *adv.* entirely; fully.

to-tem (tō'tem), *n.* an animal used as the symbol of an Indian tribe.

tot-ter (tot'ẽr), *v.i.* to be unsteady; stagger; reel; lose strength and stability.

touch (tuch), *v.t.* to come in contact with; handle slightly; attain to; affect the sensibility of: *v.i.* to be in contact; call in at a port: *n.* contact; sense of feeling; emotion or affection.

touch-i-ly ('i-li), *adv.* peevishly.

touch-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* irritability.

touch-ing ('ing), *adj.* pathetic: *n.* the act of coming in contact with: *prep.* with respect to; concerning. *Syn.* tender, affecting, moving.

touch-stone ('stōn), *n.* a criterion or test.

touch-wood ('wood), *n.* decayed wood which easily ignites.

touch-y ('i), *adj.* irritable; peevish.

tough (tuf), *adj.* flexible without being brittle; not easily broken; strong; firm; tenacious; viscous; difficult.

tough-en ('n), *v.t.* to grow or become tough.

tour (tōōr), *n.* a circuitous journey; excursion; trip: *v.i.* to make a tour.

tour-ist ('ist), *n.* an excursionist; a traveler.

tour-na-ment ('nă-ment), *n.* a mock fight by knights on horseback; contest of skill. Also tourney.

tou-sle or TOU-ZLE (tou'zl), *v.t.* to pull or tear; put in disorder.

tow (tō), *n.* the coarse part of flax or hemp: *v.t.* to drag, as a vessel, through the water by means of a rope.

tow-age ('ej), *n.* the act of towing; price for towing.

to-ward (tō'ĕrd), *prep.* in the direction of: *adv.* near; at hand. Also towards.

tow-el (tou'el), *n.* a cloth for wiping the hands, and for other purposes.

tow-er (tou'ĕr), *n.* a lofty building, square or circular, fortress: *v.i.* to rise to a great height; soar.

tow-er-ing ('ĕr-ing), *adj.* very high; soaring.

town (toun), *n.* a collection of houses larger than a village; a New England township.

town-ship ('ship), *n.* a district subordinate to a county.

tox-ic ('ik), *adj.* poisonous.

tox-i-col-o-gy ('o-ji), *n.* the science that treats of poisons.

tox-in (toks'in), *n.* a poison produced by the action of bacteria upon organic matter.

toy (toi), *n.* a child's plaything; something of no real value; bauble: *v.i.* to dally amorously; trifle.

trace (trās), *n.* a mark left; footprint; small quantity: *pl.* the straps, etc., by which a vehicle is drawn by a horse: *v.i.* to follow by tracks or footsteps. *Syn.* track, token, sign, mark.

trace-a-ble ('ă-bl), *adj.* capable of being traced.

trac-er-y ('ĕr-i), *n.* architectural ornamentation.

tra-che-a (trā'kē-ă), *n.* the windpipe.

track (trak), *n.* a footstep; beaten path; course or way; line of a railroad: *v.t.* to pursue by following footprints or other marks.

tract (trakt), *n.* a short treatise, usually on some religious subject; region of indefinite extent; expanse.

tract-a-bil-i-ty (-ă-bil'i-ti), *n.* docility.

tract-a-ble ('ă-bl), *adj.* docile; easily managed.

trac-tion ('shun), *n.* the act of drawing; state of being drawn.

trade (trād), *n.* commerce; business; traffic: *adj.* pertaining to a trade: *pl.* the trade winds: *v.i.* to carry on commerce; buy and sell; traffic: *v.t.* to barter; to exchange. *Syn.* occupation, employment, office, dealing.

trade-mark ('märk), *n.* a distinguishing device affixed to goods.

trad-er ('ĕr), *n.* one engaged in trade or commerce; merchant; shopkeeper; vessel engaged in any particular trade.

trades-un-ion (z'ūn-yun), *n.* an organized combination of workmen.

trade-winds ('windz), *n. pl.* certain ocean winds in the torrid zone which blow from the same quarter periodically.

trad-ing ('ing), *adj.* pertaining to trade.

tra-di-tion (tra-dish'un), *n.* the transmission of ancient lore, beliefs and opinions verbally, without written memorials; the statements thus handed down.

tra-di-tion-al ('un-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to tradition.

tra-di-tion-al-ly ('un-ăl-i), *adv.* in a traditional manner.

tra-duce (tră-dūs'), *v.t.* to slander.

traf-fic (traf'ik), *n.* business or trade; commerce; transportation; intercourse: *v.i.* to trade; bargain. *Syn.* exchange, commerce.

tra-ge-di-an (tră-jē'di-ăn), *n.* an actor or writer of tragedies.

trag-e-dy (traj'e-di), *n.* a dramatic poem of elevated style, having usually a fatal ending; a melancholy and fatal event; an act of murderous violence.

trag-ic ('ik), *adj.* pertaining to tragedy; calamitous; fatal; terrible. Also tragical.

trag-ic-al-ly (-ăl-i), *adv.* in a tragic manner.

trail (trāl), *v.t.* to drag along the ground; hunt or follow by tracking; fall or hang down: *n.* the track followed by a hunter; scent left by an animal pursued.

train (trān), *n.* a series of railway carriages coupled together; something drawn or dragged behind as the skirt of a robe; retinue; procession; suite: *v.t.* to instruct by exercise; drill; educate; draw along; tame for use.

train-er (′ēr), *n.* an instructor who prepares men or horses for exercises of skill, races, etc.

trait (trāt), *n.* a peculiar feature or characteristic.

trai-tor (trā′tēr), *n.* one who is guilty of treason; one who betrays any confidence; a deceiver.

trai-tor-ous (′tēr-us), *adj.* guilty of treason; perfidious.

tra-jec-to-ry (trā-jek′to-ri), *n.* the curve described by a body in space.

tram (tram), *n.* one of the rails of a tramway; a tramway; the English term for street railway.

tram-mel (′el), *n.* a net used for fowling or fishing; shackle for horses; anything that impedes: *v.t.* to impede or hinder; shackle. *Syn.* fetter, clog, bond, hindrance.

tramp (tramp), *v.t.* to tread upon forcibly; travel over on foot: *v.i.* to wander: *n.* a vagrant foot traveler; journey on foot.

tram-ple (′pl), *v.t.* to tread under foot: *v.i.* to stamp with the feet; tread roughly; treat with contempt and insult.

trance (trans), *n.* temporary suspension of consciousness; swoon; catalepsy; ecstasy.

tran-quil (trang′kwil), *adj.* calm; quiet; undisturbed. *Syn.* still, unruffled, peaceful.

tran-quil-ize (′kwil-īz), *v.t.* to make tranquil.

tran-quil-li-ty (′i-ti), *n.* calmness; quiet.

tran-quil-ly (′kwil-i), *adv.* in a tranquil manner.

trans-act (trans-akt′), *v.t.* to manage, as business; carry through; negotiate.

trans-ac-tion (-ak′shun), *n.* the management of any business; a proceeding; affair; *pl.* report of a learned society.

tran-scend (tran-send′), *v.t.* to rise above; surmount; excel; exceed.

tran-scend-en-cy (′en-si), *n.* the state of being transcendent; supereminence.

tran-scend-ent (′ent), *adj.* surpassing others in excellence.

tran-scen-dent-al (′ăl), *adj.* noting that which lies beyond the limits of experience; speculative; metaphysical; supereminent. *Syn.* original, intuitive.

tran-scribe (-skrīb′), *v.t.* to write over again; copy.

tran-script (′skript), *n.* a copy from an original.

tran-sept (′sept), *n.* that part of a church at right angles with the nave.

trans-fer (trans-fēr′), *v.t.* to convey from one person or place to another; convey, as a right, title, etc.; produce by impression: *n.* (trans′fer), conveyance of a right, title, property, etc.; removal.

trans-fer-a-bil-i-ty (-ă-bil′i-ti), *n.* the quality of being transferable.

trans-fer-a-ble (′ă-bl), *adj.* capable of being transferred.

trans-fig-u-ra-tion (-fig-ū-rā′-shun), *n.* a change of form or appearance.

trans-fig-ure (-fig′ūr), *v.t.* to change the outward form or appearance of.

trans-fix (-fiks′), *v.t.* to pierce through.

trans-form (-fōrm′), *v.t.* to change the shape or appearance of; transmute.

trans-for-ma-tion (-fōr-mā′-shun), *n.* the act of transforming; transmutation.

trans-fuse (-fūz′), *v.t.* to pour out of one vessel into another; instil.

trans-gress (-gres′), *v.i.* to offend by the infraction of any law, rule, etc.; sin.

trans-gres-sion (-gresh′un), *n.* the act of violating any law or rule of moral duty; fault; offense; sin.

trans-gress-or (-gres′ēr), *n.* an offender.

tran-sient (tran′shent), *adj.* fleeting; brief. *Syn.* momentary, transitory, flying.

tran-sit (tran′sit), *n.* a passage through or over; passage of a heavenly body across the meridian of a place.

tran-si-tion (-sish'un), *n.* the passage from one place or state to another.

tran-si-tion-al (sish'un-ăl), *adj.* denoting transition.

tran-si-tive ('si-tiv), *adj.* noting an action passing from a subject to an object.

tran-si-to-ri-ly ('si-to-ri-li), *adv.* with a short continuance.

tran-si-to-ry ('si-to-ri), *adj.* continuing but a short time; evanescent; fleeting; unstable.

trans-late (trans-lāt'), *v.t.* to render from one language into another; interpret; remove to another place or position.

trans-la-tion (-lā'shun), *n.* the act of translating; removal; version.

trans-la-tor ('tĕr), *n.* one who translates.

trans-lu-cent (-lū'sent), *adj.* semi-transparent.

trans-mi-gra-tion (mi-grā'-shun), *n.* the passing of the soul after death from one body into that of another; metempsychosis.

trans-mis-si-bil-i-ty (-mis-i-bil'i-ti), *n.* the quality of being transmissible.

trans-mis-si-ble ('i-bl), *adj.* that may be passed from one to another.

trans-mis-sion (-mish'un), *n.* the act of sending from one person or place to another; act of conveying to another.

trans-mit (-mit'), *v.t.* to cause to pass over or through; send from one place to another.

trans-mu-ta-tion (-mū-tā'-shun), *n.* change into another substance.

trans-mute (-mūt'), *v.t.* to change into another form or substance.

trans-par-en-cy (trans-par'-en-si), *n.* a picture painted on a semi-transparent material.

trans-par-ent ('ent), *adj.* having the property of transmitting rays of light; clear; pellucid; diaphanous.

tran-spi-ra-tion (-spi-rā'shun), *n.* exhalation through the pores of the skin.

tran-spire (-spīr'), *v.i.* to be excreted through the pores of the skin; be exhaled; become known; occur.

trans-plant (trans-plant'), *v.t.* to remove and plant in another place.

trans-port (-pôrt'), *v.t.* to carry from one place to another; banish as a criminal; *n.* (trans'port), conveyance; carriage; a vessel employed for carrying from one place to another; violent manifestation of anger; rapture; ecstasy.

trans-por-ta-tion (-pôr-tā'-shun), *n.* banishment for crime; conveyance.

trans-port-ing (-pôrt'ing), *adj.* ravishing; ecstatic.

trans-pose (-pōz'), *v.t.* to put one in the place of another; change the key of.

trans-po-si-tion (-pō-zish'un), *n.* the act of transposing.

tran-sub-stan-ti-a-tion (tran-sub-stan-shi-ā'shun), *n.* change into another substance.

tran-sude (-sūd'), *v.i.* to pass or ooze through the pores of a substance.

trans-verse (trans-vĕrs'), *adj.* in a cross direction; broader than long.

trans-verse-ly ('li), *adv.* in a transverse direction.

trap (trap), *n.* an instrument for snaring animals; snare; ambush; stratagem; contrivance for preventing the escape of foul air from a drain; a heavy igneous rock: *v.t.* to catch in a trap; ensnare; take by stratagem: *v.i.* to set traps for game.

tra-peze (trā-pēz'), *n.* a swinging horizontal bar used by gymnasts.

trap-per ('ĕr), *n.* one who traps animals, especially to obtain the fur.

trap-pings ('ingz), *n.pl.* ornamental articles of dress; superficial decorations; ornaments for horses.

trash (trash), *n.* refuse; worthless matter; rubbish. *Syn.* nonsense, twaddle, trifles.

trash-y ('i), *adj.* worthless; useless; valueless.

trau-mat-ic (traw-mat'ik), *adj.* produced by wounds or surgical operations.

trav-ail (trav'il or 'ăl), *n.* severe toil; parturition: *v.i.* to suffer the pains of childbirth.

trav-el (trav'el), *v.i.* to journey to distant places; proceed; move: *n.* the act of journeying: *pl.* an account of things

seen during a journey. *Syn.* trip, ramble, tour, voyage.

trav-eled ('eld), *p.adj.* having made journeys.

trav-el-er ('el-ēr), *n.* one who travels; a ring that slides along a rope or spar.

trav-erse ('ērs), *adj.* lying across: *adv.* athwart; cross-wise: *n.* a cross-piece; denial of charges in a lawsuit: *v.t.* to thwart; multiply; travel or pass over; deny formally.

trav-es-ty ('es-ti), *n.* a burlesque or parody: *v.t.* to burlesque sensible matter.

trawl (trawl), *n.* a large net used in deep-sea fishing: *v.i.* to fish with a trawl.

trawl-ing ('ing), *n.* the process of fishing with a net which drags along the bottom of the sea.

tray (trā), *n.* a broad, flat vessel or salver for carrying dishes, glasses, etc.

treach-er-ous (trech'ēr-us), *adj.* betraying a trust; perfidious; faithless.

treach-er-y ('ēr-i), *n.* perfidy; violation of allegiance or faith; treason.

trea-cle (trē'kl), *n.* syrup drained from sugar in refining; the English term for molasses.

tread (tred), *v.i.* to step or walk: *v.t.* to trample; crush under the feet.

tread-le ('l), *n.* that part of a loom or other machine moved by the foot.

trea-son (trē'zn), *n.* the offense of betraying the state or aiding its enemies; violation of allegiance; disloyalty.

treas-ure (trezh'ūr), *n.* accumulated wealth; abundance: *v.t.* to lay up for future use; hoard; value highly.

treas-ur-er (-ēr), *n.* one who has charge of money in trust; a public official who receives the money from taxes, etc.

treas-ur-y ('ūr-i), *n.* a place where the public revenues are kept; that department of a government which has charge of the finances.

treat (trēt), *v.t.* to handle or manage; behave towards; entertain; discourse on: *v.i.* to discuss; negotiate; agree: *n.* an entertainment; a feast; something giving pleasure.

trea-tise (trē'tis), *n.* a written composition; formal essay.

treat-ment (trēt'ment), *n.* mode of reception; usage; management; manipulation.

trea-ty (trē'ti), *n.* a league or agreement between two countries; negotiation.

treb-le (treb'l), *adj.* threefold; triple: *n.* the highest part in music; soprano: *v.i.* to make threefold.

tree (trē), *n.* a large permanent plant with trunk and branches: *v.t.* to drive to a tree for protection; place in difficulty.

trek (trek), *v.i.* to travel by wagon; migrate: *n.* a journey by wagon [South Africa].

trel-lis (trel'is), *n.* a lattice-work for supporting vines, etc.

trem-ble (trem'bl), *v.i.* to shake involuntarily; shudder; totter; quaver, as sound: *n.* an involuntary shaking; shiver.

trem-bling ('bling), *adj.* shaking as with fear.

tre-men-dous (trē-men'dus), *adj.* dreadful; terrible; terrific.

trem-or (trē'mēr or trem'ēr), *n.* an involuntary trembling; vibratory motion.

trem-u-lous ('ū-lus), *adj.* trembling; quivering; affected with timidity; vibratory.

trench (trench), *n.* a long, narrow ditch excavated for agricultural or military purposes: *v.t.* to dig or cultivate deeply: *v.i.* to encroach.

trench-ant ('ānt), *adj.* sharp; keen; severe.

trench-er ('ēr), *n.* a large wooden plate for serving food.

trench-er-man (man), *n.* great eater.

trend (trend), *n.* general tendency: *v.i.* to have a particular direction; tend; stretch.

trep-an (trep-an'), *n.* a cylindrical saw used for trepanning or perforating the skull: *v.t.* to perforate with a trepan. Also trephine.

trep-an-ning ('ing), *n.* taking a piece from the skull to remove pressure on the brain.

trep-i-da-tion (trep-i-dā'shun), *n.* state of terror or alarm; confused haste.

tres-pass (tres'pās), *v.i.* to commit any offense; enter unlawfully upon the land of another; intrude; violate any rule of social life: *n.* an act of transgression; sin.

tress (tres), *n.* a braid or lock of hair.

tres-tle (tres'l), *n.* a movable form for supporting anything. Also tressel.

tres-tle-work (-wĕrk), *n.* a scaffold supported on trestles connected with cross-beams and braces.

tri-al (trī'ăl), *n.* an attempt or endeavor; text by examination, suffering or temptation; proof; verification; judicial examination.

tri-an-gle ('ang-gl), *n.* a plane figure bounded by three lines, and having three angles.

tri-an-gu-lar (-ang'gū-lăr), *adj.* having 3 angles.

tri-bal ('băl), *adj.* characteristic of a tribe.

tribe (trīb), *n.* a family, race, or class; a distinct body of people; community of uncivilized people under one chief.

trib-u-la-tion (trib-ū-lā'shun), *n.* severe affliction; deep sorrow; acute trial.

tri-bu-nal (trī-bū'năl), *n.* the seat of a judge; court of justice.

trib-une (trib'ūn), *n.* an ancient Roman official; a raised stand from which speeches are delivered.

trib-u-ta-ry (trib'ū-tā-rī), *adj.* paying tribute; yielding supplies: *n.* a person or state subject to tribute; a stream flowing into a larger one.

trib-ute ('ut), *n.* a tax or assessment laid by a conqueror upon a subject country; personal contribution in token of services rendered.

trice (trīs), *n.* an instant: *v.t.* to haul; hoist and secure with a small rope.

tri-chi-na (tri-kī'nă), *n.* a parasitic worm which infests swine and human beings.

trick (trik), *n.* a stratagem or artifice; deception; imposition; cards won in one round; legerdemain: *v.t.* to cheat; impose upon; deceive.

trick-er-y ('ĕr-i), *n.* deception; fraud; imposture.

trick-le ('l), *v.i.* to flow gently; run down in drops.

trick-ster ('stĕr), *n.* a cheat; deceiver.

trick-y ('i), *adj.* given to tricks; shifty; artful; cunning.

tri-col-or ('kul'ĕr), *n.* a national flag of three colors arranged in equal stripes.

tri-cy-cle (trī'si-kl), *n.* a three-wheeled form of velocipede.

tri-dent ('dent), *n.* a spear with three prongs used in fishing; a three-pronged scepter.

tried (trīd), *p.adj.* proved; tested; trustworthy.

tri-en-ni-al (trī-en'i-ăl), *adj.* occurring in, or continuing for, three years.

tri-en-ni-al-ly (-i), *adv.* once in three years.

tri-er ('ĕr), *n.* one who tries or makes experiments.

tri-fle ('fl), *n.* anything of little value: *v.i.* to act or talk with levity: *v.t.* to waste or fritter away.

tri-fling ('fling), *adj.* of small value or importance.

trig (trig), *adj.* trim; neat; clever; smart: *n.* a skid; a prop.

trig-ger ('ĕr), *n.* a catch which, when pulled, releases the hammer of a gun.

trig-o-nom-e-try (trig-o-nom'e-tri), *n.* measuring the sides and angles of triangles.

tri-lat-er-al (trī-lat'ĕr-ăl), *adj.* three-sided.

trill (tril), *n.* a shake or quaver of the voice: *v.t.* to sing with a quaver.

tril-lion (tril'yun), *n.* in the French and American systems of numeration, a unit with 12 ciphers annexed; in the English system, a unit with 18 ciphers annexed.

trim (trim), *adj.* neat; compact; in good order or service: *v.t.* to decorate; make trim; adjust.

trim-mer ('ĕr), *n.* one who trims; time-server.

Trin-i-ta-ri-an (trin-i-tā'ri-ăn), *adj.* pertaining to the doctrine of the Trinity.

Trin-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* the union of the Father, the Son, and the Holy Ghost in one Godhead.

trin-ket (tring'ket), *n.* a small ornament or jewel.

tri-o (trī'o, trē'ō), *n.* a set of three; three united; a musical composition for three voices or instruments.

trip (trip), *v.t.* to run or step lightly; stumble; err; take an excursion: *n.* a nimble, short step; stumble; journey.

tripe (trīp), *n.* the large stomach of a ruminating animal prepared for food.

trip-le (trip'l), *adj.* threefold; consisting of three united: *v.t. & v.i.* to increase threefold.

trip-li-cate ('li-kāt), *adj.* threefold.

tri-pod (trī′pod), *n.* a three-legged stool or table.

tri-sect (trī-sekt′), *v.t.* to divide into three equal parts.

tri-syl-la-ble (trī-sil′ȧ-bl), *n.* a word of three syllables.

trite (trīt), *adj.* worn out; stale. *Syn.* ordinary, commonplace, hackneyed.

trite-ness (′nes), *n.* the quality of being trite.

trit-u-rate (trit′ū-rāt), *v.t.* to rub or grind to a fine powder.

trit-u-ra-tion (-rā′shun), *n.* the act of reducing to powder.

tri-umph (trī′umf), *n.* a procession in honor of victory; state of joy at success; conquest: *v.i.* to rejoice over success; obtain a victory. *Syn.* ovation, jubilation.

tri-um-phal (-um′fȧl), *adj.* pertaining to a triumph.

tri-um-phant (′fȧnt), *adj.* rejoicing for victory.

triv-i-al (triv′i-ȧl), *adj.* trifling; commonplace. *Syn.* petty, frivolous, insignificant.

triv-i-al-i-ty (-al′i-ti), *n.* the state of being trivial.

tro-chee (tro′kē), *n.* a metrical foot of two syllables: the first long, the second short.

trod, *p.t.* of tread.

trog-lo-dyte (trog′lō-dīt), *n.* a cave dweller.

troll (trōl), *n.* a sorceress; a kind of song; reel on a fishing-rod: *v.i.* to fish with the line in motion.

trol-ley (trol′i), *n.* a kind of truck; a grooved metal wheel traveling in contact with a live electric wire.

trol-ley car (kär), *n.* a car propelled by means of a trolley and an electric motor.

trom-bone (trom′bōn), *n.* a brass instrument of the trumpet kind.

troop (trōōp), *n.* a multitude; small body of cavalry; soldiers collectively; company of performers: *v.i.* to march in a body; collect in crowds.

troop-er (′ēr), *n.* a cavalryman; troopship.

trope (trōp), *n.* a figure of speech.

tro-phy (′fi), *n.* a memorial of a victory; memento.

trop-ic (trop′ik), *n.* one of the two circles on each side of the equator between which the sun moves in his yearly course: *pl.* the region between these circles, called also the tropical zone.

trop-ic-al (′ik-ȧl), *adj.* pertaining to the tropics; figurative.

trop-ic-al-ly (-i), *adv.* figuratively.

trot (trot), *v.i.* to move faster than a walk: *n.* the pace of a horse a little faster than a walk.

troth (trōth), *n.* betrothal; fidelity.

trot-ter (trot′ĕr), *n.* a trotting horse; sheep's or pig's foot.

trou-ba-dour (trōō′bȧ-dōōr), *n.* a lyric poet of southern France in the medieval period.

troub-le (trub′l), *n.* mental agitation, distress, or worry: *v.t.* to agitate, distress, or worry.

troub-le-some (-sum), *adj.* causing trouble.

trough (trôf), *n.* a long, hollow vessel for water, etc.; anything hollowed out.

trounce (trouns), *v.t.* to beat soundly.

trounc-ing (′ing), *n.* a severe beating.

troupe (trōōp), *n.* a company of performers.

trou-sers (trou′zĕrz), *n.pl.* a garment worn by men covering the lower body and legs.

trous-seau (trōō-sō′), *n.* a bride's outfit.

trout (trout), *n.* a fresh-water fish allied to the salmon.

trow (trou), *v.i.* to believe; trust; think or suppose.

trow-el (′el), *n.* a tool used for spreading mortar; a gardener's tool.

troy-weight (troi′wāt), *n.* a weight of 12 ounces to the pound.

tru-ant (trōō′ȧnt), *n.* one who absents himself from school, or wanders from duty; an idler; loiterer: *adj.* idle; loitering.

truce (trōōs), *n.* a temporary cessation of hostilities.

truck (truk), *n.* a wheeled vehicle for carrying goods; small wooden wheel; garden vegetables: *v.t.* to peddle: *v.i.* to exchange commodities; barter.

truck-le (′l), *n.* a small wheel or caster: *v.t.* trundle; move on rollers: *v.i.* to yield obsequiously to another's will.

truck-le-bed (-bed), *n.* a trundle-bed.

tru-cu-lence ('cū-lens), *n.* ferocity.

tru-cu-lent ('cū-lent), *adj.* ferocious; of fierce aspect.

trudge (truj), *v.i.* to travel on foot, especially with labor or fatigue.

true (trōō), *adj.* conformable to fact; faithful or loyal; genuine. *Syn.* actual, sincere, honest, upright, correct.

truf-fle (trōō'fl), *n.* a fleshy underground fungus much esteemed as a table delicacy.

tru-ism (trōō'izm), *n.* a self-evident truth.

tru-ly ('li), *adv.* in agreement with truth or fact.

trump (trump), *n.* a trumpet; a winning card; a genuine good fellow: *v.t.* to take with a trump card; devise; forge; impose upon; deceive.

trump-er-y ('ĕr-i), *n.* worthless finery; rubbish.

trump-et ('et), *n.* a metal wind instrument: *v.t.* to publish by the sound of trumpet; noise abroad; praise extravagantly.

trump-et-er ('ĕr), *n.* one who sounds a trumpet; one who proclaims; self-flatterer.

trun-cate ('kāt) *adj.* appearing as if cut off at the tip: *v.t.* (trung-kāt'), to lop.

trun-ca-ted ('kā-ted), *adj.* cut off short.

trun-cheon (trun'chun), *n.* a short staff or cudgel; baton or staff of authority.

trun-dle ('dl), *v.t.* to roll along: *n.* a little wheel; truck.

trun-dle-bed ('bed), *n.* a low bed that runs on casters.

trunk (trungk), *n.* the stem of a tree; body of an animal; elephant's proboscis; large traveling chest; shaft of a column.

truss (trus), *n.* a bandage for ruptures; timbers for the support of a roof; bundle of hay: *v.t.* to bind or pack close; seize and carry off.

trust (trust), *n.* confidence; credit; reliance on integrity; combination to secure a monopoly; an estate held for another: *v.t.* to place confidence in; sell upon credit to.

trus-tee (trus-tē'), *n.* a person to whom property is committed for the benefit of others.

trus-tee-ship ('ship), *n.* the office of a trustee.

trust-ful (trust'fool), *adj.* full of trust; faithful.

trust-ful-ly (-i), *adv.* in a trustful manner.

trust-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the quality of being trusty.

trust-y ('i), *adj.* justly deserving confidence; faithful.

truth (trōōth), *n.* agreement with reality; principle of right; veracity; fidelity; fact.

truth-ful ('fool), *adj.* according to the truth; reliable.

truth-ful-ly (-i), *adv.* in a truthful manner.

try (trī), *v.t.* to prove by experiment; subject to severe trial; examine judicially; endeavor.

try-ing ('ing), *adj.* afflictive; difficult.

tryst (trist), *n.* a rendezvous; place of meeting; appointment to meet.

tub (tub), *n.* an open wooden vessel for domestic purposes: *v.t.* to place in a tub.

tube (tūb), *n.* a hollow cylinder for conveying fluids; pipe.

tu-ber (tū'bĕr), *n.* a thickened, starchy, underground stem, as a potato.

tu-ber-cle (-kl), *n.* a small hard local tumor.

tu-ber-cu-lar ('kū-lĕr), *adj.* full of small knobs or tubercles.

tu-ber-cu-lo-sis (-lō'sis), *n.* a disease accompanied by the formation of small tubercles in the tissues.

tu-bu-lar ('bū-lăr), *adj.* tube-shaped.

tuck (tuk), *n.* a fold in a dress; roll of a drum: *v.t.* to thrust or press in; fold under.

tuck-er ('ĕr), *n.* a piece of dress for covering a woman's bosom.

Tues-day (tūz'dā), *n.* the third day of the week.

tuft (tuft), *n.* small things forming a knot or bunch, or adorn with tufts.

tug (tug), *n.* a vigorous pull; steam towing vessel: *v.t.* to pull or draw with effort; tow.

tu-i-tion (tū-ish'un), *n.* the business of teaching; instruction; fee for instruction.

tu-lip ('lip), *n.* a liliaceous plant with bell-shaped flowers.

tum-ble (tum'bl), *v.i.* to fall suddenly and violently: *n.* a fall; a rolling over.

tum-bler ('blĕr), *n.* one who tumbles; posture maker; a kind of drinking-glass; variety of pigeon.

tu-mid (tū'mid), *adj.* swollen; distended; pompous.

tu-mid-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* the state of being tumid.

tu-mor ('mĕr), *n.* a morbid swelling in the body.

tu-mult (tū'mult), *n.* wild commotion; uproar; riot.

tu-mul-tu-ous (-mul'tū-us), *adj.* characterized by tumult; disorderly; agitated. *Syn.* turbulent, riotous.

tu-mu-lus ('mū-lus), *n.* an artificial hillock raised over a grave.

tun (tun), *n.* a large cask; measure of wine = 252 gallons.

tune (tūn), *n.* a series of musical notes; melody; short musical composition: *v.t.* to cause to produce the proper sounds; harmonize. *Syn.* tone, air, strain.

tune-ful ('fool), *adj.* musical; harmonious.

tune-ful-ly (-li), *adv.* harmoniously.

tu-nic (tū'nik), *n.* a loose kind of frock worn by women and boys; military coat; membrane; covering, as of a seed.

tu-ni-ca-ted ('ni-kā-ted), *adj.* covered with a membrane.

tun-nel (tun'el), *n.* a passage cut through a hill or under a river; funnel: *v.t.* to make an opening through.

tur-ban (tĕr'băn), *n.* the head-dress worn by Orientals.

tur-bid ('bid), *adj.* muddy; thick. *Syn.* foul, impure, unsettled.

tur-bine ('bin), *n.* a wheel turning on a vertical axis and driven by steam or water.

tur-bu-lence ('bū-lens), *n.* disorder; agitation.

tur-bu-lent ('bū-lent), *adj.* tumultuous; agitated; riotous.

tu-reen (tū-rēn'), *n.* a deep table-vessel for holding soup.

turf (tĕrf), *n.* the grassy surface of untilled land; race-course: *v.t.* to cover with turf.

turf-y ('i), *adj.* abounding in or like turf.

tur-ges-cence (-jes'ens), *n.* inflation.

tur-ges-cent ('ent), *adj.* growing inflated.

tur-gid ('jid), *adj.* distended beyond the natural size; inflated; bombastic.

tur-gid-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* the state of being turgid.

tur-key ('i), *n.* a large domestic fowl of American origin.

Turk-ish ('ish), *n.* the language of the Turks: *adj.* pertaining to Turkey.

tur-moil ('moil), *n.* harassing labor; worrying confusion; noise.

turn (tĕrn), *v.t.* to cause to go round; change the direction of; reverse; transform: *v.i.* to have a circular motion; move as on a pivot; recoil: *n.* movement in a circular direction; bend or curve; change of direction; opportunity.

turn-er ('ĕr), *n.* one who turns articles in a lathe; a kind of pigeon.

turn-er-y ('ĕr-i), *n.* articles made in the lathe.

turn-ing ('ing), *n.* deviation; a winding.

turn-ip ('ip), *n.* a well-known plant with an esculent root.

turn-key ('kē), *n.* a prison warder.

turn-pike ('pik), *n.* a gate or bar to stop vehicles until toll is paid.

tur-pen-tine (tur'pen-tīn), *n.* the resinous juice of pine and fir trees.

tur-pi-tude ('pi-tūd), *n.* moral depravity.

tur-quoise (tĕr-koiz), *n.* a precious stone.

tur-ret (tur'et), *n.* a small tower; gun-bearing rotary tower on a battleship.

tur-ret-ed (-ed), *adj.* furnished with turrets.

tur-tle (tĕr'tl), *n.* a large edible sea-tortoise; a kind of dove.

tush (tush), *interj.* an expression of contempt or rebuke.

tusk (tusk), *n.* the long, pointed tooth of certain mammals, as the elephant.

tus-sle ('l), *n.* a scuffle: *v.i.* to scuffle or struggle.

tus-sock ('ok), *n.* a tuft, clump, or small hillock of grass.

tu-tel-age (tū'tel-ej), *n.* guardianship.

tu-te-la-ry ('te-lă-ri), *adj.* protecting.

tu-tor ('tĕr), *n.* a teacher; guardian: *v.t.* to instruct.

tu-to-ri-al (-tō'ri-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to a tutor.

tu-tor-ship ('tĕr-ship), *n.* the office of a tutor.

twad-dle (twod'l), *n.* silly talk: *v.t.* to talk foolishly.

twain (twān), *n.* & *adj.* two.

twang (twang), *n.* a sharp, quick sound; affected, nasal tone of voice: *v.t.* & *v.i.* to sound with a sharp, vibrating noise.

tweak (twēk), *v.t.* to pull with a sudden jerk and twist: *n.* a sharp pull or pinch.

tweed (twēd), *n.* a soft, woolly cloth material.

twee-zers (twē'zērs), *n.pl.* small pinchers for pulling out hairs.

twelfth (twelfth), *adj.* next in order after the eleventh: *n.* one of twelve equal parts.

twen-ti-eth (twen'ti-eth), *adj.* the ordinal of 20: *n.* one of 20 equal parts.

twen-ty ('ti), *adj.* twice 10: *n.* one more than 19; a score.

twice (twīs), *adv.* two times; doubly.

twig (twig), *n.* a small shoot or branch: *v.t.* to notice.

twi-light (twī'līt), *n.* the faint light before sunrise and after sunset.

twill (twil), *n.* a ribbed textile fabric: *v.t.* to weave with diagonal lines.

twin (twin), *adj.* double; closely resembling: *n.* one of two born at a birth.

twine (twīn), *v.t.* to twist; wind round; unite closely: *n.* a twist; strong thread.

twinge (twinj), *v.t.* to affect with a sudden sharp pain; twitch: *n.* a sudden sharp pain.

twin-kle (twing'kl), *n.* a quick motion of the eye; short, tremulous light; an instant: *v.i.* to blink; shine tremulously; quiver.

twirl (twērl), *v.t.* to move or turn round rapidly; whirl: *n.* a quick, circular motion; convolution.

twist (twist), *v.t.* to unite or form by winding together; interlace; writhe or contort; cause to turn from a direct line: *n.* the act or manner of twisting; cord or thread; twisted kind of bread.

twit (twit), *v.t.* to reproach; upbraid.

twitch (twich), *v.t.* to pull with a sudden jerk: *n.* a sudden pull; short spasmodic convulsion.

twit-ter (twit'ĕr), *v.i.* to make a succession of small, tremulous sounds, as a bird: *n.* a small, tremulous noise; slight nervous agitation.

two (tōō), *adj.* one and one: *n.* the number of one and one.

ty-ing (tī'ing), *p.pr.* of tie: *n.* the act of fastening.

tym-pa-num (tim'pȧ-num), *n.* the drum of the ear; a door panel.

type (tīp), *n.* an emblem, sign, or symbol; distinguishing mark; general form or structure; original design; a letter in metal or wood for printing from. *Syn.* figure, sign, letter, sort, kind.

type-writer ('rī-tĕr), *n.* a mechanical contrivance for producing letters by means of an inked ribbon and types.

ty-phoid (tī'foid), *n.* a fever of bacterial origin: *adj.* resembling typhus.

ty-phoon (tī'fōōn), *n.* a tornado of the Eastern Pacific.

ty-phus ('fus), *n.* a contagious fever often occurring as an epidemic.

typ-ic-al (tip'ik-ȧl), *adj.* figurative.

typ-ic-al-ly (-i), *adv.* figuratively.

typ-i-fy ('i-fī), *v.t.* to represent by an image or emblem; foreshadow.

ty-pist (tī'pist), *n.* one who operates a typewriting machine.

ty-pog-ra-pher (tī-pog'rȧ-fĕr), *n.* a printer.

ty-po-graph-ic-al (-pō-graf'ik-ȧl), *adj.* pertaining to the art of printing. Also typographic.

ty-po-graph-ic-al-ly (-i), *adv.* by means of type; employed in printing; emblematically; figuratively.

ty-pog-ra-phy (-pog'rȧ-fi), *n.* the art of printing.

ty-ran-nic-al (-ran'ik-ȧl), *adj.* characteristic of a tyrant; despotic; cruel. Also tyrannic.

ty-ran-nic-al-ly (-i), *adv.* in a tyrannical manner.

tyr-an-nize (tir'ȧn-īz), *v.i.* to act like a tyrant; rule with oppressive severity.

tyr-an-nous ('ȧn-us), *adj.* arbitrary; tyrannical.

tyr-an-ny ('ȧn-i), *n.* the government or conduct of a tyrant; severity.

ty-rant (tī'rȧnt), *n.* an oppressor; despot.

ty-ro (tī'rō), *n.* a beginner; novice.

U

u-biq-ui-tous (ū-bik'wi-tus), *adj.* existing everywhere.

u-biq-ui-ty ('wi-ti), *n.* omnipresence.

ud-der (ud'dĕr), *n.* the glandular organ of a mammal which secretes the milk.

ug-li-ly (ug'li-li), *adv.* in an ugly manner.

ug-li-ness (-nes), *n.* absence of beauty; deformity, physical or moral.

ug-ly ('li), *adj.* that which is offensive to the eye; morally repellent; ill-natured. *Syn.* unsightly, ill-favored.

u-kase (u-kās'), *n.* a Russian imperial decree.

ul-cer (ul'sĕr), *n.* a sore that discharges pus.

ul-cer-ate (-āt), *v.t.* to affect with an ulcer.

ul-cer-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* the process of forming into an ulcer.

ul-cer-ous ('sĕr-us), *adj.* ulcer-like.

ul-ster (ul'stĕr), *n.* a loose overcoat of coarse cloth.

ul-te-ri-or (-tē'ri-ĕr), *adj.* lying beyond.

ul-ti-mate (ti-māt), *adj.* utmost; furthest.

ul-ti-mate-ly (-li), *adv.* finally.

ul-ti-ma-tum (-ti-mā'tum), *n.* final proposition or terms offered.

ul-tra ('trȧ), *adj.* extreme.

ul-u-la-tion (ul-ū-lā'shun), *n.* a howling like a dog.

um-ber (um'bĕr), *n.* a brown pigment; *adj.* of an olive-brown color.

um-bil-ic-al (-bil'ik-ȧl), *adj.* formed like the navel.

um-brage ('brej), *n.* a shade; resentment; offense. *Syn.* dissatisfaction, displeasure.

um-bra-geous (-brā'jus), *adj.* shady.

um-brel-la (-brel'ȧ), *n.* a portable screen from sun or rain.

um-pire (um'pīr), *n.* a third party to whom a dispute is referred; one chosen in a game to see that its rules are observed: *v.i.* to act as umpire. *Syn.* referee, arbitrator, judge, arbiter.

u-na-nim-i-ty (ū-nȧ-nim'i-ti), *n.* agreement in opinion. *Syn.* accord, unity, concord.

u-nan-i-mous (-nan'i-mus), *adj.* agreeing in opinion.

un-be-lief (un'be-lēf), *n.* skepticism.

un-bend (-bend'), *v.t.* to relax; cast loose: *v.i.* to become relaxed; act with freedom or condescension.

un-can-ny (-kan'i), *adj.* weird; mysterious; dangerous; unpropitious.

un-cial (un'shal), *adj.* letters of large size, between capitals and small letters.

un-cle (ung'kl), *n.* the brother of one's father or mother; husband of one's aunt.

un-con-scion-a-ble (un-kon'-shun-ȧ-bl), *adj.* out of all reason or expectation.

unc-tion (ungk'shun), *n.* the act of anointing as a symbol of consecration; ointment; anything soothing; sham fervor or suavity.

unc-tu-ous ('tū-us), *adj.* oily; soothing; bland.

un-der ('dĕr), *prep.* beneath; subordinate to; in subjection to; during the time of. *Syn.* below, subordinate.

un-der-go (-go'), *v.t.* to pass through; suffer.

un-der-hand (-hand), *adj.* done by meanness or fraud; clandestine.

un-der-stand (-dĕr-stand'), *v.t.* to perceive by the mind; be informed of; assume or imply.

un-der-stand-ing ('ing), *n.* the rational faculties; intellect; intelligence. *Syn.* knowledge, faculty, reason.

un-der-take (-tāk'), *v.t.* to take under one's management; assume; attempt. *Syn.* engage in, agree, promise.

un-der-tak-er ('dĕr-tāk-ĕr), *n.* one who undertakes any business; one who manages funerals.

un-der-tak-ing ('ing), *n.* any business engaged in.

un-der-write (-rīt), *v.t.* to subscribe one's name to a policy of marine insurance.

un-der-writ-er ('dĕr-rīt-ĕr), *n.* a marine insurer.

un-due (un-dū'), *adj.* improper; excessive; not legal.

un-du-late ('dū-lāt), *v.t.* & *v.i.* to move like waves; vibrate.

un-du-la-tion (-lā'shun), *n.* a waving motion.

un-du-la-to-ry ('dū-lā-to-ri), *adj.* vibratory.

un-du-ly ('li), *adv.* excessively; improperly.

un-e-qual (-ē'kwăl), *adj.* not regular or uniform; ill-matched; insufficient. *Syn.* uneven, not alike.

un-gual (ung'gwăl), *adj.* having a nail, claw, or hoof.

un-guent ('gwent), *n.* an ointment.

un-gu-late ('gū-lāt), *adj.* hoof-shaped.

u-ni-corn (ū'ni-kôrn), *n.* a fabled animal resembling a horse, but with a horn.

u-ni-form ('ni-fôrm), *adj.* regimental; consistent with itself; same in form, manner, or character; equable: *n.* an official dress. *Syn.* regular, even, equal, unvaried.

u-ni-form-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* resemblance; accord.

u-ni-fy ('ni-fī), *v.t.* to form into one; make a unit of.

u-ni-lat-er-al (-lat'ĕr-ăl), *adj.* one-sided.

u-ni-loc-u-lar (-lok'ū-lĕr), *adj.* one-celled.

un-ion (ūn'yun), *n.* the act of uniting; combination; coalition; agreement between parts. *Syn.* junction, combination, alliance.

un-ion-ism (-izm), *n.* trades-unionism.

un-ion-ist (-ist), *n.* a trades-unionist.

u-nique (-nēk'), *adj.* without another of the same kind; unparalleled. *Syn.* unequal, rare, matchless.

u-ni-son ('ni-sun), *n.* accordance of sound; concord.

u-nit ('nit), *n.* one; a single person or thing; standard amount or quantity.

u-nite (-nīt'), *v.t.* to incorporate into one; make to adhere; join: *v.i.* to become one; combine; commingle.

u-ni-ty ('ni-ti), *n.* the state of being one; concord; uniformity; harmony.

u-ni-ver-sal (-ni-vĕr'săl), *adj.* all-pervading; embracing the whole; general. *Syn.* general, all, entire, total.

u-ni-ver-sal-i-ty (-sal'i-ti), *n.* the state of being universal.

u-ni-ver-sal-ly ('săl-i), *adv.* without exception.

u-ni-verse ('ni-vĕrs), *n.* the whole system of created things.

u-ni-ver-si-ty (-vĕr'si-ti), *n.* an assemblage of colleges for instruction in the higher branches of learning.

un-kempt (un-kempt'), *adj.* uncombed; rough.

un-less (-les'), *conj.* except; if not.

un-man (-măn'), *v.t.* to deprive of courage or fortitude.

un-nat-u-ral (un-nat'ū-răl), *adj.* not natural; not true to life.

un-nerve (-nĕrv'), *v.t.* to deprive of nerve control; rob of strength or power.

un-ru-ly (-rū'li), *adj.* disregarding restraint or authority; ungovernable; turbulent. *Syn.* unmanageable, refractory.

un-to ('tōō), *prep.* to.

un-truth (-trōōth'), *n.* a falsehood.

up (up), *adv.* on high; above the horizon; to a higher position.

up-braid (up-brād'), *v.t.* to reproach.

up-heav-al (-hēv'ăl), *n.* a lifting from below.

up-heave (-hēv'), *v.t.* to lift up from beneath.

up-hol-ster (-hōl'stĕr), *v.t.* to supply with house-furnishings.

up-hol-ster-y ('stĕr-i), *n.* the business of an upholsterer; articles of house-furnishing.

up-on (-on'), *prep.* resting on; relating to.

up-per ('ĕr), *adj.* higher in place, rank, or dignity.

up-right ('rīt), *adj.* erect; just; honest; equitable: *n.* timber supporting a rafter. *Syn.* vertical, just, erect, honorable.

up-roar ('rôr), *n.* noisy disturbance; clamor.

up-roar-i-ous ('i-us), *adj.* making great noise.

up-set (-set'), *v.t.* to overthrow; put out of normal condition: *n.* (up'set), the state of being upset: *adj.* fixed.

up-shot ('shot), *n.* final result; outcome of.

up-start ('stärt), *n.* one who suddenly rises from a humble to a higher position.

up-turn (-tĕrn′), *v.t.* & *v.i.* to turn up.

up-wards ('wĕrdz), *adv.* towards a higher place or source.

ur-ban (ĕr′bân), *adj.* pertaining to a city or town.

ur-bane (-bān′), *adj.* polite; refined.

ur-ban-i-ty (-ban′i-ti), *n.* politeness; refinement.

ur-chin ('chin), *n.* a small boy; a hedge-hog; a sea urchin; a pert or rough little fellow.

urge (ĕrj), *v.t.* to incite; impel; provoke: *v.i.* insist upon; allege proofs. *Syn.* push, drive.

urg-en-cy ('en-si), *n.* pressure of necessity; importunity.

urg-ent ('ent), *adj.* pressing; calling for immediate attention.

u-rine (ū′rin), *n.* the excretion from the kidneys.

urn (ĕrn), *n.* a kind of vase; a vessel in which the ashes of the dead are preserved.

ur-sine (ur′sin), *adj.* resembling a bear.

us (us), *pron.* objective of we.

us-a-ble (ūz′â-bl), *adj.* that can be used.

us-age ('ej), *n.* mode of using; treatment; long continued custom. *Syn.* fashion, practice, prescription.

use (ūs), *n.* the act of using; application of anything to a particular purpose; employment; custom or practice: *v.t.* (ūz) to make use of; employ; avail one's self of; habituate: *v.t.* to be accustomed. *Syn.* practice, habit, advantage, utility, benefit.

use-ful ('fool), *adj.* full of use, profit, or advantage; beneficial.

use-ful-ly (-i), *adv.* in a useful manner.

use-less ('les), *adj.* having, or being of, no use.

ush-er (ush′ĕr), *n.* a doorkeeper; assistant master: *v.t.* to introduce or escort.

u-su-al (ū′zhū-âl), *adj.* habitual; customary.

u-su-al-ly (-i), *adv.* ordinarily.

u-sur-er ('zhūr-ĕr), *n.* one who lends money at an exorbitant rate of interest.

u-su-ri-ous (-zhōō′ri-us), *adj.* practicing usury.

u-surp (-zĕrp′), *v.t.* to take possession of by force, or without right. *Syn.* arrogate, seize, appropriate, assume.

u-sur-pa-tion (-zĕr-pā′shun), *n.* the unlawful seizure of power or place.

u-surp-er (-zĕrp′ĕr), *n.* one who usurps.

u-su-ry ('zhū-ri), *n.* interest or money beyond the current rate of interest.

u-ten-sil (-ten′sil), *n.* an implement, especially one used for domestic or culinary purposes.

u-ter-us ('tĕr-us), *n.* the womb.

u-til-i-ta-ri-an (-til-i-tā′ri-ân), *adj.* pertaining to utility.

u-til-i-ty (-til′i-ti), *n.* usefulness; intrinsic value.

u-til-ize ('til-īz), *v.t.* to make useful or profitable.

ut-most (ut′mōst), *adj.* in the greatest degree; most distant; furthest: *n.* the extreme limit or extent. *Syn.* farthest, remotest, uttermost.

u-to-pi-an-ism (-izm), *n.* ideal schemes for social happiness or perfection.

ut-ter (ut′ĕr), *adj.* entire; absolute; unqualified; total: *v.t.* to speak; pronounce; publish abroad; put in circulation. *Syn.* extreme, excessive, sheer.

ut-ter-ance (-âns), *n.* vocal expression; speech.

ut-ter-most ('ĕr-mōst), *adj.* extreme; in the highest degree: *n.* the furthest extent.

ux-o-ri-ous (uks-ō′ri-us), *adj.* foolishly or excessively fond of a wife.

V

va-can-cy (vā'kăn-si), *n.* state of being vacant; listlessness; unoccupied office; open or unoccupied space.

va-cant ('kănt), *adj.* empty; not occupied. *Syn.* unfilled, thoughtless.

va-cate ('kāt), *v.t.* to make void; give up the possession of.

va-ca-tion (-kā'shun), *n.* intermission of employment; recess; school holidays.

vac-ci-nate ('si-nāt), *v.t.* to inoculate with vaccine matter.

vac-ci-na-tion (-nā'shun), *n.* act of vaccinating.

vac-cine ('sin), *adj.* pertaining to, or obtained from, cows; caused by the cowpox.

vac-il-late (vas'il-āt), *v.i.* to fluctuate in opinion; be unsteady; waver.

vac-il-la-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* fluctuation of mind; unsteadiness.

va-cu-i-ty (vă-kū'i-ti), *n.* emptiness; vacant state of mind.

vac-u-ous (-us), *adj.* empty; vacant.

vac-u-um (-um), *n.* a space devoid of all matter.

vag-a-bond (vag'a-bond), *adj.* without fixed habitation; roaming; idle: *n.* a vagrant; scamp.

va-ga-ry (vă-gā'ri), *n.* a wild freak; whim.

va-gran-cy (vā'grăn-si), *n.* a state of wandering without a settled home.

va-grant ('grănt), *n.* one without a settled home; a tramp: *adj.* homeless; wandering. *Syn.* wanderer, beggar, vagabond, rogue.

vague (vāg), *adj.* indefinite; unsettled. *Syn.* uncertain, pointless, indefinite.

vague-ly ('li), *adv.* in a vague manner.

vague-ness ('nes), *n.* the state of being vague.

vain (vān), *adj.* producing no good results; conceited; ostentatious. *Syn.* useless, fruitless, worthless.

vain-glo-ri-ous (-glō'ri-us), *adj.* elated by one's achievements; boastful.

val-ance (val'ăns), *n.* hanging drapery for a bed, window, etc.

vale (vāl), *n.* a tract of low land between hills; valley.

val-e-dic-to-ry (-dik'to-ri), *adj.* bidding farewell: *n.* a farewell oration at a college commencement.

val-en-tine (val'en-tīn), *n.* a sweetheart chosen or a love missive sent on St. Valentine's day.

val-et (val'ā), *n.* a servant who attends on a gentleman's person.

val-e-tu-di-na-ri-an (-e-tū-di-nā'ri-ăn), *adj.* sickly; seeking to recover health: *n.* an invalid.

val-iant ('yănt), *adj.* brave; heroic. *Syn.* bold, valorous, gallant.

val-id ('id), *adj.* having legal force; sound; thoroughly grounded. *Syn.* strong, powerful, binding.

va-lid-i-ty (vă-lid'i-ti), *n.* legal force; soundness.

va-lise (vă-lēs'), *n.* small portmanteau.

val-ley (val'i), *n.* a tract of land between ranges of hills.

val-or (val'ĕr), *n.* bravery; intrepidity. *Syn.* courage, gallantry, heroism.

val-or-ous ('ĕr-us), *adj.* brave; intrepid.

val-u-a-ble ('ū-ă-bl), *adj.* having value or worth.

val-u-a-tion (-ū-ā'shun), *n.* estimated worth or price; estimation.

val-ue ('ū), *n.* price; importance; excellence: *v.t.* to estimate the worth of; appraise; esteem. *Syn.* reckon, estimate.

val-ued ('ūd), *adj.* highly esteemed or prized.

valve (valv), *n.* a lid or cover opening only one way.

vamp (vamp), *n.* the upper leather of a boot or shoe: *v.t.* to mend; patch.

vam-pire (vam'pīr), *n.* a fabled blood-sucking demon; a kind of bat that sucks blood.

van (van), *n.* the front of an army or fleet: a covered wagon for moving furniture.

van-dal (van'dăl), *n.* one who is hostile or destructive to art or literature.

van-dal-ism (-izm), *n.* rudeness; barbarism; hostility to refinement in arts or letters.

vane (vān), *n.* a weather-cock, indicating the wind's direction.

van-guard (van'gärd), *n.* the advance section of an army.

va-nil-la (vȧ-nil'ȧ), *n.* the dried fruit of an orchid, used for flavoring.

van-ish (van'ish), *v.i.* to disappear. *Syn.* fade, dissolve.

van-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* love of admiration; empty pride; idle show; emptiness. *Syn.* conceit, affectedness.

van-quish (vang'kwish), *v.t.* to conquer; subdue; refute in argument.

van-tage ('tej), *n.* advantage; opportunity.

vap-id (vap'id), *adj.* dull; insipid. *Syn.* flat, stale.

va-por (vā'pĕr), *n.* the gas into which heat converts liquid matter: steam: *v.i.* to pass off in vapor; to bully. *Syn.* fume, smoke, mist.

va-por-ize (vā'pĕr-īz), *v.t.* to convert into vapor.

va-por-ous ('pĕr-us), *adj.* like vapor; unreal.

va-ri-a-bil-i-ty (vā-ri-ȧ-bil'i-ti), *n.* the state of being changeable. Also variableness.

va-ri-a-ble ('ri-ȧ-bl), *adj.* changeable; inconstant; fickle. *Syn.* shifting, wavering.

va-ri-a-bly (-bli), *adv.* in a changeable manner.

va-ri-ance ('ri-ȧns), *n.* difference; quarrel.

va-ri-ant ('ri-ȧnt), *adj.* variable; different: *n.* a different form of a thing.

va-ri-a-tion (-ri-ȧ'shun), *n.* a partial change; difference; inflection.

var-i-cose ('i-kōs), *adj.* enlarged; dilated: said of veins.

va-ried (vā'rid), *adj.* altered; partially changed.

va-ri-e-gate (vā'ri-e-gāt), *v.t.* to diversify in color.

va-ri-e-ga-tion (-gā'shun), *n.* diversity of colors.

va-ri-e-ty (-rī'e-ti), *n.* variation; diversity; change. *Syn.* difference, mixture, medley.

va-ri-ous ('ri-us), *adj.* different; diverse; several.

var-let (vär'let), *n.* formerly a footman or page; a scoundrel.

var-nish ('nish), *n.* a viscid liquid used for giving a gloss: *v.t.* to cover with varnish; give a gloss to; palliate.

va-ry (vā'ri), *v.t.* to change; alter; diversify: *v.i.* to undergo a change.

vas-cu-lar (vas'kū-lĕr), *adj.* containing, vessels for blood or sap.

vase (vās or väz), *n.* an ornamental vessel, especially one of antique pattern.

vas-sal (vas'ȧl), *n.* a feudal tenant; bondman: *adj.* servile.

vas-sal-age ('-ej), *n.* the state of being a vassal; political servitude.

vast (vȧst), *adj.* of great extent; very spacious; immense: *n.* boundless space; empty waste. *Syn.* spacious, colossal, gigantic, huge.

vat (vat), *n.* a large tub or vessel for holding liquids.

Vat-i-can ('i-kȧn), *n.* the palace of the Pope at Rome; the papal authority.

vaude-ville (vōd'vil), *n.* a series of disconnected songs, dances, farcical acts, and skillful feats.

vault (vawlt), *n.* an arched roof; cellar; prison; cavern; tomb of masonry; sky; leap: *v.t.* to shape as a vault; arch: *v.i.* to leap or bound.

vault-ed ('ed), *adj.* arched; concave.

vaunt (vänt or vawnt), *v.i.* to boast: *v.t.* to brag of; display boastfully: *n.* a boast; vain display. *Syn.* brag, puff, flourish, parade.

vaunt-ing ('ing), *n.* vainglorious boasting.

veal (vēl), *n.* the flesh of a calf used as food.

ve-dette (ve-det'), *n.* a mounted sentinel. Also vidette.

veer (vēr), *v.i.* to change direction, as the wind: *v.t.* to turn; direct to a different course.

veg-e-ta-ble (vej'e-tȧ-bl), *adj.* of the nature of plants: *n.* an organism grown in the ground and devoid of sensation; a plant or root cultivated for the table.

veg-e-ta-ri-an (-tā'ri-ȧn), *n.* one who lives on a vegetable diet.

veg-e-tate ('e-tāt), *v.i.* to grow as a plant; live a useless, indolent life.

veg-e-ta-tion (-tā'shun), *n.* plants or vegetables collectively.

veg-e-ta-tive ('e-tā-tiv), *adj.* growing as plants.

ve-he-mence (vē'he-mens), *n.* impetuosity; violent ardor; animated fervor.

ve-he-ment ('he-ment), *adj.* very violent or forcible; passionate; ardent; energetic.

ve-hi-cle (vē'hi-kl), *n.* any kind of carriage or conveyance.

ve-hic-u-lar (-hik'ū-lăr), *adj.* serving as a vehicle.

veil (vāl), *n.* a covering more or less transparent for the face; curtain for concealment: *v.t.* to cover with a veil; hide; conceal.

vein (vān), *n.* a vessel in the body which carries the blood to the heart; branching rib of a leaf; seam of rock filled with mineral matter; train of thought.

vein-ous ('us), *adj.* full of or provided with veins.

vel-lum (vel'um), *n.* fine parchment.

ve-loc-i-pede (ve-los'i-pēd), *n.* a light carriage propelled by the feet.

ve-loc-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* speed; rate of movement of a body.

vel-vet (vel'vet), *n.* a silk fabric with short, close, soft nap.

vel-vet-een ('ēn'), *n.* imitation velvet.

ve-nal (vē'năl), *adj.* that may be bought, or bribed; mercenary. *Syn.* salable, hireling.

ve-nal-i-ty (-nal'i-ti), *n.* mercenariness.

ve-na-tion (ve-nā'shun), *n.* the arrangement of veins in a leaf, or insect's wing.

vend (vend), *v.t.* to sell; offer for sale.

ven-det-ta (ven-det'ă), *n.* a kind of blood-feud.

ven-di-ble (ven'di-bl), *adj.* salable.

ven-dor ('dĕr), *n.* one who sells. Also vender.

ve-neer (ve-nēr'), *v.t.* to overlay with thin slices of ornamental wood: *n.* a thin strip of superior wood for facing; outside show; pretense.

ven-er-a-ble (ven'ĕr-ă-bl), *adj.* worthy of being reverenced; aged. *Syn.* grave, wise, old, reverend.

ven-er-ate ('ĕr-āt), *v.t.* to esteem as sacred; regard with the highest respect; revere.

ven-er-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* the highest degree of reverence; respect associated with awe.

ven-e-sec-tion (ven-ē-sek'-shun), *n.* the operation of opening a vein; phlebotomy.

Ve-ne-tian (-nē'shân), *adj.* pertaining to Venice.

venge-ance (venj'ăns), *n.* a return in kind for injury or offense; revenge.

venge-ful ('fool), *adj.* vindictive; retributive.

venge-ful-ly (-i), *adv.* in a vengeful spirit.

ve-ni-al (vē'ni-ăl), *adj.* pardonable; excusable.

ven-i-son (ven'-i-zn, ven'zn), *n.* the flesh of deer.

ven-om ('um), *n.* poison; spite; malice.

ven-om-ous (-us), *adj.* full of venom; malignant.

ve-nous (vē'nus), *adj.* pertaining to veins.

vent (vent), *n.* a small opening for the escape of air, etc.; flue; outlet; rectum; utterance: *v.t.* to give an opening to.

ven-ti-late (ven'ti-lāt), *v.t.* to open to the free passage of air; expose to free discussion.

ven-ti-la-tion (-lā'shun), *n.* the act of ventilating; free discussion.

ven-tral (ven'trăl), *adj.* pertaining to the belly.

ven-tri-cle ('tri-kl), *n.* a small cavity in an animal body.

ven-tril-o-quism (-tril'ō-kwizm), *n.* the art of speaking so that the voice appears to come from a distance.

ven-tril-o-quist (kwist), *n.* one who practices ventriloquism.

ven-ture ('tūr), *n.* an undertaking of chance or danger; risk; speculation: *v.t.* to risk; *v.i.* to dare. *Syn.* chance, peril, stake.

ven-ture-some (-tūr'sum), *adj.* intrepid; rash.

ven-ue (ven'ū), *n.* the place where an action in law is laid.

ve-ra-cious (ve-rā'shus), *adj.* truthful; true.

ve-rac-i-ty (-ras'i-ti), *n.* truthfulness; truth. *Syn.* credibility, accuracy.

ve-ran-da (-ran'dă), *n.* a kind of covered balcony or open portico. Also verandah.

verb (vĕrb), *n.* that part of speech which signifies to be, to do, or to suffer.

ver-bal ('ȧl), *adj.* expressod in words; oral; literal: *n.* a noun derived from a verb.

ver-bal-ism (-izm), *n.* something expressed verbally.

ver-bal-ly (-i), *adv.* by word of mouth; orally.

ver-ba-tim (vēr-bā'tim), *adv.* word for word.

ver-bi-age ('bi-ej), *n.* superabundance of words.

ver-bose (-bōs'), *adj.* wordy; prolix.

ver-bos-i-ty (-bos'i-ti), *n.* the use of more words than are necessary.

ver-dan-cy ('dȧn-si), *n.* greenness; inexperience.

ver-dant ('dȧnt), *adj.* green; fresh; gullible.

ver-dict ('dikt), *n.* the finding of a jury; judgment.

ver-di-gris ('di-grēs), *n.* the blue-green substance which forms on copper or brass.

ver-dure ('dūr), *n.* freshness of vegetation.

verge (vērj), *n.* a rod, mace, etc., carried as an emblem of authority; border or limit: *v.i.* to approach or come near.

ver-i-fi-a-ble (ver'i-fī-ȧ-bl), *adj.* capable of being verified.

ver-i-fi-ca-tion (-i-fi-kā'shun), *n.* the act of proving to be true; confirmation.

ver-i-fy ('i-fī), *v.t.* to prove to be true; fulfill.

ver-i-ly ('i-li), *adv.* in truth; certainly.

ver-i-si-mil-i-tude (-i-si-mil'i-tūd), *n.* the appearance of truth; probability.

ver-i-ta-ble ('i-tȧ-bl), *adj.* true; genuine.

ver-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* agreement with fact; truth; reality; a true assertion.

ver-juice (vēr'jōōs), *n.* an acid liquor expressed from unripe fruit: hence sourness; tartness.

ver-mic-u-lar (-mik'ū-lȧr), *adj.* worm-like. Also vermiform.

ver-mi-fuge ('mi-fūj), *n.* a medicine to expel or destroy worms.

ver-mil-ion (-mil'yun), *n.* a brilliant red pigment: *v.t.* to color with vermilion.

ver-min ('min), *n.* noxious small animals or insects, as rats, fleas, etc.; low, despicable persons.

ver-nac-u-lar (-nak'u-lēr), *adj.* pertaining to one's native country or language: *n.* native idiom.

ver-nal ('nȧl), *adj.* pertaining to the spring.

ver-sa-tile ('sȧ-til), *adj.* turning with ease; many-sided; variable.

ver-sa-til-i-ty (-til'i-ti), *n.* quality of being versatile.

verse (vērs), *n.* a metrical line; stanza; poetry; short division of a chapter in the Bible.

versed (vērst), *adj.* skilled; conversant.

ver-si-cle (vēr'si-kl), *n.* a little verse.

ver-si-fi-ca-tion (-fi-kā'shun), *n.* the art of composing metrical verses.

ver-si-fi-er ('si-fī-ēr), *n.* a composer of verses.

ver-sion ('shun), *n.* a translation; account; statement.

ver-te-bra ('te-brȧ), *n.* one of the bones of the spinal column.

ver-te-bral ('te-brȧl), *adj.* pertaining to the vertebræ.

ver-te-brate ('te-brāt), *adj.* belonging to the back-boned animals.

ver-tex ('teks), *n.* the top, summit, or crown; apex; zenith.

ver-ti-cal ('ti-kȧl), *adj.* directly overhead; perpendicular.

ver-ti-cal-ly (-i), *adv.* perpendicularly.

ver-ti-go ('ti-gō), *n.* giddiness; dizziness.

verve (vērv), *n.* a lively spirit; nervous energy.

ver-y (ver'i), *adj.* real; actual; true: *adv.* extremely.

ves-i-cle (ves'i-kl), *n.* a bladder-like vessel or cavity; blister; cyst; sac.

ves-ic-u-lar (-ik'ū-lēr), *adj.* consisting of vesicles; full of interstices.

Ves-per ('pēr), *n.* the evening star; Venus; evening.

ves-pers ('perz), *n.* evening song or service.

ves-sel ('el), *n.* a utensil for holding something; ship; tube or canal in the body; instrument; recipient.

vest (vest), *n.* a waistcoat: *v.t.* to clothe with a garment; invest closely; give fixed right of possession.

ves-tal ('tȧl), *adj.* pertaining or sacred to the Roman goddess Vesta; chaste; pure: *n.* a virgin; nun.

ves-ted (ves'ted), *adj.* clothed; fixed.

ves-ti-bule ('ti-būl), *n.* porch or entrance into a house.

ves-tige ('tij), *n.* a mark left in passing; track; trace.

vest-ment (vest'ment), *n.* a garment, especially a priestly garment; dress.

ves-try (ves'tri), *n.* a room in a church for vestments and parochial meetings; meeting for parish business.

ves-ture ('tūr), *n.* clothing; covering.

vet-er-an (vet'ĕr-ăn), *adj.* long exercised or experienced: *n.* one grown old in service: especially a soldier.

vet-er-i-na-ry ('ĕr-i-nā-ri), *adj.* pertaining to the art of healing the diseases of domestic animals.

ve-to (vē'tō), *n.* the right of preventing the enactment of a law: *v.t.* to reject by veto; refuse assent to; prohibit.

vex (veks), *v.t.* to irritate; harass; tease.

vex-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* the state of being vexed; annoyance; worry. *Syn.* chagrin, mortification.

vex-a-tious ('shus), *adj.* annoying; troublesome; harassing.

vex-ing ('ing), *p.adj.* annoying; provoking.

vi-a-duct ('ă-dukt), *n.* an arched structure for conveying a railway, road, etc., over low ground.

vi-al ('ăl), *n.* a small glass bottle or vessel. Also phial.

vi-ands ('andz), *n.pl.* dressed meat; food.

vi-brant ('brănt), *adj.* vibrating; resonant.

vi-brate ('brāt), *v.i.* to move backwards and forwards; oscillate; swing: *v.t.* to cause to quiver. *Syn.* sway, wave, undulate, thrill.

vi-bra-tion -brā'shun), *n.* oscillation; resonance.

vi-bra-to-ry ('brā-tō-ri), *adj.* consisting in or causing vibrations.

vic-ar (vik'ĕr), *n.* a deputy; substitute.

vic-ar-age (-ej), *n.* the benefice of a vicar.

vi-ca-ri-ous (vī-kā'ri-us), *adj.* substituted, or performed, in the place of another.

vice (vīs), *n.* a fault, defect, or blemish; habit; depravity; immorality; a vise. *Syn.* corruption, pollution, wickedness, guilt.

vice-ge-rent (-jē'rent), *n.* one deputed to exercise the functions of another.

vice-roy ('roi), *n.* a governor ruling by the authority of the sovereign.

vic-i-nage (vis'i-nej), *n.* a neighborhood.

vic-in-i-ty (vis-in'i-ti), *n.* nearness in place.

vi-cious (vish'us), *adj.* characterized by vice; faulty; corrupt; unruly; spiteful. *Syn.* depraved, debased, profligate.

vi-cis-si-tude (vi-sis'i-tūd), *n.* change.

vic-tim (vik'tim), *n.* a living being sacrificed to a deity; a dupe. *Syn.* sacrifice, prey, sufferer.

vic-tim-ize (-īz), *v.t.* to make a victim of; swindle.

vic-tor ('tĕr), *n.* conqueror; one who wins in an athletic, warlike, or other contest.

vic-to-ri-ous (-tō'ri-us), *adj.* superior in a battle or contest; triumphant.

vic-to-ry ('to-ri), *n.* the defeat of an enemy; battle gained; triumph.

vict-ual (vit'l), *v.t.* to supply with provisions: *n.pl.* food; meat.

vict-ual-er ('l-ĕr), *n.* one who provides food.

vi-dette. Same as vedette.

vie (vī), *v.i.* to strive for superiority; rival; endeavor.

view (vū), *v.t.* to look upon; see; regard attentively; consider: *n.* prospect; survey; purpose; judgment; opinion.

vig-il (vij'il), *n.* a watching; devotion in the usual hours of sleeping.

vig-i-lance ('i-lăns), *n.* watchfulness; caution.

vig-i-lant ('i-lănt), *adj.* attentive to danger; alert; cautious. *Syn.* wary, watchful.

vign-ette (vin-yet'), *n.* a small engraving not enclosed by a definite border.

vig-or ('ĕr), *n.* strength; energy; force.

vig-or-ous ('ĕr-us), *adj.* full of energy; robust; forcible.

vile (vīl), *adj.* worthless; despicable; morally base; wicked.

vile-ly ('li), *adv.* in a vile manner.

vile-ness ('nes), *n.* baseness; wickedness.

vil-i-fi-er (vil'i-fī-ĕr), *n.* a defamer.

vil-i-fy ('i-fī), *v.t.* to defame; debase by slander.

vil-la ('å), *n.* a country seat; suburban residence.

vil-lage ('ej), *n.* a small assemblage of houses.

vil-lag-er (-ėr), *n.* an inhabitant of a village.

vil-lain ('in or 'ān), *n.* a serf or feudal tenant; a scoundrel.

vil-lain-ous (-us), *adj.* wicked; vile; mean.

vil-lain-y (-i), *n.* extreme depravity; wickedness.

vin-ai-grette (vin-ā-gret'), *n.* a small box for holding aromatic vinegar.

vin-ci-ble (vin'si-bl), *adj.* that may be overcome.

vin-di-cate (vin'di-kāt), *v.t.* to defend successfully; prove to be valid; justify.

vin-di-ca-tion (-kā'shun), *n.* justification; defense; support by proof.

vin-dic-tive (-dik'tiv), *adj.* prompted by revenge.

vin-dic-tive-ly (-li), *adv.* in a vindictive manner.

vine (vīn), *n.* a plant producing grapes; other twining plants.

vin-e-gar (vin'e-gėr), *n.* an acid obtained by fermentation from wine, beer, etc.

vine-yard (vin'yȧrd), *n.* a plantation of grape vines.

vi-nous (vī'nus), *adj.* having the qualities of wine.

vin-tage (vin'tej), *n.* the yearly vine harvest; the wine produced in one season.

vint-ner (vint'nėr), *n.* a wine merchant.

vi-ol (vī'ol), *n.* a musical instrument played with a bow.

vi-o-la (vē-ō'lå), *n.* the tenor violin.

vi-o-la-ble (vī'o-lå-bl), *adj.* that may be violated or broken.

vi-o-late ('o-lāt), *v.t.* to transgress; break forcibly; injure; ravish; desecrate.

vi-o-la-tion (-lā'shun), *n.* the act of violating, or injuring; rape; outrage; act of profanation.

vi-o-lence ('o-lens), *n.* physical or moral force; vehemence; assault; outrage; crime.

vi-o-lent ('o-lent), *adj.* driven by force; vehement; impetuous. *Syn.* boisterous, furious.

vi-o-let ('o-let), *n.* a common blue wild flower, genus Viola; a color like that of the violet.

vi-o-lin (-o-lin'), *n.* a four-stringed musical instrument, played with a bow.

vi-o-lin-ist ('ist), *n.* a performer on the violin.

vi-o-lon-cel-list (vē-o-lon-chel'-ist), *n.* a performer on the violoncello.

vi-o-lon-cel-lo (-chel'ō), *n.* a large four-stringed instrument of the viol class.

vi-per (vī'pėr), *n.* a kind of venomous serpent; a crafty, malignant person.

vi-ra-go (vi-rā'gō), *n.* a bold, turbulent woman.

vir-gin (vėr'jin), *n.* a maiden; the Virgin Mary: *adj.* chaste; modest; pure.

vir-gin-al (-ål), *adj.* maidenly; chaste.

vir-gin-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* the state of a virgin; maidenhood; virgin purity.

vir-ile (vir'il), *adj.* pertaining to mature manhood; masculine; manly; procreative.

vir-il-i-ty (-il'i-ti), *n.* manhood; power of procreation.

vir-tu-al (vėr'tū-ål), *adj.* in effect, though not in fact.

vir-tu-al-ly (-li), *adv.* practically.

vir-tue ('tū), *n.* rectitude; strength; efficacy; chastity; legal force.

vir-tu-o-so (-tū-ō'sō), *n.* one skilled in the fine arts, etc.

vir-tu-ous ('tū-us), *adj.* possessing virtue; moral; chaste. *Syn.* upright, honest.

vir-u-lence (vir'ū-lens), *n.* extreme bitterness.

vir-u-lent ('ū-lent), *adj.* poisonous; malignant.

vi-rus (vī'rus), *n.* contagious or poisonous matter; something that acts as a moral poison.

vis-age (viz'ej), *n.* the countenance.

vis-à-vis (vē-zå-vē'), *adv.* face to face.

vis-ce-ra (vis'ėr-å), *n.pl.* the intestines.

vis-ce-ral ('ėr-ål), *adj.* pertaining to the viscera.

vis-cid ('id), *adj.* sticky; glutinous.

vis-cid-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* stickiness; glutinousness.

vis-count (vī'kount), *n.* a nobleman next in rank below an earl.

vis-cous (vis'kus), *adj.* adhesive or glutinous.

vise (vīs), *n.* a two-jawed screw-press for holding work.

vis-i-bil-i-ty (viz-i-bil'i-ti), *n.* perceptibility.

vis-i-ble ('i-bl), *adj.* perceptible to the eye; obvious; apparent.

vi-sion (vizh'un), *n.* the sense of seeing; sight; object of sight. *Syn.* ghost, phantom, specter.

vi-sion-al (-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to vision.

vi-sion-a-ry (-ă-ri), *adj.* imaginary; unreal: *n.* an unpractical schemer.

vis-it (viz'it), *n.* a friendly call; brief stay of courtesy or business; official inspection: *v.t.* to call upon; inspect officially.

vis-i-tant ('i-tănt), *n.* one who visits another.

vis-i-ta-tion (-i-tā'shun), *n.* official visit; infliction of good or evil.

vis-i-tor (vis'i-tĕr), *n.* one who visits; official inspector.

vis-or. See vizor.

vis-ta (vis'tä), *n.* a view, especially through an avenue.

vis-u-al (vizh'ū-ăl), *adj.* pertaining to sight.

vis-u-al-ize (-īz), *v.t.* to make visible; see in fancy.

vi-tal (vī'tăl), *adj.* pertaining to life; mortal; essential.

vi-tal-i-ty ('i-ti), *n.* vital force; tenacity of life.

vi-tal-ize ('tăl-īz), *v.t.* to endow with life; animate.

vi-tal-ly (-i), *adv.* essentially.

vi-tals (tălz), *n. pl.* the organs of the body essential to life.

vi-ti-ate (vish'i-āt), *v.t.* to render faulty or defective; taint; deprave; annul.

vit-i-cul-ture (vit'i-kul-tūr), *n.* vine culture.

vit-re-ous (vit're-us), *adj.* consisting of or like glass.

vit-ri-fac-tion (-ri-fak'shun), *n.* the art of making glass.

vit-ri-fied ('ri-fīd), *adj.* converted into glass.

vit-ri-fy ('ri-fī), *v.t.* to convert by heat and fusion into glass.

vit-ri-ol ('ri-ol), *n.* the popular name for sulphuric acid.

vi-tu-per-ate (vī-tū'per-āt), *v.t.* to censure abusively.

vi-tu-per-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* abusive censure.

vi-tu-per-a-tive ('pĕr-ā-tiv), *adj.* characterized by abuse.

vi-va-cious (vī-vā'shus), *adj.* lively; gay.

vi-vac-i-ty (-vas'i-ti), *n.* liveliness; animation.

viv-id (viv'id), *adj.* life-like; realistic; striking.

viv-i-fy (viv'i-fī), *v.t.* to endue with life; quicken.

vi-vip-a-rous (vī-vip'ă-rus), *adj.* producing young alive.

viv-i-sect (viv-i-sekt'), *v.t.* to dissect a living body.

viv-i-sec-tion (-sek'shun), *n.* the dissection of a living animal for scientific study.

vix-en (viks'n), *n.* a female fox; a quarrelsome, ill-tempered woman.

viz., (viz), *adv.* namely.

vi-zor (vī'zĕr), *n.* the upper, movable part of a helmet; the forepiece of a cap.

vo-ca-ble (vō'kă-bl), *n.* a word; term.

vo-cab-u-la-ry (-kab'ū-lă-ri), *n.* a list of words arranged alphabetically.

vo-cal (vō'kăl), *adj.* pertaining to voice or speech; oral; produced in the larynx.

vo-cal-ist (-ist), *n.* a public singer.

vo-cal-ize (-īz), *v.t.* to form into voice; utter distinctly.

vo-cal-ly ('kăl-i), *adv.* with the voice.

vo-ca-tion (-kā'shun), *n.* calling; occupation.

vo-cif-er-ate (vō-sif'ĕr-āt), *v.i.* to clamor; bawl: *v.t.* to utter with a loud voice.

vo-cif-er-a-tion (-ā'shun), *n.* violent outcry.

vo-cif-er-ous ('ĕr-us), *adj.* clamorous; noisy.

vogue (vōg), *n.* fashion; mode of usage.

voice (vois), *n.* sound uttered by the mouth; faculty of speech; vote or suffrage: *v.t.* to utter.

void (void), *adj.* empty; wanting: *v.t.* to nullify; declare vacant; quit; emit or send out: *n.* a vacuum.

vo-lant (vō'lant), *adj.* flying; nimble.

vol-a-tile (vol'ă-til), *adj.* evaporating readily; diffusing freely; lively; sprightly; fickle.

vol-a-til-ize ('ă-til-īz), *v.t.* to render volatile; evaporate.

vol-can-ic (-kan'ik), *adj.* pertaining to a volcano.

vol-ca-no (-kā'nō), *n.* a hill or opening in the earth from which liquid lava, heated gases, etc., are ejected.

vo-li-tion (vō-lish'un), *n.* the act or power of exerting choice.

vol-ley (vol'i), *n.* the discharge of a number of small arms; explosive burst.

volt (vōlt), *n.* the circular tread of a horse; sudden leap to avoid a thrust in fencing; standard unit of electro-motive force.

vol-ta-ic (vol-tā'ik), *adj.* pertaining to electricity produced chemically.

vol-u-bil-i-ty (-ū-bil'i-ti), *n.* excessive fluency of speech.

vol-u-ble ('ū-bl), *adj.* fluent in speech.

vol-ume ('ŭm), *n.* a single book; space occupied; mass or bulk; fullness of voice.

vol-u-met-ric (-ū-met'rik), *adj.* measured by volume.

vol-u-mi-nous ('mi-nus), *adj.* extensive; copious.

vol-un-ta-ri-ly ('un-tâ-ri-li), *adv.* spontaneously.

vol-un-ta-ri-ness (-ri-nes), *n.* spontaneousness.

vol-un-ta-ry ('un-tâ-ri), *adj.* acting from choice or free will; spontaneous; gratuitous; *n.* an organ solo in a church service.

vol-un-teer (-un-tēr'), *n.* one who serves by free choice, especially in the army: *v.i.* to offer one's services voluntarily.

vo-lup-tu-a-ry (vō'lup-tū-â-ri), *n.* one given to sensual enjoyments or luxury. *Syn.* epicure, sensualist.

vo-lup-tu-ous ('tū-us), *adj.* given to sensual enjoyment; exciting sensual desires.

vo-lute (vō-lūt'), *n.* a spiral scroll in the Ionic capital.

vo-lut-ed ('ed), *adj.* having a spiral scroll.

vom-it ('it), *v.i.* to eject the contents of the stomach by the mouth; *n.* matter ejected by the stomach; an emetic.

vom-it-ing (-ing), *n.* the act of ejecting matter from the stomach.

vo-ra-cious (vō-rā'shus), *adj.* greedy in eating; ravenous; rapacious.

vo-rac-i-ty (-ras'i-ti), *n.* greediness of appetite.

vor-tex (vôr'teks), *n.* the circular rotation of a liquid; whirlpool.

vo-ta-ry (vō'tâ-ri), *n.* one addicted to some particular pursuit; one consecrated by a vow.

vote (vōt), *n.* an expression of choice or preference for some candidate for an office; decision by the majority; exercise of the right of suffrage: *v.t.* to give a vote for a candidate; to choose by suffrage.

vot-er ('ēr), *n.* one who votes; an elector.

vot-ing ('ing), *n.* expression of preference by suffrage; the casting of a ballot.

vot-ive ('iv), *adj.* given or promised by vow.

vouch (vouch), *v.t.* to attest; guarantee. *Syn.* affirm, aver, assure.

vouch-er ('ēr), *n.* one who gives attestation; a document guaranteeing the accuracy of accounts.

vouch-safe (-sāf'), *v.t.* to deign; to grant; concede.

vow (vou), *n.* a solemn promise to fulfil some engagement, especially one made to God; pledge of fidelity or affection: *v.t.* to promise solemnly; consecrate to God.

vow-el ('el), *n.* a simple vocal sound; a letter representing such a sound: *adj.* vocal.

voy-age (voi'ej), *n.* a journey by water from one country or place to another: *v.i.* to travel by water.

voy-ag-er (-ēr), *n.* a traveler by water.

vul-can-ite (vul'kân-īt), *n.* vulcanized india-rubber.

vul-can-ize (-īz), *v.t.* to harden India rubber by the use of sulphur.

vul-gar ('gēr), *adj.* pertaining to common people; plebeian; unrefined; coarse; mean; *n.* the uneducated or unrefined class.

vul-gar-ism ('gēr-izm), *n.* a vulgar phrase or expression; a word or phrase suggestive of lack of culture.

vul-gar-i-ty (-gar'i-ti), *n.* coarseness of manners or language.

Vul-gate ('gāt), *n.* an ancient Latin version of the Scriptures in use in the Roman Catholic Church: *adj.* pertaining to this version.

vul-ner-a-bil-i-ty (vul-nēr-â-bil'i-ti), *n.* the quality of being vulnerable.

vul-ner-a-ble ('nĕr-ȧ-bl), *adj.* capable of being wounded; susceptible of injury.

vul-pine ('pin), *adj.* like a fox; cunning.

vul-ture ('tūr), *n.* a large, voracious bird of prey.

vy-ing (vī'ing), *p.adj.* competing; emulating.

W

wab-ble (wob'l), *v.t.* to sway from side to side. Also wobble.

wad (wod), *n.* paper, tow, etc., used to stop the charge in a gun.

wad-ding ('ing), *n.* a soft stuff used for stuffing garments.

wad-dle ('l), *v.i.* to move from side to side in walking: *n.* a clumsy, rocking gait.

wade (wād), *v.i.* to walk through water, snow, etc.

wa-fer (wā'fĕr), *n.* a small paste disk for securing letters, etc.

waf-fle (wof'l), *n.* a thin cake, baked over a flame or coals.

waft (wȧft), *v.t.* to bear through a fluid: *v.i.* to float.

wag (wag), *v.i.* to move backwards and forwards: *n.* a droll, humorous fellow.

wage (wāj), *v.t.* to carry on war; venture: *n.* payment for services.

wa-ger (wā'jĕr), *n.* something staked on an issue; a bet: *v.t.* to hazard: *v.i.* to bet.

wag-ger-y (wag'ĕr-i), *n.* mischievous merriment; good-humored sarcasm.

wag-gish ('ish), *adj.* humorous; sportive.

wag-gle ('l), *v.i.* & *v.t.* to move from side to side.

wag-on ('un), *n.* a four-wheeled vehicle for carrying goods.

wag-on-er (-ĕr), *n.* the driver of a wagon.

waif (wāf), *n.* goods found without an owner; a homeless wanderer.

wail (wāl), *v.t.* to lament: *v.i.* to express sorrow audibly: *n.* loud lamentation. Also wailing.

wain-scot ('skot), *n.* paneled wooden lining on walls: *v.t.* to line with boarding.

wain-wright ('rīt), *n.* a maker of wagons.

waist (wāst), *n.* the part of the body below the ribs; middle part.

waist-coat (wāst'kōt), *n.* a short men's garment covering the chest and waist.

wait (wāt), *v.i.* to stay for; lie in ambush; watch; attend: *v.t.* to await; postpone. *Syn.* expect, look for.

wait-er ('ĕr), *n.* a servant in attendance at table; salver or tray. *Feminine* waitress.

wait-ing ('ing), *adj.* serving; attendant.

waive (wāv), *v.t.* to give up a claim to; forego.

wake (wāk), *v.i.* to cease to sleep: *v.t.* to rouse from sleep; revive; watch: *n.* a vigil; watching of a dead body prior to burial; track of a vessel in water.

wake-ful ('fool), *adj.* unable to sleep; watchful.

wa-ken. Same as wake.

wale (wāl), *n.* a mark left by the stroke of a whip, etc.: *v.t.* to mark with a wale.

walk (wawk), *v.i.* to advance by steps; go on foot; take exercise: *n.* act of walking; step or pace; exercise; deportment; frequented track.

wall (wawl), *n.* a structure of stone, brick, etc.; side of a building; rampart; means of protection: *v.t.* to enclose with a wall.

wal-let (wol'et), *n.* a bag or knapsack; a pocketbook.

wall-flow-er ('flou-ĕr), *n.* a plant with sweet-scented flowers; one who, at a ball or party, takes no part.

wal-lop (wol'up), *v.i.* to boil with bubbling: *v.t.* to beat soundly: *n.* a blow.

wal-low ('ō), *v.i.* to roll one's body in the mire; live in vice or filth.

wal-nut (wawl'nut), *n.* a tree yielding an edible fruit and valuable wood.

wal-rus (wol'rus), *n.* a large marine mammal with powerful tusks.

waltz (wawltz), *n.* a whirling dance; music for such a dance: *v.i.* to dance a waltz.

wam-pum (wom'pum), *n.* beads made of shells, used by the North American Indians as money, etc.

wan (won), *adj.* of sickly hue; pale; pallid.

wand (wond), *n.* a long, slender rod; staff of authority.

wan-der (won'dĕr), *v.i.* to ramble; stroll; depart from; be delirious. *Syn.* range, roam, rove.

wane (wān), *v.i.* to grow less; decrease: decline.

wan-ness (won'nes), *n.* wan condition; paleness.

want (wawnt), *n.* deficiency; necessity; penury: *v.t.* to be destitute of; have need of; desire; need.

want-ing ('ing), *adj.* deficient; absent.

wan-ton (won'tun), *adj.* licentious; unrestrained; sportive; trifling: *n.* a lascivious person.

war (wawr), *n.* a hostile, armed contest: conflict; art of fighting: *v.i.* to make war; fight with armies.

war-ble (wawr'bl), *v.t.* & *v.i.* to sing in a quavering manner, as birds; utter musically: *n.* a soft, sweet flow of melodious sounds; carol.

war-bler ('blĕr), *n.* one who warbles; a singing-bird.

war-bling ('bling), *adj.* singing; quavering.

ward (wawrd), *v.t.* to guard; defend from danger: *v.i.* to act on the defensive: *n.* guard; defense; division of a city; custody; person under a guardian.

ward-en ('en), *n.* a guardian; keeper; head official.

ward-er ('ĕr), *n.* keeper; guard.

ward-robe ('rōb), *n.* portable closet for clothes; wearing apparel.

ware-house (wār'hous), *n.* a building for storing goods: *v.t.* to deposit in a warehouse.

wares (wārz), *n.* merchandise; goods.

war-fare (wawr'fār), *n.* hostilities; war; contest; military life or service.

war-like (wawr'lik), *adj.* adapted to war; martial.

war-i-ly (wār'i-li), *adv.* cautiously.

war-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* caution; circumspection.

war-lock (wawr'lok), *n.* a wizard.

warm (wawrm), *adj.* having moderate heat; zealous; excited; passionate: *v.t.* to make warm; excite.

warmth ('th), *n.* moderate heat; ardor; animation.

warn (wawrn), *v.t.* to give notice of danger; caution.

warn-ing ('ing), *n.* caution against danger; notice to quit.

warp (wawrp), *n.* the threads which extend lengthwise in a loom; towing-rope; a twist out of the true shape: *v.t.* to turn or twist out of shape; pervert; tow a vessel with a rope: *v.i.* to swerve or deviate.

war-rant (wor'ânt), *v.t.* to guarantee; authorize; assure: *n.* a commission giving authority; writ for arresting a person; voucher; security.

war-rant-y (-i), *n.* guarantee; security.

war-ren ('en), *n.* an enclosure for animals, especially rabbits; fish preserve.

war-rior (wär'yĕr, wär'i-er), *n.* a soldier; fighter.

wart (wawrt), *n.* a dry excrescence on the skin.

wa-ry (wā'ri), *adj.* cautious; circumspect.

was, *p.t.* of be.

wash (wosh), *v.t.* to cleanse with water; cover with a thin coat of color: *n.* the act of washing; waste liquor; alluvial matter; cosmetic lotion. *Syn.* clean, rinse, tint, stain.

wash-er ('ĕr), *n.* one who washes; ring of metal, leather, etc., to make a tight joint.

wasp (wosp), *n.* a winged insect with a sharp sting; peevish, irritable person.

wasp-ish ('ish), *adj.* petulant and irritable; slender-waisted.

waste (wāst), *v.t.* to destroy wantonly; squander; impair: *adj.* lying unused; unproductive: devastated; untilled: *n.* dissipation of property; useless expenditure; refuse. *Syn.* lavish, decay, dwindle.

waste-ful ('fool), *adj.* causing waste; extravagant.

waste-ful-ly (-i), *adv.* in a wasteful manner.

watch (woch), *n.* wakeful attendance; guard; vigilance; sentry; division of day and night on shipboard; pocket timepiece: *v.t.* to tend; guard; keep in view.

watch-ful ('fool), *adj.* vigilant; wary.

watch-ful-ly (-i), *adv.* in a watchful manner.

watch-word ('wĕrd), *n.* a password.

wa-ter (waw'tĕr), *n.* a colorless, transparent liquid, composed of oxygen and hydrogen; rain; sea; any collection of water; luster of a diamond: *v.t.* to irrigate; wet with water; dilute.

wa-tered ('tĕrd), *adj.* supplied with water; sprinkled; having a wavy appearance.

wa-ter-fall (-fawl), *n.* a cascade; a cataract.

wa-ter-y ('tĕr-i), *adj.* like water; transparent or thin; tasteless; tearful.

wat-tle ('l), *n.* a twig; a hurdle of rods; fleshy lobe under a fowl's throat: *v.t.* to twist or interweave.

waul (wawl), *n.* the cry of a cat.

wave (wāv), *n.* the rise and fall of water due to winds, etc.; undulation; a vibration passing through space: *v.i.* to move like a wave; undulate: *v.t.* to brandish; beckon.

wav-er ('ĕr), *v.i.* to move to and fro; vacillate; hesitate.

wav-er-ing (-ing), *adj.* hesitating; undecided.

wav-y ('i), *adj.* rising and swelling in waves; undulating.

wax (waks), *n.* beeswax, and similar tenacious substances; cerumen of the ear; rage: *v.t.* to rub with wax: *v.i.* to increase in size; become.

wax-en ('en), *adj.* made of, or like, wax.

wax-y ('i), *adj.* consisting of, or like, wax; adhesive.

way (wā), *n.* a road; route; progression; course; distance; tendency; manner. *Syn.* method, plan, system.

way-lay ('lā), *v.t.* to beset by the road or in ambush.

way-ward ('wĕrd), *adj.* perverse; froward.

we (wē), *pron. pl.* of I.

weak (wēk), *adj.* feeble in body or mind; soft; pliant; vacillating.

weak-en ('n), *v.t.* to make or become weak; reduce in strength. *Syn.* enfeeble, enervate.

weal (wēl), *n.* welfare; prosperity; mark of a stripe: *v.t.* to mark with stripes.

weald (wēld), *n.* a wood or forest; wold.

wealth (welth), *n.* riches; affluence.

wealth-i-ly ('i-li), *adv.* richly; abundantly.

wealth-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* opulence.

wealth-y ('i), *adj.* with abundance; rich; affluent.

wean (wēn), *v.t.* to reconcile to a want of the breast; withdraw from any desire.

weap-on (wep'n), *n.* any instrument of offense or defense.

wear (wār), *v.t.* to impair by usage, friction, etc.; use as covering on the body; bear or carry; tack, as a ship; last under use: *n.* the act of wearing; state of being worn.

wear-i-ly (wēr'i-li), *adv.* in a weary manner.

wear-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state of being wearied.

wear-i-some ('i-sum), *adj.* fatiguing; tedious.

wear-y ('i), *adj.* worn out physically or mentally; having the patience exhausted; irksome: *v.t.* to wear out or make weary; harass: *v.i.* to become weary or fatigued. *Syn.* jade, tire, fatigue.

weath-er (we*th*'ĕr), *n.* the state of the atmosphere: *v.t.* to season by exposure to the air; endure or resist bravely.

weath-er-cock (-kok), *n.* a vane turned by the wind.

weath-er-gage (-gāj), *n.* windward position of a vessel.

weave (wēv), *v.t.* to twist or interlace, as threads; form into cloth in a loom; fabricate: *v.i.* to practice weaving.

wea-zen (wē'zn), *adj.* sharp and thin; withered.

web (web), *n.* texture of threads; tissue or texture; membrane uniting the fingers and toes in water-birds: *v.t.* to unite or surround with a web; entangle.

web-bing ('ing), *n.* a narrow woven fabric of cotton or flax.

wed (wed), *v.t.* to marry; unite together: *v.i.* to contract marriage.

wed-ding ('ing), *n.* marriage; nuptial ceremony.

wedge (wej), *n.* a piece of wood or metal tapering to an edge for splitting wood, etc.; one of the mechanical powers: *v.t.* to cleave or fasten with a wedge; press closely.

wed-lock ('lok), *n.* matrimony.

Wednes-day (wenz'dā), *n.* the fourth day of the week.

weed (wēd), *n.* any plant growing wild and noxious to cultivated crops; anything useless: *pl.* a widow's mourning garments: *v.t.* to free from weeds or injurious plants.

weed-y ('i), *adj.* consisting of weeds; thin and lank.

week (wēk), *n.* a period of seven days.

week-day (-dā), *n.* any day of the week except Sunday.

week-ly ('li), *adj.* continuing for a week: *adv.* once a week.

ween (wēn), *v.i.* to think, fancy; imagine.

weep (wēp), *v.i.* to express grief by shedding tears: *v.t.* to lament; bemoan.

weep-ing ('ing), *n.* the act of shedding tears.

weft (weft), *n.* the woof of cloth crossing the warp.

weigh (wā), *v.t.* to ascertain the weight of; reflect on; ponder: *v.i.* to have weight; bear heavily: *n.* a certain quantity by weight.

weight (wāt), *n.* gravity; quantity of matter; a piece of metal used for weighing other bodies; something oppressive; power; importance. *Syn.* heaviness, burden, load.

weight-i-ly ('i-li), *adv.* heavily; impressively.

weight-y ('i), *adj.* having weight; ponderous; momentous; serious.

weir (wēr), *n.* a dam across a stream to raise the level of the water; enclosure of twigs, etc., for catching fish.

weird (wērd), *adj.* ghostly; supernatural; caused by magical influence.

wel-come (wel'kum), *adj.* received with gladness; free to enjoy: *n.* a kind reception: *v.t.* to salute with kindness; receive with hospitality.

weld (weld), *v.t.* to unite by hammering, as heated metal.

wel-fare (wel'fār), *n.* prosperity; happiness.

wel-kin ('kin), *n.* the sky or region of clouds.

well (wel), *n.* a spring or fountain; shaft sunk to reach a supply of water: *v.i.* to flow forth: *adv.* right; justly; suitably; favorably: *adj.* sound in body; healthy; safe.

well-bred ('bred), *adj.* refined in manners; cultivated.

Welsh (welsh), *adj.* pertaining to Wales: *n.* the people and languages of Wales.

welt (welt), *n.* a narrow strip of leather in a shoe: *v.t.* to furnish with a welt.

welt-er ('ĕr), *v.t.* to roll in mud, or foul matter; wallow.

wen (wen), *n.* a fleshy and movable tumor.

wench (wench), *n.* a young girl or maiden; usually in bad sense; female colored servant.

wend (wend), *v.i.* to go; pass: *v.t.* to direct one's way or course.

went, *p.t.* of go.

wept, *p.t.* & *p.p.* of weep.

were, *p.t. pl.* of be.

west (west), *n.* the point where the sun appears to set; one of the four cardinal points: *adj.* lying toward the west; *adv.* towards the west.

west-ern ('ĕrn), *adj.* tending to the west.

west-ward ('wĕrd), *adv.* towards the west.

wet (wet), *v.t.* to saturate or moisten with a liquid: *n.* water; moisture; rainy or misty weather: *adj.* soaked with water; very damp; rainy or misty.

wet-ness (wet'nes), *n.* humidity; moisture.

whack (hwak), *n.* a resounding blow; large piece: *v.t.* to strike with a smart blow.

whale (hwāl), *n.* a marine mammal, the largest of all animals.

wharf (hwawrf), *n.* a quay or erection at the water side for loading and unloading vessels.

what (hwot), *pron.* that which; the thing that; how great (used as an exclamation): *adj.* of what sort, character, etc.

wheat (hwēt), *n.* an annual cereal grain from which flour is manufactured.

wheat-en ('n), *adj.* made of wheat.

whee-dle (hwē'dl), *v.t.* to entice with flattering words; cajole; coax.

wheel (hwēl), *n.* a circular frame of wood or metal turning on an axis: *v.t.* to cause to rotate; convey on wheels.

wheel-wright ('rīt), *n.* a maker of wheels.

wheeze (hwēz), *v.i.* to breathe hard and audibly: *n.* a puffing or blowing of the breath.

whelm (hwelm), *v.t.* to overwhelm.

whelp (hwelp), *n.* the young of a dog, lion, fox, etc.; a cub: *v.i.* to bring forth young.

when (hwen), *adv.* at, or after, the time that; at what time; although.

whence (hwens), *adv.* from what source or origin; how.

where (hwār), *adv.* at which place or places.

where-as (-az′), *adv.* when in fact or truth; since.

where-fore (′fōr), *adv.* for what reason; why.

wher-ry (hwer′i), *n.* a light, shallow boat.

whet (hwet), *v.t.* to sharpen by friction; stimulate.

wheth-er (hwe*th*′ĕr), *pron.* which of two: *conj.* which of two alternatives (followed by or).

whet-stone (hwet′stōn), *n.* a stone for sharpening edged tools.

whey (hwā), *n.* the thin, watery part of milk.

which (hwich), *pron.* a word of interrogation; the relative serving as the neuter of *who.*

whiff (hwif), *n.* a sudden breath of air, smoke, etc.; light puff: *v.t.* to puff or emit in whiffs.

whif-fle (′l), *v.i.* to veer about like the wind; be unsteady; prevaricate.

Whig (hwig), *n.* former political parties in the United States and England.

while (hwīl), *n.* space of time; duration: *conj.* during the time that: *v.t.* to cause to pass.

whilst (hwīlst), *adv.* while.

whim (hwim), *n.* a capricious fancy; freak; notion.

whim-per (′pĕr), *v.t.* to utter in a low, whining tone.

whim-si-cal (′zi-kăl), *adj.* full of whims; fantastical; odd in appearance.

whim-si-cal-ly (-i), *adv.* in a whimsical manner.

whine (hwīn), *v.i.* to express sorrow by a plaintive cry; murmur in an unmanly manner: *n.* a plaintive tone; mean or affected complaint.

whin-ny (hwin′i), *v.i.* to utter a sound like the cry of a horse.

whip (hwip), *v.t.* to strike with a lash; flog; beat into a froth; sew lightly: *n.* a handle and lash for driving horses or for correction; coachman or driver.

whip-ping (′ing), *n.* the act of punishing with the lash or rod.

whir (hwĕr), *v.i.* to revolve quickly with a whizzing noise: *n.* a whizzing noise.

whirl (hwĕrl), *v.i.* to turn round rapidly: *v.i.* move along swiftly: *n.* a rapid rotation or whirling motion.

whirl-pool (′pōōl), *n.* a large eddy; a vortex of water.

whirl-wind (′wind), *n.* a violent wind moving spirally.

whisk (hwisk), *v.t.* to sweep or stir rapidly; move, or carry off, nimbly: *n.* the act of whisking; small bundle of grass, hair, etc., used as a brush.

whisk-ers (′ĕrz), *n.pl.* the hair on a man's face.

whis-ky (hwis′ki), *n.* an intoxicant distilled from barley, rye, etc. Also whiskey.

whis-per (′pĕr), *v.i.* to speak in a low voice: *v.t.* to say under the breath: *n.* a low tone of voice; suggestion or insinuation.

whist (hwist), *n.* a card game: *interj.* hush!

whis-tle (hwis′l), *v.i.* to make a shrill sound by forcing the breath through the lips: *v.t.* to call by a whistle: *n.* the shrill noise of one who whistles; small wind-instrument.

whit (hwit), *n.* the smallest particle.

white (hwīt), *adj.* being without color, or snowy hue; hence pure, innocent: *n.* a white man; albumen of an egg.

white-feath-er (′fe*th*-ĕr), *n.* cowardice.

whit-ing (hwit′ing), *n.* a fish allied to the cod.

white-squall (′skwawl), *n.* a squall not preceded by clouds.

white-wash (′wosh), *n.* a composition of lime and water for whitening: *v.t.* to whiten with whitewash; give a fair appearance to; cover up merited disgrace.

whith-er (hwi*th*′ĕr), *adv.* to what place; to what; how far.

whit-tle (hwit′l), *v.t.* to cut, or sharpen, with a knife.

whiz (hwiz), *v.i.* to make a humming or hissing noise: *n.* a humming or hissing noise.

who (hōō), *pron.* referring to one or more persons: used relatively and interrogatively.

who-ev-er (-ev'ĕr), *pron.* every one who; whatever person.

whole (hōl), *adj.* containing all; complete; hale and sound; unbroken. *Syn.* entire, total, integral.

whole-sale ('sāl), *n.* a sale of goods by the piece or in large quantity: *adj.* buying or selling in large quantities.

whole-some ('sum), *adj.* favorable to health; promoting morals, or prosperity; salubrious; salutary.

whole-some-ly (-li). *adv.* in a wholesome manner.

whol-ly (hō'li), *adv.* entirely; exclusively.

whom (hōōm), *pron.* objective of who

whoop (hōōp), *v.i.* to utter a loud cry; shout: *n.* a loud shout of pursuit or attack.

whop (hwop), *v.t.* to thrash or beat: *n.* a blow or fall.

whop-per ('ĕr), *n.* something unusually large; a monstrous lie.

whore (hōr), *n.* a prostitute; adulteress: *v.i.* to fornicate; practice idolatry.

whose (hōōz), *pron. poss.* of who or which.

why (hwī), *adv.* for what cause, reason, or purpose: *n.* the reason or cause.

wick (wik), *n.* the cotton string of a candle or lamp.

wick-ed ('ed), *adj.* evil; sinful; immoral; roguish. *Syn.* iniquitous, nefarious.

wick-er ('ĕr), *n.* a pliant osier: *adj.* made of plaited osiers.

wick-et ('et), *n.* a small gate.

wide (wīd), *adj.* extended far each way; broad; capacious; failing to hit the mark: *adv.* to a great distance; far apart.

wide-ly ('li), *adv.* extensively.

wid-en ('en), *v.t.* to make wide; throw open: *v.i.* to enlarge.

wide-ness ('nes), *n.* width; breadth.

wid-ow (wid'ō), *n.* a woman remaining unmarried after the death of her husband.

wid-ow-er ('ĕr), *n.* a man bereaved of his wife and remaining unmarried.

width (width), *n.* extent of a thing from side to side.

wield (wēld), *v.t.* to use or employ with the hand; control or sway.

wife (wīf), *n.* a woman united in lawful wedlock to a man.

wife-ly ('li), *adv.* like, or becoming, a wife.

wig (wig), *n.* false hair worn on the head.

wight (wīt), *n.* a human being; a person.

wig-wag (wig'wag), *n.* a signalwing flag: *v.t.* & *v.i.* to wave to and fro.

wig-wam (wig'wawm), *n.* an Indian hut.

wild (wīld), *adj.* living in a state of nature; untamed; uncultivated; savage; violent; disorderly; reckless: *n.* a desert.

wil-der-ness (wil'dĕr-nes), *n.* a region uncultivated and uninhabited; desert.

wile (wīl), *n.* a sly artifice; trick: *v.t.* to cause to pass pleasantly.

wil-ful ('fool), *adj.* governed by the will without regard to reason; stubborn; inflexible.

wil-ful-ly (-i), *adv.* stubbornly; on purpose.

will (wil), *n.* the faculty of choosing; command; pleasure; legal disposition of one's property at death: *v.i.* to exercise the will; decree: *v.t.* to determine in the mind; command; bequeath.

wil-ling ('ing), *adj.* inclined to do or grant; complying; spontaneous; voluntary.

wi-ly (wī'li), *adj* cunning; crafty, sly; tricky.

win (win), *v.t.* to gain in a contest or competition; bring over to one's party; render friendly or favorable: *v.i.* to be successful; triumph. *Syn.* get, obtain, procure, achieve.

wince (wins), *v.i.* to twist or turn as in pain or uneasiness.

winch (winch), *n.* the crank of a wheel or axle.

wind (wind), *n.* air in perceptible motion; breath; flatulence: *v.t.* to ventilate; scent with the nose, as hounds; allow to rest and recover breath, as a horse: *v.i.* (wīnd), to turn round something; twist; meander.

wind-fall ('fawl), *n.* fruit blown down by the wind; unexpected good fortune.

wind-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state of being windy; flatulence; verbosity.

wind-ing (wīnd'ing), *n.* turning; twisting.

wind-ing sheet (shēt), *n.* a cerecloth.

wind-lass (wind'lăs), *n.* a revolving cylinder used to raise heavy weights.

win-dow (win′dō), *n.* an aperture in a building to admit light; frame in such an opening.

wind-pipe (wind′pīp), *n.* the trachea.

wind-ward (wind′wĕrd), *n.* the direction from which the wind blows: *adv.* toward the wind: *adj.* on the side from which the wind blows.

wind-y (′i), *adj.* exposed to the wind; boisterous; flatulent.

wine (wīn), *n.* the fermented juice of grapes and other fruits.

wing (wing), *n.* the anterior limbs of a bird, or insect; by which it flies; flight; side of a building, army, fleet, etc.: *v.t.* to furnish with wings; transport by flight: *v.i.* to fly.

wink (wingk), *v.i.* to close and open the eyelids quickly; hint by the motion of the eyelids; connive; tolerate: *n.* act of winking; hint given.

win-ner (win′ĕr), *n.* one who wins.

win-ning (′ing), *adj.* adapted to gain favor; attractive; charming.

win-now (′ō), *v.t.* to drive the chaff from grain by the wind; fan; sift or examine.

win-some (′sum), *adj.* attractive; pretty.

win-ter (′tĕr), *n.* the cold season of the year: *v.i.* to pass the winter; hibernate: *v.t.* to feed or maintain during the winter.

wipe (wīp), *v.t.* to rub or dust with something soft; dry by rubbing; cleanse, as from abuses; obliterate (with *out*).

wire (wīr), *n.* a metallic thread; telegraph wire; telegram: *v.t.* to bind, or snare, with wire; telegraph: *v.i.* to send a telegram.

wire-glass, *n.* glass strengthened by a web of iron wire enclosed within it.

wire-less (wir′les), *n.* a telegraphic message sent without wires.

wire-pull-ing (′pool-ing), *n.* secret influence or intrigue, especially for political purposes.

wir-i-ness (′i-nes), *n.* the state of being wiry.

wir-y (′i), *adj.* made of, or like, wire; strong and flexible; lean and sinewy.

wis-dom (wiz′dom), *n.* knowledge well applied; natural sagacity; prudence. *Syn.* foresight, sagacity, far-sightedness.

wise (wīz), *adj.* judging correctly from experience, possessing wisdom; learned; discreet; directed by wisdom.

wise-ly (′li), *adv.* in a wise manner.

wish (wish), *v.i.* to have a strong desire: *n.* strong or eager desire.

wisp (wisp), *n.* a small bundle of straw or hay.

wist-ful (wist′fool), *adj.* sadly longing; pensive.

wist-ful-ly (-i), *adv.* in a wistful manner.

wit (wit), *v.i.* to know: *n.* knowledge; intellect or mental faculties; sagacity; power of combining ideas with ludicrous effect; one who possesses wit. *Syn.* humor, satire, fun, raillery.

witch (wich), *n.* a woman supposed to possess powers of sorcery; a fascinating young woman: *v.t.* to bewitch; enchant.

witch-craft (′krâft), *n.* the practice of witches; supernatural or magical powers.

witch-er-y (′ĕr-i), *n.* witchcraft; fascination.

with (wi*th*), *prep.* denoting nearness or connection.

withe (wīth), *n.* a tough flexible twig; band of twigs twisted together.

with-er (wi*th*′ĕr), *v.t.* to fade and dry; decay; shrink.

with-ers (wi*th*′ĕrz), *n.pl.* the highest part of a horse's back, between the shoulder-blades.

with-in (-in′), *prep.* inside; in reach of: *adv.* inwardly.

wit-ness (wit′nes), *n.* attestation of a fact or event; testimony; evidence; one who has seen or otherwise knows of a thing; one who attests: *v.t.* to have direct knowledge of; see; give testimony to; see the execution of a document and subscribe it.

wit-ti-cism (′i-sizm), *n.* a witty remark.

wit-ti-ness (′i-nes), *n.* the quality of being witty.

wit-ting-ly (′ing-li), *adv.* with knowledge.

wit-ty (′i), *adj.* cleverly facetious; possessed of wit; satirical.

wive (wīv), *v.t.* to provide with a wife: *v.i.* to marry.

wiz-ard (wiz′ĕrd), *n.* one supposed to possess supernatural powers; enchanter; sorcerer; conjurer.

wiz-en (′en), *adj.* dried up; shriveled: *v.i.* & *v.t.* to dry up or shrivel.

woe (wō), *n.* sorrow; grief; misery.

wo-ful ('fool), *adj.* full of woe; sad; mean. Also woeful.

wo-ful-ly (-i), *adv.* in a woful manner.

wold ((wōld), *n.* a forest or wood; plain or open country: *pl.* a hilly district.

wolf (woolf), *n.* a fierce carnivorous animal of the dog kind: hence a rapacious or cruel person.

wolf-ish ('ish), *adj.* like a wolf; ravenously hungry.

wom-an (woom'ăn), *n.* an adult person of the female sex; female attendant; wife.

wom-an-hood (-hood), *n.* the state, character or collective qualities, of a woman.

wom-an-ish (-ish), *adj.* characteristic of, or having the qualities of, a woman; effeminate.

wom-an-kind (-kīnd), *n.* women taken collectively.

womb (wōōm), *n.* the uterus of a female; large or deep cavity.

won, *p.t.* & *p.p.* of win.

won-der (wun'dĕr), *n.* the emotion of surprise; astonishment; marvel; prodigy: *v.i.* to feel wonder; be astonished at. *Syn.* admire, amaze, astonish.

won-der-ful (-fool), *adj.* exciting wonder; strange.

won-der-ful-ly (-i), *adv.* in a wonderful manner.

wont (wunt), *adj.* used or accustomed: *n.* habit or custom.

wont-ed ('ed), *adj.* habitual; usual.

woo (wōō), *v.t.* to solicit in love; invite with importunity: *v.i.* to court.

wood (wood), *n.* a large collection of growing trees; solid part of trees; trunk of trees sawn for use.

wood-en ('n), *adj.* consisting of wood; stiff; awkward; expressionless.

wood-y ('i), *adj.* composed of, or like, wood.

woo-er (wōō'ĕr), *n.* one who woos.

woof (wōōf), *n.* the weft or cross-threads in weaving.

woo-ing (wōō'ing), *adj.* courting: *n.* the act of soliciting in love.

wool (wool), *n.* the soft fine hair which covers sheep, goats, etc.; soft, thick hair.

wool-en ('en), *adj.* made of wool: *n.* cloth made of wool: *pl.* woolen goods.

wool-ly ('i), *adj.* consisting of, like, or clothed with, wool.

wool-sack ('sak), *n.* a sack of wool; the Lord Chancellor's seat in the British House of Lords.

word (wĕrd), *n.* an articulate sound, or combination of sounds, expressing an idea; constituent part of a sentence; tidings; message or communication; declaration; promise: *pl.* language; speech; conversation.

word-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* verbosity.

word-y ('i), *adj.* consisting of, or containing many, words; verbose.

wore, *p.t.* of wear.

work (wĕrk), *n.* effort directed to some end; labor; employment; duty; a production of an art or science: *v.i.* to be occupied in business or labor; perform; ferment: *v.t.* to make by labor; manage or carry out; sew or embroider *Syn.* labor, task, toil, industry, occupation.

work-house ('hous), *n.* a poor-house; a building in which convicts are confined to labor.

world (wĕrld), *n.* the earth and its inhabitants; universe; people generally; public life or society; secular life.

world-li-ness ('li-nes), *n.* the state of being addicted to temporal affairs.

world-ling ('ling), *n.* one who is devoted to worldly things.

world-ly ('li), *adj.* devoted to this life and its enjoyments.

worm (wĕrm), *n.* a small creeping animal destitute of feet; anything that gnaws or torments the mind; thread of a screw; spiral pipe in a still or condenser; a groveling, debased creature: *vi.* to work slowly, secretly, and gradually.

worn, *p.p.* of wear.

wor-ried (wur'id), *adj.* harassed; tired.

wor-ri-ment ('i-ment), *n.* anxiety; trouble.

wor-ri-some ('i-sum), *adj.* causing worry.

wor-ry ('i), *v.t.* to tear or mangle with the teeth; harass with anxiety or care; vex or annoy; tease: *v.i.* to feel or express undue anxiety; be fretful: *n.* harassing trouble; anxiety; perplexity.

worse (wẽrs), *adj.* more bad; not so well: *adv.* bad in a greater degree.

wor-ship (wẽr'ship), *n.* religious service; adoration: *v.i.* to perform religious service: *v.t.* to reverence with great respect; to pay divine honors to.

wor-ship-er (-ẽr), *n.* one who worships.

wor-ship-ful (-fool), *adj.* claiming or worthy of respect or honor; a term of respect.

worst (wẽrst), *adj. superl.* of bad; bad or evil in the highest degree; most severe or dangerous: *adv.* worse than all others: *v.t.* to get the advantage of in a contest; overthrow; defeat.

wors-ted (woos'ted), *n.* twisted thread spun out of woolen yarn: *adj.* made of worsted.

worth (wẽrth), *n.* value; price; moral excellence: *adj.* equal in value to; deserving of.

wor-thi-ly (wẽr'*thi*-li), *adv.* in a worthy manner; justly.

wor-thi-ness (-nes), *n.* the state of being worthy; excellence.

worth-less (wẽrth'les), *adj.* having no value; morally bad; contemptible.

wor-thy (*'thi*), *adj.* having worth or excellence; estimable: *n.* a man of eminent worth.

would, *p.t.* of will.

wound (wōōnd or wound), *n.* a cut or bruise; hurt; injury: *v.t.* to make a wound in; lacerate; injure; hurt the feeling of: *p.t. & p.p.* of wind (wound).

wove, *p.t.* of weave.

wo-ven, *p.p.* of weave.

wrack (rak), *n.* seaweed cast ashore; ruin; destruction; a thin, flying cloud.

wran-gle (rang'gl), *v.i.* to dispute angrily or noisily: *n.* an angry or noisy dispute.

wran-gler ('glẽr), *n.* an angry or noisy disputant.

wrap (rap), *v.t.* to roll or wind together; involve: *n.* a wrapper, shawl, or rug.

wrap-per ('ẽr), *n.* a cover; a loose upper garment.

wrath (räth), *n.* violent anger; indignation.

wrath-ful ('fool), *adj.* violently angry.

wrath-ful-ly (-i), *adv.* in a wrathful manner.

wreak (rēk), *v.t.* to execute in passion; inflict.

wreath (rēth), *n.* anything curled or twisted; garland or chaplet.

wreathe (rē*th*), *v.t.* to twist into a wreath; intertwine: *v.i.* to be interwoven.

wreck (rek), *n.* the destruction of a ship by being driven ashore; ruins of a ship so destroyed; remains of anything ruined; destruction: *v.t.* to destroy or cast away, as a ship, by violence; ruin or destroy.

wrench (rench), *v.t.* to pull with a twist; strain: *n.* a violent twist; sprain; instrument for exerting a twisting strain.

wrest (rest), *v.t.* to twist, wrench, or force from by violence; distort; turn from its natural meaning; pervert.

wres-tle (res'l), *v.i.* to contend, by grappling with; to strive earnestly: *n.* struggle; striving to throw down an antagonist.

wres-tler ('lẽr), *n.* one who wrestles.

wretch (rech), *n.* a despicable or worthless person; one sunk in the deepest woe.

wretch-ed ('ed), *adj.* miserable; unhappy; sunk in deep misery or woe; worthless.

wright (rīt), *n.* one occupied in some mechanical operation; artificer.

wring (ring), *v.t.* to twist; turn and strain; force or compress; extort: *n.* a forcible twist.

wrin-kle (ring'kl), *n.* a small ridge or furrow; crease: *v.t.* to cause wrinkles; crease: *v.i.* to become wrinkled.

wrist (rist), *n.* the joint uniting the hand to the arm.

write (rīt), *v.t.* to form words with a pen on paper; express in writing; produce, as an author.

writ-er ('ẽr), *n.* one who writes; clerk or amanuensis; author; journalist.

writhe (rī*th*), *v.t.* to twist with violence; pervert: *v.i.* to contort the body.

writ-ing (rīt'ing), *n.* the act of forming letters with a pen, etc.; composition, manuscript, or book; legal instrument.

wrong (rông), *adj.* not morally right; false; unjust; mistaken; incorrect: *adv.* unjustly; erroneously. Also wrongly. *Syn.* injustice, injury.

wrong-ful ('fool), *adj.* contrary to moral law or justice; injurious.

wrong-ful-ly (-l), *adv.* in a wrongful manner.
wroth (rawth), *adj.* much exasperated.
wrought (rawt), *p.t.* & *p.p.* of work.
wry (rī), *adj.* distorted; twisted; turned to one side; perverted.
wry-ness ('nes), *n.* the state or quality of being wry or distorted.

X

xan-the-in (zan'the-in), *n.* the yellow coloring matter of certain plants and flowers.
xan-thic ('thik), *adj.* tending to a yellow color.
xan-tho-phyll ('thō-fil), *n.* the yellow coloring matter of withering leaves.
xan-thous ('thus), *adj.* yellow; noting races with red or brown hair and blue eyes.
xe-bec (zē'bek), *n.* a small three-masted vessel with lateen and square sails.
xe-non (zē'non), *n.* a newly discovered gas, associated with argon.
xer-es (zer'es), *n.* sherry, so called from Xeres, in Spain, where it is made.
xe-ro-der-ma (zē-rō-dĕr'mȧ), *n.* a disease of the skin characterized by dryness.
xi-phoid (zī'foid), *adj.* sword-shaped.
X-rays (eks'rāz), *n.* the Roentgen rays; radiations that can penetrate opaque matter.
xy-lene (zī'lēn), *n.* a colorless, oily liquid in coal and wood tar.
xy-lite ('līt), *n.* a kind of asbestos.
xy-lo-graph ('lō-gräf), *n.* an engraving on wood; an impression from such an engraving.
xy-lo-graph-ic (-gräf'ik), *adj.* pertaining to xylography.
xy-log-ra-phy (-log'rȧ-fi), *n.* the process of making prints from the natural grain of wood; a kind of decorative painting on wood.
xy-loid (zī'loid), *adj.* pertaining to wood; woody.
xy-loid-in (-loid'in), *n.* an explosive compound produced by the action of nitric acid on starch.
xy-lol-o-gy (zī-lol'ō-ji), *n.* the science of wood-structure.
xy-lo-nite ('lō-nīt), *n.* a kind of compressed gun-cotton resembling ivory.
xy-lo-phone ('lō-fōn), *n.* a musical instrument consisting of a graduated series of wooden bars.
xys-ter (zis'tĕr), *n.* a surgical instrument for scraping bones.
xys-tos ('tos), *n.* a covered portico for athletic exercises.

Y

yac-a-re (yak'ȧ-rā), *n.* a South American crocodile.
yacht (yot), *n.* a light and quick-sailing vessel used for pleasure or racing: *v.i.* to sail in a yacht.
yacht-ing ('ing), *adj.* pertaining to a yacht: *n.* the practice of sailing a yacht.
yachts-man (yots'man), *n.* the owner or sailer of a yacht.
yak (yak), *n.* the wild ox of Central Asia.
yam (yam), *n.* the large edible tuber of various climbing plants.
yank (yangk), *v.t.* to jerk or twist: *v.i.* to work cleverly and pushingly: *n.* a jerk or twist.
Yan-kee ('kē), *n.* the popular name of New England Americans, used often for citizens of the United States.
Yan-kee-ism (-izm), *n.* a Yankee idiom, practice, or custom.
yank-ing (yangk'ing), *adj.* active; pushing.
yap (yap), *v.i.* to yelp or bark, as a dog: *n.* a yelp or bark.
yard (yärd), *n.* a standard measure of length = 3 ft.; a long piece of timber on a mast for

spreading square sails; an enclosure adjoining a house.

yarn (yärn), *n.* spun thread; one of the threads of a rope; a sailor's story, especially one of doubtful veracity: *v.i.* to tell a story.

yat-a-ghan (yat'ä-gän), *n.* a double-curved saber.

yaw (yaw), *v.i.* to steer wildly; deviate from the right course as a ship.

yawl (yawl), *n.* a light, decked, two-masted boat.

yawn (yawn), *n.* an involuntary opening of the jaws through drowsiness, etc.: *v.i.* to gape involuntarily. *Syn.* gape, open wide.

yawn-ing ('ing), *adj.* gaping; drowsy.

yawp (yawp), same as yelp.

ye (yē), *pron.*; *nom. pl.* of thou.

yea (yā), *adv.* yes; truly; expressing assent to a motion.

yean (yēn), *v.t. & v.i.* to lamb; to bring forth young.

yean-ling ('ling), *n.* a young sheep.

year (yēr), *n.* the period during which the earth makes one complete revolution round the sun (365¼ days): *pl.* age; old age.

year-ling ('ling), *n.* an animal a year old.

yearn (yērn), *v.i.* to feel an earnest desire; be filled with eager longing. *Syn.* hanker after, long for, desire, crave.

yeast (yēst), *n.* the barm or ferment of beer in fermentation; froth; any preparation for raising dough.

yeast-i-ness ('i-nes), *n.* the state of being yeasty.

yeast-y ('i), *adj.* like, or containing, yeast.

yegg-man (yeg'man), *n.* a vagrant burglar; a criminal of the tramp type.

yell (yel), a sharp, discordant cry, as of agony: *v.* to scream; *v.i.* to utter a sharp cry. *Syn.* bellow, cry out.

yel-low ('ō), *adj.* of a bright, pure color resembling gold; jaundiced.

yel-low-ish ('ish), *adj.* somewhat yellow.

yelp (yelp), *v.i.* to utter a sharp bark: *n.* a sharp bark.

yeo-man (yō'mǎn), *n.* in England, a man possessed of a small landed estate; farmer; freeholder; in the United States navy, a petty officer in charge of stores.

yeo-man-ry (-ri), *n.* yeomen collectively; volunteer cavalry; the common people of England, especially the farming class.

yer-ba (yĕr'bȧ), *n.* Paraguay tea; same as mate.

yes (yes), *adv.* yea: expressing affirmation; opposed to no.

yes-ter-day ('tĕr-dā), *n.* the day last past; recent time: *adv.* on the day last past.

yet (yet), *adv.* in addition; still; moreover: *conj.* nevertheless; however. *Syn.* besides, however, at last, thus far.

yew (yōō), *n.* a large evergreen tree: *adj.* pertaining to yew trees.

yield (yēld), *v.t.* to submit; produce; concede: *v.i.* to assent; comply; give way: *n.* product, return. *Syn.* bear, give.

yield-er ('ēr), *n.* one who yields or complies.

yield-ing ('ing), *adj.* inclined to give way or comply; accommodating: *n.* the act of producing; submission; compliance.

yoke (yōk), *n.* a piece of hollowed timber for connecting two draught oxen together; a frame of wood fitted to the shoulders for carrying a pail on each end; bond, tie, or link; pair or couple; service: *v.t.* to join together; couple; place a yoke upon; enslave; confine. *Syn.* couple, link, connect.

yolk (yōk), *n.* the yellow, central part of an egg.

yon-der (yon'dĕr), *adj.* being at a distance within view: *adv.* at that place; there. Also yon.

yore (yōr), *adv.* in old time; long ago.

you (ū), *pron. nom. & obj. pl.* of thou: now used for thou and thee.

young (yung), *adj.* being in the early part of life or growth; inexperienced; not matured; fresh; pertaining to youth; of youthful appearance: *n.* offspring collectively.

young-ish ('ish), *adj.* somewhat young.

young-ster ('stĕr), *n.* a young person; lad.

your (yōōr), *pron. poss. pl.* of thou or you. Also yours.

your-self (-self'), *pron.* you in your own person.

yourts (yôôrts), *n.* the underground dwellings of the Eskimo.

youth (yōōth), *n.* early life; a young person; young persons collectively; condition of being young. *Syn.* boy, lad, adolescence, juvenility.

youth-ful ('fool), *adj.* pertaining to youth or early part of life; fresh; vigorous.

youth-ful-ly (-i), *adv.* in a youthful manner.

yowl (youl), *n.* a howl: *v.i.* to howl or yell.

yuc-ca (yuk'å), *n.* a sub-tropical American plant; Adam's needle.

yufts (yufts), *n.* a kind of Russian leather.

yu-lan (yōō'lan), *n.* a species of magnolia with snow-white flowers.

Yule (yōōl), *n.* the feast of Christmas.

Yule-log ('log), *n.* a large block of wood formerly put upon the hearth on Christmas eve to form the basis of the Christmas-tide.

Yule-tide ('tīd), *n.* Christmas-tide.

Z

zam-bo (zam'bō), *n.* the offspring of a negro and a mulatto.

za-mouse (zå-mōōs'), *n.* a West African buffalo.

za-ny (zā'ni), *n.* a buffoon; merry-andrew.

zeal (zēl), *n.* enthusiasm; energetic pursuit; passionate ardor.

zeal-ot (zel'ot), *n.* an enthusiast; fanatic.

zeal-ous ('us), *adj.* ardent in the pursuit of an object; enthusiastic. *Syn.* warm, fervent, anxious.

ze-bec. Same as xebec.

ze-bra (zē'brå), *n.* a wild animal of Africa of the horse tribe, with black and white stripes; a wood much used in cabinet-making.

ze-bu ('bū), *n.* the Indian ox or cow, with large prominent hump on the shoulders.

ze-na-na (ze-nä'nå), *n.* in India, that part of a house reserved exclusively for women. Also Zanana.

Zend (zend), *n.* the Iranian language of ancient Persia.

ze-nith (zē'nith), *n.* the point in the heavens directly over the head of the spectator; greatest height.

zeph-yr (zef'ĕr), *n.* the west wind; soft, gentle breeze.

ze-ro (zē'rō), *n.* a cipher; nothing; neutral point between any ascending or descending scale or series; the point (marked °) from which a thermometer is graded.

zest (zest), *n.* relish; keen enjoyment. *Syn.* gusto, flavor.

zig-zag (zig'zag), *adj.* having short, sharp turns: *n.* something with short, sharp turns.

zinc (zingk), *n.* a bluish-white metal much used in the arts.

zin-cic (zin'sik), *adj.* pertaining to, or containing, zinc.

zinc-ode (zingk'ōd), *n.* the negative pole of a voltaic battery.

zinc-o-graph ('ō-gråf), *n.* an impression from a zinc plate.

zinc-og-ra-phy (-og'rå-fi), *n.* the art of drawing upon, or printing from, zinc plates.

zinc-oid ('oid), *adj.* zinc-like.

zir-con (zĕr'kon), *n.* a heavy, hard, sparkling mineral.

zir-co-ni-um ('ni-um), *n.* a rare metallic element.

zith-er (zith'ĕr), *n.* a stringed musical instrument.

zo-di-ac ('di-ak), *n.* an imaginary broad belt in the heavens, containing the twelve constellations which the sun traverses annually.

zo-di-a-cal (-dī'å-kål), *adj.* pertaining to, or situated within, the zodiac.

zo-di-a-cal light (līt), *n.* a luminous tract of the sky, of triangular shape, its base being on the horizon.

zo-e-trope ('e-trōp), *n.* an optical instrument by means of which figures, etc., on a circular card appear to be in active motion when viewed through slots in the upper side.

zo-nal (zō'nål), *adj.* pertaining to a zone or zones.

zone (zōn), *n.* one of the five great belts into which the surface of the earth is divided with respect to latitude and temperature; that belt or district within which certain forms of life are confined, a girdle or belt: *v.t.* to encircle with a zone.

zoned (zōnd), *n.* wearing a belt or girdle; having zones; striped.

zoo (zōō), *n.* a park or other large inclosure in which live animals are kept for public exhibition.

zo-ö-ge-og-ra-phy (zō-ō-jē-og'rå-fi), *n.* the study of the geographical distribution of animals.

zo-ög-ra-phy (-og'rå-fi), *n.* the description of animals, their forms and habits.

zo-öl-a-try (-ol'å-tri), *n.* animal-worship.

zo-ö-log-ic-al (-ō-loj'ik-ål), *adj.* pertaining to zoölogy.

zo-öl-o-gist (-ol'o-jist), *n.* one skilled in zoölogy.

zo-öl-o-gy (-ol'o-ji), *n.* that part of biology that treats of animals.

zo-ö-morphism (-môr'fizm), *n.* a deity represented in animal form.

zo-öph-i-list (-of'i-list), *n.* a lover of animals.

zo-ö-phyte ('ō-fīt), *n.* an animal of low organization, bearing some external resemblance to a plant.

zo-ö-spore ('ō-spôr), *n.* the active spores of certain algæ endowed with motion by means of ciliated processes.

zo-öt-o-my ('ō-mi), *n.* the dissection or anatomy of animals.

zou-ave (zōō-äv'), *n.* a soldier of a light infantry corps of the French army, wearing an Arab dress.

zy-go-ma (zī-gō'må), *n.* the cheek-bone.

zyme (zīm), *n.* the germ supposed to be the poisonous cause of zymotic disease.

zy-mo-gen (zī'mō-jen), *n.* any substance that by internal changes gives rise to a ferment.

zy-mol-o-gy ('ō-ji), *n.* the doctrine of fermentation.

zy-mo-phyte (zī'mō-fīt), *n.* a bacteroid ferment.

zy-mo-sis (zī-mō'sis), *n.* a fermentation.

zy-mot-ic (-mot'ik), *adj.* producing fermentation.

RULES FOR PUNCTUATION,

Punctuation consists in the proper placing of points and marks in written or printed language to represent correctly the meaning and proper pauses in a sentence. The punctuation marks are the Comma (,), Semicolon (;), Colon (:), Period (.), Interrogation point (?), Exclamation point (!), Hyphen (-), Dash (—), Apostrophe ('), Quotation Marks (" "), Parentheses ( ), Brackets [ ], and Braces { }.

THE COMMA (,).

The Comma is used to indicate the smallest logical or grammatical divisions of a sentence. It is employed after a long nominative clause; to set off parenthetic phrases; to introduce explanatory clauses; to set off a dependent clause; to separate repeated words; to introduce a brief quotation; to separate numerals into groups of three figures, and in various other cases where distinctness of meaning seems to require a brief pause. It was formerly often used profusely and indiscriminately, but the tendency now is to be sparing in its use.

THE SEMICOLON (;).

The Semicolon applies to greater breaks in the sense than could be properly set off by a comma and less than those calling for a colon or period. It is used to separate clauses of partially complete sense, and expressions having a common dependence upon each other; to mark off the larger divisions of a sentence wherein the smaller contain commas; to indicate collections of related words or expressions in pairs; to precede in a sentence the words "namely," "for example," and like phrases used to call attention to a citation.

THE COLON (:).

The Colon is a division of the sentence employed when the connection appears not close enough for the semicolon and too close for the period; as when the sense of several clauses culminates in a closing remark to follow the last of them; also, to introduce formal words; to set off principal and subordinate matters, as in a book title and its subdivision; to follow the more formal salutation of a letter or address; to introduce an extended quotation.

THE PERIOD (.).

The Period indicates a full stop in the sense, and is necessary at the end of every complete sentence unless an interrogation or exclamation point is required. It is also used after abbreviations; as a decimal point; to indicate a more or less extended omission; and after numerals to number paragraphs or other particulars.

THE INTERROGATION (?).

The Interrogation Point is the mark for any direct question, and is used to end a sentence containing a direct question, after a question within a declarative sentence, and after each question in a succession. It ends a sentence declarative in form but interrogative in purpose. An interrogation point inclosed in brackets indicates mistake or doubt, and is generally used ironically.

THE EXCLAMATION (!).

The Exclamation Point indicates surprise or a note of exclamation, and is used after words, phrases or sentences of interjection or exclamation, to denote impassioned address or surprise. This point can be doubled or trebled in repeated or successive exclamations, for the sake of emphasis. It is often inserted after amusing, surprising or doubtful statements for special emphasis, and when inserted in brackets or placed outside of quotation marks it has an ironical meaning.

THE APOSTROPHE (').

The Apostrophe is the sign of the possessive case, and is also used to indicate an elision, contraction or omission of letters from a word. Some unusual plurals not possessive require the apostrophe, and this mark may take the place of omitted figures or words in dates of a century.

QUOTATION MARKS (" ").

A Quotation usually requires quotation marks, unless the author's name or work is appended, or if the matter quoted has been introduced in a separate paragraph or paragraphs and in different type than the rest. Names of books and literary, musical and art titles in general are quoted unless they

have become so thoroughly familiar as to become household words, as the Bible, the Iliad. The names of newspapers and other periodicals are usually not quoted but given in italics. Quotation marks are sometimes used in irony or for emphasis. A quotation within a quotation takes but single marks; any quotation within that resumes double marks and so on. Often, however, primary quotations are given with single marks.

THE HYPHEN (-).

The Hyphen is a mark of division, put between compound words that have not become by usage single words, and where words are necessarily divided at the end of a line. It indicates for some special purpose prefixes and suffixes, syllabication, derivation, pronunciation or spelling, and is occasionally used to indicate a series.

THE DASH (—).

The Dash indicates an abrupt break or hiatus in a sentence from interruption, explanation, emphasis, rhetorical repetition or omission of letters between the first and the last letters of a word.

PARENTHESES ( ).

Parentheses are marks placed at the beginning and end of an explanatory or qualifying clause thrown into a sentence or paragraph with which it is not grammatically connected. In modern usage, however, the parentheses are usually replaced by dashes.

BRACKETS [ ].

Brackets are used similarly to parentheses, but are restricted to interpolations, corrections, notes or explanations.

BRACES { }.

Braces are used to connect brief particulars of one class in a sort of diagram.

CAPITALS.

Capitals are used to begin the first word of a sentence or a line of poetry; to begin direct questions or direct quotations within a sentence; to begin a resolution or an enactment; to begin all proper nouns, names of persons and places, and nouns referring to certain distinctive locations, as North, South, East and West; to begin the names of God and those pronouns or nouns that refer directly to deity; to begin all adjectives derived from the names of countries or places; to begin the names of the months and days of the week; to begin the titles of books and all important words in such title; to begin all formal or informal addresses, as "Dear Sir," etc.

CORRECT ENGLISH.

HINTS AND HELPS.

The ready use of good language is largely the result of practice in writing and of an abundance of good reading. In the choice of words, the paramount consideration should be exactness. That is, seek to say precisely what the thought requires, neither more nor less. This demands, of course, close scrutiny of meanings, and independence of current fashions in words. Seek to have at command more than one expression for the same thing; not that several forms are in any case to be employed, but it often happens that if the writer has not thought broadly and deeply enough to have more than one expression for his idea, the one that he has will be meagre. Cultivate the habit of observing the derivation and history of words. A word whose etymology is known defines itself, the writer feels its force intuitively, and need not depend on a dictionary. Enlarge your vocabulary by diligent study of usage in the best writers. The true meaning of words is expressed only when they are interwoven with other words and no fineness of usage can be acquired from the dictionary alone. Do not use technical terms where they are not likely to be understood. Beware of fine writing. By fine writing is meant the use of pretentious terms for trivial ideas.

THE USES OF THE ARTICLES.

A or An, The.—The use of these forms is determined by sound and not by spelling. Before a consonant sound "a" is used; before a vowel sound "an" is used; "the" is used to point out some particular person or thing.

Examples.—A barn, an orchard, the house, etc.

THE USES OF ADJECTIVES.

An adjective describes or limits the noun or pronoun to which it is joined.

Adjectives are usually placed before the noun or pronoun they qualify.

The ascending comparison of adjectives is formed by adding *es* and *est* or *more* and *most* to the positive form, and the descending comparison by adding *less* and *least*.

The comparative degree is used in comparing two objects; the superlative when more than two are compared.

Some adjectives can not be compared, and no adjective will admit of a double comparison.

This and *that* are singular, *these* and *those* are plural.

Two negative forms are not permissible.

THE USES OF THE ADVERB.

An adverb limits or emphasizes a verb, an adjective or another adverb.

Adverbs soon, often, early, late, etc., are compared regularly by adding *er, st, est;* those ending in *ly* are compared by prefixing *more* and *most*. The following are compared irregularly:

Positive.	Comparative.	Superlative.
Well	Better	Best
Badly	Worse	Worst
Far	Further Farther	Furthest Farthest
Little	Less	Least
Much	More	Most

Some adverbs do not admit of a comparison; as dead, square, etc.

Adverbs should be placed as near the word or words they modify as possible. Observe the different uses of the word "only" in the following sentences: "Only John dropped his cane," "John only dropped his cane;" "John dropped his cane only;" "John dropped only his cane;" "John dropped his only cane."

An adverb should never be placed between to and the infinitive.

Good, Well.—Good is always an adjective; well may be an adjective, but usually it is an adverb; as, "I slept well," "Father looks well."

Most, Almost.—Do not use most for almost. Say, "He passes here almost every day," not "most every day."

Latest, Last.—Do not say last for latest. Latest has reference to time, but last is a contraction of latest, and has no reference to time, but has reference to that which comes in a series.

Here and There.—Never use here and there after the adverbs this and that, as "This here boy," etc., "That there boy," etc.

Always, Continually.—Do not confuse these two words.

Always refers to what we do at all times. We do continually what we do without intermission.

Further, Farther.—Further is comparative and means more, as, "Nothing further was said." Farther has reference to distance, as, "He can go farther."

APPROPRIATE PREPOSITIONS.

Good usage requires proper prepositions to express one's meaning well.

At, In, Into.—Usually in implies inclosure, as presence inside of; into implies movement to the inside of. One cannot live in a house until he has moved into it. At implies nearness to the border or to small places or foreign cities.

Beside, Besides.—Beside means "at the side of;" as "The house beside the sea." Besides means "in addition to;" as, "Besides his farms he has some personal property."

Among, Between.—Among should be used when more than two are referred to; between when reference is made to two only.

Wait on, Wait for.—Wait on means attend to; wait for means to wait by tarrying.

CORRELATIVE CONJUNCTIONS.

The correlative conjunctions are as follows:

as.....as
so.....as
neither.....nor
either.....or

THE USES OF PRONOUNS.

The Possessive of Pronouns.—In forming the possessive the letter s only is added to the singular.

Examples.—Yours, hers, theirs. The possessive of who and which is whose. The relatives that and those have no possessive forms.

Singular and Plural Pronouns.—The pronoun should be in the same number as its antecedent.

The relative who is used to refer to persons; which, to inferior animals and things without life; what is used to refer to things, and that to both persons and things. Euphony, as a rule, determines between the uses of who, which and that.

Either refers to "one of the two;" when more than two are referred to, "any one" should be used. Neither refers to "no one of the two;" but when more than two are referred to, "no one"

should be used. Each refers to numbers separately; all refers to numbers collectively.

THE USES OF NOUNS.

The Possessive Case.—The possessive of nouns in the singular number is formed by adding an apostrophe and the letter s.

Example.—"The girl's bonnet."

Sometimes the possessive is formed by adding the apostrophe only. This is done where the added s makes an unpleasant sound. However, this is a matter of taste.

Examples.—"For goodness' sake;" "John's hat;" "Dickens' Tale of Two Cities."

When the plural of a noun in the nominative case ends in s the possessive is formed by adding the apostrophe (') only, but if the plural does not end in s then the apostrophe (') and an s are added.

Example.—"Men's and boys' hats are for sale."

The possessive of compound nouns is formed by adding the sign of the possessive to the end of the compound.

Example.—"I drove my brother-in-law's horse."

Singular and Plural Number.—The plural of nouns is usually formed by adding s to the singular, but if the sound of s makes an additional syllable then es is added to form the plural.

Examples.—Hand, hands; church, churches.

Nouns ending in o preceded by a vowel form the plural by adding s only to the singular, but when the final o is preceded by a consonant the plural is formed by adding es to the singular, as folio, folios; echo, echoes.

Nouns ending in y form their plurals by adding s to the singular, but if the final y is preceded by a consonant y is changed to i and es is added to form the plural.

Examples.—Money, moneys; lady ladies.

In forming the plural of compound nouns the sign of the plural is added to the descriptive part of the phrase.

Examples.—Aide-de-camp, aides-de-camp.

THE USES OF VERBS.

Verbs and Numbers.—Plural verbs require plural subjects; as, we were, not we was; you were, not you was; they are, not they is; they were, not they was; they have, not they has; they write, not they writes: the men are, not is; the children were, not was; the boys have, not has; my sisters write, not writes; they are the boys who were at school. Jennie and Annie were schoolmates.

The Uses of the Auxiliary Verbs.—Shall, Will.—Will expresses the will or pleasure of its own subject. Shall subordinates the will of its subject to that of the speaker. "We will go," means "we are willing to go." "We shall go," means "we have decided upon going." Never say, "Will I do so and so?" The literal meaning of such an expression would be, "Am I willing to do," etc. Remember that will always expresses willingness rather than futurity when it has a personal significance.

Should, Would.—Should is the past tense of shall, and would, the past tense of will, and the same rules governing the former govern also the latter. "We should go to town if we were able." "His wife would attend if you should ask her."

Can, Could; May, Might.—Can and could express ability or possibility, while may and might express permission. These words are often confused.

To Do; to See.—These two verbs give considerable trouble. Their principal forms are, do, did, done, and see, saw, seen. The second forms, did and saw, should never follow is, are, was, were, have, has, or had. The third forms done and seen, should always follow one of these words expressed or understood; as, I did the work, or I have done the work, or the work is done. I saw the picture, or I have seen the picture, or the picture was seen.

Verbs in General.—The rules given for to do and to see apply alike to all verbs. Such expressions as have came, have sang, was drove, have broke, have began, have knew, is froze, have gave, knowed, has went, has give, has rang, have ran, were took, has stole, throwed, have mistook, etc., are gross errors and should be avoided.

Lie and Lay.—Remember that lie means rest and lay means an action affecting some object.

Examples.—"The watch lies on the piano." "I will lay the watch on the piano." "Mother laid your gloves away for you."

Sit and Set.—Sit means to be in position to rest, to repose. Set is an active, transitive verb and means "to put," "to place," "to plant," to place in a condition, a state, or a posture.

Examples.—"Come sit in the easy chair." "Set the table in the dining room."

Don't (Do Not), Doesn't (Does Not).—These words are often misused. When you are in doubt about their use, compare the full forms with the verb; as, He don't know. If the full form be used, the absurdity is quickly seen, as, He do not know. The correct form should be, He does not know.

Had Rather, Had Better, Had Ought.—These are incorrect forms for would rather, might better, and ought.

Bring, Fetch.—Bring implies motion toward the speaker, not away. Fetch implies motion, first from the speaker, then toward him.

Note the following verb forms:

Present.	Past.	Past Participle.
Alight (to dismount)	Alighted	Alighted
Begin	Began	Begun
Bid	Bade	Bidden or Bid
Bid (at auction)	Bid	Bid
Burst	Burst	Burst
Choose	Chose	Chosen
Do	Did	Done
Eat	Ate	Eaten
Light (to ignite)	Lighted	Lighted
Light (to settle down upon)	Lighted or Lit	Lighted or Lit
Lay	Laid	Laid
Lie	Lay	Lain
Rise	Rose	Risen
Raise	Raised	Raised
See	Saw	Seen
Set	Set	Set
Sit	Sat	Sat
Wake	Woke	Waked

ERRORS TO BE AVOIDED.

Administer.—Blows are dealt. Medicine is administered.

Afraid.—Say I fear it will rain, not I am afraid.

Alike.—Do not couple this word with both.

All over.—Over all the country, not all over the country.

Allow.—Do not say, "He allows he will do it."

Alone.—Distinguish this word from only.

Amateur.—Not necessarily a beginner.

And.—Say try to go, not try and go.

Angry.—Say angry with a person and at a thing.

Answer.—Answer questions; reply to assertions.

Anticipate.—Distinguish from expect.

As.—Say not that I know, instead of not as I know.

At all.—Superfluous in "any at all."

Awful.—A thing cannot be awful pretty.

Balance.—Not to be used for rest or remainder

Beautifully.—Looked beautiful, not beautifully.

Beg.—Say "I beg leave to acknowledge."

Belongs to.—Do not use for "is a member of."

Between.—Between two; among more than two.

Blacking.—This word is not blackening.

Brakeman.—Not brakesman.

Certain.—Distinguish from sure.

Character.—Distinguish from reputation.

Deal.—Great deal, not good deal.

Die with.—Persons die of, not with disease.

Disremember.—Say forget.

Don't.—Say he doesn't sing, not he don't sing.

Either.—Means the one or the other of two.

Either alternative.—Alternative means choice.

Equally well.—Do not say equally as well.

Every.—Followed by a verb in the singular.

Expect.—Refers to future time.

Fix.—Incorrectly used for arrange or prepare.

Folk.—Folk implies plurality as well as folks.

Gent.—Never use this contraction of gentleman.

Good.—"It looks good." Say well.

Got.—Omit got in "I have got a dollar."

Guess.—Do not use this word for suppose.

Had have.—Never use together.

Hardly.—Do not use with don't and can't.

Healthy.—Distinguish from wholesome.

Hundred.—Use the singular form with numerals.

Just.—Incorrect in the sense of now.

Learn.—To receive instruction. See teach.

Less.—Relates to quantity; fewer to number.

May.—Distinguish from can.

Near.—Do not use in the sense of nearly.

New.—"A pair of new boots;" not "a new pair."

Nice.—See definition of this word.

None.—Contraction of no one, takes singular.

Otherwise than.—Not otherwise but.
Party.—Do not use for person.
Perpetual.—Distinguish from continual.
Portion.—Often incorrectly used for part.
Posted.—Do not use instead of informed.
Prevalent.—Distinguish from prevailing.
Promise.—Distinguish from assure.
Propose.—Distinguish from purpose.
Prudence.—Distinguish from discretion.
Quantity.—Things measured or weighed.
Real.—The adverb is really; as, really good.
Remember.—Distinguish from recollect.
Seem.—Distinguish from appear.
Settle.—To settle does not mean to pay.
So, such.—So long journeys, not such long.
Some better.—Say somewhat better.
Splendid.—Splendid things glitter.
Stop.—We stay at a certain hotel, not stop.
Streamlet.—Do not use with little.
Summon.—Summon is a verb, summons a noun.
Teach.—To give instruction. See learn.
Those kind.—Say that kind. Kind is singular.
Transpire.—Do not use for to happen.
Try.—We make an experiment, not try.
Widow woman.—Woman is here superfluous.
Without.—Do not use without for unless.
Year old.—A two-year-old colt, not a two-years.

FORMS OF ADDRESS.

Used in Ceremonious Communications with Persons of Title or Official Position.

Ambassador.—The title "Excellency" belongs specially to ambassadors and to United States ministers to a foreign court. Address letters "His Excellency" (with name or distinctive title following). Begin, "Sir," "My Lord," according as the ambassador possesess title or not. When personal reference is made, say "Your Excellency." An envoy extraordinary or chargé d'affaires, though inferior to an ambassador strictly so called, also, usually receives the title "Excellency;" and the wives of ambassadors are generally addressed similarly during their husbands' tenure of office and while residing abroad.

Archbishop.—Address: "The most Reverend A— B—, D.D." The wife of an archbishop has no special title.

Bishop.—Address: "The Right Rev. Bishop," or "The Rt. Rev. A— B—, D.D." A bishop's wife and family have no special title.

Cardinal.—The special title of a cardinal as such is "His Eminence." Begin: "Your Eminence."

Clergyman.—The general form of address is "The Reverend A— B—." Begin: "Rev. Sir," or simply "Sir."

Congress, Members of (U. S.).—Addressed generally "The Honorable A— B."

Consul.—There is no special form of address to a person as such, though in this country a consul is called "Honorable."

Doctor.—The initials denoting the particular degree are placed after the usual form of address, whether D.D., LL.D., M.D., D.Sc., etc.: "The Rev. A— B—, D.D.," "A—B, Esq., M.D." Less formally: "The Rev. Doctor B—," "Doctor A— B."

Duke.—Address: "His Grace the Duke of—." Begin: "My Lord Duke;" refer to as "Your Grace." All the children of a duke are entitled to be called "Right Honorable."

Governor of State (U. S.).—Usually addressed as "His Excellency." "His Excellency A— B—, Governor of—," or, "His Excellency the Governor of—." A lieutenant-governor is called "Honorable."

Judge.—"His Honor, Judge—" (surname); on the bench referred to as "Your Honor."

King.—Should be addressed as "The King's Most Excellent Majesty." Begin: "Sire," or "May it please Your Majesty;" refer to as "Your Majesty."

Lawyers.—Address: "Esquire," or "Mr. A— B—, Esq." This is a complimentary title given to all holding temporary civil offices, as magistrates, councilmen.

Married Lady.—Has the title Mrs. prefixed to her name in speaking and writing. On being approached in writing or speech by strangers or inferiors, should be addressed as "Madam," or "Dear Madam." An unmarried lady is addressed as "Miss," in speaking or writing. Two or more unmarried ladies are adddressed as "The Misses A— B—," while "Mesdames" is plural for "Madam."

Mayor.—Address: "The Honorable Mayor of—." Address: "Sir," or "Dear Sir." Mayors are usually styled "Honorable;" "The Honorable A— B, Mayor of—.

Member of House of Representatives.—Address: "Honorable A— B—, M.C." Begin: "Sir," or "Dear Sir." A Congressman's wife and family have no title to recognition.

Member of Parliament.—Not specially recognized except by adding "M.P." to ordinary address: "A— B—, Esq., M.P.;" "Sir A— B, Bart., M.P."

Officers, Military and Naval.—Their professional rank is put before any title they may independently possess: "General" or "Admiral, the Right Hon. the Earl of—;" "Colonel A— B—."

President (U. S.).—Address: "His Excellency the President of the United States," "His Excellency A— B—, President of the United States." The Vice-President and ex-presidents are "Honorable;" "The Honorable the Vice-President;" "The Honorable A— B."

Prince.—Address: "His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales;" "His Royal Highness Prince A—" (Christian name). Begin in any case: "Sir;" refer to as "Your Royal Highness."

Princess.—Address: "Her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales;" "Her Royal Highness the Princess A—" (Christian name). Begin: "Madam;" refer to as "Your Royal Highness.

Professor.—A form of address for a scholar who has achieved distinction in some special department of science or learning; but should not be employed indiscriminately to any teacher or schoolmaster.

Queen.—Address: "The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty." Begin "Madam," or "May it please Your Majesty;" refer to as "Your Majesty."

ABBREVIATIONS USED IN WRITING AND PRINTING.

A.A.A.S.—American Association for the Advancement of Science.
A.B. or **B.A.**—Bachelor of Arts.
abbr.—Abbreviated.
Abp.—Archbishop.
A.C. (Ante Christum). Before Christ.
acc. acct.—Account.
A.D. (Anno Domini).—In the Year of our Lord.
A.D.C.—Aide-de-camp.
ad inf. (ad infinitum).—To infinity.
adj.—Adjective.
ad lib. (ad libitum).—At pleasure.
Adm.—Admiral.
admr.—Administrator.
admx.—Administratrix.
adv.—Adverb.
æt. (ætatis).—Aged.
aff.—Affirmative.
A. F. of L.—American Federation of Labor.
A.H.—In the Year of the Hegira.
A. L. A.—American Library Association.
Ala.—Alabama.
A.M. or **M.A.**—Master of Arts.
A.M.—Before Mid-day.
A.M. (Anno Mundi).—In the Year of the World.
A.M.A.—American Medical Association.
Anon.—Anonymous.
A.O.U.W.—Ancient Order of United Workmen.
app.—Appendix.
Ark.—Arkansas.
Ariz.—Arizona.
A.R.A.—Associate of the Royal Academy.
A.R.S.A.—Associate of the Royal Scottish Academy.
A.R.S.L.—Associate of the Royal Society of Literature.
A.R.S.S. (Antiquarium regiæ societatis socius).—Fellow of the Royal Society of Antiquaries.
A.S.—Anglo Saxon.
A.S.S.U. — American Sunday-School Union.
Asst.—Assistant.
Atty.Gen.—Attorney-General.
A.Q.G.—Assistant Quartermaster-General.
A.U.C. (anno urbis conditæ, or **ab urbe condita).**—In the year of, or from the building of, the city (of Rome).
avoir.—Avoirdupois.
A.V.—Authorized version.
B.A.—Bachelor of Arts; British America.

B.A.A.S.—British Association for the Advancement of Science.
Bart. or **Bt.**—Baronet.
bbl.—Barrel, barrels.
B.C.—Before Christ; British Columbia.
B.C.E.—Bachelor of Civil Engineering.
B.C.L.—Bachelor of Civil Law.
B.D.—Bachelor of Divinity.
B.I.—British India.
B.M.—British Museum.
Bp.—Bishop.
B.Pd.—Bachelor of Pedagogy.
B.P.O.E.—Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks.
Brig.Gen.—Brigadier-General.
B.S.—Bachelor of Surgery.
B.Sc.—Bachelor of Science.
C.—Centigrade.
C., ct., cent.—A hundred.
C., ch. or **chap.**—Chapter.
C.A.—Chartered Accountant.
Cal.—California.
Can.—Canada.
cap.—Capital.
Capt.—Captain.
c.c.—Cubic centimeter.
C.C.P.—Court of Common Pleas.
C.E.—Civil Engineer.
Celt.—Celtic.
Cent. or **C.**—Centigrade.
cf., conf.—Compare.
Ch.—Church.
C.J.—Chief Justice.
c.m.—Common meter.
cm.—Centimeter
C.M. (Chirugiæ Magister).—Master in Surgery.
Co.—Company; county.
C.O.D.—Cash (or collect) on delivery.
Col.—Colonel; Colorado.
Coll.—College.
Com.—Commander; commodore; committee.
Cong.—Congress.
Conn.—Connecticut.
Cor.—Corinthians.
Cor.Sec.—Corresponding Secretary.
cos.—Cosine.
C.P.—Common Pleas; Clerk of the Peace.
C.P.S.—Keeper of the Privy Seal.
Cr.—Credit; creditor.
crim. con.—Criminal conversation, or adultery.
C.S.—Keeper of the Seal; Court of Session; Civil Service.
C.S.A.—Confederate States of America; Confederate States Army.
C.T.A.U.—Catholic Total Abstinence Union.
cur., curt.—Current—this month.
cwt.—A hundred weight.
Cyclo.—Cyclopedia.
d. (denarius).—A penny or pence.
D.—Five hundred.
D.A.R.—Daughters of the American Revolution.
D.C.—From the beginning; District of Columbia.
D.C.L.—Doctor of Civil Law.
D.D.—Doctor of Divinity.
D.D.S.—Doctor of Dental Surgery.
deg.—Degree.
del (deliniavit).—"He drew it"—meaning the drawer or painter.
Del.—Delaware.
Dep.—Deputy.
Deut.—Deuteronomy.
dict.—Dictionary.
D.F.—Defender of the Faith; Dean of Faculty.
D.G. (Dei gratia).—By the grace of God.
D.Lit.—Doctor of Literature.
do. (ditto).—The same.
D.O.—Doctor of Osteopathy.
dol. or **dols.**—Dollars.
D.O.M. (Deo optimo maximo).—To God, the best and greatest.
doz.—Dozen.
dpt., dept.—Department.
Dr.—Debtor; doctor; dram.
D.Sc.—Doctor of Science.
D.T. (Doctor theologiæ).—Doctor of Divinity.
D.V. (Deo volente).—God willing.
D.V.S.—Doctor of Veterinary Surgery.
dwt.—A pennyweight.
E.—East.
Ed.—Editor; edition.
E.E.—Errors excepted; Electrical Engineer.
E.E. and M.P.—Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
e.g.—**(exempli gratia).**—For example.
E.I.—East Indies.
E. long.—East longitude.
Emp.—Emperor; Empress.
E.N.E.—East-north-east.
Ency.—Encyclopedia.
Eng.—Engineer; England.
Eph.—Ephesians; Ephraim.
Epiph.—Epiphany.
E.S.E.—East-south-east.
Esq.—Esquire.
et al., et alii.—And others.
etc., &c.—And so forth.
et. seq.—And the following.
ex.—Example; exception.
Exch.—Exchequer; exchange.
Exec.—Executor.
f.—Franc, florin, farthing, foot.
F. and A.M.—Free and Accepted Masons.
Fahr. or **F.**—Fahrenheit.
F.A.S.—Fellow of the Society of Arts.
F.C.—Free Church of Scotland.
fcp.—Foolscap.
F.D.—Defender of the faith.
fec.—He (or she) did it.
F.F.V.—First families of Virginia.

F.G.S.—Fellow of the Geological Society.
F.H.S.—Fellow of the Horticultural Society.
Fla.—Florida.
fo. or **fol.**—Folio.
F.M.—Field Marshal.
f.o.b.—Free on board (goods delivered).
Fr.—France.
F.R.A.S.—Fellow of the Royal Astronomical Society.
F.R.C.P.—Fellow of the Royal College of Physicians.
F.R.C.S.—Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons.
F.R.G.S.—Fellow of the Royal Geographical Society.
F.R.S.—Fellow of the Royal Society.
F.R.S.L.—Fellow of the Royal Society of Literature.
F.S.A.—Fellow of the Society of Antiquaries.
F.S.A.—Fellow of the Society of Arts.
F.S.S.—Fellow of the Statistical Society.
ft.—Foot; feet; fort.
g., gr.—Gramme.
Ga.—Georgia.
gall.—Gallon.
G.A.R.—Grand Army of the Republic.
G.B.—Great Britain.
G.C.B.—Grand Cross of the Bath.
Gen.—General; Genesis.
gent.—Gentleman.
geol.—Geology.
G.L.—Grand Lodge.
geom.—Geometry.
Ger.—Germany.
G.O.P.—Grand Old Party (The U. S. Republican party).
Gov.—Governor.
G.P.O.—General post-office.
gr.—Grains; gross.
Gr.—Greek.
gtt. (guttæ).—Drops.
H.B.M.—His (or her) Britannic Majesty.
Hbr.—Hebrew.
hhd.—Hogshead.
H.I.—Hawaiian Isles.
H.I.H.—His (or her) Imperial Highness.
H.J.S. (hic jacet sepultus).—Here lies buried.
H.M.—His (or her) Majesty.
H.M.P. (hoc monumentum posuit).—Raised this monument.
H.M.S.—His (or her) Majesty's Ship or Service.
hoc est.—This is.
Hon.—Honorable.
H.R.—House of Representatives.
H.R.E.—Holy Roman Empire.
H.R.H.—His (or her) Royal Highness.
H.S.H.—His (or her) Serene Highness.
Ia.—Iowa.
ib., ibid. (ibidem).—In the same place.
id. (idem).—The same.
Ida.—Idaho.
i.e.(id est).—That is.
I.H.S. (Jesus hominum Salvator), properly the initial letters of the Greek words for Jesus the Saviour of Men.
Ill.—Illinois.
Imp.—Imperial.
incog. (incognito).—Unknown.
Ind.—Indiana.
inf. (infra).—Below.
in. lim. (in limine).—At the outset (lit. on the threshold).
in loc. (in loco).—In its place.
I.N.R.I.—Jesus of Nazareth, King of the Jews.
inst.—Instant; the present month.
int.—Interest.
Io.—Iowa.
i.o. (idem quod).—The same as.
I.O.F.—Independent Order of Foresters.
I. O. of R.—Independent Order of Rechabites.
I.O.G.T.—Independent Order of Good Templars.
I.O.O.F.—Independent Order of Odd Fellows.
I.O.R.M.—Improved Order of Red Men.
I.O.U.—I owe you.
It.—Italy; Italian.
J.C.D.—Doctor of Civil Law.
J.D.—Doctor of Law.
Jer.—Jeremiah.
Jun., Jr.—Junior.
J.P.—Justice of the Peace.
J. U. D.—Doctor of the Civil and the Canon Law.
Kan.—Kansas.
K.C.—Knights of Columbus.
K.C.B.—Knight Commander of the Bath.
K.G.—Knight of the Garter.
K.G.C.—Knight of the Grand Cross.
K.G.C.B.—Knight of the Grand Cross of the Bath.
K.G.F.—Knight of the Golden Fleece.
kg. or **kilog.**—Kilogramme.
K.H.—Knight of Honor.
kil. or **kilo.**—Kilometer.
Kt. or **Knt.**—Knight.
K.P.—Knight of Pythias; Knight of St. Patrick.
K.T.—Knight Templar; Knight of the Thistle (Scotland).
Ky.—Kentucky.
L. or **lb.**—A pound in weight.
L. or **l.**—A pound sterling.
La.—Louisiana.
L.A.—Literate in Art.
lat.—Latitude.
lb. (libra).—A pound weight.
l.c. (loco citato).—In the place quoted; lower case.
L.C.J.—Lord Chief Justice.
lib. (liber).—A book.
Lieut.—Lieutenant.
lit.—Literally; literature; literary.
Lit.D. or **L.H.D.**—Doctor of Literature.
L.L.A.—Lady Literate in Arts.

LL.B.—Bachelor of Laws.
LL.D.—Doctor of Laws.
LL.M.—Master of Laws.
lon., long.—Longitude.
loq. (loquitur).—Speaks.
L.S. (locus sigilli).—Place of the seal.
L.s.d. (libræ, solidi, denarii).—Pounds shillings and pence.
M.—Roman numeral for 1,000; Monsieur.
M.A.—Master of Arts; Military Academy.
Mad.—Madam.
M.Agr.—Master of Agriculture.
Maj.—Major.
Maj. Gen.—Major-General.
Mass.—Massachusetts.
Math.—Mathematics.
M.B.—Bachelor of Medicine or of Music.
M.C.—Member of Congress.
M.D.—Doctor of Medicine.
Md.—Maryland.
Mdlle., Mlle.—Mademoiselle.
Me.—Maine.
M.E.—Mechanical Engineer; Mining Engineer; Methodist Episcopal.
Mem.—Memorandum.
Messrs.—Gentlemen.
Meth.—Methodist.
M.F.—Master of Forestry.
Mich.—Michigan.
min.—Minute; minutes.
Minn.—Minnesota.
Miss.—Mississippi.
MM.—Messrs., Messieurs.
mm.—Millimeter.
Mme.—Madame.
Mo.—Missouri.
Mont.—Montana.
Mons.—Monsieur; sir.
M.P.—Member of Parliament.
Mr.—Mister.
M.R.C.P.—Member Royal College of Physicians.
M.R.C.S.—Member Royal College of Surgeons.
Mrs.—Mistress.
M.S.—Sacred to the Memory; Master of Science.
MS.—Manuscript.
MSS.—Manuscripts.
mt., mts.—Mount; mountains.
Mus.B.—Bachelor of Music.
Mus.D.—Doctor of Music.
N.—North.
n.—Noun; number; neuter.
N.A.—North America.
naut.—Nautical.
N.B.—New Brunswick.
N.C.—North Carolina.
N.D.—North Dakota.
N.E.—North-east; New England.
n.b. (nota bene).—Note well; take notice.
N.E.A.—National Educational Association.
Neb.—Nebraska.
nem. con. (nemine contradicente).—No one contradicting.
nem. diss. (nemine dissentiente).—No one dissenting.
Nev.—Nevada.
N.G.—National Guard.
N.H.—New Hampshire.
N.J.—New Jersey.
N.lat.—North latitude.
N.M.—New Mexico.
N.N.E.—North-north-east.
N.N.W.—North-north-west.
no. (numero).—Number.
non pros. (non prosequitur).—He does not pursue or prosecute.
non seq. (non sequitur).—It does not follow.
nos.—Numbers.
N.P.—Notary Public.
N.S.—New style; Nova Scotia.
N.S.W.—New South Wales.
N.T.—New Testament.
N.W.—North-west.
N.Y.—New York.
N.Z.—New Zealand.
O.—Ohio.
ob. (obiit).—Died.
obs.—Obsolete.
O. of E.—Order of Eagles.
O.K.—All correct (humorous spelling, Orl Korrect).
Okla.—Oklahoma.
Oreg.—Oregon.
O.S.—Old Style.
O.T.—Old Testament.
Oxon. (Oxonia).—Oxford.
oz.—Ounce.
p. page; **pp.** pages.
p.adj.—Participial adjective.
Pa., Penn., Penna.—Pennsylvania.
par.—Paragraph.
Par.—Parliament.
P.C.—Privy Councillor.
pd.—Paid.
P.E.—Protestant Episcopal.
per an.—By the year.
per cent.—By the hundred.
Ph.B.—Bachelor of Philosophy.
Ph.D.—Doctor of Philosophy.
Phil. Trans.—Philosophical Transactions.
pinx., pxt. (pinxit).—He (or she) painted it.
pk.—Peck.
pkge.—Package; **pkgs.**, packages.
plff.—Plaintiff.
P.M. (post meridian).—Afternoon.
P.M.G.—Postmaster-General.
P.O.—Post-office.
P.O.O.—Post-office Order.
Pop.—Population.
p.p.—Past participle.
P.R.—Porto Rico.
P.P.C. (pour prendre congé).—To take leave of [Fr.].

p.pr.—Present participle.
prep.—Preposition.
Pres.—President.
Prof.—Professor.
pron.—Pronoun.
pro tem. (**pro tempore**).—For the time.
prox. (**proximo**).—Next.
P.S. (**post scriptum**).—Postscript.
pt.—Pint, point, port.
p.t.o.—Please turn over.
pub.—Publisher; published; public.
pwt.—Pennyweight.
Q.—Question; Quebec.
Q.B.—Queen's Bench.
Q.C.—Queen's Council.
q.d. (**quasi dicat**).—As one should say.
q.e. (**quod est**).—Which is.
q.e.d. (**Quod erat demonstrandum**).—Which was to be demonstrated.
q.e.f. (**Quod erat faciendum**).—Which was to be done.
q.e.i. (**Quod erat inveniendum**).—Which was to be found out.
q.l. (**quantum libet**).—As much as you please.
Q.M.G.—Quartermaster-General.
q.p. (**quantum placet**).—As much as seems good.
qr.—Quarter; quire.
q.s. (**quantum sufficit**).—Enough.
qt.—Quart.
qu.—Query.
q.v. (**quod vide**).—Which see.
R. (**Rex, Regina**).—King; Queen.
R.A.—Royal Academician; Royal Arcanum.
R.C.—Roman Catholic.
R.E.—Royal Engineers.
Regt.—Regiment.
Rev.—Reverend.
R.F.D.—Rural Free Delivery.
R.I.—Rhode Island.
R.I.P. (**requiescat in pace**).—May he or she rest in peace.
R.S.V.P. (**Répondez, s'il vous plait**).—Reply, if you please.
Rt.—Right.
Rt.Hon.—Right Honorable.
Rt.Rev.—Right Reverend.
Rt.Wpful.—Right Worshipful.
R.V.—Revised Version.
S.A.—South America; South Africa.
S.A.R.—Sons of the American Revolution.
S.C.—South Carolina.
S.C.—Supreme Court.
sc., scil. (**scilicet**).—To-wit; namely.
sc., sculp. (**sculpsit**).—He or she engraved it.
S.D.—South Dakota.
S.E.—South-east.
Sec.—Secretary; section; second.
Sen.—Senator.
Senr., Sr.—Senior.
Sept.—Septuagint; September.
seq. (**sequentes or sequentia**).—The following.
Serg., Sergt.—Sergeant.
S.J.—Society of Jesus (Jesuit).
S. lat.—South latitude.
S.P.Q.R. (**senatus populusque romanus**).—The senate and people of Rome.
sq.ft.—Square feet.
sq.in.—Square inches.
sq.m.—Square miles.
Sr.—Sir; Senior.
SS.—Steamship.
S.S.—Sunday-school.
S.S.E.—South-south-east.
S.S.W.—South-south-west.
St.—Saint.
Ste.—Sainte.
S.T.—Sons of Temperance.
S.T.B.—Bachelor of Sacred Theology.
S.T.D.—Doctor of Sacred Theology.
supp.—Supplement.
surg.—Surgeon.
S.W.—South-west.
syn.—Synonymous; syndicate.
Tenn.—Tennessee.
Tex.—Texas.
Thess.—Thessalonians.
t.o.—Turn over.
tr.—Transitive; transpose.
U.—Utah.
ult. (**ultimo**).—Last.
U.J.C.—Doctor of both laws.
U.B.—United Brethren in Christ.
U.C.V.—United Confederate Veterans.
U.D.C.—United Daughters of the Confederacy.
Univ. or U.—University.
U.P.—United Presbyterian.
U.S.—United States.
U.S.A.—United States of America; United States Army.
U.S.M.—United States Mail; United States Marines.
U.S.N.—United States Navy.
U.S.V.—United States Volunteers.
V.—Numeral for five.
v. (**versus**).—Against.
v. (**vide**).—See.
Va.—Virginia.
V.C.—Vice-Chancellor; Victoria Cross.
V.D.M. (**verbi Dei minister**).—Minister of God's Word.
Ven.—Venerable.
v.i.—Intransitive verb.
Vice Pres.—Vice-President.
v.g. (**verbi gratia**).—For example.
Visc.—Viscount.
viz. (**videlicet**).—Namely; to-wit.
Vol. or vol.—Volume.
V.S.—Veterinary Surgeon.
Vs. or vs. (**versus**).—Against, or in opposition.
v.t.—Transitive verb.
Vt.—Vermont.
Vul.—Vulgate.
W.—West.

Wash.—Washington.
W.C.A.—Women's Christian Association.
W.C.T.U.—Woman's Christian Temperance Union.
W. of W.—Woodmen of the World.
W. I.—West Indies.
Wis.—Wisconsin.
W.N.W.—West-north-west.
W.S.—Woman Suffrage.
W.S.W.—West-south-west.
W.Va.—West Virginia.
Wyo.—Wyoming.
X.—Numeral for ten.
X. or **Xt.**—Christ.
Xm., Xmas., Xms.—Christmas.
Xn., Xtian.—Christian.
yd.—Yard.
Y.M.C.A.—Young Men's Christian Association.
Y.M.C.C.—Young Men's Catholic Club.
Y.M.I.—Young Men's Institute.
Y.W.C.A.—Young Women's Christian Association.
zool.—Zoology.
Zoo.—Zoological garden.
&.—And.
&c.—And so forth, et cetera.

DICTIONARY OF FOREIGN WORDS, PHRASES, COLLOQUIALISMS, PROVERBS AND QUOTATIONS.

A

à bas. [Fr.] Down; at the foot; upon the ground.
à droite. [Fr.] To the right.
a fortiori. [L.] With stronger reason.
à la française. [Fr.] After the French mode.
à la mode. [Fr.] In fashion.
à l'anglaise. [Fr.] After the English fashion.
à moitié. [Fr.] By halves.
a posteriori. [L.] From the effect to the cause.
à propos. [Fr.] To the point.
à propos de rien. [Fr.] Apropos to nothing.
a priori. [L.] From the cause to the effect.
ab extra. [L.] From without.
ab initio. [L.] From the beginning.
ab intra. [L.] From within.
ab uno disce omnes. [L.] From one learn all; from a single instance infer the whole.
ad astra per aspera. [L.] To the stars through all difficulties.
ad finem. [L.] To the end.
ad hominem. [L.] To the man; that is, to his interests and passions.
ad infinitum. [L.] To infinity.
ad interim. [L.] In the mean while.
ad libitum. [L.] At pleasure.
ad nauseam. [L.] To disgust.
ad valorem. [L.] According to the value.
affaire d'honneur. [Fr.] An affair of honor; a duel.
affaire du cœur. [Fr.] An affair of the heart.
allons. [Fr.] Let us go; come.
alma mater. [L.] A fostering mother.
alter ego. [L.] Another self.
alter idem. [L.] Another precisely similar.
amende honorable. [Fr.] Satisfactory apology; reparation.
amour propre. [Fr.] Self-love; vanity.
ancien régime. [Fr.] Ancient order of things.
animis opibusque parati. [L.] Prepared in mind and resources; ready to give life and property.
anno Domini. [L.] In the year of our Lord.
anno mundi. [L.] In the year of the world.
ante bellum. [L.] Before the war.
ante meridiem. [L.] Before noon.
amor patriæ. [L.] Love of country.
appui. [Fr.] Point of support.
aqua vitæ. [L.] Water of life; brandy; spirit; alcohol.
argumentum ad hominem. [L.] An argument deriving its force from the situation of the person to whom it is addressed.
arrière pensée. [Fr.] A mental reservation.
ars est celare artem. [L.] True art is to conceal art.
ars longa, vita brevis. [L.] Art is long and life short.
au contraire. [Fr.] On the contrary.
au fait. [Fr.] Well instructed.
au fond. [Fr.] At the bottom; in the main.
au reste. [Fr.] As for the rest.
au revoir. [Fr.] Adieu until we meet again.
auf Wiedersehen. [G.] Till we meet again.
aut vincere aut mori. [L.] Either to conquer or to die.
aux armes. [Fr.] To arms.

B

beau monde. [Fr.] The fashionable world.

beaux esprits. [Fr.] Gay spirits; men of wit.
beaux yeux. [Fr.] Handsome eyes; that is, attractive looks.
bel esprit. [Fr.] A brilliant mind.
bête noir. [Fr.] A black beast; a bugbear.
billet d'amour, / **billet doux.** [Fr.] A love-letter.
bona fide. [L.] In good faith.
bon gré mal gré. [Fr.] Willing or unwilling.
bon jour. [Fr.] Good day; good morning.
bon soir. [Fr.] Good evening.
bonhomie. [Fr.] Good-natured simplicity.
bouleversement. [Fr.] Overturning; subversion.
bourgeois. [Fr.] A man of middle rank in society.
bourgeoisie. [Fr.] Middle classes of society; traders.
brusque. [Fr.] Rude; blunt.

C

cacoethes loquendi. [L.] A rage for speaking.
cacoethes scribendi. [L.] An itch for scribbling.
cætera desunt. [L.] The remainder is wanting.
cæteris paribus. [L.] Other things being equal.
café. [Fr.] A coffee-house.
canaille. [Fr.] The rabble.
candida pax. [L.] White-robed peace.
cantatrice. [It.] A female professional singer.
caput mortuum. [L.] The worthless remains.
carpe diem. [L.] Enjoy the present day.
casus belli. [L.] That which involves or justifies war.
catalogue raisonné. [Fr.] A catalogue of books arranged according to their subjects.
caveat emptor. [L.] Let the buyer beware.
cedant arma togæ. [L.] Let arms yield to the gown; military authority to civil.
cede Deo. [L.] Submit to God.
c'est à dire. [Fr.] That is to say.
chacun à son goût. [F.] Each to his taste.
champs Elysées. [Fr.] Elysian fields.
chanson. [Fr.] A song.
chapeaux bas. [Fr.] Hats off.
chargé d'affaires. [Fr.] An inferior diplomatic representative at a foreign court.
châteaux en Espagne. [Fr.] Castles in Spain, the land of romance; castles in the air.
chef d'œuvre. [Fr.] A master-piece.
chère amie. [Fr.] A dear friend; a mistress.
chevalier d'industrie. [Fr.] A knight of industry; one who lives by persevering fraud.
chronique scandaleuse. [Fr.] A chronicle of vices and crimes.
ci-devant. [Fr.] Formerly; former.
circa, or circiter. [L.] About.
citoyen. [Fr.] A citizen; a burgher.
cogito, ergo sum. [L.] I think, therefore I exist.
comme il faut. [Fr.] As it should be.
compos mentis. [L.] Of a sound mind.
compte rendu. [Fr.] Account rendered; report.
con amore. [It.] With love; earnestly.
contretemps. [Fr.] An awkward mishap or accident.
conversazione. [It.] A meeting of company for conversation.
cordon sanitaire. [Fr.] A line of troops to prevent the spreading of pestilence.
corpus delicti. [L.] The substance or foundation of the offense.
couleur de rose. [Fr.] Rose color; an aspect of attractiveness.
coup d'état. [Fr.] A stroke of policy in public affairs.
coup de grâce. [Fr.] A finishing stroke.
coup de main. [Fr.] A sudden enterprise or effort.
coup de soleil. [Fr.] A stroke of the sun.
coûte qu'il coûte. [Fr.] Let it cost what it may.
crescit eundo. [L.] It increases by going.
crescite et multiplicamini. [L.] Grow, or increase, and multiply.
cui bono? [L.] For whose benefit? Colloquially, but erroneously, of what use?
cum grano salis. [L.] With a grain of salt; with some allowance.
cum privilegio. [L.] With privilege.

D

de bonis non. [L.] Of the goods not yet administered on.
de bonne grace. [Fr.] Gracefully; willingly.
de facto. [L.] In fact; really.
de gustibus non est disputandum. [L.] There is no disputing about tastes.
de jure. [L.] From the law; by right.
de mortuis nil nisi bonum. [L.] Say nothing but good of the dead.
de nihilo nihil fit. [L.] Of nothing nothing is made.

de novo. [L.] Anew.
de profundis. [L.] Out of the depths.
de trop. [Fr.] Too much, or too many; not wanted.
dehors. [Fr.] Without; out of; foreign irrelevant.
Dei gratia. [L.] By the grace of God.
demi monde. [Fr.] Disreputable female society; abandoned women.
Deo volente. [L.] God willing.
dernier ressort. [Fr.] A last resource.
deus ex machina. [L.] A god from the machine; i. e., from a theatrical contrivance for making gods appear in the air; hence, an unexpected and fortunate occurrence.
dies iræ. [L.] Day of wrath.
dies non. [L.] A day on which judges do not sit.
Dieu avec nous. [Fr.] God with us.
Dieu défend le droit. [Fr.] God defends the right.
Dieu et mon droit. [Fr.] God and my right.
dirigo. [L.] I direct or guide.
disjecta membra. [L.] Scattered limbs or remains.
distingué. [Fr.] Distinguished; eminent.
distrait. [Fr.] Absent in thought.
docendo discimus. [L.] We learn by teaching.
dolce. [It.] Soft—used in music.
dolce far niente. [It.] Sweet doing-nothing; sweet idleness.
Dominus vobiscum. [L.] The Lord be with you.
double entente. [Fr.] Double meaning; a play on words.
douceur. [Fr.] Sweetness; a bribe.
dramatis personæ. [L.] Characters represented in a drama.
dulce et decorum est pro patria mori. [L.] It is sweet and honorable to die for one's country.
dum spiro, spero. [L.] While I breathe, I hope.
dum vivimus, vivamus. [L.] While we live, let us live.

E

eau de vie. [Fr.] Water of life; brandy.
ecce homo. [L.] Behold the man; applies specifically to any picture representing the Saviour given up to the people by Pilate.
ecce signum. [L.] Behold the sign.
e pluribus unum. [L.] One out of many; one composed of many. (The motto of the United States.)
égalité. [Fr.] Equality.
élève. [Fr.] A pupil; a foster child.
élite. [Fr.] A choice or select body of persons.
éloge. [Fr.] A funeral oration.
embonpoint. [Fr.] Plumpness; fleshiness.
émeute. [Fr.] A riot; a mob.
en arrière. [Fr.] In the rear.
en avant! [Fr.] Forward!
en déshabillé. [Fr.] In undress or negligé.
en famille. [Fr.] In a domestic state; with the family.
en fin. [Fr.] At last; finally.
en passant. [Fr.] In passing; by the way.
en plein jour. [Fr.] In broad day.
en rapport. [Fr.] In a condition or relation of sympathy.
en règle. [Fr.] In order; according to rules.
en route. [Fr.] On the way.
en suite. [Fr.] In company.
enfants perdus. [Fr.] Lost children; a forlorn hope.
enfant gâté. [Fr.] A spoiled child.
enfant trouvé. [Fr.] A foundling.
ennui. [Fr.] A feeling of weariness and disgust; tedium.
ensemble. [Fr.] The whole.
ense petit placidam sub libertate quietem. [L.] With the sword she seeks quiet peace under liberty.
entente cordiale. [Fr.] Evidences of good will and justice toward each other.
entrée. [Fr.] Entry; first course at table.
entre nous. [Fr.] Between ourselves.
ergo. [L.] Therefore.
esprit de corps. [Fr.] The animating spirit of a collective body.
esprit des lois. [Fr.] Spirit of the laws.
esto perpetua. [L.] Let it be perpetual.
et id genus omne. [L.] And every thing of the sort.
et tu, Brute! [L.] And thou also, Brutus!
eureka. [Gr.] I have found it.
Ewigkeit. [Ger.] Eternity.
ex cathedra. [L.] From the bench; with high authority.
ex officio. [L.] By virtue of his office.
ex parte. [L.] On one side only.
ex nihilo, nihil fit. [L.] From nothing nothing is made.
ex post facto. [L.] After the deed is done.
ex tempore. [L.] Without premeditation.
ex uno disce omnes. [L.] From one learn all.
excelsior. [L.] Higher; more elevated.
exempli gratia. [L.] By way of example.
exeunt. [L.] They go out.

exeunt omnes. [L.] All go out.
experimentum crucis. [L.] The experiment of the cross; a decisive experiment.
experto crede. [L.] Trust one who has had experience.
exposé. [Fr.] An exposition.

F

facile princeps. [L.] Evidently preeminent; the admitted chief.
fait accompli. [Fr.] A thing already done.
faux pas. [Fr.] A false step.
fecit. [L.] He made it.
felo de se. [Fr.] A suicide.
femme couverte. [Fr.] A married woman.
femme de chambre. [Fr.] A lady's maid.
feræ naturæ. [L.] Of a wild nature.
festina lente. [L.] Hasten slowly.
fête champêtre. [Fr.] A rural festival.
feu de joie. [Fr.] A firing of guns in token of joy; a bonfire.
fiat justitia, ruat cœlum. [L.] Let justice be done though the heavens fall.
fides punica. [L.] Punic faith; treachery.
filius populi. [L.] A son of the people.
fille de chambre. [Fr.] A lady's maid.
fille de joie. [Fr.] A prostitute.
flagrante bello. [L.] During hostilities.
flagrante delicto. [L.] In the commission of the crime.
fortiter in re. [L.] With firmness in acting.
fugit hora. [L.] The hour passes.

G

garçon. [Fr.] A boy, or a waiter.
garde du corps. [Fr.] A body guard.
gaudeamus igitur. [L.] So let us be joyful.
genius loci. [L.] The genius of the place.
Gloria in excelsis. [L.] Glory to God in the highest.
Gloria Patri. [L.] Glory be to the Father.

H

haut gout. [Fr.] High flavor; fine or elegant taste.
hic et ubique. [L.] Here and everywhere.
hic jacet. [L.] Here lies.
honi soit qui mal y pense. [Fr.] Shame on him who evil thinks.
hors d'œuvre. [Fr.] Digression; side dish.
hors de combat. [Fr.] Out of condition to fight.
humanum est errare. [L.] To err is human.

I

ich dien. [Ger.] I serve.
id est. [L.] That is.
id genus omne. [L.] All of that sort.
imperium in imperio. [L.] A government within a government.
in æternum. [L.] Forever.
in articulo mortis. [L.] At the point of death; in the last struggle.
in esse. [L.] In being.
in extremis. [L.] At the point of death.
in flagrante delicto. [L.] Taken in the act.
in forma pauperis. [L.] As a poor man.
in hoc signo vinces. [L.] In this sign, or under this standard, thou shalt conquer.
in loco parentis. [L.] In the place of a parent.
in medias res. [L.] Into the midst of things, or affairs.
in perpetuum. [L.] Forever.
in posse. [L.] In possible existence.
in propria persona. [L.] In person.
in puris naturalibus. [L.] Quite naked.
in re. [L.] In the matter of.
in rem. [L.] Against the thing.
in situ. [L.] In its original situation.
in statu quo. [L.] In the former state.
in terrorem. [L.] As a warning.
in toto. [L.] In the whole; entirely.
in transitu. [L.] On the passage.
in vacuo. [L.] In empty space.
in vino veritas. [L.] There is truth in wine.
insouciance. [Fr.] Indifference; carelessness.
inter alia. [L.] Among other things.
inter nos. [L.] Between ourselves.
ipse dixit. [L.] He himself said it.
ipsissima verba. [L.] The very words.
ipso facto. [L.] In the fact itself.
ipso jure. [L.] By the law itself.

J

je ne sais quoi. [Fr.] I know not what.
jeu de mots. [Fr.] A play on words; a pun.
jeu d'esprit. [Fr.] A witticism.
Jupiter tonans. [L.] Jupiter the thunderer.
jure divino. [L.] By divine law.

jus civile. [L.] Civil law.
jus divinum. [L.] Divine law.
juste milieu. [Fr.] The golden mean.
justitia omnibus. [L.] Justice to all.

L

labor omnia vincit. [L.] Labor conquers everything.
laissez faire. [Fr.] Let alone.
lapsus linguæ. [L.] A slip of the tongue.
laus Deo. [L.] Praise to God.
le beau monde. [Fr.] The fashionable world.
le roi et l'état. [Fr.] King and state.
le roi le veut. [Fr.] The king wills it.
lèse majesté. [F.] High treason.
l'étoile du nord. [Fr.] The star of the north.
lettre de cachet. [Fr.] A sealed letter; a royal warrant.
lettre de marque. [Fr.] A letter of marque or of reprisal; a privateer's sanction.
lex loci. [L.] The law of the place.
lex non scripta. [L.] The common law.
lex scripta. [L.] Statute law.
lex talionis. [L.] The law of retaliation.
l'homme propose, et Dieu dispose. [Fr.] Man proposes, and God disposes.
liaison. [Fr.] An alliance; an illicit connection.
loco citato. [L.] In the place cited.
locum tenens. [L.] A deputy or substitute; a proxy.
locus in quo. [L.] The place in which.
lusus naturæ. [L.] A sport or freak of nature.

M

ma foi. [Fr.] Upon my faith.
magna est veritas, et prevalebit. [L.] Truth is mighty, and it will prevail.
magnum opus. [L.] A great work.
maison de ville. [Fr.] The town-house.
maître d'hôtel. [Fr.] A house-steward.
mal à propos. [Fr.] Ill-timed.
malgré nous. [Fr.] In spite of us.
malum in se. [L.] Bad in itself.
mare clausum. [L.] A closed sea; a bay.
mauvais goût. [Fr.] Bad taste.
mauvais honte. [Fr.] False modesty.
mêlange. [Fr.] A medley.
mêlée. [Fr.] A hand-to-hand fight; a riot.
memento mori. [L.] Remember death.
mens sana in corpore sano. [L.] A sound mind in a sound body.
mésalliance. [Fr.] Improper association; marriage with one of lower station.
meum et tuum. [L.] Mine and thine.
mirabile dictu. [L.] Wonderful to be told.
mise en scène. [Fr.] The putting in preparation for the stage.
modus operandi. [L.] Manner of operation.
montani semper liberi. [L.] Mountaineers are always freemen.
monumentum ære perennius. [L.] A monument more enduring than brass.
multum in parvo. [L.] Much in little.
mutatis mutandis. [L.] The necessary changes being made.

N

ne plus ultra. [L.] Nothing further.
née. [Fr.] Born; as, Madame de Stael, née (that is, whose maiden name was) Necker.
negligé. [Fr.] An easy, unceremonious attire; undress.
nil admirari. [L.] To wonder at nothing.
nil desperandum. [L.] Never despair.
nil sine numine. [L.] Nothing without God.
n'importe. [Fr.] It matters not.
noblesse oblige. [Fr.] Rank imposes obligation.
nolens volens. [L.] Whether he will or not.
noli me tangere. [L.] Don't touch me.
nolle prosequi. [L.] To be unwilling to proceed.
nom de plume. [Fr.] A pen name; an assumed title.
nom de guerre. [Fr.] A war name; a traveling title; a pseudonym.
non compos mentis. [L.] Not in sound mind.
non constat. [L.] It does not appear.
non est inventus. [L.] He has not been found.
non libet. [L.] It does not please me.
non obstante. [L.] Notwithstanding.
non omnia possumus omnes. [L.] We can not, all of us, do all things.
non omnis moriar. [L.] I shall not wholly die.
non sequitur. [L.] It does not follow; an unwarranted conclusion.
nota bene. [L.] Mark well.
n'oubliez pas. [Fr.] Don't forget.
nous verrons. [Fr.] We shall see.
nuance. [Fr.] Shade; gradation; tint.

nunc aut nunquam. [L.] Now or never.

O

O tempora! O mores! [L.] O the times! O the manners!
obiit. [L.] He, or she, died.
obiter dictum. [L.] A thing said by the way, or in passing
œil de bœuf. [Fr.] A bull's eye.
omnia vincit amor. [L.] Love conquers all things.
on dit. [Fr.] They say; a flying rumor.
onus probandi. [L.] The burden of proving.
ora pro nobis. [L.] Pray for us.
orator fit, poeta nascitur. [L.] The orator is made, but the poet is born.
ore rotundo. [L.] With round, full voice.
oro y plata. [Sp.] Gold and silver.
otium cum dignitate. [L.] Ease with dignity; dignified leisure.
oui dire. [Fr.] Hearsay.
ouvrier. [Fr.] A workman; an artisan.

P

par exemple. [Fr.] For example.
par excellence. [Fr.] By way of eminence.
pari passu. [L.] With equal pace.
parole d'honneur. [Fr.] Word of honor.
particeps criminis. [L.] An accomplice.
parvenu. [Fr.] An upstart; one newly risen into notice.
pas à pas. [Fr.] Step by step.
passé. [Fr.] Past; out of use; faded; worn out.
passe-partout. [Fr.] A master-key.
pâté de foie gras. [Fr.] Goose liver pie.
paterfamilias. [L.] The father of a family.
pater noster. [L.] Our Father; the Lord's Prayer.
pater patriæ. [L.] Father of his country.
patois. [Fr.] Dialect of the lower classes.
peccavi. [L.] I have sinned.
penchant. [Fr.] Inclination; liking.
pensée. [Fr.] Thought.
per annum. [L.] By the year.
per aspera ad astra. [L.] Through trials to the stars (glory).
per capita. [L.] By the head.
per centum. [L.] By the hundred.
per contra. [L.] Contrariwise.
per diem. [L.] By the day.
per se. [L.] By itself considered.
perdu. [Fr.] Lost.
petit maître. [Fr.] A dandy; a coxcomb
petitio principii. [L.] A begging of the question.
peu-à-peu. [Fr.] Little by little.
peu de chose. [Fr.] A trifle.
pièce de résistance. [Fr.] A solid joint.
pinxit. [L.] He (or she) painted it.
pis aller. [Fr.] The last shift.
pleno jure. [L.] With full authority.
poco a poco. [It.] Little by little.
poeta nascitur, non fit. [L.] The poet is born, not made.
point d'appui. [Fr.] Point of support; prop.
poisson d'avril. [Fr.] April fool (literally, fish of April).
pons asinorum. [L.] Bridge of asses.
post mortem. [L.] After death.
post obitum. [L.] After death.
prima facie. [L.] On the first view.
principia, non homines. [L.] Principles, not men.
pro bono publico. [L.] For the public good.
pro et con. [L.] For and against.
pro forma. [L.] For the sake of form.
pro rata. [L.] In proportion.
pro tanto. [L.] For so much.
pro tempore. [L.] For the time.
procès verbal. [Fr.] A written statement.

Q

qua. [L.] So far as; in so far as.
quantum libet. [L.] As much as you please.
quantum sufficit. [L.] A sufficient quantity.
quasi. [L.] As if; in a manner.
quelque chose. [Fr.] A trifle; something; anything.
quid pro quo. [L.] One thing for another; an equivalent.
quid rides? [L.] Why do you laugh?
qui transtulit, sustinet. [L.] He who transplanted, still sustains.
qui vive? [Fr.] Who goes there?—hence, "on the qui vive," on the alert.
quo jure? [L.] By what right?
quod erat demonstrandum. [L.] Which was to be demonstrated.
quod vide. [L.] Which see.
quos Deus vult perdere, prius dementat. [L.] Those whom God wishes to destroy, he first makes mad.

R

raison d'être. [Fr.] Reason for being.
rara avis. [L.] A rare bird.
reductio ad absurdum. [L.] The reducing of a position to an absurdity.
regnant populi. [L.] The people rule. [Properly, regnat populus.]
renommée. [Fr.] Renown; fame.

requiescat in pace. [L.] May he rest in peace.
res gestae. [L.] Things done; transaction; subject matter.
résumé. [Fr.] A summing up; recapitulation.
resurgam. [L.] I shall rise again.
revenons à nos moutons. [Fr.] Let us return to our sheep; let us return to our subject.
robe de chambre. [Fr.] A dressing-gown or morning-gown.
rouleau. [Fr.] A little roll.
ruse de guerre. [Fr.] A stratagem of war.
rus in urbe. [L.] The country in town.

S

salle. [Fr.] A hall.
salon. [Fr.] A drawing room; an art gallery.
salus populi suprema est lex. [L.] The welfare of the people is the supreme law.
salve. [L.] Hail!
sanctum sanctorum. [L.] Holy of holies.
sans cérémonie. [Fr.] Without ceremony.
sans peur et sans reproche. [Fr.] Without fear and without reproach.
sartor resartus. [L.] The tailor retailored.
sauve qui peut. [Fr.] Save himself who can.
savoir faire. [Fr.] Ability.
savoir vivre. [Fr.] Good breeding.
séance. [Fr.] A sitting or session.
semper felix. [L.] Always fortunate.
semper fidelis. [L.] Always faithful.
semper idem. [L.] Always the same.
semper paratus. [L.] Always ready.
sic itur ad astra. [L.] Such is the way to immortality.
sic passim. [L.] So everywhere.
sic semper tyrannis. [L.] Ever so to tyrants.
sic transit gloria mundi. [L.] So passes away earthly glory.
similia similibus curantur. [L.] Like things are cured by like.
sine die. [L.] Without a day appointed.
sine qua non. [L.] An indispensable condition.
sitat deus. [L.] Founded by God.
soubrette. [Fr.] An intriguing woman.
statu quo ante bellum. [L.] In the state which existed before the war.
status quo. [L.] The state in which.
stet. [L.] Let it stand.
suaviter in modo, fortiter in re. [L.] Gentle in manners, but resolute in deed.
sub judice. [L.] Under consideration.
sub pœna. [L.] Under penalty.
sub rosa. [L.] Under the rose; privately.
sui generis. [L.] Of its own kind.
sui juris. [L.] In one's own right.
summum bonum. [L.] The chief good.

T

tabula rasa. [L.] A smooth or blank tablet.
tant pis. [Fr.] So much the worse.
tapis. [Fr.] A carpet; also, the cover of a council-table; hence, "to be on the tapis" is to be under consideration.
tempus fugit. [L.] Time flies.
terra firma. [L.] Solid earth; a safe footing.
terra incognita. [L.] An unknown country.
tertium quid. [L.] A third something; a nondescript.
tiers-état. [Fr.] The third estate; commons or commonalty.
totidem verbis. [L.] In just so many words.
toto cœlo. [L.] By the whole heavens; diametrically opposite.
tout-à-fait. [Fr.] Entirely.
tout au contraire. [Fr.] On the contrary.
tout ensemble. [Fr.] The whole taken together.

U

ubi supra. [L.] Where above mentioned.
ultima ratio regum. [L.] The last argument of kings; war.
ultima thule. Utmost limit.
una voce. [L.] With one voice.
uno animo. [L.] With one mind; unanimously.
ut infra. [L.] As below.
ut supra. [L.] As above stated.

V

vade mecum. [L.] Go with me; a constant companion.
væ victis. [L.] Woe to the vanquished.
vale. [L.] Farewell.
valet de chambre. [Fr.] An attendant; a footman.
veni, vidi, vici. [L.] I came, I saw, I conquered.
verbatim et literatim. [L.] Word for word and letter for letter.
verbum sat sapienti. [L.] A word is enough for a wise man.
via. [L.] By the way of.
via media. [L.] A middle course.
vice. [L.] In the place of.

vice versa. [L.] The terms being exchanged.
vi et armis. [L.] By force and arms; by main force.
vincit amor patriæ. [L.] Love of country prevails.
vincit omnia veritas. [L.] Truth conquers all things.
vinculum matrimonii. [L.] The bond of marriage.
vis à vis. [F.] Opposite; facing.
vis a tergo. [L.] A propelling force from behind.
vis inertiæ. [L.] The power of inertia; resistance.
vis vitæ. [L.] The vigor of life.
viva voce. [L.] By the living voice; by oral testimony.
vive la republique! [Fr.] Long live the republic.
vive la bagatelle! [Fr.] Success to trifling.
vive le roi! [Fr.] Long live the king.
voilà. [Fr.] Behold; there is.
vox, et præterea nihil. [L.] A voice, and nothing more.
vox populi, vox Dei. [L.] The voice of the people is the voice of God.
vraisemblance. [Fr.] Appearance of truth.

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